Representative James A. Dunnigan proposes the following substitute bill:

1	INSURANCE RELATED MODIFICATIONS
2	2017 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to insurance.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 modifies enforcement penalties and procedures;
13	replaces the term "health benefit product" with "health benefit plan";
14	 clarifies that rules are made under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
15	Rulemaking Act;
16	addresses taxation;
17	 requires licensees who are foreign insurers to provide contact information and
18	maintain certain records;
19	 modifies due date of insurer holding company filing;
20	 enacts the Risk Management and Own Risk and Solvency Assessment Act,
21	including:
22	 providing the scope of the chapter;
23	 defining terms;
24	 requiring a risk management framework;
25	 requiring an own risk and solvency assessment;



26 providing for a summary report and its contents; providing for exemptions; 27 addressing confidentiality; 28 • establishing sanctions; and 29 30 providing a severability clause; 31 addresses risk based capital provisions; addresses association groups; 32 33 • modifies accident and health insurance standards provisions: 34 • moves provision for when a child of a group member may be denied eligibility; • clarifies preferred provider contract provisions; 35 ► addresses when a person is required to provide information concerning an employer 36 37 self-insured employee welfare benefit plan; 38 • moves provisions related to alcohol and drug dependency treatment: addresses groups eligible for group or blanket insurance; 39 40 • modifies provisions related to requirements for notice of termination; 41 ► addresses scope of part of credit life and accident and health insurance; amends definitions under the Unclaimed Life Insurance and Annuity Benefits Act; 42 43 provides for the assessment of forfeitures: 44 provides for notice to a producer of the termination of appointment; addresses when an insurer $\hat{S} \rightarrow [eontracts]$ has a contract $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ with a licensee; 45 • imposes requirements related to flood insurance; 46 47 addresses licensed compensation; • provides for notice to a designee when an agency terminates the designation, 48 49 including navigator agencies; addresses contracts with agencies; 50 51 ► addresses contracts with individual title insurance producer or an agency title 52 insurance producer; 53 • requires certain record keeping requirements; 54 addresses reports from organizations licensed as adjusters; 55 • enacts provisions related to adjusters; 56 • modifies provisions related to captive insurers, including:

57	 amending definitions;
58	 addressing permissive areas of insurance;
59	 addressing capital issues;
60	 modifying provisions required for formation;
61	 providing that captive insurance companies may cede risks to certain insurers;
62	 addressing contributions to guaranty of insolvency funds; and
63	 repealing provisions related to an association captive or industrial insured
64	group;
65	 amends board of directors provisions under the Defined Contribution Risk Adjuster
66	Act;
67	 imposes record retention requirements under the Continuing Care Provider Act;
67a	Ĥ→ [-and]
67b	repeals the Voluntary Health Insurance Purchasing Alliance Act; and ←Ĥ
68	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
69	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
70	None
71	Other Special Clauses:
72	This bill provides retrospective operation.
73	Utah Code Sections Affected:
74	AMENDS:
74a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{16\text{-}6a\text{-}207}$, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 234
74b	16-6a-301, as last enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 234 ←Ĥ
75	31A-2-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
76	31A-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 435
77	31A-3-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 123
78	31A-3-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
79	31A-8-402.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290, 300, and 425
80	31A-8-402.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 252
81	31A-16-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
82	31A-17-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
83	31A-17-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 319
84	31A-22-505, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
85	31A-22-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 78
	21 A 22 (10 5 as last arrandad by Larra of Hash 2011 Charter 207
86	31A-22-610.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297

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88
               31A-22-617, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290 and 300
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               31A-22-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 284
  90
               31A-22-716, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 284 and 297
 91
               31A-22-721, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290, 300, and 425
  92
               31A-22-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 116
               31A-22-1902, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 259
  93
  94
               31A-23a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
  95
               31A-23a-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
  96
               31A-23a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290 and 300
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               31A-23a-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
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               31A-23a-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 314
 99
               31A-23a-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
 100
               31A-23a-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
 101
               31A-23b-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290 and 300
 102
               31A-23b-202.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 425
 103
               31A-23b-209, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 341
 104
               31A-23b-210, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 341
 105
               31A-23b-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
               31A-26-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 173
 106
 107
               31A-26-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
 108
               31A-26-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
 109
               31A-30-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290 and 300
110
               31A-30-106.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 279
111
               31A-30-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290, 300, and 425
112
               31A-30-107.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 252
112a
          \hat{H} \rightarrow 31A-35-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 234 \leftarrow \hat{H}
               31A-37-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
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114
               31A-37-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
115
               31A-37-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
               31A-37-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
 116
               31A-37-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 348
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 118
               31A-37-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
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119 31A-37-305, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 251 120 31A-42-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 10 and 68 121 31A-44-603, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 270 122 **53-2a-1102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 408 123 **59-7-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 376 and 435 124 **59-9-101**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 135 125 63G-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 410 126 **ENACTS**: 127 **31A-14-205.5**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 128 **31A-16a-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 129 **31A-16a-102**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 130 **31A-16a-103**. Utah Code Annotated 1953 131 **31A-16a-104**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 132 **31A-16a-105**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 133 **31A-16a-106**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 134 **31A-16a-107**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 135 **31A-16a-108**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 136 **31A-16a-109**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 137 **31A-16a-110**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 138 **31A-22-645**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 139 **31A-26-312**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 140 **31A-26-401**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 141 **31A-26-402**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 142 **31A-26-403**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 143 **REPEALS:** 144 **31A-22-715**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138 145 31A-22-718, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 344 145a Ĥ→ 31A-34-101, as last enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 143 145b 31A-34-102, as last enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 143 31A-34-103, as last enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 143 145c 145d 31A-34-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297 145e 31A-34-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 300 145f 31A-34-106, as last enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 143 145g 31A-34-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297

145h	31A-34-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 300
145i	31A-34-109, as last enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 143
145j	31A-34-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 108
145k	31A-34-111, as last enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 143 ←Ĥ
146	31A-37-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
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148	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
148a	Ĥ→ Section 1. Section 16-6a-207 is amended to read:
148b	16-6a-207. Incorporation of cooperative association.
148c	(1) (a) If a cooperative association meets the requirements of Subsection (1)(b), it may:
148d	(i) be incorporated under this chapter; and
148e	(ii) use the word "cooperative" as part of its corporate or business name.
148f	(b) A cooperative association described in Subsection (1)(a):
148g	(i) may not be [:(A)] an association subject to the insurance or credit union laws of this
148h	state; and
148i	[(B) a health insurance purchasing association as defined in Section 31A-34-103; or
148j	(C) a health insurance purchasing alliance licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 34, Voluntary
148k	Health Insurance Purchasing Alliance Act; and]
1481	(ii) shall state in its articles of incorporation that:
148m	(A) a member may not have more than one vote regardless of the number or amount of stock
148n	or membership capital owned by the member unless voting is based in whole or in part on the volume
148o	of patronage of the member with the cooperative association; and
148p	(B) savings in excess of dividends and additions to reserves and surplus shall be distributed or
148q	allocated to members or patrons on the basis of patronage.
148r	(2) (a) Any cooperative association incorporated in accordance with Subsection (1):
148s	(i) has all the rights and is subject to the limitations provided in Section 3-1-11; and
148t	(ii) may pay dividends on its stock, if it has stock, subject to the limitations of Section 3-1-11.
148u	(b) The articles of incorporation or the bylaws of a cooperative association incorporated in
148v	accordance with Subsection (1) may provide for:
148w	(i) the establishment and alteration of voting districts;
148x	(ii) the election of delegates to represent:
148y	(A) the districts described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); and
148z	(B) the members of the districts described in Subsection (2)(b)(i);
148aa	(iii) the establishment and alteration of director districts; and
148ab	(iv) the election of directors to represent the districts described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii) by:
148ac	(A) the members of the districts: or Ω

148ad	(B) delegates elected by the members.
148ae	(3) (a) A corporation organized under Title 3, Uniform Agricultural Cooperative Association
148af	Act, or Title 16, Chapter 16, Uniform Limited Cooperative Association Act, may convert itself into a
148ag	cooperative association subject to this chapter by adopting appropriate amendments to its articles of
148ah	incorporation by which:
148ai	(i) it elects to become subject to this chapter; and
148aj	(ii) makes changes in its articles of incorporation that are:
148ak	(A) required by this chapter; and
148al	(B) any other changes permitted by this chapter.
148am	(b) The amendments described in Subsection (3)(a) shall be adopted and filed in the manner
148an	provided by the law then applicable to the cooperative nonprofit corporation.
148ao	[(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a health insurance purchasing association may not use the
148ap	word "cooperative" or "alliance" but may use the word "association."]
148aq	[(5)] (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a cooperative nonprofit corporation is
148ar	subject to this chapter.
148as	[(6)] (5) A corporation that is a cooperative under this chapter may convert to a limited
148at	cooperative association under Title 16, Chapter 16, Uniform Limited Cooperative Association Act, by
148au	complying with that chapter.
148av	Section 2. Section 16-6a-301 is amended to read:
148aw	16-6a-301. Purposes.
148ax	(1) Every nonprofit corporation incorporated under this chapter that in its articles of
148ay	incorporation has a statement meeting the requirements of Subsection 16-6a-202(3)(a) may engage in
148az	any lawful activity except for express limitations set forth in the articles of incorporation.
148ba	(2) (a) A nonprofit corporation engaging in an activity that is subject to regulation under
148bb	another statute of this state may incorporate under this chapter only if permitted by, and subject to all
148bc	limitations of, the other statute.
148bd	(b) Without limiting Subsection (2)(a) and subject to Subsection (2)(c), an organization may
148be	not be organized under this chapter if the organization is subject to the:
148bf	(i) insurance laws of this state; or
148bg	(ii) laws governing depository institutions as defined in Section 7-1-103.
148bh	[(e) Notwithstanding Subscetion (2)(b), the following may be organized under this chapter:
148bi	(i) a health insurance purchasing association as defined in Section 31A-34-103; and
148bj	(ii) a health insurance purchasing alliance licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 34, Voluntary

Health Insurance Purchasing Alliance Act.] \leftarrow \hat{H}

Section $\hat{H} \rightarrow$ [1] 3 \leftarrow \hat{H} . Section 31A-2-308 is amended to read:

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150	31A-2-308.	Enforcement	penalties and	procedures

- (1) (a) A person who violates any insurance statute or rule or any order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4) shall forfeit to the state twice the amount of any profit gained from the violation, in addition to any other forfeiture or penalty imposed.
- (b) (i) The commissioner may order an individual producer, surplus line producer, limited line producer, managing general agent, reinsurance intermediary, adjuster, third party administrator, navigator, or insurance consultant who violates an insurance statute or rule to forfeit to the state not more than \$2,500 for each violation.
- (ii) The commissioner may order any other person who violates an insurance statute or rule to forfeit to the state not more than \$5,000 for each violation.
- (c) (i) The commissioner may order an individual producer, surplus line producer, limited line producer, managing general agent, reinsurance intermediary, adjuster, third party administrator, navigator, or insurance consultant who violates an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4) to forfeit to the state not more than \$2,500 for each violation. Each day the violation continues is a separate violation.
- (ii) The commissioner may order any other person who violates an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4) to forfeit to the state not more than \$5,000 for each violation. Each day the violation continues is a separate violation.
- (d) The commissioner may accept or compromise any forfeiture under this Subsection (1) until after a complaint is filed under Subsection (2). After the filing of the complaint, only the attorney general may compromise the forfeiture.
- (2) When a person fails to comply with an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4), including a forfeiture order, the commissioner may file an action in any court of competent jurisdiction or obtain a court order or judgment:
 - (a) enforcing the commissioner's order;
- (b) (i) directing compliance with the commissioner's order and restraining further violation of the order; and
- (ii) subjecting the person ordered to the procedures and sanctions available to the court for punishing contempt if the failure to comply continues; or
- 179 (c) imposing a forfeiture in an amount the court considers just, up to \$10,000 for each
 180 day the failure to comply continues after the filing of the complaint until judgment is rendered.

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181 (3) (a) The Utah Rules of Civil Procedure govern actions brought under Subsection (2), 182 except that the commissioner may file a complaint seeking a court-ordered forfeiture under 183 Subsection (2)(c) no sooner than two weeks after giving written notice of the commissioner's 184 intention to proceed under Subsection (2)(c). 185 (b) The commissioner's order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4) may contain a 186 notice of intention to seek a court-ordered forfeiture if the commissioner's order is disobeyed. 187 (4) If, after a court order is issued under Subsection (2), the person fails to comply with 188 the commissioner's order or judgment: 189 (a) the commissioner may certify the fact of the failure to the court by affidavit; and 190 (b) the court may, after a hearing following at least five days written notice to the 191 parties subject to the order or judgment, amend the order or judgment to add the forfeiture or 192 forfeitures, as prescribed in Subsection (2)(c), until the person complies. 193 (5) (a) The proceeds of the forfeitures under this section, including collection expenses, 194 shall be paid into the General Fund. 195 (b) The expenses of collection shall be credited to the department's budget. 196 (c) The attorney general's budget shall be credited to the extent the department 197 reimburses the attorney general's office for its collection expenses under this section. 198 (6) (a) Forfeitures and judgments under this section bear interest at the rate charged by 199 the United States Internal Revenue Service for past due taxes on the: 200 (i) date of entry of the commissioner's order under Subsection (1); or 201 (ii) date of judgment under Subsection (2). 202 (b) Interest accrues from the later of the dates described in Subsection (6)(a) until the 203 forfeiture and accrued interest are fully paid. 204 (7) A forfeiture may not be imposed under Subsection (2)(c) if: 205 (a) at the time the forfeiture action is commenced, the person was in compliance with 206 the commissioner's order; or 207 (b) the violation of the order occurred during the order's suspension. 208 (8) The commissioner may seek an injunction as an alternative to issuing an order 209 under Subsection 31A-2-201(4).

(9) (a) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if that person:

(i) intentionally violates:

212	(A) an insurance statute of this state; or
213	(B) an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
214	(ii) intentionally permits a person over whom that person has authority to violate:
215	(A) an insurance statute of this state; or
216	(B) an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4); or
217	(iii) intentionally aids any person in violating:
218	(A) an insurance statute of this state; or
219	(B) an order issued under Subsection 31A-2-201(4).
220	(b) Unless a specific criminal penalty is provided elsewhere in this title, the person may
221	be fined not more than:
222	(i) \$10,000 if a corporation; or
223	(ii) \$5,000 if a person other than a corporation.
224	(c) If the person is an individual, the person may, in addition, be imprisoned for up to
225	one year.
226	(d) As used in this Subsection (9), "intentionally" has the same meaning as under
227	Subsection 76-2-103(1).
228	(10) (a) A person who knowingly and intentionally violates Section 31A-4-102,
229	31A-8a-208, 31A-15-105, 31A-23a-116, or 31A-31-111 is guilty of a felony as provided in this
230	Subsection (10).
231	(b) When the value of the property, money, or other things obtained or sought to be
232	obtained in violation of Subsection (10)(a):
233	(i) is less than \$5,000, a person is guilty of a third degree felony; or
234	(ii) is or exceeds \$5,000, a person is guilty of a second degree felony.
235	(11) (a) After a hearing, the commissioner may, in whole or in part, revoke, suspend,
236	place on probation, limit, or refuse to renew the licensee's license or certificate of authority:
237	(i) when a licensee of the department, other than a domestic insurer:
238	(A) persistently or substantially violates the insurance law; or
239	(B) violates an order of the commissioner under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
240	(ii) if there are grounds for delinquency proceedings against the licensee under Section
241	31A-27a-207; or
242	(iii) if the licensee's methods and practices in the conduct of the licensee's business

243	endanger, or the licensee's financial resources are inadequate to safeguard, the legitimate
244	interests of the licensee's customers and the public.
245	(b) Additional license termination or probation provisions for licensees other than
246	insurers are set forth in Sections 31A-19a-303, 31A-19a-304, 31A-23a-111, 31A-23a-112,
247	31A-25-208, 31A-25-209, 31A-26-213, 31A-26-214, 31A-35-501, and 31A-35-503.
248	(12) The enforcement penalties and procedures set forth in this section are not
249	exclusive, but are cumulative of other rights and remedies the commissioner has pursuant to
250	applicable law.
251	Section 2. Section 31A-3-102 is amended to read:
252	31A-3-102. Exclusive fees and taxes.
253	(1) The following are in place of any other license fee or license assessment that might
254	otherwise be levied against a licensee by the state or a political subdivision of the state:
255	(a) taxes and fees under this chapter[5];
256	(b) the premium taxes under [Sections 59-9-101 through 59-9-104,] Title 59, Chapter
257	9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers;
258	(c) the fees under Section 31A-31-108[7]; and
259	(d) the examination costs under Section 31A-2-205 [are in place of all other license
260	fees or assessments that might otherwise be levied by the state or any other taxing body within
261	the state].
262	$\left[\frac{(2)}{An}\right]$
263	(2) The following are not subject to Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and
264	Income Taxes:
265	(a) an insurer that is subject to premium taxes under [Sections 59-9-101 through
266	59-9-104 is not subject to corporate franchise taxes.] Title 59, Chapter 9, Taxation of Admitted
267	Insurers, regardless of whether the insurance company has a tax liability under that chapter;
268	(b) an insurance company that engages in a transaction that is subject to taxes under
269	Section 31A-3-301 or 31A-3-302, regardless of whether the insurance company has a tax
270	liability under that section; and
271	(c) a captive insurance company as provided in Section 31A-3-304 that pays a fee
272	imposed under Section 31A-3-304.
273	(3) Unless otherwise exempt, a licensee under this title is subject to real and personal

2/4	property taxes.
275	Section 3. Section 31A-3-205 is amended to read:
276	31A-3-205. Taxation of insurance companies.
277	(1) An admitted insurer shall pay to the State Tax Commission taxes imposed on the
278	admitted insurer by Title 59, Revenue and Taxation.
279	(2) A surplus lines insurer shall pay the taxes due under Section 31A-3-301 or
280	31A-3-302 in accordance with Section 31A-3-303.
281	Section 4. Section 31A-3-304 is amended to read:
282	31A-3-304. Annual fees Other taxes or fees prohibited Captive Insurance
283	Restricted Account.
284	(1) (a) A captive insurance company shall pay an annual fee imposed under this section
285	to obtain or renew a certificate of authority.
286	(b) The commissioner shall:
287	(i) determine the annual fee pursuant to Section 31A-3-103; and
288	(ii) consider whether the annual fee is competitive with fees imposed by other states on
289	captive insurance companies.
290	(2) A captive insurance company that fails to pay the fee required by this section is
291	subject to the relevant sanctions of this title.
292	[(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d) and notwithstanding Title 59, Chapter
293	9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers, the following constitute the sole taxes, fees, or charges under
294	the laws of this state that may be levied or assessed on a captive insurance company:]
295	(3) (a) A captive insurance company that pays one of the following fees is exempt from
296	Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, and Title 59, Chapter 9, Taxation
297	of Admitted Insurers:
298	(i) a fee under this section;
299	(ii) a fee under Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; [and] or
300	(iii) a fee under Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company
301	Act.
302	(b) The state or a county, city, or town within the state may not levy or collect an
303	occupation tax or other [tax,] fee[;] or charge not described in Subsections (3)(a)(i) through (iii)
304	against a captive insurance company.

305	(c) The state may not levy, assess, or collect a withdrawal fee under Section 31A-4-115
306	against a captive insurance company.
307	[(d) A captive insurance company is subject to real and personal property taxes.]
308	(4) A captive insurance company shall pay the fee imposed by this section to the
309	commissioner by June 1 of each year.
310	(5) (a) Money received pursuant to a fee described in Subsection (3)(a) shall be
311	deposited into the Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
312	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Captive
313	Insurance Restricted Account."
314	(c) The Captive Insurance Restricted Account shall consist of the fees described in
315	Subsection (3)(a).
316	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
317	Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money deposited
318	into the Captive Insurance Restricted Account to:
319	(i) administer and enforce:
320	(A) Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; and
321	(B) Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company Act; and
322	(ii) promote the captive insurance industry in Utah.
323	(e) An appropriation from the Captive Insurance Restricted Account is nonlapsing,
324	except that at the end of each fiscal year, money received by the commissioner in excess of the
325	following shall be treated as free revenue in the General Fund:
326	(i) for fiscal year 2015-2016, in excess of \$1,250,000;
327	(ii) for fiscal year 2016-2017, in excess of \$1,250,000; and
328	(iii) for fiscal year 2017-2018 and subsequent fiscal years, in excess of \$1,850,000.
329	Section 5. Section 31A-8-402.3 is amended to read:
330	31A-8-402.3. Discontinuance, nonrenewal, or changes to group health benefit
331	plans.
332	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a group health benefit plan for a plan
333	sponsor is renewable and continues in force:
334	(a) with respect to all eligible employees and dependents; and
335	(b) at the option of the plan sponsor.

336	(2) A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor may be discontinued or nonrenewed for a
337	network plan, if:
338	(a) there is no longer any enrollee under the group health plan who lives, resides, or
339	works in:
340	(i) the service area of the insurer; or
341	(ii) the area for which the insurer is authorized to do business; or
342	(b) for coverage made available in the small or large employer market only through an
343	association, if:
344	(i) the employer's membership in the association ceases; and
345	(ii) the coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related
346	factor relating to any covered individual.
347	(3) A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor may be discontinued if:
348	(a) a condition described in Subsection (2) exists;
349	(b) the plan sponsor fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the
350	terms of the contract;
351	(c) the plan sponsor:
352	(i) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud; or
353	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
354	coverage;
355	(d) the insurer:
356	(i) elects to discontinue offering a particular health benefit [product] plan delivered or
357	issued for delivery in this state; and
358	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
359	(I) to each plan sponsor, employee, or dependent of a plan sponsor or an employee; and
360	(II) at least 90 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
361	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
362	(I) to the commissioner; and
363	(II) at least three working days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected plan
364	sponsors, employees, and dependents of the plan sponsors or employees;
365	(C) offers to each plan sponsor, on a guaranteed issue basis, the option to purchase:
366	(I) all other health benefit [products] plans currently being offered by the insurer in the

367	market; or
368	(II) in the case of a large employer, any other health benefit [product] plan currently
369	being offered in that market; and
370	(D) in exercising the option to discontinue that [product] health benefit plan and in
371	offering the option of coverage in this section, acts uniformly without regard to:
372	(I) the claims experience of a plan sponsor;
373	(II) any health status-related factor relating to any covered participant or beneficiary; or
374	(III) any health status-related factor relating to any new participant or beneficiary who
375	may become eligible for the coverage; or
376	(e) the insurer:
377	(i) elects to discontinue all of the insurer's health benefit plans in:
378	(A) the small employer market;
379	(B) the large employer market; or
380	(C) both the small employer and large employer markets; and
381	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
382	(I) to each plan sponsor, employee, or dependent of a plan sponsor or an employee; and
383	(II) at least 180 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
384	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
385	(I) to the commissioner in each state in which an affected insured individual is known
386	to reside; and
387	(II) at least 30 working days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected plan
388	sponsors, employees, and the dependents of the plan sponsors or employees;
389	(C) discontinues and nonrenews all plans issued or delivered for issuance in the
390	market; and
391	(D) provides a plan of orderly withdrawal as required by Section 31A-4-115.
392	(4) A large employer health benefit plan may be discontinued or nonrenewed:
393	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
394	(b) for noncompliance with the insurer's:
395	(i) minimum participation requirements; or
396	(ii) employer contribution requirements.
397	(5) A small employer health benefit plan may be discontinued or nonrenewed:

398	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
399	(b) for noncompliance with the insurer's employer contribution requirements.
400	(6) A small employer health benefit plan may be nonrenewed:
401	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
402	(b) for noncompliance with the insurer's minimum participation requirements.
403	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), an eligible employee may be
404	discontinued if after issuance of coverage the eligible employee:
405	(i) engages in an act or practice in connection with the coverage that constitutes fraud;
406	or
407	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact in connection with the
408	coverage.
409	(b) An eligible employee that is discontinued under Subsection (7)(a) may reenroll:
410	(i) 12 months after the date of discontinuance; and
411	(ii) if the plan sponsor's coverage is in effect at the time the eligible employee applies
412	to reenroll.
413	(c) At the time the eligible employee's coverage is discontinued under Subsection
414	(7)(a), the insurer shall notify the eligible employee of the right to reenroll when coverage is
415	discontinued.
416	(d) An eligible employee may not be discontinued under this Subsection (7) because of
417	a fraud or misrepresentation that relates to health status.
418	(8) For purposes of this section, a reference to "plan sponsor" includes a reference to
419	the employer:
420	(a) with respect to coverage provided to an employer member of the association; and
421	(b) if the health benefit plan is made available by an insurer in the employer market
422	only through:
423	(i) an association;
424	(ii) a trust; or
425	(iii) a discretionary group.
426	(9) An insurer may modify a health benefit plan for a plan sponsor only:
427	(a) at the time of coverage renewal; and
428	(b) if the modification is effective uniformly among all plans with that product.

429	Section 6. Section 31A-8-402.5 is amended to read:
430	31A-8-402.5. Individual discontinuance and nonrenewal.
431	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a health benefit plan offered on an
432	individual basis is renewable and continues in force:
433	(i) with respect to all individuals or dependents; and
434	(ii) at the option of the individual.
435	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies regardless of:
436	(i) whether the contract is issued through:
437	(A) a trust;
438	(B) an association;
439	(C) a discretionary group; or
440	(D) other similar grouping; or
441	(ii) the situs of delivery of the policy or contract.
442	(2) A health benefit plan may be discontinued or nonrenewed:
443	(a) for a network plan, if:
444	(i) the individual no longer lives, resides, or works in:
445	(A) the service area of the insurer; or
446	(B) the area for which the insurer is authorized to do business; and
447	(ii) coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor
448	relating to any covered individual; or
449	(b) for coverage made available through an association, if:
450	(i) the individual's membership in the association ceases; and
451	(ii) the coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related
452	factor relating to any covered individual.
453	(3) A health benefit plan may be discontinued if:
454	(a) a condition described in Subsection (2) exists;
455	(b) the individual fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms
456	of the health benefit plan, including any timeliness requirements;
457	(c) the individual:
458	(i) performs an act or practice in connection with the coverage that constitutes fraud; or
459	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the

+00	coverage;
461	(d) the insurer:
462	(i) elects to discontinue offering a particular health benefit [product] plan delivered or
463	issued for delivery in this state; and
164	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
465	(I) to each individual provided coverage; and
466	(II) at least 90 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
467	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
468	(I) to the commissioner; and
169	(II) at least three working days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected
470	individuals;
471	(C) offers to each covered individual on a guaranteed issue basis, the option to
472	purchase all other individual health benefit [products] plans currently being offered by the
473	insurer for individuals in that market; and
174	(D) acts uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor of covered
175	individuals or dependents of covered individuals who may become eligible for coverage; or
476	(e) the insurer:
1 77	(i) elects to discontinue all of the insurer's health benefit plans in the individual market;
478	and
179	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
480	(I) to each individual provided coverage; and
481	(II) at least 180 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
482	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
483	(I) to the commissioner in each state in which an affected insured individual is known
484	to reside; and
185	(II) at least 30 working days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected
486	individuals;
187	(C) discontinues and nonrenews all health benefit plans the insurer issues or delivers
488	for issuance in the individual market; and
189	(D) acts uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor of covered
190	individuals or dependents of covered individuals who may become eligible for coverage.

491	Section 7. Section 31A-14-205.5 is enacted to read:
492	31A-14-205.5. Place of business address information Record retention.
493	(1) (a) A licensee under this chapter shall register and maintain with the commissioner:
494	(i) the address and the one or more telephone numbers of the licensee's principal place
495	of business; and
496	(ii) a valid business email address at which the commissioner may contact the licensee.
497	(b) A licensee shall notify the commissioner within 30 days of a change of any of the
498	following required to be registered with the commissioner under this section:
499	(i) an address;
500	(ii) a telephone number; or
501	(iii) a business email address.
502	(2) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (3), a licensee under this chapter shall
503	keep at the address of the principal place of business registered under Subsection (1), separate
504	and distinct books and records of the transactions consummated under the Utah license.
505	(b) The books and records described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
506	(i) be in an organized form; and
507	(ii) be available to the commissioner for inspection upon reasonable notice.
508	(c) The books and records described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include the following:
509	(i) if the licensee is a foreign insurer, alien insurer, commercially domiciled insurer,
510	foreign title insurer, or foreign fraternal:
511	(A) a record of each insurance contract procured by or issued through the licensee, with
512	the names of the one or more insureds, the amount of premium and commissions or other
513	compensation, and the subject of the insurance;
514	(B) the name of any other producer, surplus lines producer, limited line producer,
515	consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary from whom business is
516	accepted, and of a person to whom commissions or allowances of any kind are promised or
517	paid; and
518	(C) a record of the consumer complaints forwarded to the licensee by an insurance
519	regulator; and
520	(ii) any additional information that:
521	(A) is customary for a similar husiness; or

522 (B) may reasonably be required by the commissioner by rule made in accordance with 523 Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 524 (3) Subsection (2) is satisfied if the books and records specified in Subsection (2) can 525 be obtained immediately from a central storage place or elsewhere by online computer 526 terminals located at the registered address. 527 (4) A licensee who represents only a single insurer satisfies Subsection (2) if the insurer maintains the books and records pursuant to Subsection (2) at a place satisfying 528 529 Subsections (1) and (5). 530 (5) (a) The books and records maintained under Subsection (2) shall be available for the inspection of the commissioner during the business hours for a period of time after the date 531 532 of the transaction as specified by the commissioner by rule, made in accordance with Title 533 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, but in no case for less than three 534 calendar years in addition to the current calendar year. (b) Discarding a book or record after the applicable record retention period has expired 535 does not place the licensee in violation of a later-adopted longer record retention period. 536 537 Section 8. Section 31A-16-105 is amended to read: 538 31A-16-105. Registration of insurers. 539 (1) (a) An insurer that is authorized to do business in this state and that is a member of 540 an insurance holding company system shall register with the commissioner, except a foreign 541 insurer subject to registration requirements and standards adopted by statute or regulation in the 542 iurisdiction of its domicile, if the requirements and standards are substantially similar to those 543 contained in this section, Subsections 31A-16-106(1)(a) and (2) and either Subsection 31A-16-106(1)(b) or a statutory provision similar to the following: "Each registered insurer 544 545 shall keep current the information required to be disclosed in its registration statement by reporting all material changes or additions within 15 days after the end of the month in which it 546 547 learns of each change or addition." (b) An insurer that is subject to registration under this section shall register within 15 548 549 days after it becomes subject to registration, and annually thereafter by [May 1] June 30 of each 550 year for the previous calendar year, unless the commissioner for good cause extends the time 551 for registration and then at the end of the extended time period. The commissioner may require

any insurer authorized to do business in the state, which is a member of a holding company

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553 system, and which is not subject to registration under this section, to furnish a copy of the 554 registration statement, the summary specified in Subsection (3), or any other information filed 555 by the insurer with the insurance regulatory authority of domiciliary jurisdiction. 556 (2) An insurer subject to registration shall file the registration statement with the 557 commissioner on a form and in a format prescribed by the National Association of Insurance 558 Commissioners, which shall contain the following current information: 559 (a) the capital structure, general financial condition, and ownership and management of 560 the insurer and any person controlling the insurer: 561 (b) the identity and relationship of every member of the insurance holding company 562 system; 563 (c) any of the following agreements in force, and transactions currently outstanding or 564 which have occurred during the last calendar year between the insurer and its affiliates: 565 (i) loans, other investments, or purchases, sales or exchanges of securities of the affiliates by the insurer or of securities of the insurer by its affiliates; 566 567 (ii) purchases, sales, or exchanges of assets; 568 (iii) transactions not in the ordinary course of business; 569 (iv) guarantees or undertakings for the benefit of an affiliate which result in an actual 570 contingent exposure of the insurer's assets to liability, other than insurance contracts entered 571 into in the ordinary course of the insurer's business; 572 (v) all management agreements, service contracts, and all cost-sharing arrangements; 573 (vi) reinsurance agreements; 574 (vii) dividends and other distributions to shareholders; and 575 (viii) consolidated tax allocation agreements; 576 (d) any pledge of the insurer's stock, including stock of any subsidiary or controlling 577 affiliate, for a loan made to any member of the insurance holding company system; 578 (e) if requested by the commissioner, financial statements of or within an insurance 579 holding company system, including all affiliates: 580 (i) which may include annual audited financial statements filed with the United States 581 Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or

(ii) which request is satisfied by providing the commissioner with the most recently

the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

- filed parent corporation financial statements that have been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission;
 - (f) any other matters concerning transactions between registered insurers and any affiliates as may be included in any subsequent registration forms adopted or approved by the commissioner;
 - (g) statements that the insurer's board of directors oversees corporate governance and internal controls and that the insurer's officers or senior management have approved, implemented, and continue to maintain and monitor corporate governance and internal control procedures; and
 - (h) any other information required by rule made by the commissioner in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
 - (3) All registration statements shall contain a summary outlining all items in the current registration statement representing changes from the prior registration statement.
 - (4) No information need be disclosed on the registration statement filed pursuant to Subsection (2) if the information is not material for the purposes of this section. Unless the commissioner by rule or order provides otherwise, sales, purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of credit, investments, or guarantees involving one-half of 1%, or less, of an insurer's admitted assets as of the next preceding December 31 may not be considered material for purposes of this section.
 - (5) Subject to Section 31A-16-106, each registered insurer shall report to the commissioner a dividend or other distribution to shareholders within 15 business days following the declaration of the dividend or distribution.
 - (6) Any person within an insurance holding company system subject to registration shall provide complete and accurate information to an insurer if the information is reasonably necessary to enable the insurer to comply with the provisions of this chapter.
 - (7) The commissioner shall terminate the registration of any insurer which demonstrates that it no longer is a member of an insurance holding company system.
 - (8) The commissioner may require or allow two or more affiliated insurers subject to registration under this section to file a consolidated registration statement.
 - (9) The commissioner may allow an insurer which is authorized to do business in this state, and which is part of an insurance holding company system, to register on behalf of any

affiliated insurer which is required to register under Subsection (1) and to file all information and material required to be filed under this section.

- (10) This section does not apply to any insurer, information, or transaction if, and to the extent that, the commissioner by rule or order exempts the insurer from this section.
- authorized insurer, or a disclaimer of affiliation may be filed by any insurer or any member of an insurance holding company system. The disclaimer shall fully disclose all material relationships and bases for affiliation between the person and the insurer as well as the basis for disclaiming the affiliation. A disclaimer of affiliation is considered to have been granted unless the commissioner, within 30 days following receipt of a complete disclaimer, notifies the filing party the disclaimer is disallowed. If disallowed, the disclaiming party may request an administrative hearing, which shall be granted. The disclaiming party shall be relieved of its duty to register under this section if approval of the disclaimer is granted by the commissioner, or if the disclaimer is considered to have been approved.
- (12) The ultimate controlling person of an insurer subject to registration shall also file an annual enterprise risk report. The annual enterprise risk report shall, to the best of the ultimate controlling person's knowledge and belief, identify the material risks within the insurance holding company that could pose enterprise risk to the insurer. The annual enterprise risk report shall be filed with the lead state commissioner of the insurance holding company system as determined by the procedures within the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
- (13) The failure to file a registration statement or any summary of the registration statement or enterprise risk filing required by this section within the time specified for the filing is a violation of this section.
 - Section 9. Section **31A-16a-101** is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 16a. RISK MANAGEMENT AND OWN RISK AND SOLVENCY ASSESSMENT ACT

- 31A-16a-101. Title -- Scope.
- (1) This chapter is known as the "Risk Management and Own Risk and Solvency Assessment Act."
- 645 (2) This chapter applies to an insurer domiciled in this state unless exempt pursuant to

646	Section 31A-16a-106.
647	Section 10. Section 31A-16a-102 is enacted to read:
648	31A-16a-102. Definitions.
649	As used in this chapter:
650	(1) "Insurance group," for the purpose of conducting an own risk and solvency
651	assessment, means those insurers and affiliates included within an insurance holding company
652	system as defined in Section 31A-1-301.
653	(2) "Insurer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-1-301, except that
654	it does not include agency, authority, or instrumentality of the United States, its possessions
655	and territories, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, or a state or
656	political subdivision of a state.
657	(3) "ORSA guidance manual" means the $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{current}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ version of the Own Risk and
657a	Solvency
658	Assessment Guidance Manual developed and adopted by the National Association of Insurance
659	Commissioners and as amended from time to time.
660	(4) "ORSA summary report" means a confidential high-level summary of an insurer or
661	insurance group's own risk and solvency assessment.
662	(5) "Own risk and solvency assessment" means a confidential internal assessment,
663	appropriate to the nature, scale, and complexity of an insurer or insurance group, conducted by
664	that insurer or insurance group, of the material and relevant risks associated with the insurer or
665	insurance group's current business plan and the sufficiency of capital resources to support those
666	<u>risks.</u>
667	Section 11. Section 31A-16a-103 is enacted to read:
668	31A-16a-103. Risk management framework.
669	An insurer shall maintain a risk management framework to assist the insurer with
670	identifying, assessing, monitoring, managing, and reporting on its material and relevant risks.
671	This requirement may be satisfied if the insurance group of which the insurer is a member
672	maintains a risk management framework applicable to the operations of the insurer.
673	Section 12. Section 31A-16a-104 is enacted to read:
674	31A-16a-104. Own risk and solvency assessment requirement.
675	Subject to Section 31A-16a-106, an insurer, or the insurance group of which the insurer
676	is a member, shall regularly conduct an own risk and solvency assessment consistent with a

677	process comparable to the ORSA guidance manual. The insurer or insurance group shall
678	conduct the own risk and solvency assessment no less than annually but also at any time when
679	there are significant changes to the risk profile of the insurer or the insurance group of which
680	the insurer is a member.
681	Section 13. Section 31A-16a-105 is enacted to read:
682	31A-16a-105. ORSA summary report.
683	(1) (a) Upon the commissioner's request, and no more than once each year, an insurer
684	shall submit to the commissioner an ORSA summary report or any combination of reports that
685	together contain the information described in the ORSA guidance manual, applicable to the
686	insurer, the insurance group of which it is a member, or both.
687	(b) Notwithstanding a request from the commissioner, if the insurer is a member of an
688	insurance group, the insurer shall submit the one or more reports required by this Subsection
689	(1) if the commissioner is the lead state commissioner of the insurance group as determined by
690	the procedures within the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by the National Association of
691	Insurance Commissioners.
692	(2) The one or more reports required under Subsection (1) shall include a signature of
693	the insurer's or insurance group's chief risk officer or other executive having responsibility for
694	the oversight of the insurer's enterprise risk management process attesting to the best of the
695	executive's belief and knowledge that:
696	(a) the insurer applies the enterprise risk management process described in the ORSA
697	summary report; and
698	(b) a copy of the report has been provided to the insurer's board of directors or the
699	appropriate committee of the board of directors.
700	(3) An insurer may comply with Subsection (1) by providing the most recent and
701	substantially similar one or more reports provided by the insurer or another member of an
702	insurance group of which the insurer is a member to the commissioner of another state or to a
703	supervisor or regulator of a foreign jurisdiction, if that report provides information that is
704	comparable to the information described in the ORSA guidance manual. A report that is in a
705	language other than English must be accompanied by a translation of that report into the
706	English language.
707	Section 14. Section 31A-16a-106 is enacted to read:

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708	31A-16a-106. Exemption.
709	(1) An insurer shall be exempt from the requirements of this chapter, if:
710	(a) the insurer has annual direct written and unaffiliated assumed premium, including
711	international direct and assumed premium, but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal
712	Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, less than \$500,000,000; and
713	(b) the insurance group of which the insurer is a member has annual direct written and
714	unaffiliated assumed premium, including international direct and assumed premium, but
715	excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood
716	Program, less than \$1,000,000,000.
717	(2) If an insurer qualifies for exemption pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), but the
718	insurance group of which the insurer is a member does not qualify for exemption pursuant to
719	Subsection (1)(b), the ORSA summary report that is required pursuant to Section 31A-16a-105
720	shall include every insurer within the insurance group. This requirement may be satisfied by the
721	submission of more than one ORSA summary report for any combination of insurers provided
722	any combination of reports includes every insurer within the insurance group.
723	(3) If an insurer does not qualify for exemption pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), but the
724	insurance group of which it is a member qualifies for exemption pursuant to Subsection (1)(b),
725	the only ORSA summary report that may be required pursuant Section 31A-16a-105 shall be
726	the report applicable to that insurer.
727	(4) An insurer that does not qualify for exemption pursuant to Subsection (1) may
728	apply to the commissioner for a waiver from the requirements of this chapter based upon
729	unique circumstances. In deciding whether to grant the insurer's request for waiver, the
730	commissioner may consider the type and volume of business written, ownership and
731	organizational structure, and any other factor the commissioner considers relevant to the
732	insurer or insurance group of which the insurer is a member. If the insurer is part of an
733	insurance group with insurers domiciled in more than one state, the commissioner shall
734	coordinate with the lead state commissioner and with the other domiciliary commissioners in
735	considering whether to grant the insurer's request for a waiver.
736	(5) Notwithstanding the exemptions stated in this section:
737	(a) the commissioner may require that an insurer maintain a risk management
738	framework, conduct an own risk and solvency assessment, and file an ORSA summary report

739	based on unique circumstances, including the type and volume of business written, ownership
740	and organizational structure, federal agency requests, and international supervisor requests; or
741	(b) the commissioner may require that an insurer maintain a risk management
742	framework, conduct an own risk and solvency assessment and file an ORSA summary report if
743	the insurer has risk-based capital for company action level event as set forth in Sections
744	31A-17-601 through 31A-17-613, meets one or more of the standards of an insurer considered
745	to be in hazardous financial condition as defined in Section 31A-27a-101, or otherwise exhibits
746	qualities of a troubled insurer as determined by the commissioner.
747	(6) If an insurer that qualifies for an exemption pursuant to Subsection (1)
748	subsequently no longer qualifies for that exemption due to changes in premium as reflected in
749	the insurer's most recent annual statement or in the most recent annual statements of the
750	insurers within the insurance group of which the insurer is a member, the insurer has one
751	calendar year following the calendar year the threshold is exceeded to comply with the
752	requirements of this chapter.
753	Section 15. Section 31A-16a-107 is enacted to read:
754	31A-16a-107. Contents of ORSA summary report.
755	(1) The ORSA summary report shall be prepared consistent with the ORSA guidance
756	manual, subject to the requirements of Subsection (2). Documentation supporting information
757	shall be maintained and made available upon examination or upon request of the
758	commissioner.
759	(2) The review of the ORSA summary report, and any additional requests for
760	information, shall be made using similar procedures as used in the analysis and examination of
761	multi-state or global insurers and insurance groups.
762	Section 16. Section 31A-16a-108 is enacted to read:
763	31A-16a-108. Confidentiality.
764	(1) (a) A document, material, or other information, including the ORSA summary
765	report, in the possession of or control of the department that is obtained by, created by, or
766	disclosed to the commissioner or any other person under this chapter, is recognized by this state
767	as being proprietary and to contain trade secrets. The document, material, or other information
768	is confidential and may not be subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access
769	and Management Act, and may not be made public by the commissioner or any other person

without the permission of the insurer.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the commissioner may use a document, material, or other information in furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the official duties. The commissioner may not otherwise make the document, material, or other information public without the prior written consent of the insurer.
- (2) The commissioner and any person who receives a document, material, or other information related to an own risk and solvency assessment, through examination or otherwise, while acting under the authority of the commissioner or with whom the document, material, or other information is shared pursuant to this chapter shall keep the document, material, or other information confidential.
- (3) To assist in the performance of the commissioner's regulatory duties, the commissioner:
- (a) may, upon request, share a document, material, or other information related to an own risk solvency assessment, including a confidential document, material, or information subject to Subsection (1), including proprietary and trade secret documents and materials with other state, federal, and international financial regulatory agencies, including members of any supervisory college as described in the Section 31A-16-108.5, with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and with any third-party consultants designated by the commissioner, provided that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality of documents, materials, or other information related to an own risk and solvency assessment and has verified in writing the legal authority to maintain confidentiality;
- (b) may receive a document, material, or other information related to an own risk and solvency assessment, including an otherwise confidential document, material, or information, including proprietary and trade secret information or documents, from regulatory officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, including members of any supervisory college as described in Section 31A-16-108.5 and from the National Association of Insurance

 Commissioners, and shall maintain as confidential a document, material, or information received with notice or the understanding that the document, material, or information is confidential under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material, or information; and
 - (c) shall enter into a written agreement with the National Association of Insurance

801	Commissioners or a third-party consultant governing sharing and use of information provided
802	pursuant to this chapter, consistent with this Subsection (3) that shall:
803	(i) specify procedures and protocols regarding the confidentiality and security of
804	information shared with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or a third-party
805	consultant pursuant to this chapter, including procedures and protocols for sharing by the
806	National Association of Insurance Commissioners with other state regulators from states in
807	which the insurance group has domiciled insurers with the agreement providing that the
808	recipient agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality of a document, material, or other
809	information related to an own risk and solvency assessment and verifies in writing the legal
810	authority to maintain confidentiality;
811	(ii) specify that ownership of information shared with the National Association of
812	Insurance Commissioners or a third-party consultant pursuant to this chapter remains with the
813	commissioner, and that the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' or a third-party
814	consultant's use of the information is subject to the direction of the commissioner;
815	(iii) prohibit the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or third-party
816	consultant from storing the information shared pursuant to this chapter in a permanent database
817	after the underlying analysis is completed;
818	(iv) require prompt notice to be given to an insurer whose confidential information in
819	the possession of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or a third-party
820	consultant pursuant to this chapter is subject to a request or subpoena to the National
821	Association of Insurance Commissioners or a third-party consultant for disclosure or
822	production;
823	(v) require the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or a third-party
824	consultant to consent to intervention by an insurer in any judicial or administrative action in
825	which the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or a third-party consultant may be
826	required to disclose confidential information about the insurer shared with the National
827	Association of Insurance Commissioners or a third-party consultant pursuant to this chapter;
828	<u>and</u>
829	(vi) in the case of an agreement involving a third-party consultant, provide for the
830	insurer's written consent.
831	(4) The sharing of information or a document by the commissioner pursuant to this

832	chapter does not constitute a delegation of regulatory authority or rulemaking, and the
833	commissioner is solely responsible for the administration, execution, and enforcement of this
834	chapter.
835	(5) A waiver of an applicable claim of confidentiality in a document, proprietary and
836	trade-secret material, or other information related to an own risk and solvency assessment may
837	not occur as a result of disclosure of the own risk and solvency assessment related information
838	or a document to the commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in
839	this chapter.
840	(6) A document, material, or other information in the possession or control of the
841	National Association of Insurance Commissioners or a third-party consultant pursuant to this
842	chapter is:
843	(a) confidential, not a public record, and not open to public inspection; and
844	(b) not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
845	Act.
846	Section 17. Section 31A-16a-109 is enacted to read:
847	31A-16a-109. Sanctions.
848	An insurer failing, without just cause, to timely file the ORSA summary report as
849	required in this chapter is required, after notice and hearing, is subject to a penalty under
850	Section 31A-2-308 for each day's delay, to be recovered by the commissioner and the penalty
851	so recovered shall be paid into the General Fund. The maximum penalty under this section is a
852	penalty permitted under Section 31A-2-308. The commissioner may reduce the penalty if the
853	insurer demonstrates to the commissioner that the imposition of the penalty would constitute a
854	financial hardship to the insurer.
855	Section 18. Section 31A-16a-110 is enacted to read:
856	31A-16a-110. Severability Clause.
857	If a provision of this chapter, or the application of this chapter to any person or
858	circumstance, is held invalid, the invalidation does not affect the provisions or applications of
859	this chapter that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to that end
860	the provisions of this chapter are severable.
861	Section 19. Section 31A-17-404 is amended to read:
862	31A-17-404. Credit allowed a domestic ceding insurer against reserves for

863 reinsurance.

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- (1) A domestic ceding insurer is allowed credit for reinsurance as either an asset or a reduction from liability for reinsurance ceded only if the reinsurer meets the requirements of Subsection (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8), subject to the following:
- (a) Credit is allowed under Subsection (3), (4), or (5) only with respect to a cession of a kind or class of business that the assuming insurer is licensed or otherwise permitted to write or assume:
 - (i) in its state of domicile; or
- (ii) in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, in the state through which it is entered and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance.
- (b) Credit is allowed under Subsection (5) or (6) only if the applicable requirements of Subsection (9) are met.
 - (2) A domestic ceding insurer is allowed credit for reinsurance ceded:
 - (a) only if the reinsurance is payable in a manner consistent with Section 31A-22-1201;
- (b) only to the extent that the accounting:
 - (i) is consistent with the terms of the reinsurance contract; and
- 879 (ii) clearly reflects:
 - (A) the amount and nature of risk transferred; and
 - (B) liability, including contingent liability, of the ceding insurer;
 - (c) only to the extent the reinsurance contract shifts insurance policy risk from the ceding insurer to the assuming reinsurer in fact and not merely in form; and
 - (d) only if the reinsurance contract contains a provision placing on the reinsurer the credit risk of all dealings with intermediaries regarding the reinsurance contract.
 - (3) A domestic ceding insurer is allowed a credit if the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that is licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in this state.
 - (4) (a) A domestic ceding insurer is allowed a credit if the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that is accredited by the commissioner as a reinsurer in this state.
 - (b) An insurer is accredited as a reinsurer if the insurer:
 - (i) files with the commissioner evidence of the insurer's submission to this state's jurisdiction;
 - (ii) submits to the commissioner's authority to examine the insurer's books and records;

894	(iii) (A) is licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one state; or
895	(B) in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, is entered
896	through and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one state;
897	(iv) files annually with the commissioner a copy of the insurer's:
898	(A) annual statement filed with the insurance department of its state of domicile; and
899	(B) most recent audited financial statement; and
900	(v) (A) (I) has not had its accreditation denied by the commissioner within 90 days of
901	the day on which the insurer submits the information required by this Subsection (4); and
902	(II) maintains a surplus with regard to policyholders in an amount not less than
903	\$20,000,000; or
904	(B) (I) has its accreditation approved by the commissioner; and
905	(II) maintains a surplus with regard to policyholders in an amount less than
906	\$20,000,000.
907	(c) Credit may not be allowed a domestic ceding insurer if the assuming insurer's
908	accreditation is revoked by the commissioner after a notice and hearing.
909	(5) (a) A domestic ceding insurer is allowed a credit if:
910	(i) the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that is:
911	(A) domiciled in a state meeting the requirements of Subsection (5)(a)(ii); or
912	(B) in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, is entered
913	through a state meeting the requirements of Subsection (5)(a)(ii);
914	(ii) the state described in Subsection (5)(a)(i) employs standards regarding credit for
915	reinsurance substantially similar to those applicable under this section; and
916	(iii) the assuming insurer or United States branch of an alien assuming insurer:
917	(A) maintains a surplus with regard to policyholders in an amount not less than
918	\$20,000,000; and
919	(B) submits to the authority of the commissioner to examine its books and records.
920	(b) The requirements of Subsections (5)(a)(i) and (ii) do not apply to reinsurance ceded
921	and assumed pursuant to a pooling arrangement among insurers in the same holding company
922	system.
923	(6) (a) A domestic ceding insurer is allowed a credit if the reinsurance is ceded to an
924	assuming insurer that maintains a trust fund:

925	(i) created in accordance with rules made by the commissioner <u>pursuant to Title 63G</u> ,
926	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
927	(ii) in a qualified United States financial institution for the payment of a valid claim of:
928	(A) a United States ceding insurer of the assuming insurer;
929	(B) an assign of the United States ceding insurer; and
930	(C) a successor in interest to the United States ceding insurer.
931	(b) To enable the commissioner to determine the sufficiency of the trust fund described
932	in Subsection (6)(a), the assuming insurer shall:
933	(i) report annually to the commissioner information substantially the same as that
934	required to be reported on the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Annual
935	Statement form by a licensed insurer; and
936	(ii) (A) submit to examination of its books and records by the commissioner; and
937	(B) pay the cost of an examination.
938	(c) (i) Credit for reinsurance may not be granted under this Subsection (6) unless the
939	form of the trust and any amendment to the trust is approved by:
940	(A) the commissioner of the state where the trust is domiciled; or
941	(B) the commissioner of another state who, pursuant to the terms of the trust
942	instrument, accepts principal regulatory oversight of the trust.
943	(ii) The form of the trust and an amendment to the trust shall be filed with the
944	commissioner of every state in which a ceding insurer beneficiary of the trust is domiciled.
945	(iii) The trust instrument shall provide that a contested claim is valid and enforceable
946	upon the final order of a court of competent jurisdiction in the United States.
947	(iv) The trust shall vest legal title to its assets in its one or more trustees for the benefit
948	of:
949	(A) a United States ceding insurer of the assuming insurer;
950	(B) an assign of the United States ceding insurer; or
951	(C) a successor in interest to the United States ceding insurer.
952	(v) The trust and the assuming insurer are subject to examination as determined by the
953	commissioner.
954	(vi) The trust shall remain in effect for as long as the assuming insurer has an
955	outstanding obligation due under a reinsurance agreement subject to the trust.

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the group;

956 (vii) No later than February 28 of each year, the trustee of the trust shall: 957 (A) report to the commissioner in writing the balance of the trust; 958 (B) list the trust's investments at the end of the preceding calendar year; and 959 (C) (I) certify the date of termination of the trust, if so planned; or 960 (II) certify that the trust will not expire prior to the following December 31. 961 (d) The following requirements apply to the following categories of assuming insurer: 962 (i) For a single assuming insurer: 963 (A) the trust fund shall consist of funds in trust in an amount not less than the assuming 964 insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States ceding insurers; and 965 (B) the assuming insurer shall maintain a trusteed surplus of not less than \$20,000,000, 966 except as provided in Subsection (6)(d)(ii). 967 (ii) (A) At any time after the assuming insurer has permanently discontinued 968 underwriting new business secured by the trust for at least three full years, the commissioner 969 with principal regulatory oversight of the trust may authorize a reduction in the required 970 trusteed surplus, but only after a finding, based on an assessment of the risk, that the new 971 required surplus level is adequate for the protection of United States ceding insurers, 972 policyholders, and claimants in light of reasonably foreseeable adverse loss development. 973 (B) The risk assessment may involve an actuarial review, including an independent 974 analysis of reserves and cash flows, and shall consider all material risk factors, including, when 975 applicable, the lines of business involved, the stability of the incurred loss estimates, and the 976 effect of the surplus requirements on the assuming insurer's liquidity or solvency. 977 (C) The minimum required trusteed surplus may not be reduced to an amount less than 978 30% of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States 979 ceding insurers covered by the trust. 980 (iii) For a group acting as assuming insurer, including incorporated and individual 981 unincorporated underwriters: 982 (A) for reinsurance ceded under a reinsurance agreement with an inception,

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amendment, or renewal date on or after August 1, 1995, the trust shall consist of a trusteed

account in an amount not less than the respective underwriters' several liabilities attributable to

business ceded by the one or more United States domiciled ceding insurers to an underwriter of

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- (B) for reinsurance ceded under a reinsurance agreement with an inception date on or before July 31, 1995, and not amended or renewed after July 31, 1995, notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, the trust shall consist of a trusteed account in an amount not less than the respective underwriters' several insurance and reinsurance liabilities attributable to business written in the United States;
- (C) in addition to a trust described in Subsection (6)(d)(iii)(A) or (B), the group shall maintain in trust a trusteed surplus of which \$100,000,000 is held jointly for the benefit of the one or more United States domiciled ceding insurers of a member of the group for all years of account;
 - (D) the incorporated members of the group:
- (I) may not be engaged in a business other than underwriting as a member of the group; and
- (II) are subject to the same level of regulation and solvency control by the group's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members; and
- (E) within 90 days after the day on which the group's financial statements are due to be filed with the group's domiciliary regulator, the group shall provide to the commissioner:
- (I) an annual certification by the group's domiciliary regulator of the solvency of each underwriter member; or
- (II) if a certification is unavailable, a financial statement, prepared by an independent public accountant, of each underwriter member of the group.
- (iv) For a group of incorporated underwriters under common administration, the group shall:
- (A) have continuously transacted an insurance business outside the United States for at least three years immediately preceding the day on which the group makes application for accreditation;
 - (B) maintain aggregate policyholders' surplus of at least \$10,000,000,000;
- (C) maintain a trust fund in an amount not less than the group's several liabilities attributable to business ceded by the one or more United States domiciled ceding insurers to a member of the group pursuant to a reinsurance contract issued in the name of the group;
- (D) in addition to complying with the other provisions of this Subsection (6)(d)(iv), maintain a joint trusteed surplus of which \$100,000,000 is held jointly for the benefit of the one

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1018	or more United States domiciled ceding insurers of a member of the group as additional
1019	security for these liabilities; and
1020	(E) within 90 days after the day on which the group's financial statements are due to be
1021	filed with the group's domiciliary regulator, make available to the commissioner:
1022	(I) an annual certification of each underwriter member's solvency by the member's
1023	domiciliary regulator; and
1024	(II) a financial statement of each underwriter member of the group prepared by an
1025	independent public accountant.
1026	(7) If reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of
1027	Subsection (3), (4), (5), or (6), a domestic ceding insurer is allowed credit only as to the
1028	insurance of a risk located in a jurisdiction where the reinsurance is required by applicable law
1029	or regulation of that jurisdiction.
1030	(8) A domestic ceding insurer is allowed a credit if the reinsurance is ceded to an
1031	assuming insurer that secures its obligations in accordance with this Subsection (8):
1032	(a) The insurer shall be certified by the commissioner as a reinsurer in this state.
1033	(b) To be eligible for certification, the assuming insurer shall:
1034	(i) be domiciled and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in a qualified
1035	jurisdiction, as determined by the commissioner pursuant to Subsection (8)(d);
1036	(ii) maintain minimum capital and surplus, or its equivalent, in an amount to be
1037	determined by the commissioner pursuant to rules made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
1038	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
1039	(iii) maintain financial strength ratings from two or more rating agencies considered
1040	acceptable by the commissioner pursuant to rules made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
1041	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
1042	(iv) agree to:
1043	(A) submit to the jurisdiction of this state;
1044	(B) appoint the commissioner as its agent for service of process in this state;
1045	(C) provide security for 100% of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to

(D) agree to meet applicable information filing requirements as determined by the

reinsurance ceded by United States ceding insurers if it resists enforcement of a final United

1049 commissioner including an application for certification, a renewal and on an ongoing basis; and

- (E) any other requirements for certification considered relevant by the commissioner.
- (c) An association, including incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, may be a certified reinsurer. To be eligible for certification, in addition to satisfying requirements of Subsections (8)(a) and (b), the association:
- (i) shall satisfy its minimum capital and surplus requirements through the capital and surplus equivalents, net of liabilities, of the association and its members, which shall include a joint central fund that may be applied to any unsatisfied obligation of the association or any of its members in an amount determined by the commissioner to provide adequate protection;
- (ii) may not have incorporated members of the association engaged in any business other than underwriting as a member of the association;
- (iii) shall be subject to the same level of regulation and solvency control of the incorporated members of the association by the association's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members; and
- (iv) within 90 days after its financial statements are due to be filed with the association's domiciliary regulator provide:
- (A) to the commissioner an annual certification by the association's domiciliary regulator of the solvency of each underwriter member; or
- (B) if a certification is unavailable, financial statements prepared by independent public accountants, of each underwriter member of the association.
- (d) The commissioner shall create and publish a list of qualified jurisdictions under which an assuming insurer licensed and domiciled in the jurisdiction is eligible to be considered for certification by the commissioner as a certified reinsurer.
- (i) To determine whether the domiciliary jurisdiction of a non-United States assuming insurer is eligible to be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction, the commissioner:
- (A) shall evaluate the appropriateness and effectiveness of the reinsurance supervisory system of the jurisdiction, both initially and on an ongoing basis;
- (B) shall consider the rights, the benefits, and the extent of reciprocal recognition afforded by the non-United States jurisdiction to reinsurers licensed and domiciled in the United States;
 - (C) shall require the qualified jurisdiction to share information and cooperate with the

commissioner with respect to all certified reinsurers domiciled within that jurisdiction; and

- (D) may not recognize a jurisdiction as a qualified jurisdiction if the commissioner has determined that the jurisdiction does not adequately and promptly enforce final United States judgments and arbitration awards.
- (ii) The commissioner may consider additional factors in determining a qualified jurisdiction.
- (iii) A list of qualified jurisdictions shall be published through the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Committee Process and the commissioner shall:
 - (A) consider this list in determining qualified jurisdictions; and
- (B) if the commissioner approves a jurisdiction as qualified that does not appear on the National Association of Insurance Commissioner's list of qualified jurisdictions, provide thoroughly documented justification in accordance with criteria to be developed by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (iv) United States jurisdictions that meet the requirement for accreditation under the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' financial standards and accreditation program shall be recognized as qualified jurisdictions.
- (v) If a certified reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction ceases to be a qualified jurisdiction, the commissioner may suspend the reinsurer's certification indefinitely, in lieu of revocation.
 - (e) The commissioner shall:
- (i) assign a rating to each certified reinsurer, giving due consideration to the financial strength ratings that have been assigned by rating agencies considered acceptable to the commissioner by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
 - (ii) publish a list of all certified reinsurers and their ratings.
- (f) A certified reinsurer shall secure obligations assumed from United States ceding insurers under this Subsection (8) at a level consistent with its rating, as specified in rules made by the commissioner in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (i) For a domestic ceding insurer to qualify for full financial statement credit for reinsurance ceded to a certified reinsurer, the certified reinsurer shall maintain security in a form acceptable to the commissioner and consistent with Section 31A-17-404.1, or in a

- multibeneficiary trust in accordance with Subsections (5), (6), and (7), except as otherwise provided in this Subsection (8).
 - (ii) If a certified reinsurer maintains a trust to fully secure its obligations subject to Subsections (5), (6), and (7), and chooses to secure its obligations incurred as a certified reinsurer in the form of a multibeneficiary trust, the certified reinsurer shall maintain separate trust accounts for its obligations incurred under reinsurance agreements issued or renewed as a certified reinsurer with reduced security as permitted by this Subsection (8) or comparable laws of other United States jurisdictions and for its obligations subject to Subsections (5), (6), and (7).
 - (iii) It shall be a condition to the grant of certification under this Subsection (8) that the certified reinsurer shall have bound itself[5]:
 - (A) by the language of the trust and agreement with the commissioner with principal regulatory oversight of the trust account[5]; and
 - (B) upon termination of the trust account, to fund, [upon termination of the trust account,] out of the remaining surplus of the trust, any deficiency of any other [the] trust account.
 - (iv) The minimum trusteed surplus requirements provided in Subsections (5), (6), and (7) are not applicable with respect to a multibeneficiary trust maintained by a certified reinsurer for the purpose of securing obligations incurred under this Subsection (8), except that the trust shall maintain a minimum trusteed surplus of \$10,000,000.
 - (v) With respect to obligations incurred by a certified reinsurer under this Subsection (8), if the security is insufficient, the commissioner:
 - (A) shall reduce the allowable credit by an amount proportionate to the deficiency; and
 - (B) may impose further reductions in allowable credit upon finding that there is a material risk that the certified reinsurer's obligations will not be paid in full when due.
 - (vi) For purposes of this Subsection (8), a certified reinsurer whose certification has been terminated for any reason shall be treated as a certified reinsurer required to secure 100% of its obligations.
 - (A) As used in this Subsection (8), the term "terminated" refers to revocation, suspension, voluntary surrender, and inactive status.
 - (B) If the commissioner continues to assign a higher rating as permitted by other

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appeal; and

1142 provisions of this section, the requirement under this Subsection (8)(f)(vi) does not apply to a 1143 certified reinsurer in inactive status or to a reinsurer whose certification has been suspended. 1144 (g) If an applicant for certification has been certified as a reinsurer in a National 1145 Association of Insurance Commissioners' accredited jurisdiction, the commissioner may: 1146 (i) defer to that jurisdiction's certification; 1147 (ii) defer to the rating assigned by that jurisdiction; and (iii) consider such reinsurer to be a certified reinsurer in this state. 1148 1149 (h) (i) A certified reinsurer that ceases to assume new business in this state may request 1150 to maintain its certification in inactive status in order to continue to qualify for a reduction in 1151 security for its in-force business. 1152 (ii) An inactive certified reinsurer shall continue to comply with all applicable 1153 requirements of this Subsection (8). 1154 (iii) The commissioner shall assign a rating to a reinsurer that qualifies under this 1155 Subsection (8)(h), that takes into account, if relevant, the reasons why the reinsurer is not 1156 assuming new business. 1157 (9) Reinsurance credit may not be allowed a domestic ceding insurer unless the assuming insurer under the reinsurance contract submits to the jurisdiction of Utah courts by: 1158 1159 (a) (i) being an admitted insurer; and 1160 (ii) submitting to jurisdiction under Section 31A-2-309; 1161 (b) having irrevocably appointed the commissioner as the domestic ceding insurer's 1162 agent for service of process in an action arising out of or in connection with the reinsurance, 1163 which appointment is made under Section 31A-2-309; or 1164 (c) agreeing in the reinsurance contract: 1165 (i) that if the assuming insurer fails to perform its obligations under the terms of the 1166 reinsurance contract, the assuming insurer, at the request of the ceding insurer, shall: 1167 (A) submit to the jurisdiction of a court of competent jurisdiction in a state of the 1168 United States; 1169 (B) comply with all requirements necessary to give the court jurisdiction; and

(C) abide by the final decision of the court or of an appellate court in the event of an

(ii) to designate the commissioner or a specific attorney licensed to practice law in this

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- state as its attorney upon whom may be served lawful process in an action, suit, or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the ceding company.
 - (10) Submitting to the jurisdiction of Utah courts under Subsection (9) does not override a duty or right of a party under the reinsurance contract, including a requirement that the parties arbitrate their disputes.
 - (11) If an assuming insurer does not meet the requirements of Subsection (3), (4), or (5), the credit permitted by Subsection (6) or (8) may not be allowed unless the assuming insurer agrees in the trust instrument to the following conditions:
 - (a) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision in the trust instrument, if an event described in Subsection (11)(a)(ii) occurs the trustee shall comply with:
 - (A) an order of the commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust; or
 - (B) an order of a court of competent jurisdiction directing the trustee to transfer to the commissioner with regulatory oversight all of the assets of the trust fund.
 - (ii) This Subsection (11)(a) applies if:
 - (A) the trust fund is inadequate because the trust contains an amount less than the amount required by Subsection (6)(d); or
 - (B) the grantor of the trust is:
 - (I) declared insolvent; or
 - (II) placed into receivership, rehabilitation, liquidation, or similar proceeding under the laws of its state or country of domicile.
 - (b) The assets of a trust fund described in Subsection (11)(a) shall be distributed by and a claim shall be filed with and valued by the commissioner with regulatory oversight in accordance with the laws of the state in which the trust is domiciled that are applicable to the liquidation of a domestic insurance company.
 - (c) If the commissioner with regulatory oversight determines that the assets of the trust fund, or any part of the assets, are not necessary to satisfy the claims of the one or more United States ceding insurers of the grantor of the trust, the assets, or a part of the assets, shall be returned by the commissioner with regulatory oversight to the trustee for distribution in accordance with the trust instrument.
- 1202 (d) A grantor shall waive any right otherwise available to it under United States law 1203 that is inconsistent with this Subsection (11).

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policyholders; or

- 1204 (12) If an accredited or certified reinsurer ceases to meet the requirements for 1205 accreditation or certification, the commissioner may suspend or revoke the reinsurer's 1206 accreditation or certification. 1207 (a) The commissioner shall give the reinsurer notice and opportunity for hearing. 1208 (b) The suspension or revocation may not take effect until after the commissioner's 1209 order after a hearing, unless: 1210 (i) the reinsurer waives its right to hearing; 1211 (ii) the commissioner's order is based on: 1212 (A) regulatory action by the reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction; or 1213 (B) the voluntary surrender or termination of the reinsurer's eligibility to transact 1214 insurance or reinsurance business in its domiciliary jurisdiction or primary certifying state 1215 under Subsection (8)(g); or 1216 (iii) the commissioner's finding that an emergency requires immediate action and a 1217 court of competent jurisdiction has not stayed the commissioner's action. 1218 (c) While a reinsurer's accreditation or certification is suspended, no reinsurance 1219 contract issued or renewed after the effective date of the suspension qualifies for credit except 1220 to the extent that the reinsurer's obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with 1221 Section 31A-17-404.1. 1222 (d) If a reinsurer's accreditation or certification is revoked, no credit for reinsurance 1223 may be granted after the effective date of the revocation except to the extent that the reinsurer's 1224 obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with Subsection (8)(f) or Section 1225 31A-17-404.1. 1226 (13) (a) A ceding insurer shall take steps to manage its reinsurance recoverables 1227 proportionate to its own book of business. 1228 (b) (i) A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within 30 days after 1229 reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming 1230 insurers: 1231 (A) exceeds 50% of the domestic ceding insurer's last reported surplus to
 - (B) after it is determined that reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, is likely to exceed 50% of the domestic ceding

1235	insurer's last reported surplus to policyholders.
1236	(ii) The notification required by Subsection (13)(b)(i) shall demonstrate that the
1237	exposure is safely managed by the domestic ceding insurer.
1238	(c) A ceding insurer shall take steps to diversify its reinsurance program.
1239	(d) (i) A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within 30 days after
1240	ceding or being likely to cede more than 20% of the ceding insurer's gross written premium in
1241	the prior calendar year to any:
1242	(A) single assuming insurer; or
1243	(B) group of affiliated assuming insurers.
1244	(ii) The notification shall demonstrate that the exposure is safely managed by the
1245	domestic ceding insurer.
1246	Section 20. Section 31A-17-603 is amended to read:
1247	31A-17-603. Company action level event.
1248	(1) "Company action level event" means any of the following events:
1249	(a) the filing of an RBC report by an insurer or health organization that indicates that:
1250	(i) the insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital is greater than or equal to
1251	its regulatory action level RBC but less than its company action level RBC;
1252	(ii) if a life [or] insurer, accident and health insurer, or health organization, the insurer
1253	[has] or health organization:
1254	(A) has total adjusted capital that is greater than or equal to its company action level
1255	RBC but less than the product of its authorized control level RBC and 3.0; and
1256	(B) triggers the trend test determined in accordance with the trend test calculation
1257	included in the life [or], fraternal, or health RBC instructions; or
1258	(iii) if a property and casualty insurer, the insurer has:
1259	(A) total adjusted capital that is greater than or equal to its company action level RBC,
1260	but less than the product of its authorized control level RBC and 3.0; and
1261	(B) triggers the trend test determined in accordance with the trend test calculation
1262	included in the property and casualty RBC instructions;
1263	(b) the notification by the commissioner to the insurer or health organization of an
1264	adjusted RBC report that indicates an event in Subsection (1)(a), provided the insurer or health

organization does not challenge the adjusted RBC report under Section 31A-17-607; or

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- (c) if, pursuant to Section 31A-17-607, an insurer or health organization challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event in Subsection (1)(a), the notification by the commissioner to the insurer or health organization that after a hearing the commissioner rejects the insurer's or health organization's challenge.
- (2) (a) In the event of a company action level event, the insurer or health organization shall prepare and submit to the commissioner an RBC plan that shall:
 - (i) identify the conditions that contribute to the company action level event;
- (ii) contain proposals of corrective actions that the insurer or health organization intends to take and that are expected to result in the elimination of the company action level event;
- (iii) provide projections of the insurer's or health organization's financial results in the current year and at least the four succeeding years, both in the absence of proposed corrective actions and giving effect to the proposed corrective actions, including projections of:
 - (A) statutory operating income;
- 1280 (B) net income;
- 1281 (C) capital;
- 1282 (D) surplus; and
- 1283 (E) RBC levels;
 - (iv) identify the key assumptions impacting the insurer's or health organization's projections and the sensitivity of the projections to the assumptions; and
 - (v) identify the quality of, and problems associated with, the insurer's or health organization's business, including its assets, anticipated business growth and associated surplus strain, extraordinary exposure to risk, mix of business and use of reinsurance, if any, in each case.
 - (b) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(iii), the projections for both new and renewal business may include separate projections for each major line of business and separately identify each significant income, expense, and benefit component.
 - (3) The RBC plan shall be submitted:
 - (a) within 45 days of the company action level event; or
- 1295 (b) if the insurer or health organization challenges an adjusted RBC report pursuant to Section 31A-17-607, within 45 days after notification to the insurer or health organization that

- after a hearing the commissioner rejects the insurer's or health organization's challenge.
- 1298 (4) (a) Within 60 days after the submission by an insurer or health organization of an 1299 RBC plan to the commissioner, the commissioner shall notify the insurer or health organization 1300 whether the RBC plan:
 - (i) shall be implemented; or
- 1302 (ii) is unsatisfactory.

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- (b) If the commissioner determines the RBC plan is unsatisfactory, the notification to the insurer or health organization shall set forth the reasons for the determination, and may propose revisions that will render the RBC plan satisfactory. Upon notification from the commissioner, the insurer or health organization shall:
- (i) prepare a revised RBC plan that incorporates any revision proposed by the commissioner; and
 - (ii) submit the revised RBC plan to the commissioner:
 - (A) within 45 days after the notification from the commissioner; or
- (B) if the insurer challenges the notification from the commissioner under Section 31A-17-607, within 45 days after a notification to the insurer or health organization that after a hearing the commissioner rejects the insurer's or health organization's challenge.
- (5) In the event of a notification by the commissioner to an insurer or health organization that the insurer's or health organization's RBC plan or revised RBC plan is unsatisfactory, the commissioner may specify in the notification that the notification constitutes a regulatory action level event subject to the insurer's or health organization's right to a hearing under Section 31A-17-607.
- (6) Every domestic insurer or health organization that files an RBC plan or revised RBC plan with the commissioner shall file a copy of the RBC plan or revised RBC plan with the insurance commissioner in any state in which the insurer or health organization is authorized to do business if:
- 1323 (a) the state has an RBC provision substantially similar to Subsection 31A-17-608(1); 1324 and
- 1325 (b) the insurance commissioner of that state notifies the insurer or health organization 1326 of its request for the filing in writing, in which case the insurer or health organization shall file 1327 a copy of the RBC plan or revised RBC plan in that state no later than the later of:

1328	(i) 15 days after the receipt of notice to file a copy of its RBC plan or revised RBC plan
1329	with that state; or
1330	(ii) the date on which the RBC plan or revised RBC plan is filed under Subsections (3)
1331	and (4).
1332	Section 21. Section 31A-22-505 is amended to read:
1333	31A-22-505. Association groups.
1334	(1) A policy is subject to the requirements of this section if the policy is issued as
1335	policyholder to an association or to the trustees of a fund established, created, or maintained for
1336	the benefit of members of one or more associations:
1337	(a) with a minimum membership of 100 persons[5];
1338	(b) with a constitution and bylaws[, and which];
1339	(c) having a shared or common purpose that is not primarily a business or customer
1340	relationship; and
1341	(d) that has been in active existence for at least two years[, is subject to the following
1342	requirements:].
1343	[(1)] (2) The policy may insure members and employees of the association, employees
1344	of the members, one or more of the preceding entities, or all of any classes of these named
1345	entities for the benefit of persons other than the employees' employer, or any officials,
1346	representatives, trustees, or agents of the employer or association.
1347	[(2)] (3) The premiums shall be paid by the policyholder from funds contributed by the
1348	associations, by employer members, from funds contributed by the covered persons, or from
1349	any combination of these. Except as provided under Section 31A-22-512, a policy on which no
1350	part of the premium is contributed by the covered persons, specifically for their insurance, is
1351	required to insure all eligible persons.
1352	Section 22. Section 31A-22-605 is amended to read:
1353	31A-22-605. Accident and health insurance standards.
1354	(1) The purposes of this section include:
1355	(a) reasonable standardization and simplification of terms and coverages of individual
1356	and franchise accident and health insurance policies, including accident and health insurance
1357	contracts of insurers licensed under Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance
1358	Corporations, and Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans, to

1359	facilitate public understanding and comparison in purchasing;
1360	(b) elimination of provisions contained in individual and franchise accident and health
1361	insurance contracts that may be misleading or confusing in connection with either the purchase
1362	of those types of coverages or the settlement of claims; and
1363	(c) full disclosure in the sale of individual and franchise accident and health insurance
1364	contracts.
1365	(2) As used in this section:
1366	(a) "Direct response insurance policy" means an individual insurance policy solicited
1367	and sold without the policyholder having direct contact with a natural person intermediary.
1368	(b) "Medicare" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection 31A-22-620(1)(e).
1369	(c) "Medicare supplement policy" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
1370	31A-22-620(1)(f).
1371	(3) This section applies to all individual and franchise accident and health policies.
1372	(4) The commissioner shall adopt rules, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1373	<u>Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act</u> , relating to the following matters:
1374	(a) standards for the manner and content of policy provisions, and disclosures to be
1375	made in connection with the sale of policies covered by this section, dealing with at least the
1376	following matters:
1377	(i) terms of renewability;
1378	(ii) initial and subsequent conditions of eligibility;
1379	(iii) nonduplication of coverage provisions;
1380	(iv) coverage of dependents;
1381	(v) preexisting conditions;
1382	(vi) termination of insurance;
1383	(vii) probationary periods;
1384	(viii) limitations;
1385	(ix) exceptions;
1386	(x) reductions;
1387	(xi) elimination periods;
1388	(xii) requirements for replacement;
1389	(xiii) recurrent conditions;

1390	(xiv) coverage of persons eligible for Medicare; and
1391	(xv) definition of terms;
1392	(b) minimum standards for benefits under each of the following categories of coverage
1393	in policies covered in this section:
1394	(i) basic hospital expense coverage;
1395	(ii) basic medical-surgical expense coverage;
1396	(iii) hospital confinement indemnity coverage;
1397	(iv) major medical expense coverage;
1398	(v) income replacement coverage;
1399	(vi) accident only coverage;
1400	(vii) specified disease or specified accident coverage;
1401	(viii) limited benefit health coverage; and
1402	(ix) nursing home and long-term care coverage;
1403	(c) the content and format of the outline of coverage, in addition to that required under
1404	Subsection (6);
1405	(d) the method of identification of policies and contracts based upon coverages
1406	provided; and
1407	(e) rating practices.
1408	(5) Nothing in Subsection (4)(b) precludes the issuance of policies that combine
1409	categories of coverage in [that subsection] Subsection (4)(b) provided that any combination of
1410	categories meets the standards of a component category of coverage.
1411	(6) The commissioner may adopt rules, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1412	<u>Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act</u> , relating to the following matters:
1413	(a) establishing disclosure requirements for insurance policies covered in this section,
1414	designed to adequately inform the prospective insured of the need for and extent of the
1415	coverage offered, and requiring that this disclosure be furnished to the prospective insured with
1416	the application form, unless it is a direct response insurance policy;
1417	(b) (i) prescribing caption or notice requirements designed to inform prospective
1418	insureds that particular insurance coverages are not Medicare Supplement coverages;
1419	(ii) the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(i) apply to all insurance policies and
1420	certificates sold to persons eligible for Medicare; and

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- 1421 (c) requiring the disclosures or information brochures to be furnished to the 1422 prospective insured on direct response insurance policies, upon his request or, in any event, no 1423 later than the time of the policy delivery. 1424 (7) A policy covered by this section may be issued only if it meets the minimum 1425 standards established by the commissioner under Subsection (4), an outline of coverage 1426 accompanies the policy or is delivered to the applicant at the time of the application, and, except with respect to direct response insurance policies, an acknowledged receipt is provided 1427 1428 to the insurer. The outline of coverage shall include: 1429 (a) a statement identifying the applicable categories of coverage provided by the policy 1430 as prescribed under Subsection (4); 1431 (b) a description of the principal benefits and coverage; 1432 (c) a statement of the exceptions, reductions, and limitations contained in the policy; 1433 (d) a statement of the renewal provisions, including any reservation by the insurer of a 1434 right to change premiums; 1435 (e) a statement that the outline is a summary of the policy issued or applied for and that 1436 the policy should be consulted to determine governing contractual provisions; and 1437 (f) any other contents the commissioner prescribes. 1438 (8) If a policy is issued on a basis other than that applied for, the outline of coverage 1439 shall accompany the policy when it is delivered and it shall clearly state that it is not the policy 1440 for which application was made. 1441 (9) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection 31A-22-606(1), limited accident and health 1442 policies or certificates issued to persons eligible for Medicare shall contain a notice 1443 prominently printed on or attached to the cover or front page which states that the policyholder 1444 or certificate holder has the right to return the policy for any reason within 30 days after its 1445 delivery and to have the premium refunded. 1446 (b) This Subsection (9) does not apply to a policy issued to an employer group. 1447 Section 23. Section **31A-22-610.5** is amended to read: 1448 31A-22-610.5. Dependent coverage.
 - (2) (a) Any individual or group accident and health insurance policy or health

(1) As used in this section, "child" has the same meaning as defined in Section

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- maintenance organization contract that provides coverage for a policyholder's or certificate holder's dependent may not terminate coverage of an unmarried dependent by reason of the dependent's age before the dependent's 26th birthday and shall, upon application, provide coverage for all unmarried dependents up to age 26.
 - (b) The cost of coverage for unmarried dependents 19 to 26 years of age shall be included in the premium on the same basis as other dependent coverage.
 - (c) This section does not prohibit the employer from requiring the employee to pay all or part of the cost of coverage for unmarried dependents.
 - (d) An individual health insurance policy, group health insurance policy, or health maintenance organization shall continue in force coverage for a dependent through the last day of the month in which the dependent ceases to be a dependent:
 - (i) if premiums are paid; and
- 1464 (ii) notwithstanding Section 31A-8-402.3, 31A-8-402.5, 31A-22-721, 31A-30-107.1, or 31A-30-107.3.
 - (3) An individual or group accident and health insurance policy or health maintenance organization contract shall reinstate dependent coverage, and for purposes of all exclusions and limitations, shall treat the dependent as if the coverage had been in force since it was terminated: if:
 - (a) the dependent has not reached the age of 26 by July 1, 1995;
 - (b) the dependent had coverage prior to July 1, 1994;
 - (c) prior to July 1, 1994, the dependent's coverage was terminated solely due to the age of the dependent; and
 - (d) the policy has not been terminated since the dependent's coverage was terminated.
 - (4) (a) When a parent is required by a court or administrative order to provide health insurance coverage for a child, an accident and health insurer may not deny enrollment of a child under the accident and health insurance plan of the child's parent on the grounds the child:
 - (i) was born out of wedlock and is entitled to coverage under Subsection (5);
- 1480 (ii) was born out of wedlock and the custodial parent seeks enrollment for the child 1481 under the custodial parent's policy;
- (iii) is not claimed as a dependent on the parent's federal tax return; or

- (iv) does not reside with the parent or in the insurer's service area.
 - (b) A child enrolled as required under Subsection (4)(a)(iv) is subject to the terms of the accident and health insurance plan contract pertaining to services received outside of an insurer's service area. A health maintenance organization shall comply with Section 31A-8-502.
 - (5) When a child has accident and health coverage through an insurer of a noncustodial parent, and when requested by the noncustodial or custodial parent, the insurer shall:
 - (a) provide information to the custodial parent as necessary for the child to obtain benefits through that coverage, but the insurer or employer, or the agents or employees of either of them, are not civilly or criminally liable for providing information in compliance with this Subsection (5)(a), whether the information is provided pursuant to a verbal or written request;
 - (b) permit the custodial parent or the service provider, with the custodial parent's approval, to submit claims for covered services without the approval of the noncustodial parent; and
 - (c) make payments on claims submitted in accordance with Subsection (5)(b) directly to the custodial parent, the child who obtained benefits, the provider, or the state Medicaid agency.
 - (6) When a parent is required by a court or administrative order to provide health coverage for a child, and the parent is eligible for family health coverage, the insurer shall:
 - (a) permit the parent to enroll, under the family coverage, a child who is otherwise eligible for the coverage without regard to an enrollment season restrictions;
 - (b) if the parent is enrolled but fails to make application to obtain coverage for the child, enroll the child under family coverage upon application of the child's other parent, the state agency administering the Medicaid program, or the state agency administering 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651 through 669, the child support enforcement program; and
 - (c) (i) when the child is covered by an individual policy, not disenroll or eliminate coverage of the child unless the insurer is provided satisfactory written evidence that:
 - (A) the court or administrative order is no longer in effect; or
 - (B) the child is or will be enrolled in comparable accident and health coverage through another insurer which will take effect not later than the effective date of disenrollment; or
 - (ii) when the child is covered by a group policy, not disenroll or eliminate coverage of

the child unless the employer is provided with satisfactory written evidence, which evidence is also provided to the insurer, that Subsection (9)(c)(i), (ii) or (iii) has happened.

- (7) An insurer may not impose requirements on a state agency that has been assigned the rights of an individual eligible for medical assistance under Medicaid and covered for accident and health benefits from the insurer that are different from requirements applicable to an agent or assignee of any other individual so covered.
- (8) Insurers may not reduce their coverage of pediatric vaccines below the benefit level in effect on May 1, 1993.
- (9) When a parent is required by a court or administrative order to provide health coverage, which is available through an employer doing business in this state, the employer shall:
- (a) permit the parent to enroll under family coverage any child who is otherwise eligible for coverage without regard to any enrollment season restrictions;
- (b) if the parent is enrolled but fails to make application to obtain coverage of the child, enroll the child under family coverage upon application by the child's other parent, by the state agency administering the Medicaid program, or the state agency administering 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651 through 669, the child support enforcement program;
- (c) not disenroll or eliminate coverage of the child unless the employer is provided satisfactory written evidence that:
 - (i) the court order is no longer in effect;
- (ii) the child is or will be enrolled in comparable coverage which will take effect no later than the effective date of disenrollment; or
 - (iii) the employer has eliminated family health coverage for all of its employees; and
- (d) withhold from the employee's compensation the employee's share, if any, of premiums for health coverage and to pay this amount to the insurer.
- (10) An order issued under Section 62A-11-326.1 may be considered a "qualified medical support order" for the purpose of enrolling a dependent child in a group accident and health insurance plan as defined in Section 609(a), Federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
- (11) This section does not affect any insurer's ability to require as a precondition of any child being covered under any policy of insurance that:

1545	(a) the parent continues to be eligible for coverage;
1546	(b) the child shall be identified to the insurer with adequate information to comply with
1547	this section; and
1548	(c) the premium shall be paid when due.
1549	(12) [The provisions of this section apply] This section applies to employee welfare
1550	benefit plans as defined in Section 26-19-2.
1551	[(13) The commissioner shall adopt rules interpreting and implementing this section
1552	with regard to out-of-area court ordered dependent coverage.]
1553	(13) (a) A policy that provides coverage to a child of a group member may not deny
1554	eligibility for coverage to a child solely because:
1555	(i) the child does not reside with the insured; or
1556	(ii) the child is solely dependent on a former spouse of the insured rather than on the
1557	insured.
1558	(b) A child who does not reside with the insured may be excluded on the same basis as
1559	a child who resides with the insured.
1560	Section 24. Section 31A-22-614.5 is amended to read:
1561	31A-22-614.5. Uniform claims processing Electronic exchange of health
1562	information.
1563	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), [all insurers] an insurer offering health
1564	insurance shall use a uniform claim form and uniform billing and claim codes.
1565	(b) Beginning January 1, 2011, all health benefit plans, and dental and vision plans,
1566	shall provide for the electronic exchange of uniform:
1567	(i) eligibility and coverage information; and
1568	(ii) coordination of benefits information.
1569	(c) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), "health insurance" does not include a policy or
1570	certificate that provides benefits solely for:
1571	(i) income replacement; or
1572	(ii) long-term care.
1573	(2) (a) The uniform electronic standards and information required in Subsection (1)
1574	shall be adopted and approved by the commissioner in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1575	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

1577	(i) shall:
1578	(A) consult with national and state organizations involved with the standardized
1579	exchange of health data, and the electronic exchange of health data, to develop the standards
1580	for the use and electronic exchange of uniform:
1581	(I) claim forms;
1582	(II) billing and claim codes;
1583	(III) insurance eligibility and coverage information; and
1584	(IV) coordination of benefits information; and
1585	(B) meet federal mandatory minimum standards following the adoption of national
1586	requirements for transaction and data elements in the federal Health Insurance Portability and
1587	Accountability Act;
1588	(ii) may not require an insurer or administrator to use a specific software product or
1589	vendor; and
1590	(iii) may require an insurer who participates in the all payer database created under
1591	Section 26-33a-106.1 to allow data regarding demographic and insurance coverage information
1592	to be electronically shared with the state's designated secure health information master person
1593	index to be used:
1594	(A) in compliance with data security standards established by:
1595	(I) the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act; and
1596	(II) the electronic commerce agreements established in a business associate agreement;
1597	and
1598	(B) for the purpose of coordination of health benefit plans.
1599	(3) (a) The commissioner shall coordinate the administrative rules adopted under the
1600	provisions of this section with the administrative rules adopted by the Department of Health for
1601	the implementation of the standards for the electronic exchange of clinical health information
1602	under Section 26-1-37. The department shall establish procedures for developing the rules
1603	adopted under this section, which ensure that the Department of Health is given the opportunity
1604	to comment on proposed rules.
1605	(b) (i) The commissioner may provide information to health care providers regarding
1606	resources available to a health care provider to verify whether a health care provider's practice

(b) When adopting rules under this section the commissioner:

1607	management software system meets the uniform electronic standards for data exchange
1608	required by this section.
1609	(ii) The commissioner may provide the information described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)
1610	by partnering with:
1611	(A) a not-for-profit, broad based coalition of state health care insurers and health care
1612	providers who are involved in the electronic exchange of the data required by this section; or
1613	(B) some other person that the commissioner determines is appropriate to provide the
1614	information described in Subsection (3)(b)(i).
1615	(c) The commissioner shall regulate any fees charged by insurers to the providers for:
1616	(i) uniform claim forms;
1617	(ii) electronic billing; or
1618	(iii) the electronic exchange of clinical health information permitted by Section
1619	26-1-37.
1620	(4) This section does not require a person to provide information concerning an
1621	employer self-insured employee welfare benefit plan as defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1002(1).
1622	Section 25. Section 31A-22-617 is amended to read:
1623	31A-22-617. Preferred provider contract provisions.
1624	Health insurance policies may provide for insureds to receive services or
1625	reimbursement under the policies in accordance with preferred health care provider contracts as
1626	follows:
1627	(1) Subject to restrictions under this section, an insurer or third party administrator may
1628	enter into contracts with health care providers as defined in Section 78B-3-403 under which the
1629	health care providers agree to supply services, at prices specified in the contracts, to persons
1630	insured by an insurer.
1631	(a) (i) A health care provider contract may require the health care provider to accept the
1632	specified payment in this Subsection (1) as payment in full, relinquishing the right to collect
1633	additional amounts from the insured person.
1634	(ii) In a dispute involving a provider's claim for reimbursement, the same shall be
1635	determined in accordance with applicable law, the provider contract, the subscriber contract,
1636	and the insurer's written payment policies in effect at the time services were rendered.
1637	(iii) If the parties are unable to resolve their dispute, the matter shall be subject to

- binding arbitration by a jointly selected arbitrator. Each party is to bear its own expense except the cost of the jointly selected arbitrator shall be equally shared. This Subsection (1)(a)(iii) does not apply to the claim of a general acute hospital to the extent it is inconsistent with the hospital's provider agreement.
 - (iv) An organization may not penalize a provider solely for pursuing a claims dispute or otherwise demanding payment for a sum believed owing.
 - (v) If an insurer permits another entity with which it does not share common ownership or control to use or otherwise lease one or more of the organization's networks of participating providers, the organization shall ensure, at a minimum, that the entity pays participating providers in accordance with the same fee schedule and general payment policies as the organization would for that network.
- 1649 (b) The insurance contract may reward the insured for selection of preferred health care providers by:
 - (i) reducing premium rates;
 - (ii) reducing deductibles;
- 1653 (iii) coinsurance;

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- 1654 (iv) other copayments; or
 - (v) any other reasonable manner.
- 1656 (c) If the insurer is a managed care organization, as defined in Subsection 31A-27a-403(1)(f):
 - (i) the insurance contract and the health care provider contract shall provide that in the event the managed care organization becomes insolvent, the rehabilitator or liquidator may:
 - (A) require the health care provider to continue to provide health care services under the contract until the earlier of:
 - (I) 90 days after the date of the filing of a petition for rehabilitation or the petition for liquidation; or
 - (II) the date the term of the contract ends; and
- 1665 (B) subject to Subsection (1)(c)(v), reduce the fees the provider is otherwise entitled to 1666 receive from the managed care organization during the time period described in Subsection 1667 (1)(c)(i)(A);
- 1668 (ii) the provider is required to:

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1669	(A) accept the reduced payment under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B) as payment in full; and
1670	(B) relinquish the right to collect additional amounts from the insolvent managed care
1671	organization's enrollee, as defined in Subsection 31A-27a-403(1)(b);
1672	(iii) if the contract between the health care provider and the managed care organization
1673	has not been reduced to writing, or the contract fails to contain the requirements described in
1674	Subsection (1)(c)(i), the provider may not collect or attempt to collect from the enrollee:
1675	(A) sums owed by the insolvent managed care organization; or
1676	(B) the amount of the regular fee reduction authorized under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B);
1677	(iv) the following may not bill or maintain an action at law against an enrollee to
1678	collect sums owed by the insolvent managed care organization or the amount of the regular fee
1679	reduction authorized under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B):
1680	(A) a provider;
1681	(B) an agent;
1682	(C) a trustee; or
1683	(D) an assignee of a person described in Subsections (1)(c)(iv)(A) through (C); and
1684	(v) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(i):
1685	(A) a rehabilitator or liquidator may not reduce a fee [by] to less than 75% of the
1686	provider's regular fee set forth in the contract; and
1687	(B) the enrollee shall continue to pay the copayments, deductibles, and other payments
1688	for services received from the provider that the enrollee was required to pay before the filing
1689	of:
1690	(I) a petition for rehabilitation; or
1691	(II) a petition for liquidation.
1692	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (2)(b) through (2)(e), an insurer using preferred health
1693	care provider contracts is subject to the reimbursement requirements in Section 31A-8-501 on
1694	or after January 1 2014

- (b) When reimbursing for services of health care providers not under contract, the insurer may make direct payment to the insured.
- (c) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts may impose a deductible on coverage of health care providers not under contract.
 - (d) When selecting health care providers with whom to contract under Subsection (1),

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an insurer may not unfairly discriminate between classes of health care providers, but may discriminate within a class of health care providers, subject to Subsection (7).

- (e) For purposes of this section, unfair discrimination between classes of health care providers includes:
- (i) refusal to contract with class members in reasonable proportion to the number of insureds covered by the insurer and the expected demand for services from class members; and
 - (ii) refusal to cover procedures for one class of providers that are:
- (A) commonly used by members of the class of health care providers for the treatment of illnesses, injuries, or conditions;
 - (B) otherwise covered by the insurer; and
 - (C) within the scope of practice of the class of health care providers.
- (3) Before the insured consents to the insurance contract, the insurer shall fully disclose to the insured that it has entered into preferred health care provider contracts. The insurer shall provide sufficient detail on the preferred health care provider contracts to permit the insured to agree to the terms of the insurance contract. The insurer shall provide at least the following information:
- (a) a list of the health care providers under contract, and if requested their business locations and specialties;
- (b) a description of the insured benefits, including deductibles, coinsurance, or other copayments;
 - (c) a description of the quality assurance program required under Subsection (4); and
- (d) a description of the adverse benefit determination procedures required under Subsection (5).
- (4) (a) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall maintain a quality assurance program for assuring that the care provided by the health care providers under contract meets prevailing standards in the state.
- (b) The commissioner in consultation with the executive director of the Department of Health may designate qualified persons to perform an audit of the quality assurance program. The auditors shall have full access to all records of the organization and its health care providers, including medical records of individual patients.
 - (c) The information contained in the medical records of individual patients shall

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- remain confidential. All information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, or other data furnished for purposes of the audit and any findings or conclusions of the auditors are privileged. The information is not subject to discovery, use, or receipt in evidence in any legal proceeding except hearings before the commissioner concerning alleged violations of this section.
 - (5) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall provide a reasonable procedure for resolving complaints and adverse benefit determinations initiated by the insureds and health care providers.
 - (6) An insurer may not contract with a health care provider for treatment of illness or injury unless the health care provider is licensed to perform that treatment.
 - (7) (a) A health care provider or insurer may not discriminate against a preferred health care provider for agreeing to a contract under Subsection (1).
 - (b) A health care provider licensed to treat an illness or injury within the scope of the health care provider's practice, who is willing and able to meet the terms and conditions established by the insurer for designation as a preferred health care provider, shall be able to apply for and receive the designation as a preferred health care provider. Contract terms and conditions may include reasonable limitations on the number of designated preferred health care providers based upon substantial objective and economic grounds, or expected use of particular services based upon prior provider-patient profiles.
 - (8) Upon the written request of a provider excluded from a provider contract, the commissioner may hold a hearing to determine if the insurer's exclusion of the provider is based on the criteria set forth in Subsection (7)(b).
 - (9) Nothing in this section is to be construed as to require an insurer to offer a certain benefit or service as part of a health benefit plan.
 - (10) This section does not apply to catastrophic mental health coverage provided in accordance with Section 31A-22-625.
 - (11) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), Subsection (7)(b), and Section 31A-22-618, an insurer or third party administrator is not required to, but may, enter into a contract with a licensed athletic trainer, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 40a, Athletic Trainer Licensing Act.
- Section 26. Section **31A-22-645** is enacted to read:
- 1761 31A-22-645. Alcohol and drug dependency treatment.

1762	(1) An insurer offering a health benefit plan providing coverage for alcohol or drug
1763	dependency treatment may require an inpatient facility to be licensed by:
1764	(a) (i) the Department of Human Services, under Title 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of
1765	Programs and Facilities; or
1766	(ii) the Department of Health; or
1767	(b) for an inpatient facility located outside the state, a state agency similar to one
1768	described in Subsection (1)(a).
1769	(2) For inpatient coverage provided pursuant to Subsection (1), an insurer may require
1770	an inpatient facility to be accredited by the following:
1771	(a) the Joint Commission; and
1772	(b) one other nationally recognized accrediting agency.
1773	Section 27. Section 31A-22-701 is amended to read:
1774	31A-22-701. Groups eligible for group or blanket insurance.
1775	(1) As used in this section, "association group" means a lawfully formed association of
1776	individuals or business entities that:
1777	(a) purchases insurance on a group basis on behalf of members; and
1778	(b) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance.
1779	(2) A group accident and health insurance policy may be issued to:
1780	(a) a group:
1781	(i) to which a group life insurance policy may be issued under Sections 31A-22-502,
1782	31A-22-503, 31A-22-504, 31A-22-506, 31A-22-507, and 31A-22-509; and
1783	(ii) that is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining
1784	insurance;
1785	(b) an association group that:
1786	(i) has been actively in existence for at least five years;
1787	(ii) has a constitution and bylaws;
1788	(iii) has a shared or common purpose that is not primarily a business or customer
1789	relationship;
1790	[(iii)] (iv) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining
1791	insurance;
1792	[(iv)] (v) does not condition membership in the association group on any health

1793	status-related factor relating to an individual, including an employee of an employer or a
1794	dependent of an employee;
1795	[(v)] (vi) makes accident and health insurance coverage offered through the association
1796	group available to all members regardless of any health status-related factor relating to the
1797	members or individuals eligible for coverage through a member;
1798	[(vi)] (vii) does not make accident and health insurance coverage offered through the
1799	association group available other than in connection with a member of the association group;
1800	and
1801	[(viii)] (viii) is actuarially sound; or
1802	(c) a group specifically authorized by the commissioner under Section 31A-22-509,
1803	upon a finding that:
1804	(i) authorization is not contrary to the public interest;
1805	(ii) the group is actuarially sound;
1806	(iii) formation of the proposed group may result in economies of scale in acquisition,
1807	administrative, marketing, and brokerage costs;
1808	(iv) the insurance policy, insurance certificate, or other indicia of coverage that will be
1809	offered to the proposed group is substantially equivalent to insurance policies that are
1810	otherwise available to similar groups;
1811	(v) the group would not present hazards of adverse selection;
1812	(vi) the premiums for the insurance policy and any contributions by or on behalf of the
1813	insured persons are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided; and
1814	(vii) the group is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than
1815	obtaining insurance.
1816	(3) A blanket accident and health insurance policy:
1817	(a) covers a defined class of persons;
1818	(b) may not be offered or underwritten on an individual basis;
1819	(c) shall cover only a group that is:
1820	(i) actuarially sound; and
1821	(ii) formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining insurance;
1822	and
1823	(d) may be issued only to:

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(a) individual risks;

(b) a class of risks; or

(c) both Subsections (4)(a) and (b).

Section 28. Section 31A-22-716 is amended to read:

1824 (i) a common carrier or an operator, owner, or lessee of a means of transportation, as 1825 policyholder, covering persons who may become passengers as defined by reference to the 1826 person's travel status; 1827 (ii) an employer, as policyholder, covering any group of employees, dependents, or 1828 guests, as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to any activities of the 1829 policyholder; 1830 (iii) an institution of learning, including a school district, a school jurisdictional unit, or 1831 the head, principal, or governing board of a school jurisdictional unit, as policyholder, covering 1832 students, teachers, or employees; 1833 (iv) a religious, charitable, recreational, educational, or civic organization, or branch of 1834 one of those organizations, as policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as 1835 defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities sponsored or supervised by 1836 the policyholder; 1837 (v) a sports team, camp, or sponsor of a sports team or camp, as policyholder, covering 1838 members, campers, employees, officials, or supervisors; 1839 (vi) a volunteer fire department, first aid, civil defense, or other similar volunteer 1840 organization, as policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as defined by 1841 reference to specified hazards incident to activities sponsored, supervised, or participated in by 1842 the policyholder; 1843 (vii) a newspaper or other publisher, as policyholder, covering its carriers; (viii) an association, including a labor union, that has a constitution and bylaws and 1844 1845 that is organized in good faith for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance, as 1846 policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as defined by reference to specified 1847 hazards incident to the activities or operations sponsored or supervised by the policyholder; and 1848 (ix) any other class of risks that, in the judgment of the commissioner, may be properly 1849 eligible for blanket accident and health insurance. 1850 (4) The judgment of the commissioner may be exercised on the basis of:

factor relating to any covered individual.

1855	31A-22-716. Required provision for notice of termination.
1856	(1) $[Every]$ \underline{A} policy for group or blanket accident and health coverage issued or
1857	renewed after July 1, 1990, shall include a provision that obligates the policyholder to give 30
1858	days prior written notice of termination to each employee or group member and to notify each
1859	employee or group member of the employee's or group member's rights to continue coverage
1860	upon termination.
1861	(2) An insurer's monthly notice to the policyholder of premium payments due shall
1862	include a statement of the policyholder's obligations as set forth in Subsection (1). Insurers
1863	shall provide a sample notice to the policyholder at least once a year.
1864	[(3) For the purpose of compliance with federal law and the Health Insurance
1865	Portability and Accountability Act, all health benefit plans, health insurers, and student health
1866	plans shall provide a certificate of creditable coverage to each covered person upon the person's
1867	termination from the plan as soon as reasonably possible.]
1868	Section 29. Section 31A-22-721 is amended to read:
1869	31A-22-721. A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor Discontinuance and
1870	nonrenewal.
1871	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a health benefit plan for a plan
1872	sponsor is renewable and continues in force:
1873	(a) with respect to all eligible employees and dependents; and
1874	(b) at the option of the plan sponsor.
1875	(2) A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor may be discontinued or nonrenewed for a
1876	network plan, if:
1877	(a) there is no longer any enrollee under the group health plan who lives, resides, or
1878	works in:
1879	(i) the service area of the insurer; or
1880	(ii) the area for which the insurer is authorized to do business; or
1881	(b) for coverage made available in the small or large employer market only through an
1882	association, if:
1883	(i) the employer's membership in the association ceases; and
1884	(ii) the coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related

1886	(3) A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor may be discontinued if:
1887	(a) a condition described in Subsection (2) exists;
1888	(b) the plan sponsor fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the
1889	terms of the contract;
1890	(c) the plan sponsor:
1891	(i) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud; or
1892	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
1893	coverage;
1894	(d) the insurer:
1895	(i) elects to discontinue offering a particular health benefit [product] plan delivered or
1896	issued for delivery in this state;
1897	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
1898	(I) to each plan sponsor, employee, and dependent of a plan sponsor or employee; and
1899	(II) at least 90 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
1900	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
1901	(I) to the commissioner; and
1902	(II) at least three working days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected plan
1903	sponsors, employees, and dependents of plan sponsors or employees;
1904	(C) offers to each plan sponsor, on a guaranteed issue basis, the option to purchase any
1905	other health benefit [products] plans currently being offered:
1906	(I) by the insurer in the market; or
1907	(II) in the case of a large employer, any other health benefit plan currently being
1908	offered in that market; and
1909	(D) in exercising the option to discontinue that [product] health benefit plan and in
1910	offering the option of coverage in this section, the insurer acts uniformly without regard to:
1911	(I) the claims experience of a plan sponsor;
1912	(II) any health status-related factor relating to any covered participant or beneficiary; or
1913	(III) any health status-related factor relating to a new participant or beneficiary who
1914	may become eligible for coverage; or
1915	(e) the insurer:
1916	(i) elects to discontinue all of the insurer's health benefit plans:

1917	(A) in the small employer market; or
1918	(B) the large employer market; or
1919	(C) both the small and large employer markets; and
1920	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuance in writing:
1921	(I) to each plan sponsor, employee, or dependent of a plan sponsor or an employee; and
1922	(II) at least 180 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
1923	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
1924	(I) to the commissioner in each state in which an affected insured individual is known
1925	to reside; and
1926	(II) at least 30 business days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected plan
1927	sponsors, employees, and dependents of a plan sponsor or employee;
1928	(C) discontinues and nonrenews all plans issued or delivered for issuance in the
1929	market; and
1930	(D) provides a plan of orderly withdrawal as required by Section 31A-4-115.
1931	(4) A large employer health benefit plan may be discontinued or nonrenewed:
1932	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
1933	(b) for noncompliance with the insurer's:
1934	(i) minimum participation requirements; or
1935	(ii) employer contribution requirements.
1936	(5) A small employer health benefit plan may be discontinued or nonrenewed:
1937	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
1938	(b) for noncompliance with the insurer's employer contribution requirements.
1939	(6) A small employer health benefit plan may be nonrenewed:
1940	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
1941	(b) for noncompliance with the insurer's minimum participation requirements.
1942	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), an eligible employee may be
1943	discontinued if after issuance of coverage the eligible employee:
1944	(i) engages in an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
1945	or
1946	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact in connection with the
1947	coverage.

1948 (b) An eligible employee that is discontinued under Subsection (7)(a) may reenroll: 1949 (i) 12 months after the date of discontinuance; and 1950 (ii) if the plan sponsor's coverage is in effect at the time the eligible employee applies 1951 to reenroll. 1952 (c) At the time the eligible employee's coverage is discontinued under Subsection 1953 (7)(a), the insurer shall notify the eligible employee of the right to reenroll when coverage is 1954 discontinued. 1955 (d) An eligible employee may not be discontinued under this Subsection (7) because of 1956 a fraud or misrepresentation that relates to health status. 1957 (8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), an insurer that elects to discontinue 1958 offering a health benefit plan under Subsection (3)(e) shall be prohibited from writing new 1959 business in such market in this state for a period of five years beginning on the date of 1960 discontinuation of the last coverage that is discontinued. 1961 (b) The commissioner may waive the prohibition under Subsection (8)(a) when the 1962 commissioner finds that waiver is in the public interest: 1963 (i) to promote competition; or 1964 (ii) to resolve inequity in the marketplace. 1965 (9) If an insurer is doing business in one established geographic service area of the 1966 state, this section applies only to the insurer's operations in that geographic service area. 1967 (10) An insurer may modify a health benefit plan for a plan sponsor only: 1968 (a) at the time of coverage renewal; and 1969 (b) if the modification is effective uniformly among all plans with a particular product 1970 or service. 1971 (11) For purposes of this section, a reference to "plan sponsor" includes a reference to 1972 the employer: 1973 (a) with respect to coverage provided to an employer member of the association; and 1974 (b) if the health benefit plan is made available by an insurer in the employer market 1975 only through: 1976 (i) an association; 1977 (ii) a trust; or 1978 (iii) a discretionary group.

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1979	(12) (a) A small employer that, after purchasing a health benefit plan in the small group
1980	market, employs on average more than 50 eligible employees on each business day in a
1981	calendar year may continue to renew the health benefit plan purchased in the small group
1982	market.
1983	(b) A large employer that, after purchasing a health benefit plan in the large group
1984	market, employs on average less than 51 eligible employees on each business day in a calendar
1985	year may continue to renew the health benefit plan purchased in the large group market.
1986	(13) An insurer offering employer sponsored health benefit plans shall comply with the
1987	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg and 300gg-1.
1988	Section 30. Section 31A-22-801 is amended to read:
1989	31A-22-801. Scope of part.
1990	(1) Except as provided under Subsection (2), all life insurance and accident and health
1991	insurance in connection with loans or other credit transactions are subject to this part.
1992	(2) (a) Insurance written in connection with a [loan or other] credit transaction [of more
1993	than 10 years duration] is not subject to this part, but is subject to other provisions of this
1994	title[-], if the credit transaction is:
1995	(i) secured by a first mortgage or deed of trust; and
1996	(ii) made to finance the purchase of real property or the construction of a dwelling
1997	thereon, or to refinance a prior credit transaction made for such a purpose.
1998	(b) Isolated transactions on the part of an insurer that are not related to an agreement or
1999	plan for insuring debtors of the creditor are not subject to this part.
2000	Section 31. Section 31A-22-1902 is amended to read:
2001	31A-22-1902. Definitions.
2002	As used in this part:
2003	(1) "Administrator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 67-4a-102.
2004	(2) "Asymmetric conduct" means an insurer's use of the death master file or other
2005	similar database before July 1, 2015, in connection with searching for information regarding
2006	whether annuitants under the insurer's annuities might be deceased, but not in connection with
2007	whether the insureds under the insurer's policies might be deceased.

(b) "Contract" does not include an annuity used to fund an employment-based

(3) (a) "Contract" means an annuity contract.

2010	retirement plan or program when:
2011	(i) the insurer does not perform the record keeping services; or
2012	(ii) the insurer is not committed by terms of the annuity contract to pay death benefits
2013	to the beneficiaries of specific plan participants.
2014	(4) "Death master file" means the United States Social Security Administration's Death
2015	Master File or another database or service that is at least as comprehensive as the United States
2016	Social Security Administration's Death Master File for determining that a person has reportedly
2017	died.
2018	(5) "Death master file match" means a search of a death master file that results in a
2019	match of the Social Security number, or the name and date of birth of an insured, annuity
2020	owner, or retained asset account holder.
2021	[(6) "Knowledge of death" means:]
2022	[(a) receipt of an original or valid copy of a certified death certificate; or]
2023	[(b) a death master file match validated by the insurer in accordance with Subsection
2024	31A-22-1903(1)(a).]
2025	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> (a) "Policy" means a policy or certificate of life insurance that provides a death
2026	benefit.
2027	(b) "Policy" does not include:
2028	(i) a policy or certificate of life insurance that provides a death benefit under an
2029	employee benefit plan:
2030	(A) subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. Sec.
2031	1002, as periodically amended; or
2032	(B) under [any] <u>a</u> federal employee benefit program;
2033	(ii) a policy or certificate of life insurance that is used to fund a preneed funeral
2034	contract or prearrangement;
2035	(iii) a policy or certificate of credit life or accidental death insurance; or
2036	(iv) a policy issued to a group master policyholder for which the insurer does not
2037	provide record keeping services.
2038	[(8)] (7) "Record keeping services" means those circumstances under which the insurer
2039	agrees with a group policy or contract customer to be responsible for obtaining, maintaining,

and administering, in its own or its agents' systems, information about each individual insured

2041	under an insured's group insurance contract, or a line of coverage under the group insurance
2042	contract, at least the following information:
2043	(a) social security number, or name and date of birth;
2044	(b) beneficiary designation information;
2045	(c) coverage eligibility;
2046	(d) benefit amount; and
2047	(e) premium payment status.
2048	[(9)] (8) "Retained asset account" means [any] a mechanism whereby the settlement of
2049	proceeds payable under a policy or contract is accomplished by the insurer or an entity acting
2050	on behalf of the insurer by depositing the proceeds into an account with check or draft writing
2051	privileges, where those proceeds are retained by the insurer or its agent, pursuant to a
2052	supplementary contract not involving annuity benefits other than death benefits.
2053	Section 32. Section 31A-23a-111 is amended to read:
2054	31A-23a-111. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
2055	terminating a license Forfeiture Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
2056	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
2057	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
2058	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2059	administrative action;
2060	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
2061	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
2062	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
2063	Minors;
2064	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-23a-113; or
2065	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
2066	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
2067	is no longer in force:
2068	(a) a lapsed license; or
2069	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
2070	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
2071	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a

2072	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
2073	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
2074	(a) this title; or
2075	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2076	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2077	(4) A line of authority issued under this chapter remains in force until:
2078	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a line of authority are no longer met by the licensee;
2079	or
2080	(b) the supporting license type:
2081	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
2082	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2083	administrative action;
2084	(iii) lapses under Section 31A-23a-113; or
2085	(iv) is voluntarily surrendered; or
2086	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
2087	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
2088	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
2089	Minors.
2090	(5) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b), as part of an
2091	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
2092	commissioner may:
2093	(i) revoke:
2094	(A) a license; or
2095	(B) a line of authority;
2096	(ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less:
2097	(A) a license; or
2098	(B) a line of authority;
2099	(iii) limit in whole or in part:
2100	(A) a license; or
2101	(B) a line of authority; [or]
2102	(iv) deny a license application[:];

2103	(v) assess a fortesture under Subsection $31A-2-308(1)(0)(1)$ or $(1)(0)(1)$, or
2104	(vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and
2105	Subsection (5)(a)(v).
2106	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the
2107	commissioner finds that the licensee:
2108	(i) is unqualified for a license or line of authority under Section 31A-23a-104,
2109	31A-23a-105, or 31A-23a-107;
2110	(ii) violates:
2111	(A) an insurance statute;
2112	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
2113	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
2114	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
2115	delinquency proceedings in any state;
2116	(iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
2117	days after the day on which the judgment became final;
2118	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
2119	admitted insurers;
2120	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
2121	directorate or ownership as another insurance producer that transacts business in this state
2122	without a license;
2123	(vii) refuses:
2124	(A) to be examined; or
2125	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
2126	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
2127	(A) give information with respect to the insurance producer's affairs; or
2128	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
2129	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
2130	(A) incorrect;
2131	(B) misleading;
2132	(C) incomplete; or
2133	(D) materially untrue;

2134	(x) violates an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory agency in
2135	any jurisdiction;
2136	(xi) obtains or attempts to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
2137	(xii) improperly withholds, misappropriates, or converts money or properties received
2138	in the course of doing insurance business;
2139	(xiii) intentionally misrepresents the terms of an actual or proposed:
2140	(A) insurance contract;
2141	(B) application for insurance; or
2142	(C) life settlement;
2143	(xiv) is convicted of a felony;
2144	(xv) admits or is found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice or fraud;
2145	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
2146	(A) uses fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
2147	(B) demonstrates incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
2148	(xvii) has an insurance license, or its equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in
2149	another state, province, district, or territory;
2150	(xviii) forges another's name to:
2151	(A) an application for insurance; or
2152	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
2153	(xix) improperly uses notes or another reference material to complete an examination
2154	for an insurance license;
2155	(xx) knowingly accepts insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;
2156	(xxi) fails to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
2157	obligation;
2158	(xxii) fails to:
2159	(A) pay state income tax; or
2160	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
2161	tax;
2162	(xxiii) violates or permits others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
2163	Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is
2164	prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance; or

2165 (xxiv) engages in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangers the 2166 legitimate interests of customers and the public. 2167 (c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself 2168 and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license. 2169 (d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to 2170 perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license, 2171 the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of: 2172 (i) the individual: 2173 (ii) the agency, if the agency: (A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or 2174 2175 (B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending, 2176 revoking, or limiting the license; or 2177 (iii) (A) the individual; and (B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii). 2178 2179 (6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee 2180 without a license if: 2181 (a) the licensee's license is: 2182 (i) revoked; 2183 (ii) suspended; 2184 (iii) limited; 2185 (iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action; 2186 (v) lapsed; or 2187 (vi) voluntarily surrendered; and 2188 (b) the licensee: 2189 (i) continues to act as a licensee; or 2190 (ii) violates the terms of the license limitation. 2191 (7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner: 2192 (a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the 2193 District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States: 2194 (b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state,

the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or

2196	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
2197	involving:
2198	(i) fraud;
2199	(ii) deceit;
2200	(iii) misrepresentation; or
2201	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
2202	(8) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
2203	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
2204	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
2205	(b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
2206	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
2207	or agreement is made without the express approval by the commissioner.
2208	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
2209	a license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.
2210	(10) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
2211	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2212	Section 33. Section 31A-23a-115 is amended to read:
2213	31A-23a-115. Appointment of individual and agency insurance producer, limited
2214	line producer, or managing general agent Reports and lists.
2215	(1) (a) An insurer shall appoint an individual or agency with whom it has a contract as
2216	an insurance producer, limited line producer, or managing general agent to act on the insurer's
2217	behalf in order for the licensee to do business for the insurer in this state.
2218	(b) An insurer shall report to the commissioner, at intervals and in the form the
2219	commissioner establishes by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2220	Administrative Rulemaking Act:
2221	(i) a new appointment; and
2222	(ii) a termination of appointment.
2223	(2) An insurer shall notify a producer that the producer's appointment is terminated by
2224	the insurer and of the reason for termination at an interval and in the form the commissioner
2225	establishes by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2226	Rulemaking Act.

2227	$[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ (a) (i) An insurer shall report to the commissioner the cause of termination of
2228	an appointment if:
2229	(A) the reason for termination is a reason described in Subsection 31A-23a-111(5)(b);
2230	or
2231	(B) the insurer has knowledge that the individual or agency licensee is found to have
2232	engaged in an activity described in Subsection 31A-23a-111(5)(b) by:
2233	(I) a court;
2234	(II) a government body; or
2235	(III) a self-regulatory organization, which the commissioner may define by rule made
2236	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2237	(ii) The information provided to the commissioner under this Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) is a
2238	private record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
2239	(b) An insurer is immune from civil action, civil penalty, or damages if the insurer
2240	complies in good faith with this Subsection [(2)] (3) in reporting to the commissioner the cause
2241	of termination of an appointment.
2242	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an insurer is not immune from
2243	any action or resulting penalty imposed on the reporting insurer as a result of proceedings
2244	brought by or on behalf of the department if the action is based on evidence other than the
2245	report submitted in compliance with this Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) .
2246	[(3)] (4) If an insurer appoints an agency, the insurer need not appoint, report, or pay
2247	appointment reporting fees for an individual designated on the agency's license under Section
2248	31A-23a-302.
2249	[(4)] (5) If an insurer $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{contracts}}]$ has a contract $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ with or lists a licensee in a report
2249a	submitted under
2250	Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) , there is a rebuttable presumption that in placing a risk with the insurer the
2251	contracted or appointed licensee or any of the licensee's licensed employees act on behalf of the
2252	insurer.
2253	Section 34. Section 31A-23a-203 is amended to read:
2254	31A-23a-203. Training period requirements.
2255	(1) A producer is eligible to become a surplus lines producer only if the producer:
2256	(a) has passed the applicable surplus lines producer examination;
2257	(b) has been a producer with property or casualty or both lines of authority for at least

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- three years during the four years immediately preceding the date of application; and
- (c) has paid the applicable fee under Section 31A-3-103.
 - (2) A person is eligible to become a consultant only if the person has acted in a capacity that would provide the person with preparation to act as an insurance consultant for a period aggregating not less than three years during the four years immediately preceding the date of application.
 - (3) (a) A resident producer with an accident and health line of authority may only sell long-term care insurance if the producer:
 - (i) initially completes a minimum of three hours of long-term care training before selling long-term care coverage; and
 - (ii) after completing the training required by Subsection (3)(a)(i), completes a minimum of three hours of long-term care training during each subsequent two-year licensing period.
 - (b) A course taken to satisfy a long-term care training requirement may be used toward satisfying a producer continuing education requirement.
 - (c) Long-term care training is not a continuing education requirement to renew a producer license.
 - (d) An insurer that issues long-term care insurance shall demonstrate to the commissioner, upon request, that a producer who is appointed by the insurer and who sells long-term care insurance coverage is in compliance with this Subsection (3).
 - (4) (a) A resident producer with a property line of authority may only sell flood insurance coverage under the National Flood Insurance Program if the producer completes a minimum of three hours of flood insurance training related to the National Flood Insurance Program before selling flood insurance coverage.
 - (b) A course taken to satisfy a flood insurance training requirement may be used toward satisfying a producer continuing education requirement.
 - (c) Flood insurance training is not a continuing education requirement to renew a producer license.
- 2286 (d) An insurer that issues flood insurance shall demonstrate to the commissioner, upon 2287 request, that a producer who is appointed by the insurer and who sells flood insurance coverage 2288 is in compliance with this Subsection (4).

2289	[4] (5) The training periods required under this section apply only to an individual
2290	applying for a license under this chapter.
2291	Section 35. Section 31A-23a-302 is amended to read:
2292	31A-23a-302. Agency designations.
2293	(1) An agency shall designate an individual that has an individual producer, surplus
2294	lines producer, limited line producer, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance
2295	intermediary license to act on the agency's behalf in order for the licensee to do business for the
2296	agency in this state.
2297	(2) An agency shall report to the commissioner, at intervals and in the form the
2298	commissioner establishes by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2299	Administrative Rulemaking Act:
2300	(a) a new designation; and
2301	(b) a terminated designation.
2302	(3) An agency shall notify an individual designee that the individual's designation is
2303	terminated by the agency and of the reason for termination at an interval and in the form the
2304	commissioner establishes by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2305	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2306	[(3)] (4) (a) An agency licensed under this chapter shall report to the commissioner the
2307	cause of termination of a designation if:
2308	(i) the reason for termination is a reason described in Subsection 31A-23a-111(5)(b);
2309	or
2310	(ii) the agency has knowledge that the individual licensee is found to have engaged in
2311	an activity described in Subsection 31A-23a-111(5)(b) by:
2312	(A) a court;
2313	(B) a government body; or
2314	(C) a self-regulatory organization, which the commissioner may define by rule made in
2315	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2316	(b) The information provided the commissioner under Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) is a
2317	private record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
2318	(c) An agency is immune from civil action, civil penalty, or damages if the agency
2319	complies in good faith with this Subsection [(3)] (4) in reporting to the commissioner the cause

2320	of termination of a designation.
2321	(d) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an agency is not immune from
2322	an action or resulting penalty imposed on the reporting agency as a result of proceedings
2323	brought by or on behalf of the department if the action is based on evidence other than the
2324	report submitted in compliance with this Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) .
2325	[(4)] (5) An agency licensed under this chapter may act in a capacity for which it is
2326	licensed only through an individual who is licensed under this chapter to act in the same
2327	capacity.
2328	[(5)] (6) An agency licensed under this chapter shall designate and report to the
2329	commissioner in accordance with any rule made by the commissioner in accordance with Title
2330	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the name of the designated responsible
2331	licensed individual who has authority to act on behalf of the agency in the matters pertaining to
2332	compliance with this title and orders of the commissioner.
2333	$[\underline{(6)}]$ (7) If an agency $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{eontracts}]$ has a contract $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ with or designates a licensee in
2333a	reports submitted under
2334	Subsection (2) or [(5)] (6), there is a rebuttable presumption that the contracted or designated
2335	licensee acts on behalf of the agency.
2336	$\left[\frac{(7)}{8}\right]$ (a) When a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself and any
2337	individual contracted or designated under the agency license shall be considered to be the
2338	holder of the agency license for purposes of this section.
2339	(b) If an individual contracted or designated under the agency license commits an act or
2340	fails to perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the agency license,
2341	or assessing a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i), the commissioner
2342	may assess a forfeiture, suspend, revoke, or limit the license of, or take a combination of these
2343	actions against:
2344	(i) the individual;
2345	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
2346	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
2347	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for assessing a
2348	forfeiture, or suspending, revoking, or limiting the license; or
2349	(iii) (A) the individual; and

(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection [(7)] (8)(b)(ii).

2351	Section 36. Section 31A-23a-407 is amended to read:
2352	31A-23a-407. Liability for acts of title insurance producers.
2353	(1) Subject to the other provisions in this section, a title insurer that $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{contracts}}]$ has a
2353a	$\underline{\text{contract}} \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{\text{with or}}$
2354	appoints an individual title insurance producer or an agency title insurance producer is liable to
2355	a buyer, seller, borrower, lender, or third party that deposits money with the individual title
2356	insurance producer or agency title insurance producer for the receipt and disbursement of
2357	money deposited with the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer
2358	for a transaction when a commitment for a policy of title insurance of that title insurer is
2359	ordered, issued, or distributed or a title insurance policy of that title insurer is issued, except
2360	that once a title insurer is named in an issued commitment only that title insurer is liable as a
2361	title insurer under this section.
2362	(2) The liability of a title insurer under Subsection (1) and the liability of an individual
2363	title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer for the receipt and disbursement of
2364	money deposited with the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer
2365	is limited to the amount of money received and disbursed, not to exceed the amount of
2366	proposed insurance set forth in the commitment or title insurance policy described in
2367	Subsection (1) plus 10% of the amount of the proposed insurance.
2368	(3) The liability described in Subsection (1) does not modify, mitigate, impair, or affect
2369	the contractual obligations between an individual title insurance producer or agency title
2370	insurance producer and the title insurer.
2371	(4) The liability of a title insurer with respect to the condition of title to the real
2372	property that is the subject of a title insurance policy or a title insurance commitment for a title
2373	insurance policy is limited to the terms, conditions, and stipulations contained in the title
2374	insurance policy or title commitment.
2375	Section 37. Section 31A-23a-412 is amended to read:
2376	31A-23a-412. Place of business and residence address Records.
2377	(1) (a) A licensee under this chapter shall register and maintain with the commissioner:
2378	(i) the address and the one or more telephone numbers of the licensee's principal place
2379	of business; and
2380	(ii) a valid business email address at which the commissioner may contact the licensee.
2381	(b) If a licensee is an individual, in addition to complying with Subsection (1)(a) the

2382	individual shall register and maintain with the commissioner the individual's residence address
2383	and telephone number.
2384	(c) A licensee shall notify the commissioner within 30 days of a change of any of the
2385	following required to be registered with the commissioner under this section:
2386	(i) an address;
2387	(ii) a telephone number; or
2388	(iii) a business email address.
2389	(2) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (3), a licensee under this chapter or an
2390	insurer under Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers, shall keep at the principal place of business address
2391	registered under Subsection (1), separate and distinct books and records of the transactions
2392	consummated under the Utah license.
2393	(b) The books and records described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
2394	(i) be in an organized form;
2395	(ii) be available to the commissioner for inspection upon reasonable notice; and
2396	(iii) include all of the following:
2397	(A) if the licensee is a producer, surplus lines producer, limited line producer,
2398	consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary:
2399	(I) a record of each insurance contract procured by or issued through the licensee, with
2400	the names of insurers and insureds, the amount of premium and commissions or other
2401	compensation, and the subject of the insurance;
2402	(II) the names of any other producers, surplus lines producers, limited line producers,
2403	consultants, managing general agents, or reinsurance intermediaries from whom business is
2404	accepted, and of persons to whom commissions or allowances of any kind are promised or
2405	paid; and
2406	(III) a record of the consumer complaints forwarded to the licensee by an insurance
2407	regulator;
2408	(B) if the licensee is a consultant, a record of each agreement outlining the work
2409	performed and the fee for the work; and
2410	(C) any additional information which:
2411	(I) is customary for a similar business; or

(II) may reasonably be required by the commissioner by rule <u>made in accordance with</u>

2413 Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 2414 (3) Subsection (2) is satisfied if the books and records specified in Subsection (2) can 2415 be obtained immediately from a central storage place or elsewhere by on-line computer 2416 terminals located at the registered address. 2417 (4) A licensee who represents only a single insurer satisfies Subsection (2) if the 2418 insurer maintains the books and records pursuant to Subsection (2) at a place satisfying 2419 Subsections (1) and (5). 2420 (5) (a) The books and records maintained under Subsection (2) or Section 2421 31A-23a-413 shall be available for the inspection of the commissioner during the business 2422 hours for a period of time after the date of the transaction as specified by the commissioner by 2423 rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, but 2424 in no case for less than three calendar years in addition to the current calendar year [plus three 2425 years]. 2426 (b) Discarding [books and records] a book or record after the applicable record 2427 retention period has expired does not place the licensee in violation of a later-adopted longer 2428 record retention period. 2429 Section 38. Section 31A-23a-501 is amended to read: 2430 31A-23a-501. Licensee compensation. 2431 (1) As used in this section: 2432 (a) "Commission compensation" includes funds paid to or credited for the benefit of a 2433 licensee from: 2434 (i) commission amounts deducted from insurance premiums on insurance sold by or 2435 placed through the licensee; 2436 (ii) commission amounts received from an insurer or another licensee as a result of the 2437 sale or placement of insurance; or 2438 (iii) overrides, bonuses, contingent bonuses, or contingent commissions received from 2439 an insurer or another licensee as a result of the sale or placement of insurance. 2440 (b) (i) "Compensation from an insurer or third party administrator" means 2441 commissions, fees, awards, overrides, bonuses, contingent commissions, loans, stock options, 2442 gifts, prizes, or any other form of valuable consideration:

(A) whether or not payable pursuant to a written agreement; and

2444	(B) received from:
2445	(I) an insurer; or
2446	(II) a third party to the transaction for the sale or placement of insurance.
2447	(ii) "Compensation from an insurer or third party administrator" does not mean
2448	compensation from a customer that is:
2449	(A) a fee or pass-through costs as provided in Subsection (1)(e); or
2450	(B) a fee or amount collected by or paid to the producer that does not exceed an
2451	amount established by the commissioner by administrative rule.
2452	(c) (i) "Customer" means:
2453	(A) the person signing the application or submission for insurance; or
2454	(B) the authorized representative of the insured actually negotiating the placement of
2455	insurance with the producer.
2456	(ii) "Customer" does not mean a person who is a participant or beneficiary of:
2457	(A) an employee benefit plan; or
2458	(B) a group or blanket insurance policy or group annuity contract sold, solicited, or
2459	negotiated by the producer or affiliate.
2460	(d) (i) "Noncommission compensation" includes all funds paid to or credited for the
2461	benefit of a licensee other than commission compensation.
2462	(ii) "Noncommission compensation" does not include charges for pass-through costs
2463	incurred by the licensee in connection with obtaining, placing, or servicing an insurance policy.
2464	(e) "Pass-through costs" include:
2465	(i) costs for copying documents to be submitted to the insurer; and
2466	(ii) bank costs for processing cash or credit card payments.
2467	(2) A licensee may receive from an insured or from a person purchasing an insurance
2468	policy, noncommission compensation if the noncommission compensation is stated on a
2469	separate, written disclosure.
2470	(a) The disclosure required by this Subsection (2) shall:
2471	(i) include the signature of the insured or prospective insured acknowledging the
2472	noncommission compensation;
2473	(ii) clearly specify:
2474	(A) the amount of any known noncommission compensation; and

2476 compensation; and 2477 (iii) be provided to the insured or prospective insured before the performance of the 2478 service. 2479 (b) Noncommission compensation shall be: 2480 (i) limited to actual or reasonable expenses incurred for services; and 2481 (ii) uniformly applied to all insureds or prospective insureds in a class or classes of 2482 business or for a specific service or services. 2483 (c) A copy of the signed disclosure required by this Subsection (2) shall be maintained by any licensee who collects or receives the noncommission compensation or any portion of 2484 2485 the noncommission compensation. 2486 (d) All accounting records relating to noncommission compensation shall be 2487 maintained by the person described in Subsection (2)(c) in a manner that facilitates an audit. (3) (a) A licensee may receive noncommission compensation when acting as a 2488 2489 producer for the insured in connection with the actual sale or placement of insurance if: 2490 (i) the producer and the insured have agreed on the producer's noncommission 2491 compensation; and 2492 (ii) the producer has disclosed to the insured the existence and source of any other 2493 compensation that accrues to the producer as a result of the transaction. 2494 (b) The disclosure required by this Subsection (3) shall: 2495 (i) include the signature of the insured or prospective insured acknowledging the 2496 noncommission compensation; 2497 (ii) clearly specify: 2498 (A) the amount of any known noncommission compensation; 2499 (B) the type and amount, if known, of any potential and contingent noncommission 2500 compensation; and 2501 (C) the existence and source of any other compensation; and 2502 (iii) be provided to the insured or prospective insured before the performance of the 2503 service. 2504 (c) The following additional noncommission compensation is authorized: 2505 (i) compensation received by a producer of a compensated corporate surety who under

(B) the type and amount, if known, of any potential and contingent noncommission

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procedures approved by a rule or order of the commissioner is paid by surety bond principal debtors for extra services;

- (ii) compensation received by an insurance producer who is also licensed as a public adjuster under Section 31A-26-203, for services performed for an insured in connection with a claim adjustment, so long as the producer does not receive or is not promised compensation for aiding in the claim adjustment prior to the occurrence of the claim;
- (iii) compensation received by a consultant as a consulting fee, provided the consultant complies with the requirements of Section 31A-23a-401; or
- (iv) other compensation arrangements approved by the commissioner after a finding that they do not violate Section 31A-23a-401 and are not harmful to the public.
- (d) Subject to Section 31A-23a-402.5, a producer for the insured may receive compensation from an insured through an insurer, for the negotiation and sale of a health benefit plan, if there is a separate written agreement between the insured and the licensee for the compensation. An insurer who passes through the compensation from the insured to the licensee under this Subsection (3)(d) is not providing direct or indirect compensation or commission compensation to the licensee.
 - (4) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (4):
- (i) "Large customer" means an employer who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:
- (A) employed an average of at least 100 eligible employees on each business day during the preceding calendar year; and
 - (B) employs at least two employees on the first day of the plan year.
- (ii) "Producer" includes:
- 2529 (A) a producer;
- 2530 (B) an affiliate of a producer; or
- 2531 (C) a consultant.
 - (b) A producer may not accept or receive any compensation from an insurer or third party administrator for the initial placement of a health benefit plan, other than a hospital confinement indemnity policy, unless prior to a large customer's initial purchase of the health benefit plan the producer discloses in writing to the large customer that the producer will receive compensation from the insurer or third party administrator for the placement of

2537 insurance, including the amount or type of compensation known to the producer at the time of 2538 the disclosure. 2539 (c) A producer shall: 2540 (i) obtain the large customer's signed acknowledgment that the disclosure under 2541 Subsection (4)(b) was made to the large customer; or 2542 (ii) (A) sign a statement that the disclosure required by Subsection (4)(b) was made to the large customer; and 2543 2544 (B) keep the signed statement on file in the producer's office while the health benefit 2545 plan placed with the large customer is in force. 2546 (d) A licensee who collects or receives any part of the compensation from an insurer or 2547 third party administrator in a manner that facilitates an audit shall, while the health benefit plan 2548 placed with the large customer is in force, maintain a copy of: 2549 (i) the signed acknowledgment described in Subsection (4)(c)(i); or 2550 (ii) the signed statement described in Subsection (4)(c)(ii). 2551 (e) Subsection (4)(c) does not apply to: 2552 (i) a person licensed as a producer who acts only as an intermediary between an insurer 2553 and the customer's producer, including a managing general agent; or 2554 (ii) the placement of insurance in a secondary or residual market. 2555 (f) (i) A producer shall provide to a large customer listed in this Subsection (4)(f) an 2556 annual accounting, as defined by rule made by the department in accordance with Title 63G, 2557 Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, of all amounts the producer receives in 2558 commission compensation from an insurer or third party administrator as a result of the sale or 2559 placement of a health benefit plan to a large customer that is: 2560 (A) the state; 2561 (B) a political subdivision or instrumentality of the state or a combination thereof 2562 primarily engaged in educational activities or the administration or servicing of educational 2563 activities, including the State Board of Education and its instrumentalities, an institution of 2564 higher education and its branches, a school district and its instrumentalities, a vocational and 2565 technical school, and an entity arising out of a consolidation agreement between entities 2566 described under this Subsection (4)(f)(i)(B); 2567 (C) a county, city, town, local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local

2568	Government Entities - Local Districts, special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1,
2569	Special Service District Act, an entity created by an interlocal cooperation agreement under
2570	Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, or any other governmental entity designated
2571	in statute as a political subdivision of the state; or
2572	(D) a quasi-public corporation, that has the same meaning as defined in Section
2573	63E-1-102.
2574	(ii) The department shall pattern the annual accounting required by this Subsection
2575	(4)(f) on the insurance related information on Internal Revenue Service Form 5500 and its
2576	relevant attachments.
2577	(g) At the request of the department, a producer shall provide the department a copy of:
2578	(i) a disclosure required by this Subsection (4); or
2579	(ii) an Internal Revenue Service Form 5500 and its relevant attachments.
2580	(5) This section does not alter the right of any licensee to recover from an insured the
2581	amount of any premium due for insurance effected by or through that licensee or to charge a
2582	reasonable rate of interest upon past-due accounts.
2583	(6) This section does not apply to bail bond producers or bail enforcement agents as
2584	defined in Section 31A-35-102.
2585	(7) A licensee may not receive noncommission compensation from an <u>insurer</u> , insured,
2586	or enrollee for providing a service or engaging in an act that is required to be provided or
2587	performed in order to receive commission compensation, except for the surplus lines
2588	transactions that do not receive commissions.
2589	Section 39. Section 31A-23b-102 is amended to read:
2590	31A-23b-102. Definitions.
2591	As used in this chapter:
2592	[(1) "Compensation" is as defined in:]
2593	[(a) Subsections 31A-23a-501(1)(a), (b), and (d); and]
2594	[(b) PPACA.]
2595	[(2)] <u>(1)</u> "Enroll" and "enrollment" mean to:
2596	(a) (i) obtain personally identifiable information about an individual; and
2597	(ii) inform an individual about accident and health insurance plans or public programs
2598	offered on an exchange;

2599	(b) solicit insurance; or
2600	(c) submit to the exchange:
2601	(i) personally identifiable information about an individual; and
2602	(ii) an individual's selection of a particular accident and health insurance plan or public
2603	program offered on the exchange.
2604	[(3)] (2) (a) "Exchange" means an online marketplace that is certified by the United
2605	States Department of Health and Human Services as either a state-based small employer
2606	exchange or a federally facilitated individual exchange under PPACA.
2607	(b) "Exchange" does not include an online marketplace for the purchase of health
2608	insurance if the online marketplace is not a certified exchange in accordance with Subsection
2609	[(3)] <u>(2)</u> (a).
2610	[(4)] <u>(3)</u> "Navigator":
2611	(a) means a person who facilitates enrollment in an exchange by offering to assist, or
2612	who advertises any services to assist, with:
2613	(i) the selection of and enrollment in a qualified health plan or a public program
2614	offered on an exchange; or
2615	(ii) applying for premium subsidies through an exchange; and
2616	(b) includes a person who is an in-person assister or a certified application counselor as
2617	described in federal regulations or guidance issued under PPACA.
2618	[(5)] (4) "Personally identifiable information" is as defined in 45 C.F.R. Sec. 155.260.
2619	[(6)] (5) "Public programs" means the state Medicaid program in Title 26, Chapter 18,
2620	Medical Assistance Act, and Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health Insurance Act.
2621	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> "Resident" is as defined by rule made by the commissioner in accordance with
2622	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2623	[8] (7) "Solicit" is as defined in Section 31A-23a-102.
2624	Section 40. Section 31A-23b-202.5 is amended to read:
2625	31A-23b-202.5. License types.
2626	(1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued under the license types described
2627	in Subsection (2).
2628	(2) A license type under this chapter shall be a navigator line of authority or a certified
2629	application counselor line of authority. A license type is intended to describe the matters to be

2630	considered under any education, examination, and training required of an applicant under this
2631	chapter.
2632	(3) (a) A navigator line of authority includes the enrollment process as described in
2633	Subsection 31A-23b-102[(4)](3)(a).
2634	(b) (i) A certified application counselor line of authority is limited to providing
2635	information and assistance to individuals and employees about public programs and premium
2636	subsidies available through the exchange.
2637	(ii) A certified application counselor line of authority does not allow the certified
2638	application counselor to assist a person with the selection of or enrollment in a qualified health
2639	plan offered on an exchange.
2640	Section 41. Section 31A-23b-209 is amended to read:
2641	31A-23b-209. Agency designations.
2642	(1) An organization shall be licensed as a navigator agency if the organization acts as a
2643	navigator.
2644	(2) A navigator agency that does business in the state shall designate an individual who
2645	is licensed under this chapter to act on the agency's behalf.
2646	(3) A navigator agency shall report to the commissioner, at intervals and in the form
2647	the commissioner establishes by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2648	Administrative Rulemaking Act:
2649	(a) a new designation under Subsection (2); and
2650	(b) a terminated designation under Subsection (2).
2651	(4) A navigator agency shall notify an individual designee that the individual's
2652	designation is terminated by the agency and of the reason for termination at an interval and in
2653	the form the commissioner establishes by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2654	<u>Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.</u>
2655	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(5)}\right]$ (a) A navigator agency licensed under this chapter shall report to the
2656	commissioner the cause of termination of a designation if:
2657	(i) the reason for termination is a reason described in Subsection 31A-23b-401(4)(b);
2658	or
2659	(ii) the navigator agency has knowledge that the individual licensee engaged in an
2660	activity described in Subsection 31A-23b-401(4)(b) by:

2691

2661	(A) a court;
2662	(B) a government body; or
2663	(C) a self-regulatory organization, which the commissioner may define by rule made in
2664	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2665	(b) The information provided to the commissioner under Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(a) is a
2666	private record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
2667	(c) A navigator agency is immune from civil action, civil penalty, or damages if the
2668	agency complies in good faith with this Subsection [(4)] (5) by reporting to the commissioner
2669	the cause of termination of a designation.
2670	(d) A navigator agency is not immune from an action or resulting penalty imposed on
2671	the reporting agency as a result of proceedings brought by or on behalf of the department if the
2672	action is based on evidence other than the report submitted in compliance with this Subsection
2673	[(4)] <u>(5)</u> .
2674	[(5)] (6) A navigator agency licensed under this chapter may act in a capacity for which
2675	it is licensed only through an individual who is licensed under this chapter to act in the same
2676	capacity.
2677	[(6)] (7) A navigator agency licensed under this chapter shall designate and report to
2678	the commissioner, in accordance with any rule made by the commissioner <u>pursuant to Title</u>
2679	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the name of the designated responsible
2680	licensed individual who has authority to act on behalf of the navigator agency in the matters
2681	pertaining to compliance with this title and orders of the commissioner.
2682	$[(7)]$ (8) If a navigator agency $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underbrace{contracts}]$ has a contract $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ with or designates a
2682a	licensee in reports
2683	submitted under Subsection (3) or $[(6)]$ (7) , there is a rebuttable presumption that the
2684	contracted or designated licensee acts on behalf of the navigator agency.
2685	[(8)] (9) (a) When a license is held by a navigator agency, both the navigator agency
2686	itself and any individual contracted or designated under the navigator agency license are
2687	considered the holders of the navigator agency license for purposes of this section.
2688	(b) If an individual contracted or designated under the navigator agency license
2689	commits an act or fails to perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting

the navigator agency license, or assessing a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or

(1)(c)(i), the commissioner may assess a forfeiture, suspend, revoke, or limit the license of, or

2692	take a combination of these actions against:
2693	(i) the individual;
2694	(ii) the navigator agency, if the navigator agency:
2695	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
2696	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
2697	revoking, or limiting the license, or assessing a forfeiture; or
2698	(iii) (A) the individual; and
2699	(B) the navigator agency, if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection [(8)]
2700	<u>(9)</u> (b)(ii).
2701	Section 42. Section 31A-23b-210 is amended to read:
2702	31A-23b-210. Place of business and residence address Records.
2703	(1) (a) A licensee under this chapter shall register and maintain with the commissioner:
2704	(i) the address and the one or more telephone numbers of the licensee's principal place
2705	of business; and
2706	(ii) a valid business email address at which the commissioner may contact the licensee.
2707	(b) If a licensee is an individual, in addition to complying with Subsection (1)(a), the
2708	individual shall register and maintain with the commissioner the individual's residence address
2709	and telephone number.
2710	(c) A licensee shall notify the commissioner within 30 days of a change of any of the
2711	following required to be registered with the commissioner under this section:
2712	(i) an address;
2713	(ii) a telephone number; or
2714	(iii) a business email address.
2715	(2) Except as provided under Subsection (3), a licensee under this chapter shall keep at
2716	the principal place of business address registered under Subsection (1), separate and distinct
2717	books and records of the transactions consummated under the Utah license.
2718	(3) Subsection (2) is satisfied if the books and records specified in Subsection (2) can
2719	be obtained immediately from a central storage place or elsewhere by online computer
2720	terminals located at the registered address.
2721	(4) (a) The books and records maintained under Subsection (2) shall be available for
2722	the inspection by the commissioner during the business hours for a period of time after the date

2723	of the transaction as specified by the commissioner by rule, but in no case for less than the
2724	current calendar year plus three years.
2725	(b) Discarding books and records after the applicable record retention period has
2726	expired does not place the licensee in violation of a later-adopted longer record retention
2727	period.
2728	Section 43. Section 31A-23b-401 is amended to read:
2729	31A-23b-401. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
2730	terminating a license Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
2731	(1) A license as a navigator under this chapter remains in force until:
2732	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (4);
2733	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2734	administrative action;
2735	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
2736	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
2737	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
2738	Minors;
2739	(d) lapsed under this section; or
2740	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
2741	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
2742	is no longer in force:
2743	(a) a lapsed license; or
2744	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
2745	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
2746	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
2747	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
2748	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
2749	(a) this title; or
2750	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2751	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2752	(4) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (4)(b), as part of an

adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the

2754	commissioner may:
2755	(i) revoke a license;
2756	(ii) suspend a license for a specified period of 12 months or less;
2757	(iii) limit a license in whole or in part; [or]
2758	(iv) deny a license application[-];
2759	(v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or
2760	(vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iv) and
2761	Subsection $(4)(a)(v)$.
2762	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (4)(a) if the
2763	commissioner finds that the licensee:
2764	(i) is unqualified for a license under Section 31A-23b-204, 31A-23b-205, or
2765	31A-23b-206;
2766	(ii) violated:
2767	(A) an insurance statute;
2768	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
2769	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
2770	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
2771	delinquency proceedings in any state;
2772	(iv) failed to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
2773	days after the day on which the judgment became final;
2774	(v) refused:
2775	(A) to be examined; or
2776	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
2777	(vi) had an officer who refused to:
2778	(A) give information with respect to the navigator's affairs; or
2779	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
2780	(vii) provided information in the license application that is:
2781	(A) incorrect;
2782	(B) misleading;
2783	(C) incomplete; or
2784	(D) materially untrue;

2785	(viii) violated an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory agency
2786	in any jurisdiction;
2787	(ix) obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
2788	(x) improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted money or properties received
2789	in the course of doing insurance business;
2790	(xi) intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:
2791	(A) insurance contract;
2792	(B) application for insurance; or
2793	(C) application for public program;
2794	(xii) is convicted of a felony;
2795	(xiii) admitted or is found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice or
2796	fraud;
2797	(xiv) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
2798	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
2799	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
2800	(xv) had an insurance license, navigator license, or its equivalent, denied, suspended,
2801	or revoked in another state, province, district, or territory;
2802	(xvi) forged another's name to:
2803	(A) an application for insurance;
2804	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
2805	(C) a document related to an application for a public program; or
2806	(D) a document related to an application for premium subsidies;
2807	(xvii) improperly used notes or another reference material to complete an examination
2808	for a license;
2809	(xviii) knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;
2810	(xix) failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
2811	obligation;
2812	(xx) failed to:
2813	(A) pay state income tax; or
2814	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
2815	tax;

2816	(xxi) violated or permitted others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
2817	Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is
2818	prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance; or
2819	(xxii) engaged in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangered the
2820	legitimate interests of customers and the public.
2821	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
2822	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
2823	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
2824	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
2825	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
2826	(i) the individual;
2827	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
2828	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
2829	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
2830	revoking, or limiting the license; or
2831	(iii) (A) the individual; and
2832	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(d)(ii).
2833	(5) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
2834	without a license if:
2835	(a) the licensee's license is:
2836	(i) revoked;
2837	(ii) suspended;
2838	(iii) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
2839	(iv) lapsed; or
2840	(v) voluntarily surrendered; and
2841	(b) the licensee:
2842	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
2843	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
2844	(6) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
2845	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the
2846	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;

2847	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state,
2848	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
2849	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
2850	involving:
2851	(i) fraud;
2852	(ii) deceit;
2853	(iii) misrepresentation; or
2854	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
2855	(7) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (4) or an agreement to surrender a
2856	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
2857	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
2858	(b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (7)(a), the
2859	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
2860	or agreement is made without the express approval of the commissioner.
2861	(8) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
2862	a license issued under this chapter if so ordered by a court.
2863	(9) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
2864	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2865	Section 44. Section 31A-26-209 is amended to read:
2866	31A-26-209. Form and contents of license.
2867	(1) Licenses issued under this chapter shall be in the form the commissioner prescribes
2868	and shall set forth:
2869	(a) the name, address, and the one or more telephone [number] numbers of the
2870	licensee;
2871	(b) the license classifications under Section 31A-26-204;
2872	(c) the date of license issuance; and
2873	(d) any other information the commissioner considers advisable.
2874	(2) An adjuster doing business under any other name than the adjuster's legal name
2875	shall notify the commissioner prior to using the assumed name in this state.
2876	(3) (a) An organization shall be licensed as an agency if the organization acts as:
2877	(i) an independent adjuster; or

20/0	(ii) a public adjuster.
2879	(b) The agency license issued under Subsection (3)(a) shall set forth the names of all
2880	natural persons licensed under this chapter who are authorized to act in those capacities for the
2881	organization in this state.
2882	Section 45. Section 31A-26-210 is amended to read:
2883	31A-26-210. Reports from organizations licensed as adjusters.
2884	(1) An organization licensed as an adjuster under Section 31A-26-203 shall designate
2885	an individual who has an individual adjuster license to act on the organization's behalf in order
2886	for the licensee to do business for the organization in this state.
2887	(2) An organization licensed under this chapter shall report to the commissioner, at
2888	intervals and in the form the commissioner establishes by rule, made in accordance with Title
2889	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
2890	(a) a new designation; and
2891	(b) a terminated designation.
2892	(3) An organization licensed under this chapter shall notify an individual licensee that
2893	the individual's designation has been terminated by the organization and of the reason for the
2894	termination at an interval and in the form the commissioner establishes by rule made in
2895	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2896	[(3)] (4) (a) An organization licensed under this chapter shall report to the
2897	commissioner the cause of termination of a designation if:
2898	(i) the reason for termination is a reason described in Subsection 31A-26-213(5)(b); or
2899	(ii) the organization has knowledge that the individual licensee is found to have
2900	engaged in an activity described in Subsection 31A-26-213(5)(b) by:
2901	(A) a court;
2902	(B) a government body; or
2903	(C) a self-regulatory organization, which the commissioner may define by rule made in
2904	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2905	(b) The information provided the commissioner under Subsection [(3)] (4) (a) is a
2906	private record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
2907	(c) An organization is immune from civil action, civil penalty, or damages if the

organization complies in good faith with this Subsection [(3)] (4) in reporting to the

2939

<u>(8)</u>(b)(ii).

2909	commissioner the cause of termination of a designation.
2910	(d) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an organization is not immune
2911	from an action or resulting penalty imposed on the reporting organization as a result of a
2912	proceeding brought by or on behalf of the department if the action is based on evidence other
2913	than the report submitted in compliance with this Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) .
2914	[(4)] (5) An organization licensed under this chapter may act in a capacity for which it
2915	is licensed only through an individual who is licensed under this chapter to act in the same
2916	capacity.
2917	[(5)] (6) An organization licensed under this chapter shall designate and report
2918	promptly to the commissioner the name of the designated responsible licensed individual who
2919	has authority to act on behalf of the organization in all matters pertaining to compliance with
2920	this title and orders of the commissioner.
2921	$[(6)]$ (7) If an agency $\hat{S} \rightarrow [eontracts]$ has a contract $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ with or designates a licensee in a
2921a	report submitted under
2922	Subsection (2) or [(5)] (6), there is a rebuttable presumption that the contracted or designated
2923	licensee acts on behalf of the agency.
2924	[(7)] (8) (a) When a license is held by an organization, both the organization itself and
2925	an individual contracted or designated under the license shall, for purposes of this section, be
2926	considered to be the holders of the organization license.
2927	(b) If an individual designated under the organization license commits an act or fails to
2928	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the organization license,
2929	the commissioner may assess a forfeiture against, suspend, revoke, or limit the license of, or
2930	take a combination of these actions against:
2931	(i) that individual;
2932	(ii) the organization, if the organization:
2933	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
2934	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for assessing a
2935	forfeiture or suspending, revoking, or limiting the license; or
2936	(iii) (A) the individual; and
2937	(B) the organization, if the organization meets the requirements of Subsection [(7)]

Section 46. Section **31A-26-213** is amended to read:

2940	31A-26-213. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
2941	terminating a license Forfeiture Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
2942	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
2943	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
2944	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2945	administrative action;
2946	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
2947	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
2948	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
2949	Minors;
2950	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-26-214.5; or
2951	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
2952	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
2953	is no longer in force:
2954	(a) a lapsed license; or
2955	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
2956	not be reinstated after the license period in which it is voluntarily surrendered.
2957	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
2958	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
2959	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
2960	(a) this title; or
2961	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2962	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2963	(4) A license classification issued under this chapter remains in force until:
2964	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a license classification are no longer met by the
2965	licensee; or
2966	(b) the supporting license type:
2967	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5); or
2968	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2969	administrative action.
2970	(5) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b) as part of an

2971 adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the 2972 commissioner may: 2973 (i) revoke: 2974 (A) a license; or 2975 (B) a license classification; 2976 (ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less: (A) a license; or 2977 2978 (B) a license classification: 2979 (iii) limit in whole or in part: 2980 (A) a license; or 2981 (B) a license classification; [or] 2982 (iv) deny a license application[-]; 2983 (v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or 2984 (vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and Subsection (5)(a)(v). 2985 2986 (b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the 2987 commissioner finds that the licensee: 2988 (i) is unqualified for a license or license classification under Section 31A-26-202. 2989 31A-26-203, 31A-26-204, or 31A-26-205; 2990 (ii) has violated: 2991 (A) an insurance statute; 2992 (B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or 2993 (C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4); 2994 (iii) is insolvent, or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other 2995 delinquency proceedings in any state; 2996 (iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60 2997 days after the judgment became final; 2998 (v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of 2999 admitted insurers; 3000 (vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking 3001 directorate or ownership as another insurance adjuster that transacts business in this state

3002	without a license;
3003	(vii) refuses:
3004	(A) to be examined; or
3005	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
3006	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
3007	(A) give information with respect to the insurance adjuster's affairs; or
3008	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
3009	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
3010	(A) incorrect;
3011	(B) misleading;
3012	(C) incomplete; or
3013	(D) materially untrue;
3014	(x) has violated an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory
3015	agency in any jurisdiction;
3016	(xi) has obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
3017	(xii) has improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted money or properties
3018	received in the course of doing insurance business;
3019	(xiii) has intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:
3020	(A) insurance contract; or
3021	(B) application for insurance;
3022	(xiv) has been convicted of a felony;
3023	(xv) has admitted or been found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice
3024	or fraud;
3025	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere has:
3026	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
3027	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
3028	(xvii) has had an insurance license, or its equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in
3029	any other state, province, district, or territory;
3030	(xviii) has forged another's name to:
3031	(A) an application for insurance; or
3032	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;

3033	(xix) has improperly used notes or any other reference material to complete an
3034	examination for an insurance license;
3035	(xx) has knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not
3036	licensed;
3037	(xxi) has failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child
3038	support obligation;
3039	(xxii) has failed to:
3040	(A) pay state income tax; or
3041	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
3042	tax;
3043	(xxiii) has violated or permitted others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and
3044	Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is
3045	prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance; or
3046	(xxiv) has engaged in methods and practices in the conduct of business that endanger
3047	the legitimate interests of customers and the public.
3048	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
3049	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
3050	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
3051	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
3052	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
3053	(i) the individual;
3054	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
3055	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
3056	(B) knowingly participated in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
3057	revoking, or limiting the license; or
3058	(iii) (A) the individual; and
3059	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).
3060	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for conducting an insurance
3061	business without a license if:
3062	(a) the licensee's license is:
3063	(i) revoked;

3064	(ii) suspended;
3065	(iii) limited;
3066	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
3067	(v) lapsed; or
3068	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
3069	(b) the licensee:
3070	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
3071	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
3072	(7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
3073	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in any other state, the
3074	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
3075	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by any other state,
3076	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
3077	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
3078	involving:
3079	(i) fraud;
3080	(ii) deceit;
3081	(iii) misrepresentation; or
3082	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
3083	(8) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
3084	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time not to exceed five years within
3085	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
3086	(b) If no time is specified in the order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
3087	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years without the express approval of
3088	the commissioner.
3089	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
3090	a license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.
3091	(10) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
3092	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3093	Section 47. Section 31A-26-312 is enacted to read:
3094	31A-26-312. Prohibited conduct.

3095	(1) An independent adjuster or public adjuster may not:
3096	(a) participate directly or indirectly in the reconstruction, repair, or restoration of
3097	damaged property that is the subject of a claim adjusted by the independent adjuster or public
3098	adjuster;
3099	(b) engage in any other activities that may reasonably be construed as presenting a
3100	conflict of interest, including soliciting or accepting remuneration from, or having a financial
3101	interest in, or deriving any direct or indirect financial benefit from, a salvage firm, repair firm,
3102	construction firm, or other firm that obtains business in connection with a claim that the
3103	independent adjuster or public adjuster has a contract or agreement to adjust;
3104	(c) subject to Subsection (2), directly or indirectly solicit employment for an attorney
3105	or enter into a contract with an insured for the primary purpose of referring an insured to an
3106	attorney and without actually performing the services customarily provided by an independent
3107	adjuster or public adjuster;
3108	(d) act on behalf of an attorney in having an insured sign an attorney representation
3109	agreement; or
3110	(e) accept a fee, commission, or other valuable consideration of any nature, regardless
3111	of form or amount, in exchange for the referral by an independent adjuster or public adjuster or
3112	an insured to a third-party person, including an attorney, appraiser, umpire, construction
3113	company, contractor, repair firm, or salvage company.
3114	(2) Subsection (1)(c) may not be construed to prohibit an independent adjuster or
3115	public adjuster from recommending a specific attorney to an insured.
3116	(3) An independent adjuster or public adjuster who violates this section is subject to
3117	Section 31A-2-308.
3118	Section 48. Section 31A-26-401 is enacted to read:
3119	Part 4. Public Adjusters
3120	31A-26-401. Required contracts.
3121	(1) A public adjuster may not, directly or indirectly, act within this state as a public
3122	adjuster without having first entered into a contract, in writing, on a form filed with the
3123	department in accordance with Section 31A-21-201, executed in duplicate by the public
3124	adjuster and the insured or the insured's duly authorized representative. A public adjuster may
3125	not use a form of contract that is not filed with the department

3126	(2) A contract described in Subsection (1) is subject to recision in accordance with
3127	Section 31A-26-311.
3128	(3) (a) A contract described in Subsection (1) shall include a prominently displayed
3129	notice in 12-point boldface type that states "WE REPRESENT THE INSURED ONLY."
3130	(b) The commissioner by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3131	Administrative Rulemaking Act, may require additional prominently displayed notice
3132	requirements in the contract as the commissioner considers necessary.
3133	(4) A public adjuster shall keep at the public adjuster's principal place of business $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{in}]$
3134	<u>this state</u>] ← \hat{S} a copy of each contract entered into in this state for $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{this}]$ <u>the</u> ← \hat{S} <u>current year</u>
3134a	plus three years,
3135	and each contract shall be available at all times for inspection, without notice, by the
3136	commissioner or the commissioner's authorized representative.
3137	(5) A public adjuster may not enter into a contract with an insured and collect
3138	compensation as provided in the contract without actually performing the services customarily
3139	provided by a licensed public adjuster for the insured.
3140	Section 49. Section 31A-26-402 is enacted to read:
3141	31A-26-402. Compensation.
3142	(1) Except as provided by Subsection (2), a public adjuster may receive compensation
3143	for service provided under this chapter consisting of an hourly fee, a flat rate, a percentage of
3144	the total amount paid by an insurer to resolve a claim, or another method of compensation. $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{The}]$
3145	total compensation received may not exceed 10% of the amount of the insurance settlement on
3146	the claim.] ←Ŝ
3147	(2) (a) A public adjuster may not receive a compensation consisting of a percentage of
3148	the total amount paid by an insurer to resolve a claim on a claim on which the insurer, not later
3149	than 72 hours after the date on which the loss is reported to the insurer, either pays or commits
3150	in writing to pay to the insured the policy limit of the insurance policy.
3151	(b) A public adjuster is entitled to reasonable compensation from the insured for
3152	services provided by the public adjuster on behalf of the insured, based on the time spent on a
3153	claim that is subject to this Subsection (2) and expenses incurred by the public adjuster, until
3154	the claim is paid or the insured receives a written commitment to pay from the insurer.
3155	(3) Except for the payment of compensation by the insured, a person paying proceeds
3156	of a policy of insurance or making a payment affecting an insured's rights under a policy of

3157	insurance shall:
3158	(a) include the insured as a payee on the payment draft or check; and
3159	(b) require the written signature and endorsement of the insured on the payment draft
3160	or check.
3161	(4) A public adjuster may not accept any payment that violates this section
3162	notwithstanding whether the insured gives authorization to the public adjuster. A public
3163	adjuster may not sign and endorse any payment draft or check on behalf of an insured.
3164	Section 50. Section 31A-26-403 is enacted to read:
3165	31A-26-403. Rulemaking.
3166	The commissioner may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3167	Administrative Rulemaking Act:
3168	(1) addressing the forms required by this part;
3169	(2) providing for notice requirements in contracts; and
3170	(3) establishing the scope of a contract a public adjuster enters into with an insured that
3171	the public adjuster represents.
3172	Section 51. Section 31A-30-106 is amended to read:
3173	31A-30-106. Individual premiums Rating restrictions Disclosure.
3174	(1) Premium rates for health benefit plans for individuals under this chapter are subject
3175	to this section.
3176	(a) The index rate for a rating period for any class of business may not exceed the
3177	index rate for any other class of business by more than 20%.
3178	(b) (i) For a class of business, the premium rates charged during a rating period to
3179	covered insureds with similar case characteristics for the same or similar coverage, or the rates
3180	that could be charged to the individual under the rating system for that class of business, may
3181	not vary from the index rate by more than 30% of the index rate except as provided under
3182	Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
3183	(ii) A carrier that offers individual and small employer health benefit plans may use the
3184	small employer index rates to establish the rate limitations for individual policies, even if some
3185	individual policies are rated below the small employer base rate.
3186	(c) The percentage increase in the premium rate charged to a covered insured for a new
3187	rating period, adjusted pro rata for rating periods less than a year, may not exceed the sum of

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- (i) the percentage change in the new business premium rate measured from the first day of the prior rating period to the first day of the new rating period;
- (ii) any adjustment, not to exceed 15% annually and adjusted pro rata for rating periods of less than one year, due to the claim experience, health status, or duration of coverage of the covered individuals as determined from the rate manual for the class of business of the carrier offering an individual health benefit plan; and
- (iii) any adjustment due to change in coverage or change in the case characteristics of the covered insured as determined from the rate manual for the class of business of the carrier offering an individual health benefit plan.
- (d) (i) A carrier offering an individual health benefit plan shall apply rating factors, including case characteristics, consistently with respect to all covered insureds in a class of business.
 - (ii) Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical individuals that:
 - (A) differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design; and
- (B) do not reflect differences due to the nature of the individuals assumed to select particular health benefit [products] plans.
- (iii) A carrier offering an individual health benefit plan shall treat all health benefit plans issued or renewed in the same calendar month as having the same rating period.
- (e) For the purposes of this Subsection (1), a health benefit plan that uses a restricted network provision may not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not use a restricted network provision, provided that use of the restricted network provision results in substantial difference in claims costs.
- (f) A carrier offering a health benefit plan to an individual may not, without prior approval of the commissioner, use case characteristics other than:
- (i) age;
- 3214 (ii) gender;
- 3215 (iii) geographic area; and
- 3216 (iv) family composition.
- 3217 (g) (i) The commissioner shall establish rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, 3218 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:

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3219	(A) implement this chapter;
3220	(B) assure that rating practices used by carriers who offer health benefit plans to
3221	individuals are consistent with the purposes of this chapter; and
3222	(C) promote transparency of rating practices of health benefit plans, except that a
3223	carrier may not be required to disclose proprietary information.
3224	(ii) The rules described in Subsection (1)(g)(i) may include rules that:
3225	(A) assure that differences in rates charged for health benefit [products] plans by
3226	carriers who offer health benefit plans to individuals are reasonable and reflect objective
3227	differences in plan design, not including differences due to the nature of the individuals
3228	assumed to select particular health benefit [products] plans; and
3229	(B) prescribe the manner in which case characteristics may be used by carriers who
3230	offer health benefit plans to individuals.
3231	(h) The commissioner shall revise rules issued for Sections 31A-22-602 and
3232	31A-22-605 regarding individual accident and health policy rates to allow rating in accordance
3233	with this section.
3234	(2) For purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(i), if a health benefit [product] plan is a health
3235	benefit [product] plan into which the covered carrier is no longer enrolling new covered
3236	insureds, the covered carrier shall use the percentage change in the base premium rate,
3237	provided that the change does not exceed, on a percentage basis, the change in the new
3238	business premium rate for the most similar health benefit product into which the covered
3239	carrier is actively enrolling new covered insureds.
3240	(3) (a) A covered carrier may not transfer a covered insured involuntarily into or out of
3241	a class of business.
3242	(b) A covered carrier may not offer to transfer a covered insured into or out of a class
3243	of business unless the offer is made to transfer all covered insureds in the class of business
3244	without regard to:
3245	(i) case characteristics;
3246	(ii) claim experience;
3247	(iii) health status; or

(4) (a) A carrier who offers a health benefit plan to an individual shall maintain at the

(iv) duration of coverage since issue.

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- carrier's principal place of business a complete and detailed description of its rating practices and renewal underwriting practices, including information and documentation that demonstrate that the carrier's rating methods and practices are:
 - (i) based upon commonly accepted actuarial assumptions; and
 - (ii) in accordance with sound actuarial principles.
 - (b) (i) A carrier subject to this section shall file with the commissioner, on or before April 1 of each year, in a form, manner, and containing such information as prescribed by the commissioner, an actuarial certification certifying that:
 - (A) the carrier is in compliance with this chapter; and
 - (B) the rating methods of the carrier are actuarially sound.
 - (ii) A copy of the certification required by Subsection (4)(b)(i) shall be retained by the carrier at the carrier's principal place of business.
 - (c) A carrier shall make the information and documentation described in this Subsection (4) available to the commissioner upon request.
 - (d) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(g) or required by PPACA, a record submitted to the commissioner under this section shall be maintained by the commissioner as a protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
 - Section 52. Section **31A-30-106.1** is amended to read:
 - 31A-30-106.1. Small employer premiums -- Rating restrictions -- Disclosure.
 - (1) Premium rates for small employer health benefit plans under this chapter are subject to this section.
 - (2) (a) The index rate for a rating period for any class of business may not exceed the index rate for any other class of business by more than 20%.
 - (b) For a class of business, the premium rates charged during a rating period to covered insureds with similar case characteristics for the same or similar coverage, or the rates that could be charged to an employer group under the rating system for that class of business, may not vary from the index rate by more than 30% of the index rate, except when catastrophic mental health coverage is selected as provided in Subsection 31A-22-625(2)(d).
- 3278 (3) The percentage increase in the premium rate charged to a covered insured for a new rating period, adjusted pro rata for rating periods less than a year, may not exceed the sum of the following:

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- (a) the percentage change in the new business premium rate measured from the first day of the prior rating period to the first day of the new rating period;
- (b) any adjustment, not to exceed 15% annually and adjusted pro rata for rating periods of less than one year, due to the claim experience, health status, or duration of coverage of the covered individuals as determined from the small employer carrier's rate manual for the class of business, except when catastrophic mental health coverage is selected as provided in Subsection 31A-22-625(2)(d); and
- (c) any adjustment due to change in coverage or change in the case characteristics of the covered insured as determined for the class of business from the small employer carrier's rate manual.
- (4) (a) Adjustments in rates for claims experience, health status, and duration from issue may not be charged to individual employees or dependents.
- (b) Rating adjustments and factors, including case characteristics, shall be applied uniformly and consistently to the rates charged for all employees and dependents of the small employer.
 - (c) Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical groups that:
 - (i) differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design; and
- (ii) do not reflect differences due to the nature of the groups assumed to select particular health benefit [products] plans.
- (d) A small employer carrier shall treat all health benefit plans issued or renewed in the same calendar month as having the same rating period.
- (5) A health benefit plan that uses a restricted network provision may not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not use a restricted network provision, provided that use of the restricted network provision results in substantial difference in claims costs.
- (6) The small employer carrier may not use case characteristics other than the following:
 - (a) age of the employee, in accordance with Subsection (7);
- 3309 (b) geographic area;
- 3310 (c) family composition in accordance with Subsection (9);
- 3311 (d) for plans renewed or effective on or after July 1, 2011, gender of the employee and

3312	spouse;
3313	(e) for an individual age 65 and older, whether the employer policy is primary or
3314	secondary to Medicare; and
3315	(f) a wellness program, in accordance with Subsection (12).
3316	(7) Age limited to:
3317	(a) the following age bands:
3318	(i) less than 20;
3319	(ii) 20-24;
3320	(iii) 25-29;
3321	(iv) 30-34;
3322	(v) 35-39;
3323	(vi) 40-44;
3324	(vii) 45-49;
3325	(viii) 50-54;
3326	(ix) 55-59;
3327	(x) 60-64; and
3328	(xi) 65 and above; and
3329	(b) a standard slope ratio range for each age band, applied to each family composition
3330	tier rating structure under Subsection (9)(b):
3331	(i) as developed by the commissioner by administrative rule; and
3332	(ii) not to exceed an overall ratio as provided in Subsection (8).
3333	(8) (a) The overall ratio permitted in Subsection (7)(b)(ii) may not exceed:
3334	(i) 5:1 for plans renewed or effective before January 1, 2012; and
3335	(ii) 6:1 for plans renewed or effective on or after January 1, 2012; and
3336	(b) the age slope ratios for each age band may not overlap.
3337	(9) Except as provided in Subsection 31A-30-207(2), family composition is limited to:
3338	(a) an overall ratio of:
3339	(i) 5:1 or less for plans renewed or effective before January 1, 2012; and
3340	(ii) 6:1 or less for plans renewed or effective on or after January 1, 2012; and
3341	(b) a tier rating structure that includes:
3342	(i) four tiers that include:

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3343	(A) employee omy;
3344	(B) employee plus spouse;
3345	(C) employee plus a child or children; and
3346	(D) a family, consisting of an employee plus spouse, and a child or children;
3347	(ii) for plans renewed or effective on or after January 1, 2012, five tiers that include:
3348	(A) employee only;
3349	(B) employee plus spouse;
3350	(C) employee plus one child;
3351	(D) employee plus two or more children; and
3352	(E) employee plus spouse plus one or more children; or
3353	(iii) for plans renewed or effective on or after January 1, 2012, six tiers that include:
3354	(A) employee only;
3355	(B) employee plus spouse;
3356	(C) employee plus one child;
3357	(D) employee plus two or more children;
3358	(E) employee plus spouse plus one child; and
3359	(F) employee plus spouse plus two or more children.
3360	(10) If a health benefit plan is a health benefit plan into which the small employer
3361	carrier is no longer enrolling new covered insureds, the small employer carrier shall use the
3362	percentage change in the base premium rate, provided that the change does not exceed, on a
3363	percentage basis, the change in the new business premium rate for the most similar health
3364	benefit [product] plan into which the small employer carrier is actively enrolling new covered
3365	insureds.
3366	(11) (a) A covered carrier may not transfer a covered insured involuntarily into or out
3367	of a class of business.
3368	(b) A covered carrier may not offer to transfer a covered insured into or out of a class
3369	of business unless the offer is made to transfer all covered insureds in the class of business
3370	without regard to:
3371	(i) case characteristics;
3372	(ii) claim experience;
3373	(iii) health status; or

3374	(iv) duration of coverage since issue.
3375	(12) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), a small employer carrier may:
3376	(a) offer a wellness program to a small employer group if:
3377	(i) the premium discount to the employer for the wellness program does not exceed
3378	20% of the premium for the small employer group; and
3379	(ii) the carrier offers the wellness program discount uniformly across all small
3380	employer groups;
3381	(b) offer a premium discount as part of a wellness program to individual employees in
3382	a small employer group:
3383	(i) to the extent allowed by federal law; and
3384	(ii) if the employee discount based on the wellness program is offered uniformly across
3385	all small employer groups; and
3386	(c) offer a combination of premium discounts for the employer and the employee,
3387	based on a wellness program, if:
3388	(i) the employer discount complies with Subsection (12)(a); and
3389	(ii) the employee discount complies with Subsection (12)(b).
3390	(13) (a) $[Each]$ \underline{A} small employer carrier shall maintain at the small employer carrier's
3391	principal place of business a complete and detailed description of its rating practices and
3392	renewal underwriting practices, including information and documentation that demonstrate that
3393	the small employer carrier's rating methods and practices are:
3394	(i) based upon commonly accepted actuarial assumptions; and
3395	(ii) in accordance with sound actuarial principles.
3396	(b) (i) $[Each] \underline{A}$ small employer carrier shall file with the commissioner on or before
3397	April 1 of each year, in a form and manner and containing information as prescribed by the
3398	commissioner, an actuarial certification certifying that:
3399	(A) the small employer carrier is in compliance with this chapter; and
3400	(B) the rating methods of the small employer carrier are actuarially sound.
3401	(ii) A copy of the certification required by Subsection (13)(b)(i) shall be retained by the
3402	small employer carrier at the small employer carrier's principal place of business.
3403	(c) A small employer carrier shall make the information and documentation described
3404	in this Subsection (13) available to the commissioner upon request.

3405	(14) (a) The commissioner shall establish rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
3406	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
3407	(i) implement this chapter; and
3408	(ii) assure that rating practices used by small employer carriers under this section and
3409	carriers for individual plans under Section 31A-30-106 are consistent with the purposes of this
3410	chapter.
3411	(b) The rules may:
3412	(i) assure that differences in rates charged for health benefit plans by carriers are
3413	reasonable and reflect objective differences in plan design, not including differences due to the
3414	nature of the groups or individuals assumed to select particular health benefit plans; and
3415	(ii) prescribe the manner in which case characteristics may be used by small employer
3416	and individual carriers.
3417	(15) Records submitted to the commissioner under this section shall be maintained by
3418	the commissioner as protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
3419	Access and Management Act.
3420	Section 53. Section 31A-30-107 is amended to read:
3421	31A-30-107. Renewal Limitations Exclusions Discontinuance and
3422	nonrenewal.
3423	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a small employer health benefit plan is
3424	renewable and continues in force:
3425	(a) with respect to all eligible employees and dependents; and
3426	(b) at the option of the plan sponsor.
3427	(2) A small employer health benefit plan may be discontinued or nonrenewed:
3428	(a) for a network plan, if there is no longer any enrollee under the group health plan
3429	who lives, resides, or works in:
3430	(i) the service area of the covered carrier; or
3431	(ii) the area for which the covered carrier is authorized to do business; or
3432	(b) for coverage made available in the small or large employer market only through an
3433	association, if:
3434	(i) the employer's membership in the association ceases; and
3435	(ii) the coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related

3430	factor relating to any covered individual.
3437	(3) A small employer health benefit plan may be discontinued if:
3438	(a) a condition described in Subsection (2) exists;
3439	(b) except as prohibited by Section 31A-30-206, the plan sponsor fails to pay
3440	premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the contract;
3441	(c) the plan sponsor:
3442	(i) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud; or
3443	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
3444	coverage;
3445	(d) the covered carrier:
3446	(i) elects to discontinue offering a particular small employer health benefit [product]
3447	plan delivered or issued for delivery in this state; and
3448	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
3449	(I) to each plan sponsor, employee, or dependent of a plan sponsor or an employee; and
3450	(II) at least 90 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
3451	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
3452	(I) to the commissioner; and
3453	(II) at least three working days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected plan
3454	sponsors, employees, and dependents of the plan sponsors or employees;
3455	(C) offers to each plan sponsor, on a guaranteed issue basis, the option to purchase all
3456	other small employer health benefit [products] plans currently being offered by the small
3457	employer carrier in the market; and
3458	(D) in exercising the option to discontinue that [product] health benefit plan and in
3459	offering the option of coverage in this section, acts uniformly without regard to:
3460	(I) the claims experience of a plan sponsor;
3461	(II) any health status-related factor relating to any covered participant or beneficiary; or
3462	(III) any health status-related factor relating to any new participant or beneficiary who
3463	may become eligible for the coverage; or
3464	(e) the covered carrier:
3465	(i) elects to discontinue all of the covered carrier's small employer health benefit plans
3466	in:

3467	(A) the small employer market;
3468	(B) the large employer market; or
3469	(C) both the small employer and large employer markets; and
3470	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
3471	(I) to each plan sponsor, employee, or dependent of a plan sponsor or an employee; and
3472	(II) at least 180 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
3473	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
3474	(I) to the commissioner in each state in which an affected insured individual is known
3475	to reside; and
3476	(II) at least 30 working days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected plan
3477	sponsors, employees, and the dependents of the plan sponsors or employees;
3478	(C) discontinues and nonrenews all plans issued or delivered for issuance in the
3479	market; and
3480	(D) provides a plan of orderly withdrawal as required by Section 31A-4-115.
3481	(4) A small employer health benefit plan may be discontinued or nonrenewed:
3482	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
3483	(b) except as prohibited by Section 31A-30-206, for noncompliance with the insurer's
3484	employer contribution requirements.
3485	(5) A small employer health benefit plan may be nonrenewed:
3486	(a) if a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; or
3487	(b) except as prohibited by Section 31A-30-206, for noncompliance with the insurer's
3488	minimum participation requirements.
3489	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(d), an eligible employee may be
3490	discontinued if after issuance of coverage the eligible employee:
3491	(i) engages in an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
3492	or
3493	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact in connection with the
3494	coverage.
3495	(b) An eligible employee that is discontinued under Subsection (6)(a) may reenroll:
3496	(i) 12 months after the date of discontinuance; and
3497	(ii) if the plan sponsor's coverage is in effect at the time the eligible employee applies

3498	to reenroll.
3499	(c) At the time the eligible employee's coverage is discontinued under Subsection
3500	(6)(a), the covered carrier shall notify the eligible employee of the right to reenroll when
3501	coverage is discontinued.
3502	(d) An eligible employee may not be discontinued under this Subsection (6) because of
3503	a fraud or misrepresentation that relates to health status.
3504	(7) For purposes of this section, a reference to "plan sponsor" includes a reference to
3505	the employer:
3506	(a) with respect to coverage provided to an employer member of the association; and
3507	(b) if the small employer health benefit plan is made available by a covered carrier in
3508	the employer market only through:
3509	(i) an association;
3510	(ii) a trust; or
3511	(iii) a discretionary group.
3512	(8) A covered carrier may modify a small employer health benefit plan only:
3513	(a) at the time of coverage renewal; and
3514	(b) if the modification is effective uniformly among all plans with that product.
3515	Section 54. Section 31A-30-107.1 is amended to read:
3516	31A-30-107.1. Individual discontinuance and nonrenewal.
3517	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a health benefit plan offered on an
3518	individual basis is renewable and continues in force:
3519	(i) with respect to all individuals or dependents; and
3520	(ii) at the option of the individual.
3521	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies regardless of:
3522	(i) whether the contract is issued through:
3523	(A) a trust;
3524	(B) an association;
3525	(C) a discretionary group; or
3526	(D) other similar grouping; or
3527	(ii) the situs of delivery of the policy or contract.
3528	(2) A health benefit plan may be discontinued or nonrenewed:

3529	(a) for a network plan, if:
3530	(i) the individual no longer lives, resides, or works in:
3531	(A) the service area of the covered carrier; or
3532	(B) the area for which the covered carrier is authorized to do business; and
3533	(ii) coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor
3534	relating to any covered individual; or
3535	(b) for coverage made available through an association, if:
3536	(i) the individual's membership in the association ceases; and
3537	(ii) the coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related
3538	factor of covered individuals.
3539	(3) A health benefit plan may be discontinued if:
3540	(a) a condition described in Subsection (2) exists;
3541	(b) the individual fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms
3542	of the health benefit plan, including any timeliness requirements;
3543	(c) the individual:
3544	(i) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage; or
3545	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
3546	coverage;
3547	(d) the covered carrier:
3548	(i) elects to discontinue offering a particular health benefit [product] plan delivered or
3549	issued for delivery in this state; and
3550	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuance in writing:
3551	(I) to each individual provided coverage; and
3552	(II) at least 90 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
3553	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
3554	(I) to the commissioner; and
3555	(II) at least three working days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected
3556	individuals;
3557	(C) offers to each covered individual on a guaranteed issue basis the option to purchase
3558	all other individual health benefit [products] plans currently being offered by the covered
3559	carrier for individuals in that market; and

3560	(D) acts uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor of a covered
3561	individual or dependent of a covered individual who may become eligible for coverage; or
3562	(e) the covered carrier:
3563	(i) elects to discontinue all of the covered carrier's health benefit plans in the individual
3564	market; and
3565	(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
3566	(I) to each covered individual; and
3567	(II) at least 180 days before the date the coverage will be discontinued;
3568	(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing:
3569	(I) to the commissioner in each state in which an affected insured individual is known
3570	to reside; and
3571	(II) at least 30 working days prior to the date the notice is sent to the affected
3572	individuals;
3573	(C) discontinues and nonrenews all health benefit plans the covered carrier issues or
3574	delivers for issuance in the individual market; and
3575	(D) acts uniformly without regard to any health status-related factor of a covered
3576	individual or a dependent of a covered individual who may become eligible for coverage.
3576a	Ĥ→ Section 57. Section 31A-35-103 is amended to read:
3576b	31A-35-103. Exemption from other provisions of this title.
3576c	Bail bond agencies are exempted from:
3576d	(1) Chapter 3, Department Funding, Fees, and Taxes, except Section 31A-3-103;
3576e	(2) Chapter 4, Insurers in General, except Sections 31A-4-102, 31A-4-103, 31A-4-104, and
3576f	31A-4-107;
3576g	(3) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations, except Section 31A-5-103;
3576h	(4) Chapter 6a, Service Contracts;
3576i	(5) Chapter 6b, Guaranteed Asset Protection Waiver Act;
3576j	(6) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
3576k	(7) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
35761	(8) Chapter 8a, Health Discount Program Consumer Protection Act;
5576m	(9) Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals;
3576n	(10) Chapter 10, Annuities;
3576o	(11) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
3576p	(12) Chapter 12, State Risk Management Fund;
3576q 3576r	(13) Chapter 13, Employee Welfare Funds and Plans;
3576s	(14) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers;(15) Chapter 15, Unauthorized Insurers, Surplus Lines, and Risk Retention Groups;
3576s 3576t	(16) Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies;
3576u	(17) Chapter 17, Determination of Financial Condition:

3576v	(18) Chapter 18, Investments;
3576w	(19) Chapter 19a, Utah Rate Regulation Act;
3576x	(20) Chapter 20, Underwriting Restrictions;
3576y	(21) Chapter 23b, Navigator License Act;
3576z	(22) Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators;
3576aa	(23) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters;
3576ab	(24) Chapter 27, Delinquency Administrative Action Provisions;
3576ac	(25) Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act;
3576ad	(26) Chapter 28, Guaranty Associations;
3576ae	(27) Chapter 30, Individual, Small Employer, and Group Health Insurance Act;
3576af	(28) Chapter 31, Insurance Fraud Act;
3576ag	(29) Chapter 32a, Medical Care Savings Account Act;
3576ah	(30) Chapter 33, Workers' Compensation Fund;
3576ai	[(31) Chapter 34, Voluntary Health Insurance Purchasing Alliance Act;]
3576aj	[(32)] (31) Chapter 36, Life Settlements Act;
3576ak	[(33)] (32) Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act;
3576al	[(34)] <u>(33)</u> Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company Act;
3576am	[(35)] (34) Chapter 38, Federal Health Care Tax Credit Program Act;
3576an	[(36)] (35) Chapter 39, Interstate Insurance Product Regulation Compact;
3576ao	[(37)] (36) Chapter 40, Professional Employer Organization Licensing Act;
3576ap	[(38)] (37) Chapter 41, Title Insurance Recovery, Education, and Research Fund Act;
3576aq	[(39)] (38) Chapter 42, Defined Contribution Risk Adjuster Act; and
3576ar	[(40)] <u>(39)</u> Chapter 43, Small Employer Stop-Loss Insurance Act.←Ĥ
3577	Section $\hat{H} \rightarrow [55] \underline{58} \leftarrow \hat{H}$. Section 31A-37-102 is amended to read:
3578	31A-37-102. Definitions.
3579	As used in this chapter:
3580	(1) (a) "Affiliated company" means a business entity that because of common
3581	ownership, control, operation, or management is in the same corporate or limited liability
3582	company system as:
3583	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> a parent;
3584	[(b)] <u>(ii)</u> an industrial insured; or
3585	[(c)] (iii) a member organization.
3586	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the commissioner may issue an order finding
3587	that a business entity is not an affiliated company.
3588	(2) "Alien captive insurance company" means an insurer:
3589	(a) formed to write insurance business for a parent or affiliate of the insurer; and
3590	(b) licensed pursuant to the laws of an alien or foreign jurisdiction that imposes
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3591	statutory or regulatory standards:
3592	(i) on a business entity transacting the business of insurance in the alien or foreign
3593	jurisdiction; and
3594	(ii) in a form acceptable to the commissioner.
3595	(3) "Association" means a legal association of two or more persons that has been in
3596	continuous existence for at least one year if:
3597	(a) the association or its member organizations:
3598	(i) own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of
3599	an association captive insurance company incorporated as a stock insurer; or
3600	(ii) have complete voting control over an association captive insurance company
3601	incorporated as a mutual insurer;
3602	(b) the association's member organizations collectively constitute all of the subscribers
3603	of an association captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer; or
3604	(c) the association or its member organizations have complete voting control over an
3605	association captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company.
3606	(4) "Association captive insurance company" means a business entity that insures risks
3607	of:
3608	(a) a member organization of the association;
3609	(b) an affiliate of a member organization of the association; and
3610	(c) the association.
3611	(5) "Branch business" means an insurance business transacted by a branch captive
3612	insurance company in this state.
3613	(6) "Branch captive insurance company" means an alien captive insurance company
3614	that has a certificate of authority from the commissioner to transact the business of insurance in
3615	this state through a captive insurance company that is domiciled outside of this state.
3616	(7) "Branch operation" means a business operation of a branch captive insurance
3617	company in this state.
3618	(8) "Captive insurance company" means any of the following formed or holding a
3619	certificate of authority under this chapter:

(a) a branch captive insurance company;

(b) a pure captive insurance company;

3622	(c) an association captive insurance company;
3623	(d) a sponsored captive insurance company;
3624	(e) an industrial insured captive insurance company, including an industrial insured
3625	captive insurance company formed as a risk retention group captive in this state pursuant to the
3626	provisions of the Federal Liability Risk Retention Act of 1986;
3627	(f) a special purpose captive insurance company; or
3628	(g) a special purpose financial captive insurance company.
3629	(9) "Commissioner" means Utah's Insurance Commissioner or the commissioner's
3630	designee.
3631	(10) "Common ownership and control" means that two or more captive insurance
3632	companies are owned or controlled by the same person or group of persons as follows:
3633	(a) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a stock corporation, the direct or
3634	indirect ownership of 80% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the stock corporation;
3635	(b) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a mutual corporation, the direct
3636	or indirect ownership of 80% or more of the surplus and the voting power of the mutual
3637	corporation;
3638	(c) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a limited liability company, the
3639	direct or indirect ownership by the same member or members of 80% or more of the
3640	membership interests in the limited liability company; or
3641	(d) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, a protected cell is a separate
3642	captive insurance company owned and controlled by the protected cell's participant, only if:
3643	(i) the participant is the only participant with respect to the protected cell; and
3644	(ii) the participant is the sponsor or is affiliated with the sponsor of the sponsored
3645	captive insurance company through common ownership and control.
3646	(11) "Consolidated debt to total capital ratio" means the ratio of Subsection (11)(a) to
3647	(b).
3648	(a) This Subsection (11)(a) is an amount equal to the sum of all debts and hybrid
3649	capital instruments including:
3650	(i) all borrowings from depository institutions;
3651	(ii) all senior debt;
3652	(iii) all subordinated debts;

3653	(iv) all trust preferred shares; and
3654	(v) all other hybrid capital instruments that are not included in the determination of
3655	consolidated GAAP net worth issued and outstanding.
3656	(b) This Subsection (11)(b) is an amount equal to the sum of:
3657	(i) total capital consisting of all debts and hybrid capital instruments as described in
3658	Subsection (11)(a); and
3659	(ii) shareholders' equity determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting
3660	principles for reporting to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
3661	(12) "Consolidated GAAP net worth" means the consolidated shareholders' or
3662	members' equity determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for
3663	reporting to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
3664	(13) "Controlled unaffiliated business" means a business entity:
3665	(a) (i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, that is not in the corporate or
3666	limited liability company system of a parent or the parent's affiliate; or
3667	(ii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, that is not in the
3668	corporate or limited liability company system of an industrial insured or an affiliated company
3669	of the industrial insured;
3670	(b) (i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, that has a contractual
3671	relationship with a parent or affiliate; or
3672	(ii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, that has a
3673	contractual relationship with an industrial insured or an affiliated company of the industrial
3674	insured; and
3675	(c) whose risks that are or will be insured by a pure captive insurance company, an
3676	industrial insured captive insurance company, or both are managed [by one of the following] in
3677	accordance with Subsection 31A-37-106(1)(j) by:
3678	(i) (A) a pure captive insurance company; or
3679	[(ii)] (B) an industrial insured captive insurance company[-]; or
3680	(ii) a parent or affiliate of:
3681	(A) a pure captive insurance company; or
3682	(B) an industrial insured captive insurance company.
3683	(14) "Department" means the Insurance Department.

3684	(15) "Industrial insured" means an insured:
3685	(a) that produces insurance:
3686	(i) by the services of a full-time employee acting as a risk manager or insurance
3687	manager; or
3688	(ii) using the services of a regularly and continuously qualified insurance consultant;
3689	(b) whose aggregate annual premiums for insurance on all risks total at least \$25,000;
3690	and
3691	(c) that has at least 25 full-time employees.
3692	(16) "Industrial insured captive insurance company" means a business entity that:
3693	(a) insures risks of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial insured group;
3694	and
3695	(b) may insure the risks of:
3696	(i) an affiliated company of an industrial insured; or
3697	(ii) a controlled unaffiliated business of:
3698	(A) an industrial insured; or
3699	(B) an affiliated company of an industrial insured.
3700	(17) "Industrial insured group" means:
3701	(a) a group of industrial insureds that collectively:
3702	(i) own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of
3703	an industrial insured captive insurance company incorporated or organized as a limited liability
3704	company as a stock insurer; or
3705	(ii) have complete voting control over an industrial insured captive insurance company
3706	incorporated or organized as a limited liability company as a mutual insurer;
3707	(b) a group that is:
3708	(i) created under the Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 3901
3709	et seq., as amended, as a corporation or other limited liability association; and
3710	(ii) taxable under this title as a:
3711	(A) stock corporation; or
3712	(B) mutual insurer; or
3713	(c) a group that has complete voting control over an industrial captive insurance
3714	company formed as a limited liability company.

3/13	(18) Member organization means a person that belongs to an association.
3716	(19) "Parent" means a person that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with
3717	power to vote more than 50% of:
3718	(a) the outstanding voting securities of a pure captive insurance company; or
3719	(b) the pure captive insurance company, if the pure captive insurance company is
3720	formed as a limited liability company.
3721	(20) "Participant" means an entity that is insured by a sponsored captive insurance
3722	company:
3723	(a) if the losses of the participant are limited through a participant contract to the assets
3724	of a protected cell; and
3725	(b)(i) the entity is permitted to be a participant under Section 31A-37-403; or
3726	(ii) the entity is an affiliate of an entity permitted to be a participant under Section
3727	31A-37-403.
3728	(21) "Participant contract" means a contract by which a sponsored captive insurance
3729	company:
3730	(a) insures the risks of a participant; and
3731	(b) limits the losses of the participant to the assets of a protected cell.
3732	(22) "Protected cell" means a separate account established and maintained by a
3733	sponsored captive insurance company for one participant.
3734	(23) "Pure captive insurance company" means a business entity that insures risks of a
3735	parent or affiliate of the business entity.
3736	(24) "Special purpose financial captive insurance company" is as defined in Section
3737	31A-37a-102.
3738	(25) "Sponsor" means an entity that:
3739	(a) meets the requirements of Section 31A-37-402; and
3740	(b) is approved by the commissioner to:
3741	(i) provide all or part of the capital and surplus required by applicable law in an amount
3742	of not less than \$350,000, which amount the commissioner may increase by order if the
3743	commissioner considers it necessary; and
3744	(ii) organize and operate a sponsored captive insurance company.
3745	(26) "Sponsored captive insurance company" means a captive insurance company:

3746	(a) in which the minimum capital and surplus required by applicable law is provided by
3747	one or more sponsors;
3748	(b) that is formed or holding a certificate of authority under this chapter;
3749	(c) that insures the risks of a separate participant through the contract; and
3750	(d) that segregates each participant's liability through one or more protected cells.
3751	(27) "Treasury rates" means the United States Treasury strip asked yield as published
3752	in the Wall Street Journal as of a balance sheet date.
3753	Section 56. Section 31A-37-106 is amended to read:
3754	31A-37-106. Authority to make rules Authority to issue orders.
3755	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3756	commissioner may adopt rules to:
3757	(a) determine circumstances under which a branch captive insurance company is not
3758	required to be a pure captive insurance company;
3759	(b) require a statement, document, or information that a captive insurance company
3760	shall provide to the commissioner to obtain a certificate of authority;
3761	(c) determine a factor a captive insurance company shall provide evidence of under
3762	Subsection 31A-37-202(4)[(c)](<u>b)</u> ;
3763	(d) prescribe one or more capital requirements for a captive insurance company in
3764	addition to those required under Section 31A-37-204 based on the type, volume, and nature of
3765	insurance business transacted by the captive insurance company;
3766	(e) waive or modify a requirement for public notice and hearing for the following by a
3767	captive insurance company:
3768	(i) merger;
3769	(ii) consolidation;
3770	(iii) conversion;
3771	(iv) mutualization;
3772	(v) redomestication; or
3773	(vi) acquisition;
3774	(f) approve the use of one or more reliable methods of valuation and rating for:
3775	(i) an association captive insurance company;
3776	(ii) a sponsored captive insurance company; or

3777	(iii) an industrial insured group;
3778	(g) prohibit or limit an investment that threatens the solvency or liquidity of:
3779	(i) a pure captive insurance company; or
3780	(ii) an industrial insured captive insurance company;
3781	(h) determine the financial reports a sponsored captive insurance company shall
3782	annually file with the commissioner;
3783	(i) prescribe the required forms and reports under Section 31A-37-501; and
3784	(j) establish one or more standards to ensure that:
3785	(i) one of the following is able to exercise control of the risk management function of a
3786	controlled unaffiliated business to be insured by a pure captive insurance company:
3787	(A) a parent; or
3788	(B) an affiliated company of a parent; or
3789	(ii) one of the following is able to exercise control of the risk management function of
3790	a controlled unaffiliated business to be insured by an industrial insured captive insurance
3791	company:
3792	(A) an industrial insured; or
3793	(B) an affiliated company of the industrial insured.
3794	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(j), until the commissioner adopts the rules
3795	authorized under Subsection (1)(j), the commissioner may by temporary order grant authority
3796	to insure risks to:
3797	(a) a pure captive insurance company; or
3798	(b) an industrial insured captive insurance company.
3799	(3) The commissioner may issue prohibitory, mandatory, and other orders relating to a
3800	captive insurance company as necessary to enable the commissioner to secure compliance with
3801	this chapter.
3802	Section 57. Section 31A-37-202 is amended to read:
3803	31A-37-202. Permissive areas of insurance.
3804	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), when permitted by its articles of
3805	incorporation, certificate of organization, or charter, a captive insurance company may apply to
3806	the commissioner for a certificate of authority to do all insurance authorized by this title except
3807	workers' compensation insurance.

3808	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a):
3809	(i) a pure captive insurance company may not insure a risk other than a risk of:
3810	(A) [its] the pure captive insurance company's parent or affiliate;
3811	(B) a controlled unaffiliated business; or
3812	(C) a combination of Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A) and (B);
3813	(ii) an association captive insurance company may not insure a risk other than a risk of:
3814	(A) an affiliate;
3815	(B) a member organization of its association; and
3816	(C) an affiliate of a member organization of its association;
3817	(iii) an industrial insured captive insurance company may not insure a risk other than a
3818	risk of:
3819	(A) an industrial insured that is part of the industrial insured group;
3820	(B) an affiliate of an industrial insured that is part of the industrial insured group; and
3821	(C) a controlled unaffiliated business of:
3822	(I) an industrial insured that is part of the industrial insured group; or
3823	(II) an affiliate of an industrial insured that is part of the industrial insured group;
3824	(iv) a special purpose captive insurance company may only insure a risk of its parent;
3825	(v) a captive insurance company may not provide:
3826	(A) personal motor vehicle insurance coverage;
3827	(B) homeowner's insurance coverage; or
3828	(C) a component of a coverage described in this Subsection (1)(b)(v); and
3829	(vi) a captive insurance company may not accept or cede reinsurance except as
3830	provided in Section 31A-37-303.
3831	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(iv), for a risk approved by the commissioner a
3832	special purpose captive insurance company may provide:
3833	(i) insurance;
3834	(ii) reinsurance; or
3835	(iii) both insurance and reinsurance.
3836	(2) To conduct insurance business in this state a captive insurance company shall:
3837	(a) obtain from the commissioner a certificate of authority authorizing it to conduct
3838	insurance business in this state;

3839	(b) hold at least once each year in this state:
3840	(i) a board of directors meeting; or
3841	[(ii) in the case of a reciprocal insurer, a subscriber's advisory committee meeting; or]
3842	[(iii)] (ii) in the case of a limited liability company, a meeting of the managers;
3843	(c) maintain in this state:
3844	(i) the principal place of business of the captive insurance company; or
3845	(ii) in the case of a branch captive insurance company, the principal place of business
3846	for the branch operations of the branch captive insurance company; and
3847	(d) except as provided in Subsection (3), appoint a resident registered agent to accept
3848	service of process and to otherwise act on behalf of the captive insurance company in this state.
3849	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(d), in the case of a captive insurance company
3850	formed as a corporation [or a reciprocal insurer], if the registered agent cannot with reasonable
3851	diligence be found at the registered office of the captive insurance company, the commissioner
3852	is the agent of the captive insurance company upon whom process, notice, or demand may be
3853	served.
3854	(4) (a) Before receiving a certificate of authority, a captive insurance company:
3855	(i) formed as a corporation shall file with the commissioner:
3856	(A) a certified copy of:
3857	(I) articles of incorporation or the charter of the corporation; and
3858	(II) bylaws of the corporation;
3859	(B) a statement under oath of the president and secretary of the corporation showing
3860	the financial condition of the corporation; and
3861	(C) any other statement or document required by the commissioner under Section
3862	31A-37-106; <u>and</u>
3863	[(ii) formed as a reciprocal shall:]
3864	[(A) file with the commissioner:]
3865	[(I) a certified copy of the power of attorney of the attorney-in-fact of the reciprocal;]
3866	[(II) a certified copy of the subscribers' agreement of the reciprocal;]
3867	[(III) a statement under oath of the attorney-in-fact of the reciprocal showing the
3868	financial condition of the reciprocal; and]
3869	[(IV) any other statement or document required by the commissioner under Section

3870	31A-37-106; and]
3871	[(B) submit to the commissioner for approval a description of the:]
3872	[(I) coverages;]
3873	[(II) deductibles;]
3874	[(III) coverage limits;]
3875	[(IV) rates; and]
3876	[(V) any other information the commissioner requires under Section 31A-37-106; and]
3877	[(iii)] (ii) formed as a limited liability company shall file with the commissioner:
3878	(A) a certified copy of the certificate of organization and the operating agreement of
3879	the organization;
3880	(B) a statement under oath of the president and secretary of the organization showing
3881	the financial condition of the organization;
3882	(C) evidence that the limited liability company is manager-managed; and
3883	(D) any other statement or document required by the commissioner under Section
3884	31A-37-106.
3885	[(b) (i) If there is a subsequent material change in an item in the description required
3886	under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(B) for a reciprocal captive insurance company, the reciprocal
3887	captive insurance company shall submit to the commissioner for approval an appropriate
3888	revision to the description required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(B).]
3889	[(ii) A reciprocal captive insurance company that is required to submit a revision under
3890	Subsection (4)(b)(i) may not offer any additional types of insurance until the commissioner
3891	approves a revision of the description.]
3892	[(iii) A reciprocal captive insurance company shall inform the commissioner of a
3893	material change in a rate within 30 days of the adoption of the change.]
3894	[(c)] (b) In addition to the information required by Subsection (4)(a), an applicant
3895	captive insurance company shall file with the commissioner evidence of:
3896	(i) the amount and liquidity of the assets of the applicant captive insurance company
3897	relative to the risks to be assumed by the applicant captive insurance company;
3898	(ii) the adequacy of the expertise, experience, and character of the person who will
3899	manage the applicant captive insurance company;
3900	(iii) the overall soundness of the plan of operation of the applicant captive insurance

3901	company;
3902	(iv) the adequacy of the loss prevention programs for the following of the applicant
3903	captive insurance company:
3904	(A) a parent;
3905	(B) a member organization; or
3906	(C) an industrial insured; and
3907	(v) any other factor the commissioner:
3908	(A) adopts by rule under Section 31A-37-106; and
3909	(B) considers relevant in ascertaining whether the applicant captive insurance company
3910	will be able to meet the policy obligations of the applicant captive insurance company.
3911	[(d)] (c) In addition to the information required by Subsections (4)(a)[,] and (b)[, and
3912	(c),] an applicant sponsored captive insurance company shall file with the commissioner:
3913	(i) a business plan at the level of detail required by the commissioner under Section
3914	31A-37-106 demonstrating:
3915	(A) the manner in which the applicant sponsored captive insurance company will
3916	account for the losses and expenses of each protected cell; and
3917	(B) the manner in which the applicant sponsored captive insurance company will report
3918	to the commissioner the financial history, including losses and expenses, of each protected cell;
3919	(ii) a statement acknowledging that the applicant sponsored captive insurance company
3920	will make all financial records of the applicant sponsored captive insurance company,
3921	including records pertaining to a protected cell, available for inspection or examination by the
3922	commissioner;
3923	(iii) a contract or sample contract between the applicant sponsored captive insurance
3924	company and a participant; and
3925	(iv) evidence that expenses will be allocated to each protected cell in an equitable
3926	manner.
3927	(5) (a) Information submitted pursuant to Subsection (4) is classified as a protected
3928	record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
3929	(b) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
3930	Management Act, the commissioner may disclose information submitted pursuant to

Subsection (4) to a public official having jurisdiction over the regulation of insurance in

3932	another state if:
3933	(i) the public official receiving the information agrees in writing to maintain the
3934	confidentiality of the information; and
3935	(ii) the laws of the state in which the public official serves require the information to be
3936	confidential.
3937	(c) This Subsection (5) does not apply to information provided by an industrial insured
3938	captive insurance company insuring the risks of an industrial insured group.
3939	(6) (a) A captive insurance company shall pay to the department the following
3940	nonrefundable fees established by the department under Sections 31A-3-103, 31A-3-304, and
3941	63J-1-504:
3942	(i) a fee for examining, investigating, and processing, by a department employee, of an
3943	application for a certificate of authority made by a captive insurance company;
3944	(ii) a fee for obtaining a certificate of authority for the year the captive insurance
3945	company is issued a certificate of authority by the department; and
3946	(iii) a certificate of authority renewal fee.
3947	(b) The commissioner may:
3948	(i) assign a department employee or retain legal, financial, and examination services
3949	from outside the department to perform the services described in:
3950	(A) Subsection (6)(a); and
3951	(B) Section 31A-37-502; and
3952	(ii) charge the reasonable cost of services described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) to the
3953	applicant captive insurance company.
3954	(7) If the commissioner is satisfied that the documents and statements filed by the
3955	applicant captive insurance company comply with this chapter, the commissioner may grant a
3956	certificate of authority authorizing the company to do insurance business in this state.
3957	(8) A certificate of authority granted under this section expires annually and shall be
3958	renewed by July 1 of each year.
3959	Section 58. Section 31A-37-204 is amended to read:
3960	31A-37-204. Paid-in capital Other capital.

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(1) (a) The commissioner may not issue a certificate of authority to a company

described in Subsection (1)(c) unless the company possesses and thereafter maintains

3963	unimpaired paid-in capital and unimpaired paid-in surplus of:
3964	(i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, not less than \$250,000;
3965	(ii) in the case of an association captive insurance company [incorporated as a stock
3966	insurer], not less than \$750,000;
3967	(iii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company incorporated as a
3968	stock insurer, not less than \$700,000;
3969	(iv) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, not less than \$1,000,000, of
3970	which a minimum of \$350,000 is provided by the sponsor; or
3971	(v) in the case of a special purpose captive insurance company, an amount determined
3972	by the commissioner after giving due consideration to the company's business plan, feasibility
3973	study, and pro-formas, including the nature of the risks to be insured.
3974	(b) The paid-in capital and surplus required under this Subsection (1) may be in the
3975	form of:
3976	(i) (A) cash; or
3977	(B) cash equivalent;
3978	(ii) an irrevocable letter of credit:
3979	(A) issued by:
3980	(I) a bank chartered by this state; or
3981	(II) a member bank of the Federal Reserve System; and
3982	(B) approved by the commissioner; [or]
3983	(iii) marketable securities as determined by [Subsections 31A-18-105(1) and (6).]
3984	Subsection (5); or
3985	(iv) some other thing of value approved by the commissioner, for a period not to
3986	exceed 45 days, to facilitate the formation of a captive insurance company in this state pursuant
3987	to an approved plan of liquidation and reorganization of another captive insurance company or
3988	alien captive insurance company in another jurisdiction.
3989	(c) This Subsection (1) applies to:
3990	(i) a pure captive insurance company;
3991	(ii) a sponsored captive insurance company;
3992	(iii) a special purpose captive insurance company;
3993	(iv) an association captive insurance company [incorporated as a stock insurer]; or

3994	(v) an industrial insured captive insurance company [incorporated as a stock insurer].
3995	(2) (a) The commissioner may, under Section 31A-37-106, prescribe additional capital
3996	based on the type, volume, and nature of insurance business transacted.
3997	(b) The capital prescribed by the commissioner under this Subsection (2) may be in the
3998	form of:
3999	(i) cash;
4000	(ii) an irrevocable letter of credit issued by:
4001	(A) a bank chartered by this state; or
4002	(B) a member bank of the Federal Reserve System; or
4003	(iii) marketable securities as determined by [Subsections 31A-18-105(1) and (6)]
4004	Subsection (5).
4005	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), a branch captive insurance company, as
4006	security for the payment of liabilities attributable to branch operations, shall, through its branch
4007	operations, establish and maintain a trust fund:
4008	(i) funded by an irrevocable letter of credit or other acceptable asset; and
4009	(ii) in the United States for the benefit of:
4010	(A) United States policyholders; and
4011	(B) United States ceding insurers under:
4012	(I) insurance policies issued; or
4013	(II) reinsurance contracts issued or assumed.
4014	(b) The amount of the security required under this Subsection (3) shall be no less than:
4015	(i) the capital and surplus required by this chapter; and
4016	(ii) the reserves on the insurance policies or reinsurance contracts, including:
4017	(A) reserves for losses;
4018	(B) allocated loss adjustment expenses;
4019	(C) incurred but not reported losses; and
4020	(D) unearned premiums with regard to business written through branch operations.
4021	(c) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (3)[5]:
4022	(i) the commissioner may permit a branch captive insurance company that is required
4023	to post security for loss reserves on branch business by its reinsurer to reduce the funds in the
4024	trust account required by this section by the same amount as the security posted if the security

4025	remains posted with the reinsurer[:]; and
4026	(ii) a branch captive insurance company that is the result of the licensure of an alien
4027	captive insurance company that is not formed in an alien jurisdiction is not subject to the
4028	requirements of this Subsection (3).
4029	(4) (a) A captive insurance company may not pay the following without the prior
4030	approval of the commissioner:
4031	(i) a dividend out of capital or surplus in excess of the limits under Section
4032	16-10a-640; or
4033	(ii) a distribution with respect to capital or surplus in excess of the limits under Section
4034	16-10a-640.
4035	(b) The commissioner shall condition approval of an ongoing plan for the payment of
4036	dividends or other distributions on the retention, at the time of each payment, of capital or
4037	surplus in excess of:
4038	(i) amounts specified by the commissioner under Section 31A-37-106; or
4039	(ii) determined in accordance with formulas approved by the commissioner under
4040	Section 31A-37-106.
4041	[(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a captive insurance company organized as a
4042	reciprocal insurer under this chapter may not be issued a certificate of authority unless the
4043	captive insurance company possesses and maintains unimpaired paid-in surplus of \$1,000,000.
4044	[(6) (a) The commissioner may prescribe additional unimpaired paid-in surplus based
4045	upon the type, volume, and nature of the insurance business transacted.]
4046	[(b) The unimpaired paid-in surplus required under this Subsection (6) may be in the
4047	form of an irrevocable letter of credit issued by:]
4048	[(i) a bank chartered by this state; or]
4049	[(ii) a member bank of the Federal Reserve System.]
4050	(5) For purposes of this section, marketable securities means:
4051	(a) a bond or other evidence of indebtedness of a governmental unit in the United
4052	States or Canada or any instrumentality of the United States or Canada; or
4053	(b) securities:
4054	(i) traded on one or more of the following exchanges in the United States:
4055	(A) New York:

4030	(b) American, or
4057	(C) NASDAQ;
4058	(ii) when no particular security, or a substantially related security, applied toward the
4059	required minimum capital and surplus requirement of Subsection (1) represents more than 50%
4060	of the minimum capital and surplus requirement; and
4061	(iii) when no group of up to four particular securities, consolidating substantially
4062	related securities, applied toward the required minimum capital and surplus requirement of
4063	Subsection (1) represents more than 90% of the minimum capital and surplus requirement.
4064	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (5), to protect the solvency and liquidity of a captive
4065	insurance company, the commissioner may reject the application of specific assets or amounts
4066	of specific assets to satisfying the requirement of Subsection (1).
4067	Section 59. Section 31A-37-301 is amended to read:
4068	31A-37-301. Formation.
4069	(1) A pure captive insurance company or a sponsored captive insurance company
4070	formed as a stock insurer shall be incorporated as a stock insurer with the capital of the pure
4071	captive insurance company or sponsored captive insurance company:
4072	(a) divided into shares; and
4073	(b) held by the stockholders of the pure captive insurance company or sponsored
4074	captive insurance company.
4075	(2) A pure captive insurance company or a sponsored captive insurance company
4076	formed as a limited liability company shall be organized as a members' interest insurer with the
4077	capital of the pure captive insurance company or sponsored captive insurance company:
4078	(a) divided into interests; and
4079	(b) held by the members of the pure captive insurance company or sponsored captive
4080	insurance company.
4081	(3) An association captive insurance company or an industrial insured captive
4082	insurance company may be:
4083	(a) incorporated as a stock insurer with the capital of the association captive insurance
4084	company or industrial insured captive insurance company:
4085	(i) divided into shares; and
4086	(ii) held by the stockholders of the association captive insurance company or industrial

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4087	insured captive insurance company;
4088	(b) incorporated as a mutual insurer without capital stock, with a governing body
4089	elected by the member organizations of the association captive insurance company or industrial
4090	insured captive insurance company; or
4091	[(c) organized as a reciprocal.]
4092	(c) organized as a limited liability company with the capital of the association captive
4093	insurance company or industrial insured captive insurance company:
4094	(i) divided into interests; and
4095	(ii) held by the members of the association captive insurance company or industrial
4096	insured captive insurance company.
4097	(4) A captive insurance company formed as a corporation may not have fewer than
4098	three incorporators of whom one shall be a resident of this state.
4099	(5) A captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company may not have
4100	fewer than three organizers of whom one shall be a resident of this state.
4101	(6) (a) Before a captive insurance company formed as a corporation files the
4102	corporation's articles of incorporation with the Division of Corporations and Commercial
4103	Code, the incorporators shall obtain from the commissioner a certificate finding that the
4104	establishment and maintenance of the proposed corporation will promote the general good of
4105	the state.
4106	(b) In considering a request for a certificate under Subsection (6)(a), the commissioner
4107	shall consider:
4108	(i) the character, reputation, financial standing, and purposes of the incorporators;
4109	(ii) the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and
4110	business qualifications of the officers and directors;
4111	(iii) any information in:
4112	(A) the application for a certificate of authority; or
4113	(B) the department's files; and
4114	(iv) other aspects that the commissioner considers advisable.

(7) (a) Before a captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company files

the limited liability company's certificate of organization with the Division of Corporations and

Commercial Code, the limited liability company shall obtain from the commissioner a

4118	certificate finding that the establishment and maintenance of the proposed limited liability
4119	company will promote the general good of the state.
4120	(b) In considering a request for a certificate under Subsection (7)(a), the commissioner
4121	shall consider:
4122	(i) the character, reputation, financial standing, and purposes of the organizers;
4123	(ii) the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and
4124	business qualifications of the managers;
4125	(iii) any information in:
4126	(A) the application for a certificate of authority; or
4127	(B) the department's files; and
4128	(iv) other aspects that the commissioner considers advisable.
4129	(8) (a) A captive insurance company formed as a corporation shall file with the
4130	Division of Corporations and Commercial Code:
4131	(i) the captive insurance company's articles of incorporation;
4132	(ii) the certificate issued pursuant to Subsection (6); and
4133	(iii) the fees required by the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.
4134	(b) The Division of Corporations and Commercial Code shall file both the articles of
4135	incorporation and the certificate described in Subsection (6) for a captive insurance company
4136	that complies with this section.
4137	(9) (a) A captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company shall file
4138	with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code:
4139	(i) the captive insurance company's certificate of organization;
4140	(ii) the certificate issued pursuant to Subsection (7); and
4141	(iii) the fees required by the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.
4142	(b) The Division of Corporations and Commercial Code shall file both the certificate
4143	of organization and the certificate described in Subsection (7) for a captive insurance company
4144	that complies with this section.
4145	(10) (a) The organizers of a captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer
4146	shall obtain from the commissioner a certificate finding that the establishment and maintenance
4147	of the proposed association will promote the general good of the state.
4148	(b) In considering a request for a certificate under Subsection (10)(a), the

4149	commissioner shall consider:
4150	(i) the character, reputation, financial standing, and purposes of the incorporators;
4151	(ii) the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and
4152	business qualifications of the officers and directors;
4153	(iii) any information in:
4154	(A) the application for a certificate of authority; or
4155	(B) the department's files; and
4156	(iv) other aspects that the commissioner considers advisable.
4157	(11) (a) An alien captive insurance company that has received a certificate of authority
4158	to act as a branch captive insurance company shall obtain from the commissioner a certificate
4159	finding that:
4160	(i) the home [state] jurisdiction of the alien captive insurance company imposes
4161	statutory or regulatory standards in a form acceptable to the commissioner on companies
4162	transacting the business of insurance in that state; and
4163	(ii) after considering the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance
4164	experience, and business qualifications of the officers and directors of the alien captive
4165	insurance company, and other relevant information, the establishment and maintenance of the
4166	branch operations will promote the general good of the state.
4167	(b) After the commissioner issues a certificate under Subsection (11)(a) to an alien
4168	captive insurance company, the alien captive insurance company may register to do business in
4169	this state.
4170	(12) At least one of the members of the board of directors of a captive insurance
4171	company formed as a corporation shall be a resident of this state.
4172	(13) At least one of the managers of a limited liability company shall be a resident of
4173	this state.
4174	[(14) At least one of the members of the subscribers' advisory committee of a captive
4175	insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer shall be a resident of this state.]
4176	[(15)] (14) (a) A captive insurance company formed as a corporation under this chapte
4177	has the privileges and is subject to the provisions of the general corporation law as well as the

(b) If a conflict exists between a provision of the general corporation law and a

applicable provisions contained in this chapter.

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4180 provision of this chapter, this chapter shall control.

- (c) Except as provided in Subsection [(15)] (14)(d), the provisions of this title pertaining to a merger, consolidation, conversion, mutualization, and redomestication apply in determining the procedures to be followed by a captive insurance company in carrying out any of the transactions described in those provisions.
- (d) Notwithstanding Subsection [(15)] (14)(c), the commissioner may waive or modify the requirements for public notice and hearing in accordance with rules adopted under Section 31A-37-106.
- (e) If a notice of public hearing is required, but no one requests a hearing, the commissioner may cancel the public hearing.
- [(16)] (15) (a) A captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company under this chapter has the privileges and is subject to [Title 48, Chapter 2c, Utah Revised Limited Liability Company Act, or] Title 48, Chapter 3a, Utah Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act[, as appropriate pursuant to Section 48-3a-1405], as well as the applicable provisions in this chapter.
- (b) If a conflict exists between a provision of the limited liability company law and a provision of this chapter, this chapter controls.
- (c) The provisions of this title pertaining to a merger, consolidation, conversion, mutualization, and redomestication apply in determining the procedures to be followed by a captive insurance company in carrying out any of the transactions described in those provisions.
- (d) Notwithstanding Subsection [(16)] (15)(c), the commissioner may waive or modify the requirements for public notice and hearing in accordance with rules adopted under Section 31A-37-106.
- (e) If a notice of public hearing is required, but no one requests a hearing, the commissioner may cancel the public hearing.
- [(17) (a) A captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer under this chapter has the powers set forth in Section 31A-4-114 in addition to the applicable provisions of this chapter.]
- 4209 [(b) If a conflict exists between the provisions of Section 31A-4-114 and the provisions
 4210 of this chapter with respect to a captive insurance company, this chapter shall control.]

4211	(c) To the extent a reciprocal insurer is made subject to other provisions of this title
4212	pursuant to Section 31A-14-208, the provisions are not applicable to a reciprocal insurer
4213	formed under this chapter unless the provisions are expressly made applicable to a captive
4214	insurance company under this chapter.]
4215	[(d) In addition to the provisions of this Subsection (17), a captive insurance company
4216	organized as a reciprocal insurer that is an industrial insured group has the privileges of Section
4217	31A-4-114 in addition to applicable provisions of this title.
4218	[(18)] (16) (a) The articles of incorporation or bylaws of a captive insurance company
4219	formed as a corporation may not authorize a quorum of a board of directors to consist of fewer
4220	than one-third of the fixed or prescribed number of directors as provided in Section
4221	16-10a-824.
4222	(b) The certificate of organization of a captive insurance company formed as a limited
4223	liability company may not authorize a quorum of a board of managers to consist of fewer than
4224	one-third of the fixed or prescribed number of directors required in Section 16-10a-824.
4225	Section 60. Section 31A-37-303 is amended to read:
4226	31A-37-303. Reinsurance.
4227	(1) A captive insurance company may cede risks to any insurance company approved
4228	by the commissioner. A captive insurance company may provide reinsurance, as authorized in
4229	this title, on risks ceded for the benefit of a parent, affiliate, or controlled unaffiliated business.
4230	(2) (a) A captive insurance company may take credit for reserves on risks or portions of
4231	risks ceded to reinsurers if the captive insurance company complies with Section 31A-17-404,
4232	31A-17-404.1, 31A-17-404.3, or 31A-17-404.4 or if the captive insurance company complies
4233	with other requirements as the commissioner may establish by rule made in accordance with
4234	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
4235	(b) Unless the reinsurer is in compliance with Section 31A-17-404, 31A-17-404.1,
4236	31A-17-404.3, or 31A-17-404.4 or a rule adopted under Subsection (2)(a), a captive insurance
4237	company may not take credit for:
4238	(i) reserves on risks ceded to a reinsurer; or
4239	(ii) portions of risks ceded to a reinsurer.
4240	Section 61. Section 31A-37-305 is amended to read:
4241	31A-37-305. Contributions to guaranty or insolvency fund prohibited.

4242	(1) A captive insurance company[, including a captive insurance company organized as
4243	a reciprocal insurer under this chapter,] may not join or contribute financially to any of the
4244	following in this state:
4245	(a) a plan;
4246	(b) a pool;
4247	(c) an association;
4248	(d) a guaranty fund; or
4249	(e) an insolvency fund.
4250	(2) A captive insurance company, the insured of a captive insurance company, the
4251	parent of a captive insurance company, an affiliate of a captive insurance company, or a
4252	member organization of an association captive insurance company[, or in the case of a captive
4253	insurance company organized as a reciprocal insurer, a subscriber of the captive insurance
4254	company,] may not receive a benefit from:
4255	(a) a plan;
4256	(b) a pool;
4257	(c) an association;
4258	(d) a guaranty fund for claims arising out of the operations of the captive insurance
4259	company; or
4260	(e) an insolvency fund for claims arising out of the operations of the captive insurance
4261	company.
4262	Section 62. Section 31A-42-201 is amended to read:
4263	31A-42-201. Creation of risk adjuster mechanism Board of directors
4264	Appointment Terms Quorum Plan preparation.
4265	(1) There is created the "Utah Defined Contribution Risk Adjuster," a nonprofit entity
4266	within the department.
4267	(2) (a) The risk adjuster is under the direction of a board of directors composed of up to
4268	nine members described in Subsection (2)(b).
4269	(b) The board of directors shall consist of:
4270	(i) the following directors appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate:
4271	(A) at least [three] one, but up to five, directors with actuarial experience who
4272	represent insurers[: (1)] that are participating or have committed to participate in the defined

4273	contribution arrangement market in the state; [and]
4274	[(II) including at least one and up to two directors who represent an insurer that has a
4275	small percentage of lives in the defined contribution market;]
4276	(B) one director who represents either an individual employee or employer; and
4277	(C) one director who represents the Office of Consumer Health Services within the
4278	Governor's Office of Economic Development;
4279	(ii) one director representing the Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program
4280	with actuarial experience, appointed by the director of the Public Employees' Benefit and
4281	Insurance Program; and
4282	(iii) the commissioner, or a representative of the commissioner who:
4283	(A) is appointed by the commissioner; and
4284	(B) has actuarial experience.
4285	(c) The commissioner, or a representative appointed by the commissioner may vote
4286	only in the event of a tie vote.
4287	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current board members
4288	appointed by the governor expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed
4289	member to a four-year term.
4290	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
4291	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
4292	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
4293	years.
4294	(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), a board member shall
4295	continue to serve until the board member is reappointed or replaced by another individual in
4296	accordance with this section.
4297	(4) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
4298	appointed for the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment was made.
4299	(5) (a) A board member who is not a government employee may not receive
4300	compensation or benefits for the board member's services.
4301	(b) A state government member who is a board member because of the board member's
4302	state government position may not receive per diem or expenses for the member's service.

(6) The board shall elect annually a chair and vice chair from its membership.

4304	(7) A majority of the board members is a quorum for the transaction of business.
4305	(8) The action of a majority of the members of the quorum is the action of the board.
4306	Section 63. Section 31A-44-603 is amended to read:
4307	31A-44-603. Examinations.
4308	(1) The department may conduct periodic on-site examinations of a provider.
4309	(2) In conducting an examination, the department or the department's staff:
4310	(a) shall have full and free access to all the provider's records; and
4311	(b) may summon and qualify as a witness, under oath, and examine, any director,
4312	officer, member, agent, or employee of the provider, and any other person, concerning the
4313	condition and affairs of the provider or a facility.
4314	(3) Books and records shall be kept for not less than three calendar years in addition to
4315	the current calendar year.
4316	[(3)] (4) The provider shall pay the reasonable costs of an examination under this
4317	section.
4318	[(4)] (5) The department may conduct an on-site examination in conjunction with an
4319	examination performed by a representative of an agency of another state.
4320	[(5)] (a) The department, in lieu of an on-site examination, may accept the
4321	examination report of an agency of another state that has regulatory oversight of the provider,
4322	or a report prepared by an independent accounting firm.
4323	(b) A report accepted under Subsection [(5)] (6)(a) is considered for all purposes an
4324	official report of the department.
4325	[(6)] (7) Upon reasonable cause, the department may conduct an on-site examination of
4326	an unlicensed person to determine whether a violation of this chapter has occurred.
4327	Section 64. Section 53-2a-1102 is amended to read:
4328	53-2a-1102. Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program Uses
4329	Rulemaking Distribution.
4330	(1) (a) "Assistance card program" means the Utah Search and Rescue Assistance Card
4331	Program created within this section.
4332	(b) "Card" means the Search and Rescue Assistance Card issued under this section to a
4333	participant.
4334	(c) "Participant" means an individual, family, or group who is registered pursuant to

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4335	this section as having a valid card at the time search, rescue, or both are provided.
4336	(d) "Program" means the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program created
4337	within this section.
4338	(e) (i) "Reimbursable expenses," as used in this section, means those reasonable
4339	expenses incidental to search and rescue activities.
4340	(ii) "Reimbursable expenses" include:
4341	(A) rental for fixed wing aircraft, helicopters, snowmobiles, boats, and generators;
4342	(B) replacement and upgrade of search and rescue equipment;
4343	(C) training of search and rescue volunteers;
4344	(D) costs of providing workers' compensation benefits for volunteer search and rescue
4345	team members under Section 67-20-7.5; and
4346	(E) any other equipment or expenses necessary or appropriate for conducting search
4347	and rescue activities.
4348	(iii) "Reimbursable expenses" do not include any salary or overtime paid to any person
4349	on a regular or permanent payroll, including permanent part-time employees of any agency of
4350	the state.
4351	(f) "Rescue" means search services, rescue services, or both search and rescue services.
4352	(2) There is created the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program within the
4353	division.
4354	(3) (a) The program shall be funded from the following revenue sources:
4355	(i) any voluntary contributions to the state received for search and rescue operations;
4356	(ii) money received by the state under Subsection (11) and under Sections 23-19-42,
4357	41-22-34, and 73-18-24; and
4358	(iii) appropriations made to the program by the Legislature.
4359	(b) All money received from the revenue sources in Subsections (3)(a)(i) and (ii) shall
4360	be deposited into the General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used solely for the purposes
4361	under this section.
4362	(c) All funding for the program is nonlapsing.
4363	(4) The director shall use the money to reimburse counties for all or a portion of each

(a) the approval of the Search and Rescue Advisory Board as provided in Section

county's reimbursable expenses for search and rescue operations, subject to:

4366	53-2a-1104;
4367	(b) money available in the program; and
4368	(c) rules made under Subsection (7).
4369	(5) Program money may not be used to reimburse for any paid personnel costs or paid
4370	man hours spent in emergency response and search and rescue related activities.
4371	(6) The Legislature finds that these funds are for a general and statewide public
4372	purpose.
4373	(7) The division, with the approval of the Search and Rescue Advisory Board, shall
4374	make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and
4375	consistent with this section:
4376	(a) specifying the costs that qualify as reimbursable expenses;
4377	(b) defining the procedures of counties to submit expenses and be reimbursed;
4378	(c) defining a participant in the assistance card program, including:
4379	(i) individuals; and
4380	(ii) families and organized groups who qualify as participants;
4381	(d) defining the procedure for issuing a card to a participant;
4382	(e) defining excluded expenses that may not be reimbursed under the program,
4383	including medical expenses;
4384	(f) establishing the card renewal cycle for the Utah Search and Rescue Assistance Card
4385	Program;
4386	(g) establishing the frequency of review of the fee schedule;
4387	(h) providing for the administration of the program; and
4388	(i) providing a formula to govern the distribution of available money among the
4389	counties for uncompensated search and rescue expenses based on:
4390	(i) the total qualifying expenses submitted;
4391	(ii) the number of search and rescue incidents per county population;
4392	(iii) the number of victims that reside outside the county; and
4393	(iv) the number of volunteer hours spent in each county in emergency response and
4394	search and rescue related activities per county population.
4395	(8) (a) The division shall, in consultation with the Outdoor Recreation Office, establish
4396	the fee schedule of the Search and Rescue Assistance Card under Subsection 63J-1-504(6).

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- (b) The division shall provide a discount of not less than 10% of the card fee under Subsection (8)(a) to a person who has paid a fee under Section 23-19-42, 41-22-34, or 73-18-24 during the same calendar year in which the person applies to be a participant in the assistance card program.
 - (9) (a) Counties may bill reimbursable expenses to an individual for costs incurred for the rescue of an individual, if the individual is not a participant in the Utah Search and Rescue Assistance Card Program.
 - (b) Counties may bill a participant for reimbursable expenses for costs incurred for the rescue of the participant if the participant is found by the rescuing county to have acted recklessly or to have intentionally created a situation resulting in the need for a county to provide rescue service for the participant.
 - (10) (a) There is created the Utah Search and Rescue Assistance Card Program. The program is located within the division.
 - (b) The program may not be utilized to cover any expenses, such as medically related expenses, that are not reimbursable expenses related to the rescue.
 - (11) (a) To participate in the program, a person shall purchase a Search and Rescue Assistance Card from the division by paying the fee as determined by the division in Subsection (8).
 - (b) The money generated by the fees shall be deposited into the General Fund as a dedicated credit for the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program created in this section.
- (c) Participation and payment of fees by a person under Sections 23-19-42, 41-22-34, and 73-18-24 do not constitute purchase of a card under this section.
 - (12) The division shall consult with the Outdoor Recreation Office regarding:
 - (a) administration of the assistance card program; and
- (b) outreach and marketing strategies.
- 4423 (13) Pursuant to Subsection 31A-1-103(7), the Utah Search and Rescue Assistance 4424 Card Program under this section is exempt from being considered [an] insurance [program 4425 under Subsection] as defined in Section 31A-1-301[(86)].
- Section 65. Section **59-7-102** is amended to read:
- 4427 **59-7-102.** Exemptions.

4428	(1) Except as provided in this section, the following are exempt from a tax under this
4429	chapter:
4430	(a) an organization exempt under Section 501, Internal Revenue Code;
4431	(b) an organization exempt under Section 528, Internal Revenue Code;
4432	(c) an insurance company that is subject to taxation on the insurance company's
4433	premiums under Chapter 9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers, regardless of whether the insurance
4434	company has a tax liability under that chapter;
4435	(d) a local building authority as defined in Section 17D-2-102;
4436	(e) a farmers' cooperative; [or]
4437	(f) a public agency, as defined in Section 11-13-103, with respect to or as a result of an
4438	ownership interest in:
4439	(i) a project, as defined in Section 11-13-103; or
4440	(ii) facilities providing additional project capacity, as defined in Section 11-13-103[-];
4441	(g) an insurance company that engages in a transaction that is subject to taxation under
4442	Section 31A-3-301 or 31A-3-302, regardless of whether the insurance company has a tax
4443	liability under that section; or
4444	(h) a captive insurance company that pays a fee under Section 31A-3-304.
4445	(2) A corporation is exempt from a tax under this chapter:
4446	(a) if the corporation is an out-of-state business as defined in Section 53-2a-1202; and
4447	(b) for income earned:
4448	(i) during a disaster period as defined in Section 53-2a-1202; and
4449	(ii) for the purpose of responding to a declared state disaster or emergency as defined
4450	in Section 53-2a-1202.
4451	(3) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts
4452	Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, a
4453	person not otherwise subject to the tax imposed by this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts
4454	Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, is
4455	not subject to a tax imposed by Section 59-7-104, 59-7-201, 59-7-701, or 59-8-104, because of:
4456	(a) that person's ownership of tangible personal property located at the premises of a
4457	printer's facility in this state with which the person has contracted for printing; or
4458	(b) the activities of the person's employees or agents who are:

4459	(i) located solely at the premises of a printer's facility; and
4460	(ii) performing services:
4461	(A) related to:
4462	(I) quality control;
4463	(II) distribution; or
4464	(III) printing services; and
4465	(B) performed by the printer's facility in this state with which the person has contracted
4466	for printing.
4467	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an organization, company, authority, farmers'
4468	cooperative, or public agency exempt from this chapter under Subsection (1) is subject to Part
4469	8, Unrelated Business Income, to the extent provided in Part 8, Unrelated Business Income.
4470	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), to the extent the income of an organization
4471	described in Subsection (1)(b) is taxable for federal tax purposes under Section 528, Internal
4472	Revenue Code, the organization's income is also taxable under this chapter.
4473	Section 66. Section 59-9-101 is amended to read:
4474	59-9-101. Tax basis Rates Exemptions Rate reductions.
4475	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), (1)(d), or (5), an admitted insurer shall
4476	pay to the commission on or before March 31 in each year, a tax of 2-1/4% of the total
4477	premiums received by it during the preceding calendar year from insurance covering property
4478	or risks located in this state.
4479	(b) This Subsection (1) does not apply to:
4480	(i) workers' compensation insurance, assessed under Subsection (2);
4481	(ii) title insurance premiums taxed under Subsection (3);
4482	(iii) annuity considerations;
4483	(iv) insurance premiums paid by an institution within the state system of higher
4484	education as specified in Section 53B-1-102; and
4485	(v) ocean marine insurance.
4486	(c) The taxable premium under this Subsection (1) shall be reduced by:
4487	(i) the premiums returned or credited to policyholders on direct business subject to tax
4488	in this state;
4489	(ii) the premiums received for reinsurance of property or risks located in this state; and

4490	(iii) the dividends, including premium reduction benefits maturing within the year:
4491	(A) paid or credited to policyholders in this state; or
4492	(B) applied in abatement or reduction of premiums due during the preceding calendar
4493	year.
4494	(d) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (1)(d):
4495	(A) "Utah variable life insurance premium" means an insurance premium paid:
4496	(I) by:
4497	(Aa) a corporation; or
4498	(Bb) a trust established or funded by a corporation; and
4499	(II) for variable life insurance covering risks located within the state.
4500	(B) "Variable life insurance" means an insurance policy that provides for life
4501	insurance, the amount or duration of which varies according to the investment experience of
4502	one or more separate accounts that are established and maintained by the insurer pursuant to
4503	Title 31A, Insurance Code.
4504	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), beginning on January 1, 2006, the tax on that
4505	portion of the total premiums subject to a tax under Subsection (1)(a) that is a Utah variable
4506	life insurance premium shall be calculated as follows:
4507	(A) 2-1/4% of the first \$100,000 of Utah variable life insurance premiums:
4508	(I) paid for each variable life insurance policy; and
4509	(II) received by the admitted insurer in the preceding calendar year; and
4510	(B) 0.08% of the Utah variable life insurance premiums that exceed \$100,000:
4511	(I) paid for the policy described in Subsection (1)(d)(ii)(A); and
4512	(II) received by the admitted insurer in the preceding calendar year.
4513	(2) (a) An admitted insurer writing workers' compensation insurance in this state,
4514	including the Workers' Compensation Fund created under Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers'
4515	Compensation Fund, shall pay to the tax commission, on or before March 31 in each year, a
4516	premium assessment on the basis of the total workers' compensation premium income received
4517	by the insurer from workers' compensation insurance in this state during the preceding calendar
4518	year as follows:
4519	(i) on or before December 31, 2010, an amount of equal to or greater than 1%, but
4520	equal to or less than 5.75% of the total workers' compensation premium income described in

4521	this	Subsection	(2))

- (ii) on and after January 1, 2011, but on or before December 31, 2017, an amount of equal to or greater than 1%, but equal to or less than 4.25% of the total workers' compensation premium income described in this Subsection (2); and
- (iii) on and after January 1, 2018, an amount equal to 1.25% of the total workers' compensation premium income described in this Subsection (2).
- (b) Total workers' compensation premium income means the net written premium as calculated before any premium reduction for any insured employer's deductible, retention, or reimbursement amounts and also those amounts equivalent to premiums as provided in Section 34A-2-202.
- (c) The percentage of premium assessment applicable for a calendar year shall be determined by the Labor Commission under Subsection (2)(d). The total premium income shall be reduced in the same manner as provided in Subsections (1)(c)(i) and (1)(c)(ii), but not as provided in Subsection (1)(c)(iii). The commission shall promptly remit from the premium assessment collected under this Subsection (2):
- (i) income to the state treasurer for credit to the Employers' Reinsurance Fund created under Subsection 34A-2-702(1) as follows:
- (A) on or before December 31, 2009, an amount of up to 5% of the total workers' compensation premium income;
- (B) on and after January 1, 2010, but on or before December 31, 2010, an amount of up to 4.5% of the total workers' compensation premium income;
- (C) on and after January 1, 2011, but on or before December 31, 2017, an amount of up to 3% of the total workers' compensation premium income; and
- (D) on and after January 1, 2018, 0% of the total workers' compensation premium income;
- (ii) an amount equal to 0.25% of the total workers' compensation premium income to the state treasurer for credit to the Workplace Safety Account created by Section 34A-2-701;
- (iii) an amount of up to 0.5% and any remaining assessed percentage of the total workers' compensation premium income to the state treasurer for credit to the Uninsured Employers' Fund created under Section 34A-2-704; and
- 4551 (iv) beginning on January 1, 2010, 0.5% of the total workers' compensation premium

income to the state treasurer for credit to the Industrial Accident Restricted Account created in Section 34A-2-705.

- (d) (i) The Labor Commission shall determine the amount of the premium assessment for each year on or before each October 15 of the preceding year. The Labor Commission shall make this determination following a public hearing. The determination shall be based upon the recommendations of a qualified actuary.
- (ii) The actuary shall recommend a premium assessment rate sufficient to provide payments of benefits and expenses from the Employers' Reinsurance Fund and to project a funded condition with assets greater than liabilities by no later than June 30, 2025.
- (iii) The actuary shall recommend a premium assessment rate sufficient to provide payments of benefits and expenses from the Uninsured Employers' Fund and to maintain it at a funded condition with assets equal to or greater than liabilities.
- (iv) At the end of each fiscal year the minimum approximate assets in the Employers' Reinsurance Fund shall be \$5,000,000 which amount shall be adjusted each year beginning in 1990 by multiplying by the ratio that the total workers' compensation premium income for the preceding calendar year bears to the total workers' compensation premium income for the calendar year 1988.
- (v) The requirements of Subsection (2)(d)(iv) cease when the future annual disbursements from the Employers' Reinsurance Fund are projected to be less than the calculations of the corresponding future minimum required assets. The Labor Commission shall, after a public hearing, determine if the future annual disbursements are less than the corresponding future minimum required assets from projections provided by the actuary.
- (vi) At the end of each fiscal year the minimum approximate assets in the Uninsured Employers' Fund shall be \$2,000,000, which amount shall be adjusted each year beginning in 1990 by multiplying by the ratio that the total workers' compensation premium income for the preceding calendar year bears to the total workers' compensation premium income for the calendar year 1988.
- (e) A premium assessment that is to be transferred into the General Fund may be collected on premiums received from Utah public agencies.
- (3) An admitted insurer writing title insurance in this state shall pay to the commission, on or before March 31 in each year, a tax of .45% of the total premium received by either the

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- insurer or by its agents during the preceding calendar year from title insurance concerning property located in this state. In calculating this tax, "premium" includes the charges made to an insured under or to an applicant for a policy or contract of title insurance for:
 - (a) the assumption by the title insurer of the risks assumed by the issuance of the policy or contract of title insurance; and
 - (b) abstracting title, title searching, examining title, or determining the insurability of title, and every other activity, exclusive of escrow, settlement, or closing charges, whether denominated premium or otherwise, made by a title insurer, an agent of a title insurer, a title insurance producer, or any of them.
 - (4) Beginning July 1, 1986, a former county mutual and a former mutual benefit association shall pay the premium tax or assessment due under this chapter. Premiums received after July 1, 1986, shall be considered in determining the tax or assessment.
 - (5) The following insurers are not subject to the premium tax on health care insurance that would otherwise be applicable under Subsection (1):
 - (a) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
 - (b) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
 - (c) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
 - (d) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals;
 - (e) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
- 4605 (f) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 13, Employee Welfare Funds and 4606 Plans; and
 - (g) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers.
 - (6) A captive insurer, as provided in Section 31A-3-304, that pays a fee imposed under Section 31A-3-304 is not subject to the premium tax under this section.
 - [(6)] (7) An insurer issuing multiple policies to an insured may not artificially allocate the premiums among the policies for purposes of reducing the aggregate premium tax or assessment applicable to the policies.
- 4613 [(7)] (8) The retaliatory provisions of Title 31A, Chapter 3, Department Funding, Fees,

4014	and Taxes, apply to the tax of assessment imposed under this chapter.
4615	Section 67. Section 63G-2-302 is amended to read:
4616	63G-2-302. Private records.
4617	(1) The following records are private:
4618	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,
4619	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
4620	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,
4621	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
4622	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records
4623	identify a patron;
4624	(d) records received by or generated by or for:
4625	(i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:
4626	(A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule; and
4627	(B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or
4628	(ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics complaints,
4629	unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule;
4630	(e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch
4631	Ethics Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14, Review
4632	of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints;
4633	(f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning
4634	character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
4635	(i) if, prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the records:
4636	(A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by the
4637	committee; or
4638	(B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or
4639	impartial hearing; and
4640	(ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
4641	(g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for
4642	employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home address,
4643	home telephone number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll
4644	deductions;

4645 (h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former 4646 employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section: 4647 (i) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number or federal employer 4648 identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202, 31A-26-202, 4649 58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203; 4650 (i) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's: 4651 (i) driver license or identification card number; 4652 (ii) Social Security number, or last four digits of the Social Security number: 4653 (iii) email address; or 4654 (iv) date of birth; 4655 (k) a voter registration record that is classified as a private record by the lieutenant 4656 governor or a county clerk under Subsection 20A-2-104(4)(f) or 20A-2-101.1(5)(a); 4657 (1) a record that: 4658 (i) contains information about an individual; 4659 (ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and 4660 (iii) goes into an electronic database that: 4661 (A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information 4662 Officer: and 4663 (B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically 4664 retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction with a state agency; 4665 (m) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under: 4666 (i) Subsection 31A-23a-115[(2)](3)(a); (ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302[(3)](4); or 4667 4668 (iii) Subsection 31A-26-210[(3)](4); 4669 (n) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapter 4670 40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems; 4671 (o) information provided by an offender that is: 4672 (i) required by the registration requirements of Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex and Kidnap 4673 Offender Registry; and 4674 (ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection 77-41-110(4); 4675 (p) a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general in

- 4676 accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing involves 4677 homeland security; 4678 (a) electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected under 4679 Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815 received or 4680 collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment information and customer 4681 travel data; 4682 (r) an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section 4683 20A-16-501: 4684 (s) a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under Title 4685 20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act; 4686 (t) records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review 4687 Commission established in Section 11-49-201, except for: 4688 (i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 11-49-202; and 4689 (ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 4690 49, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission; 4691 (u) a record described in Subsection 53A-11a-203(3) that verifies that a parent was 4692 notified of an incident or threat; and 4693 (v) a criminal background check or credit history report conducted in accordance with 4694 Section 63A-3-201. 4695 (2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity: 4696 (a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment 4697 with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status information 4698 such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are public under Subsection 4699 63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under Subsection (1)(b): 4700 (b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public: 4701 (i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2); 4702 (ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying with 4703 a financial assurance requirement; or
- 4705 (c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would 4706 conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;

(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;

- (d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
 - (e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
 - (f) any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services, created in Section 62A-3-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the identity of a person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult; and
 - (g) audio and video recordings created by a body-worn camera, as defined in Section 77-7a-103, that record sound or images inside a home or residence except for recordings that:
 - (i) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
 - (ii) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
 - (iii) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
 - (iv) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Section 76-2-408(1)(d); or
 - (v) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording.
 - (3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports, records, statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
 - (b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics, doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section 63G-2-304 when the records are sought:
 - (i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
 - (ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any party relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
- (c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the medical

4738	records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.
4739	Section 68. Repealer.
4740	This bill repeals:
4741	Section 31A-22-715, Alcohol and drug dependency treatment.
4742	Section 31A-22-718, Dependent coverage.
4742a	Ĥ→ Section 31A-34-101, Title.
4742b	Section 31A-34-102, Purpose and intent Legislative findings.
4742c	Section 31A-34-103, Definitions.
4742d	Section 31A-34-104, Alliance Required license.
4742e	Section 31A-34-105, Association requirements.
4742f	Section 31A-34-106, Jurisdiction of the commissioner.
4742g	Section 31A-34-107, Directors, trustees, and officers.
4742h	Section 31A-34-108, Powers of and restrictions on alliances.
4742i	Section 31A-34-109, Operation of alliances.
4742j	Section 31A-34-110, Contracts with member employers and contracted insurers.
4742k	Section 31A-34-111, Alliance evaluation. $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
4743	Section 31A-37-306, Conversion or merger.
4744	Section 69. Retrospective operation.
4745	(1) The amendments in this bill to Section 31A-3-102 and Section 59-7-102 have
4746	retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2017 $\hat{S} \rightarrow [$, except that the
4747	amendments to Subsections 31A-3-102(2)(b) and 59-7-102(1)(g) have retrospective operation
4748	for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2011 $\leftarrow \hat{S}$.
4749	(2) The amendments in this bill to Section 59-9-101 have retrospective operation to
4750	January 1, 2017.