1	STUDENT OPPORTUNITY SCHOLARSHIPS
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson
5 6	House Sponsor: Gregory H. Hughes
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill provides for nonrefundable tax credits for donations made to a scholarship
10	organization to be used for scholarships for a qualifying student to attend a private
11	school.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	<ul> <li>creates the Student Opportunity Scholarship Act to award scholarships to students</li> </ul>
15	who meet any of the following qualifications to attend a private school:
16	• the student's parents or legal guardians have an annual income that is less than
17	or equal to 200% of the income eligibility guideline for reduced price meals;
18	• the student, while in grades 1 through 2, scored below the expected reading
19	level for the student's grade on a reading assessment administered at the end of
20	the school year;
21	• the student, while in grades 3 through 11, scored below the proficient level on a
22	statewide summative assessment of language arts, mathematics, science, or
23	writing achievement;
24	<ul> <li>the student's school of residence has received a grade of "F" on the school</li> </ul>
25	grading system for two consecutive school years; or
26	<ul> <li>the student received a scholarship for the previous school year;</li> </ul>
27	requires a scholarship organization to:



28	<ul> <li>allow a student to attend any eligible private school, and allow a parent to</li> </ul>
29	transfer a scholarship during the school year to any other eligible private school;
30	• expend at least 90% of revenue received for scholarships and no more than 10%
31	of revenue received for administration of the scholarship program;
32	<ul> <li>return revenue not spent for scholarships within a certain period to the state</li> </ul>
33	treasurer for deposit to the Education Fund;
34	<ul> <li>obtain an annual financial and compliance audit by an independent certified</li> </ul>
35	public accountant; and
36	<ul> <li>submit a report to the State Tax Commission annually;</li> </ul>
37	<ul><li>establishes the maximum amount of a scholarship;</li></ul>
38	<ul> <li>establishes a maximum amount of tax credits that may be awarded annually under</li> </ul>
39	Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, for donations made to a
40	scholarship organization and provides procedures for the allocation of the maximum
41	amount;
42	<ul> <li>allows the State Tax Commission to make certain rules;</li> </ul>
43	requires a private school that enrolls a scholarship student to:
44	<ul> <li>contract with an independent certified public accountant to examine the</li> </ul>
45	financial condition of the school and the expenditure of scholarship funds;
46	<ul> <li>annually assess the achievement of each student by administering a</li> </ul>
47	norm-referenced achievement test and making test results available to the
48	student's parent and aggregated test results to others upon request; and
49	<ul> <li>conduct criminal background checks on school personnel;</li> </ul>
50	<ul> <li>provides for a nonrefundable tax credit under Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate</li> </ul>
51	Franchise and Income Taxes, for a donation to a scholarship organization;
52	<ul> <li>provides for a nonrefundable tax credit under the Individual Income Tax Act up to a</li> </ul>
53	certain amount for a donation to a scholarship organization; and
54	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming amendments.</li> </ul>
55	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
56	None
57	Other Special Clauses:
58	This bill provides retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after

59	January 1, 2012.
60	Utah Code Sections Affected:
61	AMENDS:
62	53A-3-410, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 362
63	<b>59-10-1002.2</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 302
64	ENACTS:
65	<b>53A-1a-1101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
66	<b>53A-1a-1102</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
67	<b>53A-1a-1103</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
68	<b>53A-1a-1104</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
69	<b>53A-1a-1105</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
70	<b>53A-1a-1106</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
71	<b>53A-1a-1107</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
72	<b>53A-1a-1108</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
73	<b>53A-1a-1109</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
74	<b>53A-1a-1110</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
75	<b>53A-1a-1111</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76	<b>53A-1a-1112</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
77	<b>53A-1a-1113</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
78	<b>53A-1a-1114</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
79	<b>53A-1a-1115</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
80	<b>59-7-614.7</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
81	<b>59-10-1029</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
82	
83	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
84	Section 1. Section <b>53A-1a-1101</b> is enacted to read:
85	Part 11. Student Opportunity Scholarship Act
86	53A-1a-1101. Title.
87	This part is known as the "Student Opportunity Scholarship Act."
88	Section 2. Section <b>53A-1a-1102</b> is enacted to read:
89	53A-1a-1102. Definitions.

90	As used in this part:
91	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
92	(2) "Committed donation" means an eligible donation a listed donor commits to make
93	to a scholarship organization as stated on an application for a tax credit allocation certificate
94	the scholarship organization files with the State Tax Commission.
95	(3) "Eligible donation" means a monetary donation:
96	(a) a person makes to a scholarship organization on or before the date prescribed by
97	Subsection 53A-1a-1107(4);
98	(b) that the person does not designate for the benefit of a particular student;
99	(c) with respect to which the person does not claim an exemption or tax credit or make
100	a deduction or subtraction on the person's state or federal income tax return for the taxable
101	year, other than a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.7; and
102	(d) to the extent the person does not receive property or a service in return for the
103	donation.
104	(4) "Eligible private school" means a private school that meets the eligibility
105	requirements of Section 53A-1a-1113.
106	(5) "Listed donor" means a person who:
107	(a) commits to make an eligible donation to a scholarship organization; and
108	(b) the scholarship organization lists as a donor who commits to make an eligible
109	donation on an application for a tax credit allocation certificate the scholarship organization
110	files with the State Tax Commission.
111	(6) "Qualifying donor" means a person:
112	(a) who makes an eligible donation to a scholarship organization; and
113	(b) to whom the scholarship organization issues a tax credit donor certificate in
114	accordance with this part.
115	(7) "Revenue" means monetary donations a scholarship organization receives and
116	earnings on the monetary donations.
117	(8) "Scholarship organization" means a charitable organization that:
118	(a) is organized and managed under Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit
119	Corporation Act;
120	(b) is exempt from taxation under Section 501(3)(c), Internal Revenue Code; and

121	(c) awards scholarships to students who meet the qualifications of Section
122	53A-1a-1103 to attend eligible private schools.
123	(9) "Scholarship student" means a student who receives a scholarship from a
124	scholarship organization.
125	(10) "School of residence" means the school to which a student is assigned to attend
126	based on the student's place of residence.
127	(11) "State fiscal year" means a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending on June 30.
128	(12) "Tax credit allocation certificate" means a certificate that:
129	(a) the State Tax Commission issues to a scholarship organization; and
130	(b) lists the total amount of tax credit the State Tax Commission allocates to the
131	scholarship organization for distribution only to one or more qualifying donors.
132	(13) "Tax credit donor certificate" means a certificate that:
133	(a) a scholarship organization issues to a qualifying donor; and
134	(b) states the information required by Subsection 53A-1a-1107(4).
135	(14) "Value of the weighted pupil unit" means the amount established each year in
136	statute that is multiplied by the number of weighted pupil units to yield the funding levels for
137	the kindergarten and grade 1 - 12 programs within the basic state-supported school program.
138	Section 3. Section <b>53A-1a-1103</b> is enacted to read:
139	53A-1a-1103. Scholarship program created Qualifications.
140	(1) The Student Opportunity Scholarship Act is created to award scholarships to
141	students to attend a private school.
142	(2) To qualify for a scholarship:
143	(a) the student's parent or legal guardian shall reside within Utah;
144	(b) the student shall be at least five years of age before September 2 of the year in
145	which admission to a private school is sought and under 19 years of age on the last day of the
146	school year as determined by the private school;
147	(c) the student shall meet one or more of the following criteria:
148	(i) the student's parents or legal guardians had an annual income in the calendar year
149	prior to the school year for which a scholarship is sought that is less than or equal to 200% of
150	the income eligibility guideline to qualify for reduced price meals for the applicable household
151	size, as published by the United States Department of Agriculture in the Federal Registrar;

152	(ii) the student, while in grades 1 through 2, scored below the expected reading level
153	for the student's grade on a reading assessment administered at the end of the school year
154	immediately preceding the school year in which a scholarship is sought;
155	(iii) the student, while in grades 3 through 11, scored below the proficient level on a
156	statewide summative assessment of language arts, mathematics, science, or writing
157	achievement administered in the school year immediately preceding the school year for which a
158	scholarship is sought;
159	(iv) the student's school of residence has received a grade of "F" on the school grading
160	system established under Chapter 1, Part 11, School Grading Act, for the two consecutive
161	school years immediately preceding the school year for which a scholarship is sought; or
162	(v) the student received a scholarship under this part for the previous school year; and
163	(d) the student may not be a recipient of a scholarship awarded under Part 7, Carson
164	Smith Scholarships for Students with Special Needs Act.
165	Section 4. Section <b>53A-1a-1104</b> is enacted to read:
166	53A-1a-1104. Scholarship organization Requirements for the award of
167	scholarships.
168	(1) To receive a scholarship, the parent of a student shall submit an application to a
169	scholarship organization.
170	(2) A scholarship organization shall award scholarships to students who meet the
171	qualifications of Section 53A-1a-1103 to pay for a student's tuition and fees to attend an
172	eligible private school.
173	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a scholarship organization shall award
174	scholarships on a first come, first served basis.
175	(b) In awarding scholarships, a scholarship organization shall give priority to a student
176	who received a scholarship in the previous school year.
177	(4) A scholarship organization shall allow:
178	(a) a student to attend any eligible private school; and
179	(b) a parent to transfer a scholarship during a school year to any other eligible private
180	school.
181	(5) A scholarship organization may not:
182	(a) restrict or reserve scholarships for use at a particular private school; or

183	(b) provide a scholarship for a student to attend a private school that has paid staff or
184	board members, or relatives of paid staff or board members, in common with the scholarship
185	organization.
186	(6) A scholarship organization must, before awarding a scholarship for a school year,
187	document the scholarship student's eligibility for that school year.
188	(7) (a) A scholarship organization shall expend at least 90% of the revenue the
189	scholarship organization receives in a state fiscal year for scholarships for a student to attend an
190	eligible private school.
191	(b) A scholarship organization may expend up to 10% of the total revenue the
192	scholarship organization receives in a state fiscal year to administer the scholarship granting
193	program.
194	(c) (i) A scholarship organization shall expend for scholarships an amount equal to or
195	greater than 75% of the net revenue remaining after administrative expenses during the state
196	fiscal year in which the revenue is collected.
197	(ii) No more than 25% of the net revenue may be carried forward to the following state
198	fiscal year.
199	(iii) Any amounts carried forward shall be expended for scholarships in the following
200	state fiscal year.
201	(iv) Net revenue remaining on June 30 of each year that is in excess of the 25% that
202	may be carried forward, as described in Subsection (7)(c)(ii), shall be returned to the state
203	treasurer for deposit in the Education Fund.
204	(8) A scholarship organization shall maintain separate accounts for scholarship funds
205	and operating funds.
206	Section 5. Section <b>53A-1a-1105</b> is enacted to read:
207	53A-1a-1105. Scholarship payments.
208	(1) (a) For the 2012-13 school year, the maximum amount of a scholarship that a
209	scholarship organization may award to a student for a school year is the lesser of:
210	(i) \$5,500; or
211	(ii) the amount of tuition and fees that are charged for the student's enrollment in the
212	private school.
213	(b) Beginning with the 2013-14 school year, the amount provided in Subsection (1)(a)

214	shall be adjusted each year by the same percentage as the percentage change in the value of the
215	weighted pupil unit.
216	(c) A scholarship organization may set the full scholarship amount at different levels
217	for the different grade levels at a private school provided the maximum scholarship amount for
218	a grade level complies with the requirements of Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b).
219	(2) (a) A scholarship organization may award a full scholarship as provided in
220	Subsection (1) or a partial scholarship.
221	(b) A student may receive a partial scholarship from two or more scholarship
222	organizations provided the total amount awarded does not exceed the maximum scholarship
223	amount established in Subsection (1).
224	(3) Upon review and documentation that verifies a student's admission to, or
225	continuing enrollment and attendance at, a private school, a scholarship organization shall
226	make scholarship payments at least quarterly of each school year in which a scholarship is in
227	force.
228	(4) The parent of a student who is awarded a scholarship shall notify the scholarship
229	organization that awarded the scholarship if the student does not have continuing enrollment
230	and attendance at a private school.
231	(5) (a) A scholarship organization shall distribute scholarship payments as checks
232	made out to a student's parent or guardian and mailed to the private school where the student is
233	enrolled.
234	(b) The parent or guardian must endorse the check before it can be deposited.
235	Section 6. Section <b>53A-1a-1106</b> is enacted to read:
236	53A-1a-1106. Allocation of tax credit to scholarship organization.
237	(1) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this part, the State Tax Commission shall
238	allocate to one or more scholarship organizations amounts designated under this Subsection (1)
239	to fund the tax credit authorized under Section 59-7-614.7.
240	(b) Except as provided in Subsection 53A-1a-1109(2), for the taxable year beginning
241	on or after January 1, 2012, but beginning on or before December 31, 2012, the State Tax
242	Commission may allocate an amount not to exceed \$5,000,000 in tax credit under this section.
243	(c) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2013, the amount of tax
244	credit the State Tax Commission may allocate under this section shall be increased by 20%

245	over the previous taxable year.
246	(2) In accordance with any rules the State Tax Commission makes as authorized under
247	this part, each year a scholarship organization may apply to the State Tax Commission for an
248	allocation of tax credit under this section by filing an application with the State Tax
249	Commission:
250	(a) on or before June 1; and
251	(b) on a form provided by the State Tax Commission.
252	(3) (a) The application shall include:
253	(i) the name, address, and taxpayer identification number of the one or more listed
254	donors to whom the scholarship organization seeks to provide a tax credit donor certificate;
255	(ii) the amount of the committed donation for each listed donor; and
256	(iii) a signed statement that the scholarship organization may provide a tax credit donor
257	certificate only to a qualifying donor.
258	(b) The application may include other information the State Tax Commission requires
259	by rule.
260	(4) The State Tax Commission shall determine on or before the July 1 immediately
261	following the June 1 described in Subsection (2)(a) whether a scholarship organization's
262	application to the State Tax Commission meets the requirements of Subsection (3).
263	(5) Subject to Subsection (6), the State Tax Commission shall allocate the amount of
264	tax credit authorized under this section to one or more scholarship organizations:
265	(a) that meet the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3);
266	(b) in the order of the date each scholarship organization files the application required
267	by Subsection (2) with the State Tax Commission until the amount designated in Subsection
268	(1) to fund the tax credit authorized under Section 59-7-614.7 is expended;
269	(c) on or before the July 1 immediately following the June 1 described in Subsection
270	<u>(2)(a);</u>
271	(d) in an amount that does not exceed the total amount of committed donations for a
272	scholarship organization; and
273	(e) in a total amount that does not exceed the amount designated in Subsection (1) to
274	fund the tax credit authorized under Section 59-7-614.7.
275	(6) The State Tax Commission shall, on or before the July 1 immediately following the

276	June 1 described in Subsection (2)(a), issue a tax credit allocation certificate:
277	(a) to each scholarship organization to which the State Tax Commission allocates tax
278	credit under this section; and
279	(b) that states the total amount of tax credit allocated to the scholarship organization.
280	Section 7. Section <b>53A-1a-1107</b> is enacted to read:
281	53A-1a-1107. Determination of maximum tax credit Issuance of tax credit
282	donor certificates.
283	(1) Within a 10-day period after the date the State Tax Commission issues a tax credit
284	allocation certificate under Subsection 53A-1a-1106(6) to a scholarship organization, the
285	scholarship organization shall calculate the eligible donation each listed donor is required to
286	make to receive a tax credit donor certificate in accordance with Subsection (2).
287	(2) (a) If the total amount of tax credit listed on a scholarship organization's tax credit
288	allocation certificate is equal to the total amount of the committed donations, the eligible
289	donation a listed donor is required to make to receive a tax credit donor certificate is equal to
290	the listed donor's committed donation.
291	(b) If the total amount of tax credit listed on a scholarship organization's tax credit
292	allocation certificate is less than the total amount of the committed donations, the scholarship
293	organization shall determine the eligible donation a listed donor is required to make to receive
294	a tax credit donor certificate:
295	(i) in the order that each listed donor is listed on the scholarship organization's
296	application for a tax credit allocation certificate; and
297	(ii) until the amount of tax credit listed on the tax credit allocation certificate is fully
298	distributed to listed donors.
299	(3) (a) Within a five-day period after the date a scholarship organization makes the
300	calculation required by Subsection (1), the scholarship organization shall provide written notice
301	to a listed donor who the scholarship organization determines may receive a tax credit donor
302	certificate.
303	(b) The written notice described in Subsection (3)(a) shall state:
304	(i) the eligible donation the listed donor is required to make to receive a tax credit
305	donor certificate; and
306	(ii) that the eligible donation shall be made on or before August 1.

307	(4) If a listed donor who receives the written notice described in Subsection (3) makes
308	an eligible donation on or before August 1, a scholarship organization shall provide the listed
309	donor with a tax credit donor certificate:
310	(a) on a form provided by the commission; and
311	(b) that lists:
312	(i) the name, address, and taxpayer identification number of the listed donor;
313	(ii) the date the certificate is issued; and
314	(iii) the maximum tax credit that the listed donor may claim as calculated under
315	Subsection (5).
316	(5) For purposes of Subsection (4)(b)(iii), the maximum tax credit is the lesser of:
317	(a) the eligible donation the listed donor is required to make as stated on the written
318	notice described in Subsection (3); or
319	(b) the eligible donation the listed donor actually makes to the scholarship
320	organization.
321	(6) A scholarship organization shall each year, on or before October 1, provide to the
322	State Tax Commission a copy of each tax credit donor certificate the scholarship organization
323	provides to a qualifying donor.
324	Section 8. Section <b>53A-1a-1108</b> is enacted to read:
325	53A-1a-1108. Qualified donor requirement to hold tax credit donor certificate.
326	A qualifying donor may not claim or pass through a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.7
327	unless the qualifying donor has received a tax credit donor certificate from a scholarship
328	organization.
329	Section 9. Section <b>53A-1a-1109</b> is enacted to read:
330	53A-1a-1109. State Tax Commission calculation of maximum tax credit on tax
331	credit donor certificates Issuance of remaining tax credit.
332	(1) The State Tax Commission shall each year, on or before December 1, calculate the
333	total amount of maximum tax credit listed on tax credit donor certificates that scholarship
334	organizations provide to the State Tax Commission during the calendar year in accordance with
335	Subsection 53A-1a-1107(6).
336	(2) If the total amount of maximum tax credit the State Tax Commission calculates
337	under Subsection (1) is less than the amount of tax credit the State Tax Commission may

338	allocate for the taxable year under Section 53A-1a-1106, the State Tax Commission may
339	allocate the remaining amount of tax credit in a taxable year after the taxable year for which
340	there is a remaining amount of tax credit.
341	Section 10. Section <b>53A-1a-1110</b> is enacted to read:
342	53A-1a-1110. State Tax Commission to make rules.
343	In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
344	State Tax Commission may make rules consistent with this part:
345	(1) prescribing information that a scholarship organization shall include with an
346	application for a tax credit allocation certificate under Section 53A-1a-1106; and
347	(2) establishing procedures that a scholarship organization shall employ to verify that a
348	student:
349	(a) meets the qualifications for a scholarship provided in Section 53A-1a-1103; and
350	(b) has continuing enrollment and attendance at a private school before the scholarship
351	organization issues a scholarship payment.
352	Section 11. Section 53A-1a-1111 is enacted to read:
353	53A-1a-1111. Enforcement of scholarship organization requirements.
354	(1) A scholarship organization shall provide to the State Tax Commission an annual
355	audit conducted by an independent certified public accountant that includes:
356	(a) a financial audit of its accounts and records; and
357	(b) a compliance audit of the requirements under this part.
358	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
359	commission may enjoin a scholarship organization that fails to comply with this part from
360	accepting donations from taxpayers seeking to claim a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.7 or
361	59-10-1029 for a period of up to one year.
362	Section 12. Section <b>53A-1a-1112</b> is enacted to read:
363	53A-1a-1112. Scholarship organization report.
364	By November 1 each year, a scholarship organization shall submit to the State Tax
365	Commission a report prepared by an independent certified public accountant containing the
366	following information:
367	(1) the name and address of the scholarship organization;
368	(2) the total number and total dollar amount of contributions received during the prior

369	state fiscal year;
370	(3) the total number and total dollar amount of scholarships awarded during the prior
371	state fiscal year;
372	(4) the total number and total dollar amount of scholarships awarded during the prior
373	state fiscal year to students whose parent or guardians had an annual income less than or equal
374	to 100% of the income eligibility guideline allowed to qualify for reduced price meals; and
375	(5) the percentage of first time recipients of scholarships who were continuously
376	enrolled in a public school during the prior school year.
377	Section 13. Section <b>53A-1a-1113</b> is enacted to read:
378	53A-1a-1113. Private school requirements.
379	(1) To be eligible to enroll a scholarship student, a private school shall:
380	(a) (i) obtain an audit and report from a licensed independent certified public
381	accountant that conforms with the following requirements and submit the audit report to the
382	board when the private school applies to accept scholarship students:
383	(A) the audit shall be performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing
384	standards;
385	(B) the financial statements shall be presented in accordance with generally accepted
386	accounting principles; and
387	(C) the audited financial statements shall be as of a period within the last 12 months; or
388	(ii) contract with a licensed independent certified public accountant to perform an
389	agreed upon procedure as follows and submit the agreed upon procedure to the board when the
390	private school applies to accept scholarship students:
391	(A) the agreed upon procedure shall be to determine that the private school has
392	adequate working capital to maintain operations for the first full year; and
393	(B) working capital shall be calculated by subtracting current liabilities from current
394	assets;
395	(b) comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000d;
396	(c) meet state and local health and safety laws and codes;
397	(d) disclose to the parent of each prospective student, before the student is enrolled, the
398	special education services that will be provided to the student, if any, including the cost of
399	those services;

400	(e) (i) annually assess the achievement of each student by administering a
401	norm-referenced test scored by an independent party that provides a comparison of the student's
402	academic performance to other students on a national basis;
403	(ii) report the test results to the student's parents; and
404	(iii) upon request, make aggregated test results available to other persons;
405	(f) employ or contract with teachers who:
406	(i) hold baccalaureate or higher degrees; or
407	(ii) have special skills, knowledge, or expertise that qualifies them to provide
408	instruction in the subjects taught;
409	(g) provide to parents the teaching credentials of the school's teachers;
410	(h) provide, upon request to any person, a statement indicating which, if any,
411	organizations have accredited the private school; and
412	(i) comply with requirements to conduct criminal background checks on school
413	personnel as provided in Section 53A-3-410.
414	(2) The following are not eligible to enroll scholarship students:
415	(a) a school with an enrollment of fewer than 40 students;
416	(b) a school that operates in a residence;
417	(c) a school that encourages illegal conduct; or
418	(d) a residential treatment facility licensed by the state.
419	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a private school intending to enroll
420	scholarship students shall submit an application to the board by April 1 of the school year
421	preceding the school year in which it intends to enroll scholarship students.
422	(b) A private school intending to enroll scholarship students in the 2012-13 school year
423	shall submit an application by June 15, 2012.
424	(4) The board shall:
425	(a) approve a private school's application to enroll scholarship students if the private
426	school meets the eligibility requirements of this section; and
427	(b) make available to the public a list of the eligible private schools:
428	(i) for the 2013-14 school year and each school year thereafter, by the April 30
429	preceding the school year; and
430	(ii) for the 2012-13 school year, by July 1, 2012.

431	Section 14. Section <b>53A-1a-1114</b> is enacted to read:
432	53A-1a-1114. Enforcement of private school requirements.
433	(1) (a) The board shall require private schools to submit signed affidavits assuring the
434	private school will comply with the requirements of Section 53A-1a-1113.
435	(b) If a school fails to submit a signed affidavit after having an opportunity to provide
436	explanations and request delays, the board may deny the private school permission to enroll
437	scholarship students.
438	(2) The board may investigate complaints and convene administrative hearings for an
439	alleged violation of Section 53A-1a-1113.
440	(3) Upon finding that Section 53A-1a-1113 was violated, the board may deny a private
441	school permission to enroll scholarship students.
442	Section 15. Section <b>53A-1a-1115</b> is enacted to read:
443	53A-1a-1115. Limitation on regulation of private schools.
444	Nothing in this part grants additional authority to any state agency to regulate private
445	schools except as expressly set forth in this part.
446	Section 16. Section <b>53A-3-410</b> is amended to read:
447	53A-3-410. Criminal background checks on school personnel Notice Payment
448	of costs Request for review.
449	(1) As used in this section:
450	(a) "Administrator" means an administrator at a school district, charter school, or
451	private school that requests the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the
452	Department of Public Safety to conduct a criminal background check on an applicant or
453	employee.
454	(b) "Applicant" means a person under consideration for:
455	(i) an offer of employment at a school district, charter school, or private school; or
456	(ii) appointment as a volunteer for a school district, charter school, or private school
457	who will be given significant unsupervised access to a student in connection with the
458	volunteer's assignment.
459	(c) "Contract employee" means an employee of a staffing service who works at a
460	public or private school under a contract between the staffing service and a school district,
461	charter school, or private school.

462 (d) "Division" means the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of 463 the Department of Public Safety. 464 (2) A school district superintendent, the superintendent's designee, or the chief 465 administrative officer of a charter school: 466 (a) shall require an applicant to submit to a criminal background check as a condition 467 for employment or appointment; 468 (b) shall require an employee to periodically submit to a criminal background check in 469 accordance with rules of the State Board of Education or policies of the local school board or 470 charter school governing board; and 471 (c) where reasonable cause exists, may require an existing employee or volunteer to 472 submit to a criminal background check. 473 (3) The chief administrative officer of a private school may require, and the chief 474 administrative officer of a private school that enrolls scholarship students under Chapter 1a, 475 Part 7, Carson Smith Scholarships for Students with Special Needs Act or Chapter 1a, Part 11, 476 Student Opportunity Scholarship Act, shall require: 477 (a) an applicant to submit to a criminal background check as a condition for 478 employment or appointment; and 479 (b) where reasonable cause exists, an existing employee or volunteer to submit to a 480 criminal background check. 481 (4) An applicant, volunteer, or employee shall receive written notice that a criminal 482 background check has been requested. 483 (5) (a) (i) Fingerprints of the applicant, volunteer, or employee shall be taken, and the 484 Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the Department of Public Safety, 485 established in Section 53-10-103, shall release the applicant's, volunteer's, or employee's full 486 criminal history record to the administrator requesting the information. 487 (ii) The division shall maintain a separate file of fingerprints submitted under 488 Subsection (5)(a)(i) and notify the administrator when a new entry is made against an employee 489 or volunteer whose fingerprints are held in the file regarding:

490 (A) any matters involving an alleged sexual offense;

491

- (B) any matters involving an alleged drug-related offense;
- 492 (C) any matters involving an alleged alcohol-related offense; or

(D) any matters involving an alleged offense against the person under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Person.

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- (iii) The cost of maintaining the separate file shall be paid by the school district, charter school, or private school from fees charged to those submitting fingerprints.
- (b) Information received by the division from entities other than agencies or political subdivisions of the state may not be released to a private school unless the release is permissible under applicable laws or regulations of the entity providing the information.
- (6) The superintendent, local school board, or their counterparts at a charter school or private school shall consider only those convictions, pleas in abeyance, or arrests which are job-related for the employee, applicant, or volunteer.
- (7) (a) A school district, charter school, or private school may require an applicant to pay the costs of a background check as a condition for consideration for employment or appointment, if the applicant:
  - (i) has passed an initial review; and

- (ii) is one of a pool of no more than five candidates for a position.
- (b) A school district or charter school may require an employee to pay the cost of a periodic criminal background check required pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education or policies of the local school board or charter school governing board.
- (8) The Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division shall, upon request, seek additional information from regional or national criminal data files in responding to inquiries under this section.
- (9) (a) An applicant, volunteer, or employee shall have an opportunity to respond to any information received as a result of a criminal background check.
- (b) A public agency shall resolve any request for review by an applicant, volunteer, or employee through administrative procedures established by the agency.
- (10) (a) If a person is denied employment or is dismissed from employment because of information obtained through a criminal background check, the person shall receive written notice of the reasons for denial or dismissal and have an opportunity to respond to the reasons.
- (b) A school district or charter school shall resolve any request for a review of a denial of or dismissal from employment through administrative procedures established by the school district or charter school.

524	(11) Information obtained under this part is confidential and may only be disclosed as
525	provided in this section.
526	(12) (a) A school district, charter school, or private school that enrolls scholarship
527	students under Chapter 1a, Part 7, Carson Smith Scholarships for Students with Special Needs
528	Act, may contract with a staffing service to provide a contract employee if:
529	(i) the school district, charter school, or private school requests the Criminal
530	Investigations and Technical Services Division of the Department of Public Safety to conduct a
531	criminal background check on the contract employee that is placed at the school district,
532	charter school, or private school;
533	(ii) fingerprints of the contract employee are submitted to the division;
534	(iii) the division releases the contract employee's full criminal history record to the
535	school district, charter school, or private school requesting the criminal background check; and
536	(iv) the school district, charter school, or private school requesting the criminal
537	background check determines whether the contract employee is suitable for employment based
538	on the standard established in Subsection (6).
539	(b) The division shall maintain a separate file of fingerprints submitted under
540	Subsection (12)(a) and notify the administrator when a new entry is made against a contract
541	employee whose fingerprints are held in the file regarding a matter listed in Subsection
542	(5)(a)(ii).
543	(c) A school district, charter school, or private school may require a contract employee
544	to pay the costs of a criminal background check, including the costs of the division to maintain
545	the file required under Subsection (12)(b).
546	(d) (i) A contract employee who applies for a license issued by the State Board of
547	Education shall submit to a criminal background check as provided in Section 53A-6-401.
548	(ii) A contract employee who works at a public school and does not hold a license
549	issued by the State Board of Education shall submit to a criminal background check every six
550	years, or within a shorter period, if required by rules of the State Board of Education or policies
551	of a local school board or charter school governing board.
552	Section 17. Section <b>59-7-614.7</b> is enacted to read:
553	59-7-614.7. Nonrefundable tax credit for donation to scholarship organization.
554	(1) As used in this section:

