1	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE SYSTEM AMENDMENTS
2	2017 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Adam Gardiner
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions in the Utah Emergency Medical Services System Act.
0	Highlighted Provisions:
1	This bill:
12	Ĥ→ [→ adds an exemption from the requirements to have a Department of Health
13	background clearance for licensure for law enforcement employees working as
14	emergency medical service dispatchers that have received an approved Department
15	of Public Safety background clearance; and] ←Ĥ
16	 makes technical and conforming changes to align with the Emergency Medical
17	Services Personnel Licensure Interstate Compact.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	26-8a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 246
25	26-8a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 51 and 297
26	26-8a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 74
27	26-8a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 168



307	(3) As provided in Section 26-8a-502, an individual issued a [certification] license
308	under this section may only provide emergency medical services to the extent allowed by the
309	[certification] license.
310	(4) Ĥ→ [f] An [f] [Except as provided in Subsection 28A-3a-310(13), an] ←Ĥ individual
310a	may not be
311	issued or retain a [certification] license under this section unless the individual obtains and
312	retains background clearance under Section 26-8a-310.
313	Section 9. Section 26-8a-308 is amended to read:
314	26-8a-308. Exemptions.
315	(1) The following persons may provide emergency medical services to a patient
316	without being [certified or] licensed under this chapter:
317	(a) out-of-state emergency medical service personnel and providers in time of disaster;
318	(b) an individual who gratuitously acts as a Good Samaritan;
319	(c) a family member;
320	(d) a private business if emergency medical services are provided only to employees at
321	the place of business and during transport;
322	(e) an agency of the United States government if compliance with this chapter would
323	be inconsistent with federal law; and
324	(f) police, fire, and other public service personnel if:
325	(i) emergency medical services are rendered in the normal course of the person's duties;
326	and
327	(ii) medical control, after being apprised of the circumstances, directs immediate
328	transport.
329	(2) An ambulance or emergency response vehicle may operate without a permit issued
330	under Section 26-8a-304 in time of disaster.
331	(3) Nothing in this chapter or Title 58, Occupations and Professions, may be construed
332	as requiring a license [or certificate] for an individual to administer cardiopulmonary
333	resuscitation or to use a fully automated external defibrillator under Section 26-8b-201.
334	(4) Nothing in this chapter may be construed as requiring a license, permit, or
335	designation[, or certificate] for an acute care hospital, medical clinic, physician's office, or
336	other fixed medical facility that:
337	(a) is staffed by a physician, physician's assistant, nurse practitioner, or registered

400	(3), both initially and on an ongoing basis, to determine whether to grant, deny, or revoke
401	background clearance; and
402	(b) other department costs related to granting, denying, or revoking background
403	clearance.
404	(11) The Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division within the
405	Department of Public Safety shall:
406	(a) retain, separate from other division records, personal information under Subsection
407	(1), including any fingerprints sent to it by the Department of Health; and
408	(b) notify the Department of Health upon receiving notice that an individual for whom
409	personal information has been retained is the subject of:
410	(i) a warrant for arrest;
411	(ii) an arrest;
412	(iii) a conviction, including a plea in abeyance; or
413	(iv) a pending diversion agreement.
414	(12) The department shall use the Direct Access Clearance System database created
415	under Section 26-21-209 to manage information about the background clearance status of each
416	individual for whom the department is required to make a determination under Subsection (1).
417	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \Rightarrow [\underline{(13)} \text{ An employee in law enforcement who works as an emergency medical service}]$
418	dispatcher and has received an approved Department of Public Safety background clearance is
419	exempt from the requirements to have a Department of Health background clearance for
420	<u>licensure.</u>] ←Ĥ
421	Section 11. Section 26-8a-408 is amended to read:
422	26-8a-408. Criteria for determining public convenience and necessity.
123	(1) The criteria for determining public convenience and necessity is set forth in
124	Subsections (2) through (6).
425	(2) Access to emergency medical services shall be maintained or improved. The
426	officer shall consider the impact on existing services, including the impact on response times,
127	call volumes, populations and exclusive geographic service areas served, and the ability of
428	surrounding licensed providers to service their exclusive geographic service areas. The
129	issuance or amendment of a license may not create an orphaned area.
430	(3) The quality of service in the area shall be maintained or improved. The officer