

338 (d) engineering;

339 (e) financial services;

340 (f) information technology;

341 (g) the law;

342 (h) medicine;

343 (i) psychiatry; or

344 (j) underwriting.

345 (64) "Protest officer" means:

346 (a) for the division or a procurement unit with independent procurement authority:

347 (i) the head of the procurement unit;

348 (ii) a designee of the head of the procurement unit; or

349 (iii) a person designated by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority; or

350 (b) for a procurement unit without independent procurement authority, the chief

351 procurement officer or the chief procurement officer's designee.

352 (65) "Public corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section [63E-1-102](#).

353 (66) "Public entity" means any government entity of the state or political subdivision of
354 the state, including:

355 (a) a procurement unit;

356 (b) a municipality or county, regardless of whether the municipality or county has
357 adopted this chapter or any part of this chapter; and

358 (c) any other government entity located in the state that expends public funds.

359 (67) "Public facility" means a building, structure, infrastructure, improvement, or other
360 facility of a public entity.

361 (68) "Public funds" means money, regardless of its source, including from the federal
362 government, that is owned or held by a procurement unit.

363 (69) "Public-private partnership" means an arrangement or agreement ~~§→~~, **occurring on or**
363a **after January 1, 2017, ←§** between a
364 procurement unit and one or more contractors to provide for a public need through the
365 development or operation of a project in which the contractor or contractors share with the
366 procurement unit the responsibility or risk of developing, owning, ~~§→~~ **maintaining, financing,** ←§
366a or operating the project.

367 [(69)] (70) "Public transit district" means a public transit district organized under Title

368 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act.