26   Section 1. Section **53A-11-801** is amended to read:

27   **53A-11-801. Definitions.**

28   As used in this part:

29   (1) "Child" or "minor child" means a person:

30   (a) under the age of 18; or

31   (b) under the age of 23 who is receiving educational services as an individual with a

32   disability.

33   (2) "Corporal punishment" means the intentional infliction of physical pain upon the

34   body of a minor child as a disciplinary measure.

35   (3) "Physical escort" means a temporary touching or holding of the hand, wrist, arm,

36   shoulder, or back for the purpose of inducing a student to walk to another location.

37   (4) (a) "Physical restraint" means personal restriction that immobilizes or significantly

38   reduces the ability of an individual to move the individual's arms, legs, body, or head freely.

39   (b) "Physical restraint" does not include a physical escort.

40   [(3)] (5) "School" means any public or private elementary or secondary school,

41   pre-school, care center, nursery school, or business which receives compensation for

42   supervising or educating a child.

43   Section 2. Section **53A-11-802** is amended to read:

44   **53A-11-802. Prohibition of corporal punishment -- Use of reasonable and**

45   **necessary physical restraint or force.**

46   (1) A school employee may not inflict or cause the infliction of corporal punishment

47   upon a child who is receiving services from the school, unless written permission has been

48   given by the student's parent or guardian to do so.

49   (2) [This section does not prohibit the use of] A school employee may use reasonable

50   and necessary physical restraint or force in self defense or otherwise appropriate to the

51   circumstances to:

52   (a) obtain possession of a weapon or other dangerous object in the possession or under

53   the control of a child;

54   (b) protect the child or another [person] individual from physical injury;

55   (c) remove from a situation a child who is violent or disruptive; or

56   (d) protect property from being damaged, when safety Ĥ➔ **most likely** ⬅Ĥ is at risk.