

26 This bill provides a special effective date. 27 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 28 AMENDS: 29 41-1a-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 32 30 41-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 237 41-3-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 393 31 32 41-3-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 393 33 **41-3-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 463 34 41-3-201.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 393 41-3-201.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 390 35 36 41-3-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 78 41-3-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 388 37 **41-3-205**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 342 38 39 41-3-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 145 41-3-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 322 40 41 41-3-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 93 41-3-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 7 42 59-12-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 178, 312, and 399 43 44 **ENACTS**: 45 13-14-108, Utah Code Annotated 1953 46 **41-3-202.1**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 47 **41-3-202.2**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 48 49 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 50 Section 1. Section 13-14-108 is enacted to read: 13-14-108. **Applicability.** 51 52 This chapter does not apply to: 53 (1) an online manufacturer dealer licensed under Section 41-3-202; or 54 (2) a small manufacturer dealer licensed under Section 41-3-202. 55 Section 2. Section **41-1a-802** is amended to read: 56 41-1a-802. Identification number inspectors -- Duties.

58	(a) the commission;
59	(b) designated officers and employees of the division;
60	(c) a person operating a safety inspection station under Title 53, Chapter 8, Part 2,
61	Motor Vehicle Safety Inspection Act;
62	(d) an official inspection station certified inspector;
63	(e) a [dealer] person licensed under Subsection 41-3-202(1), (2), (3), [or] (4), (5) or
64	<u>(6)</u> ; and
65	(f) all peace officers of the state.
66	(2) The qualified identification number inspectors shall, upon the application for the
67	first registration in this state of any vehicle:
68	(a) inspect the identification number of the vehicle;
69	(b) make a record of the identification number inspection upon an application form
70	provided by the division; and
71	(c) verify the facts in the application.
72	Section 3. Section 41-3-102 is amended to read:
73	41-3-102. Definitions.
73 74	As used in this chapter:
74	As used in this chapter:
74 75	As used in this chapter: (1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator.
74 75 76	As used in this chapter: (1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator. (2) "Agent" means a person other than a holder of any dealer's or salesperson's license
74 75 76 77	As used in this chapter: (1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator. (2) "Agent" means a person other than a holder of any dealer's or salesperson's license issued under this chapter, who for salary, commission, or compensation of any kind, negotiates
74 75 76 77 78	As used in this chapter: (1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator. (2) "Agent" means a person other than a holder of any dealer's or salesperson's license issued under this chapter, who for salary, commission, or compensation of any kind, negotiates in any way for the sale, purchase, order, or exchange of three or more motor vehicles for any
74 75 76 77 78 79	As used in this chapter: (1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator. (2) "Agent" means a person other than a holder of any dealer's or salesperson's license issued under this chapter, who for salary, commission, or compensation of any kind, negotiates in any way for the sale, purchase, order, or exchange of three or more motor vehicles for any other person in any 12-month period.
74 75 76 77 78 79 80	As used in this chapter: (1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator. (2) "Agent" means a person other than a holder of any dealer's or salesperson's license issued under this chapter, who for salary, commission, or compensation of any kind, negotiates in any way for the sale, purchase, order, or exchange of three or more motor vehicles for any other person in any 12-month period. (3) "Auction" means a dealer engaged in the business of auctioning motor vehicles,
74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81	As used in this chapter: (1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator. (2) "Agent" means a person other than a holder of any dealer's or salesperson's license issued under this chapter, who for salary, commission, or compensation of any kind, negotiates in any way for the sale, purchase, order, or exchange of three or more motor vehicles for any other person in any 12-month period. (3) "Auction" means a dealer engaged in the business of auctioning motor vehicles, either owned or consigned, to the general public.
74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82	As used in this chapter: (1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator. (2) "Agent" means a person other than a holder of any dealer's or salesperson's license issued under this chapter, who for salary, commission, or compensation of any kind, negotiates in any way for the sale, purchase, order, or exchange of three or more motor vehicles for any other person in any 12-month period. (3) "Auction" means a dealer engaged in the business of auctioning motor vehicles, either owned or consigned, to the general public. (4) "Board" means the advisory board created in Section 41-3-106.
74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	As used in this chapter: (1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator. (2) "Agent" means a person other than a holder of any dealer's or salesperson's license issued under this chapter, who for salary, commission, or compensation of any kind, negotiates in any way for the sale, purchase, order, or exchange of three or more motor vehicles for any other person in any 12-month period. (3) "Auction" means a dealer engaged in the business of auctioning motor vehicles, either owned or consigned, to the general public. (4) "Board" means the advisory board created in Section 41-3-106. (5) "Body shop" means a business engaged in rebuilding, restoring, repairing, or
74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84	As used in this chapter: (1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator. (2) "Agent" means a person other than a holder of any dealer's or salesperson's license issued under this chapter, who for salary, commission, or compensation of any kind, negotiates in any way for the sale, purchase, order, or exchange of three or more motor vehicles for any other person in any 12-month period. (3) "Auction" means a dealer engaged in the business of auctioning motor vehicles, either owned or consigned, to the general public. (4) "Board" means the advisory board created in Section 41-3-106. (5) "Body shop" means a business engaged in rebuilding, restoring, repairing, or painting primarily the body of motor vehicles damaged by collision or natural disaster.

(1) The following are qualified identification number inspectors:

- metals to a more compact size for recycling.
- 89 (8) (a) "Dealer" means a person:

- (i) whose business in whole or in part involves selling new, used, or new and used motor vehicles or off-highway vehicles; and
- (ii) who sells, displays for sale, or offers for sale or exchange three or more new or used motor vehicles or off-highway vehicles in any 12-month period.
 - (b) "Dealer" includes a representative or consignee of any dealer.
- (9) (a) "Dismantler" means a person engaged in the business of dismantling motor vehicles subject to registration under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, for the resale of parts or for salvage.
- (b) "Dismantler" includes a person who dismantles three or more motor vehicles in any 12-month period.
- (10) "Distributor" means a person who has a franchise from a manufacturer of motor vehicles to distribute motor vehicles within this state and who in whole or in part sells or distributes new motor vehicles to dealers or who maintains distributor representatives.
- (11) "Distributor branch" means a branch office similarly maintained by a distributor for the same purposes a factory branch is maintained.
- (12) "Distributor representative" means a person and each officer and employee of the person engaged as a representative of a distributor or distributor branch of motor vehicles to make or promote the sale of the distributor or the distributor branch's motor vehicles, or for supervising or contacting dealers or prospective dealers of the distributor or the distributor branch.
- (13) "Division" means the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division created in Section 41-3-104.
- (14) "Factory branch" means a branch office maintained by a person who manufactures or assembles motor vehicles for sale to distributors, motor vehicle dealers, or who directs or supervises the factory branch's representatives.
- (15) "Factory representative" means a person and each officer and employee of the person engaged as a representative of a manufacturer of motor vehicles or by a factory branch to make or promote the sale of the manufacturer's or factory branch's motor vehicles, or for supervising or contacting the dealers or prospective dealers of the manufacturer or the factory

119	branch.
120	(16) "Franchise" means a contract or agreement between a dealer and a manufacturer of
121	new motor vehicles or its distributor or factory branch by which the dealer is authorized to sell
122	any specified make or makes of new motor vehicles.
123	(17) "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the business of constructing or
124	assembling new motor vehicles, ownership of which is customarily transferred by a
125	manufacturer's statement or certificate of origin, or a person who constructs three or more new
126	motor vehicles in any 12-month period.
127	(18) "Motorcycle" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined in
128	Section 41-1a-102.
129	(19) (a) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle that is:
130	(i) self-propelled;
131	(ii) a trailer, travel trailer, or semitrailer; or
132	(iii) an off-highway vehicle or small trailer.
133	(b) "Motor vehicle" does not include:
134	(i) mobile homes as defined in Section 41-1a-102;
135	(ii) trailers of 750 pounds or less unladen weight;
136	(iii) farm tractors and other machines and tools used in the production, harvesting, and
137	care of farm products; and
138	(iv) park model recreational vehicles as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
139	(20) "New motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that has never been titled or
140	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles, unless the motor vehicle is an
141	off-highway vehicle, small trailer, trailer, travel trailer, or semitrailer, in which case the
142	mileage limit does not apply.
143	(21) "Off-highway vehicle" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same as that
144	term is defined in Section 41-22-2.
145	(22) "Online manufacturer dealer" means a person that:
146	(a) is a manufacturer or a wholly owned subsidiary of a manufacturer;
147	(b) sells, displays for sale, or offers for sale or exchange:
148	(i) three or more new or used motor vehicles in any 12-month period; and
149	(ii) only motor vehicles that:

150	(A) the person manufactured; or
151	(B) the person obtained in an exchange for a motor vehicle that the person
152	manufactured;
153	(c) sells a motor vehicle through an Internet site that the person operates;
154	(d) offers, in person, to sell or exchange a motor vehicle online; and
155	(e) displays a motor vehicle for sale online or at a physical location.
156	(23) "Online manufacturer salesperson" means an individual who, for compensation, is
157	employed directly, indirectly, regularly, or occasionally by an online manufacturer dealer to
158	sell, purchase, or exchange a motor vehicle online, or to negotiate for the sale, purchase, or
159	exchange of, a motor vehicle.
160	[(22)] (24) "Pawnbroker" means a person whose business is to lend money on security
161	of personal property deposited with him.
162	[(23)] (25) "Principal place of business" means a site or location in this state:
163	(a) devoted exclusively to the business for which the dealer, online manufacturer
164	dealer, small manufacturer dealer, manufacturer, remanufacturer, transporter, dismantler,
165	crusher, or body shop is licensed, and businesses incidental to them;
166	(b) sufficiently bounded by fence, chain, posts, or otherwise marked to definitely
167	indicate the boundary and to admit a definite description with space adequate to permit the
168	display of three or more new, or new and used, or used motor vehicles and sufficient parking
169	for the public; and
170	(c) that includes a permanent enclosed building or structure large enough to
171	accommodate the office of the establishment and to provide a safe place to keep the books and
172	other records of the business, at which the principal portion of the business is conducted and
173	the books and records kept and maintained.
174	[(24)] (26) "Remanufacturer" means a person who reconstructs used motor vehicles
175	subject to registration under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, to change the body style
176	and appearance of the motor vehicle or who constructs or assembles motor vehicles from used
177	or new and used motor vehicle parts, or who reconstructs, constructs, or assembles three or
178	more motor vehicles in any 12-month period.
179	[(25)] (27) "Salesperson" means an individual who for a salary, commission, or
180	compensation of any kind, is employed either directly, indirectly, regularly, or occasionally by

181	any new motor vehicle dealer or used motor vehicle dealer to sell, purchase, or exchange or to
182	negotiate for the sale, purchase, or exchange of motor vehicles.
183	(28) "Small manufacturer dealer" means a person that:
184	(a) is a manufacturer; and
185	(b) sells, displays for sale, or offers for sale or exchange:
186	(i) three or more new motor vehicles in any 12-month period;
187	(ii) fewer than 300 motor vehicles in any 12-month period; and
188	(iii) only motor vehicles that the person manufactured.
189	(29) "Small manufacturer salesperson" means an individual who, for compensation, is
190	employed directly, indirectly, regularly, or occasionally by a small manufacturer dealer to sell,
191	purchase, or exchange, or to negotiate for the sale, purchase, or exchange of, a motor vehicle.
192	[(26)] (30) "Semitrailer" has the same meaning as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
193	[(27)] (31) "Small trailer" means a trailer that has an unladen weight of more than 750
194	pounds, but less than 2,000 pounds.
195	[(28)] (32) "Special equipment" includes a truck mounted crane, cherry picker, material
196	lift, post hole digger, and a utility or service body.
197	[(29)] (33) "Special equipment dealer" means a new or new and used motor vehicle
198	dealer engaged in the business of buying new incomplete motor vehicles with a gross vehicle
199	weight of 12,000 or more pounds and installing special equipment on the incomplete motor
200	vehicle.
201	[(30)] (34) "Trailer" has the same meaning as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
202	[(31)] (35) "Transporter" means a person engaged in the business of transporting motor
203	vehicles as described in Section 41-3-202.
204	[(32)] (36) "Travel trailer" has the same meaning as provided in Section 41-1a-102.
205	[(33)] (37) "Used motor vehicle" means a vehicle that has been titled and registered to
206	a purchaser other than a dealer or has been driven 7,500 or more miles, unless the vehicle is a
207	trailer, or semitrailer, in which case the mileage limit does not apply.
208	[(34)] (38) "Wholesale motor vehicle auction" means a dealer primarily engaged in the
209	business of auctioning consigned motor vehicles to dealers or dismantlers who are licensed by
210	this or any other jurisdiction.
211	Section 4. Section 41-3-103 is amended to read:

212	41-3-103. Exceptions to "dealer" definition Dealer licensed in other state.
213	[Under this chapter:]
214	(1) A person is not considered a dealer under this chapter if the person is:
215	[(1)] (a) [An] an insurance company, bank, finance company, company registered as a
216	title lender under Title 7, Chapter 24, Title Lending Registration Act, or a company registered
217	as a check casher or deferred deposit lender under Title 7, Chapter 23, Check Cashing and
218	Deferred Deposit Lending Registration Act[7];
219	(b) a public utility company[;];
220	(c) a commission impound yard[,];
221	(d) a federal or state [governmental agency, or any] government entity;
222	(e) a political subdivision of [any of them or any other person coming] the state; or
223	(f) a person that:
224	(i) comes into possession of a motor vehicle as an incident to [its] the person's regular
225	business[, that]; and
226	(ii) sells the motor vehicle under <u>a</u> contractual [rights that it may have] right that the
227	person has in the motor vehicle [is not considered a dealer].
228	[(b)] (2) A person who sells or exchanges only those motor vehicles that the person has
229	owned for over 12 months is not considered a dealer <u>under this chapter</u> .
230	[(2)] (3) (a) A person engaged in leasing motor vehicles is not considered as coming
231	into possession of the motor vehicles incident to the person's regular business.
232	(b) A pawnbroker engaged in selling, exchanging, or pawning motor vehicles is
233	considered as coming into possession of the motor vehicles incident to the person's regular
234	business and [must be licensed as a] is required to obtain a used motor vehicle dealer license.
235	[(3)] (4) A person currently licensed as a dealer or salesperson by another state or
236	country and not currently under license suspension or revocation by the administrator may only
237	sell motor vehicles in this state to licensed dealers, dismantlers, or manufacturers, and only at
238	their places of business.
239	(5) An online manufacturer dealer is not considered a dealer under this chapter except
240	as provided in Section 41-3-202.2 or as expressly provided in this chapter.
241	(6) A small manufacturer dealer is not considered a dealer under this chapter except as
242	provided in Section 41-3-202.2 or as expressly provided in this chapter.

243	(7) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this chapter, an online manufacturer
244	salesperson or a small manufacturer salesperson is subject to the same requirements under this
245	chapter as a salesperson.
246	Section 5. Section 41-3-105 is amended to read:
247	41-3-105. Administrator's powers and duties Administrator and investigators
248	to be law enforcement officers.
249	(1) The administrator may make rules to carry out the purposes of this chapter and
250	Sections 41-1a-1001 through 41-1a-1007 according to the procedures and requirements of Title
251	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
252	(2) (a) The administrator may employ clerks, deputies, and assistants necessary to
253	discharge the duties under this chapter and may designate the duties of those clerks, deputies,
254	and assistants.
255	(b) The administrator, assistant administrator, and all investigators shall be law
256	enforcement officers certified by peace officer standards and training as required by Section
257	53-13-103.
258	(3) (a) The administrator may investigate any suspected or alleged violation of:
259	(i) this chapter;
260	(ii) Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act;
261	(iii) any law concerning motor vehicle fraud; or
262	(iv) any rule made by the administrator.
263	(b) The administrator may bring an action in the name of the state against any person to
264	enjoin a violation found under Subsection (3)(a).
265	(4) (a) The administrator may prescribe forms to be used for applications for licenses.
266	(b) The administrator may require information from the applicant concerning the
267	applicant's fitness to be licensed.
268	(c) Each application for a license shall contain:
269	(i) if the applicant is an individual, the name and residence address of the applicant and
270	the trade name, if any, under which the applicant intends to conduct business;
271	(ii) if the applicant is a partnership, the name and residence address of each partner,
272	whether limited or general, and the name under which the partnership business will be
273	conducted;

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- 274 (iii) if the applicant is a corporation, the name of the corporation, and the name and 275 residence address of each of its principal officers and directors; 276 (iv) a complete description of the principal place of business, including: 277 (A) the municipality, with the street and number, if any; (B) if located outside of any municipality, a general description so that the location can 278 279 be determined; and 280 (C) any other places of business operated and maintained by the applicant in 281 conjunction with the principal place of business: 282 (v) (A) if the application is for a new motor vehicle dealer's license, the name of each motor vehicle the applicant has been enfranchised to sell or exchange, and the name and 283 284 address of the manufacturer or distributor who has enfranchised the applicant[-]; and 285 (B) if the application is for a new motor vehicle dealer's license, an online 286 manufacturer dealer license, or a small manufacturer dealer license, the names and addresses of the individuals who will act as salespersons under authority of the license; 287 288 (vi) at least five years of business history; 289 (vii) the federal tax identification number issued to the dealer; and 290 (viii) the sales and use tax license number issued to the dealer under Title 59, Chapter 291 12. Sales and Use Tax Act. 292 (5) The administrator may adopt a seal with the words "Motor Vehicle Enforcement 293 Administrator, State of Utah," to authenticate the acts of the administrator's office. 294 (6) (a) The administrator may require that the licensee erect or post signs or devices on the licensee's principal place of business and any other sites, equipment, or locations operated 295 296 and maintained by the licensee in conjunction with the licensee's business. 297 (b) The signs or devices shall state the licensee's name, principal place of business, 298 type and number of licenses, and any other information that the administrator considers 299 necessary to identify the licensee. 300
 - (c) The administrator may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, determining allowable size and shape of signs or devices, their lettering and other details, and their location.
 - (7) (a) The administrator shall provide for quarterly meetings of the advisory board and may call special meetings.

305	(b) Notices of all meetings shall be sent to each member not fewer than five days prior
306	to the meeting.
307	(8) The administrator, the officers and inspectors of the division designated by the
308	commission, and peace officers shall:
309	(a) make arrests upon view and without warrant for any violation committed in their
310	presence of any of the provisions of this chapter, or Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act;
311	(b) when on duty, upon reasonable belief that a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is
312	being operated in violation of any provision of Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, require
313	the driver of the vehicle to stop, exhibit the person's driver license and the registration card
314	issued for the vehicle and submit to an inspection of the vehicle, the license plates, and
315	registration card;
316	(c) serve all warrants relating to the enforcement of the laws regulating the operation of
317	motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers;
318	(d) investigate traffic accidents and secure testimony of witnesses or persons involved;
319	and
320	(e) investigate reported thefts of motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers.
321	(9) The administrator may contract with a public prosecutor to provide additional
322	prosecution of this chapter.
323	Section 6. Section 41-3-201 is amended to read:
324	41-3-201. Licenses required Restitution Education.
325	(1) As used in this section, "new applicant" means a person who is applying for a
326	license that the person has not been issued during the previous licensing year.
327	(2) A person may not act as any of the following without having procured a license
328	issued by the administrator:
329	(a) a dealer;
330	(b) salvage vehicle buyer;
331	(c) salesperson;
332	(d) manufacturer;
333	(e) transporter;
334	(f) dismantler;
335	(g) distributor;

336	(h) factory branch and representative;
337	(i) distributor branch and representative;
338	(j) crusher;
339	(k) remanufacturer; [or]
340	(l) body shop[-];
341	(m) online manufacturer dealer;
342	(n) online manufacturer salesperson;
343	(o) small manufacturer dealer; or
344	(p) small manufacturer salesperson.
345	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), a person may not bid on or purchase a
346	vehicle with a nonrepairable or salvage certificate as defined in Section 41-1a-1001 at or
347	through a motor vehicle auction unless the person is a licensed salvage vehicle buyer.
348	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), a person may not offer for sale, sell, or
349	exchange a vehicle with a nonrepairable or salvage certificate as defined in Section 41-1a-1001
350	at or through a motor vehicle auction except to a licensed salvage vehicle buyer.
351	(c) A person may offer for sale, sell, or exchange a vehicle with a nonrepairable or
352	salvage certificate as defined in Section 41-1a-1001 at or through a motor vehicle auction:
353	(i) to an out-of-state or out-of-country purchaser not licensed under this section, but
354	that is authorized to do business in the domestic or foreign jurisdiction in which the person is
355	domiciled or registered to do business;
356	(ii) subject to the restrictions in Subsection (3)(d), to an in-state purchaser not licensed
357	under this section that:
358	(A) has a valid business license in Utah; and
359	(B) has a Utah sales tax license; and
360	(iii) to a crusher.
361	(d) (i) An operator of a motor vehicle auction shall verify that an in-state purchaser not
362	licensed under this section has the licenses required in Subsection (3)(c)(ii).
363	(ii) An operator of a motor vehicle auction may only offer for sale, sell, or exchange
364	five vehicles with a salvage certificate as defined in Section 41-1a-1001 at or through a motor
365	vehicle auction in any 12 month period to an in-state purchaser that does not have a salvage
366	vehicle buyer license issued in accordance with Subsection 41-3-202(15).

367	(iii) The five vehicle limitation under this Subsection (3)(d) applies to each Utah sales
368	tax license and not to each person with the authority to use a sales tax license.
369	(iv) An operator of a motor vehicle auction may not sell a vehicle with a nonrepairable
370	certificate as defined in Section 41-1a-1001 to a purchaser otherwise allowed to purchase a
371	vehicle under Subsection (3)(c)(ii).
372	(e) For a vehicle with a salvage certificate purchased under Subsection (3)(c)(ii), an
373	operator of a motor vehicle auction shall:
374	(i) (A) until Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B) applies, make application for a salvage certificate
375	of title on behalf of the Utah purchaser within seven days of the purchase if the purchaser does
376	not have a salvage vehicle buyer license, dealer license, body shop license, or dismantler
377	license issued in accordance with Section 41-3-202; or
378	(B) beginning on or after the date that the Motor Vehicle Division has implemented the
379	Motor Vehicle Division's GenTax system, make application electronically, in a form and time
380	period approved by the Motor Vehicle Division, for a salvage certificate of title to be issued in
381	the name of the purchaser;
382	(ii) give to the purchaser a disclosure printed on a separate piece of paper that states:
383	"THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT MUST BE GIVEN BY THE SELLER TO THE
384	BUYER EVERY TIME THIS VEHICLE IS RESOLD WITH A SALVAGE CERTIFICATE
385	Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)
386	Year: Make: Model:
387	SALVAGE VEHICLENOT FOR RESALE WITHOUT DISCLOSURE
388	WARNING: THIS SALVAGE VEHICLE MAY NOT BE SAFE FOR OPERATION
389	UNLESS PROPERLY REPAIRED. SOME STATES MAY REQUIRE AN INSPECTION
390	BEFORE THIS VEHICLE MAY BE REGISTERED. THE STATE OF UTAH MAY
391	REQUIRE THIS VEHICLE TO BE PERMANENTLY BRANDED AS A REBUILT
392	SALVAGE VEHICLE. OTHER STATES MAY ALSO PERMANENTLY BRAND THE
393	CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.
394	
395	Signature of Purchaser Date"; and
396	(iii) if applicable, provide evidence to the Motor Vehicle Division of:
397	(A) payment of sales taxes on taxable sales in accordance with Section 41-1a-510;

- 398 (B) the identification number inspection required under Section 41-1a-511; and 399 (C) the odometer disclosure statement required under Section 41-1a-902. 400 (f) The Motor Vehicle Division shall include a link to the disclosure statement 401 described in Subsection (3)(e)(ii) on its website. 402 (g) The commission may impose an administrative entrance fee established in 403 accordance with the procedures and requirements of Section 63J-1-504 not to exceed \$10 on a 404 person not holding a license described in Subsection (3)(e)(i) that enters the physical premises 405 of a motor vehicle auction for the purpose of viewing available salvage vehicles prior to an 406 auction. 407 (h) A vehicle sold at or through a motor vehicle auction to an out-of-state purchaser 408 with a nonrepairable or salvage certificate may not be certificated in Utah until the vehicle has 409 been certificated out-of-state. 410 (4) (a) An operator of a motor vehicle auction shall keep a record of the sale of each 411 salvage vehicle. 412 (b) A record described under Subsection (4)(a) shall contain: 413 (i) the purchaser's name and address; and 414 (ii) the year, make, and vehicle identification number for each salvage vehicle sold. 415 (c) An operator of a motor vehicle auction shall: 416 (i) provide the record described in Subsection (4)(a) electronically in a method approved by the division to the division within two business days of the completion of the 417 418 motor vehicle auction; 419 (ii) retain the record described in this Subsection (4) for five years from the date of 420 sale; and 421 (iii) make a record described in this Subsection (4) available for inspection by the 422 division at the location of the motor vehicle auction during normal business hours. 423 (5) (a) If applicable, an operator of a motor vehicle auction shall comply with the 424 reporting requirements of the National Motor Vehicle Title Information System overseen by 425 the United States Department of Justice if the person sells a vehicle with a salvage certificate to
 - (b) The Motor Vehicle Division shall include a link to the National Motor Vehicle Title Information System on its website.

an in-state purchaser under Subsection (3)(c)(ii).

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429	(6) (a) An operator of a motor vehicle auction that sells a salvage vehicle to a person
430	that is an out-of-country buyer shall:
431	(i) stamp on the face of the title so as not to obscure the name, date, or mileage
432	statement the words "FOR EXPORT ONLY" in all capital, black letters; and
433	(ii) stamp in each unused reassignment space on the back of the title the words "FOR
434	EXPORT ONLY."
435	(b) The words "FOR EXPORT ONLY" shall be:
436	(i) at least two inches wide; and
437	(ii) clearly legible.
438	(7) A supplemental license shall be secured by a dealer, online manufacturer dealer,
439	small manufacturer dealer, manufacturer, remanufacturer, transporter, dismantler, crusher, or
440	body shop for each additional place of business maintained by the licensee.
441	(8) (a) A person who has been convicted of any law relating to motor vehicle
442	commerce or motor vehicle fraud may not be issued a license or purchase a vehicle with a
443	salvage or nonrepairable certificate unless full restitution regarding those convictions has been
444	made.
445	(b) An operator of a motor vehicle auction, a dealer, or a consignor may not sell a
446	vehicle with a nonrepairable or salvage certificate to a buyer described in Subsection (8)(a) if
447	the division has informed the operator of the motor vehicle auction, the dealer, or the consignor
448	in writing that the buyer is prohibited from purchasing a vehicle with a nonrepairable or
449	salvage certificate under Subsection (8)(a).
450	(9) (a) The division may not issue a license to a new applicant for a new or used motor
451	vehicle dealer license, a new or used motorcycle dealer license, or a small trailer dealer license
452	unless the new applicant completes an eight-hour orientation class approved by the division
453	that includes education on motor vehicle laws and rules.
454	(b) The approved costs of the orientation class shall be paid by the new applicant.
455	(c) The class shall be completed by the new applicant and the applicant's partners,
456	corporate officers, bond indemnitors, and managers.
457	(d) (i) The division shall approve:
458	(A) providers of the orientation class; and

(B) costs of the orientation class.

460 (ii) A provider of an orientation class shall submit the orientation class curriculum to 461 the division for approval prior to teaching the orientation class. 462 (iii) A provider of an orientation class shall include in the orientation materials: 463 (A) ethics training; 464 (B) motor vehicle title and registration processes: 465 (C) provisions of Title 13, Chapter 5, Unfair Practices Act, relating to motor vehicles; 466 (D) Department of Insurance requirements relating to motor vehicles: (E) Department of Public Safety requirements relating to motor vehicles: 467 468 (F) federal requirements related to motor vehicles as determined by the division; and 469 (G) any required disclosure compliance forms as determined by the division. 470 (10) A person or purchaser described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii): 471 (a) may not purchase more than five salvage vehicles with a nonrepairable or salvage 472 certificate as defined in Section 41-1a-1001 in any 12-month period: (b) may not, without first complying with Section 41-1a-705, offer for sale, sell, or 473 474 exchange more than two vehicles with a salvage certificate as defined in Section 41-1a-1001 in 475 any 12-month period to a person not licensed under this section; and 476 (c) may not, without first complying with Section 41-1a-705, offer for sale, sell, or exchange a vehicle with a nonrepairable certificate as defined in Section 41-1a-1001 to a 477 478 person not licensed under this section. 479 (11) An operator of a motor vehicle auction, a dealer, or a consignor may not sell a vehicle with a nonrepairable or salvage certificate to a buyer described in Subsection (10)(a) if 480 481 the division has informed the operator of the motor vehicle auction, the dealer, or the consignor 482 in writing that the buyer is prohibited from purchasing a vehicle with a nonrepairable or 483 salvage certificate under Subsection (10)(a). 484 Section 7. Section **41-3-201.5** is amended to read: 485 41-3-201.5. Brokering of a new motor vehicle without a license prohibited. (1) (a) A person may not, for a fee, commission, or other form of compensation, 486 487 arrange, offer to arrange, or broker a transaction involving the sale or lease of more than two: 488 (i) new or used motor vehicles in any 12 consecutive month period, unless the person 489 is licensed under Subsection 41-3-202(1), (3), or (4); or 490 (ii) used motor vehicles in any 12 consecutive month period, unless the person is

491	licensed under Subsection 41-3-202(2).
492	(b) Each transaction a person arranges, offers to arrange, or brokers involving the sale
493	or lease of a motor vehicle for a fee, commission, or other form of compensation is a separate
494	violation under this section if:

- (i) the person has for a fee, commission, or other form of compensation, arranged, offered to arrange, or brokered the sale or lease of more than two new or used motor vehicles within the previous 12 consecutive month period; and
 - (ii) the person is not licensed under Subsection 41-3-202(1).
 - (2) A person who violates this section is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
 - Section 8. Section **41-3-201.7** is amended to read:

41-3-201.7. Supplemental license for additional place of business restrictions -- Exception.

- (1) (a) Subject to the requirements of Subsection (2), a supplemental license for an additional place of business issued pursuant to Subsection 41-3-201(7) may only be issued to a dealer if the dealer is:
 - (i) licensed in accordance with Section 41-3-202;
 - (ii) bonded in accordance with Section 41-3-205; and
- (iii) in compliance with existing rules promulgated by the administrator of the division under Section 41-3-105.
- (b) A supplemental license for a permanent additional place of business may only be issued to a used motor vehicle dealer if:
- (i) the dealer independently satisfies the bond requirements under Section 41-3-205 for the permanent additional place of business;
- (ii) the dealer is in compliance with existing rules promulgated by the administrator of the division under Section 41-3-105; and
- (iii) the permanent additional place of business meets all the requirements for a principal place of business.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(c) and (3), a supplemental license for an additional place of business issued pursuant to Subsection 41-3-201(7) for a new motor vehicle dealer may not be issued for an additional place of business that is beyond the geographic specifications outlined as the area of responsibility in the dealer's franchise agreement.

522	(b) A new motor vehicle dealer shall provide the administrator with a copy of the
523	portion of the new motor vehicle dealer's franchise agreement identifying the dealer's area of
524	responsibility before being issued a supplemental license for an additional place of business.
525	(c) The restrictions under Subsections (2)(a) and (b) do not apply to a new motor
526	vehicle dealer if the license for an additional place of business is being issued for the sale of
527	used motor vehicles.
528	(d) This Subsection (2) does not apply to an online manufacturer dealer or a small
529	manufacturer dealer.
530	(3) The provisions of Subsection (2) do not apply if the additional place of business is
531	a trade show or exhibition if:
532	(a) there are five or more dealers participating in the trade show or exhibition; and
533	(b) the trade show or exhibition takes place at a location other than the principal place
534	of business of one of the dealers participating in the trade show or exhibition.
535	(4) A supplemental license for a temporary additional place of business issued to a
536	used motor vehicle dealer may not be for longer than 10 consecutive days.
537	Section 9. Section 41-3-202 is amended to read:
538	41-3-202. Licenses Classes and scope.
539	(1) A new motor vehicle dealer's license permits the licensee to:
540	(a) offer for sale, sell, or exchange new motor vehicles if the licensee possesses a
541	franchise from the manufacturer of the motor vehicle offered for sale, sold, or exchanged by the
542	licensee;
543	(b) offer for sale, sell, or exchange used motor vehicles;
544	(c) operate as a body shop; and
545	(d) dismantle motor vehicles.
546	(2) A used motor vehicle dealer's license permits the licensee to:
547	(a) offer for sale, sell, or exchange used motor vehicles;
548	(b) operate as a body shop; and
549	(c) dismantle motor vehicles.
550	(3) An online manufacturer dealer's license permits the licensee, subject to Section
551	41-3-202.1, to:
552	(a) operate as an online manufacturer dealer;

553	(b) sell or offer to sell, exchange, or offer to exchange a motor vehicle online via an
554	Internet site operated by the licensee and accessed by a final purchaser to complete a sale;
555	(c) offer to sell, offer to exchange, and display a new motor vehicle in person;
556	(d) sell, offer to sell, exchange, or offer to exchange a used motor vehicle that:
557	(i) the licensee obtained in an exchange for a vehicle that the licensee or a
558	wholly-owned subsidiary of the licensee manufactured; or
559	(ii) is a demonstration vehicle with at least 7,500 miles;
560	(e) operate as a body shop; and
561	(f) dismantle a motor vehicle.
562	(4) A small manufacturer dealer's license permits the licensee, subject to Section
563	41-3-202.2, to:
564	(a) operate as a small manufacturer dealer;
565	(b) sell or offer to sell, exchange, or offer to exchange a motor vehicle;
566	(c) operate as a body shop; and
567	(d) dismantle a motor vehicle.
568	[(3)] (5) A new motorcycle, off-highway vehicle, and small trailer dealer's license
569	permits the licensee to:
570	(a) offer for sale, sell, or exchange new motorcycles, off-highway vehicles, or small
571	trailers if the licensee possesses a franchise from the manufacturer of the motorcycle,
572	off-highway vehicle, or small trailer offered for sale, sold, or exchanged by the licensee;
573	(b) offer for sale, sell, or exchange used motorcycles, off-highway vehicles, or small
574	trailers; and
575	(c) dismantle motorcycles, off-highway vehicles, or small trailers.
576	[(4)] (6) A used motorcycle, off-highway vehicle, and small trailer dealer's license
577	permits the licensee to:
578	(a) offer for sale, sell, or exchange used motorcycles, off-highway vehicles, and small
579	trailers; and
580	(b) dismantle motorcycles, off-highway vehicles, or small trailers.
581	[(5)] (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(5)]$ (7) (b), a salesperson's license
582	permits the licensee to act as a motor vehicle salesperson and is valid for employment with
583	only one dealer at a time.

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584 (b) A licensee that has been issued a salesperson's license and that is employed by a 585 dealer that operates as a wholesale motor vehicle auction may be employed by more than one 586 dealer that operates as a wholesale motor vehicle auction at a time. 587 (c) An individual may only hold one of the following licenses at any given time: 588 (i) salesperson; 589 (ii) online manufacturer salesperson; or 590 (iii) small manufacturer salesperson. 591 (8) An online manufacturer salesperson's license permits the licensee to sell, purchase, 592 or exchange, or to negotiate for the sale, purchase, or exchange of, a new motor vehicle for one 593 online manufacturer dealer. 594 (9) A small manufacturer salesperson's license permits the licensee to sell, purchase, or 595 exchange, or to negotiate for the sale, purchase, or exchange of, a new motor vehicle for one 596 small manufacturer dealer. 597 [(6)] (10) (a) A manufacturer's license permits the licensee to construct or assemble 598 motor vehicles subject to registration under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, at an 599 established place of business and to remanufacture motor vehicles. 600 (b) Under rules made by the administrator, the licensee may issue and install vehicle 601 identification numbers on manufactured motor vehicles. 602 (c) The licensee may franchise and appoint dealers to sell manufactured motor vehicles 603 by notifying the division of the franchise or appointment. 604 [(7)] (11) A transporter's license permits the licensee to transport or deliver motor 605 vehicles subject to registration under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, from a 606 manufacturing, assembling, or distributing point or from a dealer, to dealers, distributors, or 607 sales agents of a manufacturer or remanufacturer, to or from detail or repair shops, and to 608 financial institutions or places of storage from points of repossession. 609 [(8)] (12) A dismantler's license permits the licensee to dismantle motor vehicles 610 subject to registration under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, for the purpose of 611 reselling parts or for salvage, or selling dismantled or salvage vehicles to a crusher or other

[(9)] (13) A distributor or factory branch and distributor branch's license permits the

licensee to sell and distribute new motor vehicles, parts, and accessories to their franchised

615	dealers

- [(10)] (14) A representative's license, for factory representatives or distributor representatives permits the licensee to contact the licensee's authorized dealers for the purpose of making or promoting the sale of motor vehicles, parts, and accessories.
- [(11)] (15) (a) (i) A remanufacturer's license permits the licensee to construct, reconstruct, assemble, or reassemble motor vehicles subject to registration under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, from used or new motor vehicles or parts.
- (ii) Evidence of ownership of parts and motor vehicles used in remanufacture shall be available to the division upon demand.
- (b) Under rules made by the administrator, the licensee may issue and install vehicle identification numbers on remanufactured motor vehicles.
- [(12)] (16) A crusher's license permits the licensee to engage in the business of crushing or shredding motor vehicles subject to registration under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, for the purpose of reducing the useable materials and metals to a more compact size for recycling.
- [(13)] (17) A body shop's license permits the licensee to rebuild, restore, repair, or paint primarily the body of motor vehicles damaged by collision or natural disaster, and to dismantle motor vehicles.
 - [(14)] (18) A special equipment dealer's license permits the licensee to:
- (a) buy incomplete new motor vehicles with a gross vehicle weight of 12,000 or more pounds from a new motor vehicle dealer and sell the new vehicle with the special equipment installed without a franchise from the manufacturer;
 - (b) offer for sale, sell, or exchange used motor vehicles;
 - (c) operate as a body shop; and
 - (d) dismantle motor vehicles.
- [(15)] (19) (a) A salvage vehicle buyer license permits the licensee to bid on or purchase a vehicle with a salvage certificate as defined in Section 41-1a-1001 at any motor vehicle auction.
- (b) A salvage vehicle buyer license may only be issued to a motor vehicle dealer, dismantler, or body shop who qualifies under rules made by the division and is licensed in any state as a motor vehicle dealer, dismantler, or body shop.

646	(c) The division may not issue more than two salvage vehicle buyer licenses to any one
647	dealer, dismantler, or body shop.
648	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
649	administrator shall make rules establishing qualifications of an applicant for a salvage vehicle
650	buyer license. The criteria shall include:
651	(i) business history;
652	(ii) salvage vehicle qualifications;
653	(iii) ability to properly handle and dispose of environmental hazardous materials
654	associated with salvage vehicles; and
655	(iv) record in demonstrating compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
656	Section 10. Section 41-3-202.1 is enacted to read:
657	41-3-202.1. Online manufacturer dealer license.
658	(1) As used in this section:
659	(a) "Affiliated franchisor" means a person that is owned or controlled, wholly or in
660	part, by a manufacturer with an unaffiliated franchisee anywhere in the United States.
661	(b) "Franchisee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-14-102.
662	(c) "Unaffiliated franchisee" means a franchisee or dealer that is owned or controlled,
663	wholly or in part, by a person that is not:
664	(i) an online manufacturer dealer or a small manufacturer dealer; or
665	(ii) the parent entity of an online manufacturer dealer or small manufacturer dealer that
666	owns the franchisee or dealer as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the parent entity.
667	(2) An online manufacturer dealer may apply to the administrator under Section
668	41-3-105 for an online manufacturer dealer license via the same procedure described in Section
669	41-3-201 for a dealer license.
670	(3) Except as expressly provided, an online manufacturer dealer is subject to the
671	requirements of this chapter for a dealer under:
672	(a) Section 41-3-203;
673	(b) Section 41-3-205.5
674	(c) Section 41-3-206;
675	(d) Section 41-3-211;
676	(e) Part 3, Temporary Permits;

677	(f) Part 4, Disclosure Requirements;
678	(g) Part 5, Special Dealer License Plates; and
679	(h) Part 7, Penalties.
680	(4) An online manufacturer dealer may not:
681	(a) sell or exchange a new motor vehicle in person;
682	(b) sell from the online manufacturer dealer's inventory;
683	(c) sell a demonstration vehicle that has less than 7,500 miles;
684	(d) have or have had:
685	(i) an affiliated franchisor; or
686	(ii) an unaffiliated franchisee; or
687	(e) sell a recreational vehicle.
688	(5) An online manufacturer dealer shall designate, at minimum, one person in the state
689	to act as the online manufacturer dealer's authorized service center for the purpose of warranty
690	service repairs.
691	Section 11. Section 41-3-202.2 is enacted to read:
692	41-3-202.2. Small manufacturer dealer license.
693	(1) As used in this section:
694	(a) "Affiliated franchisor" means a person that is owned or controlled, wholly or in
695	part, by a manufacturer with an unaffiliated franchisee anywhere in the United States.
696	(b) "Franchisee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-14-102.
697	(c) "Unaffiliated franchisee" means a franchisee or dealer that is owned or controlled,
698	wholly or in part, by a person that is not:
699	(i) an online manufacturer dealer or a small manufacturer dealer; or
700	(ii) the parent entity of an online manufacturer dealer or small manufacturer dealer that
701	owns the franchisee or dealer as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the parent entity.
702	(2) A small manufacturer dealer may apply to the administrator under Section 41-3-105
703	for a small manufacturer dealer license via the same procedure described in Section 41-3-201
704	for a dealer license.
705	(3) Except as expressly provided, a small manufacturer dealer is subject to the
706	requirements of this chapter for a dealer under:
707	(a) Section 41-3-203;

708	(b) Section 41-3-205.5
709	(c) Section 41-3-206;
710	(d) Section 41-3-211;
711	(e) Part 3, Temporary Permits;
712	(f) Part 4, Disclosure Requirements;
713	(g) Part 5, Special Dealer License Plates; and
714	(h) Part 7, Penalties.
715	(4) A small manufacturer dealer may display a motor vehicle that the small
716	manufacturer dealer manufactured for the purpose of a test drive.
717	(5) A small manufacturer dealer may sell a vehicle the small manufacturer dealer
718	manufactured via a consignment sale under Part 8, Consignment Sales Act.
719	(6) A small manufacturer dealer may not:
720	(a) have or have had:
721	(i) an affiliated franchisor; or
722	(ii) an unaffiliated franchisee; or
723	(b) sell a recreational vehicle.
724	(7) A small manufacturer dealer shall designate, at minimum, one person in the state to
725	act as the small manufacturer dealer's authorized service center for the purpose of warranty
726	service repairs.
727	Section 12. Section 41-3-204 is amended to read:
728	41-3-204. Licenses Principal place of business as prerequisite Change of
729	location Relinquishment on loss of principal place of business.
730	(1) (a) The following licensees must maintain a principal place of business:
731	(i) dealers;
732	(ii) an online manufacturer dealer as provided in Subsection (3);
733	(iii) a small manufacturer dealer;
734	[(ii)] (iv) special equipment dealers;
735	[(iii)] (v) manufacturers;
736	[(iv)] (vi) transporters;
737	[(v)] <u>(vii)</u> remanufacturers;
738	[(vi)] <u>(viii)</u> dismantlers;

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739	[(vii)] <u>(ix)</u> crushers;
740	$[\frac{(viii)}{(x)}]$ (x) body shops; and
741	[(ix)] (xi) distributors who:
742	(A) are located within the state; or
743	(B) have a branch office within the state.
744	(b) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (4), the administrator may not issue a
745	license under Subsection (1)(a) to an applicant who does not have a principal place of business
746	(c) If a licensee changes the location of his principal place of business, he shall
747	immediately notify the administrator and a new license shall be granted for the unexpired
748	portion of the term of the original license at no additional fee.
749	(2) (a) If a licensee loses possession of a principal place of business, the license is
750	automatically suspended and he shall immediately notify the administrator and upon demand
751	by the administrator deliver the license, pocket cards, special plates, and temporary permits to
752	the administrator.
753	(b) The administrator shall hold the licenses, cards, plates, and permits until the
754	licensee obtains a principal place of business.
755	(3) The physical location in the state where an online manufacturer dealer displays a
756	vehicle for sale is the online manufacturer dealer's principal place of business for the purpose
757	of this chapter.
758	Section 13. Section 41-3-205 is amended to read:
759	41-3-205. Licenses Bonds required Maximum liability Action against
760	surety Loss of bond.
761	(1) (a) Before a dealer's, online manufacturer dealer's, small manufacturer dealer's,
762	special equipment dealer's, crusher's, or body shop's license is issued, the applicant shall file
763	with the administrator a corporate surety bond in the amount of:
764	[(i) \$50,000 until June 30, 2006, and \$75,000 on or after July 1, 2006,]
765	(i) \$75,000 for a motor vehicle dealer's license, online manufacturer dealer's license, or
766	small manufacturer dealer's license;
767	[(ii) \$20,000 until June 30, 2006, and \$75,000 on or after July 1, 2006,]
768	(ii) \$75,000 for a special equipment dealer's license;

(iii) \$10,000 for a motorcycle, off-highway vehicle, or small trailer dealer's or crusher's

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- 771 (iv) \$20,000 for a body shop's license.
- 772 (b) The corporate surety shall be licensed to do business within the state and have a rating of at least B+ by the A.M. Best Company.
 - (c) The form of the bond:
- (i) shall be approved by the attorney general;
- 776 (ii) shall be conditioned upon the applicant's conducting business as a dealer, online 777 manufacturer dealer, or small manufacturer dealer without:
- 778 (A) fraud;
- (B) fraudulent representation;
 - (C) violating Subsection 41-3-301(1) which requires a dealer to submit or deliver a certificate of title or manufacturer's certificate of origin; or
- 782 (D) violating Subsection 41-3-402(1) which requires payoff of liens on motor vehicles 783 traded in; and
 - (iii) may be continuous in form.
 - (d) The total aggregate liability on the bond to all persons making claims, regardless of the number of claimants or the number of years a bond remains in force, may not exceed the amount of the bond.
 - (2) (a) A cause of action under Subsection (1) may not be maintained against a surety unless:
 - (i) a claim is filed in writing with the administrator within one year after the cause of action arose; and
 - (ii) the action is commenced within two years after the claim was filed with the administrator.
 - (b) The surety or principal shall notify the administrator if a claim on the bond is successfully prosecuted or settled against the surety or principal.
 - (3) (a) A surety or principal may not make a payment on a surety bond to any claimant until six months have expired from the date when the first claim on the bond was filed with the surety or principal in writing.
- 799 (b) After six months have expired following the filing of the first bond claim, the surety or principal shall:

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801	(i) assess the validity of all claims on the bond; and
802	(ii) submit a distribution assessment determined in accordance with Subsection (3)(c)
803	regarding the bond proceeds to the claimants of valid claims for approval.
804	(c) (i) If the total verifiable claims on the bond are less than the bond amount, then
805	each bond claimant shall be entitled to the full amount of a valid claim.
806	(ii) If the total verifiable claims exceed the bond amount, then the proceeds shall be
807	distributed pro rata to the bond claimants of valid claims.
808	(d) If the distribution assessment under Subsection (3)(b) is not unanimously approved
809	by the claimants of all valid claims on the bond, the principal or surety shall file an interpleader
810	action in the state district court where the defaulting [dealer was] person subject to the bond is
811	licensed.
812	(4) (a) A person making a claim on the bond shall be awarded attorney fees in cases
813	successfully prosecuted or settled against the surety or principal if the bond has not been
814	depleted.
815	(b) A surety or principal may not be awarded attorney fees that exceed \$2,500 for an
816	interpleader action filed under Subsection (3)(d).
817	(5) (a) (i) If a person who is a dealer, online manufacturer dealer, small manufacturer
818	dealer, body shop, or crusher loses possession of the bond required by this chapter, the [dealer,
819	body shop, or crusher] person's license is automatically suspended.
820	(ii) All licenses, pocket cards, temporary permits, and special plates issued to the
821	licensee shall be immediately returned to the administrator.
822	(b) A dealer, online manufacturer dealer, small manufacturer dealer, body shop, or
823	crusher may not continue to use or permit to be used licenses, pocket cards, temporary permits,
824	or special plates until the required bond is on file with the administrator and the license has
825	been reinstated.
826	(6) A representative or consignee of a [dealer] person who is a dealer, online
827	manufacturer dealer, or small manufacturer dealer is not required to file a bond if the [dealer

Section 14. Section **41-3-209** is amended to read:

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this chapter.

41-3-209. Administrator's findings -- Suspension and revocation of license.

for whom the representative or consignee acts] person fully complies with the provisions of

832	(1) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license, a
833	license may not be granted.
834	[(2) (a) On December 1, 2010, the administrator shall suspend the license of a
835	salesperson who fails to submit to the division fingerprints as required under Subsection
836	41-3-205.5(1)(b) on or before November 30, 2010.]
837	[(b)] (2) (a) If the administrator finds that there is reasonable cause to deny, suspend, or
838	revoke a license issued under this chapter, the administrator shall deny, suspend, or revoke the
839	license.
840	[(c)] (b) Reasonable cause for denial, suspension, or revocation of a license includes, in
841	relation to the applicant or license holder or any of its partners, officers, or directors:
842	(i) lack of a principal place of business;
843	(ii) lack of a sales tax license required under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax
844	Act;
845	(iii) lack of a bond in effect as required by this chapter;
846	(iv) current revocation or suspension of a dealer, online manufacturer dealer, small
847	manufacturer dealer, dismantler, auction, [or] salesperson, online manufacturer dealer
848	salesperson, or small manufacturer salesperson license issued in another state;
849	(v) nonpayment of required fees;
850	(vi) making a false statement on any application for a license under this chapter or for
851	special license plates;
852	(vii) a violation of any state or federal law involving motor vehicles;
853	(viii) a violation of any state or federal law involving controlled substances;
854	(ix) charges filed with any county attorney, district attorney, or U.S. attorney in any
855	court of competent jurisdiction for a violation of any state or federal law involving motor
856	vehicles;
857	(x) a violation of any state or federal law involving fraud;
858	(xi) a violation of any state or federal law involving a registerable sex offense under
859	Section 77-41-106; [or]
860	(xii) having had a license issued under this chapter revoked within five years from the
861	date of application[:];
862	(xiii) a violation by an online manufacturer dealer of a requirement of this chapter; or

863	(xiv) a violation by a small manufacturer dealer of a requirement of this chapter.
864	(d) Any action taken by the administrator under Subsection (2)[(e)](b)(ix) shall remain
865	in effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are dropped.
866	(3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under
867	this section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the
868	denial.
869	(4) If the administrator finds that the license holder has been convicted by a court of
870	competent jurisdiction of violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules made by
871	the administrator, or finds other reasonable cause, the administrator may, by complying with
872	the emergency procedures of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act:
873	(a) suspend the license on terms and for a period of time the administrator finds
874	reasonable; or
875	(b) revoke the license.
876	(5) (a) After suspending or revoking a license, the administrator may take reasonable
877	action to:
878	(i) notify the public that the licensee is no longer in business; and
879	(ii) prevent the former licensee from violating the law by conducting business without
880	a license.
881	(b) Action under Subsection (5)(a) may include signs, banners, barriers, locks,
882	bulletins, and notices.
883	(c) Any business being conducted incidental to the business for which the former
884	licensee was licensed may continue to operate subject to the preventive action taken under this
885	subsection.
886	Section 15. Section 41-3-210 is amended to read:
887	41-3-210. License holders Prohibitions and requirements.
888	(1) The holder of any license issued under this chapter may not:
889	(a) intentionally publish, display, or circulate any advertising that is misleading or
890	inaccurate in any material fact or that misrepresents any of the products sold, manufactured,
891	remanufactured, handled, or furnished by a licensee;
892	(b) intentionally publish, display, or circulate any advertising without identifying the
893	seller as the licensee by including in the advertisement the full name under which the licensee

is licensed or the licensee's number assigned by the division;

- (c) violate this chapter or the rules made by the administrator;
- (d) violate any law of the state respecting commerce in motor vehicles or any rule respecting commerce in motor vehicles made by any licensing or regulating authority of the state;
- (e) engage in business as a new motor vehicle dealer, <u>online manufacturer dealer, small</u> <u>manufacturer dealer</u>, special equipment dealer, used motor vehicle dealer, motor vehicle crusher, or body shop without having in effect a bond as required in this chapter;
- (f) act as a dealer, <u>online manufacturer dealer</u>, <u>small manufacturer dealer</u>, dismantler, crusher, manufacturer, transporter, remanufacturer, or body shop without maintaining a principal place of business;
- (g) engage in a business respecting the selling or exchanging of new or new and used motor vehicles for which [he] the holder of a license is not licensed, including, except for an online manufacturer dealer or a small manufacturer dealer, selling or exchanging a new motor vehicle for which the licensee does not have a franchise, but this Subsection (1)(g) does not apply to a special equipment dealer who sells a new special equipment motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 12,000 or more pounds after installing special equipment on the motor vehicle;
- (h) dismantle or transport to a crusher for crushing or other disposition any motor vehicle without first obtaining a dismantling or junk permit under Section 41-1a-1009, 41-1a-1010, or 41-1a-1011;
- (i) as a new motor vehicle dealer, <u>online manufacturer dealer</u>, <u>small manufacturer</u> <u>dealer</u>, special equipment dealer, or used motor vehicle dealer fail to give notice of sales or transfers as required in Section 41-3-301;
- (j) advertise or otherwise represent, or knowingly allow to be advertised or represented on his behalf or at his place of business, that no down payment is required in connection with the sale of a motor vehicle when a down payment is required and the buyer is advised or induced to finance a down payment by a loan in addition to any other loan financing the remainder of the purchase price of the motor vehicle;
- (k) as a crusher, crush or shred a motor vehicle brought to the crusher without obtaining proper evidence of ownership of the motor vehicle; proper evidence of ownership is

925	a certificate of title endorsed according to law or a dismantling or junk permit issued under
926	Section 41-1a-1009, 41-1a-1010, or 41-1a-1011;

- (l) as a manufacturer or remanufacturer assemble a motor vehicle that does not comply with construction, safety, or vehicle identification number standards fixed by law or rule of any licensing or regulating authority;
- (m) as anyone other than a salesperson licensed under this chapter, be present on a dealer display space and contact prospective customers to promote the sale of the dealer's vehicles;
- (n) sell, display for sale, or offer for sale motor vehicles at any location other than the principal place of business or additional places of business licensed under this chapter; this provision is construed to prevent dealers, salespersons, or any other representative of a dealership from selling, displaying, or offering motor vehicles for sale from their homes or other unlicensed locations:
- (o) [(i)] <u>maintain</u>, as a dealer, <u>online manufacturer dealer</u>, <u>small manufacturer dealer</u>, dismantler, body shop, or manufacturer[, maintain]:
- (i) a principal place of business or additional place of business that shares any common area with a business or activity not directly related to motor vehicle commerce; or
- (ii) [maintain any places] <u>a place</u> of business that [share any] <u>shares a</u> common area with [another dealer] <u>a different dealer</u>, online manufacturer dealer, small manufacturer dealer, dismantler, body shop, or manufacturer;
- (p) withhold delivery of license plates obtained by the licensee on behalf of a customer for any reason, including nonpayment of any portion of the vehicle purchase price or down payment;
 - (q) issue a temporary permit for any vehicle that has not been sold by the licensee;
 - (r) alter a temporary permit in any manner;
- (s) operate any principal place of business or additional place of business in a location that does not comply with local ordinances, including zoning ordinances;
- (t) sell, display for sale, offer for sale, or exchange any new motor vehicle if the licensee does not:
- (i) (A) have a new motor vehicle dealer's license under Section 41-3-202; and [(ii)] (B) possess a franchise from the manufacturer of the new motor vehicle sold,

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- displayed for sale, offered for sale, or exchanged by the licensee; or
- 957 (ii) have an online manufacturer dealer or a small manufacturer dealer license under 958 Section 41-3-202; or
 - (u) as a new motor vehicle dealer [or], online manufacturer dealer, small manufacturer dealer, or used motor vehicle dealer, encourage or conspire with any person who has not obtained a salesperson's license to solicit for prospective purchasers.
 - (2) (a) If a new motor vehicle is constructed in more than one stage, such as a motor home, ambulance, or van conversion, the licensee shall advertise, represent, sell, and exchange the vehicle as the make designated by the final stage manufacturer, [except in those specific situations where] unless:
 - (i) the licensee possesses a franchise from the initial or first stage manufacturer, presumably the manufacturer of the motor vehicle's chassis[-]; or
 - (ii) the licensee manufactured the initial or first stage of the motor vehicle.
 - (b) Sales of multiple stage manufactured motor vehicles shall include the transfer to the purchaser of a valid manufacturer's statement or certificate of origin from each manufacturer under Section 41-3-301.
 - (3) Each licensee, except salespersons, shall maintain and make available for inspection by peace officers and employees of the division:
 - (a) a record of every motor vehicle bought, or exchanged by the licensee or received or accepted by the licensee for sale or exchange;
 - (b) a record of every used part or used accessory bought or otherwise acquired;
 - (c) a record of every motor vehicle bought or otherwise acquired and wrecked or dismantled by the licensee;
 - (d) all buyers' orders, contracts, odometer statements, temporary permit records, financing records, and all other documents related to the purchase, sale, or consignment of motor vehicles; and
 - (e) a record of the name and address of the person to whom any motor vehicle or motor vehicle body, chassis, or motor vehicle engine is sold or otherwise disposed of and a description of the motor vehicle by year, make, and vehicle identification number.
 - (4) Each licensee required by this chapter to keep records shall:
 - (a) be kept by the licensee at least for five years; and

- (b) furnish copies of those records upon request to any peace officer or employee of the division during reasonable business hours.
- (5) A manufacturer, distributor, distributor representative, or factory representative may not induce or attempt to induce by means of coercion, intimidation, or discrimination any dealer to:
- (a) accept delivery of any motor vehicle, parts, or accessories or any other commodity or commodities, including advertising material not ordered by the dealer;
- (b) order or accept delivery of any motor vehicle with special features, appliances, accessories, or equipment not included in the list price of the motor vehicle as publicly advertised by the manufacturer;
- (c) order from any person any parts, accessories, equipment, machinery, tools, appliances, or any other commodity;
- (d) enter into an agreement with the manufacturer, distributor, distributor representative, or factory representative of any of them, or to do any other act unfair to the dealer by threatening to cancel any franchise or contractual agreement between the manufacturer, distributor, distributor branch, or factory branch and the dealer;
- (e) refuse to deliver to any dealer having a franchise or contractual arrangement for the retail sale of new and unused motor vehicles sold or distributed by the manufacturer, distributor, distributor branch or factory branch, any motor vehicle, publicly advertised for immediate delivery within 60 days after the dealer's order is received; or
- (f) unfairly, without regard to the equities of the dealer, cancel the franchise of any motor vehicle dealer; the nonrenewal of a franchise or selling agreement without cause is a violation of this subsection and is an unfair cancellation.
- (6) A dealer, online manufacturer dealer, or small manufacturer dealer may not assist an unlicensed dealer or salesperson in unlawful activity through active or passive participation in sales, or by allowing use of his facilities or dealer license number, or by any other means.
- (7) (a) The holder of any new motor vehicle dealer license issued under this chapter may not sell any new motor vehicle to:
- (i) another dealer licensed under this chapter who does not hold a valid franchise for the [make] line-make of new motor vehicles sold, unless the selling dealer licenses and titles the new motor vehicle to the purchasing dealer; or

- (ii) any motor vehicle leasing or rental company located within this state, or who has any branch office within this state, unless the dealer licenses and titles the new motor vehicle to the purchasing, leasing, or rental company.
 - (b) Subsection (7)(a)(i) does not apply to the sale of a new incomplete motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 12,000 or more pounds to a special equipment dealer licensed under this chapter.
- (8) A dealer licensed under this chapter may not take on consignment any new motor vehicle from anyone other than a new motor vehicle dealer, factory, or distributor who is licensed and franchised, or otherwise authorized, to distribute or sell that make of motor vehicle in this or any other state.
- (9) A body shop licensed under this chapter may not assist an unlicensed body shop in unlawful activity through active or passive means or by allowing use of its facilities, name, body shop number, or by any other means.
- (10) A used motor vehicle dealer licensed under this chapter may not advertise, offer for sale, or sell a new motor vehicle that has been driven less than 7,500 miles by obtaining a title only to the vehicle and representing it as a used motor vehicle.
- (11) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(c), or in cases of undue hardship or emergency as provided by rule by the division, a dealer or salesperson licensed under this chapter may not, on consecutive days of Saturday and Sunday, sell, offer for sale, lease, or offer for lease a motor vehicle.
- (b) Each day a motor vehicle is sold, offered for sale, leased, or offered for lease in violation of Subsection (11)(a) and each motor vehicle sold, offered for sale, leased, or offered for lease in violation of Subsection (11)(a) shall constitute a separate offense.
- (c) The provisions of Subsection (11)(a) shall not apply to a dealer participating in a trade show or exhibition if:
 - (i) there are five or more dealers participating in the trade show or exhibition; and
- (ii) the trade show or exhibition takes place at a location other than the principal place of business of one of the dealers participating in the trade show or exhibition.
- (12) For purposes of imposing the sales and use tax under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, a licensee issuing a temporary permit under Section 41-3-302 shall separately identify the fees required by Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act.

1049	(13) (a) A dismantler or dealer engaged in the business of dismantling motor vehicles
1050	for the sale of parts or salvage shall identify any vehicles or equipment used by the dismantler
1051	or dealer for transporting parts or salvage on the highways.
1052	(b) The identification required under Subsection (13)(a) shall:
1053	(i) include the name, address, and license number of the dismantler or dealer; and
1054	(ii) be conspicuously displayed on both sides of the vehicle or equipment in clearly
1055	legible letters and numerals not less than two inches in height.
1056	Section 16. Section 41-3-601 is amended to read:
1057	41-3-601. Fees.
1058	(1) The administrator shall collect fees determined by the commission under Section
1059	63J-1-504 for each of the following:
1060	(a) new motor vehicle dealer's license;
1061	(b) used motor vehicle dealer's license;
1062	(c) online manufacturer dealer's license;
1063	(d) small manufacturer dealer's license;
1064	[(c)] (e) new motorcycle, off-highway vehicle, and small trailer dealer;
1065	[(d)] (f) used motorcycle, off-highway vehicle, and small trailer dealer;
1066	[(e)] (g) motor vehicle salesperson's license;
1067	[(f)] (h) motor vehicle salesperson's transfer or reissue fee;
1068	(i) online manufacturer salesperson's license;
1069	(j) small manufacturer salesperson's license;
1070	[(g)] <u>(k)</u> motor vehicle manufacturer's license;
1071	[(h)] (1) motor vehicle transporter's license;
1072	[(i)] (m) motor vehicle dismantler's license;
1073	[(j)] <u>(n)</u> motor vehicle crusher's license;
1074	[(k)] (o) motor vehicle remanufacturer's license;
1075	[(1)] (p) body shop's license;
1076	[(m)] (q) distributor or factory branch and distributor branch's license;
1077	[(n)] <u>(r)</u> representative's license;
1078	[(o)] <u>(s)</u> dealer plates;
1079	[(p)] <u>(t)</u> dismantler plates;

1080	[(q)] <u>(u)</u> manufacturer plates;
1081	$\left[\frac{(\mathbf{r})}{(\mathbf{v})}\right]$ transporter plates;
1082	[(s)] (w) damaged plate replacement;
1083	[(t)] (x) in-transit permits;
1084	[(u)] (y) loaded demonstration permits;
1085	[v) (z) additional place of business;
1086	[(w)] (aa) special equipment dealer's license;
1087	[(x)] (bb) temporary permits; and
1088	[(y)] <u>(cc)</u> temporary sports event registration certificates.
1089	(2) (a) To pay for training certified vehicle inspectors and enforcement under Sections
1090	41-1a-1001 through 41-1a-1008, the State Tax Commission shall establish and the
1091	administrator shall collect inspection fees determined by the commission under Section
1092	63J-1-504.
1093	(b) The division shall use fees collected under Subsection (2)(a) as dedicated credits to
1094	be used toward the costs of the division.
1095	(3) (a) At the time of application, the administrator shall collect a fee of \$200 for each
1096	salvage vehicle buyer license.
1097	(b) The administrator may retain a portion of the fee under Subsection (3)(a) to offset
1098	the administrator's actual costs of administering and enforcing salvage vehicle buyer licenses.
1099	(4) A fee imposed under Subsection (1)(x) or (y):
1100	(a) shall be deposited into the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division Temporary Permit
1101	Restricted Account created by Section 41-3-110; and
1102	(b) is not subject to Subsection 63J-2-202(2).
1103	Section 17. Section 41-3-802 is amended to read:
1104	41-3-802. Definitions.
1105	As used in this part:
1106	(1) (a) "Consignee" means a dealer who accepts vehicles for sale under an agreement
1107	that the dealer will pay the consignor for any sold vehicle and will return any unsold vehicles.
1108	(b) "Consignee" includes a person authorized by a small manufacturer dealer to act as a
1109	cosignee for a vehicle manufactured by the small manufacturer dealer.
1110	[(b)] (c) "Consignee" does not include a wholesale motor vehicle auction.

1111	(2) "Consignor" means a person who places a vehicle with a consignee for
1112	consignment sale.
1113	Section 18. Section 59-12-107 is amended to read:
1114	59-12-107. Definitions Collection, remittance, and payment of tax by sellers or
1115	other persons Returns Reports Direct payment by purchaser of vehicle Other
1116	liability for collection Rulemaking authority Credits Treatment of bad debt
1117	Penalties and interest.
1118	(1) As used in this section:
1119	(a) "Ownership" means direct ownership or indirect ownership through a parent,
1120	subsidiary, or affiliate.
1121	(b) "Related seller" means a seller that:
1122	(i) meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
1123	(ii) delivers tangible personal property, a service, or a product transferred electronically
1124	that is sold:
1125	(A) by a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
1126	(2)(a)(i); and
1127	(B) to a purchaser in the state.
1128	(c) "Substantial ownership interest" means an ownership interest in a business entity if
1129	that ownership interest is greater than the degree of ownership of equity interest specified in 15
1130	U.S.C. Sec. 78p, with respect to a person other than a director or an officer.
1131	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), Section 59-12-107.1, or Section
1132	59-12-123, and subject to Subsection (2)(f), each seller shall pay or collect and remit the sales
1133	and use taxes imposed by this chapter if within this state the seller:
1134	(i) has or utilizes:
1135	(A) an office;
1136	(B) a distribution house;
1137	(C) a sales house;
1138	(D) a warehouse;
1139	(E) a service enterprise; or
1140	(F) a place of business similar to Subsections (2)(a)(i)(A) through (E);
1141	(ii) maintains a stock of goods;

1142	(iii) regularly solicits orders, regardless of whether or not the orders are accepted in the
1143	state, unless the seller's only activity in the state is:
1144	(A) advertising; or
1145	(B) solicitation by:
1146	(I) direct mail;
1147	(II) electronic mail;
1148	(III) the Internet;
1149	(IV) telecommunications service; or
1150	(V) a means similar to Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A) or (B);
1151	(iv) regularly engages in the delivery of property in the state other than by:
1152	(A) common carrier; or
1153	(B) United States mail; or
1154	(v) regularly engages in an activity directly related to the leasing or servicing of
1155	property located within the state.
1156	(b) A seller is considered to be engaged in the business of selling tangible personal
1157	property, a service, or a product transferred electronically for use in the state, and shall pay or
1158	collect and remit the sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter if:
1159	(i) the seller holds a substantial ownership interest in, or is owned in whole or in
1160	substantial part by, a related seller; and
1161	(ii) (A) the seller sells the same or a substantially similar line of products as the related
1162	seller and does so under the same or a substantially similar business name; or
1163	(B) the place of business described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) of the related seller or an in
1164	state employee of the related seller is used to advertise, promote, or facilitate sales by the seller
1165	to a purchaser.
1166	(c) A seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria provided for in Subsection
1167	(2)(a) or is not a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection
1168	(2)(b):
1169	(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(ii), may voluntarily:
1170	(A) collect a tax on a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); and
1171	(B) remit the tax to the commission as provided in this part; or
1172	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (2)(c)(i), shall collect a tax on a transaction described

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        in Subsection 59-12-103(1) if Section 59-12-103.1 requires the seller to collect the tax.
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                (d) The collection and remittance of a tax under this chapter by a seller that is
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        registered under the agreement may not be used as a factor in determining whether that seller is
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        required by Subsection (2) to:
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                (i) pay a tax, fee, or charge under:
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                (A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
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                (B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
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                (C) Section 19-6-714:
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                (D) Section 19-6-805;
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                (E) Section 69-2-5;
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                (F) Section 69-2-5.5;
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                (G) Section 69-2-5.6; or
                (H) this title: or
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                (ii) collect and remit a tax, fee, or charge under:
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                (A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
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                (B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
                (C) Section 19-6-714;
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                (D) Section 19-6-805;
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                (E) Section 69-2-5;
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                (F) Section 69-2-5.5;
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                (G) Section 69-2-5.6; or
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                (H) this title.
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                (e) A person shall pay a use tax imposed by this chapter on a transaction described in
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        Subsection 59-12-103(1) if:
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                (i) the seller did not collect a tax imposed by this chapter on the transaction; and
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                (ii) the person:
                (A) stores the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the
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        state;
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                (B) uses the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the state;
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        or
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                (C) consumes the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the
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1204 state.

- (f) The ownership of property that is located at the premises of a printer's facility with which the retailer has contracted for printing and that consists of the final printed product, property that becomes a part of the final printed product, or copy from which the printed product is produced, shall not result in the retailer being considered to have or maintain an office, distribution house, sales house, warehouse, service enterprise, or other place of business, or to maintain a stock of goods, within this state.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Section 59-12-107.1, a tax under this chapter shall be collected from a purchaser.
- (b) A seller may not collect as tax an amount, without regard to fractional parts of one cent, in excess of the tax computed at the rates prescribed by this chapter.
 - (c) (i) Each seller shall:
 - (A) give the purchaser a receipt for the tax collected; or
- (B) bill the tax as a separate item and declare the name of this state and the seller's sales and use tax license number on the invoice for the sale.
- (ii) The receipt or invoice is prima facie evidence that the seller has collected the tax and relieves the purchaser of the liability for reporting the tax to the commission as a consumer.
- (d) A seller is not required to maintain a separate account for the tax collected, but is considered to be a person charged with receipt, safekeeping, and transfer of public money.
- (e) Taxes collected by a seller pursuant to this chapter shall be held in trust for the benefit of the state and for payment to the commission in the manner and at the time provided for in this chapter.
- (f) If any seller, during any reporting period, collects as a tax an amount in excess of the lawful state and local percentage of total taxable sales allowed under this chapter, the seller shall remit to the commission the full amount of the tax imposed under this chapter, plus any excess.
- (g) If the accounting methods regularly employed by the seller in the transaction of the seller's business are such that reports of sales made during a calendar month or quarterly period will impose unnecessary hardships, the commission may accept reports at intervals that will, in the commission's opinion, better suit the convenience of the taxpayer or seller and will not

jeopardize collection of the tax.

- (h) (i) For a purchase paid with specie legal tender as defined in Section 59-1-1501.1, and until such time as the commission accepts specie legal tender for the payment of a tax under this chapter, if the commission requires a seller to remit a tax under this chapter in legal tender other than specie legal tender, the seller shall state on the seller's books and records and on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser:
- (A) the purchase price in specie legal tender and in the legal tender the seller is required to remit to the commission;
- (B) subject to Subsection (3)(h)(ii), the amount of tax due under this chapter in specie legal tender and in the legal tender the seller is required to remit to the commission;
 - (C) the tax rate under this chapter applicable to the purchase; and
 - (D) the date of the purchase.
- (ii) (A) Subject to Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B), for purposes of determining the amount of tax due under Subsection (3)(h)(i), a seller shall use the most recent London fixing price for the specie legal tender the purchaser paid.
- (B) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules for determining the amount of tax due under Subsection (3)(h)(i) if the London fixing price is not available for a particular day.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (5) through (7) and Section 59-12-108, the sales or use tax imposed by this chapter is due and payable to the commission quarterly on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each calendar quarterly period.
- (b) (i) Each seller shall, on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each calendar quarterly period, file with the commission a return for the preceding quarterly period.
- (ii) The seller shall remit with the return under Subsection (4)(b)(i) the amount of the tax required under this chapter to be collected or paid for the period covered by the return.
- (c) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), a return shall contain information and be in a form the commission prescribes by rule.
- (d) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(d)(ii), the sales tax as computed in the return shall be based on the total nonexempt sales made during the period for which the return is filed, including both cash and charge sales.
 - (ii) For a sale that includes the delivery or installation of tangible personal property at a

location other than a seller's place of business described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), if the delivery or installation is separately stated on an invoice or receipt, a seller may compute the tax due on the sale for purposes of Subsection (4)(d)(i) based on the amount the seller receives for that sale during each period for which the seller receives payment for the sale.

- (e) (i) The use tax as computed in the return shall be based on the total amount of purchases for storage, use, or other consumption in this state made during the period for which the return is filed, including both cash and charge purchases.
- (ii) (A) As used in this Subsection (4)(e)(ii), "qualifying purchaser" means a purchaser who is required to remit taxes under this chapter, but is not required to remit taxes monthly in accordance with Section 59-12-108, and who converts tangible personal property into real property.
- (B) Subject to Subsections (4)(e)(ii)(C) and (D), a qualifying purchaser may remit the taxes due under this chapter on tangible personal property for which the qualifying purchaser claims an exemption as allowed under Subsection 59-12-104(23) or (25) based on the period in which the qualifying purchaser receives payment, in accordance with Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(C), for the conversion of the tangible personal property into real property.
- (C) A qualifying purchaser remitting taxes due under this chapter in accordance with Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(B) shall remit an amount equal to the total amount of tax due on the qualifying purchaser's purchase of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the payment received in the period for the qualifying purchaser's sale of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property and the denominator of which is the entire sales price for the qualifying purchaser's sale of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property.
- (D) A qualifying purchaser may remit taxes due under this chapter in accordance with this Subsection (4)(e)(ii) only if the books and records that the qualifying purchaser keeps in the qualifying purchaser's regular course of business identify by reasonable and verifiable standards that the tangible personal property was converted into real property.
- (f) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(f)(ii) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule extend the time for making returns and paying the taxes.
 - (ii) An extension under Subsection (4)(f)(i) may not be for more than 90 days.

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1297	(g) The commission may require returns and payment of the tax to be made for other
1298	than quarterly periods if the commission considers it necessary in order to ensure the payment
1299	of the tax imposed by this chapter.
1300	(h) (i) The commission may require a seller that files a simplified electronic return with
1301	the commission to file an additional electronic report with the commission.
1302	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1303	commission may make rules providing:
1304	(A) the information required to be included in the additional electronic report described
1305	in Subsection (4)(h)(i); and
1306	(B) one or more due dates for filing the additional electronic report described in
1307	Subsection (4)(h)(i).
1308	(5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5) and Subsection (6)(b), "remote seller" means a
1309	seller that is:
1310	(i) registered under the agreement;
1311	(ii) described in Subsection (2)(c); and
1312	(iii) not a:
1313	(A) model 1 seller;
1314	(B) model 2 seller; or
1315	(C) model 3 seller.
1316	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), a tax a remote seller collects in
1317	accordance with Subsection (2)(c) is due and payable:
1318	(A) to the commission;
1319	(B) annually; and
1320	(C) on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of each
1321	calendar year.
1322	(ii) The commission may require that a tax a remote seller collects in accordance with
1323	Subsection (2)(c) be due and payable:
1324	(A) to the commission; and
1325	(B) on the last day of the month immediately following any month in which the seller
1326	accumulates a total of at least \$1,000 in agreement sales and use tax.

(c) (i) If a remote seller remits a tax to the commission in accordance with Subsection

1328	(5)(b), the remote seller shall file a return:
1329	(A) with the commission;
1330	(B) with respect to the tax;
1331	(C) containing information prescribed by the commission; and
1332	(D) on a form prescribed by the commission.
1333	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1334	commission shall make rules prescribing:
1335	(A) the information required to be contained in a return described in Subsection
1336	(5)(c)(i); and
1337	(B) the form described in Subsection (5)(c)(i)(D).
1338	(d) A tax a remote seller collects in accordance with this Subsection (5) shall be
1339	calculated on the basis of the total amount of taxable transactions under Subsection
1340	59-12-103(1) the remote seller completes, including:
1341	(i) a cash transaction; and
1342	(ii) a charge transaction.
1343	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a tax a seller that files a simplified
1344	electronic return collects in accordance with this chapter is due and payable:
1345	(i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month for
1346	which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and
1347	(ii) for the month for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter.
1348	(b) A tax a remote seller that files a simplified electronic return collects in accordance
1349	with this chapter is due and payable as provided in Subsection (5).
1350	(7) (a) On each vehicle sale made by [other than] a person who is not a regular licensed
1351	vehicle dealer, or licensed online manufacturer dealer or small manufacturer dealer as defined
1352	in Section 41-3-102, the purchaser shall pay the sales or use tax directly to the commission if
1353	the vehicle is subject to titling or registration under the laws of this state.
1354	(b) The commission shall collect the tax described in Subsection (7)(a) when the
1355	vehicle is titled or registered.
1356	(8) If any sale of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
1357	Subsection 59-12-103(1), is made by a wholesaler to a retailer, the wholesaler is not
1358	responsible for the collection or payment of the tax imposed on the sale and the retailer is

1359	responsible for the collection or payment of the tax imposed on the sale if:
1360	(a) the retailer represents that the personal property is purchased by the retailer for

resale; and

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- (b) the personal property is not subsequently resold.
- (9) If any sale of property or service subject to the tax is made to a person prepaying sales or use tax in accordance with Title 63M, Chapter 5, Resource Development Act, or to a contractor or subcontractor of that person, the person to whom such payment or consideration is payable is not responsible for the collection or payment of the sales or use tax and the person prepaying the sales or use tax is responsible for the collection or payment of the sales or use tax if the person prepaying the sales or use tax represents that the amount prepaid as sales or use tax has not been fully credited against sales or use tax due and payable under the rules promulgated by the commission.
 - (10) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (10):
- (i) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(a)(ii), "bad debt" is as defined in Section 166, Internal Revenue Code.
 - (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a)(i), "bad debt" does not include:
- 1375 (A) an amount included in the purchase price of tangible personal property, a product 1376 transferred electronically, or a service that is:
 - (I) not a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); or
- 1378 (II) exempt under Section 59-12-104;
- 1379 (B) a financing charge;
- 1380 (C) interest;
 - (D) a tax imposed under this chapter on the purchase price of tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service;
 - (E) an uncollectible amount on tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically that:
 - (I) is subject to a tax under this chapter; and
- (II) remains in the possession of a seller until the full purchase price is paid;
- (F) an expense incurred in attempting to collect any debt; or
- (G) an amount that a seller does not collect on repossessed property.
- (b) (i) To the extent an amount remitted in accordance with Subsection (4)(d) later

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becomes bad debt, a seller may deduct the bad debt from the total amount from which a tax under this chapter is calculated on a return.

- (ii) A qualifying purchaser, as defined in Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(A), may deduct from the total amount of taxes due under this chapter the amount of tax the qualifying purchaser paid on the qualifying purchaser's purchase of tangible personal property converted into real property to the extent that:
- (A) tax was remitted in accordance with Subsection (4)(e) on that tangible personal property converted into real property;
- (B) the qualifying purchaser's sale of that tangible personal property converted into real property later becomes bad debt; and
- (C) the books and records that the qualifying purchaser keeps in the qualifying purchaser's regular course of business identify by reasonable and verifiable standards that the tangible personal property was converted into real property.
 - (c) A seller may file a refund claim with the commission if:
- (i) the amount of bad debt for the time period described in Subsection (10)(e) exceeds the amount of the seller's sales that are subject to a tax under this chapter for that same time period; and
 - (ii) as provided in Section 59-1-1410.
 - (d) A bad debt deduction under this section may not include interest.
- (e) A bad debt may be deducted under this Subsection (10) on a return for the time period during which the bad debt:
 - (i) is written off as uncollectible in the seller's books and records; and
 - (ii) would be eligible for a bad debt deduction:
 - (A) for federal income tax purposes; and
 - (B) if the seller were required to file a federal income tax return.
- (f) If a seller recovers any portion of bad debt for which the seller makes a deduction or claims a refund under this Subsection (10), the seller shall report and remit a tax under this chapter:
 - (i) on the portion of the bad debt the seller recovers; and
- 1419 (ii) on a return filed for the time period for which the portion of the bad debt is recovered.

1421	(g) For purposes of reporting a recovery of a portion of bad debt under Subsection
1422	(10)(f), a seller shall apply amounts received on the bad debt in the following order:
1423	(i) in a proportional amount:
1424	(A) to the purchase price of the tangible personal property, product transferred
1425	electronically, or service; and
1426	(B) to the tax due under this chapter on the tangible personal property, product
1427	transferred electronically, or service; and
1428	(ii) to:
1429	(A) interest charges;
1430	(B) service charges; and
1431	(C) other charges.
1432	(h) A seller's certified service provider may make a deduction or claim a refund for bad
1433	debt on behalf of the seller:
1434	(i) in accordance with this Subsection (10); and
1435	(ii) if the certified service provider credits or refunds the entire amount of the bad debt
1436	deduction or refund to the seller.
1437	(i) A seller may allocate bad debt among the states that are members of the agreement
1438	if the seller's books and records support that allocation.
1439	(11) (a) A seller may not, with intent to evade any tax, fail to timely remit the full
1440	amount of tax required by this chapter.
1441	(b) A violation of this section is punishable as provided in Section 59-1-401.
1442	(c) Each person who fails to pay any tax to the state or any amount of tax required to be
1443	paid to the state, except amounts determined to be due by the commission under Chapter 1,
1444	Part 14, Assessment, Collections, and Refunds Act, or Section 59-12-111, within the time
1445	required by this chapter, or who fails to file any return as required by this chapter, shall pay, in
1446	addition to the tax, penalties and interest as provided in Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.
1447	(d) For purposes of prosecution under this section, each quarterly tax period in which a
1448	seller, with intent to evade any tax, collects a tax and fails to timely remit the full amount of the
1449	tax required to be remitted, constitutes a separate offense.
1450	Section 19. Effective date.
1451	This bill takes effect on October 1, 2016.