MINOR ALCOHOL OR DRUG RELATED OFFENSES AND
DRIVING PRIVILEGES
2015 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Edward H. Redd
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions relating to sentencing requirements for certain alcohol or
drug related offenses.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>requires a court to order a screening, an assessment, and an educational series or</li> </ul>
substance abuse treatment if found appropriate by the screening or assessment for
certain alcohol related offenses committed by minors;
<ul> <li>authorizes a court to reduce a driver license suspension period for certain alcohol or</li> </ul>
drug related offenses committed by minors;
amends the requirements for a court to reduce a driver license suspension period for
certain alcohol or drug related offenses committed by minors; and
<ul><li>makes conforming and technical changes.</li></ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:



28	32B-4-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 314
29	32B-4-410, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 314
30	32B-4-411, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
31	53-3-220, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 276 and 374
32	76-9-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 314
33	78A-6-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 314
<ul><li>34</li><li>35</li></ul>	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
36	Section 1. Section <b>32B-4-409</b> is amended to read:
37	32B-4-409. Unlawful purchase, possession, consumption by minor Measurable
38	amounts in body.
39	(1) Unless specifically authorized by this title, it is unlawful for a minor to:
40	(a) purchase an alcoholic product;
41	(b) attempt to purchase an alcoholic product;
42	(c) solicit another person to purchase an alcoholic product;
43	(d) possess an alcoholic product;
44	(e) consume an alcoholic product; or
45	(f) have measurable blood, breath, or urine alcohol concentration in the minor's body.
46	(2) It is unlawful for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise obtaining an alcoholic
47	product for a minor for:
48	(a) a minor to misrepresent the minor's age; or
49	(b) any other person to misrepresent the age of a minor.
50	(3) It is unlawful for a minor to possess or consume an alcoholic product while riding
51	in a limousine or chartered bus.
52	(4) If a minor is found by a court to have violated this section [and the violation is the
53	minor's second or subsequent violation of this section], the court shall:
54	[(a) shall order the minor to participate in an educational series as defined in Section
55	<del>41-6a-501; and</del> ]
56	[(b) may order the minor to participate in a screening as defined in Section 41-6a-501.]
57	(a) order the minor to complete a screening as defined in Section 41-6a-501;
58	(b) order the minor to complete an assessment as defined in Section 41-6a-501 if the

59	screening indicates an assessment to be appropriate; and
60	(c) order the minor to complete an educational s

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- (c) order the minor to complete an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or substance abuse treatment as indicated by an assessment.
- (5) (a) When a minor who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old, is found by a court to have violated this section, except as provided in Section 32B-4-411, the court hearing the case shall suspend the minor's driving privileges under Section 53-3-219.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provision in Subsection (5)(a), the court may reduce the suspension period required under Section 53-3-219 if:
  - (i) the violation is the minor's first violation of this section; and
- 68 (ii) (A) the minor completes an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501[:]; 69 or
  - (B) the minor demonstrates substantial progress in substance abuse treatment.
  - (c) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (5)(a) and in accordance with the requirements of Section 53-3-219, the court may reduce the suspension period required under Section 53-3-219 if:
    - (i) the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of this section; [and]
  - (ii) the minor has completed an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or demonstrated substantial progress in substance abuse treatment; and
  - [(ii)] (iii) (A) the person is 18 years of age or older and provides a sworn statement to the court that the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a one-year consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (5)(a); or
  - (B) the person is under 18 years of age and has the person's parent or legal guardian provide an affidavit or sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal guardian's knowledge the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol <u>or drugs</u> for at least a one-year consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (5)(a).
  - (6) When a minor who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years old, is found by the court to have violated this section, Section 78A-6-606 applies to the violation.
  - (7) When a court issues an order suspending a person's driving privileges for a violation of this section, the Driver License Division shall suspend the person's license under Section 53-3-219.
    - (8) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record of a

90	person for a driving offense committed while the person's license is suspended pursuant to this
91	section, the Department of Public Safety shall extend the suspension for an additional like
92	period of time.
93	(9) This section does not apply to a minor's consumption of an alcoholic product in
94	accordance with this title:
95	(a) for medicinal purposes if:
96	(i) the minor is at least 18 years old; or
97	(ii) the alcoholic product is furnished by:
98	(A) the parent or guardian of the minor; or
99	(B) the minor's health care practitioner, if the health care practitioner is authorized by
100	law to write a prescription; or
101	(b) as part of a religious organization's religious services.
102	Section 2. Section <b>32B-4-410</b> is amended to read:
103	32B-4-410. Unlawful admittance or attempt to gain admittance by minor.
104	(1) It is unlawful for a minor to gain admittance or attempt to gain admittance to the
105	premises of:
106	(a) a tavern; or
107	(b) a social club licensee, except to the extent authorized by Section 32B-6-406.1.
108	(2) A minor who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
109	(3) If a minor is found by a court to have violated this section [and the violation is the
110	minor's second or subsequent violation of this section], the court shall:
111	[(a) shall order the minor to participate in an educational series as defined in Section
112	<del>41-6a-501; and</del> ]
113	[(b) may order the minor to participate in a screening as defined in Section 41-6a-501.]
114	(a) order the minor to complete a screening as defined in Section 41-6a-501;
115	(b) order the minor to complete an assessment as defined in Section 41-6a-501 if the
116	screening indicates an assessment to be appropriate; and
117	(c) order the minor to complete an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501
118	or substance abuse treatment as indicated by an assessment.
119	(4) (a) When a minor who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old, is
120	found by a court to have violated this section, except as provided in Section 32B-4-411, the

121	court hearing the case shall suspend the minor's driving privileges under Section 33-3-219.
122	(b) Notwithstanding the provision in Subsection (4)(a), the court may reduce the
123	suspension period required under Section 53-3-219 if:
124	(i) the violation is the minor's first violation of this section; and
125	(ii) (A) the minor completes an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501[-];
126	<u>or</u>
127	(B) the minor demonstrates substantial progress in substance abuse treatment.
128	(c) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (4)(a) and in accordance with the
129	requirements of Section 53-3-219, the court may reduce the suspension period required under
130	Section 53-3-219 if:
131	(i) the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of this section; [and]
132	(ii) the minor has completed an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or
133	demonstrated substantial progress in substance abuse treatment; and
134	[(iii)] (iii) (A) the person is 18 years of age or older and provides a sworn statement to
135	the court that the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a one-year
136	consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (4)(a); or
137	(B) the person is under 18 years of age and has the person's parent or legal guardian
138	provide an affidavit or sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal
139	guardian's knowledge the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a
140	one-year consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (4)(a).
141	(5) When a minor who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years old, is found
142	by a court to have violated this section, Section 78A-6-606 applies to the violation.
143	(6) When a court issues an order suspending a person's driving privileges for a
144	violation of this section, the Driver License Division shall suspend the person's license under
145	Section 53-3-219.
146	(7) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record of a
147	person for a driving offense committed while the person's license is suspended pursuant to this
148	section, the Department of Public Safety shall extend the suspension for an additional like
149	period of time.
150	Section 3. Section 32B-4-411 is amended to read:
151	32B-4-411. Minor's unlawful use of proof of age.

152	(1) As used in this section, "proof of age violation" means a violation by a minor of:
153	(a) Chapter 1, Part 4, Proof of Age Act; or
154	(b) if as part of the violation the minor uses a proof of age in violation of Chapter 1,
155	Part 4, Proof of Age Act:
156	(i) Section 32B-4-409; or
157	(ii) Section 32B-4-410.
158	(2) If a court finds a minor engaged in a proof of age violation, notwithstanding the
159	penalties provided for in Subsection (1):
160	(a) (i) for a first violation, the minor is guilty of a class B misdemeanor;
161	(ii) for a second violation, the minor is guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
162	(iii) for a third or subsequent violation, the minor is guilty of a class A misdemeanor,
163	except that the court may impose:
164	(A) a fine of up to \$5,000;
165	(B) screening, assessment, or substance abuse treatment, as defined in Section
166	41-6a-501;
167	(C) an educational series, as defined in Section 41-6a-501;
168	(D) alcoholic product related community service or compensatory service work
169	program hours;
170	(E) fees for restitution and treatment costs;
171	(F) defensive driver education courses; or
172	(G) a combination of these penalties; and
173	(b) (i) for a minor who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years old:
174	(A) the court shall forward to the Driver License Division a record of an adjudication
175	under Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act of 1996, for a violation under this section; and
176	(B) the provisions regarding suspension of a driver license under Section 78A-6-606
177	apply; and
178	(ii) for a minor who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old:
179	(A) the court shall forward to the Driver License Division a record of conviction for a
180	violation under this section; and
181	(B) the Driver License Division shall suspend the person's license under Section
182	53-3-220.

183	(3) (a) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (2)(b), the court may reduce the
184	suspension period under Subsection 53-3-220(1)(e) or 78A-6-606(2)(d) if:
185	(i) the violation is the minor's first violation of Section 32B-4-411; and
186	(ii) (A) the minor completes an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501; or
187	(B) the minor demonstrates substantial progress in substance abuse treatment.
188	(b) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (2)(b), the court may reduce the
189	suspension period under Subsection 53-3-220(1)(e) or 78A-6-606(2)(d) if:
190	(i) the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of Section 32B-4-411;
191	(ii) the person has completed an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or
192	demonstrated substantial progress in substance abuse treatment; and
193	(iii) (A) the person is 18 years of age or older and provides a sworn statement to the
194	court that the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a one-year
195	consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection 53-3-220(1)(e) or
196	78A-6-606(2)(d); or
197	(B) the minor is under 18 years of age and has the minor's parent or legal guardian
198	provide an affidavit or sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal
199	guardian's knowledge the minor has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a
200	one-year consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection
201	53-3-220(1)(e) or 78A-6-606(2)(d).
202	[(3)] (4) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record
203	of an individual for a driving offense committed while the individual's license is suspended
204	pursuant to this section, the Department of Public Safety shall extend the suspension for an
205	additional like period of time.
206	[(4)] (5) A court may not fail to enter a judgment of conviction under this section under
207	a plea in abeyance agreement.
208	Section 4. Section <b>53-3-220</b> is amended to read:
209	53-3-220. Offenses requiring mandatory revocation, denial, suspension, or
210	disqualification of license Offense requiring an extension of period Hearing
211	Limited driving privileges.
212	(1) (a) The division shall immediately revoke or, when this chapter, Title 41, Chapter
213	6a, Traffic Code, or Section 76-5-303, specifically provides for denial, suspension, or

disqualification, the division shall deny, suspend, or disqualify the license of a person upon receiving a record of the person's conviction for:

- (i) manslaughter or negligent homicide resulting from driving a motor vehicle, or automobile homicide under Section 76-5-207 or 76-5-207.5;
- (ii) driving or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or combination of them to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a motor vehicle as prohibited in Section 41-6a-502 or as prohibited in an ordinance that complies with the requirements of Subsection 41-6a-510(1);
- (iii) driving or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having a blood or breath alcohol content as prohibited in Section 41-6a-502 or as prohibited in an ordinance that complies with the requirements of Subsection 41-6a-510(1);
- (iv) perjury or the making of a false affidavit to the division under this chapter, Title 41, Motor Vehicles, or any other law of this state requiring the registration of motor vehicles or regulating driving on highways;
  - (v) any felony under the motor vehicle laws of this state;
  - (vi) any other felony in which a motor vehicle is used to facilitate the offense;
- (vii) failure to stop and render aid as required under the laws of this state if a motor vehicle accident results in the death or personal injury of another;
- (viii) two charges of reckless driving, impaired driving, or any combination of reckless driving and impaired driving committed within a period of 12 months; but if upon a first conviction of reckless driving or impaired driving the judge or justice recommends suspension of the convicted person's license, the division may after a hearing suspend the license for a period of three months;
- (ix) failure to bring a motor vehicle to a stop at the command of a peace officer as required in Section 41-6a-210;
- (x) any offense specified in Part 4, Uniform Commercial Driver License Act, that requires disqualification;
- (xi) a felony violation of Section 76-10-508 or 76-10-508.1 involving discharging or allowing the discharge of a firearm from a vehicle;
- 243 (xii) using, allowing the use of, or causing to be used any explosive, chemical, or 244 incendiary device from a vehicle in violation of Subsection 76-10-306(4)(b);

243	(xiii) operating or being in actual physical control of a motor venicle while having any
246	measurable controlled substance or metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's body in
247	violation of Section 41-6a-517;
248	(xiv) until July 30, 2015, operating or being in actual physical control of a motor
249	vehicle while having any alcohol in the person's body in violation of Section 53-3-232;
250	(xv) operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having any
251	measurable or detectable amount of alcohol in the person's body in violation of Section
252	41-6a-530;
253	(xvi) engaging in a motor vehicle speed contest or exhibition of speed on a highway in
254	violation of Section 41-6a-606;
255	(xvii) operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle in this state
256	without an ignition interlock system in violation of Section 41-6a-518.2; or
257	(xviii) custodial interference, under:
258	(A) Subsection 76-5-303(3), which suspension shall be for a period of 30 days, unless
259	the court provides the division with an order of suspension for a shorter period of time;
260	(B) Subsection 76-5-303(4), which suspension shall be for a period of 90 days, unless
261	the court provides the division with an order of suspension for a shorter period of time; or
262	(C) Subsection 76-5-303(5), which suspension shall be for a period of 180 days, unless
263	the court provides the division with an order of suspension for a shorter period of time.
264	(b) The division shall immediately revoke the license of a person upon receiving a
265	record of an adjudication under Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act of 1996, for:
266	(i) a felony violation of Section 76-10-508 or 76-10-508.1 involving discharging or
267	allowing the discharge of a firearm from a vehicle; or
268	(ii) using, allowing the use of, or causing to be used any explosive, chemical, or
269	incendiary device from a vehicle in violation of Subsection 76-10-306(4)(b).
270	(c) Except when action is taken under Section 53-3-219 for the same offense, the
271	division shall immediately suspend for six months the license of a person upon receiving a
272	record of conviction for:
273	(i) any violation of:
274	(A) Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
275	(B) Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;

276	(C) Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act;
277	(D) Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act; or
278	(E) Title 58, Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act; or
279	(ii) any criminal offense that prohibits:
280	(A) possession, distribution, manufacture, cultivation, sale, or transfer of any substance
281	that is prohibited under the acts described in Subsection (1)(c)(i); or
282	(B) the attempt or conspiracy to possess, distribute, manufacture, cultivate, sell, or
283	transfer any substance that is prohibited under the acts described in Subsection (1)(c)(i).
284	(d) (i) The division shall immediately suspend a person's driver license for conviction
285	of the offense of theft of motor vehicle fuel under Section 76-6-404.7 if the division receives:
286	(A) an order from the sentencing court requiring that the person's driver license be
287	suspended; and
288	(B) a record of the conviction.
289	(ii) An order of suspension under this section is at the discretion of the sentencing
290	court, and may not be for more than 90 days for each offense.
291	(e) (i) The division shall immediately suspend for one year the license of a person upon
292	receiving a record of:
293	(A) conviction for the first time for a violation under Section 32B-4-411; or
294	(B) an adjudication under Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act of 1996, for a
295	violation under Section 32B-4-411.
296	(ii) The division shall immediately suspend for a period of two years the license of a
297	person upon receiving a record of:
298	(A) (I) conviction for a second or subsequent violation under Section 32B-4-411; and
299	(II) the violation described in Subsection (1)(e)(ii)(A)(I) is within 10 years of a prior
300	conviction for a violation under Section 32B-4-411; or
301	(B) (I) a second or subsequent adjudication under Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court
302	Act of 1996, for a violation under Section 32B-4-411; and
303	(II) the adjudication described in Subsection (1)(e)(ii)(B)(I) is within 10 years of a prior
304	adjudication under Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act of 1996, for a violation under

(iii) Upon receipt of a record under Subsection (1)(e)(i) or (ii), the division shall:

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Section 32B-4-411.

307	(A) for a conviction or adjudication described in Subsection (1)(e)(1):
308	(I) impose a suspension for one year beginning on the date of conviction; or
309	(II) if the person is under the age of eligibility for a driver license, impose a suspension
310	that begins on the date of conviction and continues for one year beginning on the date of
311	eligibility for a driver license; or
312	(B) for a conviction or adjudication described in Subsection (1)(e)(ii):
313	(I) impose a suspension for a period of two years; or
314	(II) if the person is under the age of eligibility for a driver license, impose a suspension
315	that begins on the date of conviction and continues for two years beginning on the date of
316	eligibility for a driver license.
317	(iv) Upon receipt of the first order suspending a person's driving privileges under
318	Section 32B-4-411, the division shall reduce the suspension period under Subsection (1)(e)(i) if
319	ordered by the court in accordance with Subsection 32B-4-411(3)(a).
320	(v) Upon receipt of the second or subsequent order suspending a person's driving
321	privileges under Section 32B-4-411, the division shall reduce the suspension period under
322	Subsection (1)(e)(ii) if ordered by the court in accordance with Subsection 32B-4-411(3)(b).
323	(2) The division shall extend the period of the first denial, suspension, revocation, or
324	disqualification for an additional like period, to a maximum of one year for each subsequent
325	occurrence, upon receiving:
326	(a) a record of the conviction of any person on a charge of driving a motor vehicle
327	while the person's license is denied, suspended, revoked, or disqualified;
328	(b) a record of a conviction of the person for any violation of the motor vehicle law in
329	which the person was involved as a driver;
330	(c) a report of an arrest of the person for any violation of the motor vehicle law in
331	which the person was involved as a driver; or
332	(d) a report of an accident in which the person was involved as a driver.
333	(3) When the division receives a report under Subsection (2)(c) or (d) that a person is
334	driving while the person's license is denied, suspended, disqualified, or revoked, the person is
335	entitled to a hearing regarding the extension of the time of denial, suspension, disqualification,
336	or revocation originally imposed under Section 53-3-221.
337	(4) (a) The division may extend to a person the limited privilege of driving a motor

338 vehicle to and from the person's place of employment or within other specified limits on 339 recommendation of the judge in any case where a person is convicted of any of the offenses 340 referred to in Subsections (1) and (2) except: 341 (i) automobile homicide under Subsection (1)(a)(i); 342 (ii) those offenses referred to in Subsections (1)(a)(ii), (iii), (xi), (xii), (xiii), (1)(b), and 343 (1)(c); and 344 (iii) those offenses referred to in Subsection (2) when the original denial, suspension, 345 revocation, or disqualification was imposed because of a violation of Section 41-6a-502, 346 41-6a-517, a local ordinance which complies with the requirements of Subsection 347 41-6a-510(1), Section 41-6a-520, or Section 76-5-207, or a criminal prohibition that the person 348 was charged with violating as a result of a plea bargain after having been originally charged 349 with violating one or more of these sections or ordinances, unless: 350 (A) the person has had the period of the first denial, suspension, revocation, or 351 disqualification extended for a period of at least three years; 352 (B) the division receives written verification from the person's primary care physician 353 that: 354 (I) to the physician's knowledge the person has not used any narcotic drug or other 355 controlled substance except as prescribed by a licensed medical practitioner within the last 356 three years; and 357 (II) the physician is not aware of any physical, emotional, or mental impairment that 358 would affect the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle safely; and 359 (C) for a period of one year prior to the date of the request for a limited driving 360 privilege: 361 (I) the person has not been convicted of a violation of any motor vehicle law in which 362 the person was involved as the operator of the vehicle; 363 (II) the division has not received a report of an arrest for a violation of any motor 364 vehicle law in which the person was involved as the operator of the vehicle; and 365 (III) the division has not received a report of an accident in which the person was

367 (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the discretionary privilege 368 authorized in this Subsection (4):

involved as an operator of a vehicle.

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369	(A) is limited to when undue hardship would result from a failure to grant the
370	privilege; and
371	(B) may be granted only once to any person during any single period of denial,
372	suspension, revocation, or disqualification, or extension of that denial, suspension, revocation,
373	or disqualification.
374	(ii) The discretionary privilege authorized in Subsection (4)(a)(iii):
375	(A) is limited to when the limited privilege is necessary for the person to commute to
376	school or work; and
377	(B) may be granted only once to any person during any single period of denial,
378	suspension, revocation, or disqualification, or extension of that denial, suspension, revocation,
379	or disqualification.
380	(c) A limited CDL may not be granted to a person disqualified under Part 4, Uniform
381	Commercial Driver License Act, or whose license has been revoked, suspended, cancelled, or
382	denied under this chapter.
383	Section 5. Section <b>76-9-701</b> is amended to read:
384	76-9-701. Intoxication Release of arrested person or placement in detoxification
385	center.
386	(1) A person is guilty of intoxication if the person is under the influence of alcohol, a
387	controlled substance, or any substance having the property of releasing toxic vapors, to a
388	degree that the person may endanger the person or another, in a public place or in a private
389	place where the person unreasonably disturbs other persons.
390	(2) (a) A peace officer or a magistrate may release from custody a person arrested
391	under this section if the peace officer or magistrate believes imprisonment is unnecessary for
392	the protection of the person or another.
393	(b) A peace officer may take the arrested person to a detoxification center or other
394	special facility as an alternative to incarceration or release from custody.
395	(3) If a minor is found by a court to have violated this section [and the violation is the
396	minor's second or subsequent violation of this section], the court shall:
397	[(a) shall order the minor to participate in an educational series as defined in Section

[(b) may order the minor to participate in a screening as defined in Section 41-6a-501.]

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<del>41-6a-501; and</del>]

100	(a) order the minor to complete a screening as defined in Section 41-6a-501;
401	(b) order the minor to complete an assessment as defined in Section 41-6a-501 if the
402	screening indicates an assessment to be appropriate; and
403	(c) order the minor to complete an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501
404	or substance abuse treatment as indicated by an assessment.
405	(4) (a) When a minor who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old, is
406	found by a court to have violated this section, the court hearing the case shall suspend the
407	minor's driving privileges under Section 53-3-219.
408	(b) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (4)(a), the court may reduce the
409	suspension period required under Section 53-3-219 if:
410	(i) the violation is the minor's first violation of this section; and
411	(ii) (A) the minor completes an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501[:];
412	<u>or</u>
413	(B) the minor demonstrates substantial progress in substance abuse treatment.
414	(c) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (4)(a) and in accordance with the
415	requirements of Section 53-3-219, the court may reduce the suspension period required under
416	Section 53-3-219 if:
417	(i) the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of this section; [and]
418	(ii) the minor has completed an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or
419	demonstrated substantial progress in substance abuse treatment; and
420	[(iii)] (iii) (A) the person is 18 years of age or older and provides a sworn statement to
421	the court that the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a one-year
122	consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (4)(a); or
123	(B) the person is under 18 years of age and has the person's parent or legal guardian
124	provide an affidavit or sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal
125	guardian's knowledge the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a
426	one-year consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (4)(a).
127	(5) When a person who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years old, is found
128	by a court to have violated this section, the provisions regarding suspension of the driver's
129	license under Section 78A-6-606 apply to the violation.
430	(6) When the court issues an order suspending a person's driving privileges for a

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431
       violation of this section, the person's driver license shall be suspended under Section 53-3-219.
432
               (7) An offense under this section is a class C misdemeanor.
433
               Section 6. Section 78A-6-606 is amended to read:
434
               78A-6-606. Suspension of license for certain offenses.
435
               (1) This section applies to a minor who is at least 13 years of age when found by the
436
       court to be within its jurisdiction by the commission of an offense under:
437
               (a) Section 32B-4-409;
438
               (b) Section 32B-4-410;
439
               (c) Section 32B-4-411;
440
               (d) Section 58-37-8;
441
               (e) Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
442
               (f) Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act; or
443
               (g) Subsection 76-9-701(1).
444
               (2) If the court hearing the case determines that the minor committed an offense under
445
       Section 58-37-8 or Title 58, Chapter 37a or 37b, the court shall prepare and send to the Driver
446
       License Division of the Department of Public Safety an order to suspend that minor's driving
447
       privileges.
               (3) (a) The court hearing the case shall suspend the minor's driving privileges if [: (i)]
448
449
       the minor violated Section 32B-4-409, Section 32B-4-410, or Subsection 76-9-701(1)[; and].
450
               (ii) the violation described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) was committed on or after July 1.
451
       <del>2009.</del>]
452
               (b) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (2) or (3)(a), the court may reduce
453
       the suspension period required under Section 53-3-219 if:
454
               (i) the violation is the minor's first violation of:
455
               (A) Section 32B-4-409[<del>-</del>];
456
               (B) Section 32B-4-410[-];
457
               (C) Section 58-37-8;
458
               (D) Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
459
               (E) Tile 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act; or
460
               (F) Subsection 76-9-701(1); and
461
               (ii) (A) the minor completes an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501[-];
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462	<u>or</u>
463	(B) the minor demonstrates substantial progress in substance abuse treatment.
464	(c) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (2) or (3)(a) and in accordance with
465	the requirements of Section 53-3-219, the court may reduce the suspension period required
466	under Section 53-3-219 if:
467	(i) the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of:
468	(A) Section 32B-4-409[ <del>-</del> ];
469	(B) Section 32B-4-410[;];
470	(C) Section 58-37-8;
471	(D) Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
472	(E) Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act; or
473	<u>(F)</u> Subsection 76-9-701(1); [and]
474	(ii) the minor has completed an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or
475	demonstrated substantial progress in substance abuse treatment; and
476	[(iii)] (iii) (A) the person is 18 years of age or older and provides a sworn statement to
477	the court that the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a one-year
478	consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (3)(a); or
479	(B) the person is under 18 years of age and has the person's parent or legal guardian
480	provide an affidavit or sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal
481	guardian's knowledge the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a
482	one-year consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (3)(a).
483	(d) If a minor commits a proof of age violation, as defined in Section 32B-4-411:
484	(i) the court shall forward a record of adjudication to the Department of Public Safety
485	for a first or subsequent violation; and
486	(ii) the minor's driving privileges will be suspended:
487	(A) for a period of at least one year under Section 53-3-220 for a first conviction for a
488	violation of Section 32B-4-411; or
489	(B) for a period of two years for a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of
490	Section 32B-4-411.
491	(e) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (3)(d), the court may reduce the
492	suspension period imposed under Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(A) if:

193	(i) the violation is the minor's first violation of Section 32B-4-411; and
194	(ii) (A) the minor completes an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501; or
195	(B) the minor demonstrates substantial progress in substance abuse treatment.
196	(f) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (3)(d), the court may reduce the
197	suspension period imposed under Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(B) if:
198	(i) the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of Section 32B-4-411;
199	(ii) the minor has completed an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or
500	demonstrated substantial progress in substance abuse treatment; and
501	(iii) (A) the person is 18 years of age or older and provides a sworn statement to the
502	court that the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a one-year
503	consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(B); or
504	(B) the person is under 18 years of age and has the person's parent or legal guardian
505	provide an affidavit or sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal
506	guardian's knowledge the person has not unlawfully consumed alcohol or drugs for at least a
507	one-year consecutive period during the suspension period imposed under Subsection
508	(3)(d)(ii)(B).
509	(4) A minor's license shall be suspended under Section 53-3-219 when a court issues
510	an order suspending the minor's driving privileges for a violation of:
511	(a) Section 32B-4-409;
512	(b) Section 32B-4-410;
513	(c) Section 58-37-8;
514	(d) Title 58, Chapter 37a or 37b; or
515	(e) Subsection 76-9-701(1).
516	(5) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record of a
517	person for a driving offense committed while the person's license is suspended under this
518	section, the Department of Public Safety shall extend the suspension for a like period of time.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-5-15 5:06 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel