Senator Kevin T. Van Tassell proposes the following substitute bill:

CLEANER BURNING FUELS TAX CREDITS AMENDMENTS
AND RELATED FUNDING
2013 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Jack R. Draxler
Senate Sponsor: Kevin T. Van Tassell
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends corporate and individual income tax credits for cleaner burning fuels
and provides for transfers from the General Fund into the Education Fund in the amount
by which the tax credit claimed exceeds \$500,000.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 defines terms;
 modifies eligibility requirements to claim tax credits for cleaner burning fuels;
 extends corporate and individual income tax credits for cleaner burning fuels until
the end of taxable year $\hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow [2019] 2014 \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}$;
 requires transfers from the General Fund into the Education Fund in the amount by
which the tax credit claimed exceeds \$500,000;
 grants rulemaking authority to the State Tax Commission; and
 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:



6	This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2014.
7	Utah Code Sections Affected:
8	AMENDS:
9	59-7-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 358
0	59-10-1009, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 358
1 2	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
3	Section 1. Section 59-7-605 is amended to read:
4	59-7-605. Definitions Cleaner burning fuels tax credit.
5	(1) As used in this section:
)	(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
7	the standards established in:
3	(i) bin 2 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6); or
)	(ii) for a new qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle, as defined in Section 30D,
)	Internal Revenue Code, bin 4 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
	(b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created under Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
	Conservation Act.
	(c) "Certified by the board" means that:
	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
	following criteria:
	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
	and
	[(B) the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel
	listed in Subsection (2)(c)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of
	conversion equipment; and]
	[(C) a reduction in emissions under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B) is demonstrated by:]
	[(I) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
	Agency or by a state whose certification standards are recognized by the board;]
	[(II) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion

57	equipment, in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use
58	Highway Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using; or]
59	[(III) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, which may not include a
60	retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section 19-1-406,
61	unless that motor vehicle also satisfies Subsection (1)(c)(i)(C)(I); or]
62	(B) as a result of the installation of conversion equipment on the motor vehicle, the
63	motor vehicle has reduced emissions; or
64	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed
65	[meets the following criteria:] has reduced emissions.
66	[(A) the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
67	on fuels listed in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the
68	installation of conversion equipment; and]
69	[(B) a reduction in emissions under Subsection (1)(c)(ii)(A) is demonstrated by:]
70	[(I) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
71	Agency or by a state whose certification standards are recognized by the board; or]
72	[(II) any other test or standard recognized by board rule.]
73	(d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant awarded under Title 19, Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean
74	Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for reimbursement of a portion of the incremental
75	cost of an OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
76	(e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment referred to in Subsection (2)(c) or (d).
77	[(f) "Fuel economy standards" means that a vehicle's combined fuel economy, as
78	determined in 40 C.F.R. 600.209-95(d) is equal to or greater than:]
79	[(i) 31 miles per gallon for gasoline-fueled vehicles;]
80	[(ii) 36 miles per gallon for diesel-fueled vehicles;]
81	[(iii) 19 miles per gallon for vehicles fueled by a blend of 85% ethanol and 15%
82	gasoline;]
83	[(iv) 19 miles per gallon for liquified petroleum gas-fueled vehicles; or]
84	[(v) standards consistent with 40 C.F.R. 600.209-95(d) that are adopted by the Air
85	Quality Board by rule.]
86	[(g) "Incremental cost" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.]
87	[(h)] (f) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.

88	[(i)] (g) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled
89	or registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
90	(h) "Qualifying electric or hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:
91	(i) meets air quality standards;
92	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
93	(iii) is fueled by:
94	(A) electricity only; or
95	(B) a combination of electricity and diesel fuel, gasoline, a mixture of gasoline and
96	ethanol, or propane; and
97	(iv) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in
98	Subsection (1)(h)(iii).
99	(i) "Reduced emissions" means:
100	(i) for purposes of a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed,
101	that the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel listed in
102	Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of the
103	conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
104	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
105	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board;
106	(B) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment,
107	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway
108	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using;
109	(C) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section
110	19-1-406, testing that as a result of the retrofit, the retrofit natural gas vehicle satisfies the
111	emission standards applicable under Section 19-1-406; or
112	(D) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
113	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
114	(ii) for purposes of special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been
115	installed, that the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
116	on fuels listed in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the
117	installation of conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
118	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection

119	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board; or
120	(B) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
121	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
122	(j) "Special mobile equipment":
123	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle that is not designed or used primarily for
124	the transportation of persons or property; and
125	(ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment.
126	(2) For $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{the}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ taxable $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{years}}] \underline{\text{year}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ beginning on or after January 1, [2009]
126a	2014, but beginning on or
127	before December 31, [2013] $\hat{S} \rightarrow [2019] 2014 \leftarrow \hat{S}$, a taxpayer may claim a tax credit against tax
127a	otherwise due
128	under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to
129	Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in an amount equal to:
130	(a) \$605 for the original purchase of a new <u>qualifying electric or hybrid</u> vehicle that is
131	[not fueled by compressed natural gas if the vehicle is] registered in [Utah and meets air quality
132	standards and fuel economy standards] this state;
133	(b) for the purchase of a vehicle fueled by [compressed] natural gas that is registered in
134	[Utah] this state, the lesser of:
135	(i) \$2,500; or
136	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
137	(c) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a motor
138	vehicle registered in [Utah] this state minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a
139	maximum tax credit of \$2,500 per motor vehicle, if the motor vehicle is to:
140	(i) be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
141	(ii) be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be at
142	least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
143	(iii) meet the federal clean-fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
144	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.; and
145	(d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a special
146	mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a maximum
147	tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the special mobile equipment is to
148	be fueled by:

(i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or

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150	(ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:
151	(A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection (2)(d)(i);
152	or
153	(B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which the
154	engine was originally designed.
155	(3) A taxpayer shall provide proof of the purchase of an item for which a tax credit is
156	allowed under this section by:
157	(a) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;
158	(b) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the proof;
159	and
160	(c) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b).
161	(4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed
162	only:
163	(a) against [any Utah] a tax owed under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax
164	on Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in the
165	taxable year by the taxpayer;
166	(b) $[in]$ for the taxable year in which $[the]$ an item $[is$ purchased for which the tax
167	credit is claimed] described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) is purchased or conversion equipment
168	described in Subsection (2)(c) or (d) is installed; and
169	(c) once per vehicle.
170	(5) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a taxpayer under this section exceeds the
171	taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain
172	Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, for a taxable year,
173	the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period that
174	does not exceed the next five taxable years.
175	[(6) The tax credit provided by this section may be taken only once per vehicle.]
176	(6) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection (7),
177	the commission shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the Education Fund
178	the amount by which the amount of tax credit claimed under this section for a taxable year
179	exceeds \$500,000.
180	(7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

(7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

181	commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the Education
182	Fund as required by Subsection (6).
183	Section 2. Section 59-10-1009 is amended to read:
184	59-10-1009. Definitions Cleaner burning fuels tax credit.
185	(1) As used in this section:
186	(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
187	the standards established in:
188	(i) bin 2 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6); or
189	(ii) for a new qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle, as defined in Section 30D,
190	Internal Revenue Code, bin 4 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
191	(b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created in Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
192	Conservation Act.
193	(c) "Certified by the board" means that:
194	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
195	following criteria:
196	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
197	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
198	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
199	and
200	[(B) the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on fuels
201	listed in Subsection (2)(c)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of
202	conversion equipment; and]
203	[(C) a reduction in emissions under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B) is demonstrated by:]
204	[(I) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
205	Agency or by a state whose certification standards are recognized by the board;]
206	[(II) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion
207	equipment, in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control Emissions from New and In-use
208	Highway Vehicles and Engines, using all fuels the motor vehicle is capable of using; or]
209	[(III) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, which may not include a
210	retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section 19-1-406,
211	unless that motor vehicle also satisfies Subsection (1)(c)(i)(C)(I); or]

212	(B) as a result of the installation of conversion equipment on the motor vehicle, the
213	motor vehicle has reduced emissions; or
214	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed
215	[meets the following criteria:] has reduced emissions.
216	[(A) the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
217	on fuels listed in Subsection (2)(c)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the
218	installation of conversion equipment; and]
219	[(B) a reduction in emissions under Subsection (1)(c)(ii)(A) is demonstrated by:]
220	[(I) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
221	Agency or by a state whose certification standards are recognized by the board; or]
222	[(II) any other test or standard recognized by the board.]
223	(d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant a claimant, estate, or trust receives under Title 19,
224	Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for reimbursement of a
225	portion of the incremental cost of the OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
226	(e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment referred to in Subsection (2)(c) or (d).
227	[(f) "Fuel economy standards" means that a vehicle's combined fuel economy, as
228	determined in 40 C.F.R. 600.209-95(d) is equal to or greater than:]
229	[(i) 31 miles per gallon for gasoline-fueled vehicles;]
230	[(ii) 36 miles per gallon for diesel-fueled vehicles;]
231	[(iii) 19 miles per gallon for vehicles fueled by a blend of 85% ethanol and 15%
232	gasoline;]
233	[(iv) 19 miles per gallon for liquified petroleum gas-fueled vehicles; or]
234	[(v) standards consistent with 40 C.F.R. 600.209-95(d) that are adopted by the Air
235	Quality Board by rule.]
236	[(g) "Incremental cost" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.]
237	[(h)] (f) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
238	[(i)] (g) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled
239	or registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
240	(h) "Qualifying electric or hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:
241	(i) meets air quality standards;
242	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;

243	(iii) is fueled by:
244	(A) electricity only; or
245	(B) a combination of electricity and diesel fuel, gasoline, a mixture of gasoline and
246	ethanol, or propane; and
247	(iv) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in
248	Subsection (1)(h)(iii).
249	(i) "Reduced emissions" means:
250	(i) for purposes of a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed,
251	that the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel listed in
252	Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of the
253	conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
254	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
255	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board;
256	(B) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment,
257	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway
258	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using;
259	(C) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section
260	19-1-406, testing that as a result of the retrofit, the retrofit natural gas vehicle satisfies the
261	emission standards applicable under Section 19-1-406; or
262	(D) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
263	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
264	(ii) for purposes of special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been
265	installed, that the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
266	on fuels listed in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the
267	installation of conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
268	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
269	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board; or
270	(B) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
271	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
272	(j) "Special mobile equipment":
273	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle not designed or used primarily for the

274	transportation of persons or property; and
275	(ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment.
276	(2) For Ŝ→ <u>the</u> ←Ŝ taxable Ŝ→ [years] <u>year</u> ←Ŝ beginning on or after January 1, [2009]
276a	2014, but beginning on or
277	before December 31, [2013] $\hat{S} \rightarrow [2019] 2014 \leftarrow \hat{S}$, a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a
277a	nonrefundable tax
278	credit against tax otherwise due under this chapter in an amount equal to:
279	(a) \$605 for the original purchase of a new <u>qualifying electric or hybrid</u> vehicle that is
280	[not fueled by compressed natural gas if the vehicle is] registered in [Utah and meets air quality
281	standards and fuel economy standards] this state;
282	(b) for the purchase of a vehicle fueled by [compressed] natural gas that is registered in
283	[Utah] this state, the lesser of:
284	(i) \$2,500; or
285	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
286	(c) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a motor
287	vehicle registered in [Utah] this state minus the amount of any clean fuel conversion grant
288	received, up to a maximum tax credit of \$2,500 per vehicle, if the motor vehicle:
289	(i) is to be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
290	(ii) is to be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be
291	at least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
292	(iii) will meet the federal clean fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
293	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.; and
294	(d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a special
295	mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel conversion grant received, up to a
296	maximum tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the special mobile
297	equipment is to be fueled by:
298	(i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or
299	(ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:
300	(A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection $(2)(d)(i)$;
301	or
302	(B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which the
303	engine was originally designed.
304	(3) A claimant, estate, or trust shall provide proof of the purchase of an item for which

(a) against [any Utah] a tax owed under this chapter in the taxable year by the claimant,

a tax credit is allowed under this section by:

estate, or trust;
(b) [in] for the taxable year in which [the] an item [is purchased for which the tax

(c) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b).

315 credit is claimed] described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) is purchased or conversion equipment

(a) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;

(b) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the proof;

(4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed

- 316 described in Subsection (2)(c) or (d) is installed; and
- 317 (c) once per vehicle.
- (5) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under this
 section exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable
 year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period
 that does not exceed the next five taxable years.
- 322 [(6) The tax credit provided by this section may be taken only once per vehicle.]
- 323 (6) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection (7),
- 324 the commission shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the Education Fund
- 325 <u>the amount by which the amount of tax credit claimed under this section for a taxable year</u>
 326 exceeds \$500,000.
- 327 (7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
- 328 commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the Education
- 329 Fund as required by Subsection (6).
- 330 Section 3. Effective date.
- 331 This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

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and

only: