	POST-EXPOSURE BLOOD TESTING AMENDMENTS
	2016 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Edward H. Redd
	Senate Sponsor:
LON	NG TITLE
Gen	eral Description:
	This bill allows an emergency service provider to request a blood sample if
signi	ficantly exposed to a person's bodily fluids in the course of performing the
prov	ider's duties.
High	nlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	► allows an emergency service provider to request an order of restriction from the
local	health department authorizing a blood sample from an individual if, during the
cour	se of performing the provider's duties, the provider is significantly exposed to
the in	ndividual's bodily fluids.
Mon	ney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Oth	er Special Clauses:
	None
Utal	Code Sections Affected:
AMI	ENDS:
	78B-8-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 114



20	be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Olan:
27	Section 1. Section 78B-8-402 is amended to read:
28	78B-8-402. Petition Disease testing Notice Payment for testing.
29	(1) An emergency services provider or first aid volunteer who is significantly exposed
30	during the course of performing the emergency services provider's duties or during the course
31	of performing emergency assistance or first aid may:
32	(a) request that the person to whom the emergency services provider or first aid
33	volunteer was significantly exposed voluntarily submit to testing; [or]
34	(b) request an order of restriction from the local health department with jurisdiction
35	over the location where the exposure occurred, and testing of the person to whom the
36	emergency services provider or first aid volunteer was significantly exposed in accordance with
37	Section 26-6b-3; or
38	(c) petition the district court for an order requiring that the person to whom the
39	emergency services provider or first aid volunteer was significantly exposed submit to testing
40	to determine the presence of a disease, as defined in Section 78B-8-401, and that the results of
41	that test be disclosed to the petitioner by the Department of Health.
42	(2) (a) The petitioner shall file a petition with the district court seeking an order to
43	submit to testing and to disclose the results in accordance with the provisions of this section.
44	(b) The petition shall be sealed upon filing and made accessible only to the petitioner,
45	the subject of the petition, and their attorneys, upon court order.
46	(3) (a) The petition described in Subsection (2) shall be accompanied by an affidavit in
47	which the petitioner certifies that the petitioner has been significantly exposed to the individual
48	who is the subject of the petition and describes that exposure.
49	(b) The petitioner shall submit to testing to determine the presence of a disease, when
50	the petition is filed or within three days after the petition is filed.
51	(4) The petitioner shall cause the petition required under this section to be served on
52	the person who the petitioner is requesting to be tested in a manner that will best preserve the
53	confidentiality of that person.
54	(5) (a) The court shall set a time for a hearing on the matter within 10 days after the
55	petition is filed and shall give the petitioner and the individual who is the subject of the petition
56	notice of the hearing at least 72 hours prior to the hearing.

- (b) The individual who is the subject of the petition shall also be notified that the individual may have an attorney present at the hearing and that the individual's attorney may examine and cross-examine witnesses.
 - (c) The hearing shall be conducted in camera.
- (6) The district court may enter an order requiring that an individual submit to testing, including blood testing, for a disease if the court finds probable cause to believe:
 - (a) the petitioner was significantly exposed; and
- (b) the exposure occurred during the course of the emergency services provider's duties, or the provision of emergency assistance or first aid by a first aid volunteer.
- (7) The court may order that the blood specimen be obtained by the use of reasonable force if the individual who is the subject of the petition is a prisoner.
- (8) The court may order that additional, follow-up testing be conducted and that the individual submit to that testing, as it determines to be necessary and appropriate.
- (9) The court is not required to order an individual to submit to a test under this section if it finds that there is a substantial reason, relating to the life or health of the individual, not to enter the order.
- (10) (a) Upon order of the district court that a person submit to testing for a disease, that person shall report to the designated local health department to have the person's blood drawn within 10 days from the issuance of the order, and thereafter as designated by the court, or be held in contempt of court.
- (b) The court shall send the order to the Department of Health and to the local health department ordered to draw the blood.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 26-6-27, the Department of Health and a local health department may disclose the test results pursuant to a court order as provided in this section.
- (d) Under this section, anonymous testing as provided under Section 26-6-3.5 shall not satisfy the requirements of the court order.
- (11) The local health department or the Department of Health shall inform the subject of the petition and the petitioner of the results of the test and advise both parties that the test results are confidential. That information shall be maintained as confidential by all parties to the action.

- (12) The court, its personnel, the process server, the Department of Health, local health department, and petitioner shall maintain confidentiality of the name and any other identifying information regarding the individual tested and the results of the test as they relate to that individual, except as specifically authorized by this chapter.
- (13) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (13)(b), the petitioner shall remit payment for the drawing of the blood specimen and the analysis of the specimen for the mandatory disease testing to the entity that draws the blood.
- (b) If the petitioner is an emergency services provider, the agency that employs the emergency services provider shall remit payment for the drawing of the blood specimen and the analysis of the specimen for the mandatory disease testing to the entity that draws the blood.
- (14) The entity that draws the blood shall cause the blood and the payment for the analysis of the specimen to be delivered to the Department of Health for analysis.
- (15) If the individual is incarcerated, the incarcerating authority shall either draw the blood specimen or shall pay the expenses of having the individual's blood drawn.