	ENERGY EFFICIENT VEHICLE TAX CREDITS
)	2014 GENERAL SESSION
,	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: V. Lowry Snow
	Senate Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
,	LONG TITLE
}	General Description:
	This bill addresses tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>modifies the amount of tax credit that may be claimed for the purchase of certain</li> </ul>
	energy efficient vehicles; and
	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2015.
	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
	AMENDS:
	59-7-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 184
	59-10-1009, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 184
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>59-7-605</b> is amended to read:
	59-7-605. Definitions Tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.
,	(1) As used in this section:



28	(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
29	the standards established in[: (i) bin 2 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6); or (ii)
30	for a new qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle, as defined in Section 30D, Internal
31	Revenue Code, bin 4 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
32	(b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created under Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
33	Conservation Act.
34	(c) "Certified by the board" means that:
35	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
36	following criteria:
37	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
38	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
39	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
40	and
41	(B) as a result of the installation of conversion equipment on the motor vehicle, the
42	motor vehicle has reduced emissions; or
43	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed has
44	reduced emissions.
45	(d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant awarded under Title 19, Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean
46	Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for reimbursement of a portion of the incremental
47	cost of an OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
48	(e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment referred to in Subsection (2)(c) or (d).
49	(f) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
50	(g) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled or
51	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
52	(h) "Qualifying electric [or hybrid] vehicle" means a vehicle that:
53	(i) meets air quality standards;
54	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
55	(iii) is fueled by[: (A)] electricity only; [or] and
56	[(B) a combination of electricity and diesel fuel, gasoline, a mixture of gasoline and
57	ethanol, or propane; and]
58	(iv) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in

59	Subsection (1)(h)(iii).
60	(i) "Qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:
61	(i) meets air quality standards;
62	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
63	(iii) has a battery capacity that meets or exceeds the battery capacity described in
64	Section 30D(b)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
65	(iv) is fueled by a combination of electricity and diesel fuel, gasoline, a mixture of
66	gasoline and ethanol, or propane.
67	[(i)] (j) "Reduced emissions" means:
68	(i) for purposes of a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed,
69	that the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel listed in
70	Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of the
71	conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
72	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
73	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board;
74	(B) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment,
75	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway
76	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using;
77	(C) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section
78	19-1-406, testing that as a result of the retrofit, the retrofit natural gas vehicle satisfies the
79	emission standards applicable under Section 19-1-406; or
80	(D) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
81	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
82	(ii) for purposes of special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been
83	installed, that the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
84	on fuels listed in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the
85	installation of conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
86	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
87	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board; or
88	(B) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
89	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

90	[ <del>(j)</del> ] (k) "Special mobile equipment":
91	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle that is not designed or used primarily for
92	the transportation of persons or property; and
93	(ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment.
94	(2) For the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, [2014] 2015, but beginning or
95	or before December 31, [2014] 2015, a taxpayer may claim a tax credit against tax otherwise
96	due under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required
97	to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in an amount equal to:
98	(a) (i) [\$605] for the original purchase of a new qualifying electric [or hybrid] vehicle
99	that is registered in this state[;], the lesser of:
100	(A) \$2,500; or
101	(B) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle; or
102	(ii) for the original purchase of a new qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle that is
103	registered in this state, \$1,250;
104	(b) for the purchase of a vehicle fueled by natural gas that is registered in this state, the
105	lesser of:
106	(i) \$2,500; or
107	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
108	(c) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a motor
109	vehicle registered in this state minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a
110	maximum tax credit of \$2,500 per motor vehicle, if the motor vehicle is to:
111	(i) be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
112	(ii) be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be at
113	least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
114	(iii) meet the federal clean-fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
115	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.; [and]
116	(d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a special
117	mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a maximum
118	tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the special mobile equipment is to
119	be fueled by:
120	(i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or

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121	(ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:
122	(A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection (2)(d)(i);
123	or
124	(B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which the
125	engine was originally designed[]; and
126	(e) for a lease of a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b), an amount equal to the
127	product of:
128	(i) the amount of tax credit the taxpayer would otherwise qualify to claim under
129	Subsection (2)(a) or (b) had the taxpayer purchased the vehicle, except that the purchase price
130	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) or (2)(b)(ii) is considered to be the value of the vehicle at
131	the beginning of the lease; and
132	(ii) a percentage calculated by:
133	(A) determining the difference between the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the
134	lease, as stated in the lease agreement, and the value of the vehicle at the end of the lease, as
135	stated in the lease agreement; and
136	(B) dividing the difference determined under Subsection (2)(e)(ii)(A) by the value of
137	the vehicle at the beginning of the lease, as stated in the lease agreement.
138	(3) (a) The board shall:
139	(i) determine the amount of tax credit a taxpayer is allowed under this section; and
140	(ii) provide the taxpayer with a written certification of the amount of tax credit the
141	taxpayer is allowed under this section.
142	[(3)] (b) A taxpayer shall provide proof of the purchase or lease of an item for which a
143	tax credit is allowed under this section by:
144	[(a)] (i) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;
145	[(b)] (ii) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the
146	proof; and
147	$[\frac{(c)}{(iii)}]$ retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
148	(c) A taxpayer shall retain the written certification described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
149	(4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed
150	only:
151	(a) against a tax owed under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain

152	Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in the taxable year
153	by the taxpayer;
154	(b) for the taxable year in which [an item] a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or
155	(b) is purchased, a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(e) is leased, or conversion equipment
156	described in Subsection (2)(c) or (d) is installed; and
157	(c) once per vehicle.
158	(5) A taxpayer may not assign a tax credit under this section to another person.
159	[(5)] (6) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a taxpayer under this section exceeds
160	the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain
161	Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, for a taxable year,
162	the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period that
163	does not exceed the next five taxable years.
164	[(6)] (7) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
165	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(8)</u> , the commission shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the
166	Education Fund the amount by which the amount of tax credit claimed under this section for a
167	taxable year exceeds \$500,000.
168	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
169	Act, the commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the
170	Education Fund as required by Subsection [(6)] (7).
171	Section 2. Section <b>59-10-1009</b> is amended to read:
172	59-10-1009. Definitions Tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.
173	(1) As used in this section:
174	(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
175	the standards established in [: (i) bin 2 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6); or (ii)
176	for a new qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle, as defined in Section 30D, Internal
177	Revenue Code,] bin 4 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
178	(b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created in Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
179	Conservation Act.
180	(c) "Certified by the board" means that:
181	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
182	following criteria:

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183	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
184	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
185	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
186	and
187	(B) as a result of the installation of conversion equipment on the motor vehicle, the
188	motor vehicle has reduced emissions; or
189	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed has
190	reduced emissions.
191	(d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant a claimant, estate, or trust receives under Title 19
192	Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for reimbursement of a
193	portion of the incremental cost of the OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
194	(e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment referred to in Subsection (2)(c) or (d).
195	(f) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
196	(g) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled or
197	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
198	(h) "Qualifying electric [or hybrid] vehicle" means a vehicle that:
199	(i) meets air quality standards;
200	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
201	(iii) is fueled by[:(A)] electricity only; [or] and
202	[(B) a combination of electricity and diesel fuel, gasoline, a mixture of gasoline and
203	ethanol, or propane; and]
204	(iv) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in
205	Subsection (1)(h)(iii).
206	(i) "Qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:
207	(i) meets air quality standards;
208	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
209	(iii) has a battery capacity that meets or exceeds the battery capacity described in
210	Section 30D(b)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
211	(iv) is fueled by a combination of electricity and diesel fuel, gasoline, a mixture of
212	gasoline and ethanol, or propane.
213	[(i)] (j) "Reduced emissions" means:

214	(i) for purposes of a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed,
215	that the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel listed in
216	Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of the
217	conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
218	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
219	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board;
220	(B) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment,
221	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway
222	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using;
223	(C) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section
224	19-1-406, testing that as a result of the retrofit, the retrofit natural gas vehicle satisfies the
225	emission standards applicable under Section 19-1-406; or
226	(D) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
227	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
228	(ii) for purposes of special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been
229	installed, that the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
230	on fuels listed in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the
231	installation of conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
232	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
233	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board; or
234	(B) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
235	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
236	[ <del>(j)</del> ] (k) "Special mobile equipment":
237	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle not designed or used primarily for the
238	transportation of persons or property; and
239	(ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment.
240	(2) For the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, [2014] 2015, but beginning on
241	or before December 31, [2014] 2015, a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a nonrefundable tax
242	credit against tax otherwise due under this chapter in an amount equal to:

(a) (i) [\$605] for the original purchase of a new qualifying electric [or hybrid] vehicle

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that is registered in this state[;], the lesser of:

245	(A) \$2,500; or
246	(B) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle; or
247	(ii) for the original purchase of a new qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle that is
248	registered in this state, \$1,250;
249	(b) for the purchase of a vehicle fueled by natural gas that is registered in this state, the
250	lesser of:
251	(i) \$2,500; or
252	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
253	(c) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a motor
254	vehicle registered in this state minus the amount of any clean fuel conversion grant received, up
255	to a maximum tax credit of \$2,500 per vehicle, if the motor vehicle:
256	(i) is to be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
257	(ii) is to be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be
258	at least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
259	(iii) will meet the federal clean fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
260	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.; [and]
261	(d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a special
262	mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel conversion grant received, up to a
263	maximum tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the special mobile
264	equipment is to be fueled by:
265	(i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or
266	(ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:
267	(A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection (2)(d)(i);
268	or
269	(B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which the
270	engine was originally designed[-]; and
271	(e) for a lease of a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b), an amount equal to the
272	product of:
273	(i) the amount of tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust would otherwise qualify to
274	claim under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) had the claimant, estate, or trust purchased the vehicle,
275	except that the purchase price described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) or (2)(b)(ii) is considered to

276	be the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease; and
277	(ii) a percentage calculated by:
278	(A) determining the difference between the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the
279	lease, as stated in the lease agreement, and the value of the vehicle at the end of the lease, as
280	stated in the lease agreement; and
281	(B) dividing the difference determined under Subsection (2)(e)(ii)(A) by the value of
282	the vehicle at the beginning of the lease, as stated in the lease agreement.
283	(3) (a) The board shall:
284	(i) determine the amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust is allowed under this
285	section; and
286	(ii) provide the claimant, estate, or trust with a written certification of the amount of
287	tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust is allowed under this section.
288	[(3)] (b) A claimant, estate, or trust shall provide proof of the purchase or lease of an
289	item for which a tax credit is allowed under this section by:
290	[(a)] (i) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;
291	[(b)] (ii) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the
292	proof; and
293	[(c)] (iii) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
294	(c) A claimant, estate, or trust shall retain the written certification described in
295	Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
296	(4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed
297	only:
298	(a) against a tax owed under this chapter in the taxable year by the claimant, estate, or
299	trust;
300	(b) for the taxable year in which [an item] a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or
301	(b) is purchased, a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(e) is leased, or conversion equipment
302	described in Subsection (2)(c) or (d) is installed; and
303	(c) once per vehicle.
304	(5) A claimant, estate, or trust may not assign a tax credit under this section to another
305	person.
306	[(5)] (6) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under this

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307	section exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable
308	year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period
309	that does not exceed the next five taxable years.
310	[(6)] (7) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
311	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(8)</u> , the commission shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the
312	Education Fund the amount by which the amount of tax credit claimed under this section for a
313	taxable year exceeds \$500,000.
314	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
315	Act, the commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the
316	Education Fund as required by Subsection [ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(7)</u> .
317	Section 3. Effective date.
318	This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2015.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-22-14 2:03 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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