

## HB0036S01 compared with HB0036

~~{deleted text}~~ shows text that was in HB0036 but was deleted in HB0036S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0036 but was inserted into HB0036S01.

**DISCLAIMER:** This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Paul Ray proposes the following substitute bill:

### VETERANS DEFINITION

2015 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Paul Ray**

Senate Sponsor: \_\_\_\_\_

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#### LONG TITLE

##### ~~{Committee Note:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ The Veterans' and Military Affairs Commission recommended this bill.~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Membership: \_\_\_\_\_ 5 legislators \_\_\_\_\_ 17 non-legislators~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Legislative Vote: \_\_\_\_\_ 5 voting for \_\_\_\_\_ 0 voting against \_\_\_\_\_ 0 absent~~

##### ~~{General Description:~~

~~This bill makes coordinating changes to the definition of veteran.~~

#### **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ adds the term "veteran" to the general definitions for the Utah Code;
- ▶ makes coordinating changes to the definition of veteran; and
- ▶ makes other technical changes.

#### **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

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None

### Other Special Clauses:

~~{ None }~~ This bill provides a special effective date.

### Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

**26-8a-106**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 181

**53B-8-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 216

**53B-13b-102**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 87

**68-3-12.5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366

**71-7-3**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 214

**71-8-1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 85

~~{ **71-10-1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 137 }~~

~~{ **71-12-102**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 91 }~~

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*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

Section 1. Section **26-8a-106** is amended to read:

**26-8a-106. Waiver of rules.**

(1) Upon application, the committee or department may waive the requirements of a rule it has adopted if:

(a) the person applying for the waiver satisfactorily demonstrates that:

(i) the waiver is necessary for a pilot project to be undertaken by the applicant;

(ii) in the particular situation, the requirement serves no beneficial public purpose; or

(iii) circumstances warrant that waiver of the requirement outweighs the public benefit

to be gained by adherence to the rule; and

(b) for a waiver granted under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (iii), the committee or department:

(i) extends the waiver to similarly situated persons upon application; or

(ii) amends the rule to be consistent with the waiver.

(2) A waiver of education, licensing, or certification requirements may be granted to a veteran, as defined in Section ~~[71-8-1]~~ 68-3-12.5, if the veteran:

(a) provides to the committee or department documentation showing military education

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and training in the field in which certification or licensure is sought; and

(b) successfully passes any examination required.

(3) No waiver may be granted under this section that is inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.

Section 2. Section **53B-8-102** is amended to read:

### **53B-8-102. Definitions -- Resident student status -- Exceptions.**

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Immediate family member" means an individual's spouse or child.

(b) "Military servicemember" means:

(i) an individual who is serving on active duty in the United States Armed Forces within the state of Utah;

(ii) an individual who is a member of a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces assigned in Utah; or

(iii) an individual who is a member of the Utah National Guard.

~~[(c) "Military veteran" means an individual who:]~~

~~[(i) has served on active duty:]~~

~~[(A) in the United States Armed Forces for at least 180 consecutive days or was a member of a reserve component and has been separated or retired with an honorable or general discharge; or]~~

~~[(B) in the National Guard and has been separated or retired with an honorable or general discharge; or]~~

~~[(ii) incurred an actual service-related injury or disability in the line of duty regardless of whether that person completed 180 days of active duty.]~~

(c) "Military veteran" has the same meaning as veteran in Section 68-3-12.5.

(d) "Parent" means a student's biological or adoptive parent.

(2) The meaning of "resident student" is determined by reference to the general law on the subject of domicile, except as provided in this section.

(3) (a) Institutions within the state system of higher education may grant resident student status to any student who has come to Utah and established residency for the purpose of attending an institution of higher education, and who, prior to registration as a resident student:

(i) has maintained continuous Utah residency status for one full year;

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(ii) has signed a written declaration that the student has relinquished residency in any other state; and

(iii) has submitted objective evidence that the student has taken overt steps to establish permanent residency in Utah and that the student does not maintain a residence elsewhere.

(b) Evidence to satisfy the requirements under Subsection (3)(a)(iii) includes:

(i) a Utah high school transcript issued in the past year confirming attendance at a Utah high school in the past 12 months;

(ii) a Utah voter registration dated a reasonable period prior to application;

(iii) a Utah driver license or identification card with an original date of issue or a renewal date several months prior to application;

(iv) a Utah vehicle registration dated a reasonable period prior to application;

(v) evidence of employment in Utah for a reasonable period prior to application;

(vi) proof of payment of Utah resident income taxes for the previous year;

(vii) a rental agreement showing the student's name and Utah address for at least 12 months prior to application; and

(viii) utility bills showing the student's name and Utah address for at least 12 months prior to application.

(c) A student who is claimed as a dependent on the tax returns of a person who is not a resident of Utah is not eligible to apply for resident student status.

(4) Except as provided in Subsection (8), an institution within the state system of higher education may establish stricter criteria for determining resident student status.

(5) If an institution does not have a minimum credit-hour requirement, that institution shall honor the decision of another institution within the state system of higher education to grant a student resident student status, unless:

(a) the student obtained resident student status under false pretenses; or

(b) the facts existing at the time of the granting of resident student status have changed.

(6) Within the limits established in Title 53B, Chapter 8, Tuition Waiver and Scholarships, each institution within the state system of higher education may, regardless of its policy on obtaining resident student status, waive nonresident tuition either in whole or in part, but not other fees.

(7) In addition to the waivers of nonresident tuition under Subsection (6), each

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institution may, as athletic scholarships, grant full waiver of fees and nonresident tuition, up to the maximum number allowed by the appropriate athletic conference as recommended by the president of each institution.

(8) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), an institution within the state system of higher education shall grant resident student status for tuition purposes to:

(a) a military servicemember, if the military servicemember provides:

(i) the military servicemember's current United States military identification card; and

(ii) a statement from the military servicemember's current commander, or equivalent,

stating that the military servicemember is assigned in Utah;

(b) a military servicemember's immediate family member, if the military servicemember's immediate family member provides:

(i) one of the following:

(A) the military servicemember's current United States military identification card; or

(B) the immediate family member's current United States military identification card;

and

(ii) a statement from the military servicemember's current commander, or equivalent, stating that the military servicemember is assigned in Utah;

(c) a military veteran, regardless of whether the military veteran served in Utah, if the military veteran provides:

(i) evidence of an honorable or general discharge;

(ii) a signed written declaration that the military veteran has relinquished residency in any other state and does not maintain a residence elsewhere;

(iii) objective evidence that the military veteran has taken overt steps to relinquish residency in any other state and establish residency in Utah, which may include any one of the following:

(A) a Utah voter registration card;

(B) a Utah driver license or identification card;

(C) a Utah vehicle registration;

(D) evidence of employment in Utah;

(E) a rental agreement showing the military veteran's name and Utah address; or

(F) utility bills showing the military veteran's name and Utah address; and

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(d) a military veteran's immediate family member, regardless of whether the military veteran served in Utah, if the military veteran's immediate family member provides:

(i) evidence of the military veteran's honorable or general discharge within the last five years;

(ii) a signed written declaration that the military veteran's immediate family member has relinquished residency in any other state and does not maintain a residence elsewhere; and

(iii) objective evidence that the military veteran's immediate family member has taken overt steps to relinquish residency in any other state and establish residency in Utah, which may include any one of the items described in Subsection (8)(c)(iii).

(9) (a) Aliens who are present in the United States on visitor, student, or other visas which authorize only temporary presence in this country, do not have the capacity to intend to reside in Utah for an indefinite period and therefore are classified as nonresidents.

(b) Aliens who have been granted immigrant or permanent resident status in the United States are classified for purposes of resident student status according to the same criteria applicable to citizens.

(10) Any American Indian who is enrolled on the tribal rolls of a tribe whose reservation or trust lands lie partly or wholly within Utah or whose border is at any point contiguous with the border of Utah, and any American Indian who is a member of a federally recognized or known Utah tribe and who has graduated from a high school in Utah, is entitled to resident student status.

(11) A Job Corps student is entitled to resident student status if the student:

(a) is admitted as a full-time, part-time, or summer school student in a program of study leading to a degree or certificate; and

(b) submits verification that the student is a current Job Corps student.

(12) A person is entitled to resident student status and may immediately apply for resident student status if the person:

(a) marries a Utah resident eligible to be a resident student under this section; and

(b) establishes his or her domicile in Utah as demonstrated by objective evidence as provided in Subsection (3).

(13) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c), a dependent student who has at least one parent who has been domiciled in Utah for at least 12 months prior to the student's application

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is entitled to resident student status.

(14) (a) A person who has established domicile in Utah for full-time permanent employment may rebut the presumption of a nonresident classification by providing substantial evidence that the reason for the individual's move to Utah was, in good faith, based on an employer requested transfer to Utah, recruitment by a Utah employer, or a comparable work-related move for full-time permanent employment in Utah.

(b) All relevant evidence concerning the motivation for the move shall be considered, including:

(i) the person's employment and educational history;

(ii) the dates when Utah employment was first considered, offered, and accepted;

(iii) when the person moved to Utah;

(iv) the dates when the person applied for admission, was admitted, and was enrolled as a postsecondary student;

(v) whether the person applied for admission to an institution of higher education sooner than four months from the date of moving to Utah;

(vi) evidence that the person is an independent person who is:

(A) at least 24 years of age; or

(B) not claimed as a dependent on someone else's tax returns; and

(vii) any other factors related to abandonment of a former domicile and establishment of a new domicile in Utah for purposes other than to attend an institution of higher education.

(15) (a) A person who is in residence in Utah to participate in a United States Olympic athlete training program, at a facility in Utah, approved by the governing body for the athlete's Olympic sport, shall be entitled to resident status for tuition purposes.

(b) Upon the termination of the athlete's participation in the training program, the athlete shall be subject to the same residency standards applicable to other persons under this section.

(c) Time spent domiciled in Utah during the Olympic athlete training program in Utah counts for Utah residency for tuition purposes upon termination of the athlete's participation in a Utah Olympic athlete training program.

(16) (a) A person who has established domicile in Utah for reasons related to divorce, the death of a spouse, or long-term health care responsibilities for an immediate family

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member, including the person's spouse, parent, sibling, or child, may rebut the presumption of a nonresident classification by providing substantial evidence that the reason for the individual's move to Utah was, in good faith, based on the long-term health care responsibilities.

(b) All relevant evidence concerning the motivation for the move shall be considered, including:

(i) the person's employment and educational history;

(ii) the dates when the long-term health care responsibilities in Utah were first considered, offered, and accepted;

(iii) when the person moved to Utah;

(iv) the dates when the person applied for admission, was admitted, and was enrolled as a postsecondary student;

(v) whether the person applied for admission to an institution of higher education sooner than four months from the date of moving to Utah;

(vi) evidence that the person is an independent person who is:

(A) at least 24 years of age; or

(B) not claimed as a dependent on someone else's tax returns; and

(vii) any other factors related to abandonment of a former domicile and establishment of a new domicile in Utah for purposes other than to attend an institution of higher education.

(17) The board, after consultation with the institutions, shall make rules not inconsistent with this section:

(a) concerning the definition of resident and nonresident students;

(b) establishing procedures for classifying and reclassifying students;

(c) establishing criteria for determining and judging claims of residency or domicile;

(d) establishing appeals procedures; and

(e) other matters related to this section.

(18) A student shall be exempt from paying the nonresident portion of total tuition if the student:

(a) is a foreign national legally admitted to the United States;

(b) attended high school in this state for three or more years; and

(c) graduated from a high school in this state or received the equivalent of a high school diploma in this state.

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Section 3. Section **53B-13b-102** is amended to read:

### **53B-13b-102. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Federal program" means the Post-9/11 Veterans Educational Assistance Act of 2008, Pub. L. No. 110-252.
- (2) "Institution of higher education" or "institution" means a:
  - (a) credit-granting higher education institution within the state system of higher education; or
  - (b) an institution of higher learning, as defined in the federal program, that is located in the state.
- (3) "Program" means the Veterans Tuition Gap Program created in this chapter.
- (4) (a) "Qualifying military veteran" means [~~an individual~~] a veteran, as defined in Section 68-3-12.5, who:
  - (i) is a resident student under Section 53B-8-102 and rules of the board;
  - (ii) is accepted into an institution and enrolled in a program leading to a bachelor's degree;
  - (iii) has qualified for the federal program;
  - (iv) has maximized the federal benefit under the federal program; and
  - (v) has not completed a bachelor's degree.
- (b) "Qualifying military veteran" does not include a family member.

Section 4. Section **68-3-12.5** is amended to read:

### **68-3-12.5. Definitions for Utah Code.**

- (1) The definitions listed in this section apply to the Utah Code, unless:
  - (a) the definition is inconsistent with the manifest intent of the Legislature or repugnant to the context of the statute; or
  - (b) a different definition is expressly provided for the respective title, chapter, part, section, or subsection.
- (2) "Adjudicative proceeding" means:
  - (a) an action by a board, commission, department, officer, or other administrative unit of the state that determines the legal rights, duties, privileges, immunities, or other legal interests of one or more identifiable persons, including an action to grant, deny, revoke,

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suspend, modify, annul, withdraw, or amend an authority, right, or license; and

(b) judicial review of an action described in Subsection (2)(a).

(3) "Administrator" includes "executor" when the subject matter justifies the use.

(4) "Advisory board," "advisory commission," and "advisory council" mean a board, commission, committee, or council that:

(a) is created by, and whose duties are provided by, statute or executive order;

(b) performs its duties only under the supervision of another person as provided by statute; and

(c) provides advice and makes recommendations to another person that makes policy for the benefit of the general public.

(5) "County executive" means:

(a) the county commission, in the county commission or expanded county commission form of government established under Title 17, Chapter 52, Changing Forms of County Government;

(b) the county executive, in the county executive-council optional form of government authorized by Section 17-52-504; or

(c) the county manager, in the council-manager optional form of government authorized by Section 17-52-505.

(6) "County legislative body" means:

(a) the county commission, in the county commission or expanded county commission form of government established under Title 17, Chapter 52, Changing Forms of County Government;

(b) the county council, in the county executive-council optional form of government authorized by Section 17-52-504; and

(c) the county council, in the council-manager optional form of government authorized by Section 17-52-505.

(7) "Depose" means to make a written statement made under oath or affirmation.

(8) "Executor" includes "administrator" when the subject matter justifies the use.

(9) "Guardian" includes a person who:

(a) qualifies as a guardian of a minor or incapacitated person pursuant to testamentary or court appointment; or

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(b) is appointed by a court to manage the estate of a minor or incapacitated person.

(10) "Highway" includes:

- (a) a public bridge;
- (b) a county way;
- (c) a county road;
- (d) a common road; and
- (e) a state road.

(11) "Intellectual disability" means a significant, subaverage general intellectual functioning that:

- (a) exists concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior; and
- (b) is manifested during the developmental period as defined in the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association.

(12) "Intermediate care facility for people with an intellectual disability" means an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, as defined in Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

(13) "Land" includes:

- (a) land;
- (b) a tenement;
- (c) a hereditament;
- (d) a water right;
- (e) a possessory right; and
- (f) a claim.

(14) "Month" means a calendar month, unless otherwise expressed.

(15) "Oath" includes "affirmation."

(16) "Person" means:

- (a) an individual;
- (b) an association;
- (c) an institution;
- (d) a corporation;
- (e) a company;

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- (f) a trust;
- (g) a limited liability company;
- (h) a partnership;
- (i) a political subdivision;
- (j) a government office, department, division, bureau, or other body of government;

and

(k) any other organization or entity.

(17) "Personal property" includes:

- (a) money;
- (b) goods;
- (c) chattels;
- (d) effects;
- (e) evidences of a right in action;
- (f) a written instrument by which a pecuniary obligation, right, or title to property is

created, acknowledged, transferred, increased, defeated, discharged, or diminished; and

(g) a right or interest in an item described in Subsections (17)(a) through (f).

(18) "Personal representative," "executor," and "administrator" include:

- (a) an executor;
- (b) an administrator;
- (c) a successor personal representative;
- (d) a special administrator; and
- (e) a person who performs substantially the same function as a person described in

Subsections (18)(a) through (d) under the law governing the person's status.

(19) "Policy board," "policy commission," or "policy council" means a board, commission, or council that:

- (a) is authorized to make policy for the benefit of the general public;
- (b) is created by, and whose duties are provided by, the constitution or statute; and
- (c) performs its duties according to its own rules without supervision other than under the general control of another person as provided by statute.

(20) "Population" is shown by the most recent state or national census, unless expressly provided otherwise.

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(21) "Process" means a writ or summons issued in the course of a judicial proceeding.

(22) "Property" includes both real and personal property.

(23) "Real estate" or "real property" includes:

(a) land;

(b) a tenement;

(c) a hereditament;

(d) a water right;

(e) a possessory right; and

(f) a claim.

(24) "Review board," "review commission," and "review council" mean a board, commission, committee, or council that:

(a) is authorized to approve policy made for the benefit of the general public by another body or person;

(b) is created by, and whose duties are provided by, statute; and

(c) performs its duties according to its own rules without supervision other than under the general control of another person as provided by statute.

(25) "Road" includes:

(a) a public bridge;

(b) a county way;

(c) a county road;

(d) a common road; and

(e) a state road.

(26) "Signature" includes a name, mark, or sign written with the intent to authenticate an instrument or writing.

(27) "State," when applied to the different parts of the United States, includes a state, district, or territory of the United States.

(28) "Swear" includes "affirm."

(29) "Testify" means to make an oral statement under oath or affirmation.

(30) "United States" includes each state, district, and territory of the United States of America.

(31) "Utah Code" means the 1953 recodification of the Utah Code, as amended, unless

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the text expressly references a portion of the 1953 recodification of the Utah Code as it existed:

- (a) on the day on which the 1953 recodification of the Utah Code was enacted; or
- (b) (i) after the day described in Subsection (31)(a); and
- (ii) before the most recent amendment to the referenced portion of the 1953

recodification of the Utah Code.

(32) "Vessel," when used with reference to shipping, includes a steamboat, canal boat, and every structure adapted to be navigated from place to place.

(33) (a) "Veteran" means an individual who:

(i) has served ~~{on active duty}~~ in the United States Armed Forces ~~;~~

~~(A) } for at least 180 {consecutive days beyond the person's initial training period;~~

~~(B) in the Utah National Guard in accordance with Title 10, U.S.C.A., and Section 39-1-9; or~~

~~(C) days;~~

~~(A) on active duty; or~~

~~(B) in a reserve component, to include the National Guard; or~~

~~(ii) has incurred an actual service-related injury or disability while in the United States Armed Forces regardless of whether ~~{that person}~~ the individual completed 180 days; and~~

~~(iii) was separated or retired under conditions characterized as honorable or general.~~

~~(b) This definition is not intended to confer eligibility for benefits.~~

~~[(33)] (34) "Will" includes a codicil.~~

~~[(34)] (35) "Writ" means an order or precept in writing, issued in the name of:~~

- (a) the state;
- (b) a court; or
- (c) a judicial officer.

~~[(35)] (36) "Writing" includes:~~

- (a) printing;
- (b) handwriting; and
- (c) information stored in an electronic or other medium if the information is retrievable

in a perceivable format.

Section 5. Section 71-7-3 is amended to read:

**71-7-3. Development, operation, and maintenance of Utah Veterans' Cemetery**

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### and Memorial Park -- Responsibilities of Department of Veterans' and Military Affairs -- Costs -- Definition.

(1) The Department of Veterans' and Military Affairs, in consultation with the Veterans' Memorial Park Board, shall develop, operate, and maintain a veterans' cemetery and memorial park.

(2) To help pay the costs of developing, constructing, operating, and maintaining a veterans' cemetery and memorial park, the Department of Veterans' and Military Affairs may:

(a) by following the procedures and requirements of Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures Act, receive federal funds, and may receive state funds, contributions from veterans' organizations, and other private donations; and

(b) charge fees for at least the cost of the burial of veterans' spouses and other persons, whom the department and the Veterans' Memorial Park Board determines are eligible to be buried in a veterans' cemetery established by the state.

(3) [~~As used in this chapter, "veteran" has the same meaning as in Section 71-8-1~~]  
"Veteran" has the same meaning as defined in Section 68-3-12.5.

Section 6. Section **71-8-1** is amended to read:

#### **71-8-1. Definitions.**

As used in this [chapter] title:

(1) "Contractor" means a person who is or may be awarded a government entity contract.

(2) "Council" means the Veterans' Advisory Council.

(3) "Department" means the Department of Veterans' and Military Affairs.

(4) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of Veterans' and Military Affairs.

(5) "Government entity" means the state and any county, municipality, local district, special service district, and any other political subdivision or administrative unit of the state, including state institutions of education.

(6) "Specialist" means a full-time employee of a government entity who is tasked with responding to, and assisting, veterans who are employed by the entity or come to the entity for assistance.

~~[(7) "Veteran" means:]~~

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~~[(a) an individual who has served on active duty in the armed forces for at least 180 consecutive days or was a member of a reserve component, and who has been was separated or retired under honorable or general conditions; or]~~

~~[(b) any individual incurring an actual service-related injury or disability in the line of duty whether or not that person completed 180 days of active duty.]~~

(7) "Veteran" has the same meaning as defined in Section 68-3-12.5.

Section 7. Section ~~{71-10-1}~~71-12-102 is amended to read:

~~{~~ **71-10-1. Definitions.**

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~ As used in this chapter:

~~\_\_\_\_\_ (1) "Active duty" means active military duty and does not include active duty for training, initial active duty for training, or inactive duty for training.~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ (2) "Government entity" means the state, any county, municipality, local district, special service district, or any other political subdivision or administrative unit of the state, including state institutions of education.~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ (3) "Preference eligible" means an individual who:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ [(a) any individual who has served on active duty in the armed forces for more than 180 consecutive days, or]~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ (a) is a veteran;~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ (b) was a member of a reserve component who served in a campaign or expedition for which a campaign medal has been authorized and [who has been] was separated under honorable or general conditions;~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ [(b)] (c) is a veteran with a disability, regardless of the percentage of disability;~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ [(c)] (d) is the spouse or unmarried widow or widower of a veteran; or~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ [(d)] (e) is a purple heart recipient[; or];~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ [(e) a retired member of the armed forces.]~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ [(4) "Veteran" means:]~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ [(a) an individual who has served on active duty in the armed forces for more than 180 consecutive days, or was a member of a reserve component who served in a campaign or expedition for which a campaign medal has been authorized and who has been separated or retired under honorable conditions; or]~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ [(b) any individual incurring an actual service-related injury or disability in the line of~~

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~~duty whether or not that person completed 180 consecutive days of active duty.]~~

~~———— [(5)] (4) "Veteran with a disability" means [an individual who has: (a) been separated or retired from the armed forces under honorable conditions; and (b)] a veteran who has established the existence of a service-connected disability or is receiving compensation, disability retirement benefits, or pension because of a public statute administered by the federal Department of Veterans Affairs or a military department.~~

~~———— Section 8. Section 71-12-102 is amended to read:~~

### ‡ **71-12-102. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Council" means the Veterans' Advisory Council as created in Section 71-8-4.

(2) "Department" means the Department of Veterans' and Military Affairs as created in Section 71-8-2.

(3) "Donor" means an individual or entity that provides material goods, services, or labor without charge to veterans in accordance with this chapter.

(4) "Recipient" means a veteran as defined in Section ~~[71-8-1]~~ 68-3-12.5, or a veteran's dependent spouse and children.

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### **Legislative Review Note**

~~———— as of 12-3-14 12:44 PM~~

~~———— Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel;~~ Section 8. Effective date.  
This bill takes effect on July 1, 2016.