Representative John R. Westwood proposes the following substitute bill:

1	<b>ELECTION LAW - FILING AMENDMENTS</b>
2	2017 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: John R. Westwood
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses certain candidate filings for office.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>changes from the lieutenant governor to the state court administrator, the individual</li> </ul>
13	with whom a judge is required to file for candidacy;
14	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [ \rightarrow \text{ changes the dates by which an unaffiliated candidate is required to submit a}]$
15	certificate of nomination and a nomination petition;
16	
17	before the unaffiliated candidate collects signatures for a candidate nomination
18	petition;] ←Ĥ and
19	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
25	AMENDS:



26	Ĥ→ [-20A-9-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 28
27	20A-9-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 253 and 317
28	20A-9-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 317] ←Ĥ
29	20A-12-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 207
30	78A-12-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 80
31	
32	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
33	Ĥ→ [Section 1. Section 20A-9-201 is amended to read:
34	20A-9-201. Declarations of candidacy Candidacy for more than one office or of
35	more than one political party prohibited with exceptions General filing and form
36	requirements Affidavit of impecuniosity.
37	(1) Before filing a declaration of candidacy for election to any office, [a person] an
38	individual shall:
39	(a) be a United States citizen;
40	(b) meet the legal requirements of that office; and
41	(c) if seeking a registered political party's nomination as a candidate for elective office,
42	state:
43	(i) the registered political party of which the [person] individual is a member; or
44	(ii) that the [person] individual is not a member of a registered political party.
45	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an individual may not:
46	(i) file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more than one office in
<b>47</b>	Utah during any election year;
48	(ii) appear on the ballot as the candidate of more than one political party; or
49	(iii) file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political party of which the
50	individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political party permits
51	otherwise in the registered political party's bylaws.
52	(b) (i) [A person] An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a
53	candidate for, president or vice president of the United States and another office, if the [person]
54	individual resigns the [person's] individual's candidacy for the other office after the [person]
55	individual is officially nominated for president or vice president of the United States.
56	(ii) [A person] An individual may file a [declaration] notice of candidacy described in

57 - Section 20A-12-201 for, or be a candidate for, more than one justice court judge office. (iii) [A person] An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for lieutenant **58** governor even if the [person] individual filed a declaration of candidacy for another office in 59 **60** the same election year if the [person] individual withdraws as a candidate for the other office in accordance with Subsection 20A-9-202(6) before filing the declaration of candidacy for 61 **62** lieutenant governor. 63 (3) (a) (i) Except for presidential candidates, before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy, the filing officer shall: 64 (A) read to the prospective candidate the constitutional and statutory qualification 65 requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; and 66 67 (B) require the candidate to state whether the candidate meets those requirements. 68 (ii) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county attorney, the 69 county clerk shall ensure that the [person] individual filing that declaration of candidacy is: **70** (A) a United States citizen; (B) an attorney licensed to practice law in Utah who is an active member in good 71 72 standing of the Utah State Bar; (C) a registered voter in the county in which the [person] individual is seeking office; **73 74** and **75** (D) a current resident of the county in which the [person] individual is seeking office and either has been a resident of that county for at least one year or was appointed and is **76** 77 currently serving as county attorney and became a resident of the county within 30 days after **78** appointment to the office. **79** (iii) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of district attorney, the 80 county clerk shall ensure that, as of the date of the election, the [person] individual filing that 81 declaration of candidacy is: **82** (A) a United States citizen; 83 (B) an attorney licensed to practice law in Utah who is an active member in good standing of the Utah State Bar; 84 (C) a registered voter in the prosecution district in which the [person] individual is 85 seeking office; and 86 87 (D) a current resident of the prosecution district in which the [person] individual is

88	• seeking office and either will have been a resident of that prosecution district for at least one
89	year as of the date of the election or was appointed and is currently serving as district attorney
90	and became a resident of the prosecution district within 30 days after receiving appointment to
91	the office.
92	(iv) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county sheriff, the
93	county clerk shall ensure that the [person] individual filing the declaration of candidacy:
94	(A) as of the date of filing:
95	(I) is a United States citizen;
96	(II) is a registered voter in the county in which the [person] individual seeks office;
97	(III) (Aa) has successfully met the standards and training requirements established for
98	law enforcement officers under Title 53, Chapter 6, Part 2, Peace Officer Training and
99	Certification Act; or
100	(Bb) has met the waiver requirements in Section 53-6-206; and
101	(IV) is qualified to be certified as a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section
102	<del>53-13-103; and</del>
103	(B) as of the date of the election, shall have been a resident of the county in which the
104	[person] individual seeks office for at least one year.
105	(v) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of governor, lieutenant
106	governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state legislator, or State Board of
107	Education member, the filing officer shall ensure:
108	(A) that the [person] individual filing the declaration of candidacy also files the
109	financial disclosure required by Section 20A-11-1603; and
110	(B) if the filing officer is not the lieutenant governor, that the financial disclosure is
111	provided to the lieutenant governor according to the procedures and requirements of Section
112	<del>20A-11-1603.</del>
113	(b) If the prospective candidate states that the qualification requirements for the office
114	are not met, the filing officer may not accept the prospective candidate's declaration of
115	candidacy.
116	(c) If the candidate meets the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) and states that the
117	requirements of candidacy are met, the filing officer shall:
118	(i) inform the candidate that: 3

119 (A) the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as the candidate's name is written on 120 the declaration of candidacy; 121 (B) the candidate may be required to comply with state or local campaign finance 122 disclosure laws; and 123 (C) the candidate is required to file a financial statement before the candidate's political convention under: 124 125 (I) Section 20A-11-204 for a candidate for constitutional office; (II) Section 20A-11-303 for a candidate for the Legislature; or 126 127 (III) local campaign finance disclosure laws, if applicable; 128 (ii) except for a presidential candidate, provide the candidate with a copy of the current campaign financial disclosure laws for the office the candidate is seeking and inform the 129 130 candidate that failure to comply will result in disqualification as a candidate and removal of the 131 candidate's name from the ballot; 132 (iii) provide the candidate with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the candidate of the submission 133 134 deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a); (iv) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices 135 136 described under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that: 137 (A) signing the pledge is voluntary; and (B) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer; 138 (v) accept the candidate's declaration of candidacy; and 139 (vi) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the 140 141 declaration of candidacy to the chair of the county or state political party of which the 142 candidate is a member. 143 (d) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing 144 officer shall: 145 (i) accept the candidate's pledge; and (ii) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the 146 candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the candidate is a 147 148 member. 149 (4) (a) Except for presidential candidates, the form of the declaration of candidacy

150	- <del>O shall:</del>
151	(i) be substantially as follows:
152	
153	
154	nomination of the party. I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the qualifications to
155	hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at
156	in the City or Town of, Utah, Zip Code Phone No; I will not
157	knowingly violate any law governing campaigns and elections; I will file all campaign
158	financial disclosure reports as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so
159	will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this office and removal of my name
160	from the ballot. The mailing address that I designate for receiving official election
161	notices is
162	
163	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).
164	Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath)."; and
165	(ii) require the candidate to state, in the sworn statement described in Subsection
166	<del>(4)(a)(i):</del>
167	(A) the registered political party of which the candidate is a member; or
168	(B) that the candidate is not a member of a registered political party.
169	(b) An agent designated to file a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-202
170	may not sign the form described in Subsection (4)(a).
171	(5) (a) Except for presidential candidates, the fee for filing a declaration of candidacy
172	<del>is:</del>
173	(i) \$50 for candidates for the local school district board; and
174	(ii) \$50 plus 1/8 of 1% of the total salary for the full term of office legally paid to the
175	person holding the office for all other federal, state, and county offices.
176	(b) Except for presidential candidates, the filing officer shall refund the filing fee to
177	any candidate:
178	(i) who is disqualified; or
179	(ii) who the filing officer determines has filed improperly.
180	(e) (i) The county clerk shall immediately pay to the county treasurer all fees received 😂

181	₩ Irom candidates.
182	(ii) The lieutenant governor shall:
183	(A) apportion to and pay to the county treasurers of the various counties all fees
184	received for filing of nomination certificates or acceptances; and
185	(B) ensure that each county receives that proportion of the total amount paid to the
186	lieutenant governor from the congressional district that the total vote of that county for all
187	candidates for representative in Congress bears to the total vote of all counties within the
188	congressional district for all candidates for representative in Congress.
189	(d) (i) [A person] An individual who is unable to pay the filing fee may file a
190	declaration of candidacy without payment of the filing fee upon a prima facie showing of
191	impecuniosity as evidenced by an affidavit of impecuniosity filed with the filing officer and, if
192	requested by the filing officer, a financial statement filed at the time the affidavit is submitted.
193	(ii) [A person] An individual who is able to pay the filing fee may not claim
194	impecuniosity.
195	(iii) (A) False statements made on an affidavit of impecuniosity or a financial
196	statement filed under this section shall be subject to the criminal penalties provided under
197	Sections 76-8-503 and 76-8-504 and any other applicable criminal provision.
198	(B) Conviction of a criminal offense under Subsection (5)(d)(iii)(A) shall be
199	considered an offense under this title for the purposes of assessing the penalties provided in
200	Subsection 20A-1-609(2).
201	(iv) The filing officer shall ensure that the affidavit of impecuniosity is printed in
202	substantially the following form:
203	"Affidavit of Impecuniosity
204	Individual Name
205	Address
206	Phone Number
207	I,(name), do solemnly [swear] [affirm], under penalty of law
208	for false statements, that, owing to my poverty, I am unable to pay the filing fee required by
209	<del>law.</del>
210	DateSignature
211	Affiant 😌

<del>(sig</del>
Name and Title of Officer Authorized to Administer Oath
(v) The filing officer shall provide to [a person] an individual who requests an affidavit
of impecuniosity a statement printed in substantially the following form, which may be
included on the affidavit of impecuniosity:
"Filing a false statement is a criminal offense. In accordance with Section 20A-1-609, a
candidate who is found guilty of filing a false statement, in addition to being subject to criminal
penalties, will be removed from the ballot."
(vi) The filing officer may request that [a person] an individual who makes a claim of
impecuniosity under this Subsection (5)(d) file a financial statement on a form prepared by the
election official.
(6) (a) If there is no legislative appropriation for the Western States Presidential
Primary election, as provided in Part 8, Western States Presidential Primary, a candidate for
president of the United States who is affiliated with a registered political party and chooses to
participate in the regular primary election shall:
(i) file a declaration of candidacy, in person or via a designated agent, with the
lieutenant governor:
(A) on a form developed and provided by the lieutenant governor; and
(B) on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in
March before the next regular primary election;
(ii) identify the registered political party whose nomination the candidate is seeking;
(iii) provide a letter from the registered political party certifying that the candidate may
participate as a candidate for that party in that party's presidential primary election; and
(iv) pay the filing fee of \$500.
(b) An agent designated to file a declaration of candidacy may not sign the form
described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)(A).
(7) [Any person] An individual who fails to file a declaration of candidacy or
certificate of nomination within the time provided in this chapter is ineligible for nomination to

(8) A declaration of candidacy filed under this section may not be amended or
modified after the final date established for filing a declaration of candidacy.
Section 2. Section 20A-9-502 is amended to read:
20A-9-502. Certificate of nomination Contents Circulation Verification
Criminal penalty.
[(1) The candidate shall:]
[(a) prepare a certificate of nomination in substantially the following form:]
(1) (a) An individual seeking to qualify for the regular general election ballot as an
unaffiliated candidate shall, on or after the first business day and on or before the fifth business
day in January of the regular general election year:
(i) file a certificate of nomination, in person with the appropriate filing officer, in
substantially the following form:
"State of Utah, County of
I,, declare my intention of becoming an unaffiliated candidate for the
political group designated as for the office of I do solemnly swear that I can
qualify to hold that office both legally and constitutionally if selected, and that I reside at
Street, in the city of, county of, state of, zip code, phone, and
that I am providing, or have provided, the required number of holographic signatures of
registered voters required by law; that as a candidate at the next election I will not knowingly
violate any election or campaign law; I will file all campaign financial disclosure reports as
required by law; and I understand that failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a
candidate for this office and removal of my name from the ballot.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this(month\day\year)
Notary Public (or other officer
qualified to administer oaths)"; and
[(b) bind signature sheets to the certificate that:]
(ii) pay the filing fee.
(b) An agent designated to file a certificate of nomination under Subsection
20A-9-503(4) may not sign a nomination certificate described in Subsection (1)(a).

(c) A filing officer with whom an individual files a certificate of nomination under
Subsection (1)(a) shall provide the individual with one copy of:
(i) a signature sheet described in Subsection (3)(a); and
(ii) the verification described in Subsection (3)(b).
(2) (a) After filing the certificate of nomination described in Subsection (1), an
individual seeking to qualify for the general election ballot as an unaffiliated candidate shall
circulate a nomination petition that complies with the requirements of this section.
(b) An individual may not circulate a nomination petition before the individual files a
certificate of nomination under Subsection (1).
(3) A nomination petition that an individual circulates under this section shall:
(a) contain signature sheets, bound to a copy of the proposed candidate's nomination
<del>certificate, that:</del>
(i) are printed on sheets of paper 8-1/2 inches long and 11 inches wide;
(ii) are ruled with a horizontal line 3/4 inch from the top, with the space above that line
blank for the purpose of binding;
(iii) contain the name of the proposed candidate and the words "Unaffiliated Candidate
Certificate of Nomination Petition" printed directly below the horizontal line;
(iv) contain the word "Warning" printed directly under the words described in
Subsection [(1)(b)(iii)] (3)(a)(iii);
(v) contain, to the right of the word "Warning," the following statement printed in not
less than eight-point, single leaded type:
["It is a class A misdemeanor for anyone to knowingly sign a certificate of nomination
signature sheet with any name other than the person's own name or more than once for the
same candidate or if the person is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend to
become registered to vote in this state before the county clerk certifies the signatures.";]
"It is a class A misdemeanor for an individual to knowingly sign a candidate
nomination petition with a name other than the individual's own name, or knowingly sign the
individual's name more than once for the same candidate, or to sign a candidate nomination
petition if the individual knows the individual is not a registered voter and does not intend to
become registered to vote before the certification of petition names by the county clerk.";
(vi) contain the following statement directly under the statement described in <b>②</b>

305	<b>♦</b> Subsection [(1)(b)(v)] (3)(a)(v):
306	"Each signer says:
307	I have personally signed this petition with a holographic signature;
308	I am registered to vote in Utah or intend to become registered to vote in Utah before the
309	county clerk certifies my signature; and
310	[My] I have written my street address [is written] correctly after my name.";
311	(vii) contain horizontally ruled lines, 3/8 inch apart under the statement described in
312	Subsection [(1)(b)(vi)] (3)(a)(vi); and
313	(viii) be vertically divided into columns as follows:
314	(A) the first column shall appear at the extreme left of the sheet, be 5/8 inch wide, be
315	headed with "For Office Use Only," and be subdivided with a light vertical line down the
316	middle;
317	(B) the next column shall be 2-1/2 inches wide, headed "Registered Voter's Printed
318	Name (must be legible to be counted)";
319	(C) the next column shall be 2-1/2 inches wide, headed "Holographic Signature of
320	Registered Voter";
321	(D) the next column shall be one inch wide, headed "Birth Date or Age (Optional)";
322	(E) the final column shall be 4-3/8 inches wide, headed "Street Address, City, Zip
323	Code"; and
324	(F) at the bottom of the sheet, contain the following statement: "Birth date or age
325	information is not required[,] but [it] may be used to verify your identity with voter registration
326	records. If you choose not to provide [it] this information, your signature may not be certified
327	as a valid signature if you change your address before petition signatures are certified or if the
328	information you provide does not match your voter registration records."; and
329	[(c) bind a final page]
330	(b) except as provided in Subsection (4), contain a final page, bound to one or more
331	signature sheets that are bound together, that contains[, except as provided by Subsection (3),]
332	the following printed statement:
333	"Verification
334	State of Utah, County of
335	I,, of, hereby state that: 3

336	<b>○</b> I am a Utah resident and am at least 18 years old;
337	All the names that appear on the signature sheets bound to this page were signed by
338	persons who professed to be the persons whose names appear on the signature sheets, and each
339	of them signed the person's name on the signature sheets in my presence;
340	I believe that each has printed and signed the person's name and written the person's
341	street address correctly, and that each signer is registered to vote in Utah or will register to vote
342	in Utah before the county clerk certifies the signatures on the signature sheet.
343	
344	(Signature) (Residence Address) (Date)".
345	[(2) An agent designated to file a certificate of nomination under Subsection
346	20A-9-503(4) may not sign the form described in Subsection (1)(a).]
347	[(3)] (4) (a) The candidate shall circulate the nomination petition and ensure that the
348	[person] individual in whose presence each signature sheet is signed:
349	(i) is at least 18 years old;
350	(ii) except as provided by Subsection [(3)] (4)(b), meets the residency requirements of
351	Section 20A-2-105; and
352	(iii) verifies each signature sheet by completing the verification bound to one or more
353	signature sheets that are bound together.
354	(b) [A person] An individual who is not a resident may sign the verification on a
355	petition for an unaffiliated candidate for the office of president of the United States.
356	(c) [A person] An individual may not sign the verification if the [person] individual
357	signed a signature sheet bound to the verification.
358	[(4)] (5) (a) It is unlawful for [any person] an individual to:
359	(i) knowingly sign a certificate of nomination signature sheet:
360	(A) with [any] a name other than the [person's] individual's own name;
361	(B) more than once for the same candidate; or
362	(C) if the [person] individual is not [registered to vote in this state] a registered voter
363	and does not intend to become registered to vote [in this state] before the county clerk certifies
364	the <u>petition</u> signatures; or
365	(ii) sign the verification of a certificate of nomination signature sheet if the [person]
366	<u>individual</u> : ♥

307	(A) except as provided by Subsection [(3)] (4)(b), does not incertific residency
368	requirements of Section 20A-2-105;
369	(B) has not witnessed the signing by [those persons] the individuals whose names
370	appear on the certificate of nomination signature sheet; or
371	(C) knows that [a person] an individual whose signature appears on the certificate of
372	nomination signature sheet is not [registered to vote in this state] a registered voter and does
373	not intend to become registered to vote [in this state].
374	(b) [Any person violating] A person who violates this Subsection [(4)] (5) is guilty of a
375	class A misdemeanor.
376	[(5)] (6) (a) The candidate shall submit the petition [and signature sheets] to the
377	[county clerk] election officer for certification [when the petition has been completed] after the
378	petition is signed by:
379	(i) at least 1,000 registered voters residing within the state, when the nomination is for
380	[an office to be filled by the voters of the entire state] a statewide office; or
381	[(ii) at least]
382	(ii) when the petition is to nominate an individual for an office other than a statewide
383	office, at least the lesser of:
384	(A) 300 registered voters residing within [a political division] the jurisdiction or
385	district that the candidate is running to represent; or [at least]
386	(B) 5% of the registered voters residing within [a political division, whichever is less,
387	when the nomination is for an office to be filled by the voters of any political division smaller
388	than the state] the jurisdiction or district that the candidate is running to represent.
389	(b) [In reviewing the petition, the county clerk] No later than 14 days after the deadline
390	described in Subsection 20A-9-503(1), the election officer shall count and certify [only those
391	persons who signed the petition with a holographic signature] the petition signatures of
392	individuals who:
393	(i) are registered voters;
394	(ii) if the petition is to nominate an individual for an office other than a statewide
395	office, reside within the [political division that the candidate seeks to represent] jurisdiction or
396	district that the candidate is running to represent; and
397	[(ii)] (iii) did not sign any other certificate of nomination for that office. •

398	(e) The candidate may supplement or amend the certificate of nomination at any time
399	on or before the filing deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-503(1).
400	Section 3. Section 20A-9-503 is amended to read:
401	20A-9-503. Certificate of nomination Filing Fees.
402	(1) [After the certificate of nomination has been certified, executed, and acknowledged
403	by the county clerk, the] An individual who seeks to qualify for the regular general election
404	ballot as an unaffiliated candidate shall[: (a) between the second Friday in March and], before
405	the close of normal office hours on the [third Thursday] last business day in March of the year
406	in which the regular general election will be held[, file the petition in person with]:
407	[(i) the lieutenant governor, if the office the candidate seeks is a constitutional office or
408	a federal office; or]
409	[(ii) the county clerk, if the office the candidate seeks is a county office; and]
410	(a) file the nomination petition described in Section 20A-9-502 with the filling officer;
411	<del>and</del>
412	[(iii)] (b) pay the filing fee[; or].
413	[(b) not later than the close of normal office hours on June 15 of any odd-numbered
414	year, file the petition in person with:
415	[(i) the municipal clerk, if the candidate seeks an office in a city or town;]
416	[(ii) the local district clerk, if the candidate seeks an office in a local district; and]
417	[(iii) pay the filing fee.]
418	(2) (a) At the time of filing, and before accepting the petition, the filing officer shall
419	read the constitutional and statutory requirements for candidacy to the candidate.
420	(b) If the candidate states that [he] the candidate does not meet the requirements, the
421	filing officer may not accept the petition.
422	(3) (a) [Persons] An individual filing a certificate of nomination for president of the
423	United States under this section shall pay a filing fee of \$500.
424	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), [a person filing] an individual who files a
425	certificate of nomination for president or vice president of the United States:
426	(i) may file the certificate of nomination [between the second Friday in March and] or
427	the nomination petition before the close of normal office hours on August 15 of the year in
428	which the regular general election will be held; and 😂

429	(11) may use a designated agent to file the certificate of nomination or the nomination
430	petition.
431	(c) An agent designated to file the certificate of nomination may not sign the certificate
432	of nomination form.
433	(4) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (1) to file a certificate of
434	nomination or a nomination petition in person, [a person] an individual may designate an agent
435	to file the certificate of nomination or nomination petition in person with the filing officer if:
436	(a) the [person] individual is located outside the state during the filing period because:
437	(i) of employment with the state or the United States; or
438	(ii) the [person] individual is a member of:
439	(A) the active or reserve components of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or
440	Coast Guard of the United States who is on active duty;
441	(B) the Merchant Marine, the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service, or the
442	commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration of the United
443	States; or
444	(C) the National Guard on activated status; and
445	(b) the [person] individual communicates with the filing officer using an electronic
446	device that allows the person and the filing officer to see and hear each other.] ←H
147	Section 4. Section <b>20A-12-201</b> is amended to read:
148	20A-12-201. Judicial appointees Retention elections.
149	(1) (a) Each judicial appointee to a court is subject to an unopposed retention election
450	at the first general election held more than three years after the judge or justice was appointed.
451	(b) After the first retention election:
452	(i) each Supreme Court justice shall be on the regular general election ballot for an
453	unopposed retention election every tenth year; and
454	(ii) each judge of other courts shall be on the regular general election ballot for an
455	unopposed retention election every sixth year.
456	(2) (a) Each justice or judge of a court of record who wishes to retain office shall, in
457	the year in which the justice or judge is subject to a retention election[:], file a notice of
458	candidacy with the state court administrator in a form approved by the state court
159	administrator.

460	[(i) file a declaration of candidacy with the lieutenant governor, or with the county
461	clerk in the candidate's county of residence, within the period beginning on April 1 and ending
462	at 5 p.m. on April 15 in the year of a regular general election; and]
463	[(ii) pay a filing fee of \$50.]
464	[(b) (i) Each justice court judge who wishes to retain office shall, in the year the justice
465	court judge is subject to a retention election:
466	[(A) file a declaration of candidacy with the lieutenant governor, or with the county
467	clerk in the candidate's county of residence, within the period beginning on April 1 and ending
468	at 5 p.m. on April 15 in the year of a regular general election; and]
469	[(B) pay a filing fee of \$25 for each judicial office.]
470	[(ii) If a justice court judge is appointed or elected to more than one judicial office, the
471	declaration of candidacy shall identify all of the courts included in the same general election.]
472	[(iii) If a justice court judge is appointed or elected to more than one judicial office,
473	filing a declaration of candidacy in one county in which one of those courts is located is valid
474	for the courts in any other county.]
475	(b) The state court administrator shall, no later than July 15 of a year in which a regular
476	general election is held, transmit to the lieutenant governor a certified list of judges, including
477	each judge's judicial office, who:
478	(i) are subject to a retention election under Subsection (1) that year; and
479	(ii) file a notice of candidacy described in Subsection (2)(a).
480	(3) (a) The lieutenant governor shall, no later than August 31 of each regular general
481	election year:
482	(i) transmit [a certified list containing the names of the justices of the Supreme Court
483	and judges of the Court of Appeals declaring their candidacy to the county clerk of each
484	county; and] the name of each judge on the certified list described in Subsection (2)(b) to the
485	county clerk of the county in which the judge is subject to a retention election.
486	[(ii) transmit a certified list containing the names of judges of other courts declaring
487	their candidacy to the county clerk of each county in the geographic division in which the judge
488	filing the declaration holds office.]
489	(b) Each county clerk shall place the names of justices and judges standing for
490	retention election in the nonpartisan section of the ballot.

## 02-17-17 4:33 PM

491	(4) (a) At the general election, the ballots shall contain, as to each justice or judge of
492	any court to be voted on in the county, the following question:
493	"Shall(name of justice or judge) be retained in the
494	office of? (name of office, such as "Justice of the Supreme
495	Court of Utah"; "Judge of the Court of Appeals of Utah"; "Judge of the District Court of the
496	Third Judicial District"; "Judge of the Juvenile Court of the Fourth Juvenile Court District";
497	"Justice Court Judge of (name of county) County or (name of municipality)")
498	Yes ()
499	No ()."
500	(b) If a justice court exists by means of an interlocal agreement under Section
501	78A-7-102, the ballot question for the judge shall include the name of that court.
502	(5) (a) If the justice or judge receives more yes votes than no votes, the justice or judge
503	is retained for the term of office provided by law.
504	(b) If the justice or judge does not receive more yes votes than no votes, the justice or
505	judge is not retained, and a vacancy exists in the office on the first Monday in January after the
506	regular general election.
507	(6) A justice or judge not retained is ineligible for appointment to the office for which
508	the justice or judge was defeated until after the expiration of that term of office.
509	(7) If a justice court judge is standing for retention for more than one office, the county
510	clerk shall place the judge's name on the ballot separately for each office. If the justice court
511	judge receives more no votes than yes votes in one office, but more yes votes than no votes in
512	the other, the justice court judge shall be retained only in the office for which the judge
513	received more yes votes than no votes.
514	Section 5. Section <b>78A-12-206</b> is amended to read:
515	78A-12-206. Publication of the judicial performance evaluation Response by
516	judge.
517	(1) (a) The commission shall compile a retention report of its judicial performance
518	evaluation of a judge.
519	(b) The report of a judicial performance evaluation nearest the judge's next scheduled
520	retention election shall be provided to the judge at least 45 days before the last day on which
521	the judge may file a [declaration of the judge's] notice of candidacy [in] described in Section

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Commission;

522	20A-12-201 for the retention election.
523	(c) A report prepared in accordance with Subsection (1)(b) and information obtained in
524	connection with the evaluation becomes a public record under Title 63G, Chapter 2,
525	Government Records Access and Management Act, on the day following the last day on which
526	the judge who is the subject of the report may file a declaration of the judge's candidacy in the
527	judge's scheduled retention election if the judge declares the judge's candidacy for the retention
528	election.
529	(d) Information collected and a report that is not public under Subsection (1)(c) is a
530	protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
531	Act.
532	(2) Within 15 days of receiving a copy of the commission's report under Subsection
533	(1)(b):
534	(a) a judge who is the subject of an unfavorable retention recommendation under this
535	section may:
536	(i) provide a written response to the commission about the report; and
537	(ii) request an interview with the commission for the purpose of addressing the report;
538	and
539	(b) a judge who is the subject of a favorable retention recommendation under this
540	section may provide a written response to the commission about the commission's report.
541	(3) (a) After receiving a response from a judge in any form allowed by Subsection (2),
542	the commission may meet and reconsider its decision to recommend the judge not be retained.
543	(b) If the commission does not change its decision to recommend the judge not be
544	retained, the judge may provide a written statement, not to exceed 100 words, that shall be
545	included in the commission's report.
546	(4) The retention report of a judicial performance evaluation shall include:
547	(a) the results of the judicial performance survey, in both raw and summary form;
548	(b) information concerning the judge's compliance with the minimum performance
549	standards;
550	(c) information concerning any public discipline that a judge has received that is not

subject to restrictions on disclosure under Title 78A, Chapter 11, Judicial Conduct

## 02-17-17 4:33 PM

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553	(d) a narrative concerning the judge's performance;
554	(e) the commission's recommendation concerning whether the judge should be
555	retained, or the statement required of the commission if it declines to make a recommendation;
556	(f) the number of votes for and against the commission's recommendation; and
557	(g) any other information the commission considers appropriate to include in the
558	report.
559	(5) (a) The commission may not include in its retention report specific information
560	concerning an earlier judicial performance evaluation.
561	(b) The commission may refer to information from an earlier judicial performance
562	evaluation concerning the judge in the commission's report only if the reference is in general
563	terms.
564	(6) The retention report of the commission's judicial performance evaluation shall be
565	made publicly available on an Internet website.
566	(7) The commission may make the report of the judicial performance evaluation
567	immediately preceding the judge's retention election publicly available through other means
568	within budgetary constraints.
569	(8) The commission shall provide a summary of the judicial performance evaluation
570	for each judge to the lieutenant governor for publication in the voter information pamphlet in
571	the manner required by Title 20A, Chapter 7, Issues Submitted to the Voters.
572	(9) The commission may also provide any information collected during the course of a
573	judge's judicial performance evaluation immediately preceding the judge's retention election to
574	the public to the extent that information is not otherwise subject to restrictions on disclosure.
575	(10) The commission shall provide the Judicial Council with:
576	(a) the judicial performance survey results for each judge; and
577	(b) a copy of the retention report of each judicial performance evaluation.

(11) The Judicial Council shall provide information obtained concerning a judge under

Subsection (10) to the subject judge's presiding judge, if any.