UNIFORM REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER ON DEATH ACT
2016 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: V. Lowry Snow
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill enacts the Uniform Real Property Transfer on Death Act.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
• creates a new part in the Utah Uniform Probate Code entitled the Uniform Real
Property Transfer on Death Act;
defines terms;
 specifically applies only to deeds created by a person who dies on or after May 10,
2016;
 provides that the act is nonexclusive and does not affect any other method of
transferring real property allowed under Utah law;
 makes clear that the transfer of property only occurs upon the transferor's death;
 provides that a transfer on death deed is revocable and nontestamentary; and
 requires that the transferor have the same capacity as that required to make a will at
the time the deed is made.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:



28	ENACTS:
29	75-6-401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	75-6-402 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
31	75-6-403 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
32	75-6-404 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	75-6-405 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	75-6-406 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	75-6-407 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	75-6-408 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	75-6-409 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	75-6-410 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	75-6-411 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	75-6-412 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	75-6-413 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	75-6-414 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	75-6-415 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	75-6-416 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	75-6-417 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	75-6-418 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	75-6-419 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48 49	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
50	Section 1. Section 75-6-401 is enacted to read:
51	CHAPTER 6. UNIFORM REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER ON DEATH ACT
52	<u>75-6-401.</u> Title.
53	This chapter is known as the "Uniform Real Property Transfer on Death Act."
54	Section 2. Section 75-6-402 is enacted to read:
55	<u>75-6-402.</u> Definitions.
56	As used in this chapter:
57	(1) "Beneficiary" means a person who receives property under a transfer on death deed.
58	(2) "Designated beneficiary" means a person designated to receive property in a

59	transfer on death deed.
60	(3) "Joint owner" means an individual who owns property concurrently with one or
61	more other individuals with a right of survivorship. The term includes a joint tenant, owner of
62	community property with a right of survivorship, and tenant by the entirety. The term does not
63	include a tenant in common or owner of community property without a right of survivorship.
64	(4) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership,
65	limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or
66	governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
67	(5) "Property" means an interest in real property located in this state that is transferable
68	on the death of the owner.
69	(6) "Transfer on death deed" means a deed authorized under this chapter.
70	(7) "Transferor" means an individual who makes a transfer on death deed.
71	Section 3. Section 75-6-403 is enacted to read:
72	<u>75-6-403.</u> Applicability.
73	This chapter applies to a transfer on death deed made before, on, or after May 10, 2016,
74	by a transferor dying on or after May 10, 2016.
75	Section 4. Section 75-6-404 is enacted to read:
76	75-6-404. Nonexclusivity.
77	This chapter does not affect any method of transferring property otherwise permitted
78	under the law of this state.
79	Section 5. Section 75-6-405 is enacted to read:
80	75-6-405. Transfer on death deed authorized.
81	An individual may transfer property to one or more beneficiaries effective at the
82	transferor's death by a transfer on death deed.
83	Section 6. Section 75-6-406 is enacted to read:
84	75-6-406. Transfer on death deed revocable.
85	A transfer on death deed is revocable even if the deed or another instrument contains a
86	contrary provision.
87	Section 7. Section 75-6-407 is enacted to read:
88	75-6-407. Transfer on death deed nontestamentary.
89	A transfer on death deed is nontestamentary

90	Section 8. Section 75-6-408 is enacted to read:
91	75-6-408. Capacity of transferor.
92	The capacity required to make or revoke a transfer on death deed is the same as the
93	capacity required to make a will.
94	Section 9. Section 75-6-409 is enacted to read:
95	<u>75-6-409.</u> Requirements.
96	A transfer on death deed shall:
97	(1) in addition to the requirement provided in Subsection (2), contain the essential
98	elements and formalities of a properly recordable inter vivos deed;
99	(2) state that the transfer to the designated beneficiary is to occur at the transferor's
100	death; and
101	(3) be recorded before the transferor's death in the public records in the county
102	recorder's office of the county where the property is located.
103	Section 10. Section 75-6-410 is enacted to read:
104	75-6-410. Notice, delivery, acceptance, consideration not required.
105	A transfer on death deed is effective without:
106	(1) notice or delivery to or acceptance by the designated beneficiary during the
107	transferor's life; or
108	(2) consideration.
109	Section 11. Section 75-6-411 is enacted to read:
110	75-6-411. Revocation by instrument authorized Revocation by act not
111	permitted.
112	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), an instrument is effective to revoke a recorded transfer
113	on death deed, or any part of it, only if the instrument:
114	<u>(a) is:</u>
115	(i) a transfer on death deed that revokes the deed or part of the deed expressly or by
116	inconsistency;
117	(ii) an instrument of revocation that expressly revokes the deed or part of the deed; or
118	(iii) an inter vivos deed that expressly revokes the transfer on death deed or part of the
119	deed; and
120	(b) is acknowledged by the transferor after the acknowledgment of the deed being

121	revoked and recorded before the transferor's death in the public records in the office of the
122	county recorder of the county where the deed is recorded.
123	(2) If a transfer on death deed is made by more than one transferor:
124	(a) revocation by a transferor does not affect the deed as to the interest of another
125	transferor; and
126	(b) a deed of joint owners is revoked only if it is revoked by all of the living joint
127	owners.
128	(3) After a transfer on death deed is recorded, it may not be revoked by a revocatory ac
129	on the deed.
130	(4) This section does not limit the effect of an inter vivos transfer of the property.
131	Section 12. Section 75-6-412 is enacted to read:
132	75-6-412. Effect of transfer on death deed during transferor's life.
133	During a transferor's life, a transfer on death deed does not:
134	(1) affect an interest or right of the transferor or any other owner, including the right to
135	transfer or encumber the property;
136	(2) affect an interest or right of a transferee, even if the transferee has actual or
137	constructive notice of the deed;
138	(3) affect an interest or right of the transferor's secured or unsecured creditors or future
139	creditors, even if they have actual or constructive notice of the deed;
140	(4) affect the transferor's or designated beneficiary's eligibility for any form of public
141	assistance;
142	(5) create a legal or equitable interest in favor of the designated beneficiary; or
143	(6) subject the property to claims or process of the designated beneficiary's creditors.
144	Section 13. Section 75-6-413 is enacted to read:
145	75-6-413. Effect of transfer on death deed at transferor's death.
146	(1) Except as otherwise provided in the transfer on death deed, Sections 75-2-205,
147	75-2-802, and 75-2-803, on the death of the transferor, the following rules apply to property
148	that is the subject of a transfer on death deed and owned by the transferor at death.
149	(a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), the interests in the property are transferred to the
150	designated beneficiaries in accordance with the deed.
151	(b) The interest of a designated beneficiary is contingent on the designated beneficiary

152	surviving the transferor. The interest of a designated beneficiary that fails to survive the
153	transferor lapses.
154	(c) Subject to Subsection (1)(d), concurrent interests are transferred to the beneficiaries
155	in equal and undivided shares with no right of survivorship.
156	(d) If the transferor has identified two or more designated beneficiaries to receive
157	concurrent interests in the property, the share of one that lapses or fails for any reason is
158	transferred to the other, or to the others in proportion to the interest of each in the remaining
159	part of the property held concurrently.
160	(2) Subject to Title 57, Chapter 3, Recording of Documents, a beneficiary takes the
161	property subject to all conveyances, encumbrances, assignments, contracts, mortgages, liens,
162	and other interests to which the property is subject at the transferor's death. For purposes of
163	this Subsection (2) and Title 57, Chapter 3, Recording of Documents, the recording of the
164	transfer on death deed is considered to have occurred at the transferor's death.
165	(3) If a transferor is a joint owner and is:
166	(a) survived by one or more other joint owners, the property that is the subject of a
167	transfer on death deed belongs to the surviving joint owner or owners with right of
168	survivorship; or
169	(b) the last surviving joint owner, the transfer on death deed is effective.
170	(4) A transfer on death deed transfers property without covenant or warranty of title
171	even if the deed contains a contrary provision.
172	Section 14. Section 75-6-414 is enacted to read:
173	<u>75-6-414.</u> Disclaimer.
174	A beneficiary may disclaim all or part of the beneficiary's interest.
175	Section 15. Section 75-6-415 is enacted to read:
176	75-6-415. Liability for creditor claims and statutory allowances.
177	(1) To the extent the transferor's probate estate is insufficient to satisfy an allowed
178	claim against the estate or a statutory allowance to a surviving spouse or child, the estate may
179	enforce the liability against property transferred at the transferor's death by a transfer on death
180	deed.
181	(2) If more than one property is transferred by one or more transfer on death deeds, the
182	liability under Subsection (1) is apportioned among the properties in proportion to their net

183	values at the transferor's death.
184	(3) A proceeding to enforce the liability under this section shall be commenced not
185	later than 18 months after the transferor's death.
186	Section 16. Section 75-6-416 is enacted to read:
187	75-6-416. Form of transfer on death deed.
188	The following form may be used to create a transfer on death deed. The other sections
189	of this chapter govern the effect of this or any other instrument used to create a transfer on
190	death deed:
191	(front of form)
192	REVOCABLE TRANSFER ON DEATH DEED FORM
193	NOTICE TO OWNER
194	You should carefully read all information on the other side of this form. You May Want
195	to Consult a Lawyer Before Using This Form.
196	This form must be recorded before your death, or it will not be effective.
197	<u>IDENTIFYING INFORMATION</u>
198	Owner or Owners Making This Deed:
199	
200	<u>Printed name</u> <u>Mailing address</u>
201	
202	<u>Printed name</u> <u>Mailing address</u>
203	Legal description of the property:
204	
205	PRIMARY BENEFICIARY
206	I designate the following beneficiary if the beneficiary survives me.
207	
208	<u>Printed name</u> <u>Mailing address, if available</u>
209	ALTERNATE BENEFICIARY – Optional
210	If my primary beneficiary does not survive me, I designate the following alternate
211	beneficiary if that beneficiary survives me.
212	
213	<u>Printed name</u> <u>Mailing address, if available</u>

214	TRANSFER ON DEATH
215	At my death, I transfer my interest in the described property to the beneficiaries as
216	designated above.
217	Before my death, I have the right to revoke this deed.
218	SIGNATURE OF OWNER OR OWNERS MAKING THIS DEED
219	[(SEAL)]
220	<u>Signature</u> <u>Date</u>
221	[(SEAL)]
222	<u>Signature</u> <u>Date</u>
223	ACKNOWLEDGMENT
224	(insert acknowledgment for deed here)
225	(back of form)
226	COMMON QUESTIONS ABOUT THE USE OF THIS FORM
227	Q. What does the Transfer on Death (TOD) deed do?
228	A. When you die, this deed transfers the described property, subject to any liens or
229	mortgages (or other encumbrances) on the property at your death. Probate is not required. The
230	TOD deed has no effect until you die. You can revoke it at any time. You are also free to
231	transfer the property to someone else during your lifetime. If you do not own any interest in the
232	property when you die, this deed will have no effect.
233	Q. How do I make a TOD deed?
234	A. Complete this form. Have it acknowledged before a notary public or other individual
235	authorized by law to take acknowledgments. Record the form in each county where any part of
236	the property is located. The form has no effect unless it is acknowledged and recorded before
237	your death.
238	Q. Is the "legal description" of the property necessary?
239	A. Yes.
240	Q. How do I find the "legal description" of the property?
241	A. This information may be on the deed you received when you became an owner of the
242	property. This information may also be available in the office of the county recorder for the
243	county where the property is located. If you are not absolutely sure, consult a lawyer.
244	Q. Can I change my mind before I record the TOD deed?

245	A. Yes. If you have not yet recorded the deed and want to change your mind, simply
246	tear up the deed.
247	Q. How do I "record" the TOD deed?
248	A. Take the completed and acknowledged form to the office of the county recorder of
249	the county where the property is located. Follow the instructions given by the county recorder
250	to make the form part of the official property records. If the property is in more than one
251	county, you should record the deed in each county.
252	Q. Can I later revoke the TOD deed if I change my mind?
253	A. Yes. The TOD deed is revocable. No one, including the beneficiaries, can prevent
254	you from revoking the deed.
255	Q. How do I revoke the TOD deed after it is recorded?
256	A. There are three ways to revoke a recorded TOD deed: (1) Complete and
257	acknowledge a revocation form, and record it in each county where the property is located. (2)
258	Complete and acknowledge a new TOD deed that disposes of the same property, and record it
259	in each county where the property is located. (3) Transfer the property to someone else during
260	your lifetime by a deed that expressly revokes the TOD deed. You may not revoke the TOD
261	deed by will.
262	Q. I am being pressured to complete this form. What should I do?
263	A. Do not complete this form under pressure. Seek help from a trusted family member,
264	a friend, or a lawyer.
265	Q. Do I need to tell the beneficiaries about the TOD deed?
266	A. No, but it is recommended. Secrecy can cause later complications and might make it
267	easier for others to commit fraud.
268	Q. I have other questions about this form. What should I do?
269	A. This form is designed to fit some but not all situations. If you have other questions,
270	you are encouraged to consult a lawyer.
271	Section 17. Section 75-6-417 is enacted to read:
272	75-6-417. Optional form of revocation.
273	The following form may be used to create an instrument of revocation under this
274	chapter. The other sections of this chapter govern the effect of this or any other instrument used
275	to revoke a transfer on death deed

276	(front of form)
277	REVOCATION OF TRANSFER ON DEATH DEED
278	NOTICE TO OWNER
279	This revocation must be recorded before you die or it will not be effective. This
280	revocation is effective only as to the interests in the property of owners who sign this
281	revocation.
282	IDENTIFYING INFORMATION
283	Owner or Owners of Property Making This Revocation:
284	
285	<u>Printed name</u> <u>Mailing address</u>
286	
287	<u>Printed name</u> <u>Mailing address</u>
288	Legal description of the property:
289	
290	REVOCATION
291	I revoke all my previous transfers of this property by transfer on death deed.
292	SIGNATURE OF OWNER OR OWNERS MAKING THIS REVOCATION
293	[(SEAL)]
294	<u>Signature</u> <u>Date</u>
295	[(SEAL)]
296	<u>Signature</u> <u>Date</u>
297	ACKNOWLEDGMENT
298	(insert acknowledgment here)
299	(back of form)
300	COMMON QUESTIONS ABOUT THE USE OF THIS FORM
301	Q. How do I use this form to revoke a Transfer on Death (TOD) deed?
302	A. Complete this form. Have it acknowledged before a notary public or other
303	individual authorized to take acknowledgments. Record the form in the public records in the
304	office of the county recorder of each county where the property is located. The form must be
305	acknowledged and recorded before your death or it has no effect.
306	Q. How do I find the "legal description" of the property?

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307	A. This information may be on the TOD deed. It may also be available in the office of
308	the county recorder for the county where the property is located. If you are not absolutely sure,
309	consult a lawyer.
310	Q. How do I "record" the form?
311	A. Take the completed and acknowledged form to the office of the county recorder of
312	the county where the property is located. Follow the instructions given by the county recorder
313	to make the form part of the official property records. If the property is located in more than
314	one county, you should record the form in each of those counties.
315	Q. I am being pressured to complete this form. What should I do?
316	A. Do not complete this form under pressure. Seek help from a trusted family member,
317	a friend, or a lawyer.
318	Q. I have other questions about this form. What should I do?
319	A. This form is designed to fit some but not all situations. If you have other questions,
320	consult a lawyer.
321	Section 18. Section 75-6-418 is enacted to read:
322	75-6-418. Uniformity of application and construction.
323	In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to the need to
324	promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among the states that enact it.
325	Section 19. Section 75-6-419 is enacted to read:
326	75-6-419. Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce
327	Act.
328	This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the federal Electronic Signatures in
329	Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001, et seq., but does not modify, limit,
330	or supersede Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery
331	of any of the notices described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7003(b).

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel