	PROCUREMENT CHANGES
	2015 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Keven J. Stratton
	Senate Sponsor:
= I	LONG TITLE
(	General Description:
	This bill modifies the Utah Procurement Code.
F	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>includes grants over a specified dollar amount in the definition of a "procurement"</li> </ul>
tl	hat is subject to the procurement code.
N	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
(	Other Special Clauses:
	None
ι	Utah Code Sections Affected:
A	AMENDS:
	63G-6a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 196
В	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 63G-6a-103 is amended to read:
	63G-6a-103. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Architect-engineer services" means:
	(a) professional services within the scope of the practice of architecture as defined in



28	Section 58-3a-102;
29	(b) professional engineering as defined in Section 58-22-102; or
30	(c) master planning and programming services.
31	(2) "Bidder" means a person who responds to an invitation for bids.
32	(3) "Change directive" means a written order signed by the procurement officer that
33	directs the contractor to suspend work or make changes, as authorized by contract, without the
34	consent of the contractor.
35	(4) "Change order" means a written alteration in specifications, delivery point, rate of
36	delivery, period of performance, price, quantity, or other provisions of a contract, upon mutual
37	agreement of the parties to the contract.
38	(5) "Chief procurement officer" means the chief procurement officer appointed under
39	Subsection 63G-6a-302(1).
40	(6) "Conducting procurement unit" means a procurement unit that conducts all aspects
41	of a procurement:
42	(a) except:
43	(i) reviewing a solicitation to verify that it is in proper form; and
44	(ii) causing the publication of a notice of a solicitation; and
45	(b) including:
46	(i) preparing any solicitation document;
47	(ii) appointing an evaluation committee;
48	(iii) conducting the evaluation process, except as provided in Subsection
49	63G-6a-707(5)(b) relating to scores calculated for costs of proposals;
50	(iv) selecting and recommending the person to be awarded a contract;
51	(v) negotiating the terms and conditions of a contract, subject to the issuing
52	procurement unit's approval; and
53	(vi) administering a contract.
54	(7) (a) "Construction" means the process of building, renovating, altering, improving,
55	or repairing a public building or public work.
56	(b) "Construction" does not include the routine operation, routine repair, or routine
57	maintenance of an existing structure, building, or real property.
58	(8) (a) "Construction manager/general contractor" means a contractor who enters into a

02-09-15 4:01 PM H.B. 291

contract for the management of a construction project when the contract allows the contractor to subcontract for additional labor and materials that are not included in the contractor's cost proposal submitted at the time of the procurement of the contractor's services.

- (b) "Construction manager/general contractor" does not include a contractor whose only subcontract work not included in the contractor's cost proposal submitted as part of the procurement of the contractor's services is to meet subcontracted portions of change orders approved within the scope of the project.
- (9) "Contract" means an agreement for the procurement or disposal of a procurement item.
  - (10) "Contractor" means a person who is awarded a contract with a procurement unit.
  - (11) "Cooperative procurement" means procurement conducted by, or on behalf of:
  - (a) more than one procurement unit; or

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- (b) a procurement unit and a cooperative purchasing organization.
- (12) "Cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contract" means a contract where the contractor is paid a percentage over and above the contractor's actual expenses or costs.
- (13) "Cost-reimbursement contract" means a contract under which a contractor is reimbursed for costs which are allowed and allocated in accordance with the contract terms and the provisions of this chapter, and a fee, if any.
  - (14) "Days" means calendar days, unless expressly provided otherwise.
- (15) "Definite quantity contract" means a fixed price contract that provides for the supply of a specified amount of goods over a specified period, with deliveries scheduled according to a specified schedule.
- (16) "Design-build" means the procurement of architect-engineer services and construction by the use of a single contract with the design-build provider.
  - (17) "Director" means the director of the division.
- (18) "Established catalogue price" means the price included in a catalogue, price list, schedule, or other form that:
  - (a) is regularly maintained by a manufacturer or contractor;
  - (b) is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers; and
- 88 (c) states prices at which sales are currently or were last made to a significant number 89 of any category of buyers or buyers constituting the general buying public for the supplies or

90	services involved.
91	(19) "Fixed price contract" means a contract that provides a price, for each
92	procurement item obtained under the contract, that is not subject to adjustment except to the
93	extent that:
93 94	(a) the contract provides, under circumstances specified in the contract, for an
95	adjustment in price that is not based on cost to the contractor; or
96	(b) an adjustment is required by law.
97	(20) "Fixed price contract with price adjustment" means a fixed price contract that
98	provides for an upward or downward revision of price, precisely described in the contract, that
99	(a) is based on the consumer price index or another commercially acceptable index,
100	source, or formula; and
101	(b) is not based on a percentage of the cost to the contractor.
102	(21) (a) "Grant" means furnishing, by a public entity or by any other public or private
103	source, financial or other assistance to a person to support a program authorized by law.
104	(b) "Grant" does not include:
105	(i) an award whose primary purpose is to procure an end product or procurement item;
106	or
107	(ii) a contract that is awarded as a result of a procurement or a procurement process.
108	(22) "Head of a procurement unit" means:
109	(a) as it relates to a legislative procurement unit, any person designated by rule made
110	by the applicable rulemaking authority;
111	(b) as it relates to an executive branch procurement unit:
112	(i) the director of a division; or
113	(ii) any other person designated by the board, by rule;
114	(c) as it relates to a judicial procurement unit:
115	(i) the Judicial Council; or
116	(ii) any other person designated by the Judicial Council, by rule;
117	(d) as it relates to a local government procurement unit:
118	(i) the legislative body of the local government procurement unit; or
119	(ii) any other person designated by the local government procurement unit;
120	(e) as it relates to a local district, the board of trustees of the local district or a designed

of the board of trustees;

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- (f) as it relates to a special service district, the governing body of the special service district or a designee of the governing body;
  - (g) as it relates to a local building authority, the board of directors of the local building authority or a designee of the board of directors;
  - (h) as it relates to a conservation district, the board of supervisors of the conservation district or a designee of the board of supervisors;
  - (i) as it relates to a public corporation, the board of directors of the public corporation or a designee of the board of directors;
  - (j) as it relates to a school district or any school or entity within a school district, the board of the school district, or the board's designee;
  - (k) as it relates to a charter school, the individual or body with executive authority over the charter school, or the individual's or body's designee;
  - (l) as it relates to an institution of higher education of the state, the president of the institution of higher education, or the president's designee; or
  - (m) as it relates to a public transit district, the board of trustees or a designee of the board of trustees.
    - (23) "Indefinite quantity contract" means a fixed price contract that:
  - (a) is for an indefinite amount of procurement items to be supplied as ordered by a procurement unit; and
    - (b) (i) does not require a minimum purchase amount; or
    - (ii) provides a maximum purchase limit.
  - (24) "Independent procurement authority" means authority granted to a procurement unit under Subsection 63G-6a-106(4)(a).
  - (25) "Invitation for bids" includes all documents, including documents that are attached or incorporated by reference, used for soliciting bids to provide a procurement item to a procurement unit.
    - (26) "Issuing procurement unit" means a procurement unit that:
- (a) reviews a solicitation to verify that it is in proper form;
- (b) causes the notice of a solicitation to be published; and
- (c) negotiates the terms and conditions of a contract.

152	(27) "Labor hour contract" is a contract where:
153	(a) the supplies and materials are not provided by, or through, the contractor; and
154	(b) the contractor is paid a fixed rate that includes the cost of labor, overhead, and
155	profit for a specified number of labor hours or days.
156	(28) "Multiple award contracts" means the award of a contract for an indefinite
157	quantity of a procurement item to more than one bidder or offeror.
158	(29) "Multiyear contract" means a contract that extends beyond a one-year period,
159	including a contract that permits renewal of the contract, without competition, beyond the first
160	year of the contract.
161	(30) "Municipality" means a city or a town.
162	(31) "Offeror" means a person who responds to a request for proposals.
163	(32) "Preferred bidder" means a bidder that is entitled to receive a reciprocal preference
164	under the requirements of this chapter.
165	(33) (a) "Procure" or "procurement" means buying, purchasing, renting, leasing, leasing
166	with an option to purchase, or otherwise acquiring a procurement item.
167	(b) "Procure" or "procurement" includes all functions that pertain to the obtaining of a
168	procurement item, including:
169	(i) the description of requirements;
170	(ii) the selection process;
171	(iii) solicitation of sources;
172	(iv) the preparation for soliciting a procurement item; and
173	(v) the award of a contract.
174	(c) "Procurement" includes a grant in excess of \$500,000.
175	(34) "Procurement item" means a supply, a service, construction, or technology.
176	(35) "Procurement officer" means:
177	(a) as it relates to a procurement unit with independent procurement authority:
178	(i) the head of the procurement unit;
179	(ii) a designee of the head of the procurement unit; or
180	(iii) a person designated by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority; or
181	(b) as it relates to the division or a procurement unit without independent procurement
182	authority, the chief procurement officer.

02-09-15 4:01 PM H.B. 291

183	(36) "Professional service" means a service that requires a high degree of specialized
184	knowledge and discretion in the performance of the service, including:
185	(a) legal services;
186	(b) consultation services;
187	(c) architectural services;
188	(d) engineering;
189	(e) design;
190	(f) underwriting;
191	(g) bond counsel;
192	(h) financial advice;
193	(i) construction management;
194	(j) medical services;
195	(k) psychiatric services; or
196	(l) counseling services.
197	(37) "Protest officer" means:
198	(a) as it relates to the division or a procurement unit with independent procurement
199	authority:
200	(i) the head of the procurement unit;
201	(ii) a designee of the head of the procurement unit; or
202	(iii) a person designated by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority; or
203	(b) as it relates to a procurement unit without independent procurement authority, the
204	chief procurement officer or the chief procurement officer's designee.
205	(38) "Request for information" means a nonbinding process where a procurement unit
206	requests information relating to a procurement item.
207	(39) "Request for proposals" includes all documents, including documents that are
208	attached or incorporated by reference, used for soliciting proposals to provide a procurement
209	item to a procurement unit.
210	(40) "Request for statement of qualifications" means all documents used to solicit
211	information about the qualifications of the person interested in responding to a potential
212	procurement, including documents attached or incorporated by reference.
213	(41) "Requirements contract" means a contract:

214	(a) where a contractor agrees to provide a procurement unit's entire requirements for
215	certain procurement items at prices specified in the contract during the contract period; and
216	(b) that:
217	(i) does not require a minimum purchase amount; or
218	(ii) provides a maximum purchase limit.
219	(42) "Responsible" means being capable, in all respects, of:
220	(a) meeting all the requirements of a solicitation; and
221	(b) fully performing all the requirements of the contract resulting from the solicitation,
222	including being financially solvent with sufficient financial resources to perform the contract.
223	(43) "Responsive" means conforming in all material respects to the invitation for bids
224	or request for proposals.
225	(44) "Sealed" means manually or electronically sealed and submitted bids or proposals.
226	(45) (a) "Services" means the furnishing of labor, time, or effort by a contractor, not
227	involving the delivery of a specific end product other than a report that is incidental to the
228	required performance.
229	(b) "Services" does not include an employment agreement or a collective bargaining
230	agreement.
231	(46) "Sole source contract" means a contract resulting from a sole source procurement.
232	(47) "Sole source procurement" means a procurement without competition pursuant to
233	a determination under Subsection 63G-6a-802(2)(a) that there is only one source for the
234	procurement item.
235	(48) "Solicitation" means an invitation for bids, request for proposals, notice of a sole
236	source procurement, request for statement of qualifications, request for information, or any
237	document used to obtain bids, proposals, pricing, qualifications, or information for the purpose
238	of entering into a procurement contract.
239	(49) "Specification" means any description of the physical or functional characteristics,
240	or nature of a procurement item included in an invitation for bids or a request for proposals, or
241	otherwise specified or agreed to by a procurement unit, including a description of:
242	(a) a requirement for inspecting or testing a procurement item; or
243	(b) preparing a procurement item for delivery.

(50) "Standard procurement process" means one of the following methods of obtaining

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245	a procurement item:
246	(a) bidding, as described in Part 6, Bidding;
247	(b) request for proposals, as described in Part 7, Request for Proposals; or
248	(c) small purchases, in accordance with the requirements established under Section
249	63G-6a-408.
250	(51) "State cooperative contract" means a contract awarded by the division for and in
251	behalf of all public entities.
252	(52) "Statement of qualifications" means a written statement submitted to a
253	procurement unit in response to a request for statement of qualifications.
254	(53) (a) "Subcontractor" means a person under contract with a contractor or another
255	subcontractor to provide services or labor for design or construction.
256	(b) "Subcontractor" includes a trade contractor or specialty contractor.
257	(c) "Subcontractor" does not include a supplier who provides only materials,
258	equipment, or supplies to a contractor or subcontractor.
259	(54) "Supplies" means all property, including equipment, materials, and printing.
260	(55) "Tie bid" means that the lowest responsive and responsible bids are identical in
261	price.
262	(56) "Time and materials contract" means a contract where the contractor is paid:
263	(a) the actual cost of direct labor at specified hourly rates;
264	(b) the actual cost of materials and equipment usage; and
265	(c) an additional amount, expressly described in the contract, to cover overhead and
266	profit, that is not based on a percentage of the cost to the contractor.

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