1	ABUSE POLICY FOR EDUCATORS
2	2015 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay
5	Senate Sponsor:
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to school personnel employment and licensing
10	procedures and student abuse reporting.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 modifies requirements for providing and obtaining employment and disciplinary
14	history of school personnel;
15	modifies requirements for educator licensing;
16	 modifies provisions related to mandatory reporting of student abuse; and
17	makes technical changes.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	53A-6-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 362
25	53A-6-402, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 108
26	53A-6-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 315
27	REPEALS AND REENACTS:



53A-6-307, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 108
53A-6-405, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 108
53A-6-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 320
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 53A-6-307 is repealed and reenacted to read:
53A-6-307. Licensing power of the board Licensing final action Appeal rights.
(1) The board holds the power to license educators.
(2) (a) The board shall take final action with regard to an educator license.
(b) An entity other than the board may not take final action with regard to an educator
license.
(3) For the purpose of making a final action licensing decision, the board shall make
rules to establish whether a misdemeanor is a crime of moral turpitude:
(a) if the misdemeanor is not a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
Offenses; and
(b) creating a rebuttable presumption that a misdemeanor of a sexual nature is a
misdemeanor of moral turpitude.
(4) (a) In accordance with Subsection (4)(b), a license applicant or an educator may
seek judicial review of a final action made by the board under this chapter.
(b) A license applicant or educator may file a petition for judicial review of the board's
final action if the license applicant or educator files a petition within 30 days after the day on
which the license applicant or educator received notice of the final action.
Section 2. Section 53A-6-401 is amended to read:
53A-6-401. Background checks.
(1) (a) A license applicant shall submit to a background check as a condition for
licensing.
(b) As used in this section, licensing includes reinstatement of [a lapsed, suspended, or
revoked license] an expired or suspended license.
(2) Where reasonable cause exists, the State Board of Education may require an
educator to submit to a criminal background check.
(3) (a) The [office] board shall establish a procedure for obtaining and evaluating

02-17-15 4:01 PM H.B. 345

relevant information concerning license applicants, including fingerprinting the applicant and submitting the prints to the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the Department of Public Safety for checking against applicable state, regional, and national criminal records files.

- (b) The Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division shall release to the office all information received in response to the office's request.
- (c) The Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division shall maintain a separate file of fingerprints submitted under Subsection (3)(a) and notify the office when a new entry is made against a person whose fingerprints are held in the file regarding any matters involving an alleged:
 - (i) sexual offense;

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

86

- (ii) drug-related offense;
- 71 (iii) alcohol-related offense; or
- 72 (iv) offense against the person under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Person.
 - (d) The cost of maintaining the separate file shall be paid by the office from fees charged to those submitting fingerprints.
 - (4) An applicant or educator shall have an opportunity to respond to any information received by the office as a result of the background check.
 - (5) [In preparing recommendations concerning licensing for submission to the board, the office] The board shall consider only the following matters obtained through fingerprint checks to the extent that they are relevant to the license sought by the applicant or held by the educator:
 - (a) convictions, including pleas in abeyance;
 - (b) any matters involving an alleged sexual offense;
 - (c) any matters involving an alleged felony or class A misdemeanor drug offense;
- 84 (d) any matters involving an alleged offense against the person under Title 76, Chapter 85 5, Offenses Against the Person;
 - (e) any matters involving a felony;
- 87 (f) any matters involving a misdemeanor of moral turpitude;
- [(f)] (g) any matters involving a class A misdemeanor property offense alleged to have occurred within the previous three years; and

90

91

92

96

97

98

99

100

101

102

103

104 105

106

107

108

109

110

111 112

113 114

115

116

117

118

119

120

[(g)] (h) any matters involving any other type of criminal offense, if more than one occurrence of the same type of offense is alleged to have taken place within the previous eight years. 93 (6) If a recommendation is made for denial, suspension, or revocation of licensure 94 because of information obtained through a background check, the person shall receive written 95 notice of the reasons for the recommendation and have an opportunity to respond in accordance with procedures set forth under board rules. (7) Information obtained under this section is confidential and may only be disclosed as provided in this part. (8) The applicant shall pay the costs of conducting the background check required pursuant to Subsection (1). (9) This section applies to matters occurring both before and after the effective date of this section. Section 3. Section **53A-6-402** is amended to read: 53A-6-402. Evaluation information on current or prospective school employees --Notice to employee -- Mandatory employment history check -- Exemption from liability. (1) (a) The [office's administrator of teacher licensing may] board shall provide the appropriate administrator of a public or private school or of an agency outside the state [which] that is responsible for licensing or [certification of educators with any] certifying educational personnel with a recommendation or other information possessed by the [office which] board that has significance in evaluating the employment or license of: (i) a current or prospective school employee , license holder, or applicant for licensing.]; (ii) an educator or education license holder; or (iii) a license applicant. (b) Information supplied under Subsection (1)(a) [may] shall include: (i) the complete record of a hearing [or]; and (ii) the investigative report for matters [which] that: [(i)] (A) the educator has had an opportunity to contest; and [(ii)] (B) did not proceed to a hearing.

(2) At the request of the [office's administrator of teacher licensing,] board, an

02-17-15 4:01 PM H.B. 345

121	administrator of a public school or school district shall, and an administrator of a private school
122	may, provide [any] a recommendation or other information possessed by the school or school
123	district [which] that has significance in evaluating the employment or licensure of:
124	(a) a current or prospective school employee[, license holder, or applicant for
125	licensing.];
126	(b) an educator or education license holder; or
127	(c) a license applicant.
128	(3) If a decision is made to deny licensure, to not hire a prospective employee, or to
129	take action against a current employee or educator based upon information provided under this
130	section, the affected individual shall receive notice of the information and be given an
131	opportunity to respond to the information.
132	(4) A local school board, a charter school governing board, or the Utah Schools for the
133	Deaf and the Blind shall obtain references and a discipline record from prior employers of a
134	potential employee before hiring:
135	(a) an educator; or
136	(b) an individual who:
137	(i) works in a public school as an employee; and
138	(ii) has significant unsupervised access to students.
139	[(4)] (5) A person who, in good faith, provides a recommendation or discloses or
140	receives information under this section is exempt from civil and criminal liability relating to
141	that recommendation, receipt, or disclosure.
142	[(5)] (6) For purposes of this section, "employee" includes a volunteer.
143	Section 4. Section 53A-6-405 is repealed and reenacted to read:
144	53A-6-405. Ineligibility for educator license.
145	(1) The board may refuse to issue a license to a license applicant if the board finds
146	good cause for the refusal, including behavior of the applicant:
147	(a) found pursuant to a criminal, civil, or administrative matter after reasonable
148	opportunity for the applicant to contest the allegation; and
149	(b) considered, as behavior of an educator, to be:
150	(i) immoral, unprofessional, or incompetent behavior; or
151	(ii) a violation of standards of ethical conduct, performance, or professional

152	competence.
153	(2) The board may not issue, renew, or reinstate an educator license if the license
154	applicant or educator:
155	(a) was convicted of a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
156	(b) pled guilty to a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
157	(c) entered a plea of no contest to a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
158	(d) entered a plea in abeyance to a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
159	(e) was convicted of a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
160	Offenses, against a minor child;
161	(f) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
162	student who is a minor;
163	(g) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
164	student who is:
165	(i) not a minor; and
166	(ii) enrolled in a school where the license applicant or educator is or was employed; or
167	(h) admits to the board or UPPAC that the license applicant or educator committed:
168	(i) a misdemeanor of moral turpitude;
169	(ii) a felony; or
170	(iii) a sexual offense or sexually explicit conduct described in Subsection (2)(e), (f), or
171	<u>(g).</u>
172	(3) If a person is ineligible for licensure under Subsection (1) or (2), a public school
173	may not:
174	(a) employ the person in the public school; or
175	(b) allow the person to volunteer in the public school.
176	(4) (a) If the board denies a license applicant licensure under this section, the board
177	shall immediately notify the applicant of:
178	(i) the denial; and
179	(ii) the applicant's right to request a hearing before UPPAC.
180	(b) Upon receipt of a notice described in Subsection (4)(a), a license applicant may,
181	within 30 days after the day on which the applicant received the notice, request a hearing
182	before UPPAC for the applicant to review and respond to all evidence upon which the board

183	based the denial.
184	(c) If the board receives a request for a hearing described in Subsection (4)(b), the
185	board shall direct UPPAC to hold a hearing.
186	Section 5. Section 53A-6-501 is repealed and reenacted to read:
187	53A-6-501. Board disciplinary action of an educator.
188	(1) (a) The board shall direct UPPAC to investigate an allegation, administrative
189	decision, or judicial decision that evidences an educator is unfit for duty because the educator
190	exhibited behavior that:
191	(i) is immoral, unprofessional, or incompetent; or
192	(ii) violates standards of ethical conduct, performance, or professional competence.
193	(b) If the board determines an allegation or decision described in Subsection (1)(a)
194	does not evidence an educator's unfitness for duty, the board may dismiss the allegation or
195	decision without an investigation or hearing.
196	(2) The board shall direct UPPAC to investigate and hold a hearing for an educator to
197	respond if the board receives an allegation that the educator:
198	(a) was charged with a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
199	(b) was convicted of a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
200	(c) pled guilty to a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
201	(d) entered a plea of no contest to a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
202	(e) entered a plea in abeyance to a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
203	(f) was convicted of a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
204	Offenses, against a minor child;
205	(g) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
206	student who is a minor; or
207	(h) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
208	student who is:
209	(i) not a minor; and
210	(ii) enrolled in a school where the educator is or was employed.
211	(3) Upon notice that an educator allegedly violated Section 53A-6-502, the board shall
212	direct UPPAC to:
213	(a) investigate the alleged violation; and

214	(b) hold a hearing for the educator to respond to the allegation.
215	(4) Upon completion of an investigation or hearing described in this section, UPPAC
216	shall:
217	(a) provide findings to the board; and
218	(b) make a recommendation for board action.
219	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), upon review of UPPAC's findings and
220	recommendation, the board may:
221	(i) revoke the educator's license;
222	(ii) suspend the educator's license;
223	(iii) restrict or prohibit the educator from renewing the educator's license;
224	(iv) warn or reprimand the educator;
225	(v) enter into a written agreement with the educator that requires the educator to
226	comply with certain conditions;
227	(vi) direct UPPAC to further investigate or gather information; or
228	(vii) take other action the board finds to be appropriate for and consistent with the
229	educator's behavior.
230	(b) Upon review of UPPAC's findings and recommendation, the board shall revoke the
231	license of an educator who:
232	(i) was convicted of a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
233	(ii) pled guilty to a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
234	(iii) entered a plea of no contest to a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
235	(iv) entered a plea in abeyance to a misdemeanor of moral turpitude or a felony;
236	(v) was convicted of a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
237	Offenses, against a minor child;
238	(vi) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
239	student who is a minor;
240	(vii) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
241	student who is:
242	(A) not a minor; and
243	(B) enrolled in a school where the educator is or was employed; or
244	(viii) admits to the board or UPPAC that the applicant committed:

245	(A) a misdemeanor of moral turpitude;
246	(B) a felony; or
247	(C) a sexual offense or sexually explicit conduct described in Subsection (5)(b)(v),
248	(vi), or (vii).
249	(c) The board may not reinstate a revoked license.
250	(d) Before the board takes adverse action against an educator under this section, the
251	board shall ensure that the educator had an opportunity for a UPPAC hearing.
252	Section 6. Section 53A-6-502 is amended to read:
253	53A-6-502. Mandatory reporting of physical or sexual abuse of students.
254	(1) For purposes of this section, "educator" means, in addition to a person included
255	under Section 53A-6-103, a person, including a volunteer or temporary employee, who at the
256	time of an alleged offense was performing a function in a private school for which a license
257	would be required in a public school.
258	(2) In addition to any duty to report suspected cases of child abuse or neglect under
259	Section 62A-4a-403, an educator who has reasonable cause to believe that a student may have
260	been physically or sexually abused by a school employee shall immediately report the belief
261	and all other relevant information to the school principal, superintendent, or to the [office]
262	board.
263	(3) A school administrator who has received a report under Subsection (2) or who
264	otherwise has reasonable cause to believe that a student may have been physically or sexually
265	abused by an educator shall immediately report that information to the [office] board.
266	[(4) Failure to comply with Subsection (2) or (3) shall be considered unprofessional
267	eonduct.]
268	(4) Upon notice that an educator allegedly violated Subsection (2) or (3), the board
269	shall direct UPPAC to investigate the educator's alleged violation.
270	(5) A person who makes a report under this section in good faith shall be immune from
271	civil or criminal liability that might otherwise arise by reason of that report.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-17-15 10:49 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel