DIGITAL PIRACY AMENDMENTS
2017 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Adam Gardiner
Senate Sponsor: Don L. Ipson
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends a provision related to unauthorized recording practices.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 provides, for certain offenses regarding recordings, that an amount of recordings
means the commercial equivalent of an amount of recordings.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
13-10-8, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 325
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 13-10-8 is amended to read:
13-10-8. Failure to disclose the origin of a recording Penalty.
42.7
(1) For purposes of this section "recording" means:

including an original phonograph record, disc, tape, audio or video cassette, wire, film, or other



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28	similar medium; or
29	(b) a copy or reproduction that duplicates the original in whole or in part.
30	(2) A person is guilty of failure to disclose the origin of a recording if:
31	(a) the person commits any of the following acts for commercial advantage or private
32	financial gain:
33	(i) offers a recording for sale, resale, or rent;
34	(ii) sells, resells, rents, leases, or lends a recording; or
35	(iii) possesses a recording for any of the purposes described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or
36	(ii); and
37	(b) the person knows that the recording does not contain the true name and address of
38	the manufacturer in a prominent place on its cover, jacket, or label.
39	(3) A person who fails to disclose the origin of a recording under Subsection (2) is
40	guilty of:
41	(a) a felony of the third degree if the offense involves 100 or more recordings, or the
42	commercial equivalent of 100 or more recordings, during a 180-day period or if the person has
43	previously been convicted of a violation of this section;
44	(b) a class A misdemeanor if the offense involves at least 10 recordings [but less] and
45	fewer than 100 recordings, or the commercial equivalent of at least 10 recordings and fewer
46	than 100 recordings, during a 180-day period; or
47	(c) a class B misdemeanor if the offense involves [less] fewer than 10 recordings or
48	fewer than the commercial equivalent of 10 recordings.
49	(4) In addition to the penalties provided in Subsection (3), a court may order a person
50	who commits a violation of Subsection (2) to forfeit any recordings in the person's possession
51	that served as the basis for the violation of Subsection (2).

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel