	TRANSPORTATION RIGHTS-OF-WAY SAFETY
	AMENDMENTS
	2014 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
	House Sponsor:
	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill enacts a provision relating to state transportation purposes.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>expands the definition of "state transportation purposes," within transportation</li> </ul>
1	rights-of-way provisions, to include the construction and maintenance of pathways
	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{used \ to \ divert}] \ \underline{for} \leftarrow \hat{S} \ pedestrians \ and \ \hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{other} \leftarrow \hat{S} \ nonmotorized \ \hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{vehicle \ traffic \ away}]$
1	f <del>rom a highway in</del>
•	<b>prder</b> ] transportation $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ to enhance traffic safety and efficiency on the highway.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	None
	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
	AMENDS:
	72-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 79
	78B-6-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 327
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:.
	Section 1. Section <b>72-5-102</b> is amended to read:



/2-5-102. Delinitions.	
As used in this part, "state transportation purposes" i	includes:
(1) highway and public transportation rights-of-way	, including those necessary within
cities and towns;	
(2) the construction, reconstruction, relocation, impr	rovement, maintenance, and
mitigation from the effects of these activities on state highw	rays and other transportation
facilities under the control of the department;	
(3) limited access facilities, including rights of acce	ss, air, light, and view and frontage
and service roads to highways;	
(4) adequate drainage in connection with any highw	ray, cut, fill, or channel change and
the maintenance of any highway, cut, fill, or channel change	······································
(5) weighing stations, shops, offices, storage building	ngs and yards, and road
maintenance or construction sites;	
(6) road material sites, sites for the manufacture of a	road materials, and access roads to
the sites;	
(7) the maintenance of an unobstructed view of any	portion of a highway to promote
the safety of the traveling public;	
(8) the placement of traffic signals, directional signs	s, and other signs, fences, curbs,
barriers, and obstructions for the convenience of the travelir	ng public;
(9) the construction and maintenance of storm sewe	ers, sidewalks, and highway
illumination;	
(10) the construction and maintenance of livestock l	highways;
(11) the construction and maintenance of roadside re	est areas adjacent to or near any
highway; [and]	
(12) the mitigation of impacts from public transport	ration projects[-]; and
$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{(13)}$ the construction and maintenance of a path	<del>nway:</del>
(a) located within or adjacent to a highway right-of-v	way or an abandoned railroad
right-of-way;	
(b) intended for use by pedestrians and others using	bicycles or other nonmotorized
modes of transportation; and	
(e) designed to divert pedestrians and other nonmoto	orized traffic away from a nearby←Ŝ

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59	S→ <u>highway in order to enhance traffic safety and efficiency on the highway.</u> ]
59a	(13) the construction and maintenance of a pathway:
59b	(a) for pedestrians, bicyclists, and other nonmotorized transportation; and
59c	(b) designed to enhance the safety and efficiency of a nearby highway. $\leftarrow \hat{S}$
60	Section 2. Section <b>78B-6-501</b> is amended to read:
61	78B-6-501. Eminent domain Uses for which right may be exercised.
62	Subject to the provisions of this part, the right of eminent domain may be exercised on
63	behalf of the following public uses:
64	(1) all public uses authorized by the federal government;
65	(2) public buildings and grounds for the use of the state, and all other public uses
66	authorized by the Legislature;
67	(3) (a) public buildings and grounds for the use of any county, city, town, or board of
68	education;
69	(b) reservoirs, canals, aqueducts, flumes, ditches, or pipes for conducting water or
70	sewage, including to or from a development, for the use of the inhabitants of any county, city,
71	or town, or for the draining of any county, city, or town;
72	(c) the raising of the banks of streams, removing obstructions from streams, and
73	widening, deepening, or straightening their channels;
74	(d) bicycle paths and sidewalks adjacent to paved roads;
75	(e) roads, byroads, streets, and alleys for public vehicular use, including for access to a
76	development, excluding trails, paths, or other ways for walking, hiking, bicycling, equestrian
77	use, or other recreational uses, or whose primary purpose is as a foot path, equestrian trail,
78	bicycle path, or walkway; [and]
79	(f) notwithstanding the exclusion under Subsection (3)(e), a pathway described in
80	Subsection 72-5-102(13); and
81	[(f)] (g) all other public uses for the benefit of any county, city, or town, or its
82	inhabitants;
83	(4) wharves, docks, piers, chutes, booms, ferries, bridges, toll roads, byroads, plank
84	and turnpike roads, roads for transportation by traction engines or road locomotives, roads for
85	logging or lumbering purposes, and railroads and street railways for public transportation;
86	(5) reservoirs, dams, watergates, canals, ditches, flumes, tunnels, aqueducts and pipes
87	for the supplying of persons, mines, mills, smelters or other works for the reduction of ores,
88	with water for domestic or other uses, or for irrigation purposes, or for the draining and
89	reclaiming of lands, or for the floating of logs and lumber on streams not navigable, or for sola

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evaporation ponds and other facilities for the recovery of minerals in solution;

- (6) (a) roads, railroads, tramways, tunnels, ditches, flumes, pipes, and dumping places to access or facilitate the milling, smelting, or other reduction of ores, or the working of mines, quarries, coal mines, or mineral deposits including oil, gas, and minerals in solution;
- (b) outlets, natural or otherwise, for the deposit or conduct of tailings, refuse or water from mills, smelters or other works for the reduction of ores, or from mines, quarries, coal mines or mineral deposits including minerals in solution;
  - (c) mill dams;

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- (d) gas, oil or coal pipelines, tanks or reservoirs, including any subsurface stratum or formation in any land for the underground storage of natural gas, and in connection with that, any other interests in property which may be required to adequately examine, prepare, maintain, and operate underground natural gas storage facilities;
- 102 (e) solar evaporation ponds and other facilities for the recovery of minerals in solution; 103 and
  - (f) any occupancy in common by the owners or possessors of different mines, quarries, coal mines, mineral deposits, mills, smelters, or other places for the reduction of ores, or any place for the flow, deposit or conduct of tailings or refuse matter;
    - (7) byroads leading from a highway to:
    - (a) a residence; or
- 109 (b) a farm;
  - (8) telegraph, telephone, electric light and electric power lines, and sites for electric light and power plants;
- 112 (9) sewage service for:
  - (a) a city, a town, or any settlement of not fewer than 10 families;
- (b) a public building belonging to the state; or
- (c) a college or university;
  - (10) canals, reservoirs, dams, ditches, flumes, aqueducts, and pipes for supplying and storing water for the operation of machinery for the purpose of generating and transmitting electricity for power, light or heat;
    - (11) cemeteries and public parks, except for a park whose primary use is:
- 120 (a) as a trail, path, or other way for walking, hiking, bicycling, or equestrian use; or

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(b) to connect other trails, paths, or other ways for walking, hiking, bicycling, or equestrian use;

- (12) pipelines for the purpose of conducting any and all liquids connected with the manufacture of beet sugar; and
- (13) sites for mills, smelters or other works for the reduction of ores and necessary to their successful operation, including the right to take lands for the discharge and natural distribution of smoke, fumes, and dust, produced by the operation of works, provided that the powers granted by this section may not be exercised in any county where the population exceeds 20,000, or within one mile of the limits of any city or incorporated town nor unless the proposed condemner has the right to operate by purchase, option to purchase or easement, at least 75% in value of land acreage owned by persons or corporations situated within a radius of four miles from the mill, smelter or other works for the reduction of ores; nor beyond the limits of the four-mile radius; nor as to lands covered by contracts, easements, or agreements existing between the condemner and the owner of land within the limit and providing for the operation of such mill, smelter, or other works for the reduction of ores; nor until an action shall have been commenced to restrain the operation of such mill, smelter, or other works for the reduction of ores.

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel