**Senator Scott K. Jenkins** proposes the following substitute bill:

1	SHELTER ANIMAL VACCINE AMENDMENTS
2	2014 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Scott K. Jenkins
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends the Veterinary Practice Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	• exempts an employee of an animal shelter, who meets certain training requirements,
13	from the requirement to be licensed as a veterinarian for the purpose of
14	administering certain vaccinations to a shelter animal;
15	requires an animal shelter to establish a consulting relationship with a veterinarian
16	for training shelter animal employees regarding proper storage, handling, and
17	administration of vaccinations;
18	<ul> <li>establishes requirements for the relationship between the veterinarian and the</li> </ul>
19	animal shelter;
20	<ul> <li>authorizes the animal shelter to obtain, store, and handle vaccinations under the</li> </ul>
21	license of the veterinarian; and
22	<ul> <li>exempts an animal shelter operating under the license of a veterinarian from the</li> </ul>
23	requirement to obtain a license as a pharmacy for purposes of handling, storing, and
24	administering a vaccination.
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:



26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:
28	None
29	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
30	AMENDS:
31	58-17b-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
32	58-28-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
33	ENACTS:
<ul><li>34</li><li>35</li></ul>	<b>58-28-309</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
37	Section 1. Section <b>58-17b-309</b> is amended to read:
38	58-17b-309. Exemptions from licensure.
39	(1) For purposes of this section:
40	(a) "Cosmetic drug":
41	(i) means a prescription drug that is:
42	(A) for the purpose of promoting attractiveness or altering the appearance of an
43	individual; and
44	(B) listed as a cosmetic drug subject to the exemption under this section by the division
45	by administrative rule or has been expressly approved for online dispensing, whether or not it is
46	dispensed online or through a physician's office; and
47	(ii) does not include a prescription drug that is:
48	(A) a controlled substance;
49	(B) compounded by the physician; or
50	(C) prescribed or used for the patient for the purpose of diagnosing, curing, or
51	preventing a disease.
52	(b) "Injectable weight loss drug":
53	(i) means an injectable prescription drug:
54	(A) prescribed to promote weight loss; and
55	(B) listed as an injectable prescription drug subject to exemption under this section by
56	the division by administrative rule; and

57	(ii) does not include a prescription drug that is a controlled substance.
58	(c) "Prescribing practitioner" means an individual licensed under:
59	(i) Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, as an advanced practice registered nurse with
60	prescriptive practice;
61	(ii) Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
62	(iii) Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
63	(iv) Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act.
64	(2) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Sections 58-1-307 and
65	58-17b-309.5, the following individuals may engage in the acts or practices described in this
66	section without being licensed under this chapter:
67	(a) if the individual is described in Subsections (2)(b), (d), or (e), the individual
68	notifies the division in writing of the individual's intent to dispense a drug under this
69	subsection;
70	(b) a person selling or providing contact lenses in accordance with Section 58-16a-801
71	(c) an individual engaging in the practice of pharmacy technician under the direct
72	personal supervision of a pharmacist while making satisfactory progress in an approved
73	program as defined in division rule;
74	(d) a prescribing practitioner who prescribes and dispenses a cosmetic drug or an
75	injectable weight loss drug to the prescribing practitioner's patient in accordance with
76	Subsection (4); [or]
77	(e) an optometrist, as defined in Section 58-16a-102, acting within the optometrist's
78	scope of practice as defined in Section 58-16a-601, who prescribes and dispenses a cosmetic
79	drug to the optometrist's patient in accordance with Subsection (4)[-]; and
80	(f) an animal shelter if:
81	(i) the employee and the animal shelter comply with Section 58-28-309 for a
82	vaccination program; or
83	(ii) the employee is performing euthanasia in accordance with Subsection
84	58-17b-309(14)(a).
85	(3) In accordance with Subsection 58-1-303(1)(a), an individual exempt under
86	Subsection (2)(c) must take all examinations as required by division rule following completion
87	of an approved curriculum of education, within the required time frame. This exemption

- 88 expires immediately upon notification of a failing score of an examination, and the individual 89 may not continue working as a pharmacy technician even under direct supervision. 90 (4) A prescribing practitioner or optometrist is exempt from licensing under the 91 provisions of this part if the prescribing practitioner or optometrist: 92 (a) (i) writes a prescription for a drug the prescribing practitioner or optometrist has the 93 authority to dispense under Subsection (4)(b); and 94 (ii) informs the patient: 95 (A) that the prescription may be filled at a pharmacy or dispensed in the prescribing practitioner's or optometrist's office; 96 97 (B) of the directions for appropriate use of the drug; 98 (C) of potential side-effects to the use of the drug; and 99 (D) how to contact the prescribing practitioner or optometrist if the patient has 100 questions or concerns regarding the drug: (b) dispenses a cosmetic drug or injectable weight loss drug only to the prescribing 101 102 practitioner's patients or for an optometrist, dispenses a cosmetic drug only to the optometrist's 103 patients; 104 (c) follows labeling, record keeping, patient counseling, storage, purchasing and 105 distribution, operating, treatment, and quality of care requirements established by 106 administrative rule adopted by the division in consultation with the boards listed in Subsection 107 (5)(a); and 108 (d) follows USP-NF 797 standards for sterile compounding if the drug dispensed to 109 patients is reconstituted or compounded. 110 (5) (a) The division, in consultation with the board under this chapter and the relevant 111 professional board, including the Physician Licensing Board, the Osteopathic Physician 112 Licensing Board, the Physician Assistant Licensing Board, the Board of Nursing, the 113 Optometrist Licensing Board, or the Online Prescribing, Dispensing, and Facilitation Board, 114 shall adopt administrative rules pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
  - (i) the prescription drugs that may be dispensed as a cosmetic drug or weight loss drug under this section; and
    - (ii) the requirements under Subsection (4)(c).

Rulemaking Act to designate:

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- (b) When making a determination under Subsection (1)(a), the division and boards listed in Subsection (5)(a) may consider any federal Food and Drug Administration indications or approval associated with a drug when adopting a rule to designate a prescription drug that may be dispensed under this section.
  - (c) The division may inspect the office of a prescribing practitioner or optometrist who is dispensing under the provisions of this section, in order to determine whether the prescribing practitioner or optometrist is in compliance with the provisions of this section. If a prescribing practitioner or optometrist chooses to dispense under the provisions of this section, the prescribing practitioner or optometrist consents to the jurisdiction of the division to inspect the prescribing practitioner's or optometrist's office and determine if the provisions of this section are being met by the prescribing practitioner or optometrist.
- (d) If a prescribing practitioner or optometrist violates a provision of this section, the prescribing practitioner or optometrist may be subject to discipline under:
  - (i) this chapter; and
  - (ii) (A) Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry Practice Act;
- (B) Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
- (C) Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
  - (D) Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
- (E) Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act; or
  - (F) Chapter 83, Online Prescribing, Dispensing, and Facilitation Act.
  - (6) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), this section does not restrict or limit the scope of practice of an optometrist or optometric physician licensed under Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry Practice Act.
- Section 2. Section **58-28-307** is amended to read:
- 58-28-307. Exemptions from chapter.

In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307 this chapter does not apply to:

- (1) any person who practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry upon any animal owned by him, and the employee of that person when the practice is upon an animal owned by his employer, and incidental to his employment, except:
- (a) this exemption does not apply to any person, or his employee, when the ownership

of an animal was acquired for the purpose of circumventing this chapter; and

- (b) this exemption does not apply to the administration, dispensing, or prescribing of a prescription drug, or nonprescription drug intended for off label use, unless the administration, dispensing, or prescribing of the drug is obtained through an existing veterinarian-patient relationship;
- (2) any person who as a student at a veterinary college approved by the board engages in the practice of veterinary medicine, surgery, and dentistry as part of his academic training and under the direct supervision and control of a licensed veterinarian, if that practice is during the last two years of the college course of instruction and does not exceed an 18-month duration;
- (3) a veterinarian who is an officer or employee of the government of the United States, or the state, or its political subdivisions, and technicians under his supervision, while engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry for that government;
- (4) any person while engaged in the vaccination of poultry, pullorum testing, typhoid testing of poultry, and related poultry disease control activity;
- (5) any person who is engaged in bona fide and legitimate medical, dental, pharmaceutical, or other scientific research, if that practice of veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry is directly related to, and a necessary part of, that research;
- (6) veterinarians licensed under the laws of another state rendering professional services in association with licensed veterinarians of this state for a period not to exceed 90 days;
- (7) registered pharmacists of this state engaged in the sale of veterinary supplies, instruments, and medicines, if the sale is at his regular place of business;
- (8) any person in this state engaged in the sale of veterinary supplies, instruments, and medicines, except prescription drugs which must be sold in compliance with state and federal regulations, if the supplies, instruments, and medicines are sold in original packages bearing adequate identification and directions for application and administration and the sale is made in the regular course of, and at the regular place of business;
- (9) any person rendering emergency first aid to animals in those areas where a licensed veterinarian is not available, and if suspicious reportable diseases are reported immediately to the state veterinarian;

- 02-06-14 4:59 PM 181 (10) any person performing or teaching nonsurgical bovine artificial insemination; 182 (11) any person affiliated with an institution of higher education who teaches 183 nonsurgical bovine embryo transfer or any technician trained by or approved by an institution 184 of higher education who performs nonsurgical bovine embryo transfer, but only if any 185 prescription drug used in the procedure is prescribed and administered under the direction of a 186 veterinarian licensed to practice in Utah; 187 (12) (a) upon written referral by a licensed veterinarian, the practice of animal 188 chiropractic by a chiropractic physician licensed under Chapter 73, Chiropractic Physician 189 Practice Act, who has completed an animal chiropractic course approved by the American 190 Veterinary Chiropractic Association or the division; 191 (b) upon written referral by a licensed veterinarian, the practice of animal physical 192 therapy by a physical therapist licensed under Chapter 24b, Physical Therapy Practice Act, who 193 has completed at least 100 hours of animal physical therapy training, including quadruped 194 anatomy and hands-on training, approved by the division; 195 (c) upon written referral by a licensed veterinarian, the practice of animal massage 196 therapy by a massage therapist licensed under Chapter 47b, Massage Therapy Practice Act, 197 who has completed at least 60 hours of animal massage therapy training, including quadruped 198 anatomy and hands-on training, approved by the division; and 199 (d) upon written referral by a licensed veterinarian, the practice of acupuncture by an 200 acupuncturist licensed under Chapter 72, Acupuncture Licensing Act, who has completed a 201 course of study on animal acupuncture approved by the division; 202 (13) unlicensed assistive personnel performing duties appropriately delegated to the 203 unlicensed assistive personnel in accordance with Section 58-28-502; 204 (14) an animal shelter employee who is: 205 (a) (i) acting under the indirect supervision of a licensed veterinarian; and 206 [(b)] (ii) performing animal euthanasia in the course and scope of employment; and
- 207 (b) acting in accordance with Section 58-28-309; and 208 (15) an individual providing appropriate training for animals; however, this exception 209
  - does not include diagnosing any medical condition, or prescribing or dispensing any prescription drugs or therapeutics.
    - Section 3. Section **58-28-309** is enacted to read:

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212	58-28-309. Animal shelter employees Rables vaccine vaccination Program.
213	(1) For purposes of this section:
214	(a) (i) "Animal shelter" means a facility or program that provides services to stray, lost,
215	or unwanted animals, including holding and placing the animal for adoption.
216	(ii) "Animal shelter" does not include:
217	(A) an institution conducting research on animals as defined in Section 26-26-1; or
218	(B) a private humane society or private animal welfare organization.
219	(b) "Employee" means an individual:
220	(i) employed by the animal shelter; or
221	(ii) volunteering at the animal shelter.
222	(c) "Vaccination program" means the storage, handling, and administration of rabies
223	vaccines or other vaccines that promote health or prevent disease.
224	(2) An employee may administer a vaccine to a shelter animal without being licensed
225	under this chapter if the employee complies with Subsection (4) and the animal shelter
226	complies with Subsection (3).
227	(3) (a) The animal shelter shall have a written agreement with a licensed veterinarian
228	for the oversight of the vaccination program in which:
229	(i) the veterinarian provides training at least annually to employees regarding:
230	(A) the standards developed under Subsection (4)(a);
231	(B) the proper storage, handling, administration, and record keeping for vaccinations
232	administered at the animal shelter;
233	(C) contraindications for vaccinations and possible reactions to vaccinations; and
234	(D) if the rabies vaccination will be administered, the protocols for rabies vaccination
235	under the Compendium of Animal Rabies Prevention and Control;
236	(ii) the veterinarian inspects the animal shelter:
237	(A) at least annually to verify the proper storage, handling, administration, and record
238	keeping for vaccinations administered at the animal shelter; and
239	(B) at designated intervals to audit and reconcile the inventory of vaccines and the
240	rabies certificates;
241	(iii) the veterinarian provides a treatment protocol for adverse vaccine reactions; and
242	(iv) the veterinarian agrees that the animal shelter is operating the vaccination program

243	under the license of the veterinarian.
244	(b) If a rabies vaccination is administered by an employee, the animal shelter shall:
245	(i) create and maintain a record for each animal that received the rabies vaccination for
246	a period of five years after the date of the rabies vaccination; and
247	(ii) include in the records the name of the person who administered the vaccination, the
248	vaccine identification, and the rabies tag number.
249	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(ii) an animal shelter may administer
250	vaccinations only to impounded shelter animals or animals owned by the shelter.
251	(ii) An animal shelter may administer vaccinations to nonshelter animals if a
252	veterinarian is available for direct supervision of the vaccinations.
253	(d) An animal shelter shall maintain a record of employee training and competency test
254	<u>results.</u>
255	(4) An employee shall:
256	(a) receive training developed by the Utah Veterinary Medical Association that
257	includes the proper storage, handling, and administration of vaccines;
258	(b) pass a competency exam based on the training material developed under Subsection
259	<u>(4)(a);</u>
260	(c) receive training at least annually by the veterinarian under contract with the animal
261	shelter in accordance with Subsection (3)(a);
262	(d) follow storage, handling, administration, and record keeping requirements
263	developed by the veterinarian under Subsection (3);
264	(e) follow treatment protocols developed by the veterinarian under Subsection (3); and
265	(f) if the rabies vaccine is administered by an employee, administer the vaccine under
266	the indirect supervision of a veterinarian.
267	(5) An animal shelter that is operating under the license of a veterinarian under the
268	provisions of Subsection (3), is not subject to licensing as a pharmacy under Chapter 17b,
269	Pharmacy Practice Act.