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274	proceedings and shall give these proceedings the same priority as is given to criminal cases.
275	[(6)] (7) In all suits or actions brought under this section for the civil forfeiture of any
276	property, the burden of proof is on the prosecuting attorney to establish by clear and convincing
277	evidence the extent to which, if any, the property is subject to forfeiture.
278	[(7)] (8) A claimant may file an answer to a complaint for civil forfeiture without
279	posting bond with respect to the property subject to forfeiture.
280	Section 5. Section 24-4-107 is amended to read:
281	24-4-107. Innocent owners.
282	(1) An innocent owner's interest in property may not be forfeited <u>under any provision</u>
283	of state law.
284	(2) In a forfeiture proceeding [under this chapter] $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{regarding property belonging to a}}]$
285	claimant other than a person charged or convicted for a crime subjecting that property to
286	<u>forfeiture</u>] of a claimant under this section $\leftarrow \hat{H}$, the prosecuting attorney has the burden of
286a	establishing by clear and convincing
287	evidence that [a] the claimant:
288	(a) is responsible for the conduct giving rise to the forfeiture, subject to Subsection (4);
289	(b) knew of the conduct giving rise to the forfeiture, and allowed the property to be
290	used in furtherance of the conduct, subject to Subsection (4);
291	(c) acquired the property with notice of its actual or constructive seizure for forfeiture
292	under this chapter;
293	(d) acquired the property knowing the property was subject to forfeiture under this
294	chapter; or
295	(e) acquired the property in an effort to conceal, prevent, hinder, or delay its lawful
296	seizure or forfeiture under any provision of state law.
297	(3) [(a)] A claimant [under this chapter is not required to] does not have an obligation
298	under this section to take steps to prevent illegal use or criminal activity regarding the seized
299	property [that the claimant reasonably believes would be likely to result in physical harm or
300	danger to any person].
301	[(b)] (4) A claimant may demonstrate that the claimant was not responsible for the
302	conduct giving rise to forfeiture or did not allow the property to be used in the furtherance of
303	the conduct by providing evidence that the claimant took reasonable action to prohibit the
304	illegal use of the property by: