MUNICIPAL ELECTION AMENDMENTS
2013 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: R. Curt Webb
Senate Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions related to a municipal election.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>changes the deadline for a person to file a declaration of candidacy in an election</li> </ul>
from June 15 of any odd-numbered year to June 7 of any odd-numbered year;
<ul> <li>changes the deadline for the local district clerk to certify the names of local district</li> </ul>
board candidates from July 20 of the municipal election year to June 12 of the
municipal election year;
• changes the deadline for qualifying as a municipal political party from at least 55
days before the date of the municipal primary election to May 31 of any
odd-numbered year;
<ul> <li>changes the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy to become a valid write-in</li> </ul>
candidate from 45 days before a municipal general election to 60 days before a
municipal general election; and
<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None

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Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
17B-1-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 97
20A-9-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 294
20A-9-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 251
<b>20A-9-601</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 40
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>17B-1-306</b> is amended to read:
17B-1-306. Local district board Election procedures.
(1) Except as provided in Subsection (11), each elected board member shall be selected
as provided in this section.
(2) (a) Each election of a local district board member shall be held:
(i) at the same time as the municipal general election; and
(ii) at polling places designated by the county clerk in consultation with the local
district for each county in which the local district is located, which polling places shall coincide
with municipal general election polling places whenever feasible.
(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(f) and (g), the number of polling places under
Subsection (2)(a)(ii) in an election of board members of an irrigation district shall be one
polling place per division of the district, designated by the district board.
(ii) Each polling place designated by an irrigation district board under Subsection
(2)(b)(i) shall coincide with a polling place designated by the county clerk under Subsection
(2)(a)(ii).
(3) (a) The clerk of each local district with a board member position to be filled at the
next municipal general election shall provide notice of:
(i) each elective position of the local district to be filled at the next municipal general
election;
(ii) the constitutional and statutory qualifications for each position; and
(iii) the dates and times for filing a declaration of candidacy.
(b) The notice required under Subsection (3)(a) shall be:
(i) posted in at least five public places within the local district at least 10 days before

59	the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy; or
60	(ii) (A) published in a newspaper of general circulation within the local district at least
61	three but no more than 10 days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy; and
62	(B) published, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for 10 days before the first day for
63	filing a declaration of candidacy.
64	(4) (a) To become a candidate for an elective local district board position, the
65	prospective candidate shall file a declaration of candidacy in person with the local district,
66	during office hours and not later than the close of normal office hours between June 1 and June
67	[ <del>15</del> ] <u>7</u> of any odd-numbered year.
68	(b) When June [15] 7 is a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the filing time shall be
69	extended until the close of normal office hours on the following regular business day.
70	(c) (i) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy, the filing
71	officer shall:
72	(A) read to the prospective candidate the constitutional and statutory qualification
73	requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; and
74	(B) require the candidate to state whether or not the candidate meets those
75	requirements.
76	(ii) If the prospective candidate does not meet the qualification requirements for the
77	office, the filing officer may not accept the declaration of candidacy.
78	(iii) If it appears that the prospective candidate meets the requirements of candidacy,
79	the filing officer shall accept the declaration of candidacy.
80	(d) The declaration of candidacy shall substantially comply with the following form:
81	"I, (print name), being first duly sworn, say that I reside at (Street)
82	, City of, County of, State of Utah,
83	(Zip Code), (Telephone Number, if any); that I meet the qualifications
84	for the office of board of trustees member for (state the name of
85	the local district); that I am a candidate for that office to be voted upon at the next election, and
86	I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official ballot for that election.
87	(Signed)
88	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this day
89	of,

90	(Signed)
91	(Clerk or Notary Public)"
92	(e) Each person wishing to become a valid write-in candidate for an elective local
93	district board position is governed by Section 20A-9-601.
94	(f) If at least one person does not file a declaration of candidacy as required by this
95	section, a person shall be appointed to fill that board position by following the procedures and
96	requirements for appointment established in Section 20A-1-512.
97	(g) If only one candidate files a declaration of candidacy and there is no write-in
98	candidate who complies with Section 20A-9-601, the board, in accordance with Section
99	20A-1-206, may:
100	(i) consider the candidate to be elected to the position; and
101	(ii) cancel the election.
102	(5) (a) A primary election may be held if:
103	(i) the election is authorized by the local district board; and
104	(ii) the number of candidates for a particular local board position or office exceeds
105	twice the number of persons needed to fill that position or office.
106	(b) The primary election shall be conducted:
107	(i) on the same date as the municipal primary election, as provided for in Section
108	20A-1-201.5; and
109	(ii) according to the procedures for municipal primary elections provided under Title
110	20A, Election Code.
111	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), the local district clerk shall certify the
112	candidate names to the clerk of each county in which the local district is located no later than
113	[July 20] June 12 of the municipal election year.
114	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c) and in accordance with Section
115	20A-6-305, the clerk of each county in which the local district is located shall coordinate the
116	placement of the name of each candidate for local district office in the nonpartisan section of
117	the municipal general election ballot with the municipal election clerk.
118	(ii) If consolidation of the local district election ballot with the municipal general
119	election ballot is not feasible, the county clerk shall provide for a separate local district election
120	ballot to be administered by poll workers at polling locations designated under Subsection (2).

121	(c) (i) Subsections (6)(a) and (b) do not apply to an election of a member of the board
122	of an irrigation district established under Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act.
123	(ii) (A) Subject to Subsection (6)(c)(ii)(B), the board of each irrigation district shall
124	prescribe the form of the ballot for each board member election.
125	(B) Each ballot for an election of an irrigation district board member shall be in a
126	nonpartisan format.
127	(C) The name of each candidate shall be placed on the ballot in the order specified
128	under Section 20A-6-305.
129	(7) (a) Each voter at an election for a board of trustees member of a local district shall:
130	(i) be a registered voter within the district, except for an election of:
131	(A) an irrigation district board of trustees member; or
132	(B) a basic local district board of trustees member who is elected by property owners;
133	and
134	(ii) meet the requirements to vote established by the district.
135	(b) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are offices to be filled.
136	(c) The candidates who receive the highest number of votes are elected.
137	(8) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the election of local district board
138	members is governed by Title 20A, Election Code.
139	(9) (a) A person elected to serve on a local district board shall serve a four-year term,
140	beginning at noon on the January 1 after the person's election.
141	(b) A person elected shall be sworn in as soon as practical after January 1.
142	(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), each local district shall reimburse
143	the county or municipality holding an election under this section for the costs of the election
144	attributable to that local district.
145	(b) Each irrigation district shall bear its own costs of each election it holds under this
146	section.
147	(11) This section does not apply to an improvement district that provides electric or gas
148	service.
149	(12) Except as provided in Subsection 20A-3-605(1)(b), the provisions of Title 20A,
150	Chapter 3, Part 6, Early Voting, do not apply to an election under this section.
151	Section 2. Section <b>20A-9-203</b> is amended to read:

152	20A-9-203. Declarations of candidacy Municipal general elections.
153	(1) (a) (i) A person may become a candidate for any municipal office if:
154	(A) the person is a registered voter; and
155	(B) (I) the person has resided within the municipality in which that person seeks to
156	hold elective office for the 12 consecutive months immediately before the date of the election;
157	or
158	(II) if the territory in which the person resides was annexed into the municipality, the
159	person has resided within the annexed territory or the municipality the 12 consecutive months
160	immediately before the date of the election.
161	(ii) For purposes of determining whether a person meets the residency requirement of
162	Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B)(I) in a municipality that was incorporated less than 12 months before
163	the election, the municipality shall be considered to have been incorporated 12 months before
164	the date of the election.
165	(b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), each candidate for a municipal
166	council position shall, if elected from a district, be a resident of the council district from which
167	elected.
168	(c) In accordance with Utah Constitution Article IV, Section 6, any mentally
169	incompetent person, any person convicted of a felony, or any person convicted of treason or a
170	crime against the elective franchise may not hold office in this state until the right to hold
171	elective office is restored under Section 20A-2-101.3 or 20A-2-101.5.
172	(2) (a) A person seeking to become a candidate for a municipal office shall:
173	(i) file a declaration of candidacy, in person with the city recorder or town clerk, during
174	office hours and not later than the close of normal office hours, between June 1 and June [15] $\underline{7}$
175	of any odd-numbered year; and
176	(ii) pay the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
177	(b) Any resident of a municipality may nominate a candidate for a municipal office by:
178	(i) filing a nomination petition with the city recorder or town clerk during office hours,
179	but not later than the close of normal office hours, between June 1 and June [15] 7 of any
180	odd-numbered year; and
181	(ii) paying the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
182	(3) (a) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy or nomination

183 petition, the filing officer shall: 184 (i) read to the prospective candidate or person filing the petition the constitutional and 185 statutory qualification requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; and 186 (ii) require the candidate or person filing the petition to state whether the candidate 187 meets those requirements. 188 (b) If the prospective candidate does not meet the qualification requirements for the 189 office, the filing officer may not accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition. 190 (c) If it appears that the prospective candidate meets the requirements of candidacy, the 191 filing officer shall: 192 (i) inform the candidate that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it is 193 written on the declaration of candidacy; 194 (ii) provide the candidate with a copy of the current campaign financial disclosure laws 195 for the office the candidate is seeking and inform the candidate that failure to comply will result in disqualification as a candidate and removal of the candidate's name from the ballot; 196 197 (iii) provide the candidate with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the Statewide 198 Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the candidate of the submission 199 deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a); 200 (iv) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices 201 described under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that: 202 (A) signing the pledge is voluntary; and 203 (B) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer; and 204 (v) accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition. 205 (d) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing 206 officer shall: 207 (i) accept the candidate's pledge; and 208 (ii) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the 209 candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the candidate is a 210 member. 211 (4) The declaration of candidacy shall substantially comply with the following form: 212 "I, (print name) \_\_\_\_\_, being first sworn, say that I reside at \_\_\_\_\_ Street, City of \_\_\_\_\_, County of , state of Utah, Zip Code , Telephone Number (if any) ; that I am a 213

214	registered voter; and that I am a candidate for the office of (stating the term). I will meet
215	the legal qualifications required of candidates for this office. I will file all campaign financial
216	disclosure reports as required by law and I understand that failure to do so will result in my
217	disqualification as a candidate for this office and removal of my name from the ballot. I
217	request that my name be printed upon the applicable official ballots. (Signed)
210	request that my name be printed upon the appreable official barrots. (orgined)
21)	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this
221	(month\day\year).
222	(Signed) (Clerk or other officer qualified to administer oath)"
223	(5) (a) A registered voter may be nominated for municipal office by submitting a
224	petition signed, with a holographic signature, by:
225	(i) 25 residents of the municipality who are at least 18 years old; or
226	(ii) 20% of the residents of the municipality who are at least 18 years old.
227	(b) (i) The petition shall substantially conform to the following form:
228	"NOMINATION PETITION
229	The undersigned residents of (name of municipality) being 18 years old or older
230	nominate (name of nominee) to the office of for the (two or four-year term, whichever is
231	applicable)."
232	(ii) The remainder of the petition shall contain lines and columns for the signatures of
233	persons signing the petition and their addresses and telephone numbers.
234	(6) If the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition fails to state whether the
235	nomination is for the two or four-year term, the clerk shall consider the nomination to be for
236	the four-year term.
237	(7) (a) The clerk shall verify with the county clerk that all candidates are registered
238	voters.
239	(b) Any candidate who is not registered to vote is disqualified and the clerk may not
240	print the candidate's name on the ballot.
241	(8) Immediately after expiration of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy, the
242	clerk shall:
243	(a) cause the names of the candidates as they will appear on the ballot to be published:
244	(i) in at least two successive publications of a newspaper with general circulation in the

245	municipality; and
246	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
247	(b) notify the lieutenant governor of the names of the candidates as they will appear on
248	the ballot.
249	(9) A declaration of candidacy or nomination petition filed under this section may not
250	be amended after the expiration of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy.
251	(10) (a) A declaration of candidacy or nomination petition filed under this section is
252	valid unless a written objection is filed with the clerk within five days after the last day for
253	filing.
254	(b) If an objection is made, the clerk shall:
255	(i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate
256	immediately; and
257	(ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after it is filed.
258	(c) If the clerk sustains the objection, the candidate may correct the problem by
259	amending the declaration or petition within three days after the objection is sustained or by
260	filing a new declaration within three days after the objection is sustained.
261	(d) (i) The clerk's decision upon objections to form is final.
262	(ii) The clerk's decision upon substantive matters is reviewable by a district court if
263	prompt application is made to the district court.
264	(iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the exercise
265	of its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision.
266	(11) Any person who filed a declaration of candidacy and was nominated, and any
267	person who was nominated by a nomination petition, may, any time up to 23 days before the
268	election, withdraw the nomination by filing a written affidavit with the clerk.
269	Section 3. Section <b>20A-9-404</b> is amended to read:
270	20A-9-404. Municipal primary elections.
271	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, candidates for municipal office in
272	all municipalities shall be nominated at a municipal primary election.
273	(b) Municipal primary elections shall be held:
274	(i) consistent with Section 20A-1-201.5, on the second Tuesday following the first
275	Monday in the August before the regular municipal election; and

(ii) whenever possible, at the same polling places as the regular municipal election.

- (2) If the number of candidates for a particular municipal office does not exceed twice
  the number of persons needed to fill that office, a primary election for that office may not be
  held and the candidates are considered nominated.
- (3) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (3), "convention" means an organized assemblyof voters or delegates.
- (b) (i) By ordinance adopted before the May 1 that falls before a regular municipal
  election, any third, fourth, or fifth class city or town may exempt itself from a primary election
  by providing that the nomination of candidates for municipal office to be voted upon at a
  municipal election be nominated by a political party convention or committee.
- (ii) Any primary election exemption ordinance adopted under the authority of thissubsection remains in effect until repealed by ordinance.
- (c) (i) A convention or committee may not nominate more than one group of
   candidates or have placed on the ballot more than one group of candidates for the municipal
   offices to be voted upon at the municipal election.
- (ii) A convention or committee may nominate a person who has been nominated by adifferent convention or committee.
- (iii) A political party may not have more than one group of candidates placed upon the
  ballot and may not group the same candidates on different tickets by the same party under a
  different name or emblem.
- 296 (d) (i) The convention or committee shall prepare a certificate of nomination for each297 person nominated.
- 298 (ii) The certificate of nomination shall:
- (A) contain the name of the office for which each person is nominated, the name, post
  office address, and, if in a city, the street number of residence and place of business, if any, of
  each person nominated;
- 302 (B) designate in not more than five words the political party that the convention or303 committee represents;
- 304 (C) contain a copy of the resolution passed at the convention that authorized the305 committee to make the nomination;
- 306
- (D) contain a statement certifying that the name of the candidate nominated by the

307	political party will not appear on the ballot as a candidate for any other political party;
308	(E) be signed by the presiding officer and secretary of the convention or committee;
309	and
310	(F) contain a statement identifying the residence and post office address of the
311	presiding officer and secretary and certifying that the presiding officer and secretary were
312	officers of the convention or committee and that the certificates are true to the best of their
313	knowledge and belief.
314	(iii) Certificates of nomination shall be filed with the clerk not later than 80 days
315	before the municipal general election.
316	(e) A committee appointed at a convention, if authorized by an enabling resolution,
317	may also make nominations or fill vacancies in nominations made at a convention.
318	(f) The election ballot shall substantially comply with the form prescribed in Title 20A,
319	Chapter 6, Part 4, Ballot Form Requirements for Municipal Elections, but the party name shall
320	be included with the candidate's name.
321	(4) (a) Any third, fourth, or fifth class city may adopt an ordinance before the May 1
322	that falls before the regular municipal election that:
323	(i) exempts the city from the other methods of nominating candidates to municipal
324	office provided in this section; and
325	(ii) provides for a partisan primary election method of nominating candidates as
326	provided in this Subsection (4).
327	(b) (i) Any party that was a registered political party at the last regular general election
328	or regular municipal election is a municipal political party under this section.
329	(ii) Any political party may qualify as a municipal political party by presenting a
330	petition to the city recorder that:
331	(A) is signed, with a holographic signature, by registered voters within the municipality
332	equal to at least 20% of the number of votes cast for all candidates for mayor in the last
333	municipal election at which a mayor was elected;
334	(B) is filed with the city recorder [at least 55 days before the date of the municipal
335	primary election] by May 31 of any odd-numbered year;
336	(C) is substantially similar to the form of the signature sheets described in Section
337	20A-7-303; and

338	(D) contains the name of the municipal political party using not more than five words.
339	(c) (i) If the number of candidates for a particular office does not exceed twice the
340	number of offices to be filled at the regular municipal election, no partisan primary election for
341	that office shall be held and the candidates are considered to be nominated.
342	(ii) If the number of candidates for a particular office exceeds twice the number of
343	offices to be filled at the regular municipal election, those candidates for municipal office shall
344	be nominated at a partisan primary election.
345	(d) The clerk shall ensure that:
346	(i) the partisan municipal primary ballot is similar to the ballot forms required by
347	Sections 20A-6-401 and 20A-6-401.1;
348	(ii) the candidates for each municipal political party are listed in one or more columns
349	under their party name and emblem;
350	(iii) the names of candidates of all parties are printed on the same ballot, but under
351	their party designation;
352	(iv) every ballot is folded and perforated so as to separate the candidates of one party
353	from those of the other parties and so as to enable the elector to separate the part of the ballot
354	containing the names of the party of his choice from the remainder of the ballot; and
355	(v) the side edges of all ballots are perforated so that the outside sections of the ballots,
356	when detached, are similar in appearance to inside sections when detached.
357	(e) After marking a municipal primary ballot, the voter shall:
358	(i) detach the part of the ballot containing the names of the candidates of the party he
359	has voted from the rest of the ballot;
360	(ii) fold the detached part so that its face is concealed and deposit it in the ballot box;
361	and
362	(iii) fold the remainder of the ballot containing the names of the candidates of the
363	parties for whom the elector did not vote and deposit it in the blank ballot box.
364	(f) Immediately after the canvass, the election judges shall, without examination,
365	destroy the tickets deposited in the blank ballot box.
366	Section 4. Section <b>20A-9-601</b> is amended to read:
367	20A-9-601. Qualifying as a write-in candidate.
368	(1) (a) Each person wishing to become a valid write-in candidate shall file a declaration

- 369 of candidacy in person or through a designated agent for a candidate for President or Vice
- 370 President of the United States with the appropriate filing officer not later than 30 days before
- 371 the regular general election or [45] <u>60</u> days before a municipal general election in which the
- 372 person intends to be a write-in candidate.
- 373 (b) (i) The filing officer shall:
- (A) read to the candidate the constitutional and statutory requirements for the office;
- 375 and
- (B) ask the candidate whether or not the candidate meets the requirements.
- (ii) If the candidate cannot meet the requirements of office, the filing officer may not
- accept the write-in candidate's declaration of candidacy.
- 379 (2) By November 1 of each regular general election year, the lieutenant governor shall
- 380 certify to each county clerk the names of all write-in candidates who filed their declaration of
- 381 candidacy with the lieutenant governor.

#### Legislative Review Note as of 3-4-13 4:03 PM

#### Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel