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DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE AMENDMENTS
2013 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Scott K. Jenkins
House Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Traffic Code by amending provisions relating to driving under the
influence.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
• establishes minimum hours that a court shall require a person to participate in home
confinement, if the court orders home confinement through the use of electronic
monitoring for a first, second, or felony driving under the influence offense;
 provides that a court may order the imposition of an ankle attached continuous
transdermal alcohol monitoring device as a condition of probation if a person is
convicted of a driving under the influence violation and there is admissible evidence
that the person had a blood alcohol level of .16 or higher; and
makes technical corrections.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
41-6a-505 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 2

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30	Section 1. Section 41-6a-505 is amended to read:
31	41-6a-505. Sentencing requirements for driving under the influence of alcohol,
32	drugs, or a combination of both violations.
33	(1) As part of any sentence for a first conviction of Section 41-6a-502:
34	(a) the court shall:
35	(i) (A) impose a jail sentence of not less than 48 consecutive hours;
36	(B) require the person to work in a compensatory-service work program for not less
37	than 48 hours; or
38	(C) require the person to participate in home confinement of not fewer than 48
39	consecutive hours through the use of electronic monitoring in accordance with Section
40	41-6a-506;
41	(ii) order the person to participate in a screening;
42	(iii) order the person to participate in an assessment, if it is found appropriate by a
43	screening under Subsection (1)(a)(ii);
44	(iv) order the person to participate in an educational series if the court does not order
45	substance abuse treatment as described under Subsection (1)(b);
46	(v) impose a fine of not less than \$700; and
47	(vi) order probation for the person in accordance with Section 41-6a-507, if there is
48	admissible evidence that the person had a blood alcohol level of .16 or higher; and
49	(b) the court may:
50	(i) order the person to obtain substance abuse treatment if the substance abuse
51	treatment program determines that substance abuse treatment is appropriate; or
52	(ii) order probation for the person in accordance with Section 41-6a-507.
53	(2) If a person is convicted under Section 41-6a-502 within 10 years of a prior
54	conviction as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2):
55	(a) the court shall:
56	(i) (A) impose a jail sentence of not less than 240 consecutive hours;
57	(B) require the person to work in a compensatory-service work program for not less

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58	than 240 hours; or
59	(C) require the person to participate in home confinement of not fewer than 240
60	consecutive hours through the use of electronic monitoring in accordance with Section
61	41-6a-506;
62	(ii) order the person to participate in a screening;
63	(iii) order the person to participate in an assessment, if it is found appropriate by a
64	screening under Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
65	(iv) order the person to participate in an educational series if the court does not order
66	substance abuse treatment as described under Subsection (2)(b);
67	(v) impose a fine of not less than \$800; and
68	(vi) order probation for the person in accordance with Section 41-6a-507; and
69	(b) the court may order the person to obtain substance abuse treatment if the substance
70	abuse treatment program determines that substance abuse treatment is appropriate.
71	(3) Under Subsection 41-6a-503(2), if the court suspends the execution of a prison
72	sentence and places the defendant on probation:
73	(a) the court shall impose:
74	(i) a fine of not less than \$1,500;
75	(ii) a jail sentence of not less than 1,500 hours;
76	(iii) supervised probation; and
77	(iv) an order requiring the person to obtain a screening and assessment and substance
78	abuse treatment at a substance abuse treatment program providing intensive care or inpatient
79	treatment and long-term closely supervised follow-through after treatment for not less than 240
80	hours; and
81	(b) in lieu of Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the court may require the person to participate in
82	home confinement of not fewer than 1,500 hours through the use of electronic monitoring in
83	accordance with Section 41-6a-506.
84	(4) (a) The requirements of Subsections (1)(a), (2)(a), and (3)(a) may not be suspended
85	(b) Probation or parole resulting from a conviction for a violation under this section

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50	may not be terminated.
37	(5) If a person is convicted of a violation of Section 41-6a-502 and there is admissible
88	evidence that the person had a blood alcohol level of .16 or higher, the court shall order the
39	following, or describe on record why the order or orders are not appropriate:
90	(a) treatment as described under Subsection (1)(b), (2)(b), or (3)(a)(iv); and
91	(b) one or [both] more of the following:
92	(i) the installation of an ignition interlock system as a condition of probation for the
93	person in accordance with Section 41-6a-518; [or]
94	(ii) the imposition of an ankle attached continuous transdermal alcohol monitoring
95	device as a condition of probation for the person; or
96	[(iii)] (iii) the imposition of home confinement through the use of electronic monitoring
97	in accordance with Section 41-6a-506