Representative Merrill F. Nelson proposes the following substitute bill:

1	INTERLOCAL COOPERATION ACT AMENDMENTS
2	2016 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Merrill F. Nelson
5	Senate Sponsor: Ralph Okerlund
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies and enacts provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	► defines terms;
13	 authorizes a taxed interlocal entity to establish one or more segments that are treated
14	as separate interlocal entities and may have separate rights, powers, privileges, or
15	duties;
16	 provides for a limitation on the liabilities of a segment;
17	 addresses the members of a segment, the liabilities of directors and officers of a
18	taxed interlocal entity or of a segment, and the termination of a segment; and
19	 makes technical and conforming changes.
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:



26	11-13-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 265
27	11-13-202.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 265
28	11-13-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 345
29	11-13-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 345
30	11-13-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 265
31	11-13-502, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 265
32	63A-3-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 38
33	ENACTS:
34	11-13-601, Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	11-13-602, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	11-13-604, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	11-13-605, Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	11-13-606, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	11-13-607, Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	11-13-608, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
42	11-13-603, (Renumbered from 11-13-315, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
43	Chapters 265 and 308)
44	
45	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
46	Section 1. Section 11-13-103 is amended to read:
47	11-13-103. Definitions.
48	As used in this chapter:
49	(1) (a) "Additional project capacity" means electric generating capacity provided by a
50	generating unit that first produces electricity on or after May 6, 2002, and that is constructed or
51	installed at or adjacent to the site of a project that first produced electricity before May 6, 2002,
52	regardless of whether:
53	(i) the owners of the new generating unit are the same as or different from the owner of
54	the project; and
55	(ii) the purchasers of electricity from the new generating unit are the same as or
56	different from the purchasers of electricity from the project.

57	(b) "Additional project capacity" does not mean or include replacement project
58	capacity.
59	(2) "Board" means the Permanent Community Impact Fund Board created by Section
60	35A-8-304, and its successors.
61	(3) "Candidate" means one or more of:
62	(a) the state;
63	(b) a county, municipality, school district, local district, special service district, or other
64	political subdivision of the state; and
65	(c) a prosecution district.
66	(4) "Commercial project entity" means a project entity, defined in Subsection [(17)]
67	<u>(18)</u> , that:
68	(a) has no taxing authority; and
69	(b) is not supported in whole or in part by and does not expend or disburse tax
70	revenues.
71	(5) "Direct impacts" means an increase in the need for public facilities or services that
72	is attributable to the project or facilities providing additional project capacity, except impacts
73	resulting from the construction or operation of a facility that is:
74	(a) owned by an owner other than the owner of the project or of the facilities providing
75	additional project capacity; and
76	(b) used to furnish fuel, construction, or operation materials for use in the project.
77	(6) "Electric interlocal entity" means an interlocal entity described in Subsection
78	11-13-203(3).
79	(7) "Energy services interlocal entity" means an interlocal entity that is described in
80	Subsection 11-13-203(4).
81	(8) (a) "Estimated electric requirements," when used with respect to a qualified energy
82	services interlocal entity, includes any of the following that meets the requirements of
83	Subsection (8)(b):
84	(i) generation capacity;
85	(ii) generation output; or
86	(iii) an electric energy production facility.
87	(b) An item listed in Subsection (8)(a) is included in "estimated electric requirements"

88	if it is needed by the qualified energy services interlocal entity to perform the qualified energy
89	services interlocal entity's contractual or legal obligations to any of its members.
90	(9) (a) "Facilities providing replacement project capacity" means facilities that have
91	been, are being, or are proposed to be constructed, reconstructed, converted, repowered,
92	acquired, leased, used, or installed to provide replacement project capacity.
93	(b) "Facilities providing replacement project capacity" includes facilities that have
94	been, are being, or are proposed to be constructed, reconstructed, converted, repowered,
95	acquired, leased, used, or installed:
96	(i) to support and facilitate the construction, reconstruction, conversion, repowering,
97	installation, financing, operation, management, or use of replacement project capacity; or
98	(ii) for the distribution of power generated from existing capacity or replacement
99	project capacity to facilities located on real property in which the project entity that owns the
100	project has an ownership, leasehold, right-of-way, or permitted interest.
101	[(9)] (10) "Governing authority" means a governing board or joint administrator.
102	[(10)] (11) (a) "Governing board" means the body established in reliance on the
103	authority provided under Subsection 11-13-206(1)(b) to govern an interlocal entity.
104	(b) "Governing board" includes a board of directors described in an agreement, as
105	amended, that creates a project entity.
106	[(b)] (c) "Governing board" does not include a board as defined in Subsection (2).
107	[(11)] (12) "Interlocal entity" means:
108	(a) a Utah interlocal entity, an electric interlocal entity, or an energy services interlocal
109	entity; or
110	(b) a separate legal or administrative entity created under Section 11-13-205.
111	[(12)] (13) "Joint administrator" means an administrator or joint board described in
112	Section 11-13-207 to administer a joint or cooperative undertaking.
113	[(13)] (14) "Joint or cooperative undertaking" means an undertaking described in
114	Section 11-13-207 that is not conducted by an interlocal entity.
115	[(14)] (15) "Member" means a public agency that, with another public agency, creates
116	an interlocal entity under Section 11-13-203.
117	[(15)] (16) "Out-of-state public agency" means a public agency as defined in
118	Subsection $[(18)] (19)(c), (d), or (e).$

119 [(16)] (17) (a) "Project": 120 (i) means an electric generation and transmission facility owned by a Utah interlocal 121 entity or an electric interlocal entity; and 122 (ii) includes fuel or fuel transportation facilities and water facilities owned by that Utah 123 interlocal entity or electric interlocal entity and required for the generation and transmission 124 facility. 125 (b) "Project" includes a project entity's ownership interest in: 126 (i) facilities that provide additional project capacity; 127 (ii) facilities [that provide] providing replacement project capacity; and 128 (iii) additional generating, transmission, fuel, fuel transportation, water, or other 129 facilities added to a project. 130 [(17)] (18) "Project entity" means a Utah interlocal entity or an electric interlocal entity 131 that owns a project as defined in this section. 132 [(18)] (19) "Public agency" means: 133 (a) a city, town, county, school district, local district, special service district, an 134 interlocal entity, or other political subdivision of the state; 135 (b) the state or any department, division, or agency of the state; 136 (c) any agency of the United States; 137 (d) any political subdivision or agency of another state or the District of Columbia 138 including any interlocal cooperation or joint powers agency formed under the authority of the 139 law of the other state or the District of Columbia; or 140 (e) any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community which is 141 recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to 142 Indians because of their status as Indians. 143 [(19)] (20) "Qualified energy services interlocal entity" means an energy services 144 interlocal entity that at the time that the energy services interlocal entity acquires its interest in 145 facilities providing additional project capacity has at least five members that are Utah public 146 agencies. 147 [(20)] (21) "Replacement project capacity" means electric generating capacity or 148 transmission capacity that: 149 (a) replaces all or a portion of the existing electric generating or transmission capacity

150	of a project; and
151	(b) is provided by a facility that is [constructed, reconstructed, converted, repowered,
152	or installed in a location] on, adjacent to [or], in proximity to, or interconnected with the site of
153	a project, regardless of whether:
154	(i) the capacity replacing existing capacity is less than or exceeds the generating or
155	transmission capacity of the project [prior to] existing before installation of the capacity
156	replacing existing capacity[-];
157	(ii) the capacity replacing existing capacity is owned by the project entity that is the
158	owner of the project, a segment established by the project entity, or a person with whom the
159	project entity or a segment established by the project entity has contracted; or
160	(iii) the facility that provides the capacity replacing existing capacity is constructed,
161	reconstructed, converted, repowered, acquired, leased, used, or installed before or after any
162	actual or anticipated reduction or modification to existing capacity of the project.
163	[(21)] (22) "Utah interlocal entity":
164	(a) means an interlocal entity described in Subsection 11-13-203(2); and
165	(b) includes a separate legal or administrative entity created under Laws of Utah 1977,
166	Chapter 47, Section 3, as amended.
167	[(22)] (23) "Utah public agency" means a public agency under Subsection $[(18)]$
168	<u>(19)</u> (a) or (b).
169	Section 2. Section 11-13-202.5 is amended to read:
170	11-13-202.5. Approval of certain agreements Review by attorney.
171	(1) Each agreement under Section 11-13-202 and each agreement under Section
172	11-13-212 shall be approved by:
173	(a) except as provided in Subsections (1)(b) and (c), the commission, board, council, or
174	other body or officer vested with the executive power of the public agency;
175	(b) the legislative body of the public agency if the agreement:
176	(i) requires the public agency to adjust its budget for a current or future fiscal year;
177	(ii) includes an out-of-state public agency as a party;
178	(iii) provides for the public agency to acquire or construct:
179	(A) a facility; or
180	(B) an improvement to real property;

181	(iv) provides for the public agency to acquire or transfer title to real property;
182	(v) provides for the public agency to issue bonds;
183	(vi) creates an interlocal entity; or
184	(vii) provides for the public agency to share taxes or other revenues; or
185	(c) if the public agency is a public agency under Subsection 11-13-103[(18)](19)(b),
186	the director or other head of the applicable state department, division, or agency.
187	(2) If an agreement is required under Subsection (1) to be approved by the public
188	agency's legislative body, the resolution or ordinance approving the agreement shall:
189	(a) specify the effective date of the agreement; and
190	(b) if the agreement creates an interlocal entity:
191	(i) declare that it is the legislative body's intent to create an interlocal entity;
192	(ii) describe the public purposes for which the interlocal entity is created; and
193	(iii) describe the powers, duties, and functions of the interlocal entity.
194	(3) The officer or body required under Subsection (1) to approve an agreement shall,
195	before the agreement may take effect, submit the agreement to the attorney authorized to
196	represent the public agency for review as to proper form and compliance with applicable law.
197	Section 3. Section 11-13-301 is amended to read:
198	11-13-301. Project entity and generation output requirements.
199	(1) Each project entity:
200	(a) shall:
201	(i) except for construction of facilities [to provide] providing replacement project
202	capacity, before undertaking the construction of a project and before undertaking the
203	construction of facilities to provide additional project capacity, offer to sell or make available
204	at least 50% of the generation output of or electric energy produced by the project or additional
205	project capacity, respectively;
206	(ii) establish rules and procedures for an offer under Subsection (1)(a)(i) that provide at
207	least 60 days for a prospective power purchaser to accept the offer before the offer is
208	considered rejected; and
209	(iii) make each offer under Subsection (1)(a)(i):
210	(A) under a long-term arrangement that may be an undivided ownership interest, a
211	participation interest, a power sales agreement, or otherwise; and

212 (B) to one or more power purchasers in the state that supply electric energy at 213 wholesale or retail; and 214 (b) may undertake construction of facilities [to provide] providing replacement project 215 capacity for its project. 216 (2) (a) The generation output or electric energy production available to power 217 purchasers in the state from a project shall be at least 5% of the total generation output or 218 electric energy production of the project. 219 (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B), at least a majority of the generation capacity, 220 generation output, or electric energy production facilities providing additional project capacity 221 shall be: 222 (A) made available as needed to meet the estimated electric requirements of entities or 223 consumers within the state; and 224 (B) owned, purchased, or consumed by entities or consumers within the state. (ii) (A) As used in this Subsection (2)(b)(ii), "default provision" means a provision 225 226 authorizing a nondefaulting party to succeed to or require the disposition of the rights and 227 interests of a defaulting party. 228 (B) The requirements of Subsection (2)(b)(i) do not apply to the extent that those 229 requirements are not met due to the operation of a default provision in an agreement providing 230 for ownership or other interests in facilities providing additional project capacity. 231 Section 4. Section 11-13-304 is amended to read: 11-13-304. Certificate of public convenience and necessity required -- Exceptions. 232 233 (1) Before proceeding with the construction of any electrical generating plant or 234 transmission line, each interlocal entity and each out-of-state public agency shall first obtain 235 from the public service commission a certificate, after hearing, that public convenience and 236 necessity requires such construction and in addition that such construction will in no way 237 impair the public convenience and necessity of electrical consumers of the state of Utah at the 238 present time or in the future. 239 (2) The requirement to obtain a certificate of public convenience and necessity applies 240 to each project initiated after the section's effective date but does not apply to: 241 (a) a project for which a feasibility study was initiated prior to the effective date; 242 (b) any facilities providing additional project capacity;

243	(c) any facilities providing replacement project capacity; or
244	(d) transmission lines required for the delivery of electricity from a project described in
245	Subsection (2)(a), or facilities providing additional project capacity, or facilities providing
246	replacement project capacity within the corridor of a transmission line, with reasonable
247	deviation, of a project producing as of April 21, 1987.
248	Section 5. Section 11-13-401 is amended to read:
249	11-13-401. Application.
250	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), and notwithstanding any other provision of
251	law, this part applies to a governing authority created under this chapter.
252	(2) This part does not apply to:
253	(a) a taxed interlocal entity, as defined in Section [11-13-315] 11-13-602; or
254	(b) a project entity.
255	Section 6. Section 11-13-502 is amended to read:
256	11-13-502. Application Conflicts with federal law Other applicable law.
257	(1) This part does not apply to a taxed interlocal entity as defined in Section
258	$[\frac{11-13-315}{11-13-602}]$
259	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (1), and notwithstanding any other provision of
260	law, this part governs an interlocal entity's fiscal procedures but only to the extent that the
261	provision does not conflict with or cause an interlocal entity to be noncompliant with federal
262	law.
263	(3) An interlocal entity is subject to Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
264	Section 7. Section 11-13-601 is enacted to read:
265	Part 6. Taxed Interlocal Entities
266	<u>11-13-601.</u> Title.
267	This part is known as "Taxed Interlocal Entities."
268	Section 8. Section 11-13-602 is enacted to read:
269	<u>11-13-602.</u> Definitions.
270	As used in this part:
271	(1) "Asset" means funds, money, an account, real or personal property, or personnel.
272	(2) (a) "Associated entity" means a taxed interlocal entity that adopts a segment's
273	organizing resolution.

274	(b) "Associated entity" does not include any other segment.
275	(3) "Fiduciary duty" means a duty expressly designated as a fiduciary duty of:
276	(a) a director or an officer of a taxed interlocal entity in:
277	(i) the organization agreement of the taxed interlocal entity; or
278	(ii) an agreement executed by the director or the officer and the taxed interlocal entity;
279	or
280	(b) a director or an officer of a segment in:
281	(i) the organizing resolution of the segment; or
282	(ii) an agreement executed by the director or the officer and the segment.
283	(4) "Governing body" means the body established in an organizing resolution to govern
284	a segment.
285	(5) "Governmental law" means:
286	(a) Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal
287	Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act;
288	(b) Title 63A, Chapter 3, Division of Finance;
289	(c) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
290	(d) a law imposing an obligation on a taxed interlocal entity similar to an obligation
291	imposed by a law described in Subsection (5)(a), (b), or (c);
292	(e) an amendment to or replacement or renumbering of a law described in Subsection
293	(5)(a), (b), (c), or (d); or
294	(f) a law superseding a law described in Subsection (5)(a), (b), (c), or (d).
295	(6) "Indexed office" means the address identified under Subsection 63G-7-401(5)(a)(i)
296	by a segment's associated entity in the associated entity's statement described in Subsection
297	<u>63G-7-401(5).</u>
298	(7) "Organization agreement" means an agreement, as amended, that creates a taxed
299	interlocal entity.
300	(8) "Organizing resolution" means a resolution described in Subsection 11-13-604(1)
301	that creates a segment.
302	(9) "Principal county" means the county in which the indexed office of a segment's
303	associated entity is located.
304	(10) "Project" means:

305	(a) the same as that term is defined in Section 11-13-103; or
306	(b) facilities, improvements, or contracts undertaken by a taxed interlocal entity in
307	accordance with Subsection 11-13-204(2).
308	(11) "Public asset" means:
309	(a) an asset used by a public entity;
310	(b) tax revenue;
311	(c) state funds; or
312	(d) public funds.
313	(12) "Segment" means a segment created in accordance with Section 11-13-604.
314	(13) "Taxed interlocal entity" means:
315	(a) a project entity that:
316	(i) is not exempt from a tax or fee in lieu of taxes imposed in accordance with Part 3,
317	Project Entity Provisions;
318	(ii) does not receive a payment of funds from a federal agency or office, state agency or
319	office, political subdivision, or other public agency or office other than a payment that does not
320	materially exceed the greater of the fair market value and the cost of a service provided or
321	property conveyed by the project entity; and
322	(iii) does not receive, expend, or have the authority to compel payment from tax
323	revenue; or
324	(b) an interlocal entity that:
325	(i) was created before 1981 for the purpose of providing power supply at wholesale to
326	its members;
327	(ii) does not receive a payment of funds from a federal agency or office, state agency or
328	office, political subdivision, or other public agency or office other than a payment that does not
329	materially exceed the greater of the fair market value and the cost of a service provided or
330	property conveyed by the interlocal entity; and
331	(iii) does not receive, expend, or have the authority to compel payment from tax
332	revenue.
333	(14) (a) "Use" means to use, own, manage, hold, keep safe, maintain, invest, deposit,
334	administer, receive, expend, appropriate, disburse, or have custody.
335	(b) "Use" includes, when constituting a noun, the corresponding nominal form of each

336	term in Subsection (13)(a), individually.
337	Section 9. Section 11-13-603 , which is renumbered from Section 11-13-315 is
338	renumbered and amended to read:
339	[11-13-315]. <u>11-13-603.</u> Taxed interlocal entity.
340	[(1) As used in this section:]
341	[(a) "Asset" means funds, money, an account, real or personal property, or personnel.]
342	[(b) "Governmental law" means:]
343	[(i) Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal
344	Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act;]
345	[(ii) Title 63A, Chapter 3, Division of Finance;]
346	[(iii) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code;]
347	[(iv) a law imposing an obligation on a taxed interlocal entity similar to an obligation
348	imposed by a law described in Subsection (1)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii);]
349	[(v) an amendment to or replacement or renumbering of a law described in Subsection
350	(1)(b)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv); or]
351	[(vi) a law superseding a law described in Subsection (1)(b)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv).]
352	[(c) "Public asset" means:]
353	[(i) an asset used by a public entity;]
354	[(ii) tax revenue;]
355	[(iii) state funds; or]
356	[(iv) public funds.]
357	[(d) (i) "Taxed interlocal entity" means a project entity that:]
358	[(A) is not exempt from a tax or fee in lieu of taxes imposed in accordance with Part 3,
359	Project Entity Provisions;]
360	[(B) does not receive a payment of funds from a federal agency or office, state agency
361	or office, political subdivision, or other public agency or office other than a payment that does
362	not materially exceed the greater of the fair market value and the cost of a service provided or
363	property conveyed by the project entity; and]
364	[(C) does not receive, expend, or have the authority to compel payment from tax
365	revenue.]
366	[(ii) "Taxed interlocal entity" includes an interlocal entity that:]

367	[(A) was created before 1981 for the purpose of providing power supply at wholesale
368	to its members;]
369	[(B) does not receive a payment of funds from a federal agency or office, state agency
370	or office, political subdivision, or other public agency or office other than a payment that does
371	not materially exceed the greater of the fair market value and the cost of a service provided or
372	property conveyed by the interlocal entity; and]
373	[(C) does not receive, expend, or have the authority to compel payment from tax
374	revenue.]
375	[(e) (i) "Use" means to use, own, manage, hold, keep safe, maintain, invest, deposit,
376	administer, receive, expend, appropriate, disburse, or have custody.]
377	[(ii) "Use" includes, when constituting a noun, the corresponding nominal form of each
378	term in Subsection (1)(e)(i), individually.]
379	[(2)] (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law[;]:
380	(a) the use of an asset by a taxed interlocal entity does not constitute the use of a public
381	asset[-];
382	[(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,]
383	(b) a taxed interlocal entity's use of an asset that was a public asset [prior to] before the
384	taxed interlocal entity's use of the asset does not constitute a taxed interlocal entity's use of a
385	public asset[.];
386	[(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,]
387	(c) an official of a project entity is not a public treasurer[-]; and
388	[(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,]
389	(d) a taxed interlocal entity's governing [body, as described in Section 11-13-206;]
390	board shall determine and direct the use of an asset by the taxed interlocal entity.
391	[(6)] (2) A taxed interlocal entity is not subject to the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter
392	6a, Utah Procurement Code.
393	$\left[\frac{(7)(a)}{(3)(a)}\right]$ A taxed interlocal entity is not a participating local entity as defined in
394	Section 63A-3-401.
395	(b) For each fiscal year of a taxed interlocal entity, the taxed interlocal entity shall
396	provide:
397	(i) the taxed interlocal entity's financial statements for and as of the end of the fiscal

398	year and the prior fiscal year, including:
399	(A) the taxed interlocal entity's [balance sheet] statement of net position as of the end
400	of the fiscal year and the prior fiscal year, and the related statements of revenues and expenses
401	and of cash flows for the fiscal year; [and] or
402	(B) financial statements that are equivalent to the financial statements described in
403	Subsection (3)(b)(i)(A) and, at the time the financial statements were created, were in
404	compliance with generally accepted accounting principles that are applicable to taxed interlocal
405	entities; and
406	(ii) the accompanying auditor's report and management's discussion and analysis with
407	respect to the taxed interlocal entity's financial statements for and as of the end of the fiscal
408	year.
409	(c) The taxed interlocal entity shall provide the information described in [Subsections
410	(7)(b)(i) and(ii)] Subsection (3)(b):
411	(i) in a manner described in Subsection 63A-3-405(3); and
412	(ii) within a reasonable time after the taxed interlocal entity's independent auditor
413	delivers to the taxed interlocal entity's governing [body] board the auditor's report with respect
414	to the financial statements for and as of the end of the fiscal year.
415	(d) Notwithstanding Subsections $[(7)]$ (3)(b) and (c) or a taxed interlocal entity's
416	compliance with one or more of the requirements of Title 63A, Chapter 3, Division of Finance:
417	(i) the taxed interlocal entity is not subject to Title 63A, Chapter 3, Division of
418	Finance; and
419	(ii) the information described in Subsection $[(7)]$ (3)(b)(i) or (ii) does not constitute
420	public financial information as defined in Section 63A-3-401.
421	[(8)] (4) (a) A taxed interlocal entity's governing [body] board is not a governing board
422	as defined in Section 51-2a-102.
423	(b) A taxed interlocal entity is not subject to the provisions of Title 51, Chapter 2a,
424	Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local
425	Entities Act.
426	[(9) (a)] (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a taxed interlocal entity is not
427	subject to the following provisions:
428	[(i)] (a) Part 4, Governance;

429	[(ii)] (b) Part 5, Fiscal Procedures for Interlocal Entities;
430	[(iii)] (c) Subsection 11-13-204(1)(a)(i) or (ii)(J);
431	[(iv)] (d) Subsection 11-13-206(1)(f);
432	[(v)] (e) Subsection 11-13-218(5)(a);
433	[(vi)] <u>(f)</u> Section 11-13-225;
434	[(vii)] (g) Section 11-13-226; or
435	[(viii)] <u>(h)</u> Section 53-2a-605.
436	[(b)] (6) (a) In addition to having the powers [provided] described in Subsection
437	11-13-204(1)(a)(ii), a taxed interlocal entity may, for the regulation of the entity's affairs and
438	conduct of its business, adopt, amend, or repeal bylaws, policies, or procedures.
439	[(c)] (b) Nothing in Part 4, Governance, or Part 5, Fiscal Procedures for Interlocal
440	Entities, may be construed to limit the power or authority of a taxed interlocal entity.
441	[(10)] (7) (a) A governmental law enacted after May 12, 2015, is not applicable to, is
442	not binding upon, and does not have effect on a taxed interlocal entity unless the governmental
443	law expressly states the section of governmental law to be applicable to and binding upon the
444	taxed interlocal entity with the following words: "[Applicable section or subsection number]
445	constitutes an exception to Subsection 11-13-315(10) and is applicable to and binding upon a
446	taxed interlocal entity."
447	(b) Sections 11-13-601 through 11-13-608 constitute an exception to Subsection (7)(a)
448	and are applicable to and binding upon a taxed interlocal entity.
449	Section 10. Section 11-13-604 is enacted to read:
450	<u>11-13-604.</u> Segments authorized.
451	(1) (a) To the extent authorized in a taxed interlocal entity's organization agreement or
452	by a majority of the public entities that are parties to a taxed interlocal entity's organization
453	agreement, the governing board of a taxed interlocal entity may by resolution establish or
454	provide for the establishment of one or more segments that have separate rights, powers,
455	privileges, authority or by a majority of the public entities that are parties to a taxed interlocal
456	entity's organization agreement, or duties with respect to, as specified in the segment's
457	organizing resolution, the taxed interlocal entity's:
458	(i) property;
459	(ii) assets;

459 <u>(ii) assets;</u>

460	(iii) projects;
461	(iv) undertakings;
462	(v) opportunities;
463	(vi) actions;
464	(vii) debts;
465	(viii) liabilities;
466	(ix) obligations; or
467	(x) any combination of the items listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (viii).
468	(b) To the extent provided in the organization agreement of a segment's associated
469	entity, a segment may have a separate purpose from the associated entity.
470	(c) The name of a segment shall:
471	(i) contain the name of the segment's associated entity; and
472	(ii) be distinguishable from the name of any other segment established by the
473	associated entity.
474	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the debts, liabilities, and obligations
475	incurred, contracted for, arising out of the conduct of or otherwise existing with respect to a
476	particular segment are only enforceable or chargeable against the assets of that segment, and
477	not against the assets of the segment's associated entity generally or any other segment
478	established by the segment's associated entity if:
479	(a) the segment is established by or in accordance with an organizing resolution;
480	(b) separate records are maintained for the segment to the extent necessary to avoid the
481	segment's records constituting a fraud upon the segment's creditors;
482	(c) the assets associated with the segment are held and accounted for separately from
483	the assets of any other segment established by the associated entity to the extent necessary to
484	avoid the segment's accounting for the segment's assets constituting a fraud upon the segment's
485	creditors;
486	(d) the segment's organizing resolution provides for a limitation on liabilities of the
487	segment; and
488	(e) a notice of limitation on liabilities of the segment is recorded in accordance with
489	<u>Section 11-13-605.</u>
490	(3) Except as otherwise provided in the segment's organizing resolution, a segment that

491	satisfies the conditions described in Subsections (2)(a) through (e):
492	(a) is treated as a separate interlocal entity; and
493	<u>(b) may:</u>
494	(A) in its own name, contract, hold title to property, grant liens and security interests,
495	and sue and be sued;
496	(B) exercise all or any part of the powers, privileges, rights, authority, and capacity of
497	the segment's associated entity; and
498	(C) engage in any action in which the segment's associated entity may engage.
499	(4) Except as otherwise provided in the organization agreement of the segment's
500	associated entity or in the segment's organizing resolution, a segment is governed by the
501	organization agreement of the segment's associated entity.
502	(5) Subject to Subsection (4), a segment's organizing resolution:
503	(a) may address any matter relating to the segment, including the segment's governance
504	or operation, to the extent that the organization agreement of a segment's associated entity does
505	not address the matter; and
506	(b) to the extent not addressed in the organization agreement of the segment's
507	associated entity, shall address the following matters:
508	(i) the powers delegated to the segment;
509	(ii) the manner in which the segment is to be governed, including whether the
510	segment's governing body is the same as the governing board of the segment's associated
511	entity;
512	(iii) subject to Subsection (6), if the segment's governing body is different from the
513	governing board of the segment's associated entity, the manner in which the members of the
514	segment's governing body are appointed or selected;
515	(iv) the segment's purpose;
516	(v) the manner of financing the segment's actions;
517	(vi) how the segment will establish and maintain a budget;
518	(vii) how to partially or completely terminate the segment and, upon a partial or
519	complete termination, how to dispose of the segment's property;
520	(viii) the process, conditions, and terms for withdrawal of a participating public agency
521	from the common to and

521 from the segment; and

522	(ix) voting rights, including whether voting is weighted, and, if so, the basis upon
523	which the vote weight is determined.
524	(6) An organizing resolution shall provide that if a segment's governing body is
525	different from the governing board of the segment's associated entity, the Utah public agencies
526	that are parties to the organization agreement of the segment's associated entity may appoint or
527	select members of the segment's governing body with a majority of the voting power.
528	(7) A segment may not:
529	(a) transfer the segment's property or other assets to the segment's associated entity or
530	to another segment established by the segment's associated entity if the transfer impairs the
531	ability of the segment to pay the segment's debts that exist at the time of the transfer, unless the
532	segment's associated entity or the other segment gives fair value for the property or asset; or
533	(b) assign a tax or other liability imposed against the segment to the segment's
534	associated entity or to another segment established by the segment's associated entity if the
535	assignment impairs a creditor's ability to collect the amount due when owed.
536	(8) If a segment and a segment's associated entity or another segment established by the
537	segment's associated entity are involved in a joint action or have a common interest in a
538	facility, the segment's or the segment's associated entity's maintenance of records and accounts
539	related to the joint action or common interest does not constitute a violation of Subsection
540	<u>(2)(b) or (c).</u>
541	(9) Except as otherwise provided in this part or where clearly not applicable, the
542	provisions of law that apply to a segment's associated entity also apply to the segment,
543	including Subsection 11-13-205(5), as if the segment were a separate legal or administrative
544	entity.
545	(10) (a) To the extent an associated entity is a taxpayer as defined in Section 59-8-103,
546	the associated entity shall pay tax on the associated entity's gross receipts at the rate of tax that
547	would apply if all gross receipts of the associated entity and the associated entity's segments, in
548	the aggregate, were the gross receipts of a single taxpayer.
549	(b) Each segment of an associated entity that is a taxpayer as defined in Section
550	59-8-103 shall pay tax on the segment's gross receipts each period described in Subsection
551	59-8-105(1) at the same rate of tax as the rate of tax paid by the segment's associated entity for
552	the same naried

552 <u>the same period.</u>

553	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (10)(a) and (b):
554	(i) an associated entity is not liable for the tax imposed on a segment; and
555	(ii) a segment of an associated entity is not liable for the tax imposed on the segment's
556	associated entity or on another segment of the segment's associated entity.
557	Section 11. Section 11-13-605 is enacted to read:
558	<u>11-13-605.</u> Notice of limitation on liabilities of segments.
559	(1) (a) A notice of limitation on liabilities of a segment described in Subsection
560	<u>11-13-604(2)(e) shall:</u>
561	(i) state:
562	(A) the name of the segment's associated entity;
563	(B) the associated entity's indexed office;
564	(C) the associated entity's principal county; and
565	(D) that the liabilities of each segment established by the associated entity, regardless
566	of when the segment is created, are limited in accordance with the provisions of this part; and
567	(ii) be acknowledged by a director or an officer of the associated entity.
568	(b) A notice of limitation on liabilities of a segment is not required to refer to a
569	particular segment.
570	(2) (a) The requirements described in Section 57-3-105 do not apply to a notice of
571	limitation on liabilities of a segment.
572	(b) A county recorder shall record a notice of limitation on liabilities of a segment that:
573	(i) is submitted to the county recorder for recording; and
574	(ii) satisfies the requirements described in Subsection (1)(a).
575	(3) A recorded notice of limitation on liabilities of a segment does not create any
576	interest in or otherwise encumber the property described in the notice.
577	(4) Title 38, Chapter 9, Wrongful Lien Act, and Title 38, Chapter 9a, Wrongful Lien
578	Injunctions, do not apply to a notice of limitation on liabilities of a segment.
579	(5) A notice of limitation on liabilities of a segment that is recorded in accordance with
580	this part in the principal county of the segment's associated entity constitutes notice for all
581	purposes of the limitation on liabilities of the segment, regardless of whether the segment is
582	established at the time the notice is recorded.
583	Section 12. Section 11-13-606 is enacted to read:

584	<u>11-13-606.</u> Members of a segment.
585	(1) Except as otherwise provided by a segment's organizing resolution in accordance
586	with Subsection (2), a segment's associated entity is the sole member of the segment.
587	(2) A segment's organizing resolution may provide that a segment's membership
588	includes a public agency other than the segment's associated entity only if the organizing
589	resolution provides:
590	(a) the relative rights, powers, and duties of the segment's members;
591	(b) whether the members exercise the members' rights and powers and discharge the
592	members' duties in one or more classes or groups;
593	(c) the method by which a member's membership in the segment is terminated;
594	(d) the effect of a member's termination; and
595	(e) the effect of the termination of the last member's membership in the segment,
596	including the effect on the existence of the segment.
597	Section 13. Section 11-13-607 is enacted to read:
598	<u>11-13-607.</u> Limitations of liability for directors and officers.
599	(1) A director or an officer of a taxed interlocal entity or a segment is not liable to the
600	taxed interlocal entity, the segment, a member of the taxed interlocal entity, a member of the
601	segment, a conservator, receiver, or successor-in-interest of the taxed interlocal entity, or a
602	conservator, receiver, or successor-in-interest of the segment for any action or failure to act as a
603	director or an officer, unless:
604	(a) the director or the officer breaches a fiduciary duty that the director or the officer
605	owes to the taxed interlocal entity, the segment, a member of the taxed interlocal entity, or a
606	member of the segment; and
607	(b) the breach described in Subsection (1)(a) constitutes gross negligence, willful
608	misconduct, or intentional infliction of harm on the taxed interlocal entity, the segment, a
609	member of the taxed interlocal entity, or a member of the segment.
610	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a taxed interlocal entity or a segment
611	may limit or eliminate the liability of a director or an officer described in Subsection (1) for
612	monetary damages.
613	(b) A taxed interlocal entity or a segment may not limit or eliminate liability of a
614	director or an officer in accordance with Subsection (2)(a) for monetary damages arising out of:

