{deleted text} shows text that was in HB0263 but was deleted in HB0263S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0263 but was inserted into HB0263S01.

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Representative Jim Nielson proposes the following substitute bill:

USE OF BUSINESS NAMES

2014 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jim Nielson

Senate	Sponsor:		

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill modifies {provisions related to } the {name under which a person conducts business} Registration and Protection of Trademarks and Service Marks Act.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- makes registration of a name a {material fact in an action regarding the use of a business name;
 - provides for evidence of registration by certified copy} factor when weighing
 evidence to determine first use of a mark; and
 - makes technical changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None **Other Special Clauses:** None **Utah Code Sections Affected:** AMENDS: $\frac{42-2-9}{70-3a-103}$, as last amended by Laws of Utah $\frac{2002}{2008}$, Chapter $\frac{318}{258}$ *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* Section 1. Section $\frac{42-2-9}{70-3a-103}$ is amended to read: {42-2-9. Corporate names, limited liability company names, and trademark, service mark, and trade name rights not affected -- Registration material fact in court actions. (1) This chapter does not affect or apply to [any] a corporation organized under the laws of any state if it does business under its true corporate name. (2) (a) This chapter does not affect the statutory or common law trademark, service mark, or trade name rights granted by state or federal statute. (b) An act listed in Subsection (2)(c) of itself does not authorize the use in this state of an assumed name in violation of the rights of another as established under: (i) this chapter; (ii) Title 70, Chapter 3a, Registration and Protection of Trademarks and Service **Marks Act:** (iii) the state law relating to names of corporations, partnerships, and other legal business entities: (iv) the federal Trademark Act of 1946, 15 U.S.C. [Section] Sec. 1051 et seq.; or (v) the common law, including rights in a trade name.

- (c) Subsection (2)(b) applies to:
- (i) a filing}70-3a-103. Definitions -- Use -- Service marks.
 - (1) As used in this chapter:
 - (a) "Abandoned mark" means a mark whose:
 - (i) use has been discontinued with no intent to resume use; or
 - (ii) significance as a mark has been lost due to any course of conduct of the owner,

including acts of omission or commission.

- (b) "Applicant" means:
- (i) the person filing an application for registration of a mark under this chapter; and
- (ii) {an approval by} a legal representative, successor, or assign of a person described in Subsection (1)(b)(i).
- (c) "Dilution" means the lessening of the capacity of a famous mark to identify and distinguish goods or services, regardless of the presence or absence of:
 - (i) competition between the owner of the famous mark and another person; or
 - (ii) the likelihood of:
 - (A) confusion;
 - (B) mistake; or
 - (C) deception.
- (d) "Division" means the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code {pursuant to this chapter; or
- (iii) the use of an assumed name.
- (3) This chapter does not affect or apply to [any] <u>a</u> limited liability company doing business in this state under its true name.
 - (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "filer" means a person who:
 - (i) registers a name with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code; and
- (ii) files an action in a court of competent jurisdiction alleging that another person is violating a law } within the Department of Commerce.
- (e) "Mark" means any trademark or service mark entitled to registration under this chapter whether or not the trademark or service mark is registered.
 - (f) "Registrant" means:
 - (i) the person to whom the registration of a mark under this chapter is issued; and
- (ii) a legal representative, successor, or assign of a person described in Subsection $(\{2\}\underline{1})(\{b)(i), (ii), (iii), or (v), by use of a name.$
 - <u>(b)f)(i).</u>
 - (g) (i) If the conditions of Subsection (1)(g)(ii) are met, "service mark" means:
 - (A) a word, term, name, symbol, design, or device; or
 - (B) any combination of words, terms, names, symbols, designs, or devices.

- (ii) The mark described in Subsection (1)(g)(i) is a service mark only if it is used by a person:
- (A) to identify and distinguish the services of one person from the services of others, including a unique service; and
 - (B) to indicate the source of the services, even if that source is unknown.
 - (h) (i) If the conditions of Subsection (1)(h)(ii) are met, "trademark" means:
 - (A) a word, term, name, symbol, design, or device; or
 - (B) any combination of words, terms, names, symbols, designs, or devices.
- (ii) The mark described in Subsection (1)(h)(i) is a trademark only if it is used by a person:
- (A) to identify and distinguish the goods of that person from those manufactured or sold by others, including a unique product; and
 - (B) to indicate the source of the goods, even if that source is unknown.
- (i) "Trade name" means any name used by a person to identify a business or vocation of that person.
- (j) "Use" means the bona fide use of a mark in the ordinary course of trade, and not made merely to reserve a right in a mark.
 - (2) For the purposes of this chapter, a mark is considered to be in use:
 - (a) on goods:
 - (i) when the mark is placed:
 - (A) in any manner on the goods or other containers;
 - (B) in any manner on displays associated with the goods or other containers;
 - (C) on the tags or labels affixed to the goods or other containers; or
 - (D) if the nature of the goods makes the placements referred to in Subsections
- (2)(a)(i)(A) through (C) impracticable, on documents associated with the goods or the sale of the goods; and
 - (ii) the goods are sold or transported in commerce in this state; and
 - (b) on services:
 - (i) when it is used or displayed in the sale or advertising of services; and
 - (ii) when the services are rendered in this state.
 - (3) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a):

- (a) intent not to resume may be inferred from circumstances; and
- (b) nonuse for two consecutive years is prima facie evidence of abandonment.
- (4) Notwithstanding {the other provisions of this section, if a filer files an action} Subsection (1)(g), the following may be registered as service marks notwithstanding that they may advertise the goods of the sponsor:
 - (a) titles;
 - (b) character names used by a person; and
 - (c) other distinctive features of:
 - (i) a radio program;
 - (ii) a television program; or
- (iii) a program similar to a program described in Subsection (4)({a), the court shall consider the filer's registration of the name as a material fact in favor of the filer if the filer registers the name before the person against whom the filer files the action files the name.
- (c) A certified copy of the registration of a name with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code is evidence of when a}c)(i) or (ii).
- (5) For purposes of Subsection (2), the date a business name is registered with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.

<u>Legislative Review Note</u>

as of 1-13-14 2:14 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel} division may be considered as a factor when weighing evidence to determine first use of a mark consisting of the business name, except that the date of registration of the business name may not be determinative without additional evidence corroborating the date of first use.