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HIGH COST INFRASTRUCTURE TAX CREDIT

AMENDMENTS

2016 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH



Utah Code Sections Affected:

This bill provides a special effective date.

AMENDS:
59-7-619, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
59-10-1034, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
63H-2-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 37
63M-4-602, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
63M-4-603, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
63M-4-604, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
ENACTS:
63M-4-606, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 59-7-619 is amended to read:
59-7-619. Nonrefundable high cost infrastructure development tax credit.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "High cost infrastructure project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
63M-4-602.
(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means the same as that term is defined in
Section 63M-4-602.
(c) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section
63M-4-602.
(d) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
(e) "Tax credit certificate" means the same as that term is defined in Section
<u>63M-4-602.</u>
(2) Subject to the [other] provisions of this section, [a corporation that is] an
infrastructure cost-burdened entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit [for development of a
high cost infrastructure project], against a tax liability under this chapter, as provided in this
section.
(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 6, High Cost
Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act, to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for [the]
a taxable year.

57	(4) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity may carry forward a tax credit claimed for a
58	given taxable year under this section for a period that does not exceed [the next seven] 10
59	taxable years after the taxable year indicated on a tax credit certificate if:
60	(a) the infrastructure cost-burdened entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this
61	section for [a] the taxable year; and
62	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's tax
63	liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
64	(5) (a) On or before October 1, 2020, and every five years after October 1, 2020, the
65	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and
66	make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax
67	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
68	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
69	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee:
70	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each infrastructure cost-burdened
71	entity for each taxable year;
72	(ii) the infrastructure-related revenue generated by each high cost infrastructure project
73	(iii) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
74	Section 63M-4-505; and
75	(iv) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee requests.
76	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the Revenue and
77	Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation
78	of:
79	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
80	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
81	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
82	Section 2. Section 59-10-1034 is amended to read:
83	59-10-1034. Nonrefundable high cost infrastructure development tax credit.
84	(1) As used in this section:
85	(a) "High cost infrastructure project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
86	63M-4-602.
87	(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means the same as that term is defined in

88 Section 63M-4-602.

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- 89 (c) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section 90 63M-4-602.
 - (d) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
- (e) "Tax credit certificate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 93 63M-4-602.
 - (2) Subject to the [other] provisions of this section, [a claimant, estate, or trust that is] an infrastructure cost-burdened entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit [for development of a high cost infrastructure project], against the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's tax liability under this chapter, as provided in this section.
 - (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 6, High Cost Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act, to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for [the] a taxable year.
 - (4) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that does not exceed [the next seven] 10 taxable years after the taxable year indicated on a tax credit certificate if:
 - (a) the infrastructure cost-burdened entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for [a] the taxable year; and
 - (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
 - (5) (a) On or before October 1, 2020, and every five years after October 1, 2020, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
 - (b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee:
 - (i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each infrastructure cost-burdened entity for each taxable year;
 - (ii) the infrastructure-related revenue generated by each high cost infrastructure project;
- 118 (iii) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under

119	Section 63M-4-505; and
120	(iv) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee requests.
121	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the Revenue and
122	Taxation Interim Committee's recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation
123	of:
124	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
125	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
126	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
127	Section 3. Section 63H-2-202 is amended to read:
128	63H-2-202. Authority board.
129	(1) There is created the Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board that consists of
130	nine members, appointed by the governor as follows:
131	(a) the energy advisor[5] or the executive director of the Office of Energy
132	Development, who shall serve as chair of the board;
133	(b) one member from the Governor's Office of Economic Development;
134	(c) [three members] one member from a public utility or electric interlocal entity that
135	operates electric transmission facilities within the state [as follows:];
136	[(i) one member selected by the governor from recommendations from an
137	investor-owned electric corporation that operates in this state;]
138	[(ii) one member selected by the governor from recommendations from a wholesale
139	electrical cooperative, as defined in Section 54-2-1, in the state; and]
140	[(iii) one member selected by the governor from recommendations from an electric
141	interlocal entity;]
142	(d) two members representing the economic development interests of rural
143	communities as follows:
144	(i) one member currently serving as county commissioner of a county of the third,
145	fourth, fifth, or sixth class, as described in Section 17-50-501; and
146	(ii) one member of a rural community with work experience in the energy industry;
147	(e) two members of the general public with relevant industry or community experience:
148	[(d)] (f) the director of the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration created
149	in Section 53C-1-201; and

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150	[(e) two representatives of business entities that produce energy; and]
151	[f) (g) one member of the general public who has experience with public finance and
152	bonding.
153	(2) (a) The term of a board member is four years.
154	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment
155	or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of board members are
156	staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two years.
157	(c) The governor may remove a member of the board for cause.
158	(d) The governor shall fill a vacancy in the board in the same manner under this section
159	as the appointment of the member whose vacancy is being filled.
160	(e) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve the remaining unexpired term
161	of the member whose vacancy the individual is filling.
162	(f) A board member shall serve until a successor is appointed and qualified.
163	(3) (a) Five members of the board constitute a quorum for conducting board business.
164	(b) A majority vote of the quorum present is required for an action to be taken by the
165	board.
166	(4) (a) [The board shall meet at least quarterly on a date the board sets. (b) The chair of
167	the board or any two members of the board may call additional meetings.] Except as provided
168	in Subsections (4)(b) and (4)(c), the board shall meet once each month, on a day determined by
169	the board, to review an application referred to the board by the Office of Energy Development
170	under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 6, High Cost Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act.
171	(b) Subject to Subsection (4)(c), the board may cancel the board's meeting for a given
172	month if there are no applications described in Subsection (4)(a) pending board approval.
173	(c) The board shall meet no less frequently than once each quarter, on a day determined
174	by the board.
175	(5) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
176	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
177	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
178	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
179	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

181	Section 4. Section 63 vi-4-602 is amended to read:
182	63M-4-602. Definitions.
183	As used in this part:
184	(1) "Applicant" means a person that conducts business in the state and that applies for a
185	tax credit under this part.
186	(2) "Board" means the Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board created in Section
187	<u>63H-2-202.</u>
188	[(2)] (3) "Fuel standard compliance project" means a project designed to retrofit a fuel
189	refinery [in order to make the refinery capable of producing fuel that complies with the United
190	States Environmental Protection Agency's Tier 3 gasoline sulfur standard described in 40
191	C.F.R. Sec. 79.54.] in the state in order to make the refinery capable of producing finished
192	gasoline that:
193	(a) will serve the in-state market; and
194	(b) has an average sulfur content, measured across the gasoline produced by the
195	refinery in a calendar year, that is less than or equal to 10 parts per million.
196	$[\frac{(3)}{4}]$ "High cost infrastructure project" means a project:
197	(a) (i) (A) [a project] that expands [or creates new] existing industrial, mining,
198	manufacturing, or agriculture activity in the state, not including a retail business; or
199	(B) creates a new industrial, mining, manufacturing, or agricultural entity in the state,
200	not including a retail business;
201	(ii) that involves new investment of at least \$50,000,000 in an existing industrial,
202	mining, manufacturing, or agriculture entity, by the entity; or
203	(iii) that is a fuel standard compliance project;
204	(b) that requires or is directly facilitated by infrastructure construction; and
205	(c) for which the [cost of] infrastructure construction cost to the entity creating the
206	project is greater than:
207	(i) 10% of the total cost of the project; or
208	(ii) \$10,000,000.
209	[(4)] <u>(5)</u> "Infrastructure" means:
210	(a) an energy delivery project as defined in Section 63H-2-102;
211	(b) a railroad as defined in Section 54-2-1;

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212	(c) a ruer standard comphance project;
213	(d) a road improvement project;
214	(e) a water self-supply project;
215	(f) a water removal system project; or
216	(g) a project that is designed to:
217	(i) increase the capacity for water delivery to a water user in the state; or
218	(ii) increase the capability of an existing water delivery system or related facility to
219	deliver water to a water user in the state.
220	(6) "Infrastructure construction cost" means the direct cost, incurred by an entity, to
221	construct infrastructure related to a given project.
222	$[\frac{(5)}{2}]$ (a) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means an applicant that enters into an
223	agreement with the office that qualifies the applicant to receive a tax credit as provided in this
224	part.
225	(b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" includes a pass-through entity taxpayer, as
226	defined in Section 59-10-1402, of a person described in Subsection [(5)] (7) (a).
227	[(6)] (8) (a) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means an amount equal to the sum of the
228	tax revenue, for an entity creating a high cost infrastructure project that is not a fuel standard
229	compliance project, in a taxable year, that is directly attributable to a high cost infrastructure
230	project, under:
231	[(a)] (i) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes;
232	[(b)] (ii) Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act; and
233	[(c)] (iii) Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act.
234	(b) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means an amount, in a taxable year, equal to the
235	sum of the tax revenue that exceeds the tax revenue that an entity creating a high cost
236	infrastructure project that is a fuel standard compliance project paid in the taxable year when
237	the entity began construction on the fuel standard compliance project, under:
238	(i) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes;
239	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act; and
240	(iii) TItle 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act.
241	[(7)] <u>(9)</u> "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section
242	63M-4-401.

