TETHERING OF ANIMALS
2013 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Gene Davis
House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:  This bill modifies the Uteh Criminal Code regarding enimal equality
This bill modifies the Utah Criminal Code regarding animal cruelty.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
restraining ←Ŝ of a dog Ŝ→ by a tether ←Ŝ for more
than 10 hours in a 24-hour period $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{and applies this offense only in a first or second class}}$
county ←Ŝ;
▶ prohibits $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\text{tethering}]$ use of a tether $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ that causes harm to the dog $\hat{S} \rightarrow \text{and}$
applies this offense only in a first or second class county $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ ; and
defines a tether.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
<b>76-9-301</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 292
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>76-9-301</b> is amended to read:
76-9-301. Cruelty to animals.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) (i) "Abandon" means to intentionally deposit, leave, or drop off any live animal:



S.B. 92 02-07-13 1:30 PM

28	(A) without providing for the care of that animal, in accordance with accepted animal
29	husbandry practices or customary farming practices; or
30	(B) in a situation where conditions present an immediate, direct, and serious threat to
31	the life, safety, or health of the animal.
32	(ii) "Abandon" does not include returning wildlife to its natural habitat.
33	(b) (i) "Animal" means, except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), a live, nonhuman
34	vertebrate creature.
35	(ii) "Animal" does not include:
36	(A) a live, nonhuman vertebrate creature, if:
37	(I) the conduct toward the creature, and the care provided to the creature, is in
38	accordance with accepted animal husbandry practices; and
39	(II) the creature is:
40	(Aa) owned or kept by a zoological park that is accredited by, or a member of, the
41	American Zoo and Aquarium Association;
42	(Bb) kept, owned, or used for the purpose of training hunting dogs or raptors; or
43	(Cc) temporarily in the state as part of a circus or traveling exhibitor licensed by the
44	United States Department of Agriculture under 7 U.S.C. 2133;
45	(B) a live, nonhuman vertebrate creature that is owned, kept, or used for rodeo
46	purposes, if the conduct toward the creature, and the care provided to the creature, is in
47	accordance with accepted rodeo practices;
48	(C) livestock, if the conduct toward the creature, and the care provided to the creature,
49	is in accordance with accepted animal husbandry practices or customary farming practices; or
50	(D) wildlife, as defined in Section 23-13-2, including protected and unprotected
51	wildlife, if the conduct toward the wildlife is in accordance with lawful hunting, fishing, or
52	trapping practices or other lawful practices.
53	(c) "Companion animal" means an animal that is a domestic dog or a domestic cat.
54	(d) "Custody" means ownership, possession, or control over an animal.
55	(e) "Legal privilege" means an act that:
56	(i) is authorized by state law, including Division of Wildlife Resources rules; and
57	(ii) is not in violation of a local ordinance.
58	(f) "Livestock" means:

59	(i) domesticated:
60	
	(A) cattle;
61	(B) sheep;
62	(C) goats;
63	(D) turkeys;
64	(E) swine;
65	(F) equines;
66	(G) camelidae;
67	(H) ratites; or
68	(I) bison;
69	(ii) domesticated elk, as defined in Section 4-39-102; or
70	(iii) any domesticated nonhuman vertebrate creature, domestic furbearer, or domestic
71	poultry, raised, kept, or used for agricultural purposes.
72	(g) "Necessary food, water, care, or shelter" means the following, taking into account
73	the species, age, and physical condition of the animal:
74	(i) appropriate and essential food and water;
75	(ii) adequate protection, including appropriate shelter, against extreme weather
76	conditions; and
77	(iii) other essential care.
78	(h) "Tether" means any chain, rope, cable, or other device attached to a fixed object
79	and used for restraining a dog.
80	[(h)] (i) "Torture" means intentionally or knowingly causing or inflicting extreme
81	physical pain to an animal in an especially heinous, atrocious, cruel, or exceptionally depraved
82	manner.
83	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4) or (6), a person is guilty of cruelty to an
84	animal if the person, without legal privilege to do so, intentionally, knowingly, recklessly, or
85	with criminal negligence:
86	(a) fails to provide necessary food, water, care, or shelter for an animal in the person's
87	custody;
88	(b) abandons an animal in the person's custody;
89	(c) injures an animal;

S.B. 92 02-07-13 1:30 PM

90	(d) causes any animal, not including a dog, to fight with another animal of like kind for
91	amusement or gain; [or]
92	(e) causes any animal, including a dog, to fight with a different kind of animal or
93	creature for amusement or gain[-];
94	(f) $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{uses}]$ in counties of the first or second class, restrains a dog by use of $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ a
94a	tether that is not:
95	(i) of sufficient weight or strength to restrain the dog;
96	(ii) of an appropriate design for the Ŝ→ [breed,] ←Ŝ age, size, and weight of the dog for
96a	which which
97	the tether is used; or
98	(iii) attached to the dog by a collar, halter, or harness in a manner that protects the dog
99	from injury or entanglement with objects or other animals;
100	(g) $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{in counties of the first or second class, [tethers]}}$ restrains $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ a dog $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{by}}$
100a	means of a tether ←Ŝ in any manner that could reasonably be expected to:
101	(i) cause injury or damage to the dog:
102	(ii) endanger the dog due to restrictions to the dog's movement; or
103	(iii) not provide sufficient length of tether to allow the dog adequate space for
104	reasonable exercise and to make normal postural movements, including sitting, laying down,
105	and turning around; or
106	(h) $\$ \rightarrow [\text{tethers}]$ in counties of the first or second class, restrains $\leftarrow \$$ a dog $\$ \rightarrow \text{by use}$
106a	of a tether ←Ŝ for longer than 10 hours within a 24-hour period.
107	(3) Except as provided in Section 76-9-301.7, a violation of Subsection (2) is:
108	(a) a class B misdemeanor if committed intentionally or knowingly; and
109	(b) a class C misdemeanor if committed recklessly or with criminal negligence.
110	(4) A person is guilty of aggravated cruelty to an animal if the person:
111	(a) tortures an animal;
112	(b) administers, or causes to be administered, poison or a poisonous substance to an
113	animal; or
114	(c) kills an animal or causes an animal to be killed without having a legal privilege to
115	do so.
116	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6) or Section 76-9-301.7, a violation of
117	Subsection (4) is:
118	(a) a class A misdemeanor if committed intentionally or knowingly;
119	(b) a class B misdemeanor if committed recklessly; and
120	(c) a class C misdemeanor if committed with criminal negligence.

02-07-13 1:30 PM S.B. 92

121	(6) A person is guilty of a third degree felony if the person intentionally or knowingly
122	tortures a companion animal.
123	(7) It is a defense to prosecution under this section that the conduct of the actor towards
124	the animal was:
125	(a) by a licensed veterinarian using accepted veterinary practice;
126	(b) directly related to bona fide experimentation for scientific research, provided that if
127	the animal is to be destroyed, the manner employed will not be unnecessarily cruel unless
128	directly necessary to the veterinary purpose or scientific research involved;
129	(c) permitted under Section 18-1-3;
130	(d) by a person who humanely destroys any animal found suffering past recovery for
131	any useful purpose; or
132	(e) by a person who humanely destroys any apparently abandoned animal found on the
133	person's property.
134	(8) For purposes of Subsection (7)(d), before destroying the suffering animal, the
135	person who is not the owner of the animal shall obtain:
136	(a) the judgment of a veterinarian of the animal's nonrecoverable condition;
137	(b) the judgment of two other persons called by the person to view the unrecoverable
138	condition of the animal in the person's presence;
139	(c) the consent from the owner of the animal to the destruction of the animal; or
140	(d) a reasonable conclusion that the animal's suffering is beyond recovery, through the
141	person's own observation, if the person is in a location or circumstance where the person is
142	unable to contact another person.
143	(9) This section does not affect or prohibit:
144	(a) the training, instruction, and grooming of animals, if the methods used are in
145	accordance with accepted animal husbandry practices or customary farming practices;
146	(b) the use of an electronic locating or training collar by the owner of an animal for the
147	purpose of lawful animal training, lawful hunting practices, or protecting against loss of that
148	animal; or
149	(c) the lawful hunting of, fishing for, or trapping of, wildlife.
150	(10) County and municipal governments may not prohibit the use of an electronic

151

locating or training collar.

S.B. 92 02-07-13 1:30 PM

(11) Upon conviction under this section, the court may in its discretion, in addition to other penalties:

- (a) order the defendant to be evaluated to determine the need for psychiatric or psychological counseling, to receive counseling as the court determines to be appropriate, and to pay the costs of the evaluation and counseling;
- (b) require the defendant to forfeit any rights the defendant has to the animal subjected to a violation of this section and to repay the reasonable costs incurred by any person or agency in caring for each animal subjected to violation of this section;
- (c) order the defendant to no longer possess or retain custody of any animal, as specified by the court, during the period of the defendant's probation or parole or other period as designated by the court; and
- (d) order the animal to be placed for the purpose of adoption or care in the custody of a county and municipal animal control agency, an animal welfare agency registered with the state, sold at public auction, or humanely destroyed.
  - (12) This section does not prohibit the use of animals in lawful training.
- (13) A veterinarian who, acting in good faith, reports a violation of this section to law enforcement may not be held civilly liable for making the report.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-6-13 10:55 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel