1	PRESCRIPTION NOTIFICATION AMENDMENTS
2	2015 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Francis D. Gibson
5	Senate Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to biosimilar products in the Pharmacy Practice Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	deletes the definition of biosimilar;
13	 defines interchangeable biological product;
14	requires a pharmacist to notify the prescriber when a biological product is dispensed
15	if an interchangeable biological product is available;
16	establishes the methods of notifying a prescriber; and
17	amends repealer language.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	58-17b-605.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 423
25	63I-2-258, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 423



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7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
3	Section 1. Section 58-17b-605.5 is amended to read:
)	58-17b-605.5. Interchangeable biological products.
)	(1) For the purposes of this section:
	(a) "Biological product" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in 42 U.S.C.
	Sec. 262[;].
	[(b) "biosimilar" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 262; and]
	[(c) "interchangeable" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 262.]
	(b) "Interchangeable biological product" means a biological product that the federal
	Food and Drug Administration:
	<u>(i) has:</u>
	(A) licensed; and
	(B) determined meets the standards for interchangeability pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec.
	262(k)(4); or
	(ii) has determined is therapeutically equivalent as set forth in the latest edition of or
	supplement to the federal Food and Drug Administration's Approved Drug Products with
	Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations.
	(2) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern dispensing a prescription order for a specific
	biological product by brand or proprietary name may substitute [a biosimilar] an
	interchangeable biological product for the prescribed biological product only if:
	(a) the purchaser specifically requests or consents to the substitute of an
	interchangeable [biosimilar] biological product;
	[(b) the biosimilar product has been determined by the United States Food and Drug
	Administration to be interchangeable with the prescribed biological product;]
	[(c)] (b) the interchangeable [biosimilar] biological product is permitted to move in
	interstate commerce;
	[(d)] (c) the pharmacist or pharmacy intern counsels the patient on the use and the
	expected response to the prescribed biological product, whether a substitute or not, and the
	substitution is not otherwise prohibited by this chapter;
	[(e)] (d) the prescribing practitioner has not prohibited the substitution of an

- interchangeable [biosimilar] biological product for the prescribed biological product, as provided in Subsection (6); and
 - [(f)] <u>(e)</u> the substitution is not otherwise prohibited by law.
 - (3) [(a)] Each out-of-state mail service pharmacy dispensing an interchangeable [biosimilar] biological product as a substitute for another biological product into this state shall:
 - (a) notify the patient of the substitution either by telephone or in writing[-]; and
 - (b) [Each out-of-state mail service pharmacy shall] comply with the requirements of this chapter with respect to an interchangeable [biosimilar] biological product substituted for another biological product, including labeling and record keeping.
 - (4) Pharmacists or pharmacy interns may not substitute without the prescriber's authorization biological product prescriptions unless the product has been determined by the United States Food and Drug Administration to be interchangeable with the prescribed biological product.
 - (5) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who dispenses a prescription with an interchangeable [biosimilar] biological product under this section assumes no greater liability than would be incurred had the pharmacist or pharmacy intern dispensed the prescription with the biological product prescribed.
 - (6) (a) If, in the opinion of the prescribing practitioner, it is in the best interest of the patient that an interchangeable [biosimilar] biological product not be substituted for a prescribed biological product, the practitioner may prohibit a substitution either by writing "dispense as written" or by signing in the appropriate space where two lines have been preprinted on a prescription order and captioned "dispense as written" or "substitution permitted."
 - (b) (i) If the prescription is communicated orally by the prescribing practitioner to the pharmacist or pharmacy intern, the practitioner shall direct the prohibition or substitution.
 - (ii) The pharmacist or pharmacy intern shall make a written note of the practioner's direction by writing the name of the practitioner and the words "orally by" and the initials of the pharmacist or pharmacy intern written after it.
- (7) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who substitutes an interchangeable [biosimilar] biological product for a prescribed biological product shall communicate the substitution to the

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88	purchaser. The interchangeable [biosimilar] biological product container shall be labeled with
89	the name of the interchangeable [biosimilar] biological product dispensed, and the pharmacist,
90	pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician shall indicate on the file copy of the prescription both
91	the name of the prescribed biological product and the name of the interchangeable [biosimilar]
92	biological product dispensed in its place.
93	[(8) (a) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who substitutes an interchangeable biosimilar
94	product for a prescribed biological product shall:
95	[(i) notify the prescriber in writing, by fax, telephone, or electronic transmission of the
96	substitution, as soon as practicable, but not later than three business days after dispensing the
97	interchangeable biosimilar product in place of the prescribed biological product; and]
98	[(ii) include the name and manufacturer of the interchangeable biosimilar product
99	substituted.]
100	[(b) This subsection is repealed on May 15, 2015.]
101	(8) Within five business days following the dispensing of a biological product, the
102	dispensing pharmacist or the pharmacist's designee shall make an entry of the specific product
103	provided to the patient, including the name of the product and the manufacturer. The
104	communication shall be conveyed by making an entry into an interoperable electronic medical
105	records system, through an electronic prescribing technology, a pharmacy benefit management
106	system, or a pharmacy record that is electronically accessible by the prescriber. Entry into an
107	electronic records system as described in this Subsection (8) is presumed to provide notice to
108	the prescriber. Otherwise, the pharmacist shall communicate the biological product dispensed
109	to the prescriber using facsimile, telephone, electronic transmission, or other prevailing means,
110	provided that communication shall not be required where:
111	(a) there is no FDA-approved interchangeable biological product for the product
112	prescribed; or
113	(b) a refill prescription is not changed from the product dispensed on the prior filling of
114	the prescription.
115	(9) The board shall maintain a link on its website to the current list of all
116	interchangeable biological products.

Section 2. Section **63I-2-258** is amended to read:

63I-2-258. Repeal dates -- Title 58.

03-05-15 12:13 PM

2nd Sub. (Gray) H.B. 279

- [(1) Subsection 58-72-201(1)(b) is repealed July 1, 2014.]
- 120 [(2) Subsection 58-17b-605.5(8) is repealed on May 15, 2015.]