615	(i) a breach of a fiduciary duty;
616	(ii) an intentional infliction of harm on the taxed interlocal entity, the segment, a
617	member of the taxed interlocal entity, or a member of the segment;
618	(iii) improper financial benefit; or
619	(iv) willful misconduct that constitutes an intentional violation of criminal law.
620	(3) The provisions of this section do not affect the liability of a director or an officer
621	for an act or omission that occurred before May 10, 2016.
622	(4) (a) The duties owed by a director or an officer of a taxed interlocal entity or a
623	segment consist of the following:
624	(i) any fiduciary duty;
625	(ii) any other duty specified in:
626	(A) the organization agreement or bylaws of the taxed interlocal entity;
627	(B) the organizing resolution or bylaws of the segment; or
628	(C) any contract between the director or the officer and the taxed interlocal entity or the
629	segment; and
630	(iii) each duty that applies to a taxed interlocal entity under Title 67, Chapter 16, Utah
631	Public Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act.
632	(b) Each fiduciary duty of a director or an officer of a segment shall be consistent with
633	the fiduciary duties of a director or an officer of the segment's associated entity.
634	(5) (a) Nothing in this section nor any action taken by a taxed interlocal entity, a
635	segment, a director or an officer of a taxed interlocal entity, or a director or an officer of a
636	segment constitutes a waiver of any immunity or defense available under Title 63G, Chapter 7,
637	Governmental Immunity Act of Utah.
638	(b) Subsections (1)(a) and (b) and (2)(b) apply only to the extent that the taxed
639	interlocal entity, the segment, the director or the officer of the taxed interlocal entity, or the
640	director or the officer of the segment is subject to liability under Title 63G, Chapter 7,
641	Governmental Immunity Act of Utah.
642	Section 14. Section 11-13-608 is enacted to read:
643	<u>11-13-608.</u> Termination of associated entity or segment.
644	(1) The termination of a segment does not affect the segment's or the segment's
645	associated entity's limitation on liabilities under this part.

646	(2) A segment is terminated upon the termination of the segment's associated entity.
647	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the termination of a segment's associated entity or
648	a segment may not affect the liability of the governing board, the governing body, a member of
649	the governing board, a member of the governing body, an officer, an official, a contractor, or an
650	employee for an action authorized:
651	(i) before the termination of the associated entity or the segment by the governing
652	board of the terminated associated entity or by the governing body of the terminated segment;
653	<u>or</u>
654	(ii) after the termination of the associated entity or the segment by:
655	(A) a majority of individuals serving as members of the governing board of the
656	terminated associated entity at the time the associated entity is terminated; or
657	(B) a majority of the individuals serving as members of the governing body of the
658	terminated segment at the time the segment is terminated.
659	(b) Subsection (3)(a) applies to each action to:
660	(i) provide for the claims, debts, obligations, or liabilities of the terminated associated
661	entity or the terminated segment; or
662	(ii) otherwise wind up the affairs of the terminated associated entity or the terminated
663	segment.
664	Section 15. Section 63A-3-401 is amended to read:
665	63A-3-401. Definitions.
666	As used in this part:
667	(1) "Board" means the Utah Transparency Advisory Board created under Section
668	63A-3-403.
669	(2) "Division" means the Division of Finance of the Department of Administrative
670	Services.
671	(3) (a) "Independent entity," except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), means the same
672	as that term is defined in Section 63E-1-102.
673	(b) "Independent entity" includes an entity that is part of an independent entity
674	described in this Subsection (3), if the entity is considered a component unit of the independent
675	entity under the governmental accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting
676	Standards Board.

677	(c) "Independent entity" does not include:
678	(i) the Workers' Compensation Fund created in Section 31A-33-102; or
679	(ii) the Utah State Retirement Office created in Section 49-11-201.
680	(4) "Participating local entity" means each of the following local entities, if the entity
681	meets the size or budget thresholds established by the board under Subsection
682	63A-3-403(3)(e):
683	(a) a county;
684	(b) a municipality;
685	(c) a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local
686	Districts;
687	(d) a special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act;
688	(e) a school district;
689	(f) a charter school;
690	(g) except for a taxed interlocal entity [described] as defined in Section [11-13-315]
691	11-13-602, an interlocal entity as defined in Section 11-13-103; and
692	(h) except for a taxed interlocal entity [described] as defined in Section [11-13-315]
693	<u>11-13-602</u> , an entity that is part of an entity described in Subsections (4)(a) through (g), if the
694	entity is considered a component unit of the entity described in Subsections (4)(a) through (g)
695	under the governmental accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting
696	Standards Board.
697	(5) (a) "Participating state entity" means the state of Utah, including its executive,
698	legislative, and judicial branches, its departments, divisions, agencies, boards, commissions,
699	councils, committees, and institutions.
700	(b) "Participating state entity" includes an entity that is part of an entity described in
701	Subsection (5)(a), if the entity is considered a component unit of the entity described in
702	Subsection (5)(a) under the governmental accounting standards issued by the Governmental
703	Accounting Standards Board.
704	(6) "Public financial information" means records that are required to be made available
705	on the Utah Public Finance Website, a participating local entity's website, or an independent
706	entity's website as required by this part, and as the term "public financial information" is
707	defined by rule under Section 63A-3-404.