

181 municipal primary election, a local special election, a local district election, and a bond
182 election.

183 (42) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a local district, or a
184 local school district.

185 (43) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a
186 local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may
187 vote.

188 (44) "Municipal executive" means:

189 (a) the mayor in the council-mayor form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102;
190 or

191 (b) the mayor in the council-manager form of government defined in Subsection
192 10-3b-103(6).

193 (45) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and, as
194 applicable, local districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each
195 odd-numbered year for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.

196 (46) "Municipal legislative body" means the council of the city or town in any form of
197 municipal government.

198 (47) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.

199 (48) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be
200 elected.

201 (49) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for
202 municipal office.

203 (50) "Nonpartisan school district" means a school district that, on October 1 of the
204 preceding odd-numbered year, had a student enrollment of less than \$→ [3,000] 20,000 ←\$.

205 [~~50~~] (51) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer to the
206 poll workers to be given to voters to record their votes.

207 [~~51~~] (52) "Official endorsement" means:

208 (a) the information on the ballot that identifies:

209 (i) the ballot as an official ballot;

210 (ii) the date of the election; and

211 (iii) the facsimile signature of the election officer; and

212 (b) the information on the ballot stub that identifies:

213 (i) the poll worker's initials; and

214 (ii) the ballot number.

215 ~~[(52)]~~ (53) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials
216 by the election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401.

217 ~~[(53)]~~ (54) "Paper ballot" means a paper that contains:

218 (a) the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be
219 voted on; and

220 (b) spaces for the voter to record the voter's vote for each office and for or against each
221 ballot proposition.

222 (55) "Partisan school district" means a school district that, on October 1 of the
223 preceding odd-numbered year, had a student enrollment of ~~(\$)~~ ~~[3,000]~~ 20,000 ~~(\$)~~ or more.

224 ~~[(54)]~~ (56) "Pilot project" means the election day voter registration pilot project created
225 in Section 20A-4-108.

226 ~~[(55)]~~ (57) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has
227 qualified to participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Chapter 8, Political Party
228 Formation and Procedures.

229 ~~[(56)]~~ (58) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that they
230 appear to cast votes.

231 ~~[(57)]~~ (59) "Polling place" means the building where voting is conducted.

232 ~~[(58)]~~ (60) (a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist
233 with an election, voting, or counting votes.

234 (b) "Poll worker" includes election judges.

235 (c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher.

236 ~~[(59)]~~ (61) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a
237 ballot in which the voter marks the voter's choice.

238 ~~[(60)]~~ (62) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions held during the
239 year of the regular general election.

240 ~~[(61)]~~ (63) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that:

241 (a) is built into a voting machine; and

242 (b) records the total number of movements of the operating lever.