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	COMMUN	ICATIONS SPECTRUM TRAN	SLATOR SYSTEM	
		CONCURRENT RESOLUT	ION	
		2016 GENERAL SESSION		
		STATE OF UTAH		
		Chief Sponsor: Ralph Oker	·lund	
		House Sponsor: Kay L. Mc	eIff	
Cospon	sors:	David P. Hinkins	Evan J. Vickers	
J. Stuar	t Adams	Kevin T. Van Tassell		
LONG	TITLE			
Genera	al Description:			
	This concurrent resolution of the Legislature and the Governor urges the federal			
governi	nent to protect the	e communications spectrum that allows U	Utah's translator	
system	system to provide free television access across the state.			
Highlig	ghted Provisions:			
	This resolution:			
	 strongly urges the President of the United States and the Federal Communications 			
Commi	ssion (FCC) to no	t remove channels 32 through 51 from the	he current existing	
FCC ch	annels 14 through	151 Television Broadcast Authorization	because of the	
signific	significant negative impact that action would have on off-air television reception in			
urban a	urban areas and to off-air viewers nationwide, including rural viewers, who would			
be force	be forced to either pay for subscription television or go without television service.			
Special	Clauses:			
	None			
Be it re	solved by the Legi	islature of the state of Utah, the Governo	or concurring therein:	
	WHEREAS, the v	word "translator," as selected by the Fede	eral Communications	
Commi	ssion (FCC) in 19	55, refers to the rebroadcast of a primary	y television station channel to	

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29 a different output channel; 30 WHEREAS, through the years, many people have misunderstood this broadcasting term 31 to mean translating a language; 32 WHEREAS, the purpose and function of a television translator is to provide citizens of 33 rural communities with access to television reception equivalent to what is available for urban 34 citizens; 35 WHEREAS, the rebroadcast of a primary television station channel to a different output channel was designated a "secondary service" to a full power television primary station only; 36 37 WHEREAS, through many commercial lobbying efforts, this "secondary service" status 38 has been reduced to being secondary to almost any other communications service; 39 WHEREAS, the President of the United States has directed the Chair of the FCC to 40 consider removing channels 32 through 51 from the current FCC channels 14 through 51 41 Television Broadcast Authorization; 42 WHEREAS, this action would devastate off-air television reception to urban areas and also cause disruption to off-air viewers nationwide; 43 44 WHEREAS, according to FCC records dated January 8, 2016, 3,604 television translator stations, 417 Class A Low Power Television (LPTV) stations, 1,822 LPTV stations, 45 46 and 4 television booster stations are now on file; WHEREAS, according to FCC records, over 3,600 television translator stations 47 presently provide free over-the-air television to rural communities throughout the nation; 48 49 WHEREAS, if this channel repacking were to become a reality, many of these translator stations would no longer remain in operation, requiring viewers to subscribe to either 50 51 cable or satellite programming; 52 WHEREAS, Utah has 778 television translator stations, and the state's rural viewers 53 would be forced to either pay for subscription television or have no television reception; 54 WHEREAS, after 40 years of analog broadcasting, the United States Congress mandated the broadcasting industry to make a conversion from analog to digital operation; 55 56 WHEREAS, supplying the general public with free over-the-air digital television

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57	broadcast signals has been encouraged by elected officials and the FCC;
58	WHEREAS, since the mandate, all television translator and LPTV licensees in the state
59	of Utah have engaged in planning, acquiring necessary funding, providing necessary
60	engineering with labor, construction, and travel, constructing new buildings, upgrading existing
61	buildings with air-conditioning, utilizing crane services to erect new towers, and completing
62	extensive FCC licensing to help consummate the digital television (DTV) transition;
63	WHEREAS, through cooperation of the state's counties, the University of Utah, the
64	state of Utah, and the FCC the DTV transition has been made successful;
65	WHEREAS, the state of Utah has supported the DTV transition through four
66	Community Impact Board grants since 2005 in the amount of nearly \$9,000,000;
67	WHEREAS, the University of Utah supported the DTV transition with a federal grant
68	of approximately \$2,000,000;
69	WHEREAS, the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, a
70	division of the federal government, offered all television translator and LPTV licensees a
71	reimbursement program for the digital to analog conversion;
72	WHEREAS, small rural cable companies are using digital television translator signals
73	for their systems free of charge instead of paying for satellite feeds;
74	WHEREAS, repacking would cause eight Salt Lake City primary television stations to
75	find new channels, causing significant consequences to both urban and rural communities in
76	the state of Utah;
77	WHEREAS, it would be impossible to continue the "Utah Daisy Chain" rural digital
78	television translator services if the proposed block of television channels were reclaimed by the
79	FCC, and this action would have a negative local economic impact to the affected counties;
80	WHEREAS, in many rural areas of Utah and all across the nation, the spectrum above
81	channel 51 sits vacant and unused;
82	WHEREAS, small rural areas are not economically attractive to large Internet business
83	enterprises seeking more spectrum;
84	WHEREAS, the needs of urban areas are far different from the needs of small rural

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85 communities and are a classic example of "one size does not fit all"; 86 WHEREAS, broadcasters are required by the FCC to participate in the national Emergency Alert System and are also required to make regular tests to assure their systems are 87 88 always ready to broadcast any local warnings, including flood conditions, high wind warnings, 89 and bad road conditions, and these warnings are automatically retransmitted through television 90 translator stations to alert rural viewers; 91 WHEREAS, closed captioning for the deaf is also a mandatory requirement of primary 92 broadcast stations and automatically passes through television translators to rural viewers; 93 WHEREAS, if these viewers do not have access to any local free over-the-air broadcast 94 signals, they proceed without local warnings or closed captioning for the deaf; WHEREAS, counties in Utah are presently licensed with the FCC for 778 digital 95 96 television translators, or 30%, of the nation's digital television translator licenses; 97 WHEREAS, the FCC seeks to allow anyone to operate unlicensed signals on unused 98 channels within the present television bands, while the FCC still requires television translator 99 stations to be licensed in these same bands: 100 WHEREAS, these unlicensed devices will cause interference to existing digital 101 television services nationwide, and many television translator viewers will possibly be vulnerable to unacceptable interference because they receive their home signals far beyond the 102 103 FCC protected contours: and 104 WHEREAS, the federal government should ensure that rural communities in Utah and 105 throughout the nation are not forced to either pay for subscription television service or go 106 without television: 107 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah, the 108 Governor concurring therein, strongly urges the President of the United States and the FCC to 109 not remove channels 32 through 51 from the current existing FCC channels 14 through 51 110 Television Broadcast Authorization because of its negative impact on off-air television reception in urban areas and off-air viewers nationwide, including rural viewers, who would be 111 112 forced to either pay for subscription television or go without television service.

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- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of this resolution be sent to the President of
- 114 the United States, the Majority Leader of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United
- 115 States House of Representatives, the Chair of the FCC and each commission member, the
- 116 National Telecommunications and Information Administration, and the members of Utah's
- 117 congressional delegation.