	STATE CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEE HEALTH COVERAGE
	AMENDMENTS
	2016 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
L	ONG TITLE
G	eneral Description:
	This bill addresses employee health insurance requirements for state contractors.
H	ighlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 amends the types of contracts that trigger a state contractor's employee health
in	surance requirements;
	 amends provisions for a state contractor to demonstrate compliance;
	 amends employee health insurance requirements;
	requires the Department of Health to post a benchmark plan for qualified health
in	surance coverage; and
	makes technical changes.
M	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
O	ther Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.
Uı	tah Code Sections Affected:
A]	MENDS:
	17B-2a-818.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 425
	19-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 425



26-40-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 107						
63A-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 425						
63C-9-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 425						
72-6-107.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 425						
79-2-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 425						
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:						
Section 1. Section 17B-2a-818.5 is amended to read:						
17B-2a-818.5. Contracting powers of public transit districts Health insurance						
coverage.						
(1) For purposes of this section:						
(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section						
34A-2-104 who:						
(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and						
(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which						
may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days from the date of hire.						
(b) "Health benefit plan" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same as that						
term is defined in Section 31A-1-301.						
(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" [is as] means the same as that term is defined						
in Section 26-40-115.						
(d) "Subcontractor" [has the same meaning provided for] means the same as that term						
is defined in Section 63A-5-208.						
(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or						
construction contract entered into by the public transit district on or after July 1, 2009, and to a						
prime contractor or to a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).						
(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the						
amount of [\$1,500,000] \$2,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.						
(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of						
[\$750,000] \$1,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.						
(3) This section does not apply if:						
(a) the application of this section jeonardizes the receipt of federal funds:						

(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or

- (c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
- (4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required by Subsection (2).
- (b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
- (5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the public transit district that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of the contract.
- [(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor shall demonstrate to the public transit district that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of the contract.]
- (b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor shall:
- (i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and
- (ii) certify to the public transit district that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the prime contract.
- (c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with an ordinance adopted by the public transit district under Subsection (6).
- (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
- (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with an ordinance adopted by the public transit district under Subsection (6).

90 (B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the 91 requirements of Subsection (5)(a). 92 (6) The public transit district shall adopt ordinances: 93 (a) in coordination with: 94 (i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206; 95 (ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404; (iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205; 96 97 (iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403; and 98 (v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and 99 (b) [which] that establish: 100 (i) the requirements and procedures a contractor shall follow to demonstrate to the public transit district compliance with this section [which] that shall include: 101 102 (A) that a contractor [will not have to] shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or (b) [more than twice in any 12-month period; and] at the time of the execution of each 103 104 initial contract described in Subsection (2)(b): 105 (B) that the contractor's compliance is subject to an audit by the public transit district 106 or the Office of Legislative Auditor General; and 107 [(B)] (C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health 108 insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the 109 department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is no more than 110 one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from [either: (I) the 111 Utah Insurance Department; (II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's 112 insurer[;], or [(HH)) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's 113 premium rates; (ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally 114 115 violates the provisions of this section, which may include: 116 (A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into 117 future contracts with the public transit district upon the first violation; 118 (B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future 119 contracts with the public transit district upon the second violation;

(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with

121	Section	63G-6a	-904 upoi	n the third	or subsec	quent violation;	and

- (D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage during the duration of the contract; and
- (iii) a website on which the district shall post the <u>commercially equivalent</u> benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c), that is provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
- (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a contractor or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance coverage.
- 133 (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection 134 (7)(a)(i) if:
 - (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency provided by an:
 - (I) actuary; or

- 138 (II) underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; 139 or
 - (B) a department or division determines that compliance with this section is not required under the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
 - (b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
 - (8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
 - (9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance coverage as required by this section:
 - (a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor under Section 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
 - (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or

152 contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design 153 or construction. 154 Section 2. Section 19-1-206 is amended to read: 155 19-1-206. Contracting powers of department -- Health insurance coverage. 156 (1) For purposes of this section: 157 (a) "Employee" means an "employee." "worker." or "operative" as defined in Section 158 34A-2-104 who: 159 (i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and 160 (ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days from the date of hire. 161 162 (b) "Health benefit plan" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same as that 163 term is defined in Section 31A-1-301. 164 (c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" [is as] means the same as that term is defined 165 in Section 26-40-115. 166 (d) "Subcontractor" [has the same meaning provided for] means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-5-208. 167 168 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or 169 construction contract entered into by or delegated to the department or a division or board of 170 the department on or after July 1, 2009, and to a prime contractor or subcontractor in 171 accordance with Subsection (2)(b). 172 (b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the 173 amount of [\$1,500,000] \$2,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract. 174 (ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of 175 [\$750,000] \$1,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract. (3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a division 176 177 or board of the department if: 178 (a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds: 179 (b) the contract or agreement is between: 180 (i) the department or a division or board of the department; and 181 (ii) (A) another agency of the state; 182 (B) the federal government;

183	(C) another state;
184	(D) an interstate agency;
185	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or
186	(F) a political subdivision of another state;
187	(c) the executive director determines that applying the requirements of this section to a
188	particular contract interferes with the effective response to an immediate health and safety
189	threat from the environment; or
190	(d) the contract is:
191	(i) a sole source contract; or
192	(ii) an emergency procurement.
193	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6a-103,
194	or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required
195	by Subsection (2).
196	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
197	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
198	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the executive
199	director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance
200	coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of
201	the contract.
202	[(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall
203	demonstrate to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
204	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
205	dependents during the duration of the contract.]
206	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall:
207	(i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor shall obtain and
208	maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and
209	the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and
210	(ii) certify to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an
211	offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the
212	employees' dependents during the duration of the prime contract.
213	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to comply with Subsection (5)(a) during the duration

214	of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the
215	department under Subsection (6).
216	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
217	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
218	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
219	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
220	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
221	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
222	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
223	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
224	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
225	(b) in coordination with:
226	(i) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
227	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
228	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
229	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
230	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
231	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
232	(c) [which] that establish:
233	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor shall follow to demonstrate to the
234	public transit district compliance with this section that shall include:
235	(A) that a contractor [will not have to] shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection
236	(5)(a) or (b) [more than twice in any 12-month period; and] at the time of the execution of each
237	initial contract described in Subsection (2)(b);
238	(B) that the contractor's compliance is subject to an audit by the department or the
239	Office of Legislative Auditor General; and
240	[(B)] (C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
241	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
242	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is no more than
243	one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from [either: (I) the
244	Utah Insurance Department; (II)] an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's

insurer[;], or [(III)] an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates;

- (ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
- (A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
- (B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future contracts with the state upon the second violation;
- (C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
- (D) notwithstanding Section 19-1-303, monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and the dependents of an employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage during the duration of the contract; and
- (iii) a website on which the department shall post the <u>commercially equivalent</u> benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c), that is provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
- (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c), a contractor or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance coverage.
- (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection (7)(a)(i) if:
- (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency provided by:
 - (I) an actuary; or

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- 271 (II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium 272 rates; or
 - (B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
- (b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to

276	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
277	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
278	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
279	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
280	coverage as required by this section:
281	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
282	or contractor under Section 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
283	Procurement Code; and
284	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
285	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
286	or construction.
287	Section 3. Section 26-40-115 is amended to read:
288	26-40-115. State contractor Employee and dependent health benefit plan
289	coverage.
290	(1) For purposes of Sections 17B-2a-818.5, 19-1-206, 63A-5-205, 63C-9-403,
291	72-6-107.5, and 79-2-404, "qualified health insurance coverage" means, at the time the contract
292	is entered into or renewed:
293	[(1)] (a) a health benefit plan and employer contribution level with a combined
294	actuarial value at least actuarially equivalent to the combined actuarial value of the benchmark
295	plan determined by the program under Subsection 26-40-106(1), and a contribution level [of] at
296	which the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and the dependents of
297	the employee who reside or work in the state[, in which:]; or
298	[(a) the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and the
299	dependents of the employee who reside or work in the state; and]
300	[(b) for purposes of calculating actuarial equivalency under this Subsection (1)(b):]
301	[(i) rather than the benchmark plan's deductible, and the benchmark plan's
302	out-of-pocket maximum based on income levels:]
303	[(A) the deductible is \$1,000 per individual and \$3,000 per family; and]
304	[(B) the out-of-pocket maximum is \$3,000 per individual and \$9,000 per family;]
305	[(ii) dental coverage is not required; and]
306	[(iii) other than Subsection 26-40-106(1), the provisions of Section 26-40-106 do not

30 /	apply; or j
308	[(2)] (b) a federally qualified high deductible health plan that, at a minimum:
309	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> has a deductible that is [either]:
310	[(i)] (A) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health
311	plan; or
312	[(ii)] (B) a deductible that is higher than the lowest deductible permitted for a federally
313	qualified high deductible health plan, but includes an employer contribution to a health savings
314	account in a dollar amount at least equal to the dollar amount difference between the lowest
315	deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible plan and the deductible for the
316	employer offered federally qualified high deductible plan;
317	[(b)] (ii) has an out-of-pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of
318	the annual deductible; and
319	[(e)] (iii) provides that the employer pays 60% of the premium for the employee and
320	the dependents of the employee who work or reside in the state.
321	(2) The department shall:
322	(a) on or before July 1, 2016:
323	(i) determine the commercial equivalent of the benchmark plan described in Subsection
324	(1)(a); and
325	(ii) post the commercially equivalent benchmark plan described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)
326	on the department's website, noting the date posted; and
327	(b) update the posted commercially equivalent benchmark plan annually and at the
328	time of any change in the benchmark.
329	Section 4. Section 63A-5-205 is amended to read:
330	63A-5-205. Contracting powers of director Retainage Health insurance
331	coverage.
332	(1) As used in this section:
333	(a) "Capital developments" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same as that
334	term is defined in Section 63A-5-104.
335	(b) "Capital improvements" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same as
336	that term is defined in Section 63A-5-104.
337	(c) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section

338	34A-2-104 who:
339	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
340	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
341	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days from the date of hire.
342	(d) "Health benefit plan" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same as that
343	term is defined in Section 31A-1-301.
344	(e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" [is as] means the same as that term is defined
345	in Section 26-40-115.
346	(f) "Subcontractor" [has the same meaning provided for] means the same as that term is
347	<u>defined</u> in Section 63A-5-208.
348	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the director
349	may:
350	(a) subject to [Subsection] Subsections (3) and (4), enter into contracts for any work or
351	professional services which the division or the State Building Board may do or have done; and
352	(b) as a condition of any contract for architectural or engineering services, prohibit the
353	architect or engineer from retaining a sales or agent engineer for the necessary design work.
354	(3) [(a)] Except as provided in Subsection [$\frac{(3)(b)}{4}$, this Subsection (3) applies to all
355	design or construction contracts entered into by the division or the State Building Board on or
356	after July 1, 2009, and:
357	[(i)] (a) applies to a prime contractor if the prime contract is in the amount of
358	[\$1,500,000] $$2,000,000$ or greater at the original execution of the contract; and
359	[(ii)] (b) applies to a subcontractor if the subcontract is in the amount of [\$750,000]
360	\$1,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.
361	[(b) This] (4) Subsection (3) does not apply:
362	[(i)] (a) if the application of [this] Subsection (3) jeopardizes the receipt of federal
363	funds;
364	[(ii)] (b) if the contract is a sole source contract;
365	[(iii)] (c) if the contract is an emergency procurement; or
366	[(iv)] (d) to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, or a modification to a
367	contract, when the contract does not meet the threshold required by Subsection (3)[(a)].
368	[(c)] (5) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to

369	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (3)[$\frac{(a)}{(a)}$] is guilty of an infraction.
370	[(d) (i)] (6) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (3)[(a)] shall demonstrate to the
371	director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance
372	coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents.
373	[(ii) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (3)(a), the contractor
374	shall demonstrate to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
375	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
376	dependents.]
377	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (3), the contractor shall:
378	(i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor shall obtain and
379	maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and
380	the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and
381	(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
382	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
383	dependents during the duration of the prime contract.
384	[(e)] (c) (i) [(A)] A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection
385	$[\frac{(3)(d)(i)}{(6)(a)}]$ during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with
386	administrative rules adopted by the division under Subsection $[\frac{(3)(f)}{2}]$.
387	[(B)] (ii) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to
388	meet the requirements of Subsection [(3)(d)(ii)] (6)(b).
389	[(ii) (A)] (iii) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection
390	$[\frac{(3)(d)(ii)}{(6)(b)}]$ during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with
391	administrative rules adopted by the division under Subsection $[\frac{(3)(f)}{2}]$.
392	[(B)] (iv) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to
393	meet the requirements of Subsection $[(3)(d)(i)]$ $\underline{(6)(a)}$.
394	[(f)] <u>(7)</u> The division shall adopt administrative rules:
395	[(i)] (a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
396	Act;
397	[(ii)] (b) in coordination with:
398	[(A)] (i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section
399	19-1-206;

400	[(B)] <u>(ii)</u> the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
401	[(C)] <u>(iii)</u> a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
402	[(D)] (iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
403	[(E)] (v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
404	[(F)] <u>(vi)</u> the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
405	[(iii) which] (c) that establish:
406	[(A)] (i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to
407	the director compliance with [this Subsection (3) which] Subsections (3) through (10) that shall
408	include:
409	[(1)] (A) that a contractor [will not have to] shall demonstrate compliance with
410	Subsection [(3)(d)(i) or (ii) more than twice in any 12-month period; and] (6)(a) or (b) at the
411	time of the execution of each initial contract described in Subsection (3);
412	(B) that the contractor's compliance is subject to an audit by the division or the Office
413	of Legislative Auditor General; and
414	[(H)] (C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
415	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
416	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is not more
417	than one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from [either:
418	(Aa) the Utah Insurance Department; (Bb)] an actuary selected by the contractor or the
419	contractor's insurer[; or (Ce)], or an underwriter who is responsible for developing the
420	employer group's premium rates;
421	[(B)] (ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor
422	intentionally violates the provisions of [this Subsection (3)] Subsections (3) through (10),
423	which may include:
424	[(1)] (A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
425	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
426	[(H)] (B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
427	future contracts with the state upon the second violation;
428	[(HH)] (C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance
429	with Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
430	[(IV)] (D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to

+31	purchase quantied hearth insurance coverage for an employee and the dependents of an
432	employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance
433	coverage during the duration of the contract; and
434	[(C)] (iii) a website on which the department shall post the commercially equivalent
435	benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(e), that is
436	provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
437	[(g) (i)] (8) (a) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection [(3)(f)(iii)] (7)(c)
438	a contractor or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be
139	liable to the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health
440	insurance coverage.
441	[(ii)] (b) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
142	$[\frac{(3)(g)(i)}{(8)(a)}]$ (8)(a) if:
143	[(A)] (i) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial
144	equivalency provided by:
145	$\left[\frac{(H)}{(A)}\right]$ an actuary; or
146	[(H)] (B) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's
147	premium rates; or
148	[(B)] (ii) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required
149	under the provisions of Subsection $[(3)(b)]$ (4) .
450	[(iii)] (c) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's
451	employer to enforce the provisions of this Subsection $[(3)(g)]$ (8).
452	[(h)] (9) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into
453	the Medicaid Restricted Account created by Section 26-18-402.
454	[(i)] (10) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health
455	insurance coverage as required by this section:
456	[(i)] (a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder,
457	offeror, or contractor under Section 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter
458	6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
4 59	[(ii)] (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
460	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
461	or construction.

462 [4] (11) The judgment of the director as to the responsibility and qualifications of a 463 bidder is conclusive, except in case of fraud or bad faith. 464 [(5)] (12) The division shall make all payments to the contractor for completed work in 465 accordance with the contract and pay the interest specified in the contract on any payments that 466 are late. 467 [(6)] (13) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to do work for the 468 division or the State Building Board is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and 469 released as provided in Section 13-8-5. 470 Section 5. Section **63C-9-403** is amended to read: 471 63C-9-403. Contracting power of executive director -- Health insurance coverage. 472 (1) For purposes of this section: 473 (a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section 474 34A-2-104 who: 475 (i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and (ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which 476 477 may not exceed the first of the calendar month following 60 days from the date of hire. (b) "Health benefit plan" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same as that 478 479 term is defined in Section 31A-1-301. 480 (c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" [is as] means the same as that term is defined 481 in Section 26-40-115. 482 (d) "Subcontractor" [has the same meaning provided for] means the same as that term 483 is defined in Section 63A-5-208. 484 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or 485 construction contract entered into by the board or on behalf of the board on or after July 1, 486 2009, and to a prime contractor or a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b). 487 (b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the 488 amount of [\$1,500,000] \$2,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract. 489 (ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of 490 [\$750,000] \$1,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.

(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;

(3) This section does not apply if:

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((b)	the	contract	is	a	sole	source	contract;	or

- (c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
- (4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required by Subsection (2).
- (b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
- (5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the executive director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
- [(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor shall demonstrate to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.]
- (b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor shall:
- (i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and
- (ii) certify to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the prime contract.
- (c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the division under Subsection (6).
- (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
- (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).

524	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
525	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
526	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
527	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
528	(b) in coordination with:
529	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
530	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
531	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
532	(iv) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
533	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
534	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
535	(c) [which] that establish:
536	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
537	executive director compliance with this section [which] that shall include:
538	(A) that a contractor [will not have to] shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection
539	(5)(a) or (b) [more than twice in any 12-month period; and] at the time of the execution of each
540	initial contract described in Subsection (2)(b);
541	(B) that the contractor's compliance is subject to an audit by the department or the
542	Office of Legislative Auditor General; and
543	[(B)] (C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
544	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
545	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is no more than
546	one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from [either: (I) the
547	Utah Insurance Department; (II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's
548	insurer[;], or [(III)] an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's
549	premium rates;
550	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
551	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
552	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
553	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
554	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future

contracts with the state upon the second violation;

(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and

- (D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage during the duration of the contract; and
- (iii) a website on which the department shall post the <u>commercially equivalent</u> benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c), that is provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
- (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c), a contractor or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance coverage.
- (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection (7)(a)(i) if:
- (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency provided by:
 - (I) an actuary; or
- (II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; or
- (B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
- (b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
- (8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
- (9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance coverage as required by this section:
- (a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor under Section 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah

586	Procurement Code; and
587	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
588	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
589	or construction.
590	Section 6. Section 72-6-107.5 is amended to read:
591	72-6-107.5. Construction of improvements of highway Contracts Health
592	insurance coverage.
593	(1) For purposes of this section:
594	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
595	34A-2-104 who:
596	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
597	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
598	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days from the date of hire.
599	(b) "Health benefit plan" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same as that
600	term is defined in Section 31A-1-301.
601	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" [is as] means the same as that term is defined
602	in Section 26-40-115.
603	(d) "Subcontractor" [has the same meaning provided for] means the same as that term
604	is defined in Section 63A-5-208.
605	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to contracts entered
606	into by the department on or after July 1, 2009, for construction or design of highways and to a
607	prime contractor or to a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
608	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
609	amount of $[\$1,500,000]$ $\$2,000,000$ or greater at the original execution of the contract.
610	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
611	[\$750,000] $$1,000,000$ or greater at the original execution of the contract.
612	(3) This section does not apply if:
613	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
614	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or

(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6a-103,

(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.

or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required by Subsection (2).

- (b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
- (5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the department that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
- [(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall demonstrate to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.]
 - (b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall:
- (i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and
- (ii) certify to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the prime contract.
- (c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
- (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
- (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
- (B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
 - (6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
- (a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
- (b) in coordination with:

648	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
649	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
650	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
651	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
652	(v) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5; and
653	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
654	(c) [which] that establish:
655	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
656	department compliance with this section [which] that shall include:
657	(A) that a contractor [will not have to] shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection
658	(5)(a) or (b) [more than twice in any 12-month period; and] at the time of the execution of each
659	initial contract described in Subsection (2)(b);
660	(B) that the contractor's compliance is subject to an audit by the department or the
661	Office of Legislative Auditor General; and
662	[(B)] (C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for qualified health
663	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
664	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is no more than
665	one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from [either: (I) the
666	Utah Insurance Department; (II)] an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's
667	insurer[;], or [(III)] an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's
668	premium rates;
669	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
670	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
671	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
672	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
673	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
674	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
675	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
676	Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
677	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
678	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of the employee

of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage during the duration of the contract; and

- (iii) a website on which the department shall post the <u>commercially equivalent</u> benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c), that is provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
- (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6), a contractor or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance coverage.
- (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection (7)(a)(i) if:
- (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency provided by:
 - (I) an actuary; or

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- 693 (II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium 694 rates; or
 - (B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
 - (b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
 - (8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
 - (9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance coverage as required by this section:
 - (a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor under Section 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
 - (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design or construction.
 - Section 7. Section **79-2-404** is amended to read:

710	79-2-404. Contracting powers of department Health insurance coverage.
711	(1) For purposes of this section:
712	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
713	34A-2-104 who:
714	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
715	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
716	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days from the date of hire.
717	(b) "Health benefit plan" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same as that
718	term is defined in Section 31A-1-301.
719	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" [is as] means the same as that term is defined
720	in Section 26-40-115.
721	(d) "Subcontractor" [has the same meaning provided for] means the same as that term
722	is defined in Section 63A-5-208.
723	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies a design or
724	construction contract entered into by, or delegated to, the department or a division, board, or
725	council of the department on or after July 1, 2009, and to a prime contractor or to a
726	subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
727	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
728	amount of [\$1,500,000] \$2,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.
729	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
730	[\$750,000] \$1,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.
731	(3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a
732	division, board, or council of the department if:
733	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
734	(b) the contract or agreement is between:
735	(i) the department or a division, board, or council of the department; and
736	(ii) (A) another agency of the state;
737	(B) the federal government;
738	(C) another state;
739	(D) an interstate agency;
740	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or

741	(F) a political subdivision of another state; or
742	(c) the contract or agreement is:
743	(i) for the purpose of disbursing grants or loans authorized by statute;
744	(ii) a sole source contract; or
745	(iii) an emergency procurement.
746	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6a-103,
747	or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required
748	by Subsection (2).
749	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
750	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
751	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2)(b)(i) shall demonstrate to the department
752	that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the
753	contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
754	[(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the
755	contractor shall demonstrate to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an
756	offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the
757	employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.]
758	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor
759	<u>shall:</u>
760	(i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor shall obtain and
761	maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and
762	the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and
763	(ii) certify to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
764	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
765	dependents during the duration of the prime contract.
766	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
767	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
768	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
769	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the

(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during

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requirements of Subsection (5)(b).

the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).

- (B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
 - (6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
 - (a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
- 778 (b) in coordination with:

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- (i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
- 780 (ii) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
- 781 (iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
 - (iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
 - (v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
 - (vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
- 785 (c) [which] that establish:
 - (i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate compliance with this section to the department [which] that shall include:
 - (A) that a contractor [will not have to] shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or (b) [more than twice in any 12-month period; and] at the time of the execution of each initial contract described in Subsection (2)(b);
 - (B) that the contractor's compliance is subject to an audit by the department or the Office of Legislative Auditor General; and
 - [(B)] (C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for qualified health insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is no more than one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from [either: (I) the Utah Insurance Department; (II)] an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer[;], or [(III))] an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates;
 - (ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
 - (A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into

future contracts with the state upon the first violation;

- (B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future contracts with the state upon the second violation;
- (C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
- (D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of an employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage during the duration of the contract; and
- (iii) a website on which the department shall post the <u>commercially equivalent</u> benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c), provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
- (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6), a contractor or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance coverage.
- (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection (7)(a)(i) if:
- (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency provided by:
 - (I) an actuary; or
- (II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; or
- (B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
- (b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
- (8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
- 832 (9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance 833 coverage as required by this section:

834	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
835	or contractor under Section 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
836	Procurement Code; and
837	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
838	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
839	or construction.
840	Section 8. Effective date.
841	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
842	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
843	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
844	the date of veto override.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel