REGULATION OF ELECTRONIC CIGARETTES
2014 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Paul Ray
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends the Utah Health Code, Utah Criminal Code, and the Utah Tax Code to
modify and add provisions related to electronic cigarettes.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 prohibits a person from selling an electronic cigarette product without a license
from the State Tax Commission;
 prohibits a person from selling an electronic cigarette product that contains nicotine
that is not pharmaceutical-grade nicotine;
 prohibits a person from advertising an electronic cigarette product as a cigarette or
tobacco product cessation device;
 directs the State Tax Commission to issue licenses to sell an electronic cigarette
product under certain conditions;
 provides that the State Tax Commission can revoke a person's license to sell an
electronic cigarette product if the person sells an electronic cigarette to an individual
who is less than 19 years of age;

• directs the Department of Health to establish quality control and manufacturing



standards for electronic cigarette products;

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26	 prohibits a person from selling an electronic cigarette product that is not
27	manufactured in accordance with Department of Health standards;
28	 prohibits a business owner from allowing a minor to use an electronic cigarette in
29	the business;
30	 prohibits a person from ordering electronic cigarette products by mail, phone, or
31	Internet without a license;
32	 prohibits an individual who is less than 19 years of age from buying, attempting to
33	buy, or possessing an electronic cigarette product; and
34	makes technical and conforming amendments.
35	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
36	None
37	Other Special Clauses:
38	None
39	Utah Code Sections Affected:
40	AMENDS:
41	26-42-102 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 319
42	26-42-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 96
43	26-42-106 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 319
44	59-14-509 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 341
45	76-10-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
46	76-10-103 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196
47	76-10-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
48	76-10-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
49	76-10-105.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
50	76-10-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
51	77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276
52	ENACTS:
53	26-55-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	26-55-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	26-55-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	59-14a-101 . Utah Code Annotated 1953

59-14a-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 26-42-102 is amended to read:
26-42-102. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Commission" means the Utah State Tax Commission.
(2) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 26-55-102.
[(2)] (3) "Employee" means an employee of a licensee.
[(3)] (4) "Enforcing agency" means the state Department of Health, or any local health
department enforcing the provisions of this chapter.
(5) "License" [to sell tobacco" or "license"] means a license issued <u>under</u> :
(a) [under] Section [59-14-201] <u>59-14-202</u> to sell cigarettes at retail; [or]
(b) [under] Section 59-14-301 to sell tobacco products at retail[:]; or
(c) Section 59-14a-103 to sell an electronic cigarette product.
[(4)] <u>(6)</u> "Licensee" means a person licensed <u>under</u> :
(a) [under] Section [59-14-201] <u>59-14-202</u> to sell cigarettes at retail; [or]
(b) [under] Section 59-14-301 to sell tobacco products at retail[:]; or
(c) Section 59-14a-103 to sell an electronic cigarette product.
[(6)] (7) "Tobacco" means cigarettes or tobacco products as defined in Section
59-14-102.
Section 2. Section 26-42-103 is amended to read:
26-42-103. Violations and penalties Imposition by enforcing agency and tax
commission.
(1) If, following an investigation or issuance of a citation or information under Section
77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines under Section 26-42-104 that a licensee or any
employee has sold tobacco or an electronic cigarette product to a person younger than 19 years
of age, as prohibited by Section 76-10-104, the enforcing agency may impose upon the licensee
the following administrative penalties:
(a) upon the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$300;

- (b) upon a second violation at the same retail location, and within 12 months of the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$750; and
 - (c) upon a third or subsequent violation at the same retail location and within 12 months of the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$1,000.
 - (2) The enforcing agency shall notify the commission in writing of any order or order of default finding a violation of Subsection (1) which is a third or fourth violation.
 - (3) The commission, upon receipt of the written notification under Subsection (2), shall take action under Section 59-14-203.5 [or], 59-14-301.5, or 59-14a-103 against the license [to sell tobacco]:
 - (a) by suspending <u>each of</u> the licensee's [<u>license to sell tobacco</u>] <u>licenses</u> at that location for not more than 30 days, upon receipt of notification of a third violation under Subsection (1)(c); and
 - (b) by revoking <u>each of</u> the [<u>license to sell tobacco</u>] <u>licenses</u> at that location held by the licensee, including any license under suspension, upon receipt of notification of a fourth violation under Subsection (1)(c).
 - (4) When the commission revokes a license under Subsection (3)(b), the commission may not issue to the licensee, or to the business entity using the license that is revoked, a license under Section 59-14-202 [or], 59-14-301 [to sell tobacco], or 59-14a-103 at the location for which the license was issued for one year after:
 - (a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends; or
 - (b) if the revocation is appealed, the day on which the decision to uphold the revocation becomes final.
 - (5) This section does not prevent any bona fide purchaser of the business, who is not a sole proprietor, director, corporate officer, or partner or other holder of significant interest in the entity selling the business, from immediately applying for and obtaining a license [to sell tobacco].
 - Section 3. Section **26-42-106** is amended to read:
 - 26-42-106. Recognition of licensee's training program.
- (1) In determining the amount of the monetary penalty to be imposed for an employee's violation of Section 26-42-103, the hearing officer shall reduce the penalty by at least 50% if [he] the hearing officer determines:

119	(a) the licensee has implemented a documented employee training program; and
120	(b) the employee has completed that training program within 30 days of commencing
121	duties of selling tobacco products or electronic cigarette products.
122	(2) (a) If the hearing officer determines under Subsection (1), regarding a first offense
123	at a location, that the licensee has not implemented a documented training program with a
124	written curriculum for employees at that location regarding compliance with this chapter, the
125	hearing officer may suspend all or a portion of the monetary penalty, contingent upon the
126	licensee's initiating a training program for employees at that location within 30 days after the
127	hearing date.
128	(b) If the hearing officer determines at a subsequent hearing that the licensee has not
129	implemented the training program within the time period required under Subsection (2)(a), the
130	suspended monetary penalty shall be promptly imposed, unless the licensee demonstrates good
131	cause for granting an extension of time for implementation of the training program.
132	Section 4. Section 26-55-101 is enacted to read:
133	CHAPTER 55. ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE REGULATION ACT
134	<u>26-55-101.</u> Title.
135	This chapter is known as the "Electronic Cigarette Regulation Act."
136	Section 5. Section 26-55-102 is enacted to read:
137	26-55-102. Definitions.
138	As used in this chapter:
139	(1) "Cigarette" is as defined in Section 59-14-102.
140	(2) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:
141	(i) any device, other than a cigar, cigarette, pipe, hookah, or other heated or lighted
142	tobacco product, used to or intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine to an individual's
143	respiratory system; or
144	(ii) any component of or accessory intended for use with the device described in
145	Subsection (2)(a);
146	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette, as defined in Section 26-38-2.
147	(3) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette or an electronic
148	cigarette substance.
149	(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing

nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
(5) "Manufacture" includes:
(a) to cast, construct, or make electronic eigarettes; or
(b) to blend, make, process, or prepare an electronic cigarette substance.
(6) "Pharmaceutical-grade nicotine" means nicotine that meets the specifications of the
United States Pharmacopeia for food-grade or pharmaceutical-grade nicotine.
Section 6. Section 26-55-103 is enacted to read:
26-55-103. Electronic cigarettes Prohibition on sale without a license
Manufacturing and quality control standards Low-grade nicotine Advertising.
(1) A person may not sell, offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette product in
Utah that:
(a) contains nicotine that is not pharmaceutical-grade nicotine;
(b) does not comply with the product quality standards established by the department
under Subsection (3)(a); or
(c) was not manufactured in accordance with the manufacturing standards established
by the department under Subsection (3)(b).
(2) A person may not advertise an electronic cigarette product as a cigarette or tobacco
cessation device.
(3) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
(a) set product quality standards for electronic cigarette products; and
(b) set manufacturing standards for electronic eigarette products.
Section 7. Section 59-14-509 is amended to read:
59-14-509. Restrictions on mail order or Internet sales.
(1) For purposes of this section:
(a) "Distributor" means a person, wherever residing or located, who:
(i) is licensed in this state to purchase non-taxed tobacco products; and
(ii) stores, sells, or otherwise disposes of tobacco products.
(b) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 59-14a-102.
[(b)] (c) "Licensed person" [is] means:
(i) a licensed person as defined in Subsection 59-14-409(1)[-]; or

181	(ii) a person licensed under Section 59-14a-103.
182	[(c)] <u>(d)</u> "Order or purchase" includes:
183	(i) by mail or delivery service;
184	(ii) through the Internet or computer network;
185	(iii) by telephone; or
186	(iv) through some other electronic method.
187	[(d)] (e) "Retailer" means any person who sells [tobacco products to consumers] or
188	offers to sell a cigarette, tobacco product, or electronic cigarette product to a consumer for
189	personal consumption.
190	(2) A person, distributor, manufacturer, or retailer shall not:
191	(a) cause [tobacco products or cigarettes as defined in Section 59-22-202] a cigarette,
192	tobacco product, or electronic cigarette product to be ordered or purchased by anyone other
193	than a licensed person; or
194	(b) knowingly provide substantial assistance to a person who violates this section.
195	(3) (a) Each order or purchase of a [tobacco product or cigarettes as defined in Section
196	59-22-202] cigarette, tobacco product, or electronic cigarette product in violation of Subsection
197	(2) shall constitute a separate violation under this section.
198	(b) In addition to the penalties in Subsection (4), a person who violates this section is
199	subject to:
200	(i) a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each violation of this section;
201	(ii) an injunction to restrain a threatened or actual violation of this section; and
202	(iii) recovery by the state for:
203	(A) the costs of investigation;
204	(B) the cost of expert witness fees;
205	(C) the cost of the action; and
206	(D) reasonable attorney's fees.
207	(4) A person who knowingly violates this section has engaged in an unfair and
208	deceptive trade practice in violation of Title 13, Chapter 5, Unfair Practices Act, and the court
209	shall order any profits, gain, gross receipts, or other benefit from the violation to be disgorged
210	and paid to the state treasurer for deposit in the General Fund.
211	Section 8 Section 59-149-101 is enacted to read:

212	CHAPTER 14a. ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE LICENSING ACT
213	<u>59-14a-101.</u> Title.
214	This chapter is known as the "Electronic Cigarette Licensing Act."
215	Section 9. Section 59-14a-102 is enacted to read:
216	<u>59-14a-102.</u> Definitions.
217	As used in this chapter:
218	(1) "Cigarette" is as defined in Section 59-14-102.
219	(2) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:
220	(i) any device, other than a cigar, cigarette, pipe, hookah, or other heated or lighted
221	tobacco product, used to or intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine to an individual's
222	respiratory system; or
223	(ii) any component of or accessory intended for use with the device described in
224	Subsection (2)(a);
225	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette as defined in Section 26-38-2.
226	(3) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette or an electronic
227	cigarette substance.
228	(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
229	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
230	(5) "License to sell an electronic cigarette product" means a license issued by the
231	commission under Subsection 59-14a-103(3).
232	(6) "Licensee" means a person that holds a valid license to sell electronic cigarette
233	products.
234	Section 10. Section 59-14a-103 is enacted to read:
235	59-14a-103. Electronic cigarette licenses Sale.
236	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person may not sell, offer to sell, or
237	distribute an electronic cigarette product in Utah without first obtaining a license to sell an
238	electronic cigarette product from the commission under this section.
239	(2) A person who holds a valid license to sell cigarettes under section 59-14-202, or a
240	person who holds a valid license to sell tobacco products under 59-14-301, may sell, offer to
241	sell, or distribute an electronic eigarette product in Utah under the terms of this chapter.
242	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the commission shall issue a license to sell an

243	electronic eigarette product to a person who:
244	(a) submits an application, on a form created by the commission, that includes:
245	(i) the person's name;
246	(ii) the address of the facility where the person will sell an electronic cigarette product
247	<u>and</u>
248	(iii) any other information the commission requires to implement this chapter; and
249	(b) pays a fee:
250	(i) in the amount of \$30; or
251	(ii) if renewing the person's license, in the amount of \$20.
252	(4) A license described in Subsection (3) is:
253	(a) valid only at one business address;
254	(b) valid for three years; and
255	(c) renewable if a licensee meets the criteria for licensing described in Subsection (3).
256	(5) The commission may, after notifying a licensee and holding a hearing, revoke a
257	license described in Subsection (3) if the licensee:
258	(a) violates a provision of this chapter;
259	(b) violates a provision of Chapter 14, Cigarette and Tobacco Tax Licensing Act, or
260	(c) violates a provision of Section 26-42-103.
261	(6) If the commission revokes a person's license to sell an electronic cigarette product
262	under Subsection (5), the commission may not issue a license to sell an electronic cigarette
263	product, a license to sell cigarettes under Section 59-14-202, or a license to sell tobacco under
264	Section 59-14-301 to the person until one year after:
265	(a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends, as determined
266	by the commission; or
267	(b) if the person appeals the commission's decision to revoke the license to sell an
268	electronic cigarette product, the day on which the commission's decision to uphold the
269	revocation is final.
270	(7) The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
271	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish the additional information described in
272	Subsection (3)(a)(iii) a person must provide in the application described in Subsection (3)(a).
273	(8) The department shall maintain a list of all licensees.

274	Section 11. Section 76-10-101 is amended to read:
275	76-10-101. Definitions.
276	As used in this part:
277	(1) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
278	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in
279	any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette as described
280	in Subsection (2).
281	(2) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
282	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:
283	(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
284	(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of
285	its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to
286	be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (2)(a).
287	(3) "Electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 26-55-102.
288	[(3)] (4) "Electronic cigarette product" [means any device, other than a cigarette or
289	cigar, intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine into a person's respiratory system] is as
290	defined in Section 26-55-102.
291	[(4)] <u>(5)</u> "Place of business" includes:
292	(a) a shop;
293	(b) a store;
294	(c) a factory;
295	(d) a public garage;
296	(e) an office;
297	(f) a theater;
298	(g) a recreation hall;
299	(h) a dance hall;
300	(i) a poolroom;
301	(j) a café;
302	(k) a cafeteria;
303	(l) a cabaret;
304	(m) a restaurant:

305	(n) a hotel;
306	(o) a lodging house;
307	(p) a streetcar;
308	(q) a bus;
309	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
310	(s) a waiting room; and
311	(t) any other place of business.
312	[(5)] (6) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other
313	lighted smoking equipment.
314	Section 12. Section 76-10-103 is amended to read:
315	76-10-103. Permitting minors to use tobacco or an electronic cigarette product in
316	place of business.
317	It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of any place of business to knowingly
318	permit [persons under age 19 to frequent a place of business while they are using tobacco] an
319	individual who is less than 19 years of age to smoke or to use an electronic cigarette in the
320	place of business.
321	Section 13. Section 76-10-104 is amended to read:
322	76-10-104. Providing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco to a minor
323	Penalties.
324	(1) Any person who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence
325	provides any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette product, or tobacco in any form, to any person
326	under 19 years of age, is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B
327	misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on subsequent offenses.
328	(2) For purposes of this section "provides":
329	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
330	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
331	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
332	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
333	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
334	Section 14. Section 76-10-105 is amended to read:
335	76-10-105. Buying or possessing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco

336	by a minor Penalty Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
337	(1) Any [18 year old person] individual who is 18 years of age who buys or attempts to
338	buy, accepts, or has in the [person's] individual's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic
339	cigarette product, or tobacco in any form is guilty of a class C misdemeanor and subject to:
340	(a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
341	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
342	participation fee.
343	(2) Any [person under the age of 18] individual who is less than 18 years of age who
344	buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the [person's] individual's possession any cigar,
345	cigarette, electronic cigarette product, or tobacco in any form is subject to the jurisdiction of
346	the Juvenile Court and:
347	(a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
348	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
349	participation fee.
350	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53A-3-402
351	may issue citations for violations of this section committed on school property. Cited
352	violations shall be reported to the appropriate juvenile court.
353	Section 15. Section 76-10-105.1 is amended to read:
354	76-10-105.1. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of tobacco products and
355	electronic cigarettes Supremacy clause Penalties.
356	(1) As used in this section:
357	(a) "Cigarette tobacco" means a product that consists of loose tobacco that contains or
358	delivers nicotine and is intended for use by a consumer in a cigarette.
359	(b) "Pipe tobacco" means a product that consists of loose tobacco that contains or
360	delivers nicotine and is intended to be smoked by a consumer in a pipe.
361	(c) "Retailer" means a person who sells cigarettes, electronic cigarettes, cigars,
362	cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco to individuals for personal consumption
363	or who operates a facility where a vending machine or a self-service display is permitted under
364	Subsection (3)(b).
365	(d) "Self-service display" means a display of cigarettes, electronic cigarettes, cigars,

cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco products to which the public has access

without the intervention of a retail employee.

- (e) "Smokeless tobacco" means a product that consists of cut, ground, powdered, or leaf tobacco that contains nicotine and that is intended to be placed in the oral cavity.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell cigarettes, electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, and smokeless tobacco only in a direct, face-to-face exchange between:
 - (i) an employee of the retailer; and
 - (ii) the purchaser.
- (b) Examples of methods that are not permitted include vending machines and self-service displays.
- (c) Subsections (2)(a) and (b) do not prohibit the use or display of locked cabinets containing cigarettes, electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco if the locked cabinets are accessible only to the retailer or the retailer's employees.
 - (3) The following sales are permitted as exceptions to Subsection (2):
 - (a) mail-order sales, if the provisions of Section 59-14-509 are met;
- (b) sales from vending machines, including vending machines that sell packaged, single cigarettes or cigars, and self-service displays that are located in a separate and defined area within a facility where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or permitted to enter, at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian; and
- (c) sales by a retailer from a retail store [which] that derives at least 80% of its revenue from tobacco, [and] tobacco related products, and electronic cigarette products, and where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or permitted to enter at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.
- (4) Any ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a political subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, placement, or display of cigarettes, [electronic cigarettes,] cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco that is not essentially identical to the provisions of this section and Section 76-10-102 is superseded.
 - (5) (a) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies a person younger than 19 years of

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- age into an area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail store as described in Subsection (3)(c) and permits the person younger than 19 years of age to purchase or otherwise take a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette <u>product</u>, or tobacco in any form is guilty of providing tobacco as provided for in Section 76-10-104 and the penalties provided for in that section.
- (b) Nothing in this section may be construed as permitting a person to provide tobacco to a minor in violation of Section 76-10-104.
 - (6) Violation of Subsection (2) or (3) is a:
 - (a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
 - (b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
- (c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
 - Section 16. Section **76-10-111** is amended to read:

76-10-111. Prohibition of gift or free distribution of smokeless tobacco or electronic cigarette products -- Exceptions.

- (1) The Legislature finds that:
- (a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who use those products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or oral cancers;
 - (b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is increasing rapidly;
- (c) the use of electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products may lead to unhealthy behavior such as the use of tobacco products; and
- (d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in the interest of the health of the citizens of this state.
- (2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, and retailer to give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or electronic cigarette <u>product</u> in this state. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor for the first offense, and is guilty of a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
- (3) (a) Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> may be distributed to adults without charge at professional conventions where the general public is excluded.
- (b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who gives smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product to a person of legal age

429	upon the person's purchase of another tobacco product or electronic eigarette product.
430	Section 17. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
431	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic cigarettes to
432	underage persons.
433	(1) As used in this section, "electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section
434	[76-10-101] $26-55-102$.
435	(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
436	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
437	(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
438	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
439	(ii) Section 76-10-104 by requesting an individual under the age of 19 years to enter
440	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
441	(A) a cigar;
442	(B) a cigarette;
443	(C) tobacco in any form; or
444	(D) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> .
445	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
446	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
447	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
448	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
449	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
450	(i) alcohol; or
451	(ii) (A) a cigar;
452	(B) a cigarette;
453	(C) tobacco in any form; or
454	(D) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> .
455	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
456	purchase.
457	(3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a purchase,
458	a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
459	individual participating in any attempted purchase.

460 (b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may: 461 (i) be a trained volunteer; or 462 (ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases 463 of alcohol, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product. 464 (4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone 465 accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase 466 misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in 467 attempting the purchase. 468 (5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this 469 section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted 470 purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic 471 cigarette product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual. 472 (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section shall be conducted: 473 474 (i) on a random basis; and 475 (ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often 476 than: 477 (A) four times for the attempted purchase of: 478 (I) a cigar; 479 (II) a cigarette; 480 (III) tobacco in any form; or 481 (IV) an electronic cigarette product; and 482 (B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol. 483 (b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if: 484 (i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a 485 cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette product to an individual under 486 the age established by Section 32B-4-403 or 76-10-104; and 487 (ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the 488 reasonable suspicion. 489 (7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the

attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase

491	was made.
492	(b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:
493	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
494	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
495	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
496	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
497	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
498	attempted the purchase;
499	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
500	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.