555	(a) "Pass-through entity" is as defined in Section 59-10-1402.
556	(b) "Pass-through entity taxpayer" is as defined in Section 59-10-1402.
557	(c) "Qualifying donor" is as defined in Section 53A-1a-1102.
558	(d) "Scholarship organization" is as defined in Section 53A-1a-1102.
559	(e) "Tax credit donor certificate" is as defined in Section 53A-1a-1102.
560	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a qualifying donor to a scholarship
561	organization may:
562	(a) claim a nonrefundable tax credit as provided in this section; or
563	(b) if the qualifying donor is a pass-through entity, pass through to one or more
564	pass-through entity taxpayers of the pass-through entity, in accordance with Chapter 10, Part
565	14, Pass-through Entities and Pass-through Entity Taxpayers Act, a nonrefundable tax credit
566	that the qualifying donor could otherwise claim under this section.
567	(3) A qualifying donor may only claim or pass through a tax credit under this section if
568	the qualifying donor obtains a tax credit donor certificate under Section 53A-1a-1107.
569	(4) The maximum amount of the tax credit a qualifying donor may claim or pass
570	through is the amount listed as the maximum tax credit on a tax credit donor certificate under
571	Subsection 53A-1a-1107(4).
572	(5) A qualifying donor or a pass-through entity taxpayer may carry forward a tax credit
573	under this section for a period that does not exceed the next three taxable years if:
574	(a) the qualifying donor or pass-through entity taxpayer is allowed to claim a tax credit
575	under this section for a taxable year; and
576	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the qualifying donor's or pass-through entity
577	taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
578	Section 18. Section <b>59-10-1002.2</b> is amended to read:
579	59-10-1002.2. Apportionment of tax credits.
580	(1) A nonresident individual or a part-year resident individual that claims a tax credit
581	in accordance with Section 59-10-1017, 59-10-1018, 59-10-1019, 59-10-1021, 59-10-1022,
582	59-10-1023, 59-10-1024, [or] 59-10-1028, or 59-10-1029 may only claim an apportioned
583	amount of the tax credit equal to:
584	(a) for a nonresident individual, the product of:
585	(i) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident individual; and

586	(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident individual would have been
587	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section; or
588	(b) for a part-year resident individual, the product of:
589	(i) the state income tax percentage for the part-year resident individual; and
590	(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the part-year resident individual would have been
591	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
592	(2) A nonresident estate or trust that claims a tax credit in accordance with Section
593	59-10-1017, 59-10-1020, 59-10-1022, 59-10-1024, [or] 59-10-1028, or 59-10-1029 may only
594	claim an apportioned amount of the tax credit equal to the product of:
595	(a) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident estate or trust; and
596	(b) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident estate or trust would have been
597	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
598	Section 19. Section <b>59-10-1029</b> is enacted to read:
599	59-10-1029. Nonrefundable tax credit for donation to scholarship organization.
600	(1) As used in this section:
601	(a) "Eligible donation" means a donation:
602	(i) a claimant, estate, or trust makes to a scholarship organization during a taxable year
603	(ii) that the claimant, estate, or trust does not designate for the benefit of a particular
604	student;
605	(iii) with respect to which the claimant, estate, or trust does not claim an exemption or
606	tax credit or make a deduction or subtraction on the claimant's, estate's, or trust's state or
607	federal income tax return for the taxable year, other than a tax credit under this section; and
608	(iv) to the extent the claimant, estate, or trust does not receive property or a service in
609	return for the donation.
610	(b) "Head of household filing status" is as defined in Section 59-10-1018.
611	(c) "Joint filing status" is as defined in Section 59-10-1018.
612	(d) "Pass-through entity" is as defined in Section 59-10-1402.
613	(e) "Pass-through entity taxpayer" is as defined in Section 59-10-1402.
614	(f) "Scholarship organization" is as defined in Section 53A-1a-1102.
615	(g) "Single filing status" is as defined in Section 59-10-1018.
616	(2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1002.2 and subject to the other provisions of

617	this section, a claimant, estate, or trust who makes an eligible donation to a scholarship
618	organization may:
619	(a) claim a nonrefundable tax credit as provided in this section; or
620	(b) if the claimant, estate, or trust is a pass-through entity, pass through to one or more
621	pass-through entity taxpayers of the pass-through entity, in accordance with Chapter 10, Part
622	14, Pass-through Entities and Pass-through Entity Taxpayers Act, a nonrefundable tax credit
623	that the claimant, estate, or trust could otherwise claim under this section.
624	(3) A tax credit under this section may not exceed the lesser of:
625	(a) the eligible donation; or
626	(b) (i) \$500 for a claimant, estate, trust, or pass-through entity taxpayer that has a
627	single filing status;
628	(ii) \$750 for a claimant, estate, trust, or pass-through entity taxpayer that has a head of
629	household filing status; or
630	(iii) \$1,000 for a claimant, estate, trust, or pass-through entity taxpayer that has a joint
631	filing status.
632	(4) A claimant, estate, trust, or pass-through entity taxpayer may carry forward a tax
633	credit under this section for a period that does not exceed the next three taxable years if:
634	(a) the claimant, estate, trust, or pass-through entity taxpayer is allowed to claim a tax
635	credit under this section for a taxable year; and
636	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the claimant's, estate's, trust's, or pass-through
637	entity taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
638	Section 20. Retrospective operation.
639	Sections 59-7-614.7, 59-10-1002.2, and 59-10-1029 have retrospective operation for a
640	taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2012.

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