Senator John L. Valentine proposes the following substitute bill:

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL RELATED AMENDMENTS 1 2 2012 GENERAL SESSION 3 STATE OF UTAH 4 **Chief Sponsor: John L. Valentine** House Sponsor: Ryan D. Wilcox 5 6 7 **LONG TITLE General Description:** 8 9 This bill modifies the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, the Open and Public Meetings 10 Act, and the Government Records Access and Management Act, to address the 11 regulation of alcoholic products. 12 **Highlighted Provisions:** 13 This bill: 14 changes the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission to a seven member 15 commission and makes related changes; 16 addresses removal of commission members and chair; 17 creates subcommittees of the commission; 18 clarifies that the commission's policy authority is to be consistent with the policy 19 established by the Legislature by statute; 20 provides for appointment and termination of the director; 21 addresses appointment of interim director; 22 • imposes terms on the length of time a director serves; 23 provides for the hiring and firing of upper management only with the approval of 24 the commission; 25 creates the Alcoholic Beverage Control Advisory Board;



26	 addresses application of Utah Procurement Code;
27	addresses audits;
28	 provides for internal audits division;
29	 addresses requirements for package agency agreements;
30	 requires a hearing by a hearing examiner of a department recommendation to not
31	renew a license or to revoke a license;
32	 modifies operational requirements for a reception center;
33	 addresses provisions related to the transfer of retail licenses;
34	• authorizes the director to issue or deny issuance of certain permits with the approval
35	of the Compliance, Licensing, and Enforcement Subcommittee, and subject to
36	revocation or issuance by the Commission;
37	 addresses notification of an event to law enforcement;
38	 requires the director to issue monthly reports to the commission of the director's
39	activities relative to permits;
40	 allows certain permittees to change the location of where to store, sell, offer for
41	sale, furnish, or allow consumption with the approval of the director and the
42	Compliance, Licensing, and Enforcement Subcommittee;
43	 addresses purposes of which the commission may hold a closed meeting;
44	 provides that certain records related to the department or commission are protected
45	records; and
46	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
47	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
48	None
49	Other Special Clauses:
50	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2012.
51	Utah Code Sections Affected:
52	AMENDS:
53	32B-2-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 308 and 334
54	32B-2-202 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
55	32B-2-205 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
56	32B-2-206 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 336

57	32B-2-207 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
58	32B-2-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Second Special Session, Chapter 2
59	32B-2-302 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
60	32B-2-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Second Special Session, Chapter 2
61	32B-3-204 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
62	32B-6-805, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
63	32B-8a-302 (Effective 07/01/12), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
64	32B-8a-303 (Effective 07/01/12), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
65	32B-9-201 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
66	32B-9-202 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
67	32B-9-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 307 and 334
68	32B-9-303 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
69	32B-9-403 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
70	32B-9-404 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
71	52-4-205 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 46 and 334
72	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 18, 46, 55, 80, 151, and
73	161
74	63I-5-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
75	ENACTS:
76	32B-2-201.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
77	32B-2-302.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
78 70	32B-2-210 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
79 80	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
81	Section 1. Section 32B-2-201 is amended to read:
82	32B-2-201. Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission created.
83	(1) There is created the "Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission." The commission is
84	the governing board over the department.
85	(2) (a) The commission is composed of [five] seven part-time commissioners
86	appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
87	(b) No more than [three] four commissioners may be of the same political party.

88 (3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of commissioners expire, the 89 governor shall appoint each new commissioner or reappointed commissioner to a four-year 90 term. 91 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the 92 time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of no 93 more than [two] three commissioners expire in a fiscal year. 94 (4) (a) When a vacancy occurs on the commission for any reason, the governor shall 95 appoint a replacement for the unexpired term with the consent of the Senate. 96 (b) Unless removed in accordance with Subsection (6), a commissioner shall remain on 97 the commission after the expiration of a term until a successor is appointed by the governor, 98 with the consent of the Senate. 99 (5) A commissioner shall take the oath of office. 100 (6) (a) The governor may remove a commissioner from the commission for cause, 101 <u>neglect of duty, inefficiency, or malfeasance</u> after a public hearing conducted by: 102 (i) the governor; or 103 (ii) an impartial hearing examiner appointed by the governor to conduct the hearing. 104 (b) At least 10 days before the hearing described in Subsection (6)(a), the governor 105 shall provide the commissioner notice of: 106 (i) the date, time, and place of the hearing; and 107 (ii) the alleged grounds for the removal. 108 (c) The commissioner shall have an opportunity to: 109 (i) attend the hearing; 110 (ii) present witnesses and other evidence; and 111 (iii) confront and cross examine witnesses. 112 (d) After a hearing under this Subsection (6): 113 (i) the person conducting the hearing shall prepare written findings of fact and 114 conclusions of law; and 115 (ii) the governor shall serve a copy of the prepared findings and conclusions upon the 116 commissioner. 117 (e) If a hearing under this Subsection (6) is held before a hearing examiner, the hearing

examiner shall issue a written recommendation to the governor in addition to complying with

119	Subsection (6)(d).
120	(f) A commissioner has five days from the day on which the commissioner receives the
121	findings and conclusions described in Subsection (6)(d) to file written objections to the
122	recommendation before the governor issues a final order.
123	(g) The governor shall:
124	(i) issue the final order under this Subsection (6) in writing; and
125	(ii) serve the final order upon the commissioner.
126	(7) A commissioner may not receive compensation or benefits for the commissioner's
127	service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
128	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
129	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
130	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
131	63A-3-107.
132	(8) (a) The governor shall annually appoint the chair of the commission. A
133	commissioner serves as chair to the commission at the pleasure of the governor. <u>If removed as</u>
134	chair, the commissioner continues to serve as a commissioner unless removed as a
135	commissioner under Subsection (6).
136	(b) The commission shall elect:
137	(i) another commissioner to serve as vice chair; and
138	(ii) other commission officers as the commission considers advisable.
139	(c) A commissioner elected under Subsection (8)(b) shall serve in the office to which
140	the commissioner is elected at the pleasure of the commission.
141	(9) (a) Each commissioner has equal voting rights on a commission matter when in
142	attendance at a commission meeting.
143	(b) [Three] Four commissioners is a quorum for conducting commission business.
144	(c) A majority vote of the quorum present at a meeting is required for the commission
145	to act.
146	(10) (a) The commission shall meet at least monthly, but may hold other meetings at
147	times and places as scheduled by:
148	(i) the commission;
149	(ii) the chair; or

150	(iii) three commissioners upon filing a written request for a meeting with the chair.
151	(b) Notice of the time and place of a commission meeting shall be given to each
152	commissioner, and to the public in compliance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public
153	Meetings Act. A commission meeting is open to the public, except for a commission meeting
154	or portion of a commission meeting that is closed by the commission as authorized by Sections
155	52-4-204 and 52-4-205.
156	Section 2. Section 32B-2-201.5 is enacted to read:
157	32B-2-201.5. Commission subcommittee Chair's oversight responsibilities.
158	(1) There is created within the commission two subcommittees consisting of members
159	of the commission and known as the:
160	(a) "Compliance, Licensing, and Enforcement Subcommittee"; and
161	(b) "Operations and Procurement Subcommittee."
162	(2) A subcommittee shall have four members, including the chair of the commission.
163	The chair of the commission shall appoint the members to a subcommittee.
164	(3) The director shall consult with the chair of the commission over:
165	(a) the internal affairs of the department; and
166	(b) subject to Section 32B-2-207, hiring and firing of upper management of the
167	department.
168	(4) The commission by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
169	Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall establish the duties of the subcommittees created under
170	this section.
171	Section 3. Section 32B-2-202 is amended to read:
172	32B-2-202. Powers and duties of the commission.
173	(1) The commission shall:
174	(a) consistent with the policy established by the Legislature by statute, act as a general
175	policymaking body on the subject of alcoholic product control;
176	(b) adopt and issue policies, rules, and procedures;
177	(c) set policy by written rules that establish criteria and procedures for:
178	(i) issuing, denying, not renewing, suspending, or revoking a package agency, license,
179	permit, or certificate of approval; and
180	(ii) determining the location of a state store, package agency, or retail licensee;

181	(d) decide within the limits, and under the conditions imposed by this title, the number
182	and location of state stores, package agencies, and retail licensees in the state;
183	(e) issue, deny, suspend, revoke, or not renew the following package agencies, licenses,
184	permits, or certificates of approval for the purchase, storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing,
185	consumption, manufacture, and distribution of an alcoholic product:
186	(i) a package agency;
187	(ii) a full-service restaurant license;
188	(iii) a limited-service restaurant license;
189	(iv) a club license;
190	(v) an airport lounge license;
191	(vi) an on-premise banquet license;
192	(vii) a resort license, under which four or more sublicenses may be included;
193	(viii) an on-premise beer retailer license;
194	(ix) a reception center license;
195	(x) a beer-only restaurant license;
196	(xi) <u>subject to Subsection (4)</u> , a single event permit;
197	(xii) <u>subject to Subsection (4)</u> , a temporary beer event permit;
198	(xiii) a special use permit;
199	(xiv) a manufacturing license;
200	(xv) a liquor warehousing license;
201	(xvi) a beer wholesaling license; and
202	(xvii) one of the following that holds a certificate of approval:
203	(A) an out-of-state brewer;
204	(B) an out-of-state importer of beer, heavy beer, or flavored malt beverages; and
205	(C) an out-of-state supplier of beer, heavy beer, or flavored malt beverages;
206	(f) in accordance with Section 32B-5-205, issue, deny, suspend, or revoke one of the
207	following conditional licenses for the purchase, storage, sale, furnishing, consumption,
208	manufacture, and distribution of an alcoholic product:
209	(i) a conditional full-service restaurant license; or
210	(ii) a conditional limited-service restaurant license;
211	(g) prescribe the duties of the department in assisting the commission in issuing a

212	package agency, license, permit, or certificate of approval under this title;
213	(h) to the extent a fee is not specified in this title, establish a fee allowed under this title
214	in accordance with Section 63J-1-504;
215	(i) fix prices at which liquor is sold that are the same at all state stores, package
216	agencies, and retail licensees;
217	(j) issue and distribute price lists showing the price to be paid by a purchaser for each
218	class, variety, or brand of liquor kept for sale by the department;
219	(k) (i) require the director to follow sound management principles; and
220	(ii) require periodic reporting from the director to ensure that:
221	(A) sound management principles are being followed; and
222	(B) policies established by the commission are being observed;
223	(l) (i) receive, consider, and act in a timely manner upon the reports, recommendations,
224	and matters submitted by the director to the commission; and
225	(ii) do the things necessary to support the department in properly performing the
226	department's duties;
227	(m) obtain temporarily and for special purposes the services of an expert or person
228	engaged in the practice of a profession, or a person who possesses a needed skill if:
229	(i) considered expedient; and
230	(ii) approved by the governor;
231	(n) prescribe the conduct, management, and equipment of premises upon which an
232	alcoholic product may be stored, sold, offered for sale, furnished, or consumed;
233	(o) make rules governing the credit terms of beer sales within the state to retail
234	licensees; and
235	(p) in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, take
236	disciplinary action against a person subject to administrative action.
237	(2) [The] Consistent with the policy established by the Legislature by statute, the power
238	of the commission to do the following is plenary, except as otherwise provided by this title, and
239	not subject to review:
240	(a) establish a state store;
241	(b) issue authority to act as a package agent or operate a package agency; and
242	(c) issue or deny a license, permit, or certificate of approval.

243	(3) If the commission is authorized or required to make a rule under this title, the
244	commission shall make the rule in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
245	Rulemaking Act.
246	(4) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(e)(xi) and (xii), the director or deputy director
247	may issue an event permit in accordance with Chapter 9, Event Permit Act.
248	Section 4. Section 32B-2-205 is amended to read:
249	32B-2-205. Director of alcoholic beverage control.
250	(1) (a) [The commission by a vote of four of the five commissioners, with the approval
251	of the In accordance with Subsection (1)(b), the governor, [and] with the consent of the
252	Senate, shall appoint a director of alcoholic beverage control [who] to a four-year term. The
253	director may be appointed to more than one four-year term. The director is the administrative
254	head of the department.
255	(b) (i) The governor shall appoint the director from nominations made by the
256	commission.
257	(ii) The commission shall submit the nomination of three individuals to the governor
258	for appointment of the director.
259	(iii) By no later than 30 calendar days from the day on which the governor receives the
260	three nominations submitted by the commission, the governor may:
261	(A) appoint the director; or
262	(B) reject the three nominations.
263	(iv) If the governor rejects the nominations or fails to take action within the 30-day
264	period, the commission shall nominate three different individuals from which the governor may
265	appoint the director or reject the nominations until such time as the governor appoints the
266	director.
267	(v) The governor may reappoint the director without seeking nominations from the
268	commission. Reappointment of a director is subject to the consent of the Senate.
269	(c) If there is a vacancy in the position of director, during the nomination process
270	described in Subsection (1)(b), the governor may appoint an interim director for a period of up
271	to 30 calendar days. If a director is not appointed within the 30-day period, the interim director
272	may continue to serve beyond the 30-day period subject to the consent of the Senate at the next
273	scheduled time for the Senate giving consent to appointments of the governor. Except that if

the Senate does not act on the consent to the appointment of the interim director within 60 days
of the end of the initial 30-day period, the interim director may continue as the interim director
[(b)] (d) The director [serves at the pleasure of the commission, except that the directo
may only be removed from office by a vote of four commissioners.] may be terminated by:
(i) the commission by a vote of four commissioners; or
(ii) the governor after consultation with the commission.
[(e)] <u>(e)</u> The director may not be a commissioner.
[(d)] <u>(f)</u> The director shall:
(i) be qualified in administration;
(ii) be knowledgeable by experience and training in the field of business management;
and
(iii) possess any other qualification prescribed by the commission.
(2) The governor shall establish the director's compensation within the salary range
fixed by the Legislature in Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation.
(3) The director shall:
(a) carry out the policies of the commission;
(b) carry out the policies of the department;
(c) fully inform the commission of the operations and administrative activities of the
department; and
(d) assist the commission in the proper discharge of the commission's duties.
Section 5. Section 32B-2-206 is amended to read:
32B-2-206. Powers and duties of the director.
Subject to the powers and responsibilities of the commission under this title, the
director:
(1) (a) shall prepare and propose to the commission general policies, rules, and
procedures governing the administrative activities of the department; and
(b) may submit other recommendations to the commission as the director considers in
the interest of the commission's or the department's business;
(2) within the general policies, rules, and procedures of the commission, shall:
(a) provide day-to-day direction, coordination, and delegation of responsibilities in the
administrative activities of the department's business; and

303	(b) make internal department policies and procedures relating to:
306	(i) department personnel matters; and
307	(ii) the day-to-day operation of the department;
308	(3) subject to Section 32B-2-207, shall appoint or employ personnel as considered
309	necessary in the administration of this title, and with regard to the personnel shall:
310	(a) prescribe the conditions of employment;
311	(b) define the respective duties and powers; and
312	(c) fix the remuneration in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel
313	Management Act;
314	(4) shall establish and secure adherence to a system of reports, controls, and
315	performance in matters relating to personnel, security, department property management, and
316	operation of:
317	(a) a department office;
318	(b) a warehouse;
319	(c) a state store; and
320	(d) a package agency;
321	(5) within the policies, rules, and procedures approved by the commission and
322	provisions of law, shall purchase, store, keep for sale, sell, import, and control the storage, sale,
323	furnishing, transportation, or delivery of an alcoholic product;
324	(6) shall prepare for commission approval:
325	(a) recommendations regarding the location, establishment, relocation, and closure of a
326	state store or package agency;
327	(b) recommendations regarding the issuance, denial, nonrenewal, suspension, or
328	revocation of a license, permit, or certificate of approval;
329	(c) an annual budget, proposed legislation, and reports as required by law and sound
330	business principles;
331	(d) plans for reorganizing divisions of the department and the functions of the
332	divisions;
333	(e) manuals containing commission and department policies, rules, and procedures;
334	(f) an inventory control system;
335	(g) any other report or recommendation requested by the commission;

336	(h) rules described in Subsection 32B-2-202(1)(o) governing the credit terms of the
337	sale of beer;
338	(i) rules governing the calibration, maintenance, and regulation of a calibrated metered
339	dispensing system;
340	(j) rules governing the display of a list of types and brand names of liquor furnished
341	through a calibrated metered dispensing system;
342	(k) price lists issued and distributed showing the price to be paid for each class, variety
343	or brand of liquor kept for sale at a state store, package agency, or retail licensee;
344	(l) policies or rules prescribing the books of account maintained by the department and
345	by a state store, package agency, or retail licensee; and
346	(m) a policy prescribing the manner of giving and serving a notice required by this title
347	or rules made under this title;
348	(7) shall make available through the department to any person, upon request, a copy of
349	a policy made by the director;
350	(8) shall make and maintain a current copy of a manual that contains the rules and
351	policies of the commission and department available for public inspection;
352	(9) (a) after consultation with the governor, shall determine whether an alcoholic
353	product should not be sold, offered for sale, or otherwise furnished in an area of the state
354	during a period of emergency that is proclaimed by the governor to exist in that area; and
355	(b) shall issue a necessary public announcement or policy with respect to the
356	determination described in Subsection (9)(a); [and]
357	(10) issue event permits in accordance with Chapter 9, Event Permit Act; and
358	[(10)] (11) shall perform any other duty required by the commission or by law.
359	Section 6. Section 32B-2-207 is amended to read:
360	32B-2-207. Department employees Requirements.
361	(1) "Upper management" means the director, a deputy director, or other Schedule AD,
362	AR, or AS employee of the department, as defined in Section 67-19-15, except for the director
363	of internal audits and auditors hired by the director of internal audits under Section
364	<u>32B-2-302.5.</u>
365	[(1)] (2) (a) Subject to this title, including the requirements of Chapter 1, Part 3,
366	Qualifications and Background, the director may prescribe the qualifications of a department

367	employee.
368	(b) The director may hire an employee who is upper management only with the
369	approval of four commissioners voting in an open meeting.
370	(c) Except as provided in Section 32B-1-303, the executive director may dismiss an
371	employee who is upper management after consultation with the chair of the commission.
372	[(2)] (a) A person who seeks employment with the department shall file with the
373	department an application under oath or affirmation in a form prescribed by the commission.
374	(b) Upon receiving an application, the department shall determine whether the
375	individual is:
376	(i) of good moral character; and
377	(ii) qualified for the position sought.
378	(c) The department shall select an individual for employment or advancement with the
379	department in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
380	[(3)] (4) The following are not considered a department employee:
381	(a) a package agent;
382	(b) a licensee;
383	(c) a staff member of a package agent; or
384	(d) staff of a licensee.
385	[(4)] (5) The department may not employ a minor to:
386	(a) work in:
387	(i) a state store; or
388	(ii) a department warehouse; or
389	(b) engage in an activity involving the handling of an alcoholic product.
390	Section 7. Section 32B-2-209 is amended to read:
391	32B-2-209. Prohibited interests, relationships, and actions.
392	(1) As used in this section:
393	(a) "Applicable department employee" means a department employee who is:
394	(i) designated as a deputy or assistant director;
395	(ii) a chief administrative officer of a division within the department;
396	(iii) a department compliance officer; or
397	(iv) an employee directly performing purchasing, licensing, or compliance functions of

398	the department.
399	(b) "Immediate family" means an individual's:
400	(i) spouse; or
401	(ii) child who is younger than 18 years of age.
402	(c) "Permit" does not include:
403	(i) an industrial or manufacturing use permit;
404	(ii) a scientific or educational use permit; or
405	(iii) a religious wine use permit.
406	(2) In addition to being subject to Title 67, Chapter 16, Utah Public Officers' and
407	Employees' Ethics Act, an individual who is a commissioner, the director, or an applicable
408	department employee may not:
409	(a) have a pecuniary interest, whether as the holder of stock or other securities other
410	than a mutual fund, in a person who applies for or holds a package agency, license, or permit
411	under this title;
412	(b) otherwise have a conflict of interest with a person who applies for or holds a
413	package agency, license, or permit under this title;
414	(c) have an office, position, or relationship, or be engaged in a business or avocation
415	that interferes or is incompatible with the effective and objective fulfillment of the duties of
416	office or employment;
417	(d) have a direct business relationship with a person subject to administrative action
418	under this title;
419	(e) accept a gift, gratuity, emolument, or employment from:
420	(i) a person who applies for or holds a package agency, license, or permit under this
421	title; or
422	(ii) an officer, agent, or employee of a person who applies for or holds a package
423	agency, license, or permit under this title, except that a commissioner, the director, or an
424	applicable department employee may accept a gift from an officer, agent, or employee if the
425	gift is equal to or less than \$50; or
426	(f) solicit, suggest, request, or recommend, directly or indirectly, the appointment of
427	any person to any office or employment with a person who applies for or holds a package
428	agency, license, or permit under this title.

- (3) An immediate family member of a commissioner, the director, or an applicable department employee may not:
 - (a) have a pecuniary interest, whether as the holder of stock or other securities other than a mutual fund, in a person who applies for or holds a package agency, license, or permit under this title;
 - (b) otherwise have a conflict of interest with a person who applies for or holds a package agency, license, or permit under this title;
 - (c) have an office, position, or relationship, or be engaged in a business or avocation that interferes or is incompatible with the effective and objective fulfillment of the duties of office or employment of the commissioner, director, or applicable department employee for whom the person is immediate family;
 - (d) accept a gift, gratuity, emolument, or employment from:
- (i) a person who applies for or holds a package agency, license, or permit under this title; or
 - (ii) an officer, agent, or employee of a person who applies for or holds a package agency, license, or permit under this title, except that an immediate family member may accept a gift from an officer, agent, or employee if the gift is equal to or less than \$50; or
 - (e) solicit, suggest, request, or recommend, directly or indirectly, the appointment of any person to any office or employment with a person who applies for or holds a package agency, license, or permit under this title.
 - (4) An officer, agent, attorney, or employee of a person who applies for or holds a package agency, license, or permit under this title may not directly or indirectly solicit, request, or recommend to the governor, any state senator, the commission, or the department the appointment of any person:
 - (a) as a commissioner;
 - (b) as director of the department; or
- 455 (c) to a department staff position.
 - (5) (a) A commissioner shall disclose during a meeting of the commission a potential violation of this section, including the existence and nature of a professional, financial, business, or personal interest with a person who holds, or an applicant for, a package agency, license, or permit issued under this title that may result in a violation of this section.

460	(b) After a commissioner makes a disclosure under Subsection (5)(a):
461	(i) the commission may, by motion, determine whether there is a potential violation of
462	this section;
463	(ii) if the commission determines that there is a potential violation of this section:
464	(A) the commission shall notify the governor; and
465	(B) the commissioner may not vote on any matter that would result in the potential
466	violation of this section; and
467	(iii) if the commission determines that there is not a potential violation of this section,
468	a commissioner may elect whether to vote on the issue that gives rise to the disclosure under
469	Subsection (5)(a).
470	(c) The commission shall record any declaration of a potential violation of this section
471	in the minutes of the meeting.
472	Section 8. Section 32B-2-210 is enacted to read:
473	32B-2-210. Alcoholic Beverage Control Advisory Board.
474	(1) There is created within the department an advisory board known as the "Alcoholic
475	Beverage Control Advisory Board."
476	(2) The advisory board shall consist of 12 members as follows:
477	(a) the following voting members appointed by the commission, a representative of:
478	(i) a full-service restaurant licensee;
479	(ii) a limited-service restaurant licensee;
480	(iii) a beer-only restaurant licensee;
481	(iv) a social club licensee;
482	(v) a fraternal club licensee;
483	(vi) a dining club licensee;
484	(vii) a wholesaler licensee;
485	(viii) an on-premise banquet licensee;
486	(ix) an on-premise beer retailer licensee; and
487	(x) a reception center licensee;
488	(b) the chair of the Utah Substance Abuse Advisory Council, or the chair's designee,
489	who serves as a voting member; and
490	(c) the chair of the commission or the chair's designee from the members of the

191	commission, who shall serve as a nonvoting member.
192	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current voting members of
193	the advisory board expire, the commission shall appoint each new member or reappointed
194	member to a four-year term beginning July 1 and ending June 30.
195	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall, at the
196	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
197	voting advisory board members are staggered so that approximately half of the advisory board
198	is appointed every two years.
199	(c) No two members of the board may be employed by the same company or nonprofit
500	organization.
501	(4) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the commission shall
502	appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
503	(b) The commission shall terminate the term of a voting advisory board member who
504	ceases to be representative as designated by the member's original appointment.
505	(5) The advisory board shall meet no more than quarterly as called by the chair for the
506	purpose of advising the commission and the department, with discussion limited to
507	administrative rules made under this title.
508	(6) The chair of the commission or the chair's designee shall serve as the chair of the
509	advisory board and call the necessary meetings.
510	(7) (a) Six members of the board constitute a quorum of the board.
511	(b) An action of the majority when a quorum is present is the action of the board.
512	(8) The department shall provide staff support to the advisory board.
513	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
514	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
515	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
516	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
517	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
518	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
519	Section 9. Section 32B-2-302 is amended to read:
520	32B-2-302. Exempt from Division of Finance Application of procurement
521	External audits.

522	(1) (a) The laws that govern the Division of Finance are not applicable to the
523	department in the purchase and sale of an alcoholic product.
524	[(2) (a) The state auditor, or a person appointed by the state auditor, shall annually
525	audit the department's accounts.]
526	[(b) If an audit is conducted by a person appointed by the state auditor, the person shall
527	make the audit report to the state auditor.]
528	[(c) The state auditor shall submit a copy of an audit report to the Legislature by no
529	later than the January 1 following the close of the fiscal year for which the audit report is
530	made.]
531	(b) The department is exempt from Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah Procurement Code, for
532	the purchase of an alcoholic product. The department is subject to Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah
533	Procurement Code, for any purchase other than for an alcoholic product.
534	(2) The state auditor shall:
535	(a) select a private person to perform a financial audit of the department's accounts,
536	subject to the commission approving the private person selected to perform the financial audit;
537	(b) notify the governor of the private person selected to perform the financial audit; and
538	(c) determine the scope and focus of the financial audit in an open meeting of the
539	commission before the audit commences.
540	(3) (a) Biannually, beginning for fiscal year 2013-14, the state auditor shall conduct an
541	audit of the department's:
542	(i) management operations, best practices, and efficiency; and
543	(ii) ethics and statutory compliance.
544	(b) In addition to complying with Subsection (3)(a), the state auditor may engage in an
545	activity related to the department or commission allowed under Utah Constitution, Article VII,
546	Section 15 or Title 67, Chapter 3, Auditor.
547	(4) The commission shall forward an audit report issued under Subsection (2) or (3) to
548	the following by no later than 30 days after the day on which the audit report is made:
549	(a) the governor;
550	(b) the Legislative Management Committee;
551	(c) the director; and
552	(d) the legislative auditor general.

553	Section 10. Section 32B-2-302.5 is enacted to read:
554	<u>32B-2-302.5.</u> Internal audits.
555	(1) In accordance with Title 63I, Chapter 5, Utah Internal Audit Act, the department
556	shall conduct various types of auditing procedures determined by the commission through an
557	internal audit division.
558	(2) (a) The commission shall appoint an internal audit director who shall serve at the
559	pleasure of the commission.
560	(b) The internal audit director shall hire auditors in the division with the approval of
561	the commission.
562	(c) The internal audit director may dismiss an auditor with the approval of the
563	commission.
564	(3) Notwithstanding Section 63I-5-301, the commission shall serve as the audit
565	committee.
566	(4) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the internal audit director shall have
567	the powers and duties described in Section 63I-5-401 or any other duty prescribed by the chair
568	of the commission. The internal audit director shall oversee and materially participate in
569	internal audits conducted under this section.
570	(5) (a) Once an internal audit is completed, the internal audit director shall provide an
571	internal audit report to the director, the chair of the commission, and the other commissioners.
572	(b) Within five business days of receipt of the internal audit, the director shall prepare a
573	written response and deliver it to the chair of the commission and the other commissioners.
574	(c) Within five business days of receipt of the director's written response under
575	Subsection (5)(b), the chair of the commission may prepare a separate response.
576	(d) Within 12 business days of the internal audit being given to the director, chair of
577	the commission, and the other commissioners under Subsection (5)(a), the chair of the
578	commission shall forward the audit and any response to:
579	(i) the governor;
580	(ii) the legislative auditor general; and
581	(iii) the Legislative Management Committee.
582	(e) Within 120 calendar days of an internal audit being completed, the commission
583	shall prepare a report to the governor describing steps taken to implement the recommendations

584	of the audit or a detailed explanation of why recommendations have not been implemented.
585	The chair of the commission shall forward the report to:
586	(i) the legislative auditor general; and
587	(ii) the Legislative Management Committee.
588	(f) The chair of the commission shall make such other reports as the governor requests.
589	Section 11. Section 32B-2-605 is amended to read:
590	32B-2-605. Operational requirements for package agency.
591	(1) (a) A person may not operate a package agency until a package agency agreement is
592	entered into by the package agent and the department.
593	(b) A package agency agreement shall state the conditions of operation by which the
594	package agent and the department are bound.
595	(c) (i) If a package agent or staff of the package agent violates this title, rules under this
596	title, or the package agency agreement, the department may take any action against the package
597	agent that is allowed by the package agency agreement.
598	(ii) An action against a package agent is governed solely by its package agency
599	agreement and may include suspension or revocation of the package agency.
600	(iii) A package agency agreement shall provide procedures to be followed if a package
601	agent fails to pay money owed to the department including a procedure for replacing the
602	package agent or operator of the package agency.
603	(iv) A package agency agreement shall provide that the package agency is subject to
604	covert investigations for selling an alcoholic product to a minor.
605	[(iii)] (v) Notwithstanding that this part refers to "package agency" or "package agent,"
606	staff of the package agency or package agent is subject to the same requirement or prohibition.
607	(2) (a) A package agency shall be operated by an individual who is either:
608	(i) the package agent; or
609	(ii) an individual designated by the package agent.
610	(b) An individual who is a designee under this Subsection (2) shall be:
611	(i) an employee of the package agent; and
612	(ii) responsible for the operation of the package agency.
613	(c) The conduct of the designee is attributable to the package agent.
614	(d) A package agent shall submit the name of the person operating the package agency

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- to the department for the department's approval.
- 616 (e) A package agent shall state the name and title of a designee on the application for a package agency.
 - (f) A package agent shall:
- 619 (i) inform the department of a proposed change in the individual designated to operate 620 a package agency; and
 - (ii) receive prior approval from the department before implementing the change described in this Subsection (2)(f).
 - (g) Failure to comply with the requirements of this Subsection (2) may result in the immediate termination of a package agency agreement.
 - (3) (a) A package agent shall display in a prominent place in the package agency the record issued by the commission that designates the package agency.
 - (b) A package agent that displays or stores liquor at a location visible to the public shall display in a prominent place in the package agency a sign in large letters that consists of text in the following order:
 - (i) a header that reads: "WARNING";
 - (ii) a warning statement that reads: "Drinking alcoholic beverages during pregnancy can cause birth defects and permanent brain damage for the child.";
 - (iii) a statement in smaller font that reads: "Call the Utah Department of Health at [insert most current toll-free number] with questions or for more information.";
 - (iv) a header that reads: "WARNING"; and
 - (v) a warning statement that reads: "Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
 - (c) (i) The text described in Subsections (3)(b)(i) through (iii) shall be in a different font style than the text described in Subsections (3)(b)(iv) and (v).
 - (ii) The warning statements in the sign described in Subsection (3)(b) shall be in the same font size.
 - (d) The Department of Health shall work with the commission and department to facilitate consistency in the format of a sign required under this section.
- 644 (4) A package agency may not display liquor or a price list in a window or showcase 645 that is visible to passersby.

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not to exceed 60 days.

- 646 (5) (a) A package agency may not purchase liquor from a person except from the 647 department. 648 (b) At the discretion of the department, liquor may be provided by the department to a 649 package agency for sale on consignment. 650 (6) A package agency may not store, sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor in a place 651 other than as designated in the package agent's application, unless the package agent first 652 applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location within the 653 package agency premises. 654 (7) A package agency may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor except at a price 655 fixed by the commission. 656 (8) A package agency may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor to: 657 (a) a minor; 658 (b) a person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated; 659 (c) a known interdicted person; or 660 (d) a known habitual drunkard. 661 (9) (a) A package agency may not employ a minor to handle liquor. 662 (b) (i) Staff of a package agency may not: 663 (A) consume an alcoholic product on the premises of a package agency; or 664 (B) allow any person to consume an alcoholic product on the premises of a package 665 agency. 666 (ii) Violation of this Subsection (9)(b) is a class B misdemeanor. (10) (a) A package agency may not close or cease operation for a period longer than 72 667 668 hours, unless: 669 (i) the package agency notifies the department in writing at least seven days before the 670 closing; and 671 (ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department. 672 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a), in the case of emergency closure, a package 673 agency shall immediately notify the department by telephone.
 - (ii) The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon written

(c) (i) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period

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(13)(a) if:

- 677 request of the package agency and upon a showing of good cause. 678 (iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without 679 commission approval. 680 (d) The notice required by Subsection (10)(a) shall include: 681 (i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation; 682 (ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and 683 (iii) the date on which the package agency will reopen or resume operation. 684 (e) Failure of a package agency to provide notice and to obtain department 685 authorization before closure or cessation of operation results in an automatic termination of the 686 package agency agreement effective immediately. 687 (f) Failure of a package agency to reopen or resume operation by the approved date 688 results in an automatic termination of the package agency agreement effective on that date. 689 (11) A package agency may not transfer its operations from one location to another 690 location without prior written approval of the commission. 691 (12) (a) A person, having been issued a package agency, may not sell, transfer, assign, 692 exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the package agency to another 693 person, whether for monetary gain or not. 694 (b) A package agency has no monetary value for any type of disposition. 695 (13) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (13): 696 (i) sale or delivery of liquor may not be made on or from the premises of a package 697 agency, and a package agency may not be kept open for the sale of liquor: 698 (A) on Sunday; or 699 (B) on a state or federal legal holiday. 700 (ii) Sale or delivery of liquor may be made on or from the premises of a package 701 agency, and a package agency may be open for the sale of liquor, only on a day and during 702 hours that the commission directs by rule or order.
 - (i) the package agency is located at a manufacturing facility licensed in accordance with Chapter 11, Manufacturing and Related Licenses Act;
 - (ii) the manufacturing facility licensed in accordance with Chapter 11, Manufacturing

(b) A package agency located at a manufacturing facility is not subject to Subsection

708	and Related Licenses Act, holds:
709	(A) a full-service restaurant license;
710	(B) a limited-service restaurant license;
711	(C) a beer-only restaurant license; or
712	(D) dining club license;
713	(iii) the restaurant or dining club is located at the manufacturing facility;
714	(iv) the restaurant or dining club sells an alcoholic product produced at the
715	manufacturing facility;
716	(v) the manufacturing facility:
717	(A) owns the restaurant or dining club; or
718	(B) operates the restaurant or dining club;
719	(vi) the package agency only sells an alcoholic product produced at the manufacturing
720	facility; and
721	(vii) the package agency's days and hours of sale are the same as the days and hours of
722	sale at the restaurant or dining club.
723	(c) (i) Subsection (13)(a) does not apply to a package agency held by a resort licensee in
724	the package agent that holds the package agency to sell liquor at the resort does not sell liquor
725	in a manner similar to a state store.
726	(ii) The commission may by rule define what constitutes a package agency that sells
727	liquor "in a manner similar to a state store."
728	(14) (a) Except to the extent authorized by commission rule, a minor may not be
729	admitted into, or be on the premises of a package agency unless accompanied by a person who
730	is:
731	(i) 21 years of age or older; and
732	(ii) the minor's parent, legal guardian, or spouse.
733	(b) A package agent or staff of a package agency that has reason to believe that a
734	person who is on the premises of a package agency is under the age of 21 and is not
735	accompanied by a person described in Subsection (14)(a) may:
736	(i) ask the suspected minor for proof of age;
737	(ii) ask the person who accompanies the suspected minor for proof of age; and
738	(iii) ask the suspected minor or the person who accompanies the suspected minor for

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- proof of parental, guardianship, or spousal relationship.
 - (c) A package agent or staff of a package agency shall refuse to sell liquor to the suspected minor and to the person who accompanies the suspected minor into the package agency if the minor or person fails to provide any information specified in Subsection (14)(b).
 - (d) A package agent or staff of a package agency shall require the suspected minor and the person who accompanies the suspected minor into the package agency to immediately leave the premises of the package agency if the minor or person fails to provide information specified in Subsection (14)(b).
 - (15) (a) A package agency shall sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor in a sealed container.
 - (b) A person may not open a sealed container on the premises of a package agency.
 - (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), a package agency may sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor in other than a sealed container:
 - (i) if the package agency is the type of package agency that authorizes the package agency to sell, offer for sale, or furnish the liquor as part of room service;
 - (ii) if the liquor is sold, offered for sale, or furnished as part of room service; and
- 755 (iii) subject to:
 - (A) staff of the package agency providing the liquor in person only to an adult guest in the guest room;
 - (B) staff of the package agency not leaving the liquor outside a guest room for retrieval by a guest; and
 - (C) the same limits on the portions in which an alcoholic product may be sold by a retail licensee under Section 32B-5-304.
 - (16) On or after October 1, 2011, a package agency may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish heavy beer in a sealed container that exceeds two liters.
 - (17) The department may pay or otherwise remunerate a package agent on any basis, including sales or volume of business done by the package agency.
 - (18) The commission may prescribe by policy or rule general operational requirements of a package agency that are consistent with this title and relate to:
 - (a) physical facilities;
- 769 (b) conditions of operation;

770	(c) hours of operation;
771	(d) inventory levels;
772	(e) payment schedules;
773	(f) methods of payment;
774	(g) premises security; and
775	(h) any other matter considered appropriate by the commission.
776	Section 12. Section 32B-3-204 is amended to read:
777	32B-3-204. Disciplinary proceeding procedure.
778	(1) (a) Subject to Section 32B-3-202, the following may conduct an adjudicative
779	proceeding to inquire into a matter necessary and proper for the administration of this title and
780	rules adopted under this title:
781	(i) the commission;
782	(ii) a hearing examiner appointed by the commission to conduct a suspension,
783	non-renewal, or revocation hearing required by law;
784	(iii) the director; and
785	(iv) the department.
786	(b) Except as provided in this section or Section 32B-2-605, a person described in
787	Subsection (1)(a) shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in an
788	adjudicative proceeding.
789	(c) Except when otherwise provided by law, an adjudicative proceeding before the
790	commission or a hearing examiner appointed by the commission shall be:
791	(i) video or audio recorded; and
792	(ii) subject to Subsection (3)(b), conducted in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4,
793	Open and Public Meetings Act.
794	(d) A person listed in Subsection (1)(a) shall conduct an adjudicative proceeding
795	concerning departmental personnel in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State
796	Personnel Management Act.
797	(e) A hearing that is informational, fact gathering, and nonadversarial in nature shall be
798	conducted in accordance with rules, policies, and procedures made by the commission,
799	director, or department.
800	(2) (a) Subject to Section 32B-3-202, a disciplinary proceeding shall be conducted

801	under the authority of the commission, which is responsible for rendering a final decision and
802	order on a disciplinary matter.
803	(b) (i) The commission may appoint a necessary officer, including a hearing examiner
804	from within or without the department, to administer the disciplinary proceeding process.
805	(ii) A hearing examiner appointed by the commission:
806	(A) may conduct a disciplinary proceeding hearing on behalf of the commission; and
807	(B) shall submit to the commission a report including:
808	(I) findings of fact determined on the basis of a preponderance of the evidence
809	presented at the hearing;
810	(II) conclusions of law; and
811	(III) recommendations.
812	(iii) A report of a hearing examiner under this Subsection (2)(b) may not recommend a
813	penalty more severe than that initially sought by the department in the notice of agency action.
814	(iv) A copy of a hearing examiner report under this Subsection (2)(b) shall be served
815	upon the respective parties.
816	(v) Before final commission action, the commission shall give a respondent and the
817	department reasonable opportunity to file a written objection to a hearing examiner report.
818	(3) (a) The commission or an appointed hearing examiner shall preside over a
819	disciplinary proceeding hearing.
820	(b) A disciplinary proceeding hearing may be closed only after the commission or
821	hearing examiner makes a written finding that the public interest in an open hearing is clearly
822	outweighed by factors enumerated in the closure order.
823	(c) (i) The commission or its hearing examiner as part of a disciplinary proceeding
824	hearing may:
825	(A) administer an oath or affirmation;
826	(B) take evidence;
827	(C) take a deposition within or without this state; and
828	(D) require by subpoena from a place within this state:
829	(I) the testimony of a person at a hearing; and
830	(II) the production of a record or other evidence considered relevant to the inquiry.
831	(ii) A person subpoenaed in accordance with this Subsection (3)(c) shall testify and

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- (iii) A witness subpoenaed, called to testify, or called to produce evidence who claims a privilege against self-incrimination may not be compelled to testify, but the commission or the hearing examiner shall file a written report with the county attorney or district attorney in the jurisdiction where the privilege is claimed or where the witness resides setting forth the circumstance of the claimed privilege.
 - (iv) (A) A person is not excused from obeying a subpoena without just cause.
- (B) A district court within the judicial district in which a person alleged to be guilty of willful contempt of court or refusal to obey a subpoena is found or resides, upon application by the party issuing the subpoena, may issue an order requiring the person to:
 - (I) appear before the issuing party; and
 - (II) (Aa) produce documentary evidence if so ordered; or
- (Bb) give evidence regarding the matter in question.
 - (C) Failure to obey an order of the court may be punished by the court as contempt.
- (d) In a case heard by the commission, the commission shall issue its final decision and order in accordance with Subsection (2).
 - (4) (a) The commission shall:
 - (i) render a final decision and order on a disciplinary action; and
 - (ii) cause its final order to be prepared in writing, issued, and served on all parties.
 - (b) An order of the commission is final on the date the order is issued.
- (c) The commission, after the commission renders its final decision and order, may require the director to prepare, issue, and cause to be served on the parties the final written order on behalf of the commission.
- (5) (a) If a respondent requests a disciplinary proceeding hearing, the hearing held by the commission or a hearing examiner appointed by the commission shall proceed formally in accordance with Sections 63G-4-204 through 63G-4-209 if:
- (i) the alleged violation poses, or potentially poses, a grave risk to public safety, health, and welfare;
 - (ii) the alleged violation involves:
 - (A) selling or furnishing an alcoholic product to a minor;
- (B) attire, conduct, or entertainment prohibited by Chapter 1, Part 5, Attire, Conduct,

863	and Entertainment Act;
864	(C) fraud, deceit, willful concealment, or misrepresentation of the facts by or on behalf
865	of the respondent;
866	(D) interfering or refusing to cooperate with:
867	(I) an authorized official of the department or the state in the discharge of the official's
868	duties in relation to the enforcement of this title; or
869	(II) a peace officer in the discharge of the peace officer's duties in relation to the
870	enforcement of this title;
871	(E) an unlawful trade practice under Chapter 4, Part 7, Trade Practices Act;
872	(F) unlawful importation of an alcoholic product; or
873	(G) unlawful supply of liquor by a liquor industry member, as defined in Section
874	32B-4-702, to a person other than the department or a military installation, except to the extent
875	permitted by this title; or
876	(iii) the department determines to seek in a disciplinary proceeding hearing:
877	(A) an administrative fine exceeding \$3,000;
878	(B) a suspension of a license, permit, or certificate of approval of more than 10 days; or
879	(C) a revocation of a license, permit, or certificate of approval.
880	(b) If a respondent does not request a disciplinary proceeding hearing, a hearing shall
881	proceed informally unless it is designated as a formal proceeding pursuant to rules adopted by
882	the commission in accordance with Subsection (5)(c).
883	(c) The commission shall make rules to provide a procedure to implement this
884	Subsection (5).
885	(6) (a) If the department recommends nonrenewal of a license, the department shall
886	notify the licensee of the recommendation at least 15 days before the commission takes action
887	on the nonrenewal.
888	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the commission shall appoint a hearing examiner
889	to conduct an adjudicative hearing in accordance with this section if the licensee files a request
890	for a hearing within 10 days of receipt of the notice under Subsection (6)(a).
891	Section 13. Section 32B-6-805 is amended to read:
892	32B-6-805. Specific operational requirements for a reception center license.
893	(1) (a) In addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 3, Retail Licensee Operational

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- 894 Requirements, a reception center licensee and staff of the reception center licensee shall 895 comply with this section. 896 (b) Failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a) may result in disciplinary action 897 in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against: 898 (i) a reception center licensee; 899 (ii) individual staff of a reception center licensee; or 900 (iii) both a reception center licensee and staff of the reception center licensee. 901 (2) In addition to complying with Section 32B-5-303, a reception center licensee shall 902 store an alcoholic product in a storage area described in Subsection (15)(a). 903 (3) (a) For the purpose described in Subsection (3)(b), a reception center licensee shall 904 provide the following with advance notice of a scheduled event in accordance with rules made 905 by the commission: 906 (i) the department; and 907 (ii) the local law enforcement agency responsible for the enforcement of this title in the 908 jurisdiction where the reception center is located. 909 (b) Any of the following may conduct a random inspection of an event: 910 (i) an authorized representative of the commission or the department; or 911 (ii) a law enforcement officer. 912 (4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, a reception center licensee may sell, 913 offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product at an event only for consumption at the reception 914 center's licensed premises. 915 (b) A host of an event, a patron, or a person other than the reception center licensee or 916 staff of the reception center licensee, may not remove an alcoholic product from the reception 917 center's licensed premises. 918 (c) Notwithstanding Section 32B-5-307, a patron at an event may not bring an 919 alcoholic product into or onto, or remove an alcoholic product from, the reception center. 920 (5) (a) A reception center licensee may not leave an unsold alcoholic product at an
 - (b) At the conclusion of an event, a reception center licensee shall:

event following the conclusion of the event.

(i) destroy an opened and unused alcoholic product that is not saleable, under conditions established by the department; and

925 (ii) return to the reception center licensee's approved locked storage area any: 926 (A) opened and unused alcoholic product that is saleable; and 927 (B) unopened container of an alcoholic product. 928 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) with regard to an open or sealed container 929 of an alcoholic product not sold or consumed at an event, a reception center licensee: 930 (i) shall store the alcoholic product in accordance with Subsection (2); and 931 (ii) may use the alcoholic product at more than one event. 932 (6) Notwithstanding Section 32B-5-308, a reception center licensee may not employ a 933 minor in connection with an event at the reception center at which food is not made available. 934 (7) A person's willingness to serve an alcoholic product may not be made a condition 935 of employment as a server with a reception center licensee. 936 (8) A reception center licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic 937 product at the licensed premises on any day during the period that: 938 (a) begins at 1 a.m.; and 939 (b) ends at 9:59 a.m. 940 (9) (a) A reception center licensee may not maintain in excess of 30% of its total 941 annual receipts from the sale of an alcoholic product, which includes: 942 [(a)] (i) mix for an alcoholic product; or 943 [(b)] (ii) a charge in connection with the furnishing of an alcoholic product. 944 (b) A reception center licensee shall report the information necessary to show 945 compliance with this Subsection (9) to the department on a quarterly basis. 946 (10) A reception center licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic 947 product at an event at which a minor is present unless the reception center licensee makes food 948 available at all times when an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, furnished, or 949 consumed during the event. 950 (11) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (11), a patron may not have 951 more than two alcoholic products of any kind at a time before the patron. 952 (b) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic product under 953 Subsection (11)(a). 954 (12) (a) A reception center licensee shall supervise and direct a person involved in the

sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product.

956	(b) A person involved in the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product
957	shall complete an alcohol training and education seminar.
958	(13) A staff person of a reception center licensee shall remain at an event at all times
959	when an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, furnished, or consumed at the event.
960	(14) A reception center licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic
961	product to a patron, and a patron may not consume an alcoholic product at a bar structure.
962	(15) Except as provided in Subsection (16), a reception center licensee may dispense
963	an alcoholic product only if:
964	(a) the alcoholic product is dispensed from an area that is:
965	(i) separated from an area for the consumption of food by a patron by a solid,
966	translucent, permanent structural barrier such that the facilities for the storage or dispensing of
967	an alcoholic product are:
968	(A) not readily visible to a patron; and
969	(B) not accessible by a patron; and
970	(ii) apart from an area used:
971	(A) for staging; or
972	(B) as a lobby or waiting area;
973	(b) the reception center licensee uses an alcoholic product that is:
974	(i) stored in an area described in Subsection (15)(a); or
975	(ii) in an area not described in Subsection (15)(a) on the licensed premises and:
976	(A) immediately before the alcoholic product is dispensed it is in an unopened
977	container;
978	(B) the unopened container is taken to an area described in Subsection (15)(a) before it
979	is opened; and
980	(C) once opened, the container is stored in an area described in Subsection (15)(a); and
981	(c) any instrument or equipment used to dispense an alcoholic product is located in an
982	area described in Subsection (15)(a).
983	(16) A reception center licensee may dispense an alcoholic product from a mobile
984	serving area that:
985	(a) is moved only by staff of the reception center licensee;

(b) is capable of being moved by only one individual; and

987	(c) is no larger than 6 feet long and 30 inches wide.
988	(17) (a) A reception center licensee may not have an event on the licensed premises
989	except pursuant to a contract between a third party host of the event and the reception center
990	licensee under which the reception center licensee provides an alcoholic product sold, offered
991	for sale, or furnished at an event.
992	(b) At an event, a reception center licensee may furnish an alcoholic product:
993	(i) without charge to a patron, except that the third party host of the event shall pay for
994	an alcoholic product furnished at the event; or
995	(ii) with a charge to a patron at the event.
996	(c) The commission may by rule define what constitutes a "third-party host" for
997	purposes of this Subsection (17) so that a reception center licensee and the third-party host are
998	not affiliated with, owned by, or operated by the same persons.
999	(18) A reception center licensee shall have culinary facilities that are:
1000	(a) adequate to prepare a full meal; and
1001	(b) (i) located on the licensed premises; or
1002	(ii) under the same control as the reception center licensee.
1003	(19) A reception center licensee may not operate an event:
1004	(a) that is open to the general public; and
1005	(b) at which an alcoholic product is sold or offered for sale.
1006	Section 14. Section 32B-8a-302 (Effective 07/01/12) is amended to read:
1007	32B-8a-302 (Effective 07/01/12). Application Approval process.
1008	(1) To obtain the transfer of a retail license from a retail licensee, the transferee shall
1009	file a transfer application with the department that includes:
1010	(a) an application in the form provided by the department;
1011	(b) a statement as to whether the consideration, if any, to be paid to the transferor
1012	includes payment for any or all of the following:
1013	(i) inventory;
1014	(ii) fixtures; and
1015	(iii) transfer of the retail license;
1016	(c) a copy of the notice of intended transfer; and
1017	(d) (i) an application fee of \$300; and

- (ii) a transfer fee determined in accordance with Section 32B-8a-303.

 (2) (a) (i) Before the commission may approve the transfer of a retail license, the department shall conduct an investigation and may hold public hearings to gather information and make recommendations to the commission as to whether the transfer of the retail license should be approved.
 - (ii) The department shall forward the information and recommendations described in this Subsection (2)(a) to the commission to aid in the commission's determination.
 - (b) Before approving a transfer, the commission shall:
 - (i) determine that the transferee filed a complete application;
 - (ii) determine that the transferee is eligible to hold the type of retail license that is to be transferred at the premises to which the retail license would be transferred;
 - (iii) determine that the transferee is not delinquent in the payment of an amount described in Subsection 32B-8a-201(3);
 - (iv) determine that the transferee is not disqualified under Section 32B-1-304;
 - (v) consider the locality within which the proposed licensed premises is located, including the factors listed in Section [32B-5-206] 32B-5-203 for the issuance of a retail license;
 - (vi) consider the transferee's ability to manage and operate the retail license to be transferred, including the factors listed in Section [32B-5-202] 32B-5-203 for the issuance of a retail license;
 - (vii) consider the nature or type of retail licensee operation of the transferee, including the factors listed in Section [32B-5-202] 32B-5-203 for the issuance of a retail license;
 - (viii) if the transfer involves consideration, determine that the transferee and transferor have complied with Part 4, Protection of Creditors; and
 - (ix) consider any other factor the commission considers necessary.
 - (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the commission may not approve the transfer of a retail license to premises that do not meet the proximity requirements of Section 32B-1-202.
 - (b) If after a transfer of a retail license the transferee operates the same type of retail license at the same location as did the transferor, the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements of Subsection 32B-1-202(2) in considering whether to approve the

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leaves no estate to be administered;

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1049	transfer under the same circumstances that the commission may waive or vary the proximity
1050	requirements in accordance with Subsection 32B-1-202(4) when considering whether to issue a
1051	retail license.
1052	Section 15. Section 32B-8a-303 (Effective 07/01/12) is amended to read:
1053	32B-8a-303 (Effective 07/01/12). Transfer fees.
1054	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the department shall charge the
1055	following transfer fees:
1056	(a) for a transfer of a retail license from a retail licensee to another person, the transfer
1057	fee equals the initial license fee amount specified in the relevant part under Chapter 6, Specific
1058	Retail License Act, for the type of retail license that is being transferred;
1059	(b) for the transfer of a retail license from one premises to another premises of the
1060	same retail licensee, the transfer fee equals the renewal fee amount specified in the relevant
1061	part under Chapter 6, Specific Retail License Act, for the type of retail license that is being
1062	transferred;
1063	(c) subject to Subsections (1)(d) and (2), for a transfer described in Section
1064	32B-8a-202, the transfer fee equals the renewal fee amount specified in the relevant part under
1065	Chapter 6, Specific Retail License Act, for the type of retail license that is being transferred;
1066	(d) for a transfer of a retail license to include the parent or <u>adult</u> child of a retail
1067	licensee, when no consideration is given for the transfer, the transfer fee is one-half of the
1068	amount described in Subsection (1)(a); and
1069	(e) for one of the following transfers, the transfer fee is one-half of the amount
1070	described in Subsection (1)(a):
1071	(i) a retail license of one spouse to the other spouse when the transfer application is
1072	made before the entry of a final decree of divorce;
1073	(ii) a retail license of a deceased retail licensee to:
1074	(A) the one or more surviving partners of the deceased retail licensee;
1075	(B) the executor, administrator, or conservator of the estate of the deceased retail
1076	licensee; or

(iii) a retail license of [a minor ward,] an incompetent person[,] or conservatee by or to

(C) the surviving spouse of the deceased retail licensee, if the deceased retail licensee

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1080	the conservator or guardian for the [minor ward,] incompetent person[;] or conservatee who is
1081	the retail licensee;
1082	(iv) a retail license of a debtor in a bankruptcy case by or to the trustee of a bankrupt
1083	estate of the retail licensee;
1084	(v) a retail license of a person for whose estate a receiver is appointed may be
1085	transferred by or to a receiver of the estate of the retail licensee;
1086	(vi) a retail license of an assignor for the benefit of creditors by or to an assignee for
1087	the benefit of creditors of a licensee with the consent of the assignor;
1088	(vii) a retail license transferred to a revocable living trust if the retail licensee is the
1089	trustee of the revocable living trust;
1090	(viii) a retail license transferred between partners when no new partner is being
1091	licensed;
1092	(ix) a retail license transferred between corporations whose outstanding shares of stock
1093	are owned by the same individuals;
1094	(x) upon compliance with Section 32B-8a-202, a retail license to a corporation whose
1095	entire stock is owned by:
1096	(A) the transferor; or
1097	(B) the spouse of the transferor;
1098	(xi) upon compliance with Section 32B-8a-202, a retail license to a limited liability
1099	company whose entire membership consists of:
1100	(A) the transferor; or
1101	(B) the spouse of the transferor; or
1102	(xii) a retail license transferred from a corporation to a person who owns, or whose
1103	spouse owns, the entire stock of the corporation.
1104	(2) If there are multiple and simultaneous transfers of retail licenses under Section
1105	32B-8a-202, a transfer fee described in Subsection (1)(c) is required for only one of the retail
1106	licenses being transferred.
1107	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a transfer fee required under

Subsection (1) is due for a transfer subsequent to a transfer under Subsection (1)(e)[(xiii)](xii)
if the subsequent transfer is of 51% of the stock in a corporation to which a retail license is
transferred by a retail licensee or the spouse of a retail licensee.

1111	(b) If the transfer of stock described in Subsection (3)(a) is from a parent to the parent's
1112	adult child or adult grandchild, the transfer fee is one-half of the amount described in
1113	Subsection (1)(a).
1114	(4) Money collected from a transfer fee shall be deposited in the Liquor Control Fund.
1115	Section 16. Section 32B-9-201 is amended to read:
1116	32B-9-201. Application requirements for event permit.
1117	(1) To obtain an event permit, a person shall submit to the department:
1118	(a) a written application in a form that the department prescribes;
1119	(b) an event permit fee:
1120	(i) in the amount specified in the relevant part under this chapter for the type of event
1121	permit for which the person is applying; and
1122	(ii) that is refundable if an event permit is not issued;
1123	(c) written consent of the local authority;
1124	(d) a bond as specified by Section 32B-9-203;
1125	(e) the times, dates, location, estimated attendance, nature, and purpose of the event;
1126	(f) a description or floor plan designating:
1127	(i) the area in which the person proposes that an alcoholic product be stored;
1128	(ii) the site from which the person proposes that an alcoholic product be sold, offered
1129	for sale, or furnished; and
1130	(iii) the area in which the person proposes that an alcoholic product be allowed to be
1131	consumed;
1132	(g) a signed consent form stating that the event permittee will permit any authorized
1133	representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer to have
1134	unrestricted right to enter the premises during the event;
1135	(h) if the person is an entity, proper verification evidencing that a person who signs the
1136	application is authorized to sign on behalf of the entity; and
1137	(i) any other information as the commission or department may require.
1138	(2) An entity applying for a permit need not meet the requirements of Subsections
1139	(1)(b), (c), and (d) if the entity is:
1140	(a) a state agency; or
1141	(b) a political subdivision of the state.

1142	(3) The [commission] director may not issue an event permit to a person who is
1143	disqualified under Section 32B-1-304.
1144	(4) (a) The proximity requirements of Section 32B-1-202 do not apply to an event
1145	permit.
1146	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), nothing in this section prevents the director, the
1147	Compliance, Licensing, and Enforcement Subcommittee, or the commission from considering
1148	the proximity of an educational, religious, or recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in
1149	deciding whether to issue an event permit.
1150	Section 17. Section 32B-9-202 is amended to read:
1151	32B-9-202. Duties before issuing event permit.
1152	(1) (a) Before the [commission] director may issue an event permit, the department
1153	shall conduct an investigation and may hold public hearings to gather information and make
1154	recommendations to the [commission] director as to whether the [commission] director should
1155	issue an event permit.
1156	(b) The department shall forward the information and recommendations described in
1157	Subsection (1)(a) to the [commission] director and the Compliance, Licensing, and
1158	Enforcement Subcommittee to aid in the [commission's] determination.
1159	(2) Before issuing an event permit, the [commission] director shall:
1160	(a) determine that the person filed a complete application and is in compliance with:
1161	(i) Section 32B-9-201; and
1162	(ii) the relevant part under this chapter for the type of event permit for which the
1163	person is applying;
1164	(b) determine that the person is not disqualified under Section 32B-1-304;
1165	(c) consider the purpose of the organization or its local lodge, chapter, or other local
1166	unit;
1167	(d) consider the times, dates, location, estimated attendance, nature, and purpose of the
1168	event;
1169	(e) to minimize the risk of minors being sold or furnished alcohol or adults being
1170	overserved alcohol at the event, assess the adequacy of control measures for:
1171	(i) a large-scale public event when the estimated attendance is in excess of 1,000
1172	people; or

1173	(ii) an outdoor public event; [and]
1174	(f) obtain the approval of the Compliance, Licensing, and Enforcement Subcommittee
1175	before issuing an event permit;
1176	(g) notify each commissioner at least three business days before the director issues the
1177	event permit in accordance with Subsection (3); and
1178	[(f)] (h) consider any other factor the [commission] director considers necessary.
1179	(3) (a) The director shall inform each commissioner of the director's preliminary
1180	decision to issue or deny the issuance of an event permit three business days before the
1181	decision is to be final.
1182	(b) The preliminary decision becomes a final decision of the director:
1183	(i) unless within three business days of receipt of the notice at least three of the
1184	commissioners request a meeting to discuss whether the event permit should be issued; or
1185	(ii) the director modifies or revokes the preliminary decision to issue or deny issuance
1186	of the event permit.
1187	(c) If three or more of the commissioners request a meeting, the applicant for the event
1188	permit shall be notified and the commission:
1189	(i) shall hold a meeting on the application for an event permit no later than the next
1190	regularly scheduled meeting of the commission; and
1191	(ii) may issue or deny issuance of the event permit if the applicant meets the
1192	requirements of this chapter.
1193	(d) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (3), the director may at any
1194	time refer an application for an event permit directly to the commission for a determination as
1195	to whether an event permit should be issued or denied.
1196	(e) For purposes of this title, an event permit issued by the commission is to be treated
1197	the same as an event permit issued by the director.
1198	(f) If the commission finds that an event permit was improperly issued or that the
1199	permittee has violated this chapter, the commission may take any action permitted under this
1200	title.
1201	[(3)] (4) Once the [commission] director issues an event permit, the department shall
1202	send a copy of the approved application and the event permit by written or electronic means to
1203	the state and local law enforcement authorities [hefore the scheduled event] at least three days

1204	before the event.
1205	(5) The director shall provide the commission a monthly report of the actions taken by
1206	the director under this part.
1207	(6) If authorized by the director, the deputy director may act on behalf of the director
1208	for purposes of issuing an event permit under this chapter.
1209	Section 18. Section 32B-9-204 is amended to read:
1210	32B-9-204. General operational requirements for an event permit.
1211	(1) (a) An event permittee and a person involved in the storage, sale, offer for sale, or
1212	furnishing of an alcoholic product at an event for which an event permit is issued, shall comply
1213	with this title and rules of the commission.
1214	(b) Failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a):
1215	(i) may result in:
1216	(A) disciplinary action in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and
1217	Enforcement Act, against:
1218	(I) an event permittee;
1219	(II) a person involved in the storage, sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic
1220	product at the event; or
1221	(III) any combination of the persons listed in this Subsection (1)(b);
1222	(B) immediate revocation of the event permit;
1223	(C) forfeiture of a bond; or
1224	(D) immediate seizure of an alcoholic product present at the event; and
1225	(ii) if the event permit is revoked, disqualifies the event permittee from applying for an
1226	event permit for a period of three years from the date of revocation of the event permit.
1227	(c) An alcoholic product seized under this Subsection (1) shall be returned to the event
1228	permittee after an event if forfeiture proceedings are not instituted under Section 32B-4-206.
1229	(2) (a) If there is a conflict between this part and the relevant part under this chapter for
1230	the specific type of special use permit held by the special use permittee, the relevant part
1231	governs.
1232	(b) Notwithstanding that this part may refer to "liquor" or an "alcoholic product," an
1233	event permittee may only sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product specified in the
1234	relevant part under this chapter for the type of event permit that is held by the event permittee.

1235	(c) Notwithstanding that this part or the relevant part under this chapter for the type of
1236	event permit held by an event permittee refers to "event permittee," a person involved in the
1237	storage, sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product at the event for which the
1238	event permit is issued is subject to the same requirement or prohibition.
1239	(3) An event permittee shall display a copy of the event permit in a prominent place in
1240	the area in which an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, furnished, and consumed.
1241	(4) An event permittee may not on the premises of the event:
1242	(a) engage in or allow any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76,
1243	Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling;
1244	(b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10,
1245	Part 11, Gambling; or
1246	(c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires
1247	the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is
1248	based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers
1249	only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value.
1250	(5) An event permittee may not knowingly allow a person at an event to, in violation of
1251	Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or Chapter 37a, Utah Drug
1252	Paraphernalia Act:
1253	(a) sell, distribute, possess, or use a controlled substance, as defined in Section
1254	58-37-2; or
1255	(b) use, deliver, or possess with the intent to deliver drug paraphernalia, as defined in
1256	Section 58-37a-3.
1257	(6) An event permittee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer except beer
1258	purchases from:
1259	(a) a beer wholesaler licensee;
1260	(b) a beer retailer; or
1261	(c) a small brewer.
1262	(7) An event permittee may not store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the
1263	consumption of an alcoholic product purchased for an event in a location other than that
1264	described in the application and designated on the event permit unless the event permittee first

applies for and receives approval from the [commission] director, with the approval of the

1266	Compliance, Licensing, and Enforcement Subcommittee, for a change of location.
1267	(8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(b), an event permittee may sell, offer for sale, or
1268	furnish beer for on-premise consumption:
1269	(i) in an open original container; and
1270	(ii) in a container on draft.
1271	(b) An event permittee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer sold pursuant to
1272	Subsection (8)(a):
1273	(i) in a size of container that exceeds two liters; or
1274	(ii) to an individual patron in a size of container that exceeds one liter.
1275	(9) (a) An event permittee may not sell or offer for sale an alcoholic product at less
1276	than the cost of the alcoholic product to the event permittee.
1277	(b) An event permittee may not sell an alcoholic product at a discount price on any date
1278	or at any time.
1279	(c) An event permittee may not sell or offer for sale an alcoholic product at a price that
1280	encourages over consumption or intoxication.
1281	(d) An event permittee may not sell or offer for sale an alcoholic product at a special or
1282	reduced price for only certain hours of the day of an event.
1283	(e) An event permittee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish more than one alcoholic
1284	product at the price of a single alcoholic product.
1285	(f) An event permittee, or a person operating, selling, offering, or furnishing an
1286	alcoholic product under an event permit, may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an indefinite or
1287	unlimited number of alcoholic products during a set period for a fixed price, unless:
1288	(i) the alcoholic product is served to a patron at a seated event;
1289	(ii) food is available whenever the alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, or
1290	furnished; and
1291	(iii) no person advertises that at the event a person may be sold or furnished an
1292	indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic products during a set period for a fixed price.
1293	(g) An event permittee may not engage in a public promotion involving or offering a
1294	free alcoholic product to the general public.
1295	(10) An event permittee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product to:
1296	(a) a minor;

1297	(b) a person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
1298	(c) a known interdicted person; or
1299	(d) a known habitual drunkard.
1300	(11) (a) An alcoholic product is considered under the control of the event permittee
1301	during an event.
1302	(b) A patron at an event may not bring an alcoholic product onto the premises of the
1303	event.
1304	(12) An event permittee may not permit a patron to carry from the premises an open
1305	container that:
1306	(a) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
1307	(b) contains an alcoholic product.
1308	(13) (a) A person involved in the storage, sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product at
1309	an event is considered under the supervision and direction of the event permittee.
1310	(b) A person involved in the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product at
1311	an event may not, while on duty:
1312	(i) consume an alcoholic product; or
1313	(ii) be intoxicated.
1314	(14) A minor may not handle, sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product at an
1315	event.
1316	(15) The location specified in an event permit may not be changed without prior
1317	written approval of the commission.
1318	(16) An event permittee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter, give, or
1319	attempt in any way to dispose of the event permit to another person whether for monetary gain
1320	or not.
1321	(17) (a) An event permittee may not sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the
1322	consumption of an alcoholic product during a period that:
1323	(i) begins at 1 a.m.; and
1324	(ii) ends at 9:59 a.m.
1325	(b) This Subsection (17) does not preclude a local authority from being more restrictive
1326	with respect to the hours of sale, offer for sale, furnishing, or consumption of an alcoholic
1327	product at an event.

1328	(18) A patron may have no more than one alcoholic product of any kind at a time
1329	before the patron.
1330	(19) (a) An event permittee shall display, in a prominent place, a sign in large letters
1331	that consists of text in the following order:
1332	(i) a header that reads: "WARNING";
1333	(ii) a warning statement that reads: "Drinking alcoholic beverages during pregnancy
1334	can cause birth defects and permanent brain damage for the child.";
1335	(iii) a statement in smaller font that reads: "Call the Utah Department of Health at
1336	[insert most current toll-free number] with questions or for more information.";
1337	(iv) a header that reads: "WARNING"; and
1338	(v) a warning statement that reads: "Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs is a
1339	serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
1340	(b) (i) The text described in Subsections (19)(a)(i) through (iii) shall be in a different
1341	font style than the text described in Subsections (19)(a)(iv) and (v).
1342	(ii) The warning statements in the sign described in Subsection (19)(a) shall be in the
1343	same font size.
1344	(c) The Department of Health shall work with the commission and department to
1345	facilitate consistency in the format of a sign required under this section.
1346	Section 19. Section 32B-9-303 is amended to read:
1347	32B-9-303. Director's power to issue single event permit.
1348	(1) Before a person may sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor at retail for on-premise
1349	consumption at an event, the person shall first obtain a single event permit from the
1350	[commission] director in accordance with this part.
1351	(2) (a) [The commission] Subject to Subsection (5), the director may issue a single
1352	event permit to any of the following that is conducting a convention, civic, or community
1353	enterprise, a bona fide:
1354	(i) partnership;
1355	(ii) corporation;
1356	(iii) limited liability company;
1357	(iv) religious organization;
1358	(v) political organization;

1359	(v1) incorporated association;
1360	(vii) recognized subordinate lodge, chapter, or other local unit of an entity described in
1361	this Subsection (2)(a);
1362	(viii) state agency; or
1363	(ix) political subdivision of the state.
1364	(b) The [commission] director may not issue a single event permit to an entity that has
1365	not been in existence as a bona fide entity for at least one year before the day on which the
1366	entity applies for a single event permit.
1367	(3) (a) A single event permit may authorize:
1368	(i) the storage, sale, offering for sale, furnishing, and consumption of liquor at an event
1369	at which the storage, sale, offering for sale, furnishing, or consumption of liquor is otherwise
1370	prohibited by this title under either:
1371	(A) a 120 hour single event permit; or
1372	(B) a 72 hour single event permit; and
1373	(ii) the storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of beer at the same
1374	event for the period that the storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, or consumption of liquor is
1375	authorized under Subsection (3)(a)(i) for the single event permit.
1376	(b) The single event permit shall state in writing whether it is:
1377	(i) a 120 hour single event permit; or
1378	(ii) a 72 hour single event permit.
1379	(4) The [commission] director may not issue more than:
1380	(a) four single event permits in any one calendar year to the same person listed in
1381	Subsection (2) if one or more of the single event permits is a 120 hour single event permit; or
1382	(b) 12 single event permits in any one calendar year to the same person listed in
1383	Subsection (2) if each of the single event permits issued to that person is a 72 hour single event
1384	permit.
1385	(5) Before the director issues or denies the issuance of a single event permit under this
1386	section, the director shall comply with Section 32B-9-202.
1387	Section 20. Section 32B-9-403 is amended to read:
1388	32B-9-403. Director's power to issue temporary beer event permit.
1389	(1) Before a person may sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer at retail for on-premise

1390	consumption at an event, the person shall obtain in accordance with this part:
1391	(a) a single event permit; or
1392	(b) (i) a temporary beer event permit; and
1393	(ii) (A) a beer permit issued by the local authority as provided in Section 32B-9-404; or
1394	(B) written consent of the local authority to sell beer at retail for on-premise
1395	consumption at the event.
1396	(2) (a) [The commission] Subject to Subsection (4), the director may issue a temporary
1397	beer event permit to allow the sale, offering for sale, or furnishing of beer for on-premise
1398	consumption only at an event that does not last longer than 30 days.
1399	(b) A temporary beer event permit authorizes, for a period not to exceed 30 days, the
1400	storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of beer at an event.
1401	(c) If a person obtains a temporary beer event permit for an event that lasts no longer
1402	than 30 days, an on-premise beer retailer license is not required for the sale of beer at the event.
1403	(3) (a) The [commission] director may not issue a temporary beer event permit to a
1404	person if the aggregate of the days that the person is authorized to store, sell, offer for sale, or
1405	furnish an alcoholic product under a temporary beer event permit will exceed a total of 90 days
1406	in any one calendar year.
1407	(b) The [commission] director may not issue, and a person may not obtain, a temporary
1408	beer event permit to avoid or attempt to avoid the requirement to be licensed under Chapter 6,
1409	Part 7, On-premise Beer Retailer License.
1410	(4) Before the director issues or denies the issuance of a temporary beer event permit
1411	under this section, the director shall comply with Section 32B-9-202.
1412	Section 21. Section 32B-9-404 is amended to read:
1413	32B-9-404. Local authority's power to issue temporary beer event permit.
1414	(1) A local authority may issue, suspend, and revoke a temporary permit to sell, offer
1415	for sale, or furnish beer for on-premise consumption at an event, except that the local authority
1416	may not issue a temporary permit if the event lasts longer than 30 days.
1417	(2) Suspension or revocation of a temporary beer event permit issued [by the
1418	commission] under Section 32B-9-403 or a temporary permit issued by a local authority under
1419	this section prohibits the temporary beer event permittee who has a permit suspended or
1420	revoked by either the commission or local authority from continuing to operate under the other

1421	state or local permit.
1422	Section 22. Section 52-4-205 is amended to read:
1423	52-4-205. Purposes of closed meetings.
1424	(1) A closed meeting described under Section 52-4-204 may only be held for:
1425	(a) discussion of the character, professional competence, or physical or mental health
1426	of an individual;
1427	(b) strategy sessions to discuss collective bargaining;
1428	(c) strategy sessions to discuss pending or reasonably imminent litigation;
1429	(d) strategy sessions to discuss the purchase, exchange, or lease of real property,
1430	including any form of a water right or water shares, if public discussion of the transaction
1431	would:
1432	(i) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
1433	(ii) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms;
1434	(e) strategy sessions to discuss the sale of real property, including any form of a water
1435	right or water shares, if:
1436	(i) public discussion of the transaction would:
1437	(A) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
1438	(B) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms
1439	(ii) the public body previously gave public notice that the property would be offered for
1440	sale; and
1441	(iii) the terms of the sale are publicly disclosed before the public body approves the
1442	sale;
1443	(f) discussion regarding deployment of security personnel, devices, or systems;
1444	(g) investigative proceedings regarding allegations of criminal misconduct;
1445	(h) as relates to the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, conducting business
1446	relating to the receipt or review of ethics complaints;
1447	(i) as relates to an ethics committee of the Legislature, a purpose permitted under
1448	Subsection 52-4-204(1)(a)(iii)(B);
1449	(j) as relates to a county legislative body, discussing commercial information as
1450	defined in Section 59-1-404;

(k) as relates to the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission [issuing a retail license

1452	under Title 32B, Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, after receiving public input in a public
1453	meeting in support or opposition to the commission issuing the retail license, discussing one or
1454	more of the following factors], discussing in a closed meeting:
1455	[(i) a factor the commission is required to consider under Section 32B-5-203 or that is
1456	specified in the relevant part under Chapter 6, Specific Retail License Act, for the type of retail
1457	license at issue;]
1458	[(ii) the availability of a retail license under a quota;]
1459	[(iii) the length of time the applicant has waited for a retail license;]
1460	[(iv) an opening date for the applicant;]
1461	[(v) whether the applicant is a seasonal business;]
1462	[(vi) whether the location of the applicant has been previously licensed or is a new
1463	location;]
1464	[(vii) whether the application involves a change of ownership of an existing location;]
1465	[(viii) whether the applicant holds other alcohol licenses at any location;]
1466	[(ix) whether the applicant has a violation history or a pending violation;]
1467	[(x) projected alcohol sales for the applicant as it relates to the extent to which the
1468	retail license will be used;]
1469	[(xi) whether the applicant is a small or entrepreneurial business that would benefit the
1470	community in which it would be located;]
1471	[(xii) the nature of entertainment the applicant proposes; or]
1472	[(xiii) public input in support or opposition to granting the retail license;]
1473	(i) commercial information or financial information obtained from a person if
1474	disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair competitive
1475	injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the Alcoholic
1476	Beverage Control Commission from obtaining necessary information in the future; and
1477	(ii) an audit report and the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission's response to the
1478	audit report until the audit report is made available under Subsection 32B-2-302(4) or
1479	32B-2-302.5(5)(d);
1480	(1) as relates to the Utah Higher Education Assistance Authority and its appointed
1481	board of directors, discussing fiduciary or commercial information as defined in Section
1482	53B-12-102; or

1483	(m) a purpose for which a meeting is required to be closed under Subsection (2).
1484	(2) The following meetings shall be closed:
1485	(a) a meeting of the Health and Human Services Interim Committee to review a fatality
1486	review report described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the responses to the report
1487	described in Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4); and
1488	(b) a meeting of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel to:
1489	(i) review a fatality review report described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the
1490	responses to the report described in Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4); or
1491	(ii) review and discuss an individual case, as described in Subsection 62A-4a-207(5).
1492	(3) A public body may not interview a person applying to fill an elected position in a
1493	closed meeting.
1494	Section 23. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read:
1495	63G-2-305. Protected records.
1496	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
1497	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret
1498	has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
1499	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a
1500	person if:
1501	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
1502	competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the
1503	governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
1504	(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access
1505	than the public in obtaining access; and
1506	(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with
1507	the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
1508	(3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity
1509	to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
1510	commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause
1511	substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
1512	(4) records the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a

competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as

1514 defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);

- (5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, employment, or academic examinations;
- (6) records the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, once the contract or grant has been awarded, a bid, proposal, or application submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to:
- (a) a request for bids;
- (b) a request for proposals;
- 1525 (c) a grant; or
- (d) other similar document;
 - (7) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
 - (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information outweighs the governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
 - (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
 - (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;
 - (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value of the property; or
 - (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
 - (8) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value

of the subject property, unless:

- (a) the public interest in access outweighs the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or
- (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (9) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:
- (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
- (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;
- (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;
- (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
- (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
- (10) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
- (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;
- (12) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;
 - (13) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of

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1576	Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the
1577	Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the
1578	employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's
1579	jurisdiction;
1580	(14) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational
1581	procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
1582	audits or collections;
1583	(15) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit
1584	until the final audit is released;
1585	(16) records prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity solely in anticipation of
1586	litigation that are not available under the rules of discovery;
1587	(17) records disclosing an attorney's work product, including the mental impressions or
1588	legal theories of an attorney or other representative of a governmental entity concerning
1589	litigation;
1590	(18) records of communications between a governmental entity and an attorney
1591	representing, retained, or employed by the governmental entity if the communications would be
1592	privileged as provided in Section 78B-1-137;
1593	(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
1594	from a member of the Legislature; and
1595	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
1596	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and
1597	(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
1598	with the preparation of legislation between:
1599	(A) members of a legislative body;
1600	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
1601	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
1602	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
1603	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;

(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and

General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated

legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the

legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and

- (b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;
- (21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared in response to these requests;
 - (22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
- (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about collective bargaining or pending litigation;
- (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
- (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
- (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
- (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
- (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
- (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected

those policies or courses of action or made them public;

- (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas;
- (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
- (32) transcripts, minutes, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
- (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;
- (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
- (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
- (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the donor, provided that:
 - (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
- 1667 (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be 1668 classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and

1669	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
1670	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged
1671	in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority
1672	over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled
1673	by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
1674	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and
1675	73-18-13;
1676	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
1677	34A-2-205;
1678	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
1679	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
1680	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
1681	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
1682	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
1683	(A) relating to research; and
1684	(B) of:
1685	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
1686	53B-1-102; or
1687	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
1688	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
1689	(iv) creative works in process;
1690	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
1691	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
1692	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
1693	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
1694	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
1695	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General
1696	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the
1697	date that audit is completed and made public; and
1698	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
1699	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that

Management information;

1700	the records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would
1701	reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as
1702	protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
1703	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or
1704	other document that indicates the location of:
1705	(a) a production facility; or
1706	(b) a magazine;
1707	(43) information:
1708	(a) contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services
1709	created by Section 62A-3-311.1; or
1710	(b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information
1711	System (IRIS) established under Section 67-5-22;
1712	(44) information contained in the Management Information System and Licensing
1713	Information System described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services;
1714	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
1715	National Guard's federal mission;
1716	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement
1717	agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and
1718	Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
1719	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed
1720	by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
1721	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
1722	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or
1723	prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of
1724	which would jeopardize:
1725	(a) the safety of the general public; or
1726	(b) the security of:
1727	(i) governmental property;
1728	(ii) governmental programs; or
1729	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency

1/31	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food relating to the National
1732	Animal Identification System or any other program that provides for the identification, tracing,
1733	or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title 4, Chapter 24,
1734	Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-theft Act or Title 4, Chapter 31, Livestock Inspection and
1735	Quarantine;
1736	(50) as provided in Section 26-39-501:
1737	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a complaint
1738	regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to
1739	substantiate; and
1740	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
1741	from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;
1742	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as
1743	provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
1744	personal mobile phone number, if:
1745	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
1746	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
1747	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
1748	kept confidential due to:
1749	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
1750	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
1751	(52) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual
1752	that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
1753	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
1754	53B-1-102; and
1755	(b) conducted using animals;
1756	(53) an initial proposal under Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 26, Government Procurement
1757	Private Proposal Program, to the extent not made public by rules made under that chapter;
1758	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
1759	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote on whether or not to
1760	recommend that the voters retain a judge;
1761	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance

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- Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public, the information or report;
- 1765 (56) records contained in the Management Information System created in Section 62A-4a-1003;
 - (57) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63J-4-603;
- 1769 (58) information requested by and provided to the Utah State 911 Committee under 1770 Section 53-10-602;
- 1771 (59) recorded Children's Justice Center investigative interviews, both video and audio, 1772 the release of which are governed by Section 77-37-4;
 - (60) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
 - (a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
 - (b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or municipality;
 - (61) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63J-4a-201:
 - (a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;
 - (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;
- (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final

1793 investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not 1794 an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information; 1795 (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey 1796 plan, or audit program; or 1797 (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an 1798 investigation or audit; 1799 (62) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid 1800 Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or 1801 abuse; 1802 (63) information provided to the Department of Health or the Division of Occupational 1803 and Professional Licensing under Subsection 58-68-304(3) or (4); [and] 1804 (64) a record described in Section 63G-12-210[-]; and 1805 (65) a record related to an ethics investigation of the Department of Alcoholic 1806 Beverage Control or Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission until a public recommendation 1807 or public sanction is issued. 1808 Section 24. Section **63I-5-201** is amended to read: 1809 63I-5-201. Internal auditing programs -- State agencies. 1810 (1) (a) The Departments of Administrative Services, Agriculture, Commerce, 1811 Community and Culture, Corrections, Workforce Services, Environmental Quality, Health, 1812 Human Services, Natural Resources, Public Safety, and Transportation; and the State Tax 1813 Commission shall conduct various types of auditing procedures as determined by the agency 1814 head or governor. 1815 (b) The governor may, by executive order, require other state agencies to establish an 1816 internal audit program. 1817 (c) An agency head may establish an internal audit program for the agency head's 1818 agency if the agency administers programs that: 1819 (i) might pose a high liability risk to the state; or 1820 (ii) are essential to the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Utah. 1821 (2) (a) The Office of the Court Administrator shall conduct various types of auditing 1822 procedures as determined by the Judicial Council, including auditing procedures for courts not 1823 of record.

1824	(b) The Judicial Council may, by rule, require other judicial agencies to establish an
1825	internal audit program.
1826	(c) An agency head within the judicial branch may establish an internal audit program
1827	for the agency head's agency if the agency administers programs that:
1828	(i) might pose a high liability risk to the state; or
1829	(ii) are essential to the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Utah.
1830	(3) (a) The University of Utah, Utah State University, Salt Lake Community College,
1831	Utah Valley University, and Weber State University shall conduct various types of auditing
1832	procedures as determined by the Board of Regents.
1833	(b) The Board of Regents may issue policies requiring other higher education entities
1834	or programs to establish an internal audit program.
1835	(c) An agency head within higher education may establish an internal audit program for
1836	the agency head's agency if the agency administers programs that:
1837	(i) might pose a high liability risk to the state; or
1838	(ii) are essential to the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Utah.
1839	(4) The State Office of Education shall conduct various types of auditing procedures as
1840	determined by the State Board of Education.
1841	(5) Subject to Section 32B-2-302.5, the internal audit division of the Department of
1842	Alcoholic Beverage Control shall conduct various types of auditing procedures as determined
1843	by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission.
1844	Section 25. Effective date.
1845	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2012.