SHORT-TERM RENTAL AMENDMENTS
2016 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: John Knotwell
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill enacts provisions related to short-term rentals.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
<ul> <li>provides that on or after the effective date of this bill and before March 31, 2017, a</li> </ul>
municipality or county may not enact, amend, or enforce a land use ordinance
governing short-term rentals;
<ul> <li>addresses a hosting platform's authority to voluntarily collect and remit certain</li> </ul>
taxes; and
<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides a special effective date.
This bill provides revisor instructions.
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
10-9a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 195
17-27a-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254



	<b>59-12-107</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 178, 312, and 399
	63I-2-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 157, 352, and 465
	63I-2-217, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 465 and further amended by
Reviso	or Instructions, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 465
Utah	Code Sections Affected by Revisor Instructions:
	10-9a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 195
	17-27a-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
Be it e	nacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 10-9a-503 is amended to read:
	10-9a-503. Land use ordinance or zoning map amendments Limited
prohi	bition on designation of historic district or area Prohibition on short-term rental
ordin	ances.
	(1) The legislative body may amend:
	(a) the number, shape, boundaries, or area of any zoning district;
	(b) any regulation of or within the zoning district; or
	(c) any other provision of a land use ordinance.
	(2) The legislative body may not make any amendment authorized by this section
unless	the amendment was proposed by the planning commission or was first submitted to the
planni	ng commission for its recommendation.
	(3) The legislative body shall comply with the procedure specified in Section
10-9a-	502 in preparing and adopting an amendment to a land use ordinance or a zoning map.
	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), on or after May 10, 2011, and before May 14,
2013,	within an area designated on the National Register of Historic Places that has on or
before	March 1, 2011, a land use application pending to designate the area as a local historic
distric	t or area, the legislative body of a city of the first class in a county of the first class may
not:	
	(i) establish the local historic district or area;
	(ii) adopt or amend a land use ordinance affecting the area except as provided in
Subse	ction (4)(c); and
	(iii) authorize a demolition permit for more than 75% of the above grade area of any

59	structure on property located within the area.
60	(b) A land use application in an area subject to Subsection (4)(a):
61	(i) shall be stayed from any further proceedings conducted by the municipality before
62	May 15, 2013; and
63	(ii) is not subject to Section 10-9a-509 or 10-9a-509.5.
64	(c) The provisions of this Subsection (4) do not apply to an adopted or amended land
65	use ordinance applicable generally throughout a municipality unless the ordinance is enacted to
66	contravene the purpose of this Subsection (4)(a).
67	(5) (a) For purposes of this subsection:
68	(i) "Permanent resident" means the owner of record or a lessee of a residential unit.
69	(ii) "Residential unit" means a residential structure or any portion of a residential
70	structure that is occupied as a residence.
71	(iii) "Short-term rental" means a residential unit or any portion of a residential unit that
72	is offered by a permanent resident of the residential unit for occupancy for fewer than 30
73	consecutive days.
74	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) or Section 10-9a-501, on or after the effective date
75	of this bill, a legislative body may not enact, amend, or enforce a land use ordinance that
76	governs short-term rentals.
77	Section 2. Section 17-27a-503 is amended to read:
78	17-27a-503. Land use ordinance or zoning map amendments Prohibition on
79	short-term rental ordinances.
80	(1) The legislative body may amend:
81	(a) the number, shape, boundaries, or area of any zoning district;
82	(b) any regulation of or within the zoning district; or
83	(c) any other provision of a land use ordinance.
84	(2) The legislative body may not make any amendment authorized by this subsection
85	unless the amendment was proposed by the planning commission or is first submitted to the
86	planning commission for its recommendation.
87	(3) The legislative body shall comply with the procedure specified in Section
88	17-27a-502 in preparing and adopting an amendment to a land use ordinance or a zoning map.
89	(4) (a) For purposes of this subsection:

90	(i) "Permanent resident" means the owner of record or a lessee of a residential unit.
91	(ii) "Residential unit" means a residential structure or any portion of a residential
92	structure that is occupied as a residence.
93	(iii) "Short-term rental" means a residential unit or any portion of a residential unit that
94	is offered by a permanent resident of the residential unit for occupancy for fewer than 30
95	consecutive days.
96	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) or Section 17-27a-501, on or after the effective
97	date of this bill, a legislative body may not enact, amend, or enforce a land use ordinance that
98	governs short-term rentals.
99	Section 3. Section <b>59-12-107</b> is amended to read:
100	59-12-107. Definitions Collection, remittance, and payment of tax by sellers or
101	other persons Returns Reports Direct payment by purchaser of vehicle Other
102	liability for collection Rulemaking authority Credits Treatment of bad debt
103	Penalties and interest.
104	(1) As used in this section:
105	(a) "Hosting platform" means a person that:
106	(i) provides a means by which a person may offer a short-term rental to one or more
107	prospective renters; and
108	(ii) collects amounts described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) to facilitate payment for
109	the use of the person's short-term rental.
110	[(a)] (b) "Ownership" means direct ownership or indirect ownership through a parent,
111	subsidiary, or affiliate.
112	[(b)] (c) "Related seller" means a seller that:
113	(i) meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
114	(ii) delivers tangible personal property, a service, or a product transferred electronically
115	that is sold:
116	(A) by a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
117	(2)(a)(i); and
118	(B) to a purchaser in the state.
119	(d) "Residential unit" means a residential structure or any portion of a residential
120	structure that is occupied as a residence

121	(e) "Short-term rental" means a residential unit or any portion of a residential unit that
122	is offered for occupancy for fewer than 30 consecutive days.
123	[(c)] (f) "Substantial ownership interest" means an ownership interest in a business
124	entity if that ownership interest is greater than the degree of ownership of equity interest
125	specified in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 78p, with respect to a person other than a director or an officer.
126	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), Section 59-12-107.1, or Section
127	59-12-123, and subject to Subsection (2)(f), each seller shall pay or collect and remit the sales
128	and use taxes imposed by this chapter if within this state the seller:
129	(i) has or utilizes:
130	(A) an office;
131	(B) a distribution house;
132	(C) a sales house;
133	(D) a warehouse;
134	(E) a service enterprise; or
135	(F) a place of business similar to Subsections (2)(a)(i)(A) through (E);
136	(ii) maintains a stock of goods;
137	(iii) regularly solicits orders, regardless of whether or not the orders are accepted in the
138	state, unless the seller's only activity in the state is:
139	(A) advertising; or
140	(B) solicitation by:
141	(I) direct mail;
142	(II) electronic mail;
143	(III) the Internet;
144	(IV) telecommunications service; or
145	(V) a means similar to Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A) or (B);
146	(iv) regularly engages in the delivery of property in the state other than by:
147	(A) common carrier; or
148	(B) United States mail; or
149	(v) regularly engages in an activity directly related to the leasing or servicing of
150	property located within the state.
151	(b) A seller is considered to be engaged in the business of selling tangible personal

property, a service, or a product transferred electronically for use in the state, and shall pay or collect and remit the sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter if:

- (i) the seller holds a substantial ownership interest in, or is owned in whole or in substantial part by, a related seller; and
- (ii) (A) the seller sells the same or a substantially similar line of products as the related seller and does so under the same or a substantially similar business name; or
- (B) the place of business described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) of the related seller or an in state employee of the related seller is used to advertise, promote, or facilitate sales by the seller to a purchaser.
- (c) A seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria provided for in Subsection (2)(a) or is not a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection (2)(b):
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(ii), may voluntarily:
  - (A) collect a tax on a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); and
  - (B) remit the tax to the commission as provided in this part; or
- 167 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (2)(c)(i), shall collect a tax on a transaction described 168 in Subsection 59-12-103(1) if Section 59-12-103.1 requires the seller to collect the tax.
  - (d) The collection and remittance of a tax under this chapter by a seller that is registered under the agreement may not be used as a factor in determining whether that seller is required by Subsection (2) to:
- (i) pay a tax, fee, or charge under:
- 173 (A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
- 174 (B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
- 175 (C) Section 19-6-714;
- 176 (D) Section 19-6-805;
- 177 (E) Section 69-2-5;

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- 178 (F) Section 69-2-5.5;
- 179 (G) Section 69-2-5.6; or
- 180 (H) this title; or
- (ii) collect and remit a tax, fee, or charge under:
- 182 (A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;

183	(B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
184	(C) Section 19-6-714;
185	(D) Section 19-6-805;
186	(E) Section 69-2-5;
187	(F) Section 69-2-5.5;
188	(G) Section 69-2-5.6; or
189	(H) this title.
190	(e) A person shall pay a use tax imposed by this chapter on a transaction described in
191	Subsection 59-12-103(1) if:
192	(i) the seller did not collect a tax imposed by this chapter on the transaction; and
193	(ii) the person:
194	(A) stores the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the
195	state;
196	(B) uses the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the state;
197	or
198	(C) consumes the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the
199	state.
200	(f) The ownership of property that is located at the premises of a printer's facility with
201	which the retailer has contracted for printing and that consists of the final printed product,
202	property that becomes a part of the final printed product, or copy from which the printed
203	product is produced, shall not result in the retailer being considered to have or maintain an
204	office, distribution house, sales house, warehouse, service enterprise, or other place of
205	business, or to maintain a stock of goods, within this state.
206	(g) A hosting platform may voluntarily collect and remit a tax in accordance with
207	Subsection (2)(c) as if the hosting platform were a seller.
208	(3) (a) Except as provided in Section 59-12-107.1, a tax under this chapter shall be
209	collected from a purchaser.
210	(b) A seller may not collect as tax an amount, without regard to fractional parts of one
211	cent, in excess of the tax computed at the rates prescribed by this chapter.
212	(c) (i) Each seller shall:
213	(A) give the purchaser a receipt for the tax collected; or

(B) bill the tax as a separate item and declare the name of this state and the seller's sales and use tax license number on the invoice for the sale.

- (ii) The receipt or invoice is prima facie evidence that the seller has collected the tax and relieves the purchaser of the liability for reporting the tax to the commission as a consumer.
- (d) A seller is not required to maintain a separate account for the tax collected, but is considered to be a person charged with receipt, safekeeping, and transfer of public money.
- (e) Taxes collected by a seller pursuant to this chapter shall be held in trust for the benefit of the state and for payment to the commission in the manner and at the time provided for in this chapter.
- (f) If any seller, during any reporting period, collects as a tax an amount in excess of the lawful state and local percentage of total taxable sales allowed under this chapter, the seller shall remit to the commission the full amount of the tax imposed under this chapter, plus any excess.
- (g) If the accounting methods regularly employed by the seller in the transaction of the seller's business are such that reports of sales made during a calendar month or quarterly period will impose unnecessary hardships, the commission may accept reports at intervals that will, in the commission's opinion, better suit the convenience of the taxpayer or seller and will not jeopardize collection of the tax.
- (h) (i) For a purchase paid with specie legal tender as defined in Section 59-1-1501.1, and until such time as the commission accepts specie legal tender for the payment of a tax under this chapter, if the commission requires a seller to remit a tax under this chapter in legal tender other than specie legal tender, the seller shall state on the seller's books and records and on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser:
- (A) the purchase price in specie legal tender and in the legal tender the seller is required to remit to the commission;
- (B) subject to Subsection (3)(h)(ii), the amount of tax due under this chapter in specie legal tender and in the legal tender the seller is required to remit to the commission;
  - (C) the tax rate under this chapter applicable to the purchase; and
- (D) the date of the purchase.

(ii) (A) Subject to Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B), for purposes of determining the amount of

tax due under Subsection (3)(h)(i), a seller shall use the most recent London fixing price for the specie legal tender the purchaser paid.

- (B) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules for determining the amount of tax due under Subsection (3)(h)(i) if the London fixing price is not available for a particular day.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (5) through (7) and Section 59-12-108, the sales or use tax imposed by this chapter is due and payable to the commission quarterly on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each calendar quarterly period.
- (b) (i) Each seller shall, on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each calendar quarterly period, file with the commission a return for the preceding quarterly period.
- (ii) The seller shall remit with the return under Subsection (4)(b)(i) the amount of the tax required under this chapter to be collected or paid for the period covered by the return.
- (c) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), a return shall contain information and be in a form the commission prescribes by rule.
- (d) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(d)(ii), the sales tax as computed in the return shall be based on the total nonexempt sales made during the period for which the return is filed, including both cash and charge sales.
- (ii) For a sale that includes the delivery or installation of tangible personal property at a location other than a seller's place of business described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), if the delivery or installation is separately stated on an invoice or receipt, a seller may compute the tax due on the sale for purposes of Subsection (4)(d)(i) based on the amount the seller receives for that sale during each period for which the seller receives payment for the sale.
- (e) (i) The use tax as computed in the return shall be based on the total amount of purchases for storage, use, or other consumption in this state made during the period for which the return is filed, including both cash and charge purchases.
- (ii) (A) As used in this Subsection (4)(e)(ii), "qualifying purchaser" means a purchaser who is required to remit taxes under this chapter, but is not required to remit taxes monthly in accordance with Section 59-12-108, and who converts tangible personal property into real property.
- (B) Subject to Subsections (4)(e)(ii)(C) and (D), a qualifying purchaser may remit the taxes due under this chapter on tangible personal property for which the qualifying purchaser

claims an exemption as allowed under Subsection 59-12-104(23) or (25) based on the period in which the qualifying purchaser receives payment, in accordance with Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(C), for the conversion of the tangible personal property into real property.

- (C) A qualifying purchaser remitting taxes due under this chapter in accordance with Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(B) shall remit an amount equal to the total amount of tax due on the qualifying purchaser's purchase of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the payment received in the period for the qualifying purchaser's sale of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property and the denominator of which is the entire sales price for the qualifying purchaser's sale of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property.
- (D) A qualifying purchaser may remit taxes due under this chapter in accordance with this Subsection (4)(e)(ii) only if the books and records that the qualifying purchaser keeps in the qualifying purchaser's regular course of business identify by reasonable and verifiable standards that the tangible personal property was converted into real property.
- (f) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(f)(ii) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule extend the time for making returns and paying the taxes.
  - (ii) An extension under Subsection (4)(f)(i) may not be for more than 90 days.
- (g) The commission may require returns and payment of the tax to be made for other than quarterly periods if the commission considers it necessary in order to ensure the payment of the tax imposed by this chapter.
- (h) (i) The commission may require a seller that files a simplified electronic return with the commission to file an additional electronic report with the commission.
- (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules providing:
- (A) the information required to be included in the additional electronic report described in Subsection (4)(h)(i); and
- (B) one or more due dates for filing the additional electronic report described in Subsection (4)(h)(i).
- 305 (5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5) and Subsection (6)(b), "remote seller" means a seller that is:

307	(i) registered under the agreement;
308	(ii) described in Subsection (2)(c); and
309	(iii) not a:
310	(A) model 1 seller;
311	(B) model 2 seller; or
312	(C) model 3 seller.
313	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), a tax a remote seller collects in
314	accordance with Subsection (2)(c) is due and payable:
315	(A) to the commission;
316	(B) annually; and
317	(C) on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of each
318	calendar year.
319	(ii) The commission may require that a tax a remote seller collects in accordance with
320	Subsection (2)(c) be due and payable:
321	(A) to the commission; and
322	(B) on the last day of the month immediately following any month in which the seller
323	accumulates a total of at least \$1,000 in agreement sales and use tax.
324	(c) (i) If a remote seller remits a tax to the commission in accordance with Subsection
325	(5)(b), the remote seller shall file a return:
326	(A) with the commission;
327	(B) with respect to the tax;
328	(C) containing information prescribed by the commission; and
329	(D) on a form prescribed by the commission.
330	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
331	commission shall make rules prescribing:
332	(A) the information required to be contained in a return described in Subsection
333	(5)(c)(i); and
334	(B) the form described in Subsection (5)(c)(i)(D).
335	(d) A tax a remote seller collects in accordance with this Subsection (5) shall be
336	calculated on the basis of the total amount of taxable transactions under Subsection
337	59-12-103(1) the remote seller completes, including:

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338	(i) a cash transaction; and
339	(ii) a charge transaction.
340	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a tax a seller that files a simplified
341	electronic return collects in accordance with this chapter is due and payable:
342	(i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month for
343	which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and
344	(ii) for the month for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter.
345	(b) A tax a remote seller that files a simplified electronic return collects in accordance
346	with this chapter is due and payable as provided in Subsection (5).
347	(7) (a) On each vehicle sale made by other than a regular licensed vehicle dealer, the
348	purchaser shall pay the sales or use tax directly to the commission if the vehicle is subject to
349	titling or registration under the laws of this state.
350	(b) The commission shall collect the tax described in Subsection (7)(a) when the
351	vehicle is titled or registered.
352	(8) If any sale of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
353	Subsection 59-12-103(1), is made by a wholesaler to a retailer, the wholesaler is not
354	responsible for the collection or payment of the tax imposed on the sale and the retailer is
355	responsible for the collection or payment of the tax imposed on the sale if:
356	(a) the retailer represents that the personal property is purchased by the retailer for
357	resale; and
358	(b) the personal property is not subsequently resold.
359	(9) If any sale of property or service subject to the tax is made to a person prepaying
360	sales or use tax in accordance with Title 63M, Chapter 5, Resource Development Act, or to a
361	contractor or subcontractor of that person, the person to whom such payment or consideration
362	is payable is not responsible for the collection or payment of the sales or use tax and the person
363	prepaying the sales or use tax is responsible for the collection or payment of the sales or use tax

(10) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (10):

promulgated by the commission.

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(i) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(a)(ii), "bad debt" is as defined in Section

tax has not been fully credited against sales or use tax due and payable under the rules

if the person prepaying the sales or use tax represents that the amount prepaid as sales or use

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369	166, Internal Revenue Code.
370	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a)(i), "bad debt" does not include:
371	(A) an amount included in the purchase price of tangible personal property, a product
372	transferred electronically, or a service that is:
373	(I) not a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); or
374	(II) exempt under Section 59-12-104;
375	(B) a financing charge;
376	(C) interest;
377	(D) a tax imposed under this chapter on the purchase price of tangible personal
378	property, a product transferred electronically, or a service;
379	(E) an uncollectible amount on tangible personal property or a product transferred
380	electronically that:
381	(I) is subject to a tax under this chapter; and
382	(II) remains in the possession of a seller until the full purchase price is paid;
383	(F) an expense incurred in attempting to collect any debt; or
384	(G) an amount that a seller does not collect on repossessed property.
385	(b) (i) To the extent an amount remitted in accordance with Subsection (4)(d) later
386	becomes bad debt, a seller may deduct the bad debt from the total amount from which a tax
387	under this chapter is calculated on a return.
388	(ii) A qualifying purchaser, as defined in Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(A), may deduct from the
389	total amount of taxes due under this chapter the amount of tax the qualifying purchaser paid on
390	the qualifying purchaser's purchase of tangible personal property converted into real property to
391	the extent that:
392	(A) tax was remitted in accordance with Subsection (4)(e) on that tangible personal
393	property converted into real property;
394	(B) the qualifying purchaser's sale of that tangible personal property converted into real
395	property later becomes bad debt; and
396	(C) the books and records that the qualifying purchaser keeps in the qualifying
397	purchaser's regular course of business identify by reasonable and verifiable standards that the
398	tangible personal property was converted into real property.

(c) A seller may file a refund claim with the commission if:

400	(i) the amount of bad debt for the time period described in Subsection (10)(e) exceeds
401	the amount of the seller's sales that are subject to a tax under this chapter for that same time
402	period; and
403	(ii) as provided in Section 59-1-1410.
404	(d) A bad debt deduction under this section may not include interest.
405	(e) A bad debt may be deducted under this Subsection (10) on a return for the time
406	period during which the bad debt:
407	(i) is written off as uncollectible in the seller's books and records; and
408	(ii) would be eligible for a bad debt deduction:
409	(A) for federal income tax purposes; and
410	(B) if the seller were required to file a federal income tax return.
411	(f) If a seller recovers any portion of bad debt for which the seller makes a deduction or
412	claims a refund under this Subsection (10), the seller shall report and remit a tax under this
413	chapter:
414	(i) on the portion of the bad debt the seller recovers; and
415	(ii) on a return filed for the time period for which the portion of the bad debt is
416	recovered.
417	(g) For purposes of reporting a recovery of a portion of bad debt under Subsection
418	(10)(f), a seller shall apply amounts received on the bad debt in the following order:
419	(i) in a proportional amount:
420	(A) to the purchase price of the tangible personal property, product transferred
421	electronically, or service; and
422	(B) to the tax due under this chapter on the tangible personal property, product
423	transferred electronically, or service; and
424	(ii) to:
425	(A) interest charges;
426	(B) service charges; and
427	(C) other charges.
428	(h) A seller's certified service provider may make a deduction or claim a refund for bad
429	debt on behalf of the seller:
430	(i) in accordance with this Subsection (10); and

431	(ii) if the certified service provider credits or refunds the entire amount of the bad debt
432	deduction or refund to the seller.
433	(i) A seller may allocate bad debt among the states that are members of the agreement
434	if the seller's books and records support that allocation.
435	(11) (a) A seller may not, with intent to evade any tax, fail to timely remit the full
436	amount of tax required by this chapter.
437	(b) A violation of this section is punishable as provided in Section 59-1-401.
438	(c) Each person who fails to pay any tax to the state or any amount of tax required to be
439	paid to the state, except amounts determined to be due by the commission under Chapter 1,
440	Part 14, Assessment, Collections, and Refunds Act, or Section 59-12-111, within the time
441	required by this chapter, or who fails to file any return as required by this chapter, shall pay, in
442	addition to the tax, penalties and interest as provided in Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.
443	(d) For purposes of prosecution under this section, each quarterly tax period in which a
444	seller, with intent to evade any tax, collects a tax and fails to timely remit the full amount of the
445	tax required to be remitted, constitutes a separate offense.
446	Section 4. Section <b>63I-2-210</b> is amended to read:
447	63I-2-210. Repeal dates Title 10.
448	(1) Subsection 10-2a-106(2), the language that states ", including a township
449	incorporation procedure as defined in Section 10-2a-105," is repealed July 1, 2016.
450	(2) Section 10-2a-105 is repealed July 1, 2016.
451	(3) Subsection 10-9a-304(2) is repealed June 1, 2016.
452	(4) Subsection 10-9a-503(5) is repealed March 31, 2017.
453	Section 5. Section 63I-2-217 is amended to read:
454	63I-2-217. Repeal dates Title 17.
455	[(1) Subsection 17-8-7(2), the language that states "Sections 17-19-1 to 17-19-28 and"
456	and ", as applicable," is repealed January 1, 2015.]
457	[ <del>(2)</del> Section 17-15-30 is repealed July 1, 2015.]
458	[(3) Title 17, Chapter 19, County Auditor, is repealed January 1, 2015.]
459	[(4) Subsection 17-24-1(4)(b), the language that states ", as applicable, Sections
460	<del>17-19-1, 17-19-3, and 17-19-5 or" is repealed January 1, 2015.</del> ]
461	[(5) Subsection 17-24-4(2), the language that states ", as applicable, Subsection

462 <del>17-19-3(3)(b) or" is repealed January 1, 2015.</del>] 463 [<del>(6)</del>] (1) Subsection 17-27a-102(1)(b), the language that states "or a designated 464 mountainous planning district" is repealed June 1, 2016. 465  $[\frac{7}{1}]$  (2) (a) Subsection 17-27a-103(15)(b) is repealed June 1, 2016. 466 (b) Subsection 17-27a-103(34) is repealed June 1, 2016. 467 [8] (3) Subsection 17-27a-210(2)(a), the language that states "or the mountainous" 468 planning district area" is repealed June 1, 2016. 469 [9] (4) (a) Subsection 17-27a-301(1)(b)(iii) is repealed June 1, 2016. 470 (b) Subsection 17-27a-301(1)(c) is repealed June 1, 2016. 471 (c) Subsection 17-27a-301(2)(a), the language that states "described in Subsection 472 (1)(a) or (c)" is repealed June 1, 2016. 473  $[\frac{10}{10}]$  (5) Subsection 17-27a-302(1), the language that states ", or mountainous 474 planning district" and "or the mountainous planning district," is repealed June 1, 2016. 475  $[\frac{(11)}{(11)}]$  (6) Subsection 17-27a-305(1)(a), the language that states "a mountainous 476 planning district or" and ", as applicable" is repealed June 1, 2016. 477  $[\frac{(12)}{(12)}]$  (7) (a) Subsection 17-27a-401(1)(b)(ii) is repealed June 1, 2016. 478 (b) Subsection 17-27a-401(6) is repealed June 1, 2016. 479  $[\frac{(13)}{(13)}]$  (8) (a) Subsection 17-27a-403(1)(b)(ii) is repealed June 1, 2016. 480 (b) Subsection 17-27a-403(1)(c)(iii) is repealed June 1, 2016. 481 (c) Subsection (2)(a)(iii), the language that states "or the mountainous planning 482 district" is repealed June 1, 2016. 483 (d) Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(c)(i), the language that states "or mountainous planning 484 district" is repealed June 1, 2016. 485  $[\frac{(14)}{(14)}]$  (9) Subsection 17-27a-502(1)(d)(i)(B) is repealed June 1, 2016. 486 (10) Subsection 17-27a-503(4) is repealed March 31, 2017. 487  $[\frac{(15)}{(11)}]$  (11) Subsection 17-27a-505.5(2)(a)(iii) is repealed June 1, 2016. 488 [(16)] (12) Subsection 17-27a-602(1)(b), the language that states "or, in the case of a 489 mountainous planning district, the mountainous planning district" is repealed June 1, 2016. 490  $[\frac{(17)}{(13)}]$  (13) Subsection 17-27a-604(1)(b)(i)(B) is repealed June 1, 2016. 491  $[\frac{(18)}{(14)}]$  (14) Subsection 17-27a-605(1), the language that states "or mountainous"

planning district land" is repealed June 1, 2016.

492

493	[(19)] (15) Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 9, Mountainous Planning District, is repealed
494	June 1, 2016.
495	[(20) (a) Subsection 17-36-3(5)(a), the language that states "for a county of the second,
496	third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the county auditor, county clerk, or county executive as
497	provided in Subsection 17-19-19(1); or" is repealed January 1, 2015.]
498	[(b) Subsection 17-36-3(5)(b), the language that states "for a county of the first class,"
499	is repealed January 1, 2015.]
500	[(c) Subsection 17-36-3(7), the language that states "17-19-3," and ", or 17-24-4, as
501	applicable" is repealed January 1, 2015.]
502	[(21) Subsection 17-36-9(1)(a)(iii), the language that states "17-36-10.1, as applicable,
503	or" is repealed January 1, 2015.]
504	[(22) Subsection 17-36-10(1), the language that states the following is repealed January
505	<del>1, 2015:</del> ]
506	["(1) (a) On or before December 31, 2014, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth,
507	or sixth class is not subject to the provisions of this section; and]
508	[(b) on or after January 1, 2015, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth
509	class is subject to the provisions of this section.".]
510	[ <del>(23)</del> Section 17-36-10.1 is repealed January 1, 2015.]
511	[(24) Subsection 17-36-11(1), the language that states the following is repealed January
512	<del>1, 2015:</del> ]
513	["(1) (a) On or before December 31, 2014, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth,
514	or sixth class is not subject to the provisions of this section; and]
515	[(b) on or after January 1, 2015, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth
516	class is subject to the provisions of this section.".]
517	[(25) Section 17-36-11.1 is repealed January 1, 2015.]
518	[(26) Subsection 17-36-15(1), the language that states the following is repealed January
519	<del>1, 2015:</del> ]
520	["(1) (a) On or before December 31, 2014, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth,
521	or sixth class is not subject to the provisions of this section; and]
522	[(b) on or after January 1, 2015, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth
523	class is subject to the provisions of this section.".]

524	[ <del>(27) Section 17-36-15.1 is repealed January 1, 2015.</del> ]
525	[(28) Subsection 17-36-20(1), the language that states the following is repealed January
526	<del>1, 2015:</del> ]
527	["(1) (a) On or before December 31, 2014, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth,
528	or sixth class is not subject to the provisions of this section; and]
529	[(b) on or after January 1, 2015, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth
530	class is subject to the provisions of this section.".]
531	[ <del>(29)</del> Section 17-36-20.1 is repealed January 1, 2015.]
532	[(30) Subsection 17-36-32(4), the language that states "or 17-36-20.1, as applicable,
533	and" is repealed January 1, 2015.]
534	[(31) Subsection 17-36-43(1), the language that states the following is repealed January
535	<del>1, 2015:</del> ]
536	["(1) (a) On or before December 31, 2014, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth,
537	or sixth class is not subject to the provisions of this section; and]
538	[(b) on or after January 1, 2015, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth
539	class is subject to the provisions of this section.".]
540	[ <del>(32)</del> Section 17-36-43.1 is repealed January 1, 2015.]
541	[(33) Section 17-36-44, the language that states "or 17-36-43.1, as applicable" is
542	repealed January 1, 2015.]
543	[(34) Subsection 17-50-401(1), the language that states the following is repealed
544	<del>January 1, 2015:</del> ]
545	["(1) (a) On or before December 31, 2014, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth,
546	or sixth class is not subject to the provisions of this section; and]
547	[(b) on or after January 1, 2015, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth
548	class is subject to the provisions of this section.".]
549	[(35) Section 17-50-401.1 is repealed January 1, 2015.]
550	[(36) Subsection 17-52-101(2), the language that states "or 17-52-401.1, as applicable"
551	is repealed January 1, 2015.]
552	[(37) Subsection 17-52-401(1), the language that states the following is repealed
553	<del>January 1, 2015:</del> ]
554	["(1) (a) On or before December 31, 2014, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth,

555	or sixth class is not subject to the provisions of this section; and
556	[(b) on or after January 1, 2015, a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth
557	class is subject to the provisions of this section.".]
558	[ <del>(38)</del> Section 17-52-401.1 is repealed January 1, 2015.]
559	[(39) Subsection 17-52-403(1)(a), the language that states "or 17-52-401.1(2)(c), as
560	applicable" is repealed January 1, 2015.]
561	[(40) On January 1, 2015, when making the changes in this section, the Office of
562	Legislative Research and General Counsel shall:]
563	[(a) in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make corrections
564	necessary to ensure that sections and subsections identified in this section are complete
565	sentences and accurately reflect the office's perception of the Legislature's intent; and]
566	[(b) identify the text of the affected sections and subsections based upon the section
567	and subsection numbers used in Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 17.]
568	[(41)] (16) On June 1, 2016, when making the changes in this section, the Office of
569	Legislative Research and General Counsel shall:
570	(a) in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make corrections
571	necessary to ensure that sections and subsections identified in this section are complete
572	sentences and accurately reflect the office's perception of the Legislature's intent; and
573	(b) identify the text of the affected sections and subsections based upon the section and
574	subsection numbers used in Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 465.
575	Section 6. Effective date.
576	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
577	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
578	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
579	the date of veto override.
580	Section 7. Revisor instructions.
581	It is the intent of the Legislature that, in preparing the Utah Code database for
582	publication, the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel replace the phrase "the
583	effective date of this bill" in Subsections 10-9a-503(5)(b) and 17-27a-503(4)(b) with the bill's
584	actual effective date.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel