1	TAX CREDIT REVIEW AMENDMENTS
2	2016 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jeremy A. Peterson
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill provides for a review of certain tax credits.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 requires the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to review certain credits
13	under the Individual Income Tax Act, the Corporate Income Tax, the Motor and
14	Special Fuel Tax Act, the Taxation of Admitted Insurers, and the Governor's Office
15	of Economic Development; and
16	 establishes requirements for the review by the Revenue and Taxation Interim
17	Committee.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	59-7-614.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
25	59-7-614.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
26	59-7-614.7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 410
27	59-7-614.8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283



28	59-7-619, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
29	59-9-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 435
30	59-10-1013, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 384
31	59-10-1014, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 133
32	59-10-1024, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 384
33	59-10-1029, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 410
34	59-10-1030, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
35	59-10-1034, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
36	59-10-1106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 133
37	59-10-1107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
38	59-10-1108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
39	59-13-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 223
40	63N-2-213, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
41	63N-2-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
42	ENACTS:
43	59-7-159 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	59-10-137 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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46	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
47	Section 1. Section 59-7-159 is enacted to read:
48	59-7-159. Review of credits allowed under this chapter.
49	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Revenue and Taxation Interim
50	Committee.
51	(2) (a) The committee shall review the tax credits allowed under this chapter as
52	provided in Subsection (3) and make recommendations to the Legislature concerning whether
53	the tax credits should be continued, modified, or repealed.
54	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (2)(a), the committee shall:
55	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
56	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
57	under review to provide testimony;

59	of the information regarding the tax credit that the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst is
60	required by law to receive from:
61	(A) the Governor's Office of Economic Development; or
62	(B) the Office of Energy Development;
63	(iv) ensure that the committee's recommendations under this section include an
64	evaluation of:
65	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
66	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
67	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
68	(v) undertake other review efforts as determined by the committee chairs or as
69	otherwise required by law.
70	(3) (a) On or before November 30, 2016, and every three years after November 30,
71	2016, the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits
72	allowed under the following sections:
73	(i) Section 59-7-605;
74	(ii) Section 59-7-610;
75	(iii) Section 59-7-614;
76	(iv) Section 59-7-614.7;
77	(v) Section 59-7-614.8; and
78	(vi) Section 59-7-618.
79	(b) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after November 30, 2017,
80	the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
81	under the following sections:
82	(i) Section 59-7-601;
83	(ii) Section 59-7-607;
84	(iii) Section 59-7-612;
85	(iv) Section 59-7-614.1;
86	(v) Section <u>59-7-614.5</u> ; and
87	(vi) Section 59-7-614.6.
88	(c) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after November 30, 2018,
89	the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed

90	under the following sections:
91	(i) Section <u>59-7-609</u> ;
92	(ii) Section 59-7-614.2;
93	(iii) Section 59-7-617;
94	(iv) Section <u>59-7-619</u> ; and
95	(v) Section <u>59-7-620.</u>
96	Section 2. Section 59-7-614.2 is amended to read:
97	59-7-614.2. Refundable economic development tax credit.
98	(1) As used in this section:
99	(a) "Business entity" means a taxpayer that meets the definition of "business entity" as
100	defined in Section 63N-2-103.
101	(b) "Community development and renewal agency" [is as] means the same as that term
102	is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
103	(c) "Local government entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
104	63N-2-103.
105	(d) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
106	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a business entity, local government
107	entity, or community development and renewal agency may claim a refundable tax credit for
108	economic development.
109	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
110	tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity, local government entity, or
111	community development and renewal agency for the taxable year.
112	(4) A community development and renewal agency may claim a tax credit under this
113	section only if a local government entity assigns the tax credit to the community development
114	and renewal agency in accordance with Section 63N-2-104.
115	(5) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
116	(5)(b), the commission shall make a refund to the following that claim a tax credit under this
117	section:
118	(i) a local government entity;
119	(ii) a community development and renewal agency; or
120	(iii) a business entity if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the business entity's tax

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121	liability for a taxable year.
122	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
123	commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a business entity,
124	local government entity, or community development and renewal agency as required by
125	Subsection (5)(a).
126	(6) (a) [On or before October 1, 2013, and every five years after October 1, 2013] In
127	accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
128	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
129	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
130	repealed.
131	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (6), the office shall provide
132	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
133	Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
134	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each business entity, local
135	government entity, or community development and renewal agency for each calendar year;
136	(ii) the criteria that the office uses in granting a tax credit;
137	(iii) (A) for a business entity, the new state revenues generated by the business entity
138	for the calendar year; or
139	(B) for a local government entity, regardless of whether the local government entity
140	assigns the tax credit in accordance with Section 63N-2-104, the new state revenues generated
141	as a result of a new commercial project within the local government entity for each calendar
142	year;
143	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
144	Section 63N-2-106; and
145	(v) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
146	Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
147	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (6), the Office of Legislative Fiscal
148	Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis
149	of the information provided to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under
150	Subsection (6)(b).

[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the

152 Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (6)(a) include 153 an evaluation of: 154 (i) the cost of the tax credit to the state: 155 (ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and 156 (iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit. 157 Section 3. Section **59-7-614.5** is amended to read: 158 59-7-614.5. Refundable motion picture tax credit. 159 (1) As used in this section: 160 (a) "Motion picture company" means a taxpayer that meets the definition of a motion 161 picture company under Section 63N-8-102. 162 (b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development. (c) "State-approved production" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that 163 term is defined in Section 63N-8-102. 164 165 (2) For a taxable [years] year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a motion picture company may claim a refundable tax credit for a state-approved production. 166 167 (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the 168 tax credit certificate that the office issues to a motion picture company under Section 169 63N-8-103 for the taxable year. 170 (4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection 171 (4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a motion picture company that claims a tax credit under this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the motion picture company's 172 173 tax liability for a taxable year. 174 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 175 commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a motion picture 176 company as required by Subsection (4)(a). 177 (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2014, and every five years after October 1, 2014] In 178 accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study 179 the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative 180 Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or 181 repealed. 182 (b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide

183	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
184	<u>Legislative Fiscal Analyst</u> :
185	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each motion picture company for
186	each calendar year;
187	(ii) the criteria that the office uses in granting the tax credit;
188	(iii) the dollars left in the state, as defined in Section 63N-8-102, by each motion
189	picture company for each calendar year;
190	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
191	Section 63N-8-105; and
192	(v) any other information requested by the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee]
193	Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
194	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of Legislative Fiscal
195	Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis
196	of the information provided to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under
197	Subsection (5)(b).
198	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
199	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include
200	an evaluation of:
201	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
202	(ii) the effectiveness of the tax credit; and
203	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
204	Section 4. Section 59-7-614.7 is amended to read:
205	59-7-614.7. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit.
206	(1) As used in this section:
207	(a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
208	63M-4-502.
209	(b) "Alternative energy project" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in
210	Section 63M-4-502.
211	(c) "Office" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 63M-4-401.
212	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
213	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section.

214	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
215	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 5, Alternative
216	Energy Development Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
217	(4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
218	period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
219	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
220	taxable year; and
221	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
222	under this chapter for that taxable year.
223	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In
224	accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
225	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
226	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
227	repealed.
228	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
229	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
230	Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
231	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for
232	each taxable year;
233	(ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy project;
234	(iii) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under
235	Section 63M-4-505; and
236	(iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office
237	of Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
238	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of Legislative Fiscal
239	Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis
240	of the information provided to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under
241	Subsection (5)(b).
242	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
243	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include
244	an evaluation of:

245	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
246	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
247	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
248	Section 5. Section 59-7-614.8 is amended to read:
249	59-7-614.8. Nonrefundable alternative energy manufacturing tax credit.
250	(1) As used in this section:
251	(a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
252	63N-2-702.
253	(b) "Alternative energy manufacturing project" [is as] means the same as that term is
254	defined in Section 63N-2-702.
255	(c) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
256	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
257	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy manufacturing as provided in this
258	section.
259	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
260	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 7, Alternative
261	Energy Manufacturing Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
262	(4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
263	period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
264	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
265	taxable year; and
266	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
267	under this chapter for that taxable year.
268	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In
269	accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
270	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
271	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
272	repealed.
273	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
274	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
275	Legislative Fiscal Analyst:

276	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for
277	each taxable year;
278	(ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy manufacturing project;
279	(iii) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
280	Section $[\frac{63N-2-705}{63N-1-301}]$; and
281	(iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office
282	of Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
283	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of Legislative Fiscal
284	Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis
285	of the information provided to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under
286	Subsection (5)(b).
287	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
288	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include
289	an evaluation of:
290	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
291	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
292	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
293	Section 6. Section 59-7-619 is amended to read:
294	59-7-619. Nonrefundable high cost infrastructure development tax credit.
295	(1) As used in this section:
296	(a) "High cost infrastructure project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
297	63M-4-602.
298	(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means the same as that term is defined in
299	Section 63M-4-602.
300	(c) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section
301	63M-4-602.
302	(d) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
303	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a corporation that is an infrastructure
304	cost-burdened entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for development of a high cost
305	infrastructure project as provided in this section.
306	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a

307	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 6, High Cost
308	Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act, to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for the
309	taxable year.
310	(4) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity may carry forward a tax credit under this
311	section for a period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
312	(a) the infrastructure cost-burdened entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this
313	section for a taxable year; and
314	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's tax
315	liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
316	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2020, and every five years after October 1, 2020] In
317	accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
318	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
319	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
320	repealed.
321	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
322	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
323	<u>Legislative Fiscal Analyst</u> :
324	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each infrastructure cost-burdened
325	entity for each taxable year;
326	(ii) the infrastructure-related revenue generated by each high cost infrastructure project
327	(iii) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under
328	Section 63M-4-505; and
329	(iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office
330	of Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
331	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of Legislative Fiscal
332	Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis
333	of the information provided to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under
334	Subsection (5)(b).
335	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the Revenue
336	and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an
337	evaluation of:

338	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
339	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
340	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
341	Section 7. Section 59-9-107 is amended to read:
342	59-9-107. Nonrefundable small business jobs credit.
343	(1) As used in this section:
344	(a) "Credit allowance date" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
345	63N-2-602.
346	(b) "Office" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-1-102.
347	(c) "Tax credit certificate" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
348	63N-2-602.
349	(2) An entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against a tax liability under this
350	chapter in accordance with this section if the entity is issued a tax credit certificate by the office
351	under Subsection 63N-2-603(11). The office shall issue a tax credit certificate to an entity that
352	is allocated tax credits under Subsection 63N-2-603(11)(e).
353	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
354	tax credit certificate issued to the entity for the calendar year.
355	(4) An entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for seven years if:
356	(a) the entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a calendar year; and
357	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the entity's tax liability under this chapter for
358	that calendar year.
359	(5) An entity required to pay a retaliatory tax levied under this chapter for a reason
360	other than claiming the tax credit may claim the tax credit after the retaliatory tax amount is
361	calculated, and the tax credit may be used to offset retaliatory tax liability.
362	(6) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, this section does not apply to
363	an admitted insurer to the extent that the admitted insurer writes workers' compensation
364	insurance in this state and has premiums taxed under Subsection 59-9-101(2).
365	(7) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after November 30,
366	2018, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by
367	this section and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
368	continued modified or repealed

369	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and
370	Taxation Interim Committee shall:
371	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
372	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
373	under review to provide testimony;
374	(iii) ensure that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations
375	under this section include an evaluation of:
376	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
377	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
378	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
379	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
380	Taxation Interim Committee.
381	Section 8. Section 59-10-137 is enacted to read:
382	59-10-137. Review of credits allowed under this chapter.
383	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Revenue and Taxation Interim
384	Committee.
385	(2) (a) The committee shall review the tax credits allowed under this chapter as
386	provided in Subsection (3) and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits
387	should be continued, modified, or repealed.
388	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (2)(a), the committee shall:
389	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
390	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
391	under review to provide testimony;
392	(iii) invite the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst to present a summary and analysis
393	of the information regarding the tax credit that the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst is
394	required by law to receive from:
395	(A) the Governor's Office of Economic Development; or
396	(B) the Office of Energy Development;
397	(iv) ensure that the committee's recommendations under this section include an
398	evaluation of:
399	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;

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              (B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
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              (C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
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              (v) undertake other review efforts as determined by the committee chairs or as
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       otherwise required by law.
              (3) (a) On or before November 30, 2016, and every three years after November 30,
404
       2016, the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits
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       allowed under the following sections:
407
              (i) Section 59-10-1007;
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              (ii) Section 59-10-1009;
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              (iii) Section 59-10-1014;
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              (iv) Section 59-10-1017;
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              (v) Section 59-10-1018;
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              (vi) Section 59-10-1019;
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              (vii) Section 59-10-1024;
              (viii) Section 59-10-1029;
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              (ix) Section 59-10-1030;
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              (x) Section 59-10-1033; and
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              (xi) Section 59-10-1106.
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              (b) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after November 30, 2017,
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       the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
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       under the following sections:
421
              (i) Section 59-10-1004;
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              (ii) Section 59-10-1010;
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              (iii) Section 59-10-1015;
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              (iv) Section 59-10-1025;
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              (v) Section 59-10-1027;
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              (vi) Section 59-10-1031;
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              (vii) Section 59-10-1032;
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              (viii) Section 59-10-1035;
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              (ix) Section 59-10-1104;
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              (x) Section 59-10-1105;
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431	(x1) Section 59-10-1108; and
432	(xii) Section 59-10-1109.
433	(c) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after November 30, 2018,
434	the committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
435	under the following sections:
436	(i) Section 59-10-1005;
437	(ii) Section 59-10-1006;
438	(iii) Section 59-10-1012;
439	(iv) Section 59-10-1013;
440	(v) Section 59-10-1021;
441	(vi) Section 59-10-1022;
442	(vii) Section 59-10-1023;
443	(viii) Section 59-10-1028;
444	(ix) Section 59-10-1034; and
445	(x) Section <u>59-10-1107.</u>
446	Section 9. Section 59-10-1013 is amended to read:
447	59-10-1013. Tax credits for machinery, equipment, or both primarily used for
448	conducting qualified research or basic research Carry forward Commission to report
449	modification or repeal of certain federal provisions Revenue and Taxation Interim
450	Committee study.
451	(1) As used in this section:
452	(a) "Basic research" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(e)(7),
453	Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only basic research conducted in this
454	state.
455	(b) "Equipment" includes:
456	(i) a computer;
457	(ii) computer equipment; and
458	(iii) computer software.
459	(c) "Purchase price":
460	(i) includes the cost of installing an item of machinery or equipment; and
461	(ii) does not include a tax imposed under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, on an

item of machinery or equipment.

- (d) "Qualified organization" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(e)(6), Internal Revenue Code.
- (e) "Qualified research" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), for <u>a</u> taxable [<u>years</u>] <u>year</u> beginning on or after January 1, 1999, but beginning before December 31, 2010, a claimant, estate, or trust meeting the requirements of this section may claim the following nonrefundable tax credits:
 - (i) a tax credit of 6% of the purchase price of machinery, equipment, or both:
 - (A) purchased by the claimant, estate, or trust during the taxable year;
 - (B) that is subject to a tax under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; and
 - (C) that is primarily used to conduct qualified research in this state; and
- (ii) a tax credit of 6% of the purchase price paid by the claimant, estate, or trust for machinery, equipment, or both:
 - (A) purchased by the claimant, estate, or trust during the taxable year;
 - (B) that is subject to a tax under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
 - (C) that is donated to a qualified organization; and
 - (D) that is primarily used to conduct basic research in this state.
 - (b) Subject to Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust purchases the machinery, equipment, or both.
 - (c) If a claimant, estate, or trust qualifies for a tax credit under Subsection (2)(a) for a purchase of machinery, equipment, or both, the claimant, estate, or trust may not claim the tax credit or carry the tax credit forward if the machinery, equipment, or both, is primarily used to conduct qualified research in the state for a time period that is less than 12 consecutive months.
 - (3) Notwithstanding Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code, a tax credit provided for in this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
 - (4) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under this section exceeds a claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability:

493	(a) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years;
494	and
495	(b) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year.
496	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
497	commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for
498	qualified organizations to ensure that machinery, equipment, or both provided to the qualified
499	organization is to be primarily used to conduct basic research in this state.
500	(6) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the
501	commission shall report the modification or repeal to the Revenue and Taxation Interim
502	Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal becomes effective.
503	(7) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits
504	provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the
505	commission reports under Subsection (6) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41,
506	Internal Revenue Code.
507	(b) The review required by Subsection (7)(a) is in addition to the review required by
508	Section 59-10-137.
509	[(b)] (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim
510	Committee is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only
511	modification to a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the
512	termination date provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code.
513	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under
514	this section the:
515	(i) cost of the tax credits provided for in this section;
516	(ii) purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section;
517	(iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and
518	(iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be:
519	(A) continued;
520	(B) modified; or
521	(C) repealed.
522	[(d)] (e) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits

provided for in this section, the committee shall <u>issue a</u> report [its] of the committee's findings

524	[to the Legislative Management Committee on or before the November interim meeting of the
525	year in which the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits].
526	Section 10. Section 59-10-1014 is amended to read:
527	59-10-1014. Nonrefundable renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions
528	Certification Rulemaking authority Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study
529	(1) As used in this section:
530	(a) (i) "Active solar system" means a system of equipment that is capable of:
531	(A) collecting and converting incident solar radiation into thermal, mechanical, or
532	electrical energy; and
533	(B) transferring a form of energy described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) by a separate
534	apparatus to storage or to the point of use.
535	(ii) "Active solar system" includes water heating, space heating or cooling, and
536	electrical or mechanical energy generation.
537	(b) "Biomass system" means a system of apparatus and equipment for use in:
538	(i) converting material into biomass energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102; and
539	(ii) transporting the biomass energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage
540	(c) "Direct use geothermal system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that
541	enables the direct use of geothermal energy to meet energy needs, including heating a building,
542	an industrial process, and aquaculture.
543	(d) "Geothermal electricity" means energy that is:
544	(i) contained in heat that continuously flows outward from the earth; and
545	(ii) used as a sole source of energy to produce electricity.
546	(e) "Geothermal energy" means energy generated by heat that is contained in the earth.
547	(f) "Geothermal heat pump system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that:
548	(i) enables the use of thermal properties contained in the earth at temperatures well
549	below 100 degrees Fahrenheit; and
550	(ii) helps meet heating and cooling needs of a structure.
551	(g) "Hydroenergy system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable
552	of:
553	(i) intercepting and converting kinetic water energy into electrical or mechanical
554	energy: and

555	(ii) transferring this form of energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
556	(h) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
557	(i) (i) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal system that utilizes the structure of
558	a building and its operable components to provide for collection, storage, and distribution of
559	heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by utilizing the climate resources
560	available at the site.
561	(ii) "Passive solar system" includes those portions and components of a building that
562	are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy.
563	(j) (i) "Principal recovery portion" means the portion of a lease payment that
564	constitutes the cost a person incurs in acquiring a residential energy system.
565	(ii) "Principal recovery portion" does not include:
566	(A) an interest charge; or
567	(B) a maintenance expense.
568	(k) "Residential energy system" means the following used to supply energy to or for a
569	residential unit:
570	(i) an active solar system;
571	(ii) a biomass system;
572	(iii) a direct use geothermal system;
573	(iv) a geothermal heat pump system;
574	(v) a hydroenergy system;
575	(vi) a passive solar system; or
576	(vii) a wind system.
577	(l) (i) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, apartment, or similar dwelling
578	unit that:
579	(A) is located in the state; and
580	(B) serves as a dwelling for a person, group of persons, or a family.
581	(ii) "Residential unit" does not include property subject to a fee under:
582	(A) Section 59-2-404;
583	(B) Section 59-2-405;
584	(C) Section 59-2-405.1;
585	(D) Section 59-2-405.2; or

586	(E)	Section	59.	-2-4	n	5	3	
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- 587 (m) "Wind system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable of:
 - (i) intercepting and converting wind energy into mechanical or electrical energy; and
 - (ii) transferring these forms of energy by a separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
 - (2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in this section against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year.
 - (3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a nonrefundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a residential unit the claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses if:
 - (i) the claimant, estate, or trust:
 - (A) purchases and completes a residential energy system to supply all or part of the energy required for the residential unit; or
 - (B) participates in the financing of a residential energy system to supply all or part of the energy required for the residential unit;
 - (ii) the residential energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January 1, 2007; and
 - (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with Subsection (4).
 - (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (vi), the tax credit is equal to 25% of the reasonable costs of each residential energy system installed with respect to each residential unit the claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses.
 - (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs.
 - (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the taxable year in which the residential energy system is completed and placed in service.
 - (iv) If the amount of a tax credit under this Subsection (3) exceeds a claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next four taxable years.
- 615 (v) The total amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust may claim under this 616 Subsection (3) may not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit.

(vi) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit with respect to additional residential energy systems or parts of residential energy systems for a subsequent taxable year if the total amount of tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust claims does not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit.

- (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(c)(ii) and (iii), a claimant, estate, or trust that leases a residential energy system installed on a residential unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
- (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) that leases a residential energy system may claim as a tax credit under this Subsection (3) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
- (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) that leases a residential energy system may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
- (d) If a claimant, estate, or trust sells a residential unit to another person before the claimant, estate, or trust claims the tax credit under this Subsection (3):
 - (i) the claimant, estate, or trust may assign the tax credit to the other person; and
- (ii) (A) if the other person files a return under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, the other person may claim the tax credit as if the other person had met the requirements of Section 59-7-614 to claim the tax credit; or
- (B) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim the tax credit under this section as if the other person had met the requirements of this section to claim the tax credit.
- (4) (a) Before a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section, the claimant, estate, or trust shall obtain a written certification from the office.
- (b) The office shall issue a claimant, estate, or trust a written certification if the office determines that:
- (i) the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
- 646 (ii) the office determines that the residential energy system with respect to which the 647 claimant, estate, or trust seeks to claim a tax credit:

648	(A) has been completely installed;
649	(B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
650	(C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the residential
651	energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable energy resources in an appropriate
652	and economic manner.
653	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
654	office may make rules:
655	(i) for determining whether a residential energy system meets the requirements of
656	Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
657	(ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3), establishing the reasonable costs
658	of a residential energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
659	(d) A claimant, estate, or trust that obtains a written certification from the office shall
660	retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records
661	under Section 59-1-1406.
662	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
663	commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.
664	(6) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the
665	laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
666	(7) A purchaser of one or more solar units that claims a tax credit under Section
667	59-10-1024 for the purchase of the one or more solar units may not claim a tax credit under this
668	section for that purchase.
669	[(8) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after 2017, the Revenue and
670	Taxation Interim Committee shall review each tax credit provided by this section and report its
671	recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax credit
672	should be continued, modified, or repealed.]
673	[(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (8)(a)
674	shall include information concerning the cost of the tax credit, the purpose and effectiveness of
675	the tax credit, and the state's benefit from the tax credit.]
676	Section 11. Section 59-10-1024 is amended to read:

59-10-1024. Nonrefundable tax credit for qualifying solar projects.

(1) As used in this section:

679	(a) "Active solar system" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
680	59-10-1014.
681	(b) "Purchaser" means a claimant, estate, or trust that purchases one or more solar units
682	from a qualifying political subdivision.
683	(c) "Qualifying political subdivision" means:
684	(i) a city or town in this state;
685	(ii) an interlocal entity created under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act;
686	or
687	(iii) a special service district created under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service
688	District Act.
689	(d) "Qualifying solar project" means the portion of an active solar system:
690	(i) that a qualifying political subdivision:
691	(A) constructs;
692	(B) controls; or
693	(C) owns;
694	(ii) with respect to which the qualifying political subdivision described in Subsection
695	(1)(c)(i) sells one or more solar units; and
696	(iii) that generates electrical output that is furnished:
697	(A) to one or more residential units; or
698	(B) for the benefit of one or more residential units.
699	(e) "Residential unit" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
700	59-10-1014.
701	(f) "Solar unit" means a portion of the electrical output:
702	(i) of a qualifying solar project;
703	(ii) that a qualifying political subdivision sells to a purchaser; and
704	(iii) the purchase of which requires that the purchaser agree to bear a proportionate
705	share of the expense of the qualifying solar project:
706	(A) in accordance with a written agreement between the purchaser and the qualifying
707	political subdivision;
708	(B) in exchange for a credit on the purchaser's electrical bill; and
709	(C) as determined by a formula established by the qualifying political subdivision.

710 (2) Subject to Subsection (3), for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a 711 purchaser may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to the product of: 712 (a) the amount the purchaser pays to purchase one or more solar units during the 713 taxable year; and 714 (b) 25%. 715 (3) For a taxable year, a tax credit under this section may not exceed \$2,000 on a 716 return. 717 (4) A purchaser may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does 718 not exceed the next four taxable years if: 719 (a) the purchaser is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a taxable year; 720 and 721 (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the purchaser's tax liability under this chapter 722 for that taxable year. 723 (5) Subject to Section 59-10-1014, a tax credit under this section is in addition to any 724 other tax credit allowed by this chapter. 725 [(6) (a) On or before October 1, 2012, and every five years after October 1, 2012, the 726 Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credit allowed by this section 727 and report its recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether 728 the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed. 729 [(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (6)(a) 730 shall include information concerning the cost of the tax credit, the purpose and effectiveness of 731 the tax credit, and the state's benefit from the tax credit. 732 Section 12. Section **59-10-1029** is amended to read: 733 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. 734 (1) As used in this section: 735 (a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 736 63M-4-502. 737 (b) "Alternative energy project" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in 738 Section 63M-4-502.

(c) "Office" [is as defined] means the Office of Energy Development created in Section

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63M-4-401.

741 (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may 742 claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section. 743 (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a 744 tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 5, Alternative 745 Energy Development Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year. 746 (4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a 747 period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if: 748 (a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a 749 taxable year; and 750 (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability 751 under this chapter for that taxable year. 752 (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In 753 accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study 754 the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative 755 Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or 756 repealed. 757 (b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide 758 the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of 759 Legislative Fiscal Analyst: 760 (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for 761 each taxable year; 762 (ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy project; 763 (iii) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under 764 Section 63M-4-505; and 765 (iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office 766 of Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests. 767 (c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of Legislative Fiscal

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Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis

[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the

of the information provided to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under

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Subsection (5)(b).

772 Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include 773 an evaluation of: 774 (i) the cost of the tax credit to the state: 775 (ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and 776 (iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit. 777 Section 13. Section **59-10-1030** is amended to read: 778 59-10-1030. Nonrefundable alternative energy manufacturing tax credit. 779 (1) As used in this section: 780 (a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 781 63N-2-702. 782 (b) "Alternative energy manufacturing project" [is as] means the same as that term is 783 defined in Section 63N-2-702. 784 (c) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development. 785 (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may 786 claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy manufacturing as provided in this 787 section. 788 (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a 789 tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 7, Alternative 790 Energy Manufacturing Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year. 791 (4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a 792 period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if: 793 (a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a 794 taxable year; and 795 (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability 796 under this chapter for that taxable year. 797 (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017] In 798 accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study 799 the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative

(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide

Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or

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repealed.

803	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
804	Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
805	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for
806	each taxable year;
807	(ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy manufacturing project;
808	(iii) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
809	Section 63N-2-705; and
810	(iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office
811	of Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
812	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of Legislative Fiscal
813	Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis
814	of the information provided to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under
815	Subsection (5)(b).
816	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that its
817	recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
818	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
819	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
820	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
821	Section 14. Section 59-10-1034 is amended to read:
822	59-10-1034. Nonrefundable high cost infrastructure development tax credit.
823	(1) As used in this section:
824	(a) "High cost infrastructure project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
825	63M-4-602.
826	(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means the same as that term is defined in
827	Section 63M-4-602.
828	(c) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section
829	63M-4-602.
830	(d) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
831	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a claimant, estate, or trust that is an
832	infrastructure cost-burdened entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for development of a
833	high cost infrastructure project as provided in this section.

834	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
835	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 6, High Cost
836	Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act, to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for the
837	taxable year.
838	(4) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity may carry forward a tax credit under this
839	section for a period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
840	(a) the infrastructure cost-burdened entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this
841	section for a taxable year; and
842	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's tax
843	liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
844	(5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2020, and every five years after October 1, 2020] In
845	accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study
846	the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative
847	Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or
848	repealed.
849	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
850	the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
851	Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
852	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each infrastructure cost-burdened
853	entity for each taxable year;
854	(ii) the infrastructure-related revenue generated by each high cost infrastructure project
855	(iii) the information contained in the office's latest report [to the Legislature] under
856	Section 63M-4-505; and
857	(iv) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office
858	of Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
859	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of Legislative Fiscal
860	Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis
861	of the information provided to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under
862	Subsection (5)(b).
863	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the Revenue
864	and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an

865	evaluation of:
866	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
867	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
868	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
869	Section 15. Section 59-10-1106 is amended to read:
870	59-10-1106. Refundable renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions
871	Certification Rulemaking authority Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
872	(1) As used in this section:
873	(a) "Active solar system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
874	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
875	(b) "Biomass system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
876	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
877	(c) "Commercial energy system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
878	term is defined in Section 59-7-614.
879	(d) "Commercial enterprise" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
880	defined in Section 59-7-614.
881	(e) (i) "Commercial unit" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
882	defined in Section 59-7-614.
883	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(e)(i):
884	(A) with respect to an active solar system used for agricultural water pumping or a
885	wind system, each individual energy generating device is considered to be a commercial unit;
886	or
887	(B) if an energy system is the building or structure that a claimant, estate, or trust uses
888	to transact business, a commercial unit is the complete energy system itself.
889	(f) "Direct use geothermal system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
890	term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
891	(g) "Geothermal electricity" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
892	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
893	(h) "Geothermal energy" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is
894	defined in Section 59-10-1014.
895	(i) "Geothermal heat pump system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that

term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.

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- (j) "Hydroenergy system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
 - (k) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
- 900 (l) "Passive solar system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
 - (m) "Principal recovery portion" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
 - (n) "Wind system" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
 - (2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in this section against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year.
 - (3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a commercial energy system if:
 - (i) the commercial energy system does not use:
 - (A) wind, geothermal electricity, solar, or biomass equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; or
 - (B) solar equipment capable of producing 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity;
 - (ii) the claimant, estate, or trust purchases or participates in the financing of the commercial energy system;
 - (iii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or
 - (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
 - (iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January 1, 2007; and
 - (v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with Subsection (6).
- 925 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (v), the tax credit is equal to 10% of the reasonable costs of the commercial energy system.

	927	(ii)	A tax	credit un	der this	Subsec	tion (3	3) ma	y include	installation	costs
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- (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the taxable year in which the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service.
 - (iv) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may not be carried forward or carried back.
- (v) The total amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust may claim under this Subsection (3) may not exceed \$50,000 per commercial unit.
- (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(c)(ii) and (iii), a claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
- (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) may claim as a tax credit under this Subsection (3) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
- (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
- (4) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (4) with respect to a commercial energy system if:
- (i) the commercial energy system uses wind, geothermal electricity, or biomass equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
- (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or
- (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
- (iii) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January 1, 2007; and
- (iv) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with Subsection (6).
- (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (4) is equal to the product of:
- 957 (A) 0.35 cents; and

(B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.

- (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may be claimed for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy system is placed in commercial service.
 - (iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may not be carried forward or back.
- (c) A claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
- (5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (5) if:
- (i) the claimant, estate, or trust owns a commercial energy system that uses solar equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
- (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or
- (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
 - (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust does not claim a tax credit under Subsection (3);
- (iv) the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service on or after January 1, 2015; and
- (v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with Subsection (6).
- (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (5)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (5) is equal to the product of:
 - (A) 0.35 cents; and

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- (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
- (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may be claimed for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy system is placed in commercial service.
 - (iii) A tax credit under this Subsection (5) may not be carried forward or carried back.
- 987 (c) A claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed 988 on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) if the claimant, estate, or

trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.

- (6) (a) Before a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section, the claimant, estate, or trust shall obtain a written certification from the office.
- (b) The office shall issue a claimant, estate, or trust a written certification if the office determines that:
- (i) the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
- (ii) the office determines that the commercial energy system with respect to which the claimant, estate, or trust seeks to claim a tax credit:
 - (A) has been completely installed;

- (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
- (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the commercial energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable resources in an appropriate and economic manner.
- (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the office may make rules:
- (i) for determining whether a commercial energy system meets the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(ii); and
- (ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3), establishing the reasonable costs of a commercial energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
- (d) A claimant, estate, or trust that obtains a written certification from the office shall retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
- (7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.
- (8) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
- (9) A purchaser of one or more solar units that claims a tax credit under Section 59-10-1024 for the purchase of the one or more solar units may not claim a tax credit under this section for that purchase.
- 1019 [(10) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after 2017, the Revenue

1020 and Taxation Interim Committee shall review each tax credit provided by this section and 1021 report its recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the 1022 credit should be continued, modified, or repealed. 1023 (b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's report under Subsection (10)(a) 1024 shall include information concerning the cost of the credit, the purpose and effectiveness of the 1025 credit, and the state's benefit from the credit.] 1026 Section 16. Section **59-10-1107** is amended to read: 1027 59-10-1107. Refundable economic development tax credit. 1028 (1) As used in this section: 1029 (a) "Business entity" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the definition of ["]business entity["] as defined in Section 63N-2-103. 1030 (b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development. 1031 (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a business entity may claim a 1032 1033 refundable tax credit for economic development. 1034 (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity for the taxable year. 1035 1036 (4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection 1037 (4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a business entity that claims a tax credit under 1038 this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the business entity's tax liability for a 1039 taxable year. 1040 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a business entity as 1041 1042 required by Subsection (4)(a). 1043 (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2013, and every five years after October 1, 2013] In 1044 accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study 1045 the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative 1046 Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or 1047 repealed. 1048 (b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide 1049 the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of 1050 Legislative Fiscal Analyst:

1051	(i) the amount of tax credit the office grants to each taxpayer for each calendar year;
1052	(ii) the criteria the office uses in granting a tax credit;
1053	(iii) the new state revenues generated by each taxpayer for each calendar year;
1054	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
1055	Section 63N-2-106; and
1056	(v) any other information that the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of
1057	Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
1058	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of Legislative Fiscal
1059	Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis
1060	of the information provided to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under
1061	Subsection (5)(b).
1062	[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the
1063	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include
1064	an evaluation of:
1065	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1066	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1067	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1068	Section 17. Section 59-10-1108 is amended to read:
1069	59-10-1108. Refundable motion picture tax credit.
1070	(1) As used in this section:
1071	(a) "Motion picture company" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the
1072	definition of a motion picture company under Section 63N-8-102.
1073	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
1074	(c) "State-approved production" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
1075	term is defined in Section 63N-8-102.
1076	(2) For \underline{a} taxable [years] year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a motion picture
1077	company may claim a refundable tax credit for a state-approved production.
1078	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
1079	tax credit certificate that the office issues to a motion picture company under Section
1080	63N-8-103 for the taxable year.
1081	(4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection

1082 (4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a motion picture company that claims a tax 1083 credit under this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the motion picture company's 1084 tax liability for the taxable year. 1085 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1086 commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a motion picture 1087 company as required by Subsection (4)(a). 1088 (5) (a) [On or before October 1, 2014, and every five years after October 1, 2014,] In accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study 1089 1090 the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations [to the Legislative 1091 Management Committee] concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or 1092 repealed. 1093 (b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide 1094 the following information to the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] Office of 1095 Legislative Fiscal Analyst: 1096 (i) the amount of tax credit the office grants to each taxpayer for each calendar year; 1097 (ii) the criteria the office uses in granting a tax credit; 1098 (iii) the dollars left in the state, as defined in Section 63N-8-102, by each motion 1099 picture company for each calendar year: 1100 (iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under 1101 Section 63N-8-105; and 1102 (v) any other information requested by the [Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee] 1103 Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst. 1104 (c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of Legislative Fiscal 1105 Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and analysis 1106 of the information provided to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the office under

- Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
- (i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;

Subsection (5)(b).

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1112 (ii) the effectiveness of the tax credit; and

[(c)] (d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that [its] the

1113	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1114	Section 18. Section 59-13-202 is amended to read:
1115	59-13-202. Refund of tax for agricultural uses on individual income and
1116	corporate franchise and income tax returns Application for permit for refund
1117	Division of Finance to pay claims Rules permitted to enforce part Penalties.
1118	(1) As used in this section:
1119	(a) (i) Except at provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), "claimant" means a resident or
1120	nonresident person.
1121	(ii) "Claimant" does not include an estate or trust.
1122	(b) "Estate" means a nonresident estate or a resident estate.
1123	(c) "Refundable tax credit" or "tax credit" means a tax credit that a claimant, estate, or
1124	trust may claim:
1125	(i) as provided by statute; and
1126	(ii) regardless of whether, for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust
1127	claims the tax credit, the claimant, estate, or trust has a tax liability under:
1128	(A) Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; or
1129	(B) Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
1130	(d) "Trust" means a nonresident trust or a resident trust.
1131	(2) Any claimant, estate, or trust that purchases and uses any motor fuel within the state
1132	for the purpose of operating or propelling stationary farm engines and self-propelled farm
1133	machinery used for nonhighway agricultural uses, and that has paid the tax on the motor fuel as
1134	provided by this part, is entitled to a refund of the tax subject to the conditions and limitations
1135	provided under this part.
1136	(3) (a) A claimant, estate, or trust desiring a nonhighway agricultural use refund under
1137	this part shall claim the refund as a refundable tax credit on the tax return the claimant, estate,
1138	or trust files under:
1139	(i) Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; or
1140	(ii) Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
1141	(b) A claimant, estate, or trust not subject to filing a tax return described in Subsection
1142	(3)(a) shall obtain a permit and file claims on a calendar year basis.
1143	(c) Any claimant, estate, or trust claiming a refundable tax credit under this section is

required to furnish any or all of the information outlined in this section upon request of the commission.

- (d) A refundable tax credit under this section is allowed only on purchases on which tax is paid during the taxable year covered by the tax return.
- (4) In order to obtain a permit for a refund of motor fuel tax paid, an application shall be filed containing:
 - (a) the name of the claimant, estate, or trust;

- (b) the claimant's, estate's, or trust's address;
- (c) location and number of acres owned and operated, location and number of acres rented and operated, the latter of which shall be verified by a signed statement from the legal owner;
 - (d) number of acres planted to each crop, type of soil, and whether irrigated or dry; and
- (e) make, size, type of fuel used, and power rating of each piece of equipment using fuel. If the claimant, estate, or trust is an operator of self-propelled or tractor-pulled farm machinery with which the claimant, estate, or trust works for hire doing custom jobs for other farmers, the application shall include information the commission requires and shall all be contained in, and be considered part of, the original application. The claimant, estate, or trust shall also file with the application a certificate from the county assessor showing each piece of equipment using fuel. This original application and all information contained in it constitutes a permanent file with the commission in the name of the claimant, estate, or trust.
- (5) Any claimant, estate, or trust claiming the right to a refund of motor fuel tax paid shall file a claim with the commission by April 15 of each year for the refund for the previous calendar year. The claim shall state the name and address of the claimant, estate, or trust, the number of gallons of motor fuel purchased for nonhighway agricultural uses, and the amount paid for the motor fuel. The claimant, estate, or trust shall retain the original invoice to support the claim. No more than one claim for a tax refund may be filed annually by each user of motor fuel purchased for nonhighway agricultural uses.
- (6) Upon commission approval of the claim for a refund, the Division of Finance shall pay the amount found due to the claimant, estate, or trust. The total amount of claims for refunds shall be paid from motor fuel taxes.
 - (7) The commission may [promulgate] make rules to enforce this part[7] and may

refuse to accept as evidence of purchase or payment any instruments [which] that show alteration or [which] that fail to indicate the quantity of the purchase, the price of the motor fuel, a statement that it is purchased for purposes other than transportation, and the date of purchase and delivery. If the commission is not satisfied with the evidence submitted in connection with the claim, it may reject the claim or require additional evidence.

- (8) Any claimant, estate, or trust aggrieved by the decision of the commission with respect to a refundable tax credit or refund may file a request for agency action, requesting a hearing before the commission.
- (9) Any claimant, estate, or trust that makes any false claim, report, or statement, as claimant, estate, trust, agent, or creditor, with intent to defraud or secure a refund to which the claimant, estate, or trust is not entitled, is subject to the criminal penalties provided under Section 59-1-401, and the commission shall initiate the filing of a complaint for alleged violations of this part. In addition to these penalties, the claimant, estate, or trust may not receive any refund as a claimant, estate, or trust or as a creditor of a claimant, estate, or trust for refund for a period of five years.
- (10) Refunds to which a claimant, estate, or trust is entitled under this part shall be paid from the Transportation Fund.
- (11) (a) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after November 30, 2017, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by this section and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be continued, modified, or repealed.
- (b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (11)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall:
 - (i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
- 1199 (ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credit under 1200 review to provide testimony;
 - (iii) ensure that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under this section include an evaluation of:
- (A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;

- (B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
- 1205 (C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and

1206	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
1207	Taxation Interim Committee.
1208	Section 19. Section 63N-2-213 is amended to read:
1209	63N-2-213. State tax credits.
1210	(1) Subject to the limitations of Subsections (2) through (4), the following
1211	nonrefundable tax credits against a tax under Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and
1212	Income Taxes, or Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, are applicable in an
1213	enterprise zone:
1214	(a) a tax credit of \$750 may be claimed by a business entity for each new full-time
1215	employee position created within the enterprise zone;
1216	(b) an additional \$500 tax credit may be claimed if the new full-time employee position
1217	created within the enterprise zone pays at least 125% of:
1218	(i) the county average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage for the respective industry
1219	as determined by the Department of Workforce Services; or
1220	(ii) if the county average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage is not available for the
1221	respective industry, the total average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage in the respective
1222	county where the enterprise zone is located;
1223	(c) an additional tax credit of \$750 may be claimed if the new full-time employee
1224	position created within the enterprise zone is in a business entity that adds value to agricultural
1225	commodities through manufacturing or processing;
1226	(d) an additional tax credit of \$200 may be claimed for two consecutive years for each
1227	new full-time employee position created within the enterprise zone that is filled by an
1228	employee who is insured under an employer-sponsored health insurance program if the
1229	employer pays at least 50% of the premium cost for the year for which the credit is claimed;
1230	(e) a tax credit of 50% of the value of a cash contribution to a private nonprofit
1231	corporation, except that the credit claimed may not exceed \$100,000:
1232	(i) that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3), Internal
1233	Revenue Code;
1234	(ii) whose primary purpose is community and economic development; and
1235	(iii) that has been accredited by the Governor's Rural Partnership Board;
1236	(f) a tax credit of 25% of the first \$200,000 spent on rehabilitating a building in the

enterprise zone that has been vacant for two years or more; and

- (g) an annual investment tax credit of 10% of the first \$250,000 in investment, and 5% of the next \$1,000,000 qualifying investment in plant, equipment, or other depreciable property.
- (2) (a) Subject to the limitations of Subsection (2)(b), a business entity claiming tax credits under Subsections (1)(a) through (d) may claim the tax credits for up to 30 full-time employee positions per taxable year.
- (b) A business entity that received a tax credit for one or more new full-time employee positions under Subsections (1)(a) through (d) in a prior taxable year may claim a tax credit for a new full-time employee position in a subsequent taxable year under Subsections (1)(a) through (d) if:
- (i) the business entity has created a new full-time position within the enterprise zone; and
 - (ii) the total number of full-time employee positions at the business entity at any point during the tax year for which the tax credit is being claimed is greater than the number of full-time employee positions that existed at the business entity at any point during the taxable year immediately preceding the taxable year for which the credit is being claimed.
 - (c) Construction jobs are not eligible for the tax credits under Subsections (1)(a) through (d).
 - (3) If the amount of a tax credit under this section exceeds a business entity's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the business entity may carry forward the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period that does not exceed the next three taxable years.
 - (4) Tax credits under Subsections (1)(a) through (g) may not be claimed by a business entity primarily engaged in retail trade or by a public utilities business.
 - (5) A business entity that has no employees:
 - (a) may not claim tax credits under Subsections (1)(a) through (d); and
 - (b) may claim tax credits under Subsections (1)(e) through (g).
- (6) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business income tax credit available under Section 63N-2-305.

1268	(7) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after November 30,
1269	2018, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by
1270	this section and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
1271	continued, modified, or repealed.
1272	(b) In conducting the review required under this Subsection (7), the Revenue and
1273	Taxation Interim Committee shall:
1274	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
1275	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credit under
1276	review to provide testimony;
1277	(iii) ensure that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations
1278	under this section include an evaluation of:
1279	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1280	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1281	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
1282	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
1283	Taxation Interim Committee.
1284	Section 20. Section 63N-2-305 is amended to read:
1285	63N-2-305. Targeted business income tax credit structure Duties of the local
1286	zone administrator Duties of the State Tax Commission.
1287	(1) A business applicant that is certified under Subsection 63N-2-304(3) and issued a
1288	targeted business tax credit eligibility form by the office under Subsection (8) may claim a
1289	refundable tax credit:
1290	(a) against the business applicant's tax liability under:
1291	(i) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; or
1292	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act; and
1293	(b) subject to requirements and limitations provided by this part.
1294	(2) The total amount of the targeted business income tax credits allowed under this part
1295	for all business applicants may not exceed \$300,000 in any fiscal year.
1296	(3) (a) A targeted business income tax credit allowed under this part for each
1297	community investment project provided by a business applicant may not:
1298	(i) be claimed by a business applicant for more than seven consecutive taxable years

from the date the business applicant first qualifies for a targeted business income tax credit on the basis of a community investment project;

(ii) be carried forward or carried back;

- (iii) exceed \$100,000 in total amount for the community investment project period during which the business applicant is eligible to claim a targeted business income tax credit; or
- (iv) exceed in any year that the targeted business income tax credit is claimed the lesser of:
 - (A) 50% of the maximum amount allowed by the local zone administrator; or
 - (B) the allocated cap amount determined by the office under Subsection 63N-2-304(5).
 - (b) A business applicant may apply to the local zone administrator to claim a targeted business income tax credit allowed under this part for each community investment project provided by the business applicant as the basis for its eligibility for a targeted business income tax credit.
 - (4) Subject to other provisions of this section, the local zone administrator shall establish for each business applicant that qualifies for a targeted business income tax credit:
 - (a) criteria for maintaining eligibility for the targeted business income tax credit that are reasonably related to the community investment project that is the basis for the business applicant's targeted business income tax credit;
 - (b) the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit the business applicant is allowed for the community investment project period;
 - (c) the time period over which the total amount of the targeted business income tax credit may be claimed;
 - (d) the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit that the business applicant will be allowed to claim each year; and
 - (e) requirements for a business applicant to report to the local zone administrator specifying:
 - (i) the frequency of the business applicant's reports to the local zone administrator, which shall be made at least quarterly; and
- (ii) the information needed by the local zone administrator to monitor the business applicant's compliance with this Subsection (4) or Section 63N-2-304 that shall be included in

1330	the report.
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(5) In accordance with Subsection (4)(e), a business applicant allowed a targeted business income tax credit under this part shall report to the local zone administrator.

- (6) The amount of a targeted business income tax credit that a business applicant is allowed to claim for a taxable year shall be reduced by 25% for each quarter in which the office or the local zone administrator determines that the business applicant has failed to comply with a requirement of Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304.
 - (7) The office or local zone administrator may audit a business applicant to ensure:
 - (a) eligibility for a targeted business income tax credit; or
 - (b) compliance with Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304.
- (8) The office shall issue a targeted business income tax credit eligibility form in a form jointly developed by the State Tax Commission and the office no later than 30 days after the last day of the business applicant's taxable year showing:
- (a) the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit that the business applicant is eligible for that taxable year;
- (b) any reductions in the maximum amount of the targeted business income tax credit because of failure to comply with a requirement of Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304;
- (c) the allocated cap amount that the business applicant may claim for that taxable year; and
- (d) the actual amount of the targeted business income tax credit that the business applicant may claim for that taxable year.
- (9) (a) A business applicant shall retain the targeted business income tax credit eligibility form provided by the office under this Subsection (9).
 - (b) The State Tax Commission may audit a business applicant to ensure:
 - (i) eligibility for a targeted business income tax credit; or
 - (ii) compliance with Subsection (3) or Section 63N-2-304.
- (10) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after November 30, 2018, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by this section and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be continued, modified, or repealed.
- (b) In conducting the review required under this Subsection (10), the Revenue and

1361	Taxation Interim Committee shall:
1362	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
1363	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credit under
1364	review to provide testimony;
1365	(iii) ensure that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations
1366	under this section include an evaluation of:
1367	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1368	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1369	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; and
1370	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
1371	Taxation Interim Committee.

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