SAMPLING AMENDMENTS
2015 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Gage Froerer
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act to address sampling.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 addresses a manufacturing licensee providing samples under limited circumstances;
and
 makes technical and conforming amendments.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
32B-4-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
32B-4-708, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
32B-11-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
32B-11-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
32B-11-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334



Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

27

28	Section 1. Section 32B-4-401 is amended to read:
29	32B-4-401. Unlawful sale or furnishing.
30	(1) It is unlawful for a retail licensee, a permittee, or staff of a retail licensee or
31	permittee to keep for sale, or to directly or indirectly, sell, offer for sale, or furnish to another,
32	an alcoholic product, except as otherwise provided by this title.
33	(2) It is unlawful for a person in the business of selling liquor, a manufacturer, a
34	supplier, an importer of liquor, or staff of the person, manufacturer, supplier, or importer to
35	sell, ship, transport, or cause to be sold, shipped, or transported liquor from an out-of-state
36	location directly or indirectly into this state except to the extent authorized by this title to:
37	(a) the department;
38	(b) a military installation;
39	(c) a holder of a special use permit, to the extent authorized in the special use permit;
40	or
41	(d) a liquor warehouser licensee licensed to distribute and transport liquor to:
42	(i) the department; or
43	(ii) an out-of-state wholesaler or retailer.
44	(3) (a) It is unlawful for a person in the business of selling beer, a manufacturer, a
45	supplier, an importer of beer, or staff of the person, manufacturer, or importer to sell, ship,
46	transport, or cause to be sold, shipped, or transported beer from an out-of-state location directly
47	or indirectly into this state except to the extent authorized by this title to:
48	(i) a beer wholesaler licensee;
49	(ii) a military installation; or
50	(iii) a holder of a special use permit, to the extent authorized in the special use permit.
51	(b) Subsection (3)(a) does not preclude a small brewer that holds a certificate of
52	approval from selling, shipping, or transporting beer to the extent authorized by Subsection
53	32B-11-503[(5)] <u>(6)</u> directly to:
54	(i) a beer retailer; or
55	(ii) an event permittee.
56	(4) (a) It is unlawful for a manufacturer, supplier, or importer of liquor in this state, or
57	staff of the manufacturer, supplier, or importer to sell, ship, transport, or cause to be sold,
58	shipped, or transported liquor directly or indirectly to a person in this state except to the extent

59	authorized by this title to:
60	(i) the department;
61	(ii) a military installation;
62	(iii) a holder of a special use permit, to the extent authorized in the special use permit;
63	or
64	(iv) a liquor warehouser licensee who is licensed to distribute and transport liquor to:
65	(A) the department; or
66	(B) an out-of-state wholesaler or retailer.
67	(b) Subsection (4)(a) does not preclude a winery manufacturing licensee located in this
68	state from selling wine to a person on its winery premises:
69	(i) to the extent authorized by Subsection 32B-11-303[(4)(c)](5); or
70	(ii) under a package agency issued by the commission on the winery premises.
71	(c) Subsection (4)(a) does not preclude a distillery manufacturing licensee located in
72	this state from furnishing liquor to a person on its distillery premises to the extent authorized
73	by Subsection 32B-11-403(6).
74	(5) (a) It is unlawful for a manufacturer, supplier, or importer of beer in this state, or
75	staff of the manufacturer, supplier, or importer to sell, ship, transport, or cause to be sold,
76	shipped, or transported beer directly or indirectly to a person in this state except to the extent
77	authorized by this title to:
78	(i) a beer wholesaler licensee;
79	(ii) a military installation; or
80	(iii) a holder of a special use permit, to the extent authorized in the special use permit.
81	(b) Subsection (5)(a) does not preclude:
82	(i) a small brewer who is a brewery manufacturing licensee located in this state from
83	selling, shipping, and transporting beer to the extent authorized by Subsection
84	32B-11-503[(5)](6) directly to one of the following in this state:
85	(A) a beer retailer; or
86	(B) an event permittee; or
87	(ii) a brewery manufacturing licensee from selling beer to a person on its
88	manufacturing premises under Subsection 32B-11-503[(4)(c)](5).
89	(6) It is unlawful for a person other than a person described in Subsection (2) or (3) to

sell, ship, transport, or cause to be sold, shipped, or transported an alcoholic product from an out-of-state location directly or indirectly into this state, except as otherwise provided by this title.

- (7) It is unlawful for a person in this state other than a person described in Subsection (4) or (5) to sell, ship, transport, or cause to be sold, shipped, or transported an alcoholic product directly or indirectly to another person in this state, except as otherwise provided by this title.
- (8) (a) A violation of Subsection (1) is a class B misdemeanor, except when otherwise provided by this title.
 - (b) A violation of Subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5) is a third degree felony.
 - (c) A violation of Subsection (6) or (7) is a class B misdemeanor.
 - Section 2. Section **32B-4-708** is amended to read:

32B-4-708. Unlawful act involving consumers.

- (1) (a) It is unlawful for an industry member, directly or indirectly, or through an affiliate, to give away any of its product to a person except for testing, analysis, and sampling purposes by the department [or], a local industry representative licensee, or a member of the general public to the extent authorized by this title.
- (b) This Subsection (1) does not preclude an industry member from serving its product to others at a private event hosted by the industry member in the industry member's home or elsewhere so long as the product is not served:
 - (i) as part of a promotion of the industry member's product; or
- (ii) as a subterfuge to provide a sample to a person for product testing, analysis, or sampling purposes.
- (2) It is unlawful for an industry member or retailer, directly or indirectly, or through an affiliate, to engage in an advertisement or promotional scheme that requires the purchase or sale of an alcoholic product, or consumption of an alcoholic product, in order to participate in a promotion, program, or other activity.
- (3) It is unlawful for an industry member or retailer, directly or indirectly, or through an affiliate, to pay, give, or deliver to a person money or any other thing of value, including a rebate, refund, or prize, on the basis of the purchase, display, use, sale, or consumption of an alcoholic product.

121	(4) It is unlawful for an industry member or retailer to sponsor or underwrite an
122	athletic, theatrical, scholastic, artistic, or scientific event that:
123	(a) overtly promotes the consumption of a product;
124	(b) offers a product to the general public without charge; or
125	(c) takes place on the premises of a school, college, university, or other educational
126	institution.
127	Section 3. Section 32B-11-303 is amended to read:
128	32B-11-303. Specific authority and operational requirements for winery
129	manufacturing license.
130	(1) A winery manufacturing license allows a winery manufacturing licensee to:
131	(a) store, manufacture, transport, import, or export wine;
132	(b) sell wine at wholesale to the department and to out-of-state customers;
133	(c) purchase liquor for fortifying wine, if the department is notified of the purchase and
134	date of delivery; and
135	(d) warehouse on the licensed premises liquor that is manufactured or purchased for
136	manufacturing purposes.
137	(2) (a) A wine, brandy, wine spirit, or other liquor imported under authority of a winery
138	manufacturing license shall conform to the standards of identity and quality established in the
139	regulations issued under Federal Alcohol Administration Act, 27 U.S.C. Sec. 201 et seq.
140	(b) The federal definitions, standards of identity, and quality and labeling requirements
141	for wine, in regulations issued under Federal Alcohol Administration Act, 27 U.S.C. Sec. 201
142	et seq., are adopted to the extent the regulations are not contrary to or inconsistent with the
143	laws of this state.
144	(3) If considered necessary, the commission or department may require:
145	(a) the alteration of the plant, equipment, or licensed premises;
146	(b) the alteration or removal of unsuitable wine-making equipment or material;
147	(c) a winery manufacturing licensee to clean, disinfect, ventilate, or otherwise improve
148	the sanitary and working conditions of the plant, licensed premises, and wine-making
149	equipment;
150	(d) that a marc, pomace, or fruit be destroyed, denatured, or removed from the licensed
151	premises because it is considered:

132	(1) untit for wine making, or
153	(ii) as producing or likely to produce an unsanitary condition;
154	(e) a winery manufacturing licensee to distill or cause to be distilled or disposed of
155	under the department's supervision:
156	(i) any unsound, poor quality finished wine; or
157	(ii) unfinished wine that will not be satisfactory when finished; or
158	(f) that a record pertaining to the grapes and other materials and ingredients used in the
159	manufacture of wine be available to the commission or department upon request.
160	(4) A winery manufacturing licensee may not permit wine to be consumed on its
161	premises, except under the following circumstances:
162	(a) A winery manufacturing licensee may allow its staff to consume on the licensed
163	premises wine as the winery manufacturing licensee furnishes to the staff without charge.
164	(b) A winery manufacturing licensee may allow a person who can lawfully purchase
165	wine for wholesale or retail distribution to consume a bona fide sample of the winery
166	manufacturing licensee's product on the licensed premises.
167	(c) A winery manufacturing licensee may [operate on its licensed premises a retail
168	facility allowing consumption of a sample on the licensed premises of wine as long as food is
169	also available. This type of retail facility located on the licensed premises shall be operated or
170	supervised by the winery manufacturing licensee] allow an individual to sample the winery
171	manufacturing licensee's product in accordance with Subsection (5).
172	(5) A winery manufacturing licensee may offer a sample tasting to an individual on the
173	licensed premises in accordance with the following:
174	(a) the winery manufacturing licensee shall charge for the sample;
175	(b) the maximum amount of samples allowed in the aggregate may not exceed 10
176	ounces at a single serving;
177	(c) a sample may be served only by a person who is 21 years of age or older;
178	(d) a sample may be served only to an individual who is 21 years of age or older;
179	(e) the winery manufacturing licensee shall dispense the sample in an area designated
180	for sampling;
181	(f) if the designated area for sampling is in a separate building than where the
182	manufacturing occurs, the designated area for sampling shall be located on the same

183	identifiable contiguous unit of property that is treated as separate for valuation or zoning
184	purposes and includes an improvement on that unit of property; and
185	(g) the winery manufacturing licensee shall purchase the wine used for the sample from
186	the department and not use wine from its own package agency.
187	Section 4. Section 32B-11-403 is amended to read:
188	32B-11-403. Specific authority and operational requirements for distillery
189	manufacturing license.
190	(1) A distillery manufacturing license allows a distillery manufacturing licensee to:
191	(a) store, manufacture, transport, import, or export liquor;
192	(b) sell liquor to:
193	(i) the department;
194	(ii) an out-of-state customer; and
195	(iii) as provided in Subsection (2);
196	(c) purchase an alcoholic product for mixing and manufacturing purposes if the
197	department is notified of:
198	(i) the purchase; and
199	(ii) the date of delivery; and
200	(d) warehouse on its licensed premises an alcoholic product that the distillery
201	manufacturing licensee manufactures or purchases for manufacturing purposes.
202	(2) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (2), a distillery manufacturing
203	licensee may directly sell an alcoholic product to a person engaged within the state in:
204	(i) a mechanical or industrial business that requires the use of an alcoholic product; or
205	(ii) scientific pursuits that require the use of an alcoholic product.
206	(b) A person who purchases an alcoholic product under Subsection (2)(a) shall hold a
207	valid special use permit issued in accordance with Chapter 10, Special Use Permit Act,
208	authorizing the use of the alcoholic product.
209	(c) A distillery manufacturing licensee may sell to a special use permittee described in
210	Subsection (2)(b) an alcoholic product only in the type for which the special use permit
211	provides.
212	(d) The sale of an alcoholic product under this Subsection (2) is subject to rules
213	prescribed by the department and the federal government.

214	(3) The federal definitions, standards of identity and quality, and labeling requirements
215	for distilled liquor, in the regulations issued under Federal Alcohol Administration Act, 27
216	U.S.C. Sec. 201 et seq., are adopted to the extent the regulations are not contrary to or
217	inconsistent with laws of this state.
218	(4) If considered necessary, the commission or department may require:
219	(a) the alteration of the plant, equipment, or licensed premises;
220	(b) the alteration or removal of unsuitable alcoholic product-making equipment or
221	material;
222	(c) a distillery manufacturing licensee to clean, disinfect, ventilate, or otherwise
223	improve the sanitary and working conditions of the plant, licensed premises, and equipment; or
224	(d) that a record pertaining to the materials and ingredients used in the manufacture of
225	an alcoholic product be made available to the commission or department upon request.
226	(5) A distillery manufacturing licensee may not permit an alcoholic product to be
227	consumed on its premises, except that:
228	(a) a distillery manufacturing licensee may allow its staff to consume on the licensed
229	premises an alcoholic product that the distillery furnishes to the staff without charge; [and]
230	(b) a distillery manufacturing licensee may allow a person who can lawfully purchase
231	an alcoholic product for wholesale or retail distribution to consume a bona fide sample of the
232	distillery manufacturing licensee's product on the licensed premises[-]; and
233	(c) a distillery manufacturing licensee may allow an individual to sample the distillery
234	manufacturing licensee's product in accordance with Subsection (6).
235	(6) A distillery manufacturing licensee may offer a sample tasting to an individual on
236	the licensed premises in accordance with the following:
237	(a) the distillery manufacturing licensee shall charge for the sample;
238	(b) the maximum amount of samples allowed in the aggregate may not exceed 2.5
239	ounces at a single serving;
240	(c) a sample may be served only by a person who is 21 years of age or older;
241	(d) a sample may be served only to an individual who is 21 years of age or older;
242	(e) the distillery manufacturing licensee shall dispense the sample in an area designated
243	for sampling;
244	(f) if the designated area for sampling is in a separate building than where the

245	manufacturing occurs, the designated area for sampling shall be located on the same
246	identifiable contiguous unit of property that is treated as separate for valuation or zoning
247	purposes and includes an improvement on that unit of property; and
248	(g) the distillery manufacturing licensee shall purchase the product used for the sample
249	from the department and not use product from its own package agency.
250	Section 5. Section 32B-11-503 is amended to read:
251	32B-11-503. Specific authority and operational requirements for brewery
252	manufacturing license.
253	(1) A brewery manufacturing license allows a brewery manufacturing licensee to:
254	(a) store, manufacture, brew, transport, or export beer, heavy beer, and flavored malt
255	beverages;
256	(b) sell heavy beer and a flavored malt beverage to:
257	(i) the department;
258	(ii) a military installation; or
259	(iii) an out-of-state customer;
260	(c) sell beer to a beer wholesaler licensee;
261	(d) in the case of a small brewer, in accordance with Subsection (5), sell beer
262	manufactured by the small brewer to:
263	(i) a retail licensee;
264	(ii) an off-premise beer retailer; or
265	(iii) an event permittee; and
266	(e) warehouse on its premises an alcoholic product that the brewery manufacturing
267	licensee manufactures or purchases for manufacturing purposes.
268	(2) A brewery manufacturing licensee may not sell the following to a person within the
269	state except the department or a military installation:
270	(a) heavy beer; or
271	(b) a flavored malt beverage.
272	(3) If considered necessary, the commission or department may require:
273	(a) the alteration of the plant, equipment, or licensed premises;
274	(b) the alteration or removal of any unsuitable alcoholic product-making equipment or
275	material;

276	(c) a brewery manufacturing licensee to clean, disinfect, ventilate, or otherwise
277	improve the sanitary and working conditions of the plant, licensed premises, and equipment; or
278	(d) that a record pertaining to the materials and ingredients used in the manufacture of
279	an alcoholic product be available to the commission or department upon request.
280	(4) A brewery manufacturing licensee may not permit any beer, heavy beer, or flavored
281	malt beverage to be consumed on the licensed premises, except under the circumstances
282	described in this Subsection (4).
283	(a) A brewery manufacturing licensee may allow its off-duty staff to consume beer,
284	heavy beer, or a flavored malt beverage on its premises without charge.
285	(b) A brewery manufacturing licensee may allow a person who can lawfully purchase
286	the following for wholesale or retail distribution to consume a bona fide sample of the brewery
287	manufacturing licensee's product on the licensed premises:
288	(i) beer;
289	(ii) heavy beer; or
290	(iii) a flavored malt beverage.
291	(c) (i) A brewery manufacturing licensee may [operate on its licensed premises a retail
292	facility allowing consumption on premises of beer in a bottle or on draft if food is also
293	available] allow an individual to sample the brewery manufacturing licensee's beer or heavy
294	beer in accordance with Subsection (5).
295	[(ii) A retail facility located on the licensed premises of a brewery manufacturing
296	licensee shall be operated or supervised by the brewery manufacturing licensee.]
297	[(iii) In operating a retail facility under this Subsection (4)(c), a]
298	(5) A brewery manufacturing licensee may offer a sample tasting of beer or heavy beer
299	to an individual on the licensed premises in accordance with the following:
300	(a) the brewery manufacturing licensee shall charge for the sample;
301	(b) the maximum amount of samples allowed in the aggregate may not exceed 24
302	ounces at a single serving;
303	(c) a sample may be served only by a person who is 21 years of age or older;
304	(d) a sample may be served only to an individual who is 21 years of age or older;
305	(e) the brewery manufacturing licensee shall dispense the sample in an area designated
306	for sampling;

307	(f) if the designated area for sampling is in a separate building than where the
308	manufacturing occurs, the designated area for sampling shall be located on the same
309	identifiable contiguous unit of property that is treated as separate for valuation or zoning
310	purposes and includes an improvement on that unit of property;
311	(g) the brewery manufacturing licensee shall purchase the product used for the sample
312	from the department and not use product from its own package agency; and
313	(h) a brewery manufacturing licensee shall comply with the requirements of Chapter 7
314	Part 2, Off-Premise Beer Retailer Local Authority.
315	[(5)] (6) (a) A small brewer shall own, lease, or maintain and control a warehouse
316	facility located in this state for the storage of beer to be sold to a person described in
317	Subsection (1)(d) if the small brewer:
318	(i) (A) (I) is located in this state; and
319	(II) holds a brewery manufacturing license; or
320	(B) (I) is located outside this state; and
321	(II) holds a certificate of approval to sell beer in this state; and
322	(ii) sells beer manufactured by the small brewer directly to a person described in
323	Subsection (1)(d).
324	(b) A small brewer may not sell beer to a person described in Subsection (1)(d) unless
325	the beer:
326	(i) is manufactured by the small brewer; and
327	(ii) is first placed in the small brewer's warehouse facility in this state.
328	(c) (i) A small brewer warehouse shall make and maintain complete beer importation,
329	inventory, tax, distribution, sales records, and other records as the department and State Tax
330	Commission may require.
331	(ii) The records described in Subsection [(5)] (6) (c)(i) are subject to inspection by:
332	(A) the department; and
333	(B) the State Tax Commission.
334	(iii) Section 32B-1-205 applies to a record required to be made or maintained in
335	accordance with this Subsection $[(5)]$ (6) , except that the provision is considered to include an
336	action described in Section 32B-1-205 made for the purpose of deceiving the State Tax
337	Commission, or an official or employee of the State Tax Commission

338	[(6)] (7) Subject to Subsection $[(7)]$ (8):
339	(a) A brewery manufacturing licensee may not sell beer in this state except under a
340	written agreement with a beer wholesaler licensee in this state.
341	(b) An agreement described in Subsection [(6)] (7)(a) shall:
342	(i) create a restricted exclusive sales territory that is mutually agreed upon by the
343	persons entering into the agreement;
344	(ii) designate the one or more brands that may be distributed in the sales territory; and
345	(iii) set forth the exact geographical area of the sales territory.
346	(c) A brewery manufacturing licensee may have more than one agreement described in
347	this Subsection [(6)] (7) if each brand of the brewery manufacturing licensee is covered by one
348	exclusive sales territory.
349	(d) A brewery manufacturing licensee may not enter into an agreement with more than
350	one beer wholesaler licensee to distribute the same brand of beer in the same sales territory or
351	any portion of the sales territory.
352	$[\frac{7}{8}]$ (8) A small brewer is not subject to the requirements of Subsection $[\frac{6}{1}]$ (7).

Legislative Review Note as of 2-4-15 5:11 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel