741	(2)(b) on or before May 4, 2008; or
742	(c) a variance from proximity requirements was otherwise allowed under this title.
743	(5) With respect to a package agency or retail license that undergoes a change of
744	ownership, the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements of Subsection (2) in
745	considering whether to issue a package agency or the same type of retail license to the new
746	owner of the premises if:
747	(a) the package agency or retail license premises is located in a city of the fifth class or
748	a town;
749	(b) when the package agency or retail license was issued to a previous owner, the
750	premises met the proximity requirements of Subsection (2);
751	(c) the premises has had a package agency or the same type of retail license at all times
752	since the package agency or retail license described in Subsection (5)(b) was issued without a
753	variance;
754	(d) the community location is located within the proximity requirements of Subsection
755	(2) after the day on which the package agency or retail license described in Subsection (5)(b)
756	was issued; and
757	(e) the community location has not moved from the location described in Subsection
758	<u>(5)(d).</u>
759	(6) The commission may grant a variance to a person seeking a retail license from the
760	requirements of Subsection (2)(b) if:
761	(a) the premises to be licensed is located in a city of the fifth class or a town;
762	(b) on or before May 4, 2008, the premises was licensed \$→ [and had a variance from the
763	requirements of Subsection (2)(b)] ←Ŝ;
764	(c) the operations at the premises to be licensed ceased for a period not to exceed three
765	years; and
766	(d) the person is operating and otherwise qualified to obtain the retail license that the
767	person is seeking.
768	[(5)] (7) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the
769	proximity of an educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in
770	reaching a decision on a proposed location of an outlet.
771	Section 3. Section <b>32B-1-207</b> is amended to read:

1144	Subsection (8)(a)(1) for a period determined by the commission.
1145	(b) The commission may take the action described in Subsection (8)(a) if:
1146	(i) a manufacturer, supplier, or importer of liquor or its staff or representative violates
1147	this title; and
1148	(ii) the manufacturer, supplier, or importer:
1149	(A) directly commits the violation; or
1150	(B) solicits, requests, commands, encourages, or intentionally aids another to engage in
1151	the violation.
1152	(9) If the commission makes a finding that the brewer holding a certificate of approval
1153	violates this title or rules of the commission, the commission may take an action against the
1154	brewer holding a certificate of approval that the commission could take against a licensee
1155	including:
1156	(a) suspension or revocation of the certificate of approval; and
1157	(b) imposition of a fine.
1158	(10) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this title, the commission may not order a
1159	disciplinary action or fine in accordance with this section if the disciplinary action or fine is
1160	ordered on the basis of a violation:
1161	(a) of a provision in this title related to intoxication or becoming intoxicated; and
1162	(b) if the violation is first investigated by a law enforcement officer, as defined in
1163	Section 53-13-103, who has not received training regarding the requirements of this title
1164	related to responsible alcoholic product sale or service.
1165	(11) (a) The commission shall impose, at a minimum, the following penalties for a
1166	violation related to service of an alcoholic product to a minor \$→ that occurs during an operation under
	Title 77, Chapter 39, Sale of Tobacco or Alcohol to Under Age Persons, or similar operation by a
	peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer Classifications (+\$\hat{S}\$):
1167	(i) for a first violation \$→ [-]:
1167a	(A) $\leftarrow$ \$\hat{s}\$ a mandatory minimum fine of \$\hat{s} \rightarrow [\frac{\pmansum}{3,000}] \frac{\pmansum}{2,500} \leftrightarrow \hat{s} : \hat{s} \rightarrow \text{and}
1167b	(B) mandatory training under Chapter 5, Part 4, Alcohol Training and Education Act.
1167c	of anyone who is required to be trained under Chapter 5, Part 4, but who has completed the
1167d	training more than 11 months before the day on which the fine described in Subsection
1167e	$(11)(a)(i)(A)$ is imposed; $\leftarrow$ $\hat{S}$
1168	(ii) for a second violation that occurs within \$→ [three years] 18 months ←\$ of the day on
1168a	which the penalty
1169	is imposed for the first violation:

1175	(A) a mandatory minimum suspension of 14 days, served in successive days, including
1176	two weekends; and
1177	(B) a mandatory minimum fine of \$15,000.
1178	(b) The commission may not waive the penalties imposed under this Subsection (11).
1179	(12) (a) For a violation of Section 32B-1-407 or admitting a minor to a place where an
1180	alcoholic product is sold or consumed, but where under this title a minor is not permitted, \$→that
1180a	occurs during an operation under Title 77, Chapter 39, Sale of Tobacco or Alcohol to Under Age
1180b	Persons, or similar operation by a peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
1180c	<u>Classifications</u> , ←\$ the
1181	commission shall impose, at a minimum, a suspension of five days or a fine of \$1,000.
1182	(b) The commission may not waive the penalties imposed under this Subsection (12).
1183	Section 9. Section <b>32B-5-205</b> is amended to read:
1184	32B-5-205. Conditional retail license.
1185	(1) As used in this section:
1186	(a) "Conditional retail license" means a retail license that:
1187	[(i) is for one of the following:]
1188	[(A) a full-service restaurant license; or]
1189	[(B) a limited-service restaurant license;]
1190	[(ii)] (i) conditions the holder's ability to sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the
1191	consumption of an alcoholic product on its licensed premises on the person submitting to the
1192	department a copy of the holder's current business license before obtaining a valid retail
1193	license; and
1194	[(iii)] (ii) provides that the holder will be issued a valid retail license if the holder
1195	complies with the requirements of Subsection (3).
1196	(b) "Valid retail license" means a retail license issued pursuant to this part under which
1197	the holder is permitted to sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of an alcoholic
1198	product on its licensed premises.
1199	(2) Subject to the requirements of this section, the commission may issue a conditional
1200	retail license to a person if the person:
1201	(a) meets the requirements to obtain the retail license for which the person is applying
1202	except the requirement to submit a copy of the person's current business license; and
1203	(b) agrees not to sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of an alcoholic
1204	product on its licensed premises before obtaining a valid retail license.
1205	(3) (a) A conditional retail license becomes a valid retail license on the day on which

1206	the department notifies the person who holds the conditional retail license that the department
1207	finds that the person has complied with Subsection (3)(b).
1208	(b) For a conditional retail license to become a valid retail license, a person who holds
1209	the conditional retail license shall:
1210	(i) submit to the department a copy of the person's current business license; and
1211	(ii) provide to the department evidence satisfactory to the department that:
1212	(A) there has been no change in the information submitted to the commission as part of
1213	the person's application for a retail license; and
1214	(B) the person continues to qualify for the retail license.
1215	(4) (a) A conditional retail license expires six months after the day on which the
1216	commission issues the conditional retail license, unless the conditional retail license becomes a
1217	valid retail license before that day.
1218	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the commission may extend the time period of a
1219	conditional retail license an additional three months if the holder of the conditional license can
1220	show to the satisfaction of the commission that the holder of the conditional license:
1221	(i) has an active building permit related to the licensed premises; and
1222	(ii) is engaged in a good faith effort to pursue completion within the three-month
1223	period.
1224	Section 10. Section <b>32B-5-207</b> is enacted to read:
1225	32B-5-207. Multiple retail licenses at same building.
1226	(1) (a) The commission may not issue to one or more retail licensees more than one
1227	type of retail license for the same building unless the commission determines that:
1228	(i) the licensed premises for each retail license is in a separate room within the
1229	building; and
1230	(ii) the requirements for each retail license are met.
1231	(b) The commission may define "separate room" by rule made in accordance with Title
1232	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1233	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may issue more than one type of
1234	retail license for the same \$→ [building] room ←\$ if:
1235	(a) each retail license operates at a different day or time;
1236	(b) the requirements for each retail license are met; and

1237	(c) the types of retail licenses issued are:
1238	(i) (A) on-premise beer retailer license associated with a ski resort;
1239	(B) a full-service restaurant license, a limited-service restaurant license, or a beer-only
1240	restaurant license; and
1241	(C) an on-premise banquet catering license; or
1242	(ii) (A) a full-service restaurant license, a limited-service restaurant license, or a
1243	beer-only restaurant license; and
1244	(B) an on-premise banquet \$→ [catering] ←\$ license.
1245	(3) (a) If on May 14, 2013, a building has more than one type of retail license within
1246	the building in a manner that violates Subsection (1) or (2), the one or more retail licensees
1247	may operate under the different types of retail licenses until January 1, 2015.
1248	(b) The commission shall establish by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G,
1249	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the process to be followed to determine
1250	which retail license described in Subsection (2) may continue to operate within the building on
1251	and after January 1, 2015.
1252	Section 11. Section <b>32B-5-301</b> is amended to read:
1253	32B-5-301. General operational requirements.
1254	(1) (a) A retail licensee and staff of a retail licensee shall comply with this title and the
1255	rules of the commission, including the relevant part under Chapter 6, Specific Retail License
1256	Act, for the specific type of retail license.
1257	(b) Failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a) may result in disciplinary action
1258	in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
1259	(i) a retail licensee;
1260	(ii) individual staff of a retail licensee; or
1261	(iii) both a retail licensee and staff of the retail licensee.
1262	(2) (a) If there is a conflict between this part and the relevant part under Chapter 6,
1263	Specific Retail License Act, for the specific type of retail license, the relevant part under
1264	Chapter 6 governs.
1265	(b) Notwithstanding that this part refers to "liquor" or an "alcoholic product," a retail
1266	licensee may only sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of an alcoholic product
1267	specifically authorized by the relevant part under Chapter 6, Specific Retail License Act.

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offered for sale,

or

1423 (i) an on-premise beer retailer who is not a tavern; or 1424 (ii) an airport lounge licensee. 1425 (2) A retail licensee may not transfer a retail license from one location to another 1426 location, without prior written approval of the commission. A retail licensee shall pay an 1427 application fee of \$300 to apply for the written approval of the commission under this 1428 Subsection (2). 1429 (3) (a) A person, having been issued a retail license may not sell, transfer, assign, 1430 exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the retail license to another person 1431 whether for monetary gain or not. 1432 (b) A retail license has no monetary value for any type of disposition. 1433 Section 14. Section 32B-5-311 is enacted to read: 1434 32B-5-311. Private events at retail licensee premises.  $\$ \rightarrow \$ \rightarrow [(1)] \leftarrow \$ \leftarrow \$$  Subject to  $\$ \rightarrow [Section]$  Sections  $\leftarrow \$$  32B-5-309  $\$ \rightarrow$  and 32B-6-1435 1435a **505 ←Ŝ**, a retail licensee may temporarily rent or otherwise 1435a 1436 temporarily lease its premises to a person after the hours the retail licensee may sell, offer for 1437 sale, or furnish an alcoholic product if:  $\hat{S} \rightarrow \hat{S} \rightarrow [f](1)[f][(a)] \leftarrow \hat{S} \leftarrow \hat{S}$  the person who temporarily rents or leases the licensed 1438 1438a1 premises obtains an 1438a event 1439 permit under Chapter 9, Event Permit Act, for the time period that the retail licensee rents or 1440 otherwise leases its licensed premises;  $\hat{S} \rightarrow \hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$  (2) [f] [(b)]  $\leftarrow \hat{S} \leftarrow \hat{S}$  the event for which the licensed premises are leased is not 1441 1441a1 open to the 1441a public;  $\hat{S} \rightarrow \hat{S} \rightarrow [f](3)$  [f] [f](e)  $\leftarrow \hat{S}$  the person to whom the retail licensee rents or leases the 1442 1442a1 premises agrees in 1442a writing to comply with this title as if the person is the retail licensee, except for: 1443  $\hat{S} \rightarrow \hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$  (a) [f] (fi)  $\leftarrow \hat{S} \leftarrow \hat{S}$  a requirement related to making or maintaining a record: 1444 1444a and  $\hat{S} \rightarrow \hat{S} \rightarrow [f](b) [f] [(ii)] \leftarrow \hat{S} \leftarrow \hat{S}$  the hours during which an alcoholic product may be sold, 1445

1446	<u>furnished</u> ; and
1447	$\hat{S} \rightarrow \hat{S} \rightarrow [f](4)$ [f] $[f](d)$ $\leftarrow \hat{S} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ the retail licensee takes reasonable steps to ensure that the
1447a1	person complies
1447a	<u>with</u>
1448	this section.
1448a	$\hat{S} \rightarrow \hat{S} = \hat{S} \rightarrow \hat{S} = $
1448b	otherwise temporarily lease its premises for a private event during the hours the retail -\$

1448C	3-Incensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product it:
1448d	(a) the person to whom the retail licensee rents or leases the premises agrees in writing to
1448e	comply with this title as if the person is the retail licensee, except for a requirement related to
1448f	making or maintaining a record; and
1448g	(b) the retail licensee takes reasonable steps to ensure that the person complies with this
1448h	section as provided in Subsection (2)(a). ←\$] ←\$
1449	Section 15. Section 32B-6-203 is amended to read:
1450	32B-6-203. Commission's power to issue full-service restaurant license.
1451	(1) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of
1452	an alcoholic product on its premises as a full-service restaurant, the person shall first obtain a
1453	full-service restaurant license from the commission in accordance with this part.

1454	(2) The commission may issue a full-service restaurant license to establish full-service
1455	restaurant licensed premises at places and in numbers the commission considers proper for the
1456	storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of an alcoholic product on premises
1457	operated as a full-service restaurant.
1458	(3) Subject to Section 32B-1-201:
1459	(a) The commission may not issue a total number of full-service restaurant licenses that
1460	at any time exceeds the number determined by dividing the population of the state by 4,534.
1461	(b) The commission may issue a seasonal full-service restaurant license in accordance
1462	with Section 32B-5-206.
1463	(c) (i) If the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one
1464	full-service restaurant sales location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the
1465	commission may authorize the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product at as
1466	many as three full-service restaurant locations within the hotel under one full-service restaurant
1467	license if:
1468	(A) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and
1469	(B) the locations under the full-service restaurant license are:
1470	(I) within the same hotel; and
1471	(II) on premises that are managed or operated, and owned or leased, by the full-service
1472	restaurant licensee.
1473	(ii) A facility other than a hotel shall have a separate full-service restaurant license for
1474	each full-service restaurant where an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, or furnished.
1475	(d) The commission may not issue a single full-service restaurant license to a
1476	full-service restaurant that would have licensed premises in more than one building <b>\$→ unless</b>
1476a	there is continuity in the premises between the multiple buildings after considering one or
1476b	more of the following:
1476c	(i) whether a patron would go through an unlicensed area to move from one part of the
1476d	licensed premises to a different part of the licensed premises;
1476e	(ii) whether the buildings share common food preparation facilities;
1476f	(iii) whether there is a common entrance to the licensed premises with multiple buildings; and
1476g	(iv) any other factor the commission considers relevant $\leftarrow$ $\hat{S}$ .
1477	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the commission may not issue a
1478	full-service restaurant license for premises that do not meet the proximity requirements of
1479	Section 32B-1-202.
1480	(b) With respect to the premises of a full-service restaurant license issued by the

1516	(6) (a) A full-service restaurant licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish liquor at
1517	the licensed premises on any day during the period that:
1518	(i) begins at midnight; and
1519	(ii) ends at 11:29 a.m.
1520	(b) A full-service restaurant licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer during the
1521	hours specified in Part 7, On-premise Beer Retailer License, for an on-premise beer retailer,
1522	except that a full-service restaurant licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer before
1523	11:30 a.m. on any day.
1524	(7) A full-service restaurant licensee shall maintain at least 70% of its total restaurant
1525	business from the sale of food, which does not include:
1526	(a) mix for an alcoholic product; or
1527	(b) a service charge.
1528	(8) (a) A full-service restaurant licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an
1529	alcoholic product except in connection with an order for food prepared, sold, and furnished at
1530	the licensed premises.
1531	(b) A full-service restaurant licensee shall maintain on the licensed premises adequate
1532	culinary facilities for food preparation and dining accommodations.
1533	(9) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (9), a patron may not have
1534	more than two alcoholic products of any kind at a time before the patron.
1535	(b) A patron may not have more than one spirituous liquor drink at a time before the
1536	patron.
1537	(c) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic product under
1538	Subsection (9)(a).
1539	(10) $\$ \rightarrow [\underline{(a)}] \leftarrow \$$ A patron may consume an alcoholic product only:
1540	$\hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow [f]$ (a) [f] [(i) while seated] $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}$ at:
1541	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f] (i) [f] [\underline{A}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ the patron's table;
1542	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f] (ii) [f] [\underline{fB}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a counter; or
1543	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (iii) $[f] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a seating grandfathered bar structure; and
1544	$\mathbf{\hat{S}} \rightarrow [f]$ (b) $[\frac{1}{2}] \leftarrow \mathbf{\hat{S}}$ where food is served.
1545	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{(b)}]$ A patron may not be served or consume an alcoholic product anywhere on the

licensed premises other than at a location described in Subsection (10)(a) regardless of its←Ŝ

## 1547 \$→proximity to a location described in Subsection (10)(a).] ←\$

- (11) (a) A full-service restaurant licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an alcoholic product to a patron, and a patron may not consume an alcoholic product at a bar structure that is not a seating grandfathered bar structure.
- 1551 (b) At a seating grandfathered bar structure a patron who is 21 years of age or older 1552 may:
- 1553 (i) sit;

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- 1554 (ii) be furnished an alcoholic product; and
- 1555 (iii) consume an alcoholic product.
- 1556 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(d), at a seating grandfathered bar structure a 1557 full-service restaurant licensee may not permit a minor to, and a minor may not:
- 1558 (i) sit; or
- 1559 (ii) consume food or beverages.
- 1560 (d) (i) A minor may be at a seating grandfathered bar structure if the minor is employed 1561 by a full-service restaurant licensee:
  - (A) as provided in Subsection 32B-5-308(2); or
- 1563 (B) to perform maintenance and cleaning services during an hour when the full-service 1564 restaurant licensee is not open for business.
  - (ii) A minor may momentarily pass by a seating grandfathered bar structure without remaining or sitting at the bar structure en route to an area of a full-service restaurant licensee's premises in which the minor is permitted to be.
  - (12) Except as provided in Subsection 32B-5-307(3), a full-service restaurant licensee may dispense an alcoholic product only if:
    - (a) the alcoholic product is dispensed from:
- 1571 (i) a grandfathered bar structure;
- 1572 (ii) an area adjacent to a grandfathered bar structure that is visible to a patron sitting at 1573 the grandfathered bar structure if that area is used to dispense an alcoholic product as of May 1574 12, 2009; or
- 1575 (iii) an area that is:
- 1576 (A) separated from an area for the consumption of food by a patron by a solid, 1577 translucent, permanent structural barrier such that the facilities for the storage or dispensing of

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1578	an alcoholic product are:
1579	(I) not readily visible to a patron; and
1580	(II) not accessible by a patron; and
1581	(B) apart from an area used:
1582	(I) for dining;
1583	(II) for staging; or
1584	(III) as a lobby or waiting area;
1585	(b) the full-service restaurant licensee uses an alcoholic product that is:
1586	(i) stored in an area described in Subsection (12)(a); or
1587	(ii) in an area not described in Subsection (12)(a) on the licensed premises and:
1588	(A) immediately before the alcoholic product is dispensed it is in an unopened
1589	container;
1590	(B) the unopened container is taken to an area described in Subsection (12)(a) before it
1591	is opened; and
1592	(C) once opened, the container is stored in an area described in Subsection (12)(a); and
1593	(c) any instrument or equipment used to dispense alcoholic product is located in an
1594	area described in Subsection (12)(a).
1595	(13) A full-service restaurant licensee may state in a food or alcoholic product menu a
1596	charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of liquor including:
1597	(a) a set-up charge;
1598	(b) a service charge; or
1599	(c) a chilling fee.
1600	(14) Except as provided in Subsection 32B-5-307(3)(d) and notwithstanding
1601	Subsection 32B-6-706(4), a full-service restaurant licensee may not allow a patron to remove a
1602	container containing an alcoholic product from the licensed premises of the full-service
1603	restaurant unless the full-service restaurant licensee holds a package agency under which the
1604	full-service restaurant licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish sealed containers of an
1605	alcoholic product.
1605a	\$→ (15) Subject to Section 32B-5-309, a full-service restaurant licensee may not temporarily
1605b	rent or otherwise temporarily lease its premises to a person unless:
1605c	(a) the person to whom the full-service restaurant licensee rents or leases the premises
1605d	agrees in writing to comply with this title as if the person is the full-service restaurant licensee,
1605e	except for a requirement related to making or maintaining a record; and
1605f	(b) the full-service restaurant licensee takes reasonable steps to ensure that the

1605g	person complies with this title as provided in Subsection (15)(a).
1606	Section 17. Section 32B-6-303 is amended to read:
1607	32B-6-303. Commission's power to issue limited-service restaurant license.
1608	(1) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of

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more of the following:

1609	wine, heavy beer, or beer on its premises as a limited-service restaurant, the person shall first
1610	obtain a limited-service restaurant license from the commission in accordance with this part.
1611	(2) (a) The commission may issue a limited-service restaurant license to establish
1612	limited-service restaurant licensed premises at places and in numbers the commission considers
1613	proper for the storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of wine, heavy beer, or
1614	beer on premises operated as a limited-service restaurant.
1615	(b) A person may not sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of the
1616	following on the licensed premises of a limited-service restaurant licensee:
1617	(i) spirituous liquor; or
1618	(ii) a flavored malt beverage.
1619	(3) Subject to Section 32B-1-201:
1620	(a) The commission may not issue a total number of limited-service restaurant licenses
1621	that at any time exceeds the number determined by dividing the population of the state by
1622	7,493.
1623	(b) The commission may issue a seasonal limited-service restaurant license in
1624	accordance with Section 32B-5-206.
1625	(c) (i) If the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one
1626	limited-service restaurant sales location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the
1627	commission may authorize the sale of wine, heavy beer, and beer at as many as three
1628	limited-service restaurant locations within the hotel under one limited-service restaurant license
1629	if:
1630	(A) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and
1631	(B) the locations under the limited-service restaurant license are:
1632	(I) within the same hotel; and
1633	(II) on premises that are managed or operated, and owned or leased, by the
1634	limited-service restaurant licensee.
1635	(ii) A facility other than a hotel shall have a separate limited-service restaurant license
1636	for each limited-service restaurant where wine, heavy beer, or beer is sold, offered for sale, or
1637	furnished.
1638	(d) The commission may not issue a single limited-service restaurant license to a
1639	limited-service restaurant that would have licensed premises in more than one building <b>\$\rightarrow\underline{\text{unless}}</b>
1639a	there is continuity in the premises between the multiple buildings after considering one or

(i) whether a patron would go through an unlicensed area to move from one part of  $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ 

1639d	<b>\$→</b> the licensed premises to a different part of the licensed premises;
1639e	(ii) whether the buildings share common food preparation facilities;
1639f	(iii) whether there is a common entrance to the licensed premises with multiple buildings; and
1639g	(iv) any other factor the commission considers relevant←Ŝ.

1702 Subsection (9)(a). 1703 (10)  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [(a)] \leftarrow \hat{S}$  A patron may consume an alcoholic product only:  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f] (a) [f]$  (i) while seated  $\leftarrow \hat{S}$  at: 1704 1705  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f](i)[f][(A)] \leftarrow \hat{S}$  the patron's table;  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f] (ii) [f] [\underline{B}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$  a counter; or 1706  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$  (iii) [f] [C)  $\leftarrow \hat{S}$  a seating grandfathered bar structure; and 1707  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$  (b) [f]  $[\underline{fii}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$  where food is served. 1708 1709 \$→ [(b) A patron may not be served or consume an alcoholic product anywhere on the licensed premises other than at a location described in Subsection (10)(a) regardless of its **1710** 1711 proximity to a location described in Subsection (10)(a).] \(\bigsim\) 1712 (11) (a) A limited-service restaurant licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish an 1713 alcoholic product to a patron, and a patron may not consume an alcoholic product at a bar 1714 structure that is not a seating grandfathered bar structure. 1715 (b) At a seating grandfathered bar structure a patron who is 21 years of age or older 1716 may: 1717 (i) sit: 1718 (ii) be furnished an alcoholic product; and 1719 (iii) consume an alcoholic product. 1720 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(d), at a seating grandfathered bar structure a 1721 limited-service restaurant licensee may not permit a minor to, and a minor may not: 1722 (i) sit; or 1723 (ii) consume food or beverages. 1724 (d) (i) A minor may be at a seating grandfathered bar structure if the minor is employed 1725 by a limited-service restaurant licensee: 1726 (A) as provided in Subsection 32B-5-308(2); or 1727 (B) to perform maintenance and cleaning services during an hour when the limited-service restaurant licensee is not open for business. 1728 1729 (ii) A minor may momentarily pass by a seating grandfathered bar structure without 1730 remaining or sitting at the bar structure en route to an area of a limited-service restaurant 1731 licensee's premises in which the minor is permitted to be.

(12) Except as provided in Subsection 32B-5-307(3), a limited-service restaurant

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1764	(c) a chilling fee.
1765	(14) Except as provided in Subsection 32B-5-307(3)(d) and notwithstanding
1766	Subsection 32B-6-706(4), a limited-service restaurant licensee may not allow a patron to
1767	remove a container containing an alcoholic product from the licensed premises of the
1768	limited-service restaurant unless the limited-service restaurant licensee holds a package agency
1769	under which the limited-service restaurant licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish sealed
1770	containers of an alcoholic product.
1770a	\$→ (15) Subject to Section 32B-5-309, a limited-service restaurant licensee may not
1770b	temporarily rent or otherwise temporarily lease its premises to a person unless:
1770c	(a) the person to whom the limited-service restaurant licensee rents or leases the
1770d	premises agrees in writing to comply with this title as if the person is the limited-service
1770e	restaurant licensee, except for a requirement related to making or maintaining a record; and
1770f	(b) the limited-service restaurant licensee takes reasonable steps to ensure that the
1770g	person complies with this title as provided in Subsection (15)(a). +\$
1771	Section 19. Section 32B-6-903 is amended to read:
1772	32B-6-903. Commission's power to issue beer-only restaurant license.
1773	(1) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of
1774	beer on its premises as a beer-only restaurant, the person shall first obtain a beer-only
1775	restaurant license from the commission in accordance with this part.
1776	(2) (a) The commission may issue a beer-only restaurant license to establish beer-only
1777	restaurant licensed premises at places and in numbers the commission considers proper for the
1778	storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of beer on premises operated as a
1779	beer-only restaurant.
1780	(b) A person may not sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of liquor on
1781	the licensed premises of a beer-only restaurant licensee.
1782	(3) (a) Only one beer-only restaurant license is required for each building or resort
1783	facility owned or leased by the same person.
1784	(b) A separate license is not required for each beer-only restaurant license dispensing
1785	location in the same building or on the same resort premises owned or operated by the same
1786	person.
1787	(c) Except as provided in Subsections (3)(a) and (b), the commission may not issue a
1788	single beer-only restaurant license to a beer-only restaurant that would have licensed premises
1789	in more than one building $\hat{S} \rightarrow$ unless there is continuity in the premises between the multiple
1789a	buildings after considering one or more of the following:
1789b	(i) whether a patron would go through an unlicensed area to move from one part of the
1789c	licensed premises to a different part of the licensed premises;

(ii) whether the buildings share common food preparation facilities;

1789e	(iii) whether there is a common entrance to the licensed premises with multiple buildings; and
1789f	(iv) any other factor the commission considers relevant $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ .
1790	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) or (c), the commission may not issue a
1791	beer-only restaurant license for premises that do not meet the proximity requirements of
1792	Section 32B-1-202.
1793	(b) With respect to the premises of a beer-only restaurant license issued by the
1794	commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission shall waive or vary the

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- shall store beer in a storage area described in Subsection (12)(a).

  (4) (a) An individual who serves beer in a beer-only restaurant licensee's premises shall make a written beverage tab for each table or group that orders or consumes an alcoholic product on the premises.
  - (b) A beverage tab required by this Subsection (4) shall list the type and amount of beer ordered or consumed.
  - (5) A person's willingness to serve beer may not be made a condition of employment as a server with a beer-only restaurant licensee.
  - (6) A beer-only restaurant licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer during the hours specified in Part 7, On-premise Beer Retailer License, for an on-premise beer retailer, except that a beer-only restaurant licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer before 11:30 a.m. on any day.
  - (7) A beer-only restaurant licensee shall maintain at least 70% of its total restaurant business from the sale of food, which does not include a service charge.
    - (8) (a) A beer-only restaurant may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer except in connection with an order for food prepared, sold, and furnished at the licensed premises.
  - (b) A beer-only restaurant shall maintain on the licensed premises adequate culinary facilities for food preparation and dining accommodations.
    - (9) A patron may not have more than two beers at a time before the patron.
- 1845 (10)  $\hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{(a)}} + \hat{\mathbf{S}}$  A patron may consume a beer only:
- 1846  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f](a)[f][\underline{(i)} \text{ while seated}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$  at:
- 1847  $\hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow [f] (i) [f] [\underline{(A)}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}$  the patron's table;
- 1848  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f] (ii) [f] [\underline{(B)}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$  a grandfathered bar structure; or
- 1849  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$  (iii) [f] [f] (C) a counter; and
- 1850  $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f](b)[f][\underline{(ii)}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$  where food is served.
- 1854 (11) (a) A beer-only restaurant licensee may not sell, offer for sale, or furnish a beer to a patron, and a patron may not consume an alcoholic product at a bar structure.
  - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (11)(a), at a grandfathered bar structure, a patron who

1888	described in Subsection (12)(a).
1889	(13) Notwithstanding Subsection 32B-6-706(4), a beer-only restaurant licensee may
1890	not allow a patron to remove a container containing an alcoholic product from the licensed
1891	premises of the beer-only restaurant unless the beer-only restaurant licensee holds a package
1892	agency under which the beer-only restaurant licensee may sell, offer for sale, or furnish sealed
1893	containers of beer.
1893a	$\hat{S} \rightarrow (14)$ Subject to Section 32B-5-309, a beer-only restaurant licensee may not temporarily
893b	rent or otherwise temporarily lease its premises to a person unless:
1893c	(a) the person to whom the beer-only restaurant licensee rents or leases the premises
893d	agrees in writing to comply with this title as if the person is the beer-only restaurant licensee,
1893e	except for a requirement related to making or maintaining a record; and
1893f	(b) the beer-only restaurant licensee takes reasonable steps to ensure that the person
1893g	complies with this title as provided in Subsection (14)(a). ←Ŝ
1894	Section 21. Section 32B-8-304 is amended to read:
1895	32B-8-304. Specific operational requirements for resort spa sublicense.
1896	(1) (a) In addition to complying with Chapter 5, Part 3, Retail Licensee Operational
1897	Requirements, a resort licensee, staff of the resort licensee, or a person otherwise related to a
1898	resort spa sublicense shall comply with this section.
1899	(b) Subject to Section 32B-8-502, failure to comply as provided in Subsection (1)(a)
1900	may result in disciplinary action in accordance with Chapter 3, Disciplinary Actions and
1901	Enforcement Act, against:
1902	(i) a retail licensee;
1903	(ii) staff of the retail licensee;
1904	(iii) a person otherwise related to a resort spa sublicense; or
1905	(iv) any combination of the persons listed in this Subsection (1)(b).
1906	(2) (a) For purposes of the resort spa sublicense, the resort licensee shall ensure that a
1907	record required by this title is maintained, and a record is maintained or used for the resort spa
1908	sublicense:
1909	(i) as the department requires; and
1910	(ii) for a minimum period of three years.
1911	(b) A record is subject to inspection by an authorized representative of the commission
1912	and the department.

conditions:

1950	Subsection (6).
1951	(7) (a) An alcoholic product may only be consumed $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\frac{\text{while sitting}}{\hat{S}}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ at a table or
1951a	counter.
1952	$\hat{S} \Rightarrow [\underline{A \text{ patron may not consume an alcoholic product anywhere on the sublicensed premises other}]$
1953	than at a location described in this Subsection (7)(a) regardless of its proximity to a location
1954	<u>described in this Subsection (7)(a).</u> ] ←Ŝ
1955	(b) An alcoholic product may not be served to or consumed by a patron at a bar.
1956	(8) (a) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense shall have available on the
1957	resort spa sublicense premises for a patron to review at the time that the patron requests it, a
1958	written alcoholic product price list or a menu containing the price of an alcoholic product sold
1959	or furnished by the resort spa including:
1960	(i) a set-up charge;
1961	(ii) a service charge; or
1962	(iii) a chilling fee.
1963	(b) A charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of liquor
1964	may be stated in food or alcoholic product menus including:
1965	(i) a set-up charge;
1966	(ii) a service charge; or
1967	(iii) a chilling fee.
1968	(9) (a) A resort licensee shall own or lease premises suitable for the resort spa's
1969	activities.
1970	(b) A resort licensee may not maintain premises in a manner that barricades or conceals
1971	the resort spa sublicense's operation.
1972	(10) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a person operating under a resort
1973	spa sublicense may not sell an alcoholic product to or allow a person to be admitted to or use
1974	the resort spa sublicense premises other than:
1975	(a) a resident;
1976	(b) a public customer who holds a valid customer card issued under Subsection (12); or
1977	(c) an invitee.
1978	(11) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense may allow an individual to be
1979	admitted to or use the resort spa sublicense premises as an invitee subject to the following