243	$[\frac{(8)}{(10)}]$ "Tax credit" means a tax credit under Section 59-7-619 or 59-10-1034.
244	[(9) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the office to an infrastructure
245	cost-burdened entity that:]
246	[(a) lists the name of the infrastructure cost-burdened entity;]
247	[(b) lists the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's taxpayer identification number;]
248	[(c) lists, for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit authorized for the
249	infrastructure cost-burdened entity under this part; and]
250	[(d) includes other information as determined by the office.]
251	(11) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the office to an infrastructure
252	cost-burdened entity that:
253	(a) lists the name of the infrastructure cost-burdened entity;
254	(b) confirms that the office authorizes the infrastructure cost-burdened entity to receive
255	a tax credit;
256	(c) lists the taxable year during which the infrastructure cost-burdened entity generated
257	the infrastructure-related revenue and incurred the infrastructure-related cost that are the basis
258	of the tax credit;
259	(d) lists the amount of tax credit the office authorizes the infrastructure cost-burdened
260	entity to receive for the taxable year described in Subsection (11)(c); and
261	(e) includes any other information determined by the office.
262	Section 5. Section 63M-4-603 is amended to read:
263	63M-4-603. Tax credit Amount Eligibility Reporting.
264	(1) Before the office enters into an agreement described in Subsection [(3)] (4) with an
265	applicant regarding a project, the office, in consultation with the [Utah Energy Infrastructure
266	Authority Board created in Section 63H-2-202,] board and other state agencies as necessary,
267	shall, in accordance with the procedures described in Section 63M-4-604, certify:
268	(a) that the project meets the definition of a high cost infrastructure project under this
269	part;
270	(b) that the high cost infrastructure project will generate infrastructure-related revenue;
271	(c) the economic life of the high cost infrastructure project; and
272	(d) that the applicant has received a certificate of good standing from the Division of
273	Corporations and Commercial Code.

274	(2) [(a)] Before the office enters into an agreement described in Subsection (3) with an
275	applicant regarding a project, the [Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board] board shall
276	evaluate the project's benefit to the state[, based on whether the project:] by considering
277	whether the project:
278	[(i)] (a) is likely to increase the property tax revenue for the municipality or county
279	where the project will be located;
280	[(ii)] (b) would provide new infrastructure for an area where the type of infrastructure
281	the project would create is underdeveloped;
282	[(iii)] (c) would have a positive environmental impact on the state;
283	[(iv)] (d) would upgrade or improve an existing entity in order to ensure the entity's
284	continued operation and economic viability; [and]
285	[(v)] (e) is less likely to be completed without a tax credit issued to the applicant under
286	this part[-]; or
287	(f) will benefit from a state or federal tax credit not described in this part.
288	[(b)] (3) (a) The [Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board] board may recommend
289	that the office deny an applicant a tax credit if the applicant's project does not, as determined by
290	the [Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board] board, sufficiently benefit the state based on
291	the criteria described in Subsection (2)[(a)].
292	(b) An applicant is not required to demonstrate to the board that the applicant's project
293	meets multiple criteria described in Subsection (2) in order to establish the project's benefit to
294	the state.
295	[(3)] (4) Subject to the procedures described in Section 63M-4-604, if an applicant
296	meets the requirements of Subsection (1) to receive a tax credit, and the applicant's project
297	receives a favorable recommendation from the [Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board]
298	board under [Subsection] Subsections (2) and (3), the office shall enter into an agreement with
299	the applicant to authorize the tax credit in accordance with this part.
300	[(4)] (5) [The] Subject to the requirements of this section, the office shall [grant a tax
301	credit to] authorize a tax credit for, and issue a tax credit certificate to, an infrastructure
302	cost-burdened entity, for a high cost infrastructure project, under an agreement described in
303	Subsection [(3)] <u>(4)</u> :
304	(a) each year, for the [lesser] shorter of:

305	(i) the economic life of the high cost infrastructure project; or
306	[(ii) 20 years; or]
307	[(iii)] (ii) a time period, the first taxable year of which is the first taxable year when
308	[the construction of] the high cost infrastructure project [begins] generates
309	infrastructure-related revenue and the last taxable year of which is the taxable year in which the
310	infrastructure cost-burdened entity has recovered, through the tax credit, [an amount equal to:]
311	the maximum amount described in Subsection (5)(b);
312	(b) in an amount that, aggregated over the time period described in Subsection (5)(a), is
313	no greater than:
314	[(A)] (i) if the high cost infrastructure project is not a fuel standard compliance project,
315	50% of the [cost of the] infrastructure construction cost associated with the high cost
316	infrastructure project; or
317	[(B)] (ii) if the high cost infrastructure project is a fuel standard compliance project[;
318	30%] <u>:</u>
319	(A) that is complete on or before January 1, 2020, 50% of the [cost of the]
320	infrastructure construction cost associated with the [high cost infrastructure project.] fuel
321	standard compliance project;
322	(B) that is complete after January 1, 2020, and on or before January 1, 2021, 48% of
323	the infrastructure construction cost associated with the fuel standard compliance project;
324	(C) that is complete after January 1, 2021, and on or before January 1, 2022, 45% of
325	the infrastructure construction cost associated with the fuel standard compliance project;
326	(D) that is complete after January 1, 2022, and on or before January 1, 2023, 40% of
327	the infrastructure construction cost associated with the fuel standard compliance project;
328	(E) that is complete after January 1, 2023, and on or before January 1, 2024, 35% of
329	the infrastructure construction cost associated with the fuel standard compliance project; or
330	(F) that is complete after January 1, 2024, and on or before January 1, 2025, 30% of the
331	infrastructure construction cost associated with the fuel standard compliance project; and
332	[(b) except as provided in Subsections (4)(a) and (d), in a total amount equal to 30% of
333	the high cost infrastructure project's total infrastructure-related revenue over the time period
334	described in Subsection (4)(a);]
335	(c) for a taxable year, in an amount that [does not exceed] is equal to 50% of the high

336	cost infrastructure project's infrastructure-related revenue during that taxable year[; and].
337	[(d) if the high cost infrastructure project is a fuel standard compliance project, in a
338	total amount that is:
339	[(i) determined by the Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board, based on:]
340	[(A) the applicant's likelihood of completing the high cost infrastructure project
341	without a tax credit; and]
342	[(B) how soon the applicant plans to complete the high cost infrastructure project; and]
343	[(ii) equal to or less than 30% of the high cost infrastructure project's total
344	infrastructure-related revenue over the time period described in Subsection (4)(a).]
345	(6) For an infrastructure cost-burdened entity that begins constructing a high cost
346	infrastructure project between May 12, 2015, and July 1, 2016:
347	(a) the office may, subject to the requirements of this part:
348	(i) issue a tax credit certificate to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for the high
349	cost infrastructure project; and
350	(ii) in determining the amount of tax credit to award the infrastructure cost-burdened
351	entity for the high cost infrastructure project, consider the infrastructure construction cost
352	incurred by the infrastructure cost-burdened entity after May 12, 2015; and
353	(b) notwithstanding the evaluation criteria described in Subsection (2), the board may
354	not deny approval to the infrastructure cost-burdened entity for the high cost infrastructure
355	project solely because the high cost infrastructure project is in progress or complete.
356	[(5)] (7) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity shall, for each taxable year:
357	(a) file a report with the office showing the high cost infrastructure project's
358	infrastructure-related revenue during the taxable year;
359	(b) subject to Subsection $[(7)]$ (9) , file a report with the office that is prepared by an
360	independent certified public accountant that verifies the infrastructure-related revenue
861	described in Subsection $[(5)]$ (7) (a); and
362	(c) provide the office with information required by the office to certify the economic
363	life of the high cost infrastructure project.
364	[(6)] (8) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity shall retain records supporting a claim
365	for a tax credit for the same period of time during which a person is required to keep books and
366	records under Section 59-1-1406.

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367	[(7)] <u>(9)</u> An infrastructure cost-burdened entity for which a report is prepared under
368	Subsection $[(5)]$ (7) (b) shall pay the costs of preparing the report.
369	[(8)] (10) The office shall certify, for each taxable year, the infrastructure-related
370	revenue generated by an infrastructure cost-burdened entity.
371	Section 6. Section 63M-4-604 is amended to read:
372	63M-4-604. Tax credit Application procedure.
373	(1) An applicant shall provide the office with:
374	(a) an application for a tax credit certificate;
375	(b) documentation that the applicant meets, to the satisfaction of the office, the
376	requirements described in Subsection 63M-4-603(1)[, to the satisfaction of the office, for the
377	taxable year for which the applicant seeks to claim a tax credit]; and
378	(c) documentation that expressly directs and authorizes the State Tax Commission to
379	disclose to the office the applicant's returns and other information concerning the applicant that
380	would otherwise be subject to confidentiality under Section 59-1-403 or Section 6103, Internal
381	Revenue Code.
382	(2) (a) The office shall, for an applicant, submit the documentation described in
383	Subsection (1)(c) to the State Tax Commission.
384	(b) Upon receipt of the documentation described in Subsection (1)(c), the State Tax
385	Commission shall provide the office with the documentation described in Subsection (1)(c).
386	(3) If, after the office reviews the documentation from the State Tax Commission
387	under Subsection (2)(b) and the information the applicant submits to the office under Section
388	63M-4-603, the office, in consultation with the [Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board
389	created in Section 63H-2-202] board, determines that the applicant is not eligible for the tax
390	credit under Section 63M-4-603, or that the applicant's documentation is inadequate, the office
391	shall:
392	(a) deny the tax credit; or
393	(b) inform the applicant that the documentation supporting the applicant's claim for a
394	tax credit was inadequate and request that the applicant supplement the applicant's
395	documentation.
396	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), if, after the office reviews the documentation

described in Subsection (2)(b) and the information described in Subsection 63M-4-603[(6)](7),

398	the office, in consultation with the [Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board] board created
399	in Section 63H-2-202, determines that the documentation supporting an applicant's claim for a
400	tax credit adequately demonstrates that the applicant is eligible for the tax credit under Section
401	63M-4-603, the office shall, on the basis of the documentation:
402	(a) enter, with the applicant, into the agreement described in Subsection
403	63M-4-603[(3)] <u>(4)</u> ;
404	(b) issue a tax credit certificate to the applicant; and
405	(c) provide a duplicate copy of the tax credit certificate described in Subsection (4)(b)
406	to the State Tax Commission.
407	(5) The office may deny an applicant a tax credit based on the recommendation of the
408	[Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board] board, as provided in Subsection
409	63M-4-603[(2)] <u>(3)</u> .
410	(6) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity may not claim a tax credit under Section
411	59-7-619 or 59-10-1034 unless the infrastructure cost-burdened entity receives a tax credit
412	certificate from the office.
413	(7) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity that claims a tax credit shall retain the tax
414	credit certificate in accordance with Subsection 63M-4-603[(7)](8).
415	(8) Except for the information that is necessary for the office to disclose in order to
416	make the report described in Section 63M-4-605, the office shall treat a document an applicant
417	or infrastructure cost-burdened entity provides to the office as a protected record under Section
418	63G-2-305.
419	(9) The office shall review, and make a determination regarding, a complete
420	application, no later than 60 days after the day on which the applicant submits the application
421	to the office.
422	Section 7. Section 63M-4-606 is enacted to read:
423	63M-4-606. Administrative rules.
424	The office may establish, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
425	Administrative Rulemaking Act, procedures for the implementation of this part.
426	Section 8. Effective date.
427	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), if approved by two-thirds of all members
428	elected to each house, this bill takes effect upon approval by the governor, or the day following

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429	the constitutional time limit of Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's
430	signature, or in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.
431	(2) The actions affecting the following sections take effect for a taxable year beginning
432	on or after January 1, 2017:
433	(a) Section 59-7-619; and
434	(b) Section 59-10-1034.