	CRIMES AGAINST HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS IN
	CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM
	2015 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Brad M. Daw
	Senate Sponsor: Margaret Dayton
	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill modifies the Utah Criminal Code regarding propelling a substance or object at
Е	a health care provider.
]	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
ļ	Ŝ➡ [── defines a health care provider;
-	→ includes] provides that employees, volunteers, and ←Ŝ health care providers Ŝ→ [as]
2	<u>are</u> \leftarrow \hat{S} victims in the statutory section that currently
Ċ	lefines the offense of propelling a substance or object, including a bodily fluid, at a
ľ	peace officer or correctional officer; and
	 applies the same penalties as currently apply to the offense when committed against
ċ	a peace officer or correctional officer.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	Ĥ→ [None] <u>This bill provides a special effective date.</u> ←Ĥ
	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:
	53-10-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 331
	76-5-102.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 306

H.B. 83

01-05-15 5:47 PM

59	(v) a felony violation of enticing a minor over the Internet, Section 76-4-401;
60	(vi) a felony violation of propelling a substance or object at a correctional [or] officer.
61	<u>a</u> peace officer, or Ŝ→ [a health care provider] an employee or a volunteer, including health care
61a	providers \leftarrow \hat{S} , Section 76-5-102.6;
62	(vii) aggravated human trafficking and aggravated human smuggling, Section
63	76-5-310;
64	(viii) a felony violation of unlawful sexual activity with a minor, Section 76-5-401;
65	(ix) a felony violation of sexual abuse of a minor, Section 76-5-401.1;
66	(x) unlawful sexual contact with a 16 or 17-year old, Section 76-5-401.2;
67	(xi) sale of a child, Section 76-7-203;
68	(xii) aggravated escape, Subsection 76-8-309(2);
69	(xiii) a felony violation of assault on an elected official, Section 76-8-315;
70	(xiv) influencing, impeding, or retaliating against a judge or member of the Board of
71	Pardons and Parole, Section 76-8-316;
72	(xv) advocating criminal syndicalism or sabotage, Section 76-8-902;
73	(xvi) assembly for advocating criminal syndicalism or sabotage, Section 76-8-903;
74	(xvii) a felony violation of sexual battery, Section 76-9-702.1;
75	(xviii) a felony violation of lewdness involving a child, Section 76-9-702.5;
76	(xix) a felony violation of abuse or desecration of a dead human body, Section
77	76-9-704;
78	(xx) manufacture, possession, sale, or use of a weapon of mass destruction, Section
79	76-10-402;
80	(xxi) manufacture, possession, sale, or use of a hoax weapon of mass destruction,
81	Section 76-10-403;
82	(xxii) possession of a concealed firearm in the commission of a violent felony,
83	Subsection 76-10-504(4);
84	(xxiii) assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking with a dangerous weapon,
85	Subsection 76-10-1504(3);
86	(xxiv) commercial obstruction, Subsection 76-10-2402(2);
87	(xxv) a felony violation of failure to register as a sex or kidnap offender, Section
88	77-41-107;
89	(xxvi) repeat violation of a protective order, Subsection 77-36-1.1(2)(c); or

01-05-15 5:47 PM

H.B. 83

90	(xxvii) violation of condition for release after arrest for domestic violence, Section
91	77-36-2.5.
92	(3) A minor under Subsection (1) is a minor 14 years of age or older whom a Utah
93	court has adjudicated to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court due to the commission
94	of any offense described in Subsection (2), and who is:
95	(a) within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court on or after July 1, 2002 for an offense
96	under Subsection (2); or
97	(b) in the legal custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services on or after July 1,
98	2002 for an offense under Subsection (2).
99	Section 2. Section 76-5-102.6 is amended to read:
100	76-5-102.6. Propelling substance or object at a correctional or peace officer
101	Penalties.
102	Ŝ→ [(1) As used in this section, "health care provider" means the same as that term is
103	defined in Section 78B-3-403, but does not include an athletic trainer.
104	[] (1) [] (2) $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ Any prisoner or person detained pursuant to Section 77-7-15 who throws
104a	or
105	otherwise propels any substance or object at a peace [or] officer, a correctional officer, or $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{a}]$
106	health care provider] an employee or volunteer, including a health care provider (\$\$\higher \$), is guilty
106a	of a class A misdemeanor, except as provided under Subsection
107	(2).
108	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (2) $[f:3] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ A violation of Subsection $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (1) $[f:3] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ is a third degree
108a	felony if:
109	(a) the object or substance is:
110	(i) blood, urine, or fecal material;
111	(ii) an infectious agent as defined in Section 26-6-2 or a material that carries an
112	infectious agent;
113	(iii) vomit or a material that carries vomit; or
114	(iv) the prisoner's or detained person's saliva, and the prisoner or detained person
115	knows he or she is infected with HIV, hepatitis B, or hepatitis C; and
116	(b) the object or substance comes into contact with any portion of the officer's <u>or health</u>
117	care provider's face, including the eyes or mouth, or comes into contact with any open wound
118	on the officer's or health care provider's body.
119	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ (3) $[f] (4)$ (3) $[f] (4)$ If an offense committed under this section amounts to an offense
119a	subject to a
120	greater penalty under another provision of state law than under this section, this section does

01-05-15 5:47 PM

121	not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
122	Section 3. Section 76-5-102.7 is amended to read:
123	76-5-102.7. Assault against health care provider and emergency medical service
124	worker Penalty.
125	(1) A person who assaults a health care provider or emergency medical service worker
126	is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if:
127	(a) the person is not a prisoner or a person detained under Section 77-7-15;
128	[(a)] (b) the person knew that the victim was a health care provider or emergency
129	medical service worker; and
130	[(b)] (c) the health care provider or emergency medical service worker was performing
131	emergency or life saving duties within the scope of his or her authority at the time of the
132	assault.
133	(2) As used in this section:
134	(a) "Emergency medical service worker" means a person certified under Section
135	26-8a-302.
136	(b) "Health care provider" [has the meaning as provided] means the same as that term
137	is defined in Section 78B-3-403.
137a	Ĥ→ <u>Section 4. Effective date.</u>
137b	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect upon
137c	<u>approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah</u>
137d	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
137e	the date of veto override, except that the amendments to Sections 34A-2-102, 34A-2-104, and
137f	<u>34A-2-111 in this bill take effect on January 1, 2016.</u> ←Ĥ

- 5 -

Legislative Review Note as of 12-2-14 1:42 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel