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	COAL ASH REGULATION AMENDMENTS
	2015 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Ralph Okerlund
	House Sponsor: Stephen G. Handy
L	ONG TITLE
G	eneral Description:
	This bill amends a definition in the Solid and Hazardous Waste Act.
Н	lighlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	• amends the definition of solid waste in the Solid and Hazardous Waste Act; and
	makes technical changes.
M	Ioney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
O	other Special Clauses:
	None
U	tah Code Sections Affected:
A	MENDS:
	19-6-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 360
В	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 19-6-102 is amended to read:
	19-6-102. Definitions.
	As used in this part:
	(1) "Board" means the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board created in Section
19	9-1-106.
	(2) "Closure plan" means a plan under Section 19-6-108 to close a facility or site at
W	hich the owner or operator has disposed of nonhazardous solid waste or has treated, stored, or

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30 disposed of hazardous waste including, if applicable, a plan to provide postclosure care at the 31 facility or site. (3) (a) "Commercial nonhazardous solid waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility" 32 33 means a facility that receives, for profit, nonhazardous solid waste for treatment, storage, or 34 disposal. (b) "Commercial nonhazardous solid waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility" 35 36 does not include a facility that: (i) receives waste for recycling; 37 38 (ii) receives waste to be used as fuel, in compliance with federal and state 39 requirements; or 40 (iii) is solely under contract with a local government within the state to dispose of 41 nonhazardous solid waste generated within the boundaries of the local government. 42 (4) "Construction waste or demolition waste": 43 (a) means waste from building materials, packaging, and rubble resulting from construction, demolition, remodeling, and repair of pavements, houses, commercial buildings, 44 45 and other structures, and from road building and land clearing; and (b) does not include: asbestos; contaminated soils or tanks resulting from remediation 46 or cleanup at any release or spill; waste paints; solvents; sealers; adhesives; or similar 47 48 hazardous or potentially hazardous materials. (5) "Demolition waste" has the same meaning as the definition of construction waste in 49 50 this section. 51 (6) "Director" means the director of the Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste. 52 (7) "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking, or 53 placing of any solid or hazardous waste into or on any land or water so that the waste or any 54 constituent of the waste may enter the environment, be emitted into the air, or discharged into 55 any waters, including groundwaters. (8) "Division" means the Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste, created in 56

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Subsection 19-1-105(1)(e).

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(9) "Generation" or "generated" means the act or process of producing nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste.

- (10) "Hazardous waste" means a solid waste or combination of solid wastes other than household waste which, because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical, or infectious characteristics may cause or significantly contribute to an increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible or incapacitating reversible illness or may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment when improperly treated, stored, transported, disposed of, or otherwise managed.
- (11) "Health facility" means hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, home health agencies, hospices, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, intermediate care facilities for people with an intellectual disability, residential health care facilities, maternity homes or birthing centers, free standing ambulatory surgical centers, facilities owned or operated by health maintenance organizations, and state renal disease treatment centers including free standing hemodialysis units, the offices of private physicians and dentists whether for individual or private practice, veterinary clinics, and mortuaries.
- (12) "Household waste" means any waste material, including garbage, trash, and sanitary wastes in septic tanks, derived from households, including single-family and multiple-family residences, hotels and motels, bunk houses, ranger stations, crew quarters, campgrounds, picnic grounds, and day-use recreation areas.
- (13) "Infectious waste" means a solid waste that contains or may reasonably be expected to contain pathogens of sufficient virulence and quantity that exposure to the waste by a susceptible host could result in an infectious disease.
- (14) "Manifest" means the form used for identifying the quantity, composition, origin, routing, and destination of hazardous waste during its transportation from the point of generation to the point of disposal, treatment, or storage.
- (15) "Mixed waste" means any material that is a hazardous waste as defined in this chapter and is also radioactive as defined in Section 19-3-102.
 - (16) "Modification plan" means a plan under Section 19-6-108 to modify a facility or

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86 site for the purpose of disposing of nonhazardous solid waste or treating, storing, or disposing 87 of hazardous waste. 88 (17) "Operation plan" or "nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste operation plan" 89 means a plan or approval under Section 19-6-108, including: (a) a plan to own, construct, or operate a facility or site for the purpose of disposing of 90 91 nonhazardous solid waste or treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste; 92 (b) a closure plan; 93 (c) a modification plan; or 94 (d) an approval that the director is authorized to issue. 95 (18) "Permittee" means a person who is obligated under an operation plan. (19) (a) "Solid waste" means any garbage, refuse, sludge, including sludge from a 96 97 waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or other 98 discarded material, including solid, liquid, semi-solid, or contained gaseous material resulting 99 from industrial, commercial, mining, or agricultural operations and from community activities 100 but does not include solid or dissolved materials in domestic sewage or in irrigation return 101 flows or discharges for which a permit is required under Title 19, Chapter 5, Water Quality Act, or under the Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C.[, Section] Sec. 1251[-] et seg. 102 103 (b) "Solid waste" does not include any of the following wastes unless the waste causes 104 a public nuisance or public health hazard or is otherwise determined to be a hazardous waste: 105 (i) certain large volume wastes, such as inert construction debris used as fill material; 106 (ii) drilling muds, produced waters, and other wastes associated with the exploration, development, or production of oil, gas, or geothermal energy: 107 108 [(iii) fly ash waste, bottom ash waste, slag waste, and flue gas emission control waste 109 generated primarily from the combustion of coal or other fossil fuels;

112 $\left[\frac{(v)}{(v)}\right]$ (iv) cement kiln dust.

minerals; or

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(20) "Storage" means the actual or intended containment of solid or hazardous waste

[(iv)] (iii) solid wastes from the extraction, beneficiation, and processing of ores and

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either on a temporary basis or for a period of years in such a manner as not to constitute disposal of the waste.

- (21) "Transportation" means the off-site movement of solid or hazardous waste to any intermediate point or to any point of storage, treatment, or disposal.
- (22) "Treatment" means a method, technique, or process designed to change the physical, chemical, or biological character or composition of any solid or hazardous waste so as to neutralize the waste or render the waste nonhazardous, safer for transport, amenable for recovery, amenable to storage, or reduced in volume.
- (23) "Underground storage tank" means a tank which is regulated under Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.[, Section] Sec. 6991[-] et seq.