Enrolled Copy

1	UTAH AGRICULTURAL CODE AMENDMENTS
2	2015 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Stephen G. Handy
5	Senate Sponsor: David P. Hinkins
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Utah Agricultural Code.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 states that the county bee inspector or the Department of Agriculture and Food may
13	inspect an apiary within a county;
14	 states that the Department of Agriculture and Food may make rules to control and
15	eradicate certain infectious diseases in livestock;
16	 establishes fines;
17	 repeals language; and
18	 makes technical changes.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	None
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	4-11-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 73
26	4-23-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 73 and 378
27	4-31-109, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 331
28	ENACTS:
29	4-31-109.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953

H.B. 355

Enrolled Copy

-

30	REPEALS:
31	4-23-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 98
32	
33	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
34	Section 1. Section 4-11-7 is amended to read:
35	4-11-7. Inspector Duties Diseased apiaries Examination of diseased bees by
36	department Election to transport bees to wax-salvage plant.
37	(1) The county bee inspector or the department [shall] \underline{may} inspect all apiaries within
38	the county at least once each year and, also, inspect immediately any apiary within the county
39	that is alleged in a written complaint to be severely diseased, parasitized, or abandoned.
40	(2) If, upon inspection, the inspector determines that an apiary is diseased or
41	parasitized, the inspector shall take the following action based on the severity of the disease or
42	parasite present:
43	(a) prescribe the course of treatment that the owner or caretaker of the bees shall follow
44	to eliminate the disease or parasite;
45	(b) personally, for the purpose of treatment approved by the department, take control of
46	the afflicted bees, hives, combs, broods, honey, and equipment; or
47	(c) destroy the afflicted bees and, if necessary, their hives, combs, broods, honey, and
48	all appliances that may have become infected.
49	(3) If, upon reinspection, the inspector determines that the responsible party has not
50	executed the course of treatment prescribed by Subsection (2), the inspector may take
51	immediate possession of the afflicted colony for control or destruction in accordance with
52	Subsection (2)(b) or (c).
53	(4) (a) The owner of an apiary who is dissatisfied with the diagnosis or course of action
54	proposed by an inspector under this section may, at the owner's expense, have the department
55	examine the alleged diseased bees.
56	(b) The decision of the commissioner with respect to the condition of bees at the time
57	of the examination is final and conclusive upon the owner and the inspector involved.

Enrolled Copy

58	(5) The owner of a diseased apiary, notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections (2),
59	(3), and (4), may elect under the direction of the county bee inspector to kill the diseased bees,
60	seal their hives, and transport them to a licensed wax-salvage plant.
61	Section 2. Section 4-23-8 is amended to read:
62	4-23-8. Proceeds of sheep fee Refund of sheep fees Annual audit of books,
63	records, and accounts.
64	(1) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (1), the commissioner may
65	spend an amount each year from the proceeds collected from the fee imposed on sheep for the
66	promotion, advancement, and protection of the sheep interests of the state.
67	(b) The amount described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be the equivalent to an amount
68	that:
69	(i) equals or exceeds 18 cents per head; and
70	(ii) equals or is less than 25 cents per head.
71	(c) The commissioner shall set the amount described in Subsection (1)(a):
72	(i) on or before January 1 of each year; and
73	(ii) in consultation with one or more statewide organizations that represent persons
74	who grow wool.
75	[(d) All costs to promote or advance sheep interests shall be deducted from the total
76	revenue collected before calculating the annual budget request, which shall be made by the
77	Division of Wildlife Resources as specified in Section 4-23-9.]
78	[(e)] (d) A sheep fee is refundable in an amount equal to that part of the fee used to
79	promote, advance, or protect sheep interests.
80	[(f)] (e) A refund claim shall be filed with the department on or before January 1 of the
81	year immediately succeeding the year for which the fee was paid.
82	$\left[\frac{(g)}{(f)}\right]$ A refund claim shall be certified by the department to the state treasurer for
83	payment from the Agricultural and Wildlife Damage Prevention Account created in Section
84	4-23-7.5.
85	(2) Any expense incurred by the department in administering refunds shall be paid

- 3 -

H.B. 355

86	from funds allocated for the promotion, advancement, and protection of the sheep interests of
87	the state.
88	(3) (a) The books, records, and accounts of the Utah Woolgrowers Association, or any
89	other organization which receives funds from the agricultural and wildlife damage prevention
90	account, for the purpose of promoting, advancing, or protecting the sheep interests of the state,
91	shall be audited at least once annually by a licensed accountant.
92	(b) The results of this audit shall be submitted to the commissioner.
93	Section 3. Section 4-31-109 is amended to read:
94	4-31-109. Department authorized to make and enforce rules concerning
95	brucellosis, trichomoniasis, tuberculosis, and other infectious diseases in livestock.
96	(1) The department may:
97	(a) make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
98	Rulemaking Act, to control and eradicate brucellosis, trichomoniasis, [and] tuberculosis, and
99	other infectious diseases in livestock; and
100	(b) enforce the rules described in Subsection (1)(a).
101	(2) The department shall, in making the rules described in Subsection (1)(a), protect
102	against negative impact on the interstate or intrastate commerce of livestock that is transferred,
103	sold, or exhibited.
104	Section 4. Section 4-31-109.1 is enacted to read:
105	<u>4-31-109.1.</u> Trichomoniasis fines.
106	(1) A person who knowingly sells a bull infected with trichomoniasis, other than to
107	slaughter, without declaring the disease status of the animal shall be subject to citation and
108	fines as prescribed by the department or may be called to appear before an administrative
109	proceeding by the department, as established by rule in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
110	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and Section 4-31-109.
111	(2) After May 15 of each calendar year, an owner of a bull that has not been tested for
112	trichomoniasis shall be fined \$1,000 per violation.
113	(3) An owner of a bull that has not been tested for trichomoniasis and that has been

Enrolled Copy

- 114 exposed to female cattle shall be fined \$1,000 per violation regardless of the time of year.
- 115 Section 5. **Repealer.**
- 116 This bill repeals:
- 117 Section 4-23-9, Annual budget requests -- Relation to amount of fees and
- 118 supplemental contributions deposited in Agricultural and Wildlife Damage Prevention
- 119 Account -- Commissioner to certify amount deposited.