UTAH POPULATION ESTIMATES PRODUCTION
2017 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Robert M. Spendlove
Senate Sponsor: Brian E. Shiozawa
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill creates the Utah Population Committee.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>creates the Utah Population Committee and provides for the committee's</li> </ul>
membership and duties;
<ul> <li>requires a state entity to use estimates produced by the Utah Population Committee;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>changes all references in the state code from the Utah Population Estimates</li> </ul>
Committee to the Utah Population Committee; and
<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
10-2-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 318
10-2-711, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 350
10-2a-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 157 and renumbered and
amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352



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             17-27a-901, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 411
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             17-50-502, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 318
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             17B-2a-807, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 205
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             20A-13-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 383
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             20A-14-102.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 455
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             26-18-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 276
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             26-46a-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 136
             26A-1-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 249
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             32B-2-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 158 and 176
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             35A-2-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 296
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             36-1-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 454
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             36-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 382
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             59-12-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 364
             59-12-2219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 373
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             62A-15-611, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 187
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             67-1a-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352
             72-2-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 2
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             78B-1-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 17
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      ENACTS:
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             63C-18-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             63C-18-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             63C-18-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             63C-18-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             63C-18-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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      Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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             Section 1. Section 10-2-602 is amended to read:
             10-2-602. Contents of resolution or petition.
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             (1) The resolution of the governing body or the petition of the electors shall include:
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             (a) a statement fully describing each of the areas to be included within the consolidated
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      municipality;
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- 59 (b) the name of the proposed consolidated municipality; and
  - (c) the names of the municipalities to be consolidated.

- (2) (a) The resolution or petition shall state the population of each of the municipalities within the area of the proposed consolidated municipality and the total population of the proposed consolidated municipality.
- (b) (i) The population figure under Subsection (2)(a) shall be derived from the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census.
- (ii) If the population figure is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census, the population figure shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee.
  - Section 2. Section 10-2-711 is amended to read:

## 10-2-711. Dissolution by the county legislative body.

- (1) (a) A municipality having fewer than 50 residents may be dissolved on application to the district court by the county legislative body of the county where the municipality is located.
- (b) (i) The population figure under Subsection (1)(a) shall be derived from the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census.
- (ii) If the population figure is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census, the population figure shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee.
- (2) Notice of the application shall be served on the municipality in the manner prescribed by law or by publication in the manner provided by law if the municipal authorities cannot be served.
- (3) The district court may enter an order approving the dissolution of the municipality on a finding that the existence of the municipality serves no valid municipal purpose, its existence is a sham, or on a clear and convincing showing that the best interests of the community would be served by the dissolution.
- (4) If the municipality is dissolved, the district court shall wind down the affairs and dissolve the municipality as quickly as possible in the same manner as is provided in Sections 10-2-705 through 10-2-709.
  - Section 3. Section 10-2a-302 is amended to read:

90	10-2a-302. Incorporation of a town Petition.
91	(1) As used in this section:
92	(a) "Assessed value," with respect to agricultural land, means the value at which the
93	land would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section
94	59-2-503.
95	(b) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm:
96	(i) with expertise in the processes and economics of local government; and
97	(ii) who is independent of and not affiliated with a county or sponsor of a petition to
98	incorporate.
99	(c) "Financial feasibility study" means a study described in Subsection (7).
100	(d) "Municipal service" means a publicly provided service that is not provided on a
101	countywide basis.
102	(e) "Nonurban" means having a residential density of less than one unit per acre.
103	(2) (a) (i) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality, with a population of
104	at least 100 but less than 1,000, may incorporate as a town as provided in this section.
105	(ii) An area within a county of the first class is not contiguous for purposes of
106	Subsection (2)(a)(i) if:
107	(A) the area includes a strip of land that connects geographically separate areas; and
108	(B) the distance between the geographically separate areas is greater than the average
109	width of the strip of land connecting the geographically separate areas.
110	(b) The population figure under Subsection (2)(a) shall be determined:
111	(i) as of the date the incorporation petition is filed; and
112	(ii) by the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee within 20 days after the county
113	clerk's certification under Subsection (6) of a petition filed under Subsection (4).
114	(3) (a) The process to incorporate an area as a town is initiated by filing a petition to
115	incorporate the area as a town with the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.
116	(b) A petition under Subsection (3)(a) shall:
117	(i) be signed by:
118	(A) the owners of private real property that:
119	(I) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and
120	(II) is equal in assessed value to more than 1/5 of the assessed value of all private real

121 property within the area; and

- (B) 1/5 of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town, according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date the petition is filed;
- (ii) designate as sponsors at least five of the property owners who have signed the petition, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address of each owner signing as a sponsor;
- (iii) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a licensed surveyor, showing a legal description of the boundary of the proposed town; and
  - (iv) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form:
- PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed town)

To the Honorable Lieutenant Governor:

We, the undersigned owners of real property and registered voters within the area described in this petition, respectfully petition the lieutenant governor to direct the county legislative body to submit to the registered voters residing within the area described in this petition, at the next regular general election, the question of whether the area should incorporate as a town. Each of the undersigned affirms that each has personally signed this petition and is an owner of real property or a registered voter residing within the described area, and that the current residence address of each is correctly written after the signer's name. The area proposed to be incorporated as a town is described as follows: (insert an accurate description of the area proposed to be incorporated).

- (c) A petition under this Subsection (3) may not describe an area that includes some or all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 that:
  - (i) was filed before the filing of the petition; and
  - (ii) is still pending on the date the petition is filed.
- (d) A petition may not be filed under this section if the private real property owned by the petition sponsors, designated under Subsection (3)(b)(ii), cumulatively exceeds 40% of the total private land area within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town.
- (e) A signer of a petition under this Subsection (3) may withdraw or, after withdrawn, reinstate the signer's signature on the petition:

152	(i) at any time until the lieutenant governor certifies the petition under Subsection (5);
153	and
154	(ii) by filing a signed, written withdrawal or reinstatement with the lieutenant governor.
155	(4) (a) If a petition is filed under Subsection (3)(a) proposing to incorporate as a town
156	an area located within a county of the first class, the lieutenant governor shall deliver written
157	notice of the proposed incorporation:
158	(i) to each owner of private real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value
159	of all private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town; and
160	(ii) within seven calendar days after the date on which the petition is filed.
161	(b) A private real property owner described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) may exclude all or
162	part of the owner's property from the area proposed to be incorporated as a town by filing a
163	notice of exclusion:
164	(i) with the lieutenant governor; and
165	(ii) within 10 calendar days after receiving the clerk's notice under Subsection (4)(a).
166	(c) The lieutenant governor shall exclude from the area proposed to be incorporated as
167	a town the property identified in the notice of exclusion under Subsection (4)(b) if:
168	(i) the property:
169	(A) is nonurban; and
170	(B) does not and will not require a municipal service; and
171	(ii) exclusion will not leave an unincorporated island within the proposed town.
172	(d) If the lieutenant governor excludes property from the area proposed to be
173	incorporated as a town, the lieutenant governor shall send written notice of the exclusion to the
174	contact sponsor within five days after the exclusion.
175	(5) No later than 20 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (3), the
176	lieutenant governor shall:
177	(a) with the assistance of other county officers of the county in which the incorporation
178	is proposed from whom the lieutenant governor requests assistance, determine whether the
179	petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (3); and
180	(b) (i) if the lieutenant governor determines that the petition complies with those
181	requirements:
182	(A) certify the petition; and

(B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to[:(I)] the contact sponsor[:] and [(III)] the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee; or

- (ii) if the lieutenant governor determines that the petition fails to comply with any of those requirements, reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and the reasons for the rejection.
- (6) (a) (i) A petition that is rejected under Subsection (5)(b)(ii) may be amended to correct a deficiency for which it was rejected and then refiled with the lieutenant governor.
- (ii) A valid signature on a petition filed under Subsection (3)(a) may be used toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection (3)(b) for the same petition that is amended under Subsection (6)(a)(i) and then refiled with the lieutenant governor.
- (b) If a petition is amended and refiled under Subsection (6)(a)(i) after having been rejected by the lieutenant governor under Subsection (5)(b)(ii):
  - (i) the amended petition shall be considered as a newly filed petition; and
- (ii) the amended petition's processing priority is determined by the date on which it is refiled.
  - (7) (a) (i) If a petition is filed under Subsection (4) and certified under Subsection (6), the lieutenant governor shall commission and pay for a financial feasibility study.
    - (ii) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen:
  - (A) (I) by the contact sponsor of the incorporation petition, as described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), with the consent of the lieutenant governor; or
  - (II) by the lieutenant governor if the contact sponsor states, in writing, that the sponsor defers selection of the feasibility consultant to the lieutenant governor; and
    - (B) in accordance with applicable county procurement procedure.
  - (iii) The lieutenant governor shall require the feasibility consultant to complete the financial feasibility study and submit written results of the study to the lieutenant governor no later than 30 days after the feasibility consultant is engaged to conduct the financial feasibility study.
    - (b) The financial feasibility study shall consider the:
- 211 (i) population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation and 212 the surrounding area;
  - (ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the

214 proposed town and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and 215 industrial development, and public facilities; 216 (iii) projected growth in the proposed town and in adjacent areas during the next five 217 years; 218 (iv) subject to Subsection (7)(c), the present and five-year projections of the cost, 219 including overhead, of governmental services in the proposed town, including: 220 (A) culinary water; 221 (B) secondary water: 222 (C) sewer; 223 (D) law enforcement; 224 (E) fire protection; 225 (F) roads and public works; 226 (G) garbage; 227 (H) weeds; and 228 (I) government offices; 229 (v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the county 230 and all other current service providers, the present and five-year projected revenue for the 231 proposed town; and 232 (vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the 233 incorporated area within five years of incorporation. 234 (c) (i) For purposes of Subsection (7)(b)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a level and quality of governmental services to be provided to the proposed town in the future 235 236 that fairly and reasonably approximate the level and quality of governmental services being 237 provided to the proposed town at the time of the feasibility study. 238 (ii) In determining the present cost of a governmental service, the feasibility consultant 239 shall consider: 240 (A) the amount it would cost the proposed town to provide governmental service for 241 the first five years after incorporation; and 242 (B) the county's present and five-year projected cost of providing governmental 243 service.

(iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (7)(b)(iv), shall take into account inflation

and anticipated growth.

- (d) If the five year projected revenues under Subsection (7)(b)(v) exceed the five-year projected costs under Subsection (7)(b)(iv) by more than 10%, the feasibility consultant shall project and report the expected annual revenue surplus to the contact sponsor and the lieutenant governor.
- (e) The lieutenant governor shall post a copy of the feasibility study on the lieutenant governor's website and make a copy available for public review at the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.
- (f) The lieutenant governor shall approve a certified petition proposing the incorporation of a town and hold a public hearing as provided in Section 10-2a-303.
  - Section 4. Section 17-27a-901 is amended to read:

#### 17-27a-901. Mountainous planning district.

- (1) (a) The legislative body of a county of the first class may adopt an ordinance designating an area located within the county as a mountainous planning district if the legislative body determines that:
- (i) the area is primarily used for recreational purposes, including canyons, foothills, ski resorts, wilderness areas, lakes and reservoirs, campgrounds, or picnic areas;
- (ii) the area is used by residents of the county who live inside and outside the limits of a municipality;
- (iii) the total resident population in the proposed mountainous planning district is equal to or less than 5% of the population of the county; and
- (iv) the area is within the unincorporated area of the county or was within the unincorporated area of the county before May 12, 2015.
- (b) (i) A mountainous planning district may include within its boundaries a municipality, whether in whole or in part.
- (ii) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(iv), if a mountainous planning district includes within its boundaries an unincorporated area, and that area subsequently incorporates as a municipality:
- (A) the area of the incorporated municipality that is located in the mountainous planning district is included within the mountainous planning district boundaries; and
- (B) property within the municipality that is also within the mountainous planning

276	district is subject to	the authority of the	mountainous r	olanning district.

- (iii) A subdivision and zoning ordinance that governs property located within a mountainous planning district shall control over any subdivision or zoning ordinance, as applicable, that a municipality may adopt.
- (iv) A county shall allow an area within the boundaries of a mountainous planning district to withdraw from the mountainous planning district if:
  - (A) the area contains less than 100 acres;

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- 283 (B) the area is annexed to a city in accordance with Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation;
- 285 (C) the county determines that the area does not contain United States Forest Service 286 land or land that is designated as watershed; and
- (D) the county determines that the area is not used by individuals for recreational purposes.
  - (v) An area described in Subsection (1)(b)(iv) that withdraws from a mountainous planning district is not subject to the authority of the mountainous planning district.
  - (c) The population figure under Subsection (1)(a)(iii) shall be derived from a population estimate by the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee.
  - (d) If any portion of a proposed mountainous planning district includes a municipality with a land base of five square miles or less, the county shall ensure that all of that municipality is wholly located within the boundaries of the mountainous planning district.
  - (2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection 10-9a-102(2), 17-34-1(2)(a), or 17-50-302(1)(b), or Section 17-50-314, a county may adopt a general plan and adopt a zoning or subdivision ordinance for a property that is located within:
    - (i) a mountainous planning district; and
  - (ii) a municipality.
- 301 (b) A county plan or zoning or subdivision ordinance governs a property described in 302 Subsection (2)(a).
- Section 5. Section 17-50-502 is amended to read:
- 304 **17-50-502.** Change of class of county.
- 305 (1) Each county shall retain its classification under Section 17-50-501 until changed as 306 provided in this section.

307 (2) The lieutenant governor shall monitor the population figure for each county as 308 shown on: 309 (a) each official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census; 310 or 311 (b) if the population figure for a county is not available from the United States Bureau 312 of the Census, the population estimate from the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee. 313 (3) If the applicable population figure under Subsection (2) indicates that a county's 314 population has increased beyond the limit for its current class, the lieutenant governor shall: 315 (a) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the county belongs based on the 316 increased population figure; and 317 (b) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the 318 legislative body and, if the county has an executive that is separate from the legislative body, 319 the executive of the county whose class was changed. 320 (4) A county's change in class is effective on the date of the lieutenant governor's 321 certificate under Subsection (3). 322 Section 6. Section 17B-2a-807 is amended to read: 323 17B-2a-807. Public transit district board of trustees -- Appointment --324 **Apportionment -- Qualifications -- Quorum -- Compensation -- Terms.** 325 (1) (a) If 200,000 people or fewer reside within the boundaries of a public transit 326 district, the board of trustees shall consist of members appointed by the legislative bodies of 327 each municipality, county, or unincorporated area within any county on the basis of one 328 member for each full unit of regularly scheduled passenger routes proposed to be served by the 329 district in each municipality or unincorporated area within any county in the following calendar 330 year. 331 (b) For purposes of determining membership under Subsection (1)(a), the number of 332 service miles comprising a unit shall be determined jointly by the legislative bodies of the 333 municipalities or counties comprising the district. 334 (c) The board of trustees of a public transit district under this Subsection (1) may 335 include a member that is a commissioner on the Transportation Commission created in Section

72-1-301 and appointed as provided in Subsection (11), who shall serve as a nonvoting, ex

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officio member.

(d) Members appointed under this Subsection (1) shall be appointed and added to the board or omitted from the board at the time scheduled routes are changed, or as municipalities, counties, or unincorporated areas of counties annex to or withdraw from the district using the same appointment procedures.

- (e) For purposes of appointing members under this Subsection (1), municipalities, counties, and unincorporated areas of counties in which regularly scheduled passenger routes proposed to be served by the district in the following calendar year is less than a full unit, as defined in Subsection (1)(b), may combine with any other similarly situated municipality or unincorporated area to form a whole unit and may appoint one member for each whole unit formed.
- (2) (a) Subject to Section 17B-2a-807.5, if more than 200,000 people reside within the boundaries of a public transit district, the board of trustees shall consist of:
  - (i) 11 members:

- (A) appointed as described under this Subsection (2); or
- (B) retained in accordance with Section 17B-2a-807.5;
- (ii) three members appointed as described in Subsection (4);
- (iii) one voting member appointed as provided in Subsection (11); and
- (iv) one nonvoting member appointed as provided in Subsection (12).
- (b) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(c) and (d), the board shall apportion voting members to each county within the district using an average of:
- (i) the proportion of population included in the district and residing within each county, rounded to the nearest 1/11 of the total transit district population; and
- (ii) the cumulative proportion of transit sales and use tax collected from areas included in the district and within each county, rounded to the nearest 1/11 of the total cumulative transit sales and use tax collected for the transit district.
- (c) The board shall join an entire or partial county not apportioned a voting member under this Subsection (2) with an adjacent county for representation. The combined apportionment basis included in the district of both counties shall be used for the apportionment.
- (d) (i) If rounding to the nearest 1/11 of the total public transit district apportionment basis under Subsection (2)(b) results in an apportionment of more than 11 members, the county

or combination of counties with the smallest additional fraction of a whole member proportion shall have one less member apportioned to it.

- (ii) If rounding to the nearest 1/11 of the total public transit district apportionment basis under Subsection (2)(b) results in an apportionment of less than 11 members, the county or combination of counties with the largest additional fraction of a whole member proportion shall have one more member apportioned to it.
- (e) If the population of a county is at least 750,000, the county executive, with the advice and consent of the county legislative body, shall appoint one voting member to represent the population of the county.
- (f) If a municipality's population is at least 160,000, the chief municipal executive, with the advice and consent of the municipal legislative body, shall appoint one voting member to represent the population within a municipality.
- (g) (i) The number of voting members appointed from a county and municipalities within a county under Subsections (2)(e) and (f) shall be subtracted from the county's total voting member apportionment under this Subsection (2).
- (ii) Notwithstanding Subsections (2)(l) and (10), no more than one voting member appointed by an appointing entity may be a locally elected public official.
- (h) If the entire county is within the district, the remaining voting members for the county shall represent the county or combination of counties, if Subsection (2)(c) applies, or the municipalities within the county.
- (i) If the entire county is not within the district, and the county is not joined with another county under Subsection (2)(c), the remaining voting members for the county shall represent a municipality or combination of municipalities.
- (j) (i) Except as provided under Subsections (2)(e) and (f), voting members representing counties, combinations of counties if Subsection (2)(c) applies, or municipalities within the county shall be designated and appointed by a simple majority of the chief executives of the municipalities within the county or combinations of counties if Subsection (2)(c) applies.
- (ii) The appointments shall be made by joint written agreement of the appointing municipalities, with the consent and approval of the county legislative body of the county that has at least 1/11 of the district's apportionment basis.

(k) Voting members representing a municipality or combination of municipalities shall be designated and appointed by the chief executive officer of the municipality or simple majority of chief executive officers of municipalities with the consent of the legislative body of the municipality or municipalities.

- (l) The appointment of members shall be made without regard to partisan political affiliation from among citizens in the community.
- (m) Each member shall be a bona fide resident of the municipality, county, or unincorporated area or areas which the member is to represent for at least six months before the date of appointment, and shall continue in that residency to remain qualified to serve as a member.
- (n) (i) All population figures used under this section shall be derived from the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census.
- (ii) If population estimates are not available from the United States Bureau of Census, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee.
- (iii) All transit sales and use tax totals shall be obtained from the State Tax Commission.
- (o) (i) The board shall be apportioned as provided under this section in conjunction with the decennial United States Census Bureau report every 10 years.
- (ii) Within 120 days following the receipt of the population estimates under this Subsection (2)(o), the district shall reapportion representation on the board of trustees in accordance with this section.
- (iii) The board shall adopt by resolution a schedule reflecting the current and proposed apportionment.
- (iv) Upon adoption of the resolution, the board shall forward a copy of the resolution to each of its constituent entities as defined under Section 17B-1-701.
- (v) The appointing entities gaining a new board member shall appoint a new member within 30 days following receipt of the resolution.
- (vi) The appointing entities losing a board member shall inform the board of which member currently serving on the board will step down:
  - (A) upon appointment of a new member under Subsection (2)(o)(v); or

431 (B) in accordance with Section 17B-2a-807.5.

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432 (3) Upon the completion of an annexation to a public transit district under Chapter 1, 433 Part 4, Annexation, the annexed area shall have a representative on the board of trustees on the

same basis as if the area had been included in the district as originally organized.

- (4) In addition to the voting members appointed in accordance with Subsection (2), the board shall consist of three voting members appointed as follows:
  - (a) one member appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives;
  - (b) one member appointed by the president of the Senate; and
  - (c) one member appointed by the governor.
- (5) Except as provided in Section 17B-2a-807.5, the terms of office of the members of the board shall be four years or until a successor is appointed, qualified, seated, and has taken the oath of office.
- (6) (a) Vacancies for members shall be filled by the official appointing the member creating the vacancy for the unexpired term, unless the official fails to fill the vacancy within 90 days.
- (b) If the appointing official under Subsection (1) does not fill the vacancy within 90 days, the board of trustees of the authority shall fill the vacancy.
- (c) If the appointing official under Subsection (2) does not fill the vacancy within 90 days, the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall fill the vacancy.
- (7) (a) Each voting member may cast one vote on all questions, orders, resolutions, and ordinances coming before the board of trustees.
- (b) A majority of all voting members of the board of trustees are a quorum for the transaction of business.
- (c) The affirmative vote of a majority of all voting members present at any meeting at which a quorum was initially present shall be necessary and, except as otherwise provided, is sufficient to carry any order, resolution, ordinance, or proposition before the board of trustees.
  - (8) Each public transit district shall pay to each member:
- (a) an attendance fee of \$50 per board or committee meeting attended, not to exceed \$200 in any calendar month to any member; and
- 460 (b) reasonable mileage and expenses necessarily incurred to attend board or committee 461 meetings.

(9) (a) Members of the initial board of trustees shall convene at the time and place fixed by the chief executive officer of the entity initiating the proceedings.

- (b) The board of trustees shall elect from its voting membership a chair, vice chair, and secretary.
- (c) The members elected under Subsection (9)(b) shall serve for a period of two years or until their successors shall be elected and qualified.
- (d) On or after January 1, 2011, a locally elected public official is not eligible to serve as the chair, vice chair, or secretary of the board of trustees.
- (10) (a) Except as otherwise authorized under Subsections (2)(g) and (10)(b) and Section 17B-2a-807.5, at the time of a member's appointment or during a member's tenure in office, a member may not hold any employment, except as an independent contractor or locally elected public official, with a county or municipality within the district.
- (b) A member appointed by a county or municipality may hold employment with the county or municipality if the employment is disclosed in writing and the public transit district board of trustees ratifies the appointment.
  - (11) The Transportation Commission created in Section 72-1-301:
- (a) for a public transit district serving a population of 200,000 people or fewer, may appoint a commissioner of the Transportation Commission to serve on the board of trustees as a nonvoting, ex officio member; and
- (b) for a public transit district serving a population of more than 200,000 people, shall appoint a commissioner of the Transportation Commission to serve on the board of trustees as a voting member.
- (12) (a) The board of trustees of a public transit district serving a population of more than 200,000 people shall include a nonvoting member who represents all municipalities and unincorporated areas within the district that are located within a county that is not annexed into the public transit district.
- (b) The nonvoting member representing the combination of municipalities and unincorporated areas described in Subsection (12)(a) shall be designated and appointed by a weighted vote of the majority of the chief executive officers of the municipalities described in Subsection (12)(a).
  - (c) Each municipality's vote under Subsection (12)(b) shall be weighted using the

proportion of the public transit district population that resides within that municipality and the adjacent unincorporated areas within the same county.

- (13) (a) (i) Each member of the board of trustees of a public transit district is subject to recall at any time by the legislative body of the county or municipality from which the member is appointed.
- (ii) Each recall of a board of trustees member shall be made in the same manner as the original appointment.
- (iii) The legislative body recalling a board of trustees member shall provide written notice to the member being recalled.
- (b) Upon providing written notice to the board of trustees, a member of the board may resign from the board of trustees.
- (c) Except as provided in Section 17B-2a-807.5, if a board member is recalled or resigns under this Subsection (13), the vacancy shall be filled as provided in Subsection (6).

Section 7. Section **20A-13-103** is amended to read:

### 20A-13-103. Omissions from maps -- How resolved.

- (1) If any area of the state is omitted from a Congressional district in the Congressional shapefile enacted by the Legislature, the county clerk of the affected county, upon discovery of the omission, shall attach the area to the appropriate Congressional district according to the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3).
- (2) If the omitted area is surrounded by a single Congressional district, the county clerk shall attach the area to that district.
- (3) If the omitted area is contiguous to two or more Congressional districts, the county clerk shall attach the area to the district that has the least population, as determined by the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee.
- (4) The county clerk shall certify in writing and file with the lieutenant governor any attachment made under this section.
  - Section 8. Section **20A-14-102.1** is amended to read:

## 20A-14-102.1. Omissions from maps -- How resolved.

(1) If any area of the state is omitted from a State Board of Education district in the Board shapefile enacted by the Legislature, the county clerk of the affected county, upon discovery of the omission, shall attach the area to the appropriate State Board of Education

524 district according to the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3). 525 (2) If the omitted area is surrounded by a single State Board of Education district, the 526 county clerk shall attach the area to that district. 527 (3) If the omitted area is contiguous to two or more State Board of Education districts, 528 the county clerk shall attach the area to the district that has the least population, as determined 529 by the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee. 530 (4) The county clerk shall certify in writing and file with the lieutenant governor any 531 attachment made under this section. Section 9. Section **26-18-501** is amended to read: 532 533 **26-18-501.** Definitions. 534 As used in this part: 535 (1) "Certified program" means a nursing care facility program with Medicaid 536 certification. 537 (2) "Director" means the director of the Division of Health Care Financing. 538 (3) "Medicaid certification" means the right of a nursing care facility, as a provider of a 539 nursing care facility program, to receive Medicaid reimbursement for a specified number of 540 beds within the facility. 541 (4) (a) "Nursing care facility" means the following facilities licensed by the department 542 under Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act: 543 (i) skilled nursing facilities; 544 (ii) intermediate care facilities; and 545 (iii) an intermediate care facility for people with an intellectual disability. (b) "Nursing care facility" does not mean a critical access hospital that meets the 546 547 criteria of 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4(c)(2) (1998). 548 (5) "Nursing care facility program" means the personnel, licenses, services, contracts 549 and all other requirements that shall be met for a nursing care facility to be eligible for Medicaid certification under this part and division rule. 550 (6) "Physical facility" means the buildings or other physical structures where a nursing 551 552 care facility program is operated.

(7) "Rural county" means a county with a population of less than 50,000, as determined

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by:

555	(a) the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Census
556	Bureau; or
557	(b) the most recent population estimate for the county from the Utah Population
558	[Estimates] Committee, if a population figure for the county is not available under Subsection
559	(7)(a).
560	(8) "Service area" means the boundaries of the distinct geographic area served by a
561	certified program as determined by the division in accordance with this part and division rule.
562	(9) "Urban county" means a county that is not a rural county.
563	Section 10. Section <b>26-46a-102</b> is amended to read:
564	26-46a-102. Definitions.
565	As used in this chapter:
566	(1) "Hospital" means a general acute hospital, as defined in Title 26, Chapter 21,
567	Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act.
568	(2) "Physician" means a person:
569	(a) licensed as a physician under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act; or
570	(b) licensed as a physician under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical
571	Practice Act.
572	(3) "Rural county" means a county with a population of less than 50,000, as determined
573	by:
574	(a) the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Census
575	Bureau; or
576	(b) the most recent population estimate for the county from the Utah Population
577	[Estimates] Committee, if a population figure for the county is not available under Subsection
578	(3)(a).
579	(4) "Rural hospital" means a hospital located within a rural county.
580	Section 11. Section <b>26A-1-115</b> is amended to read:
581	26A-1-115. Apportionment of costs Contracts to provide services Percentage
582	match of state funds Audit.
583	(1) (a) The cost of establishing and maintaining a multicounty local health department
584	may be apportioned among the participating counties on the basis of population in proportion
585	to the total population of all counties within the boundaries of the local health department, or

586	upon other bases	agreeable to the	participating	counties
200	upon onici bases	agreeable to the	participating	counties.

(b) Costs of establishing and maintaining a county health department shall be a charge of the county creating the local health department.

- (c) Money available from fees, contracts, surpluses, grants, and donations may also be used to establish and maintain local health departments.
- (d) As used in this Subsection (1), "population" means population estimates prepared by the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee.
- (2) The cost of providing, equipping, and maintaining suitable offices and facilities for a local health department is the responsibility of participating governing bodies.
- (3) Local health departments that comply with all department rules and secure advance approval of proposed service boundaries from the department may by contract receive funds under Section 26A-1-116 from the department to provide specified public health services.
- (4) Contract funds distributed under Subsection (3) shall be in accordance with Section 26A-1-116 and policies and procedures adopted by the department.
- (5) Department rules shall require that contract funds be used for public health services and not replace other funds used for local public health services.
- (6) All state funds distributed by contract from the department to local health departments for public health services shall be matched by those local health departments at a percentage determined by the department in consultation with local health departments. Counties shall have no legal obligation to match state funds at percentages in excess of those established by the department and shall suffer no penalty or reduction in state funding for failing to exceed the required funding match.
- (7) (a) Each local health department shall cause an annual financial and compliance audit to be made of its operations by a certified public accountant. The audit may be conducted as part of an annual county government audit of the county where the local health department headquarters are located.
- (b) The local health department shall provide a copy of the audit report to the department and the local governing bodies of counties participating in the local health department.
- Section 12. Section **32B-2-402** is amended to read:
- **32B-2-402. Definitions -- Calculations.**

61/	(1) As used in this part:
618	(a) "Account" means the Alcoholic Beverage and Substance Abuse Enforcement and
619	Treatment Restricted Account created in Section 32B-2-403.
620	(b) "Advisory council" means the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory
621	Council created in Section 63M-7-301.
622	(c) "Alcohol-related offense" means:
623	(i) a violation of:
624	(A) Section 41-6a-502; or
625	(B) an ordinance that complies with the requirements of:
626	(I) Subsection 41-6a-510(1); or
627	(II) Section 76-5-207; or
628	(ii) an offense involving the illegal:
629	(A) sale of an alcoholic product;
630	(B) consumption of an alcoholic product;
631	(C) distribution of an alcoholic product;
632	(D) transportation of an alcoholic product; or
633	(E) possession of an alcoholic product.
634	(d) "Annual conviction time period" means the time period that:
635	(i) begins on July 1 and ends on June 30; and
636	(ii) immediately precedes the fiscal year for which an appropriation under this part is
637	made.
638	(e) "Municipality" means:
639	(i) a city;
640	(ii) a town; or
641	(iii) a metro township.
642	(f) (i) "Prevention" is as defined by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
643	Administrative Rulemaking Act, by the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health within
644	the Department of Human Services.
645	(ii) In defining the term "prevention," the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental
646	Health shall:
647	(A) include only evidence-based or evidence-informed programs; and

648	(B) provide for coordination with local substance abuse authorities designated to
649	provide substance abuse services in accordance with Section 17-43-201.
650	(2) For purposes of Subsection 32B-2-404(1)(b)(iii), the number of premises located
651	within the limits of a municipality or county:
652	(a) is the number determined by the department to be so located;
653	(b) includes the aggregate number of premises of the following:
654	(i) a state store;
655	(ii) a package agency; and
656	(iii) a retail licensee; and
657	(c) for a county, consists only of the number located within an unincorporated area of
658	the county.
659	(3) The department shall determine:
660	(a) a population figure according to the most current population estimate prepared by
661	the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee;
662	(b) a county's population for the 25% distribution to municipalities and counties under
663	Subsection 32B-2-404(1)(b)(i) only with reference to the population in the unincorporated
664	areas of the county; and
665	(c) a county's population for the 25% distribution to counties under Subsection
666	32B-2-404(1)(b)(iv) only with reference to the total population in the county, including that of
667	a municipality.
668	(4) (a) A conviction occurs in the municipality or county that actually prosecutes the
669	offense to judgment.
670	(b) If a conviction is based upon a guilty plea, the conviction is considered to occur in
671	the municipality or county that, except for the guilty plea, would have prosecuted the offense.
672	Section 13. Section <b>35A-2-101</b> is amended to read:
673	35A-2-101. Economic service areas Creation.
674	(1) (a) The executive director shall establish economic service areas to furnish the
675	services described in Section 35A-2-201.
676	(b) In establishing economic service areas, the executive director shall seek input from

(2) In establishing the economic service areas, the executive director may consider:

the State Workforce Development Board.

679	(a) areas comprised of multiple counties;
680	(b) the alignment of transportation and other infrastructure or services;
681	(c) the interdependence of the economy within a geographic area;
682	(d) the ability to develop regional marketing and economic development programs;
683	(e) the labor market areas;
684	(f) the population of the area, as established in the most recent estimate by the Utah
685	Population [Estimates] Committee;
686	(g) the number of individuals in the previous year receiving:
687	(i) services under Chapter 3, Employment Support Act; and
688	(ii) benefits under Chapter 4, Employment Security Act; and
689	(h) other factors that relate to the management of the programs administered or that
690	relate to the delivery of services provided under this title.
691	Section 14. Section <b>36-1-104</b> is amended to read:
692	36-1-104. Omissions from maps How resolved.
693	(1) If any area of the state is omitted from a Utah State Senate district in the Senate
694	shapefile enacted by the Legislature, the county clerk of the affected county, upon discovery o
695	the omission, shall attach the area to the appropriate Senate district according to the
696	requirements of Subsections (2) and (3).
697	(2) If the omitted area is surrounded by a single Senate district, the county clerk shall
698	attach the area to that district.
699	(3) If the omitted area is contiguous to two or more Senate districts, the county clerk
700	shall attach the area to the district that has the least population, as determined by the Utah
701	Population [Estimates] Committee.
702	(4) The county clerk shall certify in writing and file with the lieutenant governor any
703	attachment made under this section.
704	Section 15. Section 36-1-203 is amended to read:
705	36-1-203. Omissions from maps How resolved.
706	(1) If any area of the state is omitted from a Utah House of Representatives district in
707	the House shapefile enacted by the Legislature, the county clerk of the affected county, upon
708	discovery of the omission, shall attach the area to the appropriate House district according to

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the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3).

(2) If the omitted area is surrounded by a single House district, the county clerk shall attach the area to that district.

(3) If the omitted area is contiguous to two or more House districts, the county clerk shall attach the area to the district that has the least population, as determined by the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee.

(4) The county clerk shall certify in writing and file with the lieutenant governor any

Section 16. Section **59-12-205** is amended to read:

attachment made under this section.

# 59-12-205. Ordinances to conform with statutory amendments -- Distribution of tax revenue -- Determination of population.

- (1) A county, city, or town, in order to maintain in effect sales and use tax ordinances adopted pursuant to Section 59-12-204, shall, within 30 days of an amendment to an applicable provision of Part 1, Tax Collection, adopt amendments to the county's, city's, or town's sales and use tax ordinances as required to conform to the amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection.
  - (2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) through (6) and subject to Subsection (7):
- (a) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be distributed to each county, city, and town on the basis of the percentage that the population of the county, city, or town bears to the total population of all counties, cities, and towns in the state; and
- (b) (i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be distributed to each county, city, and town on the basis of the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215; and
- (ii) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, shall be distributed to the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201.
- (3) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2011, and ending on June 30, 2016, the commission shall each year distribute to a county, city, or town the distribution required by this Subsection (3) if:
  - (i) the county, city, or town is a:

- 741 (A) county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class;
- 742 (B) city of the fifth class; or
- 743 (C) town;

(ii) the county, city, or town received a distribution under this section for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, that was less than the distribution under this section that the county, city, or town received for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007;

- (iii) (A) for a county described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), the county had located within the unincorporated area of the county for one or more days during the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, an establishment described in NAICS Industry Group 2121, Coal Mining, or NAICS Code 213113, Support Activities for Coal Mining, of the 2002 North American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget; or
- (B) for a city described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B) or a town described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(C), the city or town had located within the city or town for one or more days during the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, an establishment described in NAICS Industry Group 2121, Coal Mining, or NAICS Code 213113, Support Activities for Coal Mining, of the 2002 North American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget; and
- (iv) (A) for a county described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), at least one establishment described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii)(A) located within the unincorporated area of the county for one more days during the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, was not the holder of a direct payment permit under Section 59-12-107.1; or
- (B) for a city described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B) or a town described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(C), at least one establishment described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii)(B) located within a city or town for one or more days during the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, was not the holder of a direct payment permit under Section 59-12-107.1.
- (b) The commission shall make the distribution required by this Subsection (3) to a county, city, or town described in Subsection (3)(a):
  - (i) from the distribution required by Subsection (2)(a); and
  - (ii) before making any other distribution required by this section.
    - (c) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (3), the distribution is the amount calculated by

multiplying the fraction calculated under Subsection (3)(c)(ii) by \$333,583.

(ii) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(i):

- (A) the numerator of the fraction is the difference calculated by subtracting the distribution a county, city, or town described in Subsection (3)(a) received under this section for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, from the distribution under this section that the county, city, or town received for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007; and
  - (B) the denominator of the fraction is \$333,583.
- (d) A distribution required by this Subsection (3) is in addition to any other distribution required by this section.
- (4) (a) For fiscal years beginning with fiscal year 1983-84 and ending with fiscal year 2005-06, a county, city, or town may not receive a tax revenue distribution less than .75% of the taxable sales within the boundaries of the county, city, or town.
- (b) The commission shall proportionally reduce monthly distributions to any county, city, or town that, but for the reduction, would receive a distribution in excess of 1% of the sales and use tax revenue collected within the boundaries of the county, city, or town.
  - (5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5):
- (i) "Eligible county, city, or town" means a county, city, or town that receives \$2,000 or more in tax revenue distributions in accordance with Subsection (4) for each of the following fiscal years:
- (A) fiscal year 2002-03;
  - (B) fiscal year 2003-04; and
- (C) fiscal year 2004-05.
  - (ii) "Minimum tax revenue distribution" means the greater of:
  - (A) the total amount of tax revenue distributions an eligible county, city, or town receives from a tax imposed in accordance with this part for fiscal year 2000-01; or
  - (B) the total amount of tax revenue distributions an eligible county, city, or town receives from a tax imposed in accordance with this part for fiscal year 2004-05.
  - (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), beginning with fiscal year 2006-07 and ending with fiscal year 2012-13, an eligible county, city, or town shall receive a tax revenue distribution for a tax imposed in accordance with this part equal to the greater of:
    - (A) the payment required by Subsection (2); or

- (B) the minimum tax revenue distribution.
  - (ii) If the tax revenue distribution required by Subsection (5)(b)(i) for an eligible county, city, or town is equal to the amount described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(A) for three consecutive fiscal years, for fiscal years beginning with the fiscal year immediately following that three consecutive fiscal year period, the eligible county, city, or town shall receive the tax revenue distribution equal to the payment required by Subsection (2).
  - (c) For a fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2013-14 and ending with fiscal year 2015-16, an eligible county, city, or town shall receive the minimum tax revenue distribution for that fiscal year if for fiscal year 2012-13 the payment required by Subsection (2) to that eligible county, city, or town is less than or equal to the product of:
    - (i) the minimum tax revenue distribution; and
- 814 (ii) .90.

- 815 (6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):
  - (i) "Eligible county, city, or town" means a county, city, or town that:
- 817 (A) receives, in accordance with Subsection (4), \$2,000 or more in tax revenue distributions for fiscal year 2002-03;
  - (B) receives, in accordance with Subsection (4), \$2,000 or more in tax revenue distributions for fiscal year 2003-04:
  - (C) receives, in accordance with Subsection (4), \$2,000 or more in tax revenue distributions for fiscal year 2004-05;
  - (D) for a fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2012-13 and ending with fiscal year 2015-16, does not receive a tax revenue distribution described in Subsection (5) equal to the amount described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(A) for three consecutive fiscal years; and
  - (E) does not impose a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-2103 on or before July 1, 2016.
  - (ii) "Minimum tax revenue distribution" means the total amount of tax revenue distributions an eligible county, city, or town receives from a tax imposed in accordance with this part for fiscal year 2004-05.
  - (b) Beginning with fiscal year 2016-17 and ending with fiscal year 2020-21, an eligible county, city, or town shall receive a tax revenue distribution for a tax imposed in accordance with this part equal to the greater of:

834	(i) the payment required by Subsection (2); or
835	(ii) the minimum tax revenue distribution.
836	(7) (a) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent
837	official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.
838	(b) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census
839	Bureau, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population
840	[Estimates] Committee [created by executive order of the governor].
841	(c) The population of a county for purposes of this section shall be determined only
842	from the unincorporated area of the county.
843	Section 17. Section <b>59-12-2219</b> is amended to read:
844	59-12-2219. County option sales and use tax for highways and public transit
845	Base Rate Distribution and expenditure of revenue Revenue may not supplant
846	existing budgeted transportation revenue.
847	(1) As used in this section:
848	(a) "Class B road" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-3-103.
849	(b) "Class C road" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-3-104.
850	(c) "Eligible political subdivision" means a political subdivision that:
851	(i) (A) on May 12, 2015, provides public transit services; or
852	(B) after May 12, 2015, provides written notice to the commission in accordance with
853	Subsection (10)(b) that it intends to provide public transit service within a county;
854	(ii) is not a public transit district; and
855	(iii) is not annexed into a public transit district.
856	(d) "Public transit district" means a public transit district organized under Title 17B,
857	Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act.
858	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this part, a county legislative body may impose a
859	sales and use tax of .25% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the
860	county, including the cities and towns within the county.
861	(3) The commission shall distribute sales and use tax revenue collected under this
862	section as provided in Subsections (4) through (10).
863	(4) If the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section
864	is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use

tax revenue collected within the county as follows:

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866 (a) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;

- (b) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
- (c) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
- (5) If the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is not annexed into a single public transit district, but a city or town within the county is annexed into a single public transit district that also has a county of the first class annexed into the same public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:
- (a) for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that city or town as follows:
- 878 (i) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section 879 59-12-2206;
  - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
  - (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body;
  - (b) for an eligible political subdivision within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that eligible political subdivision as follows:
  - (i) .10% shall be transferred to the eligible political subdivision in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;
    - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
    - (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body; and
  - (c) the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue, except for the sales and use tax revenue described in Subsections (5)(a) and (b), as follows:
    - (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
- (ii) .15% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
  - (6) For a county not described in Subsection (4) or (5), if the entire boundary of a county of the first or second class that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is not annexed into a single public transit district, or if there is not a public transit district within the

county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:

- (a) for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that city or town as follows:
- (i) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;
  - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
  - (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body;

- (b) for an eligible political subdivision within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that eligible political subdivision as follows:
- (i) .10% shall be transferred to the eligible political subdivision in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;
  - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
  - (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body; and
- (c) the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue, except for the sales and use tax revenue described in Subsections (6)(a) and (b), as follows:
  - (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
  - (ii) .15% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
- (7) For a county not described in Subsection (4) or (5), if the entire boundary of a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is not annexed into a single public transit district, or if there is not a public transit district within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:
- (a) for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that city or town as follows:
  - (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8);
- 925 (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (9); and
- 926 (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body;

927 (b) for an eligible political subdivision within the county, the commission shall 928 distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that eligible political subdivision as 929 follows: 930 (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); 931 (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (9); and 932 (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body; and 933 (c) the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue, except for the sales 934 and use tax revenue described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b), as follows: 935 (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and 936 (ii) .15% shall be distributed to the county legislative body. 937 (8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(b), the commission shall make the distributions 938 required by Subsections (4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(ii), (6)(b)(ii), (6)(c)(i), 939 (7)(a)(i), (7)(b)(i), (7)(c)(i), and (9)(d)(ii)(A) as follows: 940 (i) 50% of the total revenue collected under Subsections (4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), 941 (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(ii), (6)(b)(ii), (6)(c)(i), (7)(a)(i), (7)(b)(i), (7)(c)(i), and (9)(d)(ii)(A) within the 942 counties that impose a tax under this section shall be distributed to the unincorporated areas, 943 cities, and towns within those counties on the basis of the percentage that the population of 944 each unincorporated area, city, or town bears to the total population of all of the counties that 945 impose a tax under this section; and 946 (ii) 50% of the total revenue collected under Subsections (4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), 947 (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(ii), (6)(b)(ii), (6)(c)(i), (7)(a)(i), (7)(b)(i), (7)(c)(i), and (9)(d)(ii)(A) within the948 counties that impose a tax under this section shall be distributed to the unincorporated areas, 949 cities, and towns within those counties on the basis of the location of the transaction as 950 determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215. 951 (b) (i) Population for purposes of this Subsection (8) shall be determined on the basis 952 of the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau. 953 (ii) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census 954 Bureau, population figures shall be derived from an estimate from the Utah Population 955 [Estimates] Committee [created by executive order of the governor]. 956 (9) (a) (i) Subject to the requirements in Subsections (9)(b) and (c), a county legislative 957 body:

(A) for a county that obtained approval from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on the imposition of a sales and use tax under this section prior to May 10, 2016, may, in consultation with any cities, towns, or eligible political subdivisions within the county, and in compliance with the requirements for changing an allocation under Subsection (9)(e), allocate the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) by adopting a resolution specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision; or

- (B) for a county that obtains approval from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on the imposition of a sales and use tax under this section on or after May 10, 2016, shall, in consultation with any cities, towns, or eligible political subdivisions within the county, allocate the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) by adopting a resolution specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision.
- (ii) If a county described in Subsection (9)(a)(i)(A) does not allocate the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) in accordance with Subsection (9)(a)(i)(A), the commission shall distribute 100% of the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) to:
- (A) a public transit district for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district; or
  - (B) an eligible political subdivision within the county.

- (b) If a county legislative body allocates the revenue as described in Subsection (9)(a)(i), the county legislative body shall allocate not less than 25% of the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) to:
- (i) a public transit district for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district; or
  - (ii) an eligible political subdivision within the county.
- (c) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question required by Section 59-12-2208 shall state the allocations the county legislative body makes in accordance with this Subsection (9).
- (d) The commission shall make the distributions required by Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) as follows:
  - (i) the percentage specified by a county legislative body shall be distributed in

accordance with a resolution adopted by a county legislative body under Subsection (9)(a) to an eligible political subdivision or a public transit district within the county; and

- (ii) except as provided in Subsection (9)(a)(ii), if a county legislative body allocates less than 100% of the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision, the remainder of the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) not allocated by a county legislative body through a resolution under Subsection (9)(a) shall be distributed as follows:
  - (A) 50% of the revenue as provided in Subsection (8); and
  - (B) 50% of the revenue to the county legislative body.
- (e) If a county legislative body seeks to change an allocation specified in a resolution under Subsection (9)(a), the county legislative body may change the allocation by:
- (i) adopting a resolution in accordance with Subsection (9)(a) specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision;
- (ii) obtaining approval to change the allocation of the sales and use tax by a majority of all the members of the county legislative body; and
  - (iii) subject to Subsection (9)(f):

- (A) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, submitting an opinion question to the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on whether the allocation should be changed; and
- (B) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, obtaining approval to change the allocation from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation.
- (f) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question required by Subsection (9)(e)(iii)(A) shall state the allocations specified in the resolution adopted in accordance with Subsection (9)(e) and approved by the county legislative body in accordance with Subsection (9)(e)(ii).
- (g) (i) If a county makes an allocation by adopting a resolution under Subsection (9)(a) or changes an allocation by adopting a resolution under Subsection (9)(e), the allocation shall take effect on the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice meeting the requirements

of Subsection (9)(g)(ii) from the county.

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- (ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(g)(i) shall state:
- 1022 (A) that the county will make or change the percentage of an allocation under 1023 Subsection (9)(a) or (e); and
  - (B) the percentage of revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision.
  - (10) (a) If a public transit district is organized after the date a county legislative body first imposes a tax under this section, a change in a distribution required by this section may not take effect until the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice from the public transit district of the organization of the public transit district.
  - (b) If an eligible political subdivision intends to provide public transit service within a county after the date a county legislative body first imposes a tax under this section, a change in a distribution required by this section may not take effect until the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice from the eligible political subdivision stating that the eligible political subdivision intends to provide public transit service within the county.
  - (11) A county, city, or town may expend revenue collected from a tax under this section, except for revenue the commission distributes in accordance with Subsection (4)(a), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), or (9)(d)(i) for:
- 1040 (a) a class B road;
- 1041 (b) a class C road;
- 1042 (c) traffic and pedestrian safety, including for a class B road or class C road, for:
- 1043 (i) a sidewalk;
- 1044 (ii) curb and gutter;
- 1045 (iii) a safety feature;
- 1046 (iv) a traffic sign;
- 1047 (v) a traffic signal;
- 1048 (vi) street lighting; or
- 1049 (vii) a combination of Subsections (11)(c)(i) through (vi);
- (d) the construction, maintenance, or operation of an active transportation facility that

is for nonmotorized vehicles and multimodal transportation and connects an origin with a destination;

(e) public transit system services; or

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- (f) a combination of Subsections (11)(a) through (e).
- (12) A public transit district or an eligible political subdivision may expend revenue the commission distributes in accordance with Subsection (4)(a), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), or (9)(d)(i) for capital expenses and service delivery expenses of the public transit district or eligible political subdivision.
  - (13) (a) Revenue collected from a sales and use tax under this section may not be used to supplant existing general fund appropriations that a county, city, or town has budgeted for transportation as of the date the tax becomes effective for a county, city, or town.
  - (b) The limitation under Subsection (13)(a) does not apply to a designated transportation capital or reserve account a county, city, or town may have established prior to the date the tax becomes effective.
    - Section 18. Section **62A-15-611** is amended to read:
    - 62A-15-611. Allocation of state hospital beds -- Formula.
- (1) As used in this section:
  - (a) "Adult beds" means the total number of patient beds located in the adult general psychiatric unit and the geriatric unit at the state hospital, as determined by the superintendent of the state hospital.
  - (b) "Mental health catchment area" means a county or group of counties governed by a local mental health authority.
  - (2) (a) The division shall establish by rule a formula to separately allocate to local mental health authorities adult beds for persons who meet the requirements of Subsection 62A-15-610(2)(a). Beginning on May 10, 2011, and ending on June 30, 2011, 152 beds shall be allocated to local mental health authorities under this section.
    - (b) The number of beds shall be reviewed and adjusted as necessary.
- 1078 (i) on July 1, 2011, to restore the number of beds allocated to 212 beds as funding permits; and
- 1080 (ii) on July 1, 2011, and every three years after July 1, 2011, according to the state's population.

1082	(c) All population figures utilized shall reflect the most recent available population
1083	estimates from the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee.
1084	(3) The formula established under Subsection (2) shall provide for allocation of beds
1085	based on:
1086	(a) the percentage of the state's adult population located within a mental health
1087	catchment area; and
1088	(b) a differential to compensate for the additional demand for hospital beds in mental
1089	health catchment areas that are located in urban areas.
1090	(4) A local mental health authority may sell or loan its allocation of beds to another
1091	local mental health authority.
1092	(5) The division shall allocate adult beds at the state hospital to local mental health
1093	authorities for their use in accordance with the formula established under this section. If a local
1094	mental health authority is unable to access a bed allocated to it under the formula established
1095	under Subsection (2), the division shall provide that local mental health authority with funding
1096	equal to the reasonable, average daily cost of an acute care bed purchased by the local mental
1097	health authority.
1098	(6) The board shall periodically review and make changes in the formula established
1099	under Subsection (2) as necessary to accurately reflect changes in population.
1100	Section 19. Section <b>63C-18-101</b> is enacted to read:
1101	<b>CHAPTER 18. UTAH POPULATION COMMITTEE</b>
1102	<u>63C-18-101.</u> Title.
1103	This chapter is known as "Utah Population Committee."
1104	Section 20. Section <b>63C-18-102</b> is enacted to read:
1105	63C-18-102. Definitions.
1106	As used in this chapter, "committee" means the Utah Population Committee created by
1107	this chapter.
1108	Section 21. Section 63C-18-103 is enacted to read:
1109	63C-18-103. Utah Population Committee Creation.
1110	(1) There is created the Utah Population Committee composed of the following
1111	members:
1112	(a) one representative of the Kem C. Gardner Policy Institute at the University of Utah

1113	that the director of the Kem C. Gardner Policy Institute appoints;
1114	(b) one representative of the Population Research Laboratory at Utah State University
1115	that the director of the Population Research Laboratory appoints;
1116	(c) the state planning coordinator appointed under Section 63J-4-202;
1117	(d) one representative of the Workforce Research and Analysis Division within the
1118	Department of Workforce Services that the director of the Workforce Research and Analysis
1119	Division appoints;
1120	(e) one representative of the Office of Vital Records and Statistics that the director of
1121	the Office of Vital Records and Statistics appoints;
1122	(f) one representative of the State System of Public Education that the State Board of
1123	Education appoints;
1124	(g) one representative of the State Tax Commission that the executive director of the
1125	State Tax Commission appoints;
1126	(h) one representative of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst that the speaker of
1127	the House of Representatives and the president of the Senate jointly appoint;
1128	(i) one representative of the Utah System of Higher Education that the commissioner of
1129	higher education appoints; and
1130	(j) any additional member appointed under Subsection (2).
1131	(2) (a) By a majority vote of the members of the committee, the committee may
1132	appoint one or more additional members to serve on the committee at the pleasure of the
1133	committee.
1134	(b) The committee shall ensure that each additional member appointed under
1135	Subsection (2)(a) is a data provider or a representative of a data provider.
1136	(3) The representative of the Kem C. Gardner Policy Institute appointed under
1137	Subsection (1)(a) is the chair of the committee.
1138	(4) The Kem C. Gardner Policy Institute shall provide staff support to the committee.
1139	Section 22. Section 63C-18-104 is enacted to read:
1140	63C-18-104. Committee duties.
1141	The committee shall:
1142	(1) prepare annual population estimates for the total population of the state and each
1143	county in the state:

1144	(2) review and comment on the methodologies and population estimates for all
1145	geographic levels for the state that the United States Bureau of the Census produces;
1146	(3) prepare place estimates for new political subdivision annexations and
1147	incorporations in the state;
1148	(4) prepare additional demographic estimates for the state that may include estimates
1149	related to race, ethnicity, age, sex, religious affiliation, or economic status; and
1150	(5) publish the estimates described in Subsections (1), (3), and (4) on the committee's
1151	website.
1152	Section 23. Section 63C-18-105 is enacted to read:
1153	63C-18-105. State use of committee estimates Compliance.
1154	(1) Unless otherwise designated in the United States Constitution, the Utah
1155	Constitution, statute, or rule, an executive branch entity or an independent entity that is
1156	required to perform an action or make a determination based on a population estimate shall use
1157	a population estimate that the committee produces, if available.
1158	(2) A newly incorporated political subdivision shall provide the committee with a list
1159	of residential building permits issued within the boundaries of the political subdivision since
1160	the last decennia census.
1161	Section 24. Section 67-1a-2 is amended to read:
1162	67-1a-2. Duties enumerated.
1163	(1) The lieutenant governor shall:
1164	(a) perform duties delegated by the governor, including assignments to serve in any of
1165	the following capacities:
1166	(i) as the head of any one department, if so qualified, with the consent of the Senate,
1167	and, upon appointment at the pleasure of the governor and without additional compensation;
1168	(ii) as the chairperson of any cabinet group organized by the governor or authorized by
1169	law for the purpose of advising the governor or coordinating intergovernmental or
1170	interdepartmental policies or programs;
1171	(iii) as liaison between the governor and the state Legislature to coordinate and
1172	facilitate the governor's programs and budget requests;
1173	(iv) as liaison between the governor and other officials of local, state, federal, and
1174	international governments or any other political entities to coordinate, facilitate, and protect the

1175	interests of the state;
1176	(v) as personal advisor to the governor, including advice on policies, programs,
1177	administrative and personnel matters, and fiscal or budgetary matters; and
1178	(vi) as chairperson or member of any temporary or permanent boards, councils,
1179	commissions, committees, task forces, or other group appointed by the governor;
1180	(b) serve on all boards and commissions in lieu of the governor, whenever so
1181	designated by the governor;
1182	(c) serve as the chief election officer of the state as required by Subsection (2);
1183	(d) keep custody of the Great Seal of Utah;
1184	(e) keep a register of, and attest, the official acts of the governor;
1185	(f) affix the Great Seal, with an attestation, to all official documents and instruments to
1186	which the official signature of the governor is required; and
1187	(g) furnish a certified copy of all or any part of any law, record, or other instrument
1188	filed, deposited, or recorded in the office of the lieutenant governor to any person who requests
1189	it and pays the fee.
1190	(2) (a) As the chief election officer, the lieutenant governor shall:
1191	(i) exercise general supervisory authority over all elections;
1192	(ii) exercise direct authority over the conduct of elections for federal, state, and
1193	multicounty officers and statewide or multicounty ballot propositions and any recounts
1194	involving those races;
1195	(iii) assist county clerks in unifying the election ballot;
1196	(iv) (A) prepare election information for the public as required by statute and as
1197	determined appropriate by the lieutenant governor; and
1198	(B) make the information under Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(A) available to the public and to
1199	news media on the Internet and in other forms as required by statute or as determined
1200	appropriate by the lieutenant governor;
1201	(v) receive and answer election questions and maintain an election file on opinions
1202	received from the attorney general;
1203	(vi) maintain a current list of registered political parties as defined in Section
1204	20A-8-101;

(vii) maintain election returns and statistics;

1206	(viii) certify to the governor the names of those persons who have received the highest
1207	number of votes for any office;
1208	(ix) ensure that all voting equipment purchased by the state complies with the
1209	requirements of Subsection 20A-5-302(2) and Sections 20A-5-402.5 and 20A-5-402.7;
1210	(x) conduct the study described in Section 67-1a-14;
1211	(xi) during a declared emergency, to the extent that the lieutenant governor determines
1212	it warranted, designate, as provided in Section 20A-1-308, a different method, time, or location
1213	relating to:
1214	(A) voting on election day;
1215	(B) early voting;
1216	(C) the transmittal or voting of an absentee ballot or military-overseas ballot;
1217	(D) the counting of an absentee ballot or military-overseas ballot; or
1218	(E) the canvassing of election returns; and
1219	(xii) perform other election duties as provided in Title 20A, Election Code.
1220	(b) As chief election officer, the lieutenant governor may not assume the
1221	responsibilities assigned to the county clerks, city recorders, town clerks, or other local election
1222	officials by Title 20A, Election Code.
1223	(3) (a) The lieutenant governor shall:
1224	(i) [(A)] determine a new city's classification under Section 10-2-301 upon the city's
1225	incorporation under Title 10, Chapter 2a, Part 2, Incorporation of a City, based on the city's
1226	population using the population estimate from the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee; and
1227	[(B) (I) ] (ii) (A) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the new city belongs
1228	based on the city's population; and
1229	[(H)] (B) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate
1230	to the city's legislative body[;].
1231	[(ii) (A)] (b) The lieutenant governor shall:
1232	(i) determine the classification under Section 10-2-301 of a consolidated municipality
1233	upon the consolidation of multiple municipalities under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 6,
1234	Consolidation of Municipalities, using population information from:
1235	[(1)] (A) each official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the
1236	Census: or

1237	[(H)] (B) the population estimate from the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee, if
1238	the population of a municipality is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census;
1239	and
1240	[(B)(I)](ii)(A) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the consolidated
1241	municipality belongs based on the municipality's population; and
1242	[(H)] (B) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate
1243	to the consolidated municipality's legislative body[;].
1244	[(iii) (A)] (c) The lieutenant governor shall:
1245	(i) determine a new metro township's classification under Section 10-2-301.5 upon the
1246	metro township's incorporation under Title 10, Chapter 2a, Part 4, Incorporation of Metro
1247	Townships and Unincorporated Islands in a County of the First Class on and after May 12,
1248	2015, based on the metro township's population using the population estimates from the Utah
1249	Population [Estimates] Committee; and
1250	[(B)] (ii) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the new metro township
1251	belongs based on the metro township's population and, within 10 days after preparing the
1252	certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the metro township's legislative body[; and].
1253	[(iv)-] (d) The lieutenant governor shall monitor the population of each municipality
1254	using population information from:
1255	[(A)] (i) each official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the
1256	Census; or
1257	[(B)] (ii) the population estimate from the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee, if
1258	the population of a municipality is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census.
1259	[(b)] (e) If the applicable population figure under Subsection (3)[(a)(ii) or (iv)](b) or
1260	(d) indicates that a municipality's population has increased beyond the population for its current
1261	class, the lieutenant governor shall:
1262	(i) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the municipality belongs based on
1263	the increased population figure; and
1264	(ii) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the
1265	legislative body of the municipality whose class has changed.
1266	$[\underline{(c)}]$ (i) If the applicable population figure under Subsection (3)[ $\underline{(a)(ii)}$ or $\underline{(iv)}$ ](b) or
1267	(d) indicates that a municipality's population has decreased below the population for its current

1268 class, the lieutenant governor shall send written notification of that fact to the municipality's 1269 legislative body. 1270 (ii) Upon receipt of a petition under Subsection 10-2-302(2) from a municipality whose 1271 population has decreased below the population for its current class, the lieutenant governor 1272 shall: 1273 (A) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the municipality belongs based 1274 on the decreased population figure; and 1275 (B) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the 1276 legislative body of the municipality whose class has changed. 1277 Section 25. Section **72-2-108** is amended to read: 1278 72-2-108. Apportionment of funds available for use on class B and class C roads 1279 -- Bonds. 1280 (1) For purposes of this section: (a) "Graveled road" means a road: 1281 1282 (i) that is: 1283 (A) graded; and 1284 (B) drained by transverse drainage systems to prevent serious impairment of the road 1285 by surface water: (ii) that has an improved surface; and 1286 1287 (iii) that has a wearing surface made of: 1288 (A) gravel; 1289 (B) broken stone; 1290 (C) slag; 1291 (D) iron ore; 1292 (E) shale; or 1293 (F) other material that is: 1294 (I) similar to a material described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A) through (E); and 1295 (II) coarser than sand. 1296 (b) "Paved road" includes a graveled road with a chip seal surface. 1297 (c) "Road mile" means a one-mile length of road, regardless of: 1298 (i) the width of the road; or

1299	(ii) the number of lanes into which the road is divided.
1300	(d) "Weighted mileage" means the sum of the following:
1301	(i) paved road miles multiplied by five; and
1302	(ii) all other road type road miles multiplied by two.
1303	(2) Subject to the provisions of Subsections (3) through (8) and except as provided in
1304	Subsection (10), funds in the class B and class C roads account shall be apportioned among
1305	counties and municipalities in the following manner:
1306	(a) 50% in the ratio that the class B roads weighted mileage within each county and
1307	class C roads weighted mileage within each municipality bear to the total class B and class C
1308	roads weighted mileage within the state; and
1309	(b) 50% in the ratio that the population of a county or municipality bears to the total
1310	population of the state as of the last official federal census or the United States Bureau of
1311	Census estimate, whichever is most recent, except that if population estimates are not available
1312	from the United States Bureau of Census, population figures shall be derived from the estimate
1313	from the Utah Population [Estimates] Committee.
1314	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b), "the population of a county" means:
1315	(a) the population of a county outside the corporate limits of municipalities in that
1316	county, if the population of the county outside the corporate limits of municipalities in that

- county is not less than 14% of the total population of that county, including municipalities; and
- (b) if the population of a county outside the corporate limits of municipalities in the county is less than 14% of the total population:
- (i) the aggregate percentage of the population apportioned to municipalities in that county shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between:
  - (A) 14%; and

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- (B) the actual percentage of population outside the corporate limits of municipalities in that county; and
- (ii) the population apportioned to the county shall be 14% of the total population of that county, including incorporated municipalities.
- (4) If an apportionment under Subsection (2) made in the current fiscal year to a county or municipality with a population of less than 14,000 is less than 120% of the amount apportioned to the county or municipality from the class B and class C roads account in fiscal

1330 year 1996-97, the department shall reapportion the funds under Subsection (2) to ensure that the county or municipality receives: 1331 1332 (a) subject to the requirement in Subsection (5) and for fiscal year 2016 only, an 1333 amount equal to: 1334 (i) the amount apportioned to the county or municipality for class B and class C roads 1335 in fiscal year 2015 multiplied by 120%; plus (ii) an amount equal to the amount apportioned to the county or municipality in fiscal 1336 1337 year 2015 multiplied by the percentage increase or decrease in the total funds available for 1338 class B and class C roads between fiscal year 2015 and fiscal year 2016; 1339 (b) for fiscal year 2017 only, an amount equal to the greater of: 1340 (i) the amount apportioned to the county or municipality for class B and class C roads 1341 in the current fiscal year under Subsection (2); or 1342 (ii) (A) the amount apportioned to the county for class B and class C roads in fiscal 1343 year 2015 multiplied by 120%; plus 1344 (B) the amount calculated as described in Subsection (7); or 1345 (c) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2017, an amount equal to the greater of: 1346 1347 (i) the amount apportioned to the county or municipality for class B and class C roads 1348 in the current fiscal year under Subsection (2); or 1349 (ii) (A) the amount apportioned to the county or municipality for class B and class C 1350 roads through the apportionment formula under Subsection (2) or this Subsection (4), 1351 excluding any amounts appropriated as additional support for class B and class C roads under 1352 Subsection (10), in the prior fiscal year; plus (B) the amount calculated as described in Subsection (7). 1353 1354 (5) For the purposes of calculating a final distribution of money collected in fiscal year 1355 2016, the department shall subtract the payments previously made to a county or municipality 1356 for money collected in fiscal year 2016 for class B and class C roads from the fiscal year 2016 1357 total calculated in Subsection (4)(a).

Subsection (4)(a), (b)(ii), or (c)(ii) does not apply.

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(6) (a) The department shall decrease proportionately as provided in Subsection (6)(b)

the apportionments to counties and municipalities for which the reapportionment under

(b) The aggregate amount of the funds that the department shall decrease proportionately from the apportionments under Subsection (6)(a) is an amount equal to the aggregate amount reapportioned to counties and municipalities under Subsection (4)(a), (b)(ii), or (c)(ii).

- (7) (a) In addition to the apportionment adjustments made under Subsection (4), a county or municipality that qualifies for reapportioned money under Subsection (4)(b)(ii) or (c)(ii) shall receive an amount equal to the amount apportioned to the county or municipality under Subsection (4)(b)(ii) or (c)(ii) for class B and class C roads in the prior fiscal year multiplied by the percentage increase or decrease in the total funds available for class B and class C roads between the prior fiscal year and the fiscal year that immediately preceded the prior fiscal year.
- (b) The adjustment under Subsection (7)(a) shall be made in the same way as provided in Subsections (6)(a) and (b).
- (8) (a) If a county or municipality does not qualify for a reapportionment under Subsection (4)(c) in the current fiscal year but previously qualified for a reapportionment under Subsection (4)(c) on or after July 1, 2017, the county or municipality shall receive an amount equal to the greater of:
- (i) the amount apportioned to the county or municipality for class B and class C roads in the current fiscal year under Subsection (2); or
- (ii) the amount apportioned to the county or municipality for class B and class C roads in the prior fiscal year.
- (b) The adjustment under Subsection (8)(a) shall be made in the same way as provided in Subsections (6)(a) and (b).
- (9) The governing body of any municipality or county may issue bonds redeemable up to a period of 10 years under Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, to pay the costs of constructing, repairing, and maintaining class B or class C roads and may pledge class B or class C road funds received pursuant to this section to pay principal, interest, premiums, and reserves for the bonds.
- (10) (a) For fiscal year 2017 only, the department shall distribute \$5,000,000 of the funds appropriated for additional support for class B and class C roads among the counties and municipalities that qualified for reapportioned funds under Subsection (4) before May 1, 2016.

1392 (b) The department shall distribute an amount to each county or municipality described 1393 in Subsection (10)(a) considering the projected amount of revenue that each county or 1394 municipality would have received under the reapportionment formula in effect before May 1. 1395 2016. 1396 (c) The department may consult with local government entities to determine the 1397 distribution amounts under Subsection (10)(b). 1398 (d) Before making the distributions required under this section, the department shall 1399 report to the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature by no later than December 1400 31, 2016, the amount of funds the department will distribute to each county or municipality that 1401 qualifies for a distribution under this Subsection (10). 1402 (e) The Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature shall review and 1403 comment on the amount of funds proposed to be distributed to each county or municipality that 1404 qualifies for a distribution under this Subsection (10). 1405 Section 26. Section **78B-1-110** is amended to read: 1406 78B-1-110. Limitations on jury service. 1407 (1) In any two-year period, a person may not: 1408 (a) be required to serve on more than one grand jury; 1409 (b) be required to serve as both a grand and trial juror; 1410 (c) be required to attend court for prospective jury service as a trial juror more than one 1411 court day, except if necessary to complete service in a particular case; or 1412 (d) if summoned for prospective jury service and the summons is complied with as 1413 directed, be selected for the qualified jury list more than once. 1414 (2) (a) Subsection (1)(d) does not apply to counties of the fourth, fifth, and sixth class 1415 and counties of the third class with populations up to 75,000. 1416 (b) (i) All population figures used for this section shall be derived from the most recent 1417 official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.

population figures shall be derived from the estimate of the Utah Population [Estimates]

Committee.

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(ii) If population estimates are not available from the United States Census Bureau,

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