57	child.
58	[(e)] (f) "Uninterrupted time" means parent-time exercised by one parent without
59	interruption at any time by the presence of the other parent.
60	[(f)] (g) "Virtual parent-time" means parent-time facilitated by tools such as telephone,
61	email, instant messaging, video conferencing, and other wired or wireless technologies over the
62	Internet or other communication media to supplement in-person visits between a noncustodial
63	parent and a child or between a child and the custodial parent when the child is staying with the
64	noncustodial parent. Virtual parent-time is designed to supplement, not replace, in-person
65	parent-time.
66	(4) If a parent relocates because of an act of domestic violence or family violence by
67	the other parent, the court shall make specific findings and orders with regards to the
68	application of Section 30-3-37.
69	Section 2. Section 30-3-34.5 is enacted to read:
70	30-3-34.5. Supervised parent-time.
71	(1) \$→ [H] Considering the fundamental liberty interests of parents and children, it ←\$
71a	is the policy of this state that divorcing parents have unrestricted and
72	unsupervised access to their children \$→ [, however when]. When ←\$ necessary to protect a child
72a	and no less
73	restrictive means is reasonably available \$→ however ←\$, a court may order supervised
73a	parent-time if the court
74	finds evidence that the child would be subject to physical, \$→ [psychological,] ←\$ or emotional
74a	<u>harm or</u>
75	child abuse, as described in Section 76-5-109, from the noncustodial parent if left unsupervised
76	with the noncustodial parent.
77	(2) A court that orders supervised parent-time shall give preference to persons
78	suggested by the parties to supervise, including relatives. If the court finds that the persons
79	suggested by the parties are willing to supervise, and are capable of protecting the children
80	from physical, $\hat{S} \rightarrow [psychological] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or emotional harm, or child abuse, the court shall authorize
80a	<u>the</u>
81	persons to supervise parent-time.
82	(3) If the court is unable to authorize any persons to supervise parent-time pursuant to
83	Subsection (2), the court may require that the noncustodial parent seek the services of a
84	professional individual or agency to exercise their supervised parent-time.
85	(4) At the time supervised parent-time is \$→ [awarded] imposed ←\$, the court shall
85a	consider:
86	(a) whether the cost of professional or agency services is likely to prevent the
87	noncustodial parent from exercising parent-time; and