26	(1) A judgment by confession may not be entered without filing an action and giving
27	notice and the opportunity for hearing whether based on admission, confession of judgment,
28	warrant of attorney, or other waiver of the right to notice and the opportunity to be heard in the
29	event of suit or similar process described in this section.
30	(2) At the hearing provided by this section, any party may raise any claim or defense
31	relating to the obligation underlying the confession of judgment. The court shall render
32	judgment on the underlying obligation as the facts and law warrant. This subsection may be
33	waived by a debtor through a waiver signed by debtor and debtor's counsel.
34	(3) Notice required by this section, including but not limited to process, shall be served
35	upon the debtor at the debtor's last known address and at every address for physical and
36	electronic communication identified in the agreement authorizing entry of judgment. The
37	agreement authorizing entry of judgment may include an agreement for service in any manner
38	authorized by court rule for the service of process and, if it includes an agreed address for
39	physical or electronic communication, may waive any requirement for a document indicating
40	receipt by debtor or debtor's agent.
41	(4) Notice required by this section shall include:
42	(a) process as required by court rule for the initiation of an action;
43	(b) an affidavit that contains an accounting of the original judgment authorized by the
44	agreement and all payments, credits, and other adjustments made after entry of the original
45	judgment; and
46	(c) a proposed form of judgment.
47	(5) Notice required by this section may not require a response from the debtor prior to
48	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{30}] \ \underline{20} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ days following completion of service of the notice.
49	(6) In the event that notice is served as required in this section and a timely response
50	contesting the proposed judgment is not made by the debtor, the court may enter judgment
51	against the debtor.
52	(7) This section does not authorize entry of judgment by means otherwise prohibited by
53	<u>law.</u>