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CHARTER SCHOOL AMENDMENTS	
2014 GENERAL SESSION	
STATE OF UTAH	
Chief Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson	
House Sponsor: Daniel McCay	
LONG TITLE	
General Description:	
This bill modifies provisions related to charter schools.	
Highlighted Provisions:	
This bill:	
requires the State Board of Education, in approving an increase in charter school	
enrollment capacity, to give, subject to a certain exception:	
• high priority to approving a charter school located in a high growth area; and	
• low priority to approving a charter school located in an area where student	
enrollment is stable or declining; and	
• requires a charter school that is approved with high priority status after May 13,	
2014, and is located in a high growth area to give an enrollment preference to	
students who reside within a two-mile radius of the charter school.	
Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
None	
Other Special Clauses:	
None	
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>	
AMENDS:	
53A-1a-502.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 376	
53A-1a-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278	

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30	Section 1. Section <b>53A-1a-502.5</b> is amended to read:
31	53A-1a-502.5. Approval of increase in charter school enrollment capacity.
32	(1) For the purposes of this section[ <del>, "next</del> ]:
33	(a) "High growth area" means an area of the state where school enrollment is
34	significantly increasing or projected to significantly increase.
35	(b) "Next school year" means the school year that begins on or after the July 1
36	immediately following the end of a general session of the Legislature.
37	(2) The State Board of Education may approve an increase in charter school enrollment
38	capacity in the 2012-13 school year or thereafter subject to the Legislature:
39	(a) appropriating funds for an increase in charter school enrollment capacity in the next
40	school year; or
41	(b) authorizing an increase in charter school enrollment capacity in the school year
42	immediately following the next school year.
43	(3) In appropriating funds for, or authorizing, an increase in charter school enrollment
44	capacity, the Legislature shall provide a separate appropriation or authorization of enrollment
45	capacity for a charter school proposed and approved in response to a request for applications
46	issued under Section 53A-1a-501.9.
47	(4) (a) A charter school may annually submit a request to the State Board of Education
48	for an increase in enrollment capacity in the amount of .25 times the number of students in
49	grades 9 through 12 enrolled in an online course in the previous school year through the
50	Statewide Online Education Program.
51	(b) A charter school shall submit a request for an increase in enrollment capacity
52	pursuant to Subsection (4)(a) on or before October 1 of the school year for which the increase
53	in enrollment capacity is requested.
54	(c) The State Board of Education shall approve a request for an increase in enrollment
55	capacity made under Subsection (4)(a) subject to the availability of sufficient funds
56	appropriated under Section 53A-1a-513 to provide the full amount of the per student allocation
57	for each charter school student in the state to supplement school district property tax revenues.

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58 (d) An increase in enrollment capacity approved under Subsection (4)(c) shall be a 59 permanent increase in the charter school's enrollment capacity. 60 (5) (a) If the Legislature does not appropriate funds for an increase in charter school 61 enrollment capacity that is tentatively approved by the State Board of Education, the State Board of Education shall prioritize the tentatively approved schools and expansions based on 62 63 approved funds. 64 (b) A charter school or expansion that is tentatively approved, but not funded, shall be considered to be tentatively approved for the next application year and receive priority status 65 66 for available funding. 67 (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) or (6)(b), in approving an increase in charter school enrollment capacity for new charter schools and expanding charter schools, the 68 69 State Board of Education shall give: 70 (i) high priority to approving a new charter school or a charter school expansion in a high growth area; and 71 72 (ii) low priority to approving a new charter school or a charter school expansion in an 73 area where student enrollment is stable or declining. 74 (b) An applicant seeking to establish a charter school in a high growth area may elect 75 to not receive high priority status as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(i). 76 Section 2. Section **53A-1a-506** is amended to read: 77 53A-1a-506. Eligible students. (1) As used in this section: 78 79 (a) "District school" means a public school under the control of a local school board elected pursuant to Title 20A, Chapter 14, Nomination and Election of State and Local School 80 81 Boards. (b) "Refugee" means a person who is eligible to receive benefits and services from the 82 federal Office of Refugee Resettlement. 83 (2) All resident students of the state qualify for admission to a charter school, subject 84 85 to the limitations set forth in this section and Section 53A-1a-506.5.

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86	(3) (a) A charter school shall enroll an eligible student who submits a timely
87	application, unless the number of applications exceeds the capacity of a program, class, grade
88	level, or the charter school.
89	(b) If the number of applications exceeds the capacity of a program, class, grade level,
90	or the charter school, students shall be selected on a random basis, except as provided in
91	Subsections (4) through $\left[\frac{(6)}{(7)}\right]$ .
92	(4) A charter school may give an enrollment preference to:
93	(a) a student of a parent who has actively participated in the development of the charter
94	school;
95	(b) siblings of students presently enrolled in the charter school;
96	(c) a student of a parent who is employed by the charter school;
97	(d) students articulating between charter schools offering similar programs that are
98	governed by the same governing body;
99	(e) students articulating from one charter school to another pursuant to an articulation
100	agreement between the charter schools that is approved by the State Charter School Board; or
101	(f) students who reside within:
102	(i) the school district in which the charter school is located;
103	(ii) the municipality in which the charter school is located; or
104	(iii) a two-mile radius [from] of the charter school.
105	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a charter school that is approved by the
106	State Board of Education after May 13, 2014, and is located in a high growth area shall give an
107	enrollment preference to students who reside within a two-mile radius of the charter school.
108	(b) The requirement to give an enrollment preference under Subsection (5)(a) does not
109	apply to a charter school that was approved without a high priority status pursuant to
110	Subsection 53A-1a-502.5(6)(b).
111	[(5)] $(6)$ If a district school converts to charter status, the charter school shall give an
112	enrollment preference to students who would have otherwise attended it as a district school.
113	[(6)] (7) (a) A charter school whose mission is to enhance learning opportunities for

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refugees or children of refugee families may give an enrollment preference to refugees or children of refugee families.

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- (b) A charter school whose mission is to enhance learning opportunities for English language learners may give an enrollment preference to English language learners.
- [<del>(7)</del>] (8) A charter school may not discriminate in its admission policies or practices on the same basis as other public schools may not discriminate in their admission policies and practices.