1	AMENDMENTS TO ELECTION LAWS
2	2014 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Kraig Powell
5	Senate Sponsor: Kevin T. Van Tassell
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill allows an individual who is 16 or 17 years of age to serve as a poll worker in
10	an election and prohibits a candidate's family member from serving as a poll worker.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	<ul> <li>amends the definition of "local election";</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>allows an individual who is 16 or 17 years of age to serve as a receiving judge in a</li> </ul>
15	regular primary and a regular general election;
16	<ul> <li>prohibits a county legislative body from appointing a candidate's family member as</li> </ul>
17	a poll worker in a precinct where the candidate appears on the ballot;
18	<ul> <li>allows an individual who is 16 or 17 years of age to work as a poll worker in a local</li> </ul>
19	election;
20	<ul> <li>prohibits a municipal legislative body or local district board from appointing a</li> </ul>
21	candidate's family member as a poll worker in a precinct where the candidate
22	appears on the ballot; and
23	<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
24	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
25	None

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26	Other Special Clauses:
27	This bill coordinates with S.B. 116, Poll Worker Amendments, by providing
28	substantive and technical amendments.
29	Utah Code Sections Affected:
30	AMENDS:
31	20A-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 320
32	<b>20A-5-601</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 75
33	20A-5-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 75, 256, and 329
34	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
35	<b>20A-5-602</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 75, 256, and 329
36	
37	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section <b>20A-1-102</b> is amended to read:
39	20A-1-102. Definitions.
40	As used in this title:
41	(1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive
42	voter by the county clerk.
43	(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines
44	and counts votes recorded on paper ballots or ballot sheets and tabulates the results.
45	(3) (a) "Ballot" means the storage medium, whether paper, mechanical, or electronic,
46	upon which a voter records the voter's votes.
47	(b) "Ballot" includes ballot sheets, paper ballots, electronic ballots, and secrecy
48	envelopes.
49	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(4)}\right]$ "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages, or other materials that:
50	(a) contain the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to
51	be voted on; and
52	(b) are used in conjunction with ballot sheets that do not display that information.
53	[(6)] (5) "Ballot proposition" means a question, issue, or proposal that is submitted to
54	voters on the ballot for their approval or rejection including:
55	(a) an opinion question specifically authorized by the Legislature;
56	(b) a constitutional amendment;

(c) an initiative;
(d) a referendum;
(e) a bond proposition;
(f) a judicial retention question;
(g) an incorporation of a city or town; or
(h) any other ballot question specifically authorized by the Legislature.
[ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> "Ballot sheet":
(a) means a ballot that:
(i) consists of paper or a card where the voter's votes are marked or recorded; and
(ii) can be counted using automatic tabulating equipment; and
(b) includes punch card ballots and other ballots that are machine-countable.
(7) "Bind," "binding," or "bound" means securing more than one piece of paper
together with a staple or stitch in at least three places across the top of the paper in the blank
space reserved for securing the paper.
(8) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and
20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
(9) "Bond election" means an election held for the purpose of approving or rejecting
the proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
(10) "Book voter registration form" means voter registration forms contained in a
bound book that are used by election officers and registration agents to register persons to vote.
(11) "Business reply mail envelope" means an envelope that may be mailed free of
charge by the sender.
(12) "By-mail voter registration form" means a voter registration form designed to be
completed by the voter and mailed to the election officer.
(13) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of
election results by the board of canvassers.
(14) "Canvassing judge" means a poll worker designated to assist in counting ballots at
the canvass.
(15) "Contracting election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract
or interlocal agreement with a provider election officer.
(16) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and

88	delegates are selected.
89	(17) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in
90	charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
91	(18) "Counting judge" means a poll worker designated to count the ballots during
92	election day.
93	(19) "Counting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in Section
94	20A-3-201 to witness the counting of ballots.
95	(20) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room,
96	immediately adjoining the place where the election is being held, for use by the poll workers
97	and counting judges to count ballots during election day.
98	(21) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be
99	elected.
100	(22) "Date of the election" or "election day" or "day of the election":
101	(a) means the day that is specified in the calendar year as the day that the election
102	occurs; and
103	(b) does not include:
104	(i) deadlines established for absentee voting; or
105	(ii) any early voting or early voting period as provided under Chapter 3, Part 6, Early
106	Voting.
107	(23) "Elected official" means:
108	(a) a person elected to an office under Section 20A-1-303;
109	(b) a person who is considered to be elected to a municipal office in accordance with
110	Subsection 20A-1-206(1)(c)(ii); or
111	(c) a person who is considered to be elected to a local district office in accordance with
112	Subsection 20A-1-206(3)(c)(ii).
113	(24) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a
114	statewide special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal
115	primary election, and a local district election.
116	(25) "Election Assistance Commission" means the commission established by Public
117	Law 107-252, the Help America Vote Act of 2002.
118	(26) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to

119	file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed.
120	(27) "Election judge" means a poll worker that is assigned to:
121	(a) preside over other poll workers at a polling place;
122	(b) act as the presiding election judge; or
123	(c) serve as a canvassing judge, counting judge, or receiving judge.
124	(28) "Election officer" means:
125	(a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots and elections;
126	(b) the county clerk for:
127	(i) a county ballot and election; and
128	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
129	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
130	(c) the municipal clerk for:
131	(i) a municipal ballot and election; and
132	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
133	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
134	(d) the local district clerk or chief executive officer for:
135	(i) a local district ballot and election; and
136	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
137	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; or
138	(e) the business administrator or superintendent of a school district for:
139	(i) a school district ballot and election; and
140	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
141	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5.
142	(29) "Election official" means any election officer, election judge, or poll worker.
143	(30) "Election results" means:
144	(a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and
145	the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or
146	(b) for bond elections, the count of those votes cast for and against the bond
147	proposition plus any or all of the election returns that the board of canvassers may request.
148	(31) "Election returns" includes the pollbook, the military and overseas absentee voter
149	registration and voting certificates, one of the tally sheets, any unprocessed absentee ballots, all

150	counted ballots, all excess ballots, all unused ballots, all spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition
151	form, and the total votes cast form.
152	(32) "Electronic ballot" means a ballot that is recorded using a direct electronic voting
153	device or other voting device that records and stores ballot information by electronic means.
154	(33) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to
155	or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign
156	the record.
157	(34) (a) "Electronic voting device" means a voting device that uses electronic ballots.
158	(b) "Electronic voting device" includes a direct recording electronic voting device.
159	(35) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who has:
160	(a) been sent the notice required by Section 20A-2-306; and
161	(b) failed to respond to that notice.
162	(36) "Inspecting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in this title to
163	witness the receipt and safe deposit of voted and counted ballots.
164	(37) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer.
165	(38) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county
166	court judge.
167	(39) "Local district" means a local government entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose
168	Local Government Entities - Local Districts, and includes a special service district under Title
169	17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act.
170	(40) "Local district officers" means those local district officers that are required by law
171	to be elected.
172	(41) "Local election" means a regular municipal election, a municipal primary election,
173	a local special election, a local district election, and a bond election.
174	(42) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a local district, or a
175	local school district.
176	(43) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a
177	local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may
178	vote.
179	(44) "Municipal executive" means:
180	(a) the mayor in the council-mayor form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102;

181	or
182	(b) the mayor in the council-manager form of government defined in Subsection
183	10-3b-103(6).
184	(45) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and local
185	districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year
186	for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.
187	(46) "Municipal legislative body" means the council of the city or town in any form of
188	municipal government.
189	(47) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
190	(48) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be
191	elected.
192	(49) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for
193	municipal office.
194	(50) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer to the poll
195	workers to be given to voters to record their votes.
196	(51) "Official endorsement" means:
197	(a) the information on the ballot that identifies:
198	(i) the ballot as an official ballot;
199	(ii) the date of the election; and
200	(iii) the facsimile signature of the election officer; and
201	(b) the information on the ballot stub that identifies:
202	(i) the poll worker's initials; and
203	(ii) the ballot number.
204	(52) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials by the
205	election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401.
206	(53) "Paper ballot" means a paper that contains:
207	(a) the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be
208	voted on; and
209	(b) spaces for the voter to record the voter's vote for each office and for or against each
210	ballot proposition.
211	(54) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to

212	participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Chapter 8, Political Party Formation
213	and Procedures.
214	[(56)] (55) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that they
215	appear to cast votes.
216	[(57)] (56) "Polling place" means the building where voting is conducted.
217	[(55)] (57) (a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist
218	with an election, voting, or counting votes.
219	(b) "Poll worker" includes election judges.
220	(c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher.
221	(58) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot
222	in which the voter marks the voter's choice.
223	(59) "Provider election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or
224	interlocal agreement with a contracting election officer to conduct an election for the
225	contracting election officer's local political subdivision in accordance with Section
226	20A-5-400.1.
227	(60) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot voted provisionally by a person:
228	(a) whose name is not listed on the official register at the polling place;
229	(b) whose legal right to vote is challenged as provided in this title; or
230	(c) whose identity was not sufficiently established by a poll worker.
231	(61) "Provisional ballot envelope" means an envelope printed in the form required by
232	Section 20A-6-105 that is used to identify provisional ballots and to provide information to
233	verify a person's legal right to vote.
234	(62) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions at which nominees for
235	the regular primary election are selected.
236	(63) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that:
237	(a) is built into a voting machine; and
238	(b) records the total number of movements of the operating lever.
239	(64) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the
240	duties of the position for which the person was elected.
241	(65) "Receiving judge" means the poll worker that checks the voter's name in the
242	official register, provides the voter with a ballot, and removes the ballot stub from the ballot

after the voter has voted.

(66) "Registration form" means a book voter registration form and a by-mail voter
registration form.

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6 (67) "Regular ballot" means a ballot that is not a provisional ballot.

(68) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the first
Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the purposes
established in Section 20A-1-201.

(69) "Regular primary election" means the election on the fourth Tuesday of June of
each even-numbered year, to nominate candidates of political parties and nonpolitical groups to
advance to the regular general election.

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(70) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah.

(71) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot printedand distributed as provided in Section 20A-5-405.

(72) "Scratch vote" means to mark or punch the straight party ticket and then mark orpunch the ballot for one or more candidates who are members of different political parties.

(73) "Secrecy envelope" means the envelope given to a voter along with the ballot into
which the voter places the ballot after the voter has voted it in order to preserve the secrecy of
the voter's vote.

261 (74) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-203.

262 (75) "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:

263 (a) is spoiled by the voter;

264 (b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or a poll worker; or

265 (c) lacks the official endorsement.

266 (76) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor or the267 Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.

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(77) "Stub" means the detachable part of each ballot.

269 (78) "Substitute ballots" means replacement ballots provided by an election officer to270 the poll workers when the official ballots are lost or stolen.

271 (79) "Ticket" means each list of candidates for each political party or for each group of272 petitioners.

273 (80) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the

274	counting center.
275	(81) "Vacancy" means the absence of a person to serve in any position created by
276	statute, whether that absence occurs because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation,
277	or other cause.
278	(82) "Valid voter identification" means:
279	(a) a form of identification that bears the name and photograph of the voter which may
280	include:
281	(i) a currently valid Utah driver license;
282	(ii) a currently valid identification card that is issued by:
283	(A) the state; or
284	(B) a branch, department, or agency of the United States;
285	(iii) a currently valid Utah permit to carry a concealed weapon;
286	(iv) a currently valid United States passport; or
287	(v) a currently valid United States military identification card;
288	(b) one of the following identification cards, whether or not the card includes a
289	photograph of the voter:
290	(i) a valid tribal identification card;
291	(ii) a Bureau of Indian Affairs card; or
292	(iii) a tribal treaty card; or
293	(c) two forms of identification not listed under Subsection (82)(a) or (b) but that bear
294	the name of the voter and provide evidence that the voter resides in the voting precinct, which
295	may include:
296	(i) a current utility bill or a legible copy thereof, dated within the 90 days before the
297	election;
298	(ii) a bank or other financial account statement, or a legible copy thereof;
299	(iii) a certified birth certificate;
300	(iv) a valid Social Security card;
301	(v) a check issued by the state or the federal government or a legible copy thereof;
302	(vi) a paycheck from the voter's employer, or a legible copy thereof;
303	(vii) a currently valid Utah hunting or fishing license;
304	(viii) certified naturalization documentation;

305	(ix) a currently valid license issued by an authorized agency of the United States;
306	(x) a certified copy of court records showing the voter's adoption or name change;
307	(xi) a valid Medicaid card, Medicare card, or Electronic Benefits Transfer Card;
308	(xii) a currently valid identification card issued by:
309	(A) a local government within the state;
310	(B) an employer for an employee; or
311	(C) a college, university, technical school, or professional school located within the
312	state; or
313	(xiii) a current Utah vehicle registration.
314	(83) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in
315	candidate by following the procedures and requirements of this title.
316	(84) "Voter" means a person who:
317	(a) meets the requirements for voting in an election;
318	(b) meets the requirements of election registration;
319	(c) is registered to vote; and
320	(d) is listed in the official register book.
321	(85) "Voter registration deadline" means the registration deadline provided in Section
322	20A-2-102.5.
323	(86) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting
324	machines, and ballot box.
325	(87) "Voting booth" means:
326	(a) the space or compartment within a polling place that is provided for the preparation
327	of ballots, including the voting machine enclosure or curtain; or
328	(b) a voting device that is free standing.
329	(88) "Voting device" means:
330	(a) an apparatus in which ballot sheets are used in connection with a punch device for
331	piercing the ballots by the voter;
332	(b) a device for marking the ballots with ink or another substance;
333	(c) an electronic voting device or other device used to make selections and cast a ballot
334	electronically, or any component thereof;
335	(d) an automated voting system under Section 20A-5-302; or

336	(e) any other method for recording votes on ballots so that the ballot may be tabulated
337	by means of automatic tabulating equipment.
338	(89) "Voting machine" means a machine designed for the sole purpose of recording
339	and tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.
340	(90) "Voting poll watcher" means a person appointed as provided in this title to
341	witness the distribution of ballots and the voting process.
342	(91) "Voting precinct" means the smallest voting unit established as provided by law
343	within which qualified voters vote at one polling place.
344	(92) "Watcher" means a voting poll watcher, a counting poll watcher, an inspecting
345	poll watcher, and a testing watcher.
346	(93) "Western States Presidential Primary" means the election established in Chapter 9,
347	Part 8, Western States Presidential Primary.
348	(94) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.
349	(95) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for a person whose name is not printed on the
350	ballot according to the procedures established in this title.
351	Section 2. Section <b>20A-5-601</b> is amended to read:
352	20A-5-601. Poll workers Appointment for regular general elections and
353	primary elections.
354	(1) (a) By March 1 of each even-numbered year, each county clerk shall provide to the
355	county chair of each registered political party a list of the number of poll workers that the party
356	must nominate for each voting precinct.
357	(b) (i) By April 1 of each even-numbered year, the county chair and secretary of each
358	registered political party shall file a list with the county clerk containing, for each voting
359	precinct, the names of [registered voters] individuals in the county who are willing to [be]
360	serve as poll workers, who are qualified to serve as poll workers in accordance with this
361	section, and who are competent and trustworthy.
362	(ii) The county chair and secretary shall submit, for each voting precinct, names equal
363	in number to the number required by the county clerk plus one.
364	(2) Each county legislative body shall provide for the appointment of [persons]
365	individuals to serve as poll workers at the regular primary election, the regular general election,
366	and the Western States Presidential Primary.

367 (3) For regular general elections, each county legislative body shall provide for the 368 appointment of: 369 (a) (i) three registered voters, or one individual who is 16 or 17 years of age and two registered voters, one of whom is at least 21 years of age, from the list to serve as receiving 370 371 judges for each voting precinct when ballots will be counted after the polls close; or (ii) three registered voters, or one individual who is 16 or 17 years of age and two 372 registered voters, one of whom is at least 21 years of age, from the list to serve as receiving 373 374 judges in each voting precinct and three registered voters from the list to serve as counting 375 judges in each voting precinct when ballots will be counted throughout election day; and 376 (b) three registered voters from the list for each 100 absentee ballots to be counted to 377 serve as canvassing judges. 378 [(4) For regular primary elections and for the Western States Presidential Primary 379 election, each county legislative body shall provide for the appointment of:] 380 [(a) (i) two or three registered voters, or one or two registered voters and one person 17 381 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the next regular general election, from the list 382 to serve as receiving judges for each voting precinct when ballots will be counted after the 383 polls close; or] 384 [(ii) two or three registered voters, or one or two registered voters and one person 17 385 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the next regular general election, from the list 386 to serve as receiving judges in each voting precinct and two or three registered voters, or one or 387 two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the 388 next regular general election, from the list to serve as counting judges in each voting precinct 389 when ballots will be counted throughout election day; and] 390 (4) For each precinct in which ballots are counted after the polls close, in a regular 391 primary election and for the Western States Presidential Primary election, each county 392 legislative body shall provide for the appointment of two or three individuals from the list to 393 serve as receiving judges: 394 (a) each of whom is a registered voter; or 395 (b) (i) the first of whom is a registered voter and is at least 21 years of age; 396 (ii) the second of whom is 16 or 17 years of age; and 397 (iii) if three individuals are appointed, the third of whom is a registered voter.

398	(5) For each precinct in which ballots are counted throughout election day, in a regular
399	primary election and for the Western States Presidential Primary election, each county
400	legislative body shall provide for the appointment of:
401	(a) two or three individuals from the list to serve as receiving judges:
402	(i) each of whom is a registered voter; or
403	(ii) (A) the first of whom is a registered voter and is at least 21 years of age;
404	(B) the second of whom is 16 or 17 years of age; and
405	(C) if three individuals are appointed, the third of whom is a registered voter; and
406	(b) two or three individuals from the list to serve as counting judges:
407	(i) each of whom is a registered voter; or
408	(ii) (A) one of whom is 17 years of age and will be 18 years of age by the date of the
409	next regular general election; and
410	(B) each of the rest of whom is a registered voter; and
411	[(b)] (c) two or three registered voters, or one or two registered voters and one [person]
412	individual 17 years [old] of age who will be 18 years [old] of age by the date of the next regular
413	general election, from the list for each 100 absentee ballots to be counted to serve as
414	canvassing judges.
415	[(5)] (6) Each county legislative body may provide for the appointment of:
416	(a) three registered voters from the list to serve as inspecting judges at the regular
417	general election to observe the clerk's receipt and deposit of the ballots for safekeeping; and
418	(b) two or three registered voters, or one or two registered voters and one [person]
419	individual 17 years [old] of age who will be 18 years [old] of age by the date of the next regular
420	general election, from the list to serve as inspecting judges at the regular primary election to
421	observe the clerk's receipt and deposit of the ballots for safekeeping.
422	[(6)] (7) (a) For each set of three counting or receiving judges to be appointed for each
423	voting precinct for the regular primary election, the regular general election, and the Western
424	States Presidential Primary election, the county legislative body shall ensure that:
425	(i) two judges are appointed from the political party that cast the highest number of
426	votes for governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer,
427	excluding votes for unopposed candidates, in the voting precinct at the last regular general
428	election before the appointment of the election judges; and

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(ii) one judge is appointed from the political party that cast the second highest number
of votes for governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer,
excluding votes for unopposed candidates, in the voting precinct at the last regular general
election before the appointment of the election judges.

(b) For each set of two counting or receiving judges to be appointed for each voting
precinct for the regular primary election and Western States Presidential Primary election, the
county legislative body shall ensure that:

(i) one judge is appointed from the political party that cast the highest number of votes
for governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer, excluding
votes for unopposed candidates, in the voting precinct at the last regular general election before
the appointment of the election judges; and

(ii) one judge is appointed from the political party that cast the second highest number
of votes for governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer,
excluding votes for unopposed candidates, in the voting precinct at the last regular general
election before the appointment of the election judges.

444 [(7)] (8) When the voting precinct boundaries have been changed since the last regular 445 general election, the county legislative body shall ensure that:

(a) for the regular primary election and the Western States Presidential Primary
election, when the county legislative body is using three receiving, counting, and canvassing
judges, and regular general election, not more than two of the judges are selected from the
political party that cast the highest number of votes for the offices of governor, lieutenant
governor, attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer in the territory that formed the
voting precinct at the time of appointment; and

(b) for the regular primary election and the Western States Presidential Primary
election, when the county legislative body is using two receiving, counting, and canvassing
judges, not more than one of the judges is selected from the political party that cast the highest
number of votes for the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor,
and state treasurer in the territory that formed the voting precinct at the time of appointment.

457 [(8)] (9) The county legislative body shall provide for the appointment of any qualified
458 county voter as an election judge when:

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(a) a political party fails to file the poll worker list by the filing deadline; or

460	(b) the list is incomplete.
461	[ <del>(9)</del> ] (10) A registered voter of the county may serve as a poll worker in any voting
462	precinct of the county.
463	(11) A county legislative body may not appoint a candidate's parent, sibling, spouse,
464	child, mother-in-law, father-in-law, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, daughter-in-law, or
465	son-in-law to serve as a poll worker in a precinct where the candidate appears on the ballot.
466	$\left[\frac{(10)}{(12)}\right]$ (12) If $\left[\frac{10}{10}\right]$ an individual serves as a poll worker outside the voting
467	precinct where the [person] individual is registered, that [person] individual may vote an
468	absentee voter ballot.
469	[(11)] (13) The county clerk shall fill all poll worker vacancies.
470	$\left[\frac{(12)}{(14)}\right]$ If a conflict arises over the right to certify the poll worker lists for any
471	political party, the county legislative body may decide between conflicting lists, but may only
472	select names from a properly submitted list.
473	[(13)] (15) The county legislative body shall establish compensation for poll workers.
474	[(14)] (16) The county clerk may appoint additional poll workers to serve in the polling
175	place as needed.
475	place as needed.
475 476	Section 3. Section <b>20A-5-602</b> is amended to read:
476	Section 3. Section <b>20A-5-602</b> is amended to read:
476 477	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections.
476 477 478	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal
476 477 478 479	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:]
476 477 478 479 480	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:] [(a) in jurisdictions using paper ballots:]
476 477 478 479 480 481	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:] [(a) in jurisdictions using paper ballots:] [(i) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who
476 477 478 479 480 481 482	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:] [(a) in jurisdictions using paper ballots:] [(i) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:] [(a) in jurisdictions using paper ballots:] [(i) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each voting precinct when the ballots will be counted after the polls
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:] [(a) in jurisdictions using paper ballots:] [(i) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each voting precinct when the ballots will be counted after the polls close; or]
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:] [(a) in jurisdictions using paper ballots:] [(i) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each voting precinct when the ballots will be counted after the polls elose; or] [(ii) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:] [(a) in jurisdictions using paper ballots:] [(i) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each voting precinct when the ballots will be counted after the polls close; or] [(ii) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:] [(a) in jurisdictions using paper ballots:] [(i) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each voting precinct when the ballots will be counted after the polls close; or] [(ii) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each voting precinct when the ballots will be counted after the polls close; or] [(ii) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as receiving judges in each voting precinct and three registered voters, or two
476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488	Section 3. Section 20A-5-602 is amended to read: 20A-5-602. Poll workers Appointment for local elections. [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:] [(a) in jurisdictions using paper ballots:] [(i) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each voting precinct when the ballots will be counted after the polls close; or] [(ii) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each voting precinct and three registered voters, or two registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as receiving judges in each voting precinct and three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the

491	[(b) in jurisdictions using automated tabulating equipment, three registered voters, or
492	two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the
493	regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each
494	voting precinct;]
495	[(c) in jurisdictions using voting machines, four registered voters, or three registered
496	voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular
497	municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each voting
498	precinct; and]
499	[ <del>(d) in all jurisdictions:</del> ]
500	(1) A municipal legislative body or local district board appointing, or providing for the
501	appointment of, a poll worker for a local election under this section shall appoint the poll
502	worker at least 15 days before the date of the local election.
503	(2) For each precinct that uses a paper ballot, and where the ballots are counted after
504	the polls close, the municipal legislative body or the local district board shall appoint, or
505	provide for the appointment of, three individuals who reside within the county to serve as poll
506	workers:
507	(a) each of whom is a registered voter; or
508	(b) (i) the first of whom is a registered voter;
509	(ii) the second of whom is a registered voter and is at least 21 years of age; and
510	(iii) the third of whom is 16 or 17 years of age.
511	(3) For each precinct that uses a paper ballot, and where the ballots are counted
512	throughout the day, the municipal legislative body or local district board shall appoint, or
513	provide for the appointment of:
514	(a) three individuals who reside within the county to serve as receiving judges:
515	(i) each of whom is a registered voter; or
516	(ii) (A) the first of whom is a registered voter;
517	(B) the second of whom is a registered voter and is at least 21 years of age; and
518	(C) the third of whom is 16 or 17 years of age; and
519	(b) three individuals who reside within the county to serve as counting judges:
520	(i) each of whom is a registered voter; or
521	(ii) (A) one of whom is 17 years of age and will be 18 years of age by the date of the

522	next regular municipal election; and
523	(B) each of the rest of whom is a registered voter.
524	(4) For each precinct using automated tabulating equipment, the municipal legislative
525	body or the local district board shall appoint, or provide for the appointment of, three
526	individuals who reside within the county to serve as poll workers:
527	(a) each of whom is a registered voter; or
528	(b) (i) the first of whom is a registered voter;
529	(ii) the second of whom is a registered voter and is at least 21 years of age; and
530	(iii) the third of whom is 16 or 17 years of age.
531	(5) For each precinct using voting machines, the municipal legislative body or the local
532	district board shall appoint, or provide for the appointment of, four individuals who reside
533	within the county to serve as poll workers:
534	(a) each of whom is a registered voter; or
535	(b) (i) the first of whom is a registered voter and is at least 21 years of age;
536	(ii) the second of whom is 16 or 17 years of age; and
537	(iii) each of the rest of whom is a registered voter.
538	(6) In all jurisdictions, the municipal legislative body or the local district board shall
539	appoint, or provide for the appointment of:
540	[(i)] (a) at least one registered voter who resides within the county to serve as
541	canvassing judge, if necessary; and
542	[(ii)] (b) as many alternate poll workers as needed to replace appointed poll workers
543	who are unable to serve.
544	[(2)] (7) The municipal legislative body and local district board may not appoint any
545	candidate's parent, sibling, spouse, child, or [in-law] mother-in-law, father-in-law,
546	sister-in-law, brother-in-law, daughter-in-law, or son-in-law to serve as a poll worker [in the
547	voting precinct where the candidate resides] in a precinct where the candidate appears on the
548	<u>ballot</u> .
549	[ <del>(3)</del> ] <u>(8)</u> The clerk shall:
550	(a) prepare and file a list containing the name, address, voting precinct, and telephone
551	number of each [person] individual appointed; and
552	(b) make the list available in the clerk's office for inspection, examination, and copying

553 during business hours.

562

- 554 [(4)] (9) (a) The municipal legislative body and local district board shall compensate 555 poll workers for their services.
- (b) The municipal legislative body and local district board may not compensate theirpoll workers at a rate higher than that paid by the county to its poll workers.
- Section 4. Coordinating H.B. 282 with S.B. 116 -- Substantive and technical
  amendments.
- 560 <u>If this H.B. 282 and S.B. 116, Poll Worker Amendments, both pass and become law, it</u> 561 is the intent of the Legislature that Section 20A-5-602 be amended to read:
  - <u>"20A-5-602.</u> Poll workers -- Appointment for local elections.
- 563 [(1) At least 15 days before the date scheduled for any local election, the municipal
- 564 legislative body or local district board shall appoint or provide for the appointment of:]
- 565 [(a) in jurisdictions using paper ballots:]
- 566 [(i) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who 567 will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county 568 to serve as poll workers for each voting precinct when the ballots will be counted after the polls 569 close; or]
- 570 [(ii) three registered voters, or two registered voters and one person 17 years old who 571 will be 18 years old by the date of the regular municipal election, who reside within the county 572 to serve as receiving judges in each voting precinct and three registered voters, or two 573 registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the 574 regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as counting judges in each 575 voting precinct when ballots will be counted throughout election day;]
- 576 [(b) in jurisdictions using automated tabulating equipment, three registered voters, or 577 two registered voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the 578 regular municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each 579 voting precinct;]
- 580 [(c) in jurisdictions using voting machines, four registered voters, or three registered 581 voters and one person 17 years old who will be 18 years old by the date of the regular 582 municipal election, who reside within the county to serve as poll workers for each voting 583 precinct; and]

584	[ <del>(d) in all jurisdictions:</del> ]
585	(1) A county legislative body, a municipal legislative body, or a local district board
586	appointing, or providing for the appointment of, a poll worker for a local election under this
587	section shall appoint the poll worker at least 15 days before the date of the local election.
588	(2) For each precinct that uses a paper ballot, and where the ballots are counted after
589	the polls close, the county legislative body, the municipal legislative body, or the local district
590	board shall appoint, or provide for the appointment of, three individuals who reside within the
591	county to serve as poll workers:
592	(a) each of whom is a registered voter; or
593	(b) (i) the first of whom is a registered voter;
594	(ii) the second of whom is a registered voter and is at least 21 years of age; and
595	(iii) the third of whom is 16 or 17 years of age.
596	(3) For each precinct that uses a paper ballot, and where the ballots are counted
597	throughout the day, the county legislative body, the municipal legislative body, or the local
598	district board shall appoint, or provide for the appointment of:
599	(a) three individuals who reside within the county to serve as receiving judges:
600	(i) each of whom is a registered voter; or
601	(ii) (A) the first of whom is a registered voter;
602	(B) the second of whom is a registered voter and is at least 21 years of age; and
603	(C) the third of whom is 16 or 17 years of age; and
604	(b) three individuals who reside within the county to serve as counting judges:
605	(i) each of whom is a registered voter; or
606	(ii) (A) one of whom is 17 years of age and will be 18 years of age by the date of the
607	next local election; and
608	(B) each of the rest of whom is a registered voter.
609	(4) For each precinct using automated tabulating equipment, the county legislative
610	body, the municipal legislative body, or the local district board shall appoint, or provide for the
611	appointment of, three individuals who reside within the county to serve as poll workers:
612	(a) each of whom is a registered voter; or
613	(b) (i) the first of whom is a registered voter;
614	(ii) the second of whom is a registered voter and is at least 21 years of age; and

615	(iii) the third of whom is 16 or 17 years of age.
616	(5) For each precinct using voting machines, the county legislative body, the municipal
617	legislative body, or the local district board shall appoint, or provide for the appointment of,
618	four individuals who reside within the county to serve as poll workers:
619	(a) each of whom is a registered voter; or
620	(b) (i) the first of whom is a registered voter and is at least 21 years of age;
621	(ii) the second of whom is 16 or 17 years of age; and
622	(iii) each of the rest of whom is a registered voter.
623	(6) In all jurisdictions, the county legislative body, the municipal legislative body, or
624	the local district board shall appoint, or provide for the appointment of:
625	[(i)] (a) at least one registered voter who resides within the county to serve as
626	canvassing judge, if necessary; and
627	[(ii)] (b) as many alternate poll workers as needed to replace appointed poll workers
628	who are unable to serve.
629	[(2)] (7) The county legislative body, the municipal legislative body, and the local
630	district board may not appoint any candidate's parent, sibling, spouse, child, [or in-law]
631	mother-in-law, father-in-law, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, daughter-in-law, or son-in-law to
632	serve as a poll worker [in the voting precinct where the candidate resides] in a precinct where
633	the candidate appears on the ballot.
634	[ <del>(3)</del> ] <u>(8)</u> The clerk shall:
635	(a) prepare and file a list containing the name, address, voting precinct, and telephone
636	number of each [person] individual appointed; and
637	(b) make the list available in the clerk's office for inspection, examination, and copying
638	during business hours.
639	[(4)] (9) (a) The county legislative body, the municipal legislative body, and the local
640	district board shall compensate poll workers for their services.
641	(b) The municipal legislative body and local district board may not compensate their
642	poll workers at a rate higher than that paid by the county to its poll workers."