1	ALCOHOL MODIFICATIONS
2	2017 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jerry W. Stevenson
5	House Sponsor: Brad R. Wilson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to alcohol regulation.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	► defines terms;
13	<ul> <li>reduces the permissible proximity of a restaurant licensee to a community location;</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>repeals the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission's authority to grant a variance</li> </ul>
15	to a proximity requirement;
16	<ul> <li>addresses the effect of a previously approved variance to a proximity requirement;</li> </ul>
17	<ul> <li>provides that a licensee may continue to operate, regardless of whether a person</li> </ul>
18	establishes a community location closer to the licensee than is otherwise
19	permissible; and
20	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	This bill provides a coordination clause.
25	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
26	AMENDS:
27	32B-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 176



28	32B-6-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 82
29	32B-6-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 82
30	32B-6-903, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334
31	32B-8a-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 82
32	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
33	32B-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 176
33a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow 32B-8a-302$ , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 82 $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
34	
35	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
36	Section 1. Section 32B-1-202 is amended to read:
37	32B-1-202. Proximity to community location.
38	(1) [For purposes of] As used in this section[, "outlet" means]:
39	(a) (i) "Outlet" means:
40	[ <del>(a)</del> ] (A) a state store;
41	[(b)] (B) a package agency; or
42	[(c)] (C) a retail licensee[, except an airport lounge licensee].
43	(ii) "Outlet" does not include:
44	(A) an airport lounge licensee; or
45	(B) a restaurant.
46	(b) "Restaurant" means:
47	(i) a full-service restaurant licensee;
48	(ii) a limited-service restaurant licensee; or
49	(iii) a beer-only restaurant licensee.
50	[(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the premises of an outlet may not be
51	located:]
52	(2) (a) The commission may not issue a license for an outlet if, on the date the
53	commission takes final action to approve or deny the application, there is a community
54	location:
55	[(a)] (i) within 600 feet of [a community location] the proposed outlet, as measured
56	from the nearest entrance of the <u>proposed</u> outlet by following the shortest route of ordinary
57 •••	pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location; or
58	[(b)] (ii) within 200 feet of [a community location] the proposed outlet, measured in a

59	straight line from the nearest entrance of the <u>proposed</u> outlet to the nearest property boundary
60	of the community location.
61	(b) The commission may not issue a license for a restaurant if, on the date the
62	commission takes final action to approve or deny the application, there is a community
63	location:
64	(i) within 300 feet of the proposed restaurant, as measured from the nearest entrance of
65	the proposed restaurant by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the
66	property boundary of the community location; or
67	(ii) within 200 feet of the proposed restaurant, measured in a straight line from the
68	nearest entrance of the proposed restaurant to the nearest property boundary of the community
69	location.
70	[(3) With respect to the location of an outlet, the commission may authorize a variance
71	to reduce the proximity requirement of Subsection (2) if:]
72	[(a) when the variance reduces the proximity requirement of Subsection (2)(b), the
73	community location at issue is:]
74	[(i) a public library; or]
75	[(ii) a public park;]
76	[(b) except with respect to a state store, the local authority gives its written consent to
77	the variance;]
78	[(c) the commission finds that alternative locations for locating that type of outlet in
79	the community are limited;
80	[(d) a public hearing is held in the city, town, metro township, or county, and when
81	practical in the neighborhood concerned;]
82	[(e) after giving full consideration to the attending circumstances and the policies
83	stated in Subsections 32B-1-103(3) and (4), the commission determines that locating the outlet
84	in that location would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the
85	community;]
86	[(f) (i) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the
87	variance; or]
88	[(ii) if the community location governing authority does not give its written consent to
89	a variance, the commission finds the following for a state store, or if the outlet is a package

90	agency or retail licensee, the commission finds that the applicant establishes the following:
91	[(A) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume an alcoholic product:]
92	[(I) within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the outlet is to be
93	located; and]
94	[(II) for an outlet that is a retail licensee, in a public setting;]
95	[(B) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying the substantial unmet
96	demand other than through locating that type of outlet in that location; and]
97	[(C) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary
98	of the local authority in which the outlet is to be located for locating that type of outlet to
99	satisfy the unmet demand.]
100	[(4) With respect to the premises of a package agency or retail licensee that undergoes
101	a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements of
102	Subsection (2) in considering whether to issue the package agency or same type of retail license
103	to the new owner of the premises if:]
104	[(a) the premises previously received a variance reducing the proximity requirement of
105	Subsection (2)(a);]
106	[(b) the premises received a variance reducing the proximity requirement of Subsection
107	(2)(b) on or before May 4, 2008; or]
108	[(c) a variance from proximity requirements was otherwise allowed under this title.]
109	(3) For an outlet or a restaurant that holds a license on May 9, 2017, and operates under
110	a previously approved variance to one or more proximity requirements in effect before May 9,
111	2017, subject to the other provisions of this title, that outlet or restaurant, or another outlet or
112	restaurant with the same type of license as that outlet or restaurant, may operate under the
113	previously approved variance regardless of whether:
114	(a) the outlet or restaurant changes ownership;
115	(b) the property on which the outlet or restaurant is located changes ownership; or
116	(c) there is a lapse in the use of the property as an outlet or a restaurant with the same
117	type of license, unless during the lapse, the property is used for a different purpose.
118	(4) (a) If, after an outlet or a restaurant obtains a license under this title, a person
119	establishes a community location on a property that puts the outlet or restaurant in violation of
120	the proximity requirements in effect at the time the license is issued or a previously approved

121	variance described in Subsection (3), subject to the other provisions of this title, that outlet or
122	restaurant, or an outlet or a restaurant with the same type of license as that outlet or restaurant,
123	may operate at the premises regardless of whether:
124	(i) the outlet or restaurant changes ownership;
125	(ii) the property on which the outlet or restaurant is located changes ownership; or
126	(iii) there is a lapse in the use of the property as an outlet or a restaurant with the same
127	type of license, unless during the lapse the property is used for a different purpose.
128	(b) The provisions of this Subsection (4) apply regardless of when the outlet's or
129	restaurant's license is issued.
130	(5) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the proximity of
131	an educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in reaching a
132	decision on a proposed location of an outlet.
133	Section 2. Section 32B-6-203 is amended to read:
134	32B-6-203. Commission's power to issue full-service restaurant license.
135	(1) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of
136	an alcoholic product on its premises as a full-service restaurant, the person shall first obtain a
137	full-service restaurant license from the commission in accordance with this part.
138	(2) The commission may issue a full-service restaurant license to establish full-service
139	restaurant licensed premises at places and in numbers the commission considers proper for the
140	storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of an alcoholic product on premises
141	operated as a full-service restaurant.
142	(3) Subject to Section 32B-1-201:
143	(a) The commission may not issue a total number of full-service restaurant licenses that
144	at any time exceeds the number determined by dividing the population of the state by 4,467.
145	(b) The commission may issue a seasonal full-service restaurant license in accordance
146	with Section 32B-5-206.
147	(c) (i) If the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one
148	full-service restaurant sales location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the
149	commission may authorize the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing of an alcoholic product at as
150	many as three full-service restaurant locations within the hotel under one full-service restaurant

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license if:

152	(A) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and
153	(B) the locations under the full-service restaurant license are:
154	(I) within the same hotel; and
155	(II) on premises that are managed or operated, and owned or leased, by the full-service
156	restaurant licensee.
157	(ii) A facility other than a hotel shall have a separate full-service restaurant license for
158	each full-service restaurant where an alcoholic product is sold, offered for sale, or furnished.
159	(4) [(a)] Except as otherwise provided in [Subsection (4)(b)] Section 32B-1-202, the
160	commission may not issue a full-service restaurant license for premises that do not meet the
161	proximity requirements of [Section 32B-1-202] Subsection 32B-1-202(2).
162	[(b) With respect to the premises of a full-service restaurant license issued by the
163	commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission shall waive or vary the
164	proximity requirements of Subsection 32B-1-202(2) in considering whether to issue a
165	full-service restaurant license to the new owner of the premises if:]
166	[(i) when a full-service restaurant license was issued to a previous owner, the premises
167	met the proximity requirements of Subsection 32B-1-202(2);]
168	[(ii) the premises has had a full-service restaurant license at all times since the
169	full-service restaurant license described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) was issued without a variance;
170	and]
171	[(iii) the community location was located within the proximity requirements of
172	Subsection 32B-1-202(2) after the day on which the full-service restaurant license described in
173	Subsection (4)(b)(i) was issued.]
174	Section 3. Section 32B-6-303 is amended to read:
175	32B-6-303. Commission's power to issue limited-service restaurant license.
176	(1) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of
177	wine, heavy beer, or beer on its premises as a limited-service restaurant, the person shall first
178	obtain a limited-service restaurant license from the commission in accordance with this part.
179	(2) (a) The commission may issue a limited-service restaurant license to establish
180	limited-service restaurant licensed premises at places and in numbers the commission considers
181	proper for the storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of wine, heavy beer, or
182	beer on premises operated as a limited-service restaurant.

183 (b) A person may not sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of the 184 following on the licensed premises of a limited-service restaurant licensee: 185 (i) spirituous liquor; or 186 (ii) a flavored malt beverage. 187 (3) Subject to Section 32B-1-201: 188 (a) The commission may not issue a total number of limited-service restaurant licenses 189 that at any time exceeds the number determined by dividing the population of the state by 190 6,817. 191 (b) The commission may issue a seasonal limited-service restaurant license in 192 accordance with Section 32B-5-206. 193 (c) (i) If the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one 194 limited-service restaurant sales location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the 195 commission may authorize the sale of wine, heavy beer, and beer at as many as three 196 limited-service restaurant locations within the hotel under one limited-service restaurant license 197 if: 198 (A) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and 199 (B) the locations under the limited-service restaurant license are: 200 (I) within the same hotel: and 201 (II) on premises that are managed or operated, and owned or leased, by the 202 limited-service restaurant licensee. 203 (ii) A facility other than a hotel shall have a separate limited-service restaurant license for each limited-service restaurant where wine, heavy beer, or beer is sold, offered for sale, or 204 205 furnished. 206 (4) [(a)] Except as otherwise provided in [Subsection (4)(b)] Section 32B-1-202, the 207 commission may not issue a limited-service restaurant license for premises that do not meet the 208 proximity requirements of [Section 32B-1-202] Subsection 32B-1-202(2). 209 (b) With respect to the premises of a limited-service restaurant license issued by the 210 commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission shall waive or vary the 211 proximity requirements of Subsection 32B-1-202(2) in considering whether to issue a 212 limited-service restaurant license to the new owner of the premises if:

(i) when a limited-service restaurant license was issued to a previous owner, the

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214	premises met the proximity requirements of Subsection 32B-1-202(2);]
215	[(ii) the premises has had a limited-service restaurant license at all times since the
216	limited-service restaurant license described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) was issued without a
217	variance; and]
218	[(iii) the community location was located within the proximity requirements of
219	Subsection 32B-1-202(2) after the day on which the limited-service restaurant license
220	described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) was issued.]
221	Section 4. Section 32B-6-903 is amended to read:
222	32B-6-903. Commission's power to issue beer-only restaurant license.
223	(1) Before a person may store, sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of
224	beer on its premises as a beer-only restaurant, the person shall first obtain a beer-only
225	restaurant license from the commission in accordance with this part.
226	(2) (a) The commission may issue a beer-only restaurant license to establish beer-only
227	restaurant licensed premises at places and in numbers the commission considers proper for the
228	storage, sale, offer for sale, furnishing, and consumption of beer on premises operated as a
229	beer-only restaurant.
230	(b) A person may not sell, offer for sale, furnish, or allow the consumption of liquor or
231	the licensed premises of a beer-only restaurant licensee.
232	(3) (a) Only one beer-only restaurant license is required for each building or resort
233	facility owned or leased by the same person.
234	(b) A separate license is not required for each beer-only restaurant license dispensing
235	location in the same building or on the same resort premises owned or operated by the same
236	person.
237	(4) [ <del>(a)</del> ] Except as <u>otherwise</u> provided in [ <del>Subsection (4)(b) or (c)</del> ] <u>Section 32B-1-202</u>
238	the commission may not issue a beer-only restaurant license for premises that do not meet the
239	proximity requirements of [Section 32B-1-202] Subsection 32B-1-202(2).
240	[(b) With respect to the premises of a beer-only restaurant license issued by the
241	commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission shall waive or vary the
242	proximity requirements of Subsection 32B-1-202(2) in considering whether to issue a
243	beer-only restaurant license to the new owner of the premises if:]
244	[(i) when a beer-only restaurant license was issued to a previous owner, the premises

245	met the proximity requirements of Subsection 32B-1-202(2);]
246	[(ii) the premises has had a beer-only restaurant license at all times since the beer-only
247	restaurant license described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) was issued without a variance; and]
248	[(iii) the community location was located within the proximity requirements of
249	Subsection 32B-1-202(2) after the day on which the beer-only restaurant license described in
250	Subsection (4)(b)(i) was issued.]
251	[(c) The location of the licensed premises of an on-premise beer retailer who is
252	licensed as of July 1, 2011, is grandfathered and not required to meet the proximity
253	requirements of Section 32B-1-202 if the on-premise beer retailer obtains a beer-only
254	restaurant license by not later than March 1, 2012. A location grandfathered under this
255	Subsection (4)(c) is considered grandfathered notwithstanding that the beer-only restaurant
256	license undergoes a change of ownership.]
257	Section 5. Section 32B-8a-302 is amended to read:
258	32B-8a-302. Application Approval process.
259	(1) To obtain the transfer of a retail license from a retail licensee, the transferee shall
260	file a transfer application with the department that includes:
261	(a) an application in the form provided by the department;
262	(b) a statement as to whether the consideration, if any, to be paid to the transferor
263	includes payment for transfer of the retail license;
264	(c) a statement executed under penalty of perjury that the consideration as set forth in
265	the escrow agreement required by Section 32B-8a-401 is deposited with the escrow holder; and
266	(d) (i) an application fee of \$300; and
267	(ii) a transfer fee determined in accordance with Section 32B-8a-303.
268	(2) If the intended transfer of a retail license involves consideration, at least 10 days
269	before the commission may approve the transfer, the department shall post a notice of the
270	intended transfer on the Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701 that states the
271	following:
272	(a) the name of the transferor;
273	(b) the name and address of the business currently associated with the retail license;
274	(c) instructions for filing a claim with the escrow holder; and
275	(d) the projected date that the commission may consider the transfer application.

(3) (a) (i) Before the commission may approve the transfer of a retail license, the department shall conduct an investigation and may hold public hearings to gather information and make recommendations to the commission as to whether the transfer of the retail license should be approved.

- (ii) The department shall forward the information and recommendations described in this Subsection (3)(a) to the commission to aid in the commission's determination.
  - (b) Before approving a transfer, the commission shall:

- (i) determine that the transferee filed a complete application;
- (ii) determine that the transferee is eligible to hold the type of retail license that is to be transferred at the premises to which the retail license would be transferred;
- (iii) determine that the transferee is not delinquent in the payment of an amount described in Subsection 32B-8a-201(3);
  - (iv) determine that the transferee is not disqualified under Section 32B-1-304;
- (v) consider the locality within which the proposed licensed premises is located, including the factors listed in Section 32B-5-203 for the issuance of a retail license;
- (vi) consider the transferee's ability to manage and operate the retail license to be transferred, including the factors listed in Section 32B-5-203 for the issuance of a retail license;
- (vii) consider the nature or type of retail licensee operation of the transferee, including the factors listed in Section 32B-5-203 for the issuance of a retail license;
- (viii) if the transfer involves consideration, determine that the transferee and transferor have complied with Part 4, Protection of Creditors; and
  - (ix) consider any other factor the commission considers necessary.
- (4) [<del>(a)</del>] Except as <u>otherwise</u> provided in [<del>Subsection (4)(b)</del>] <u>Section 32B-1-202</u>, the commission may not approve the transfer of a retail license to premises that do not meet the proximity requirements of [<del>Section 32B-1-202</del>] <u>Subsection 32B-1-202(2)</u>.
- [(b) If after a transfer of a retail license the transferee operates the same type of retail license at the same location as did the transferor, the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements of Subsection 32B-1-202(2) in considering whether to approve the transfer under the same circumstances that the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements in accordance with Subsection 32B-1-202(4) when considering whether to issue a retail license.]

307	Section 6. Coordinating S.B. 279 with H.B. 442 Superseding technical and
308	substantive amendments.
309	If this S.B. 279 and H.B. 442, Alcohol Amendments, both pass and become law, it is
310	the intent of the Legislature that the amendments to $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{Section}]$ Sections $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ 32B-1-202
310a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{and } 32B-8a-302} \leftarrow \hat{H} \underline{\text{in this bill supersede}}$
311	the amendments to $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{Section}]$ Sections $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ 32B-1-202 $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{and 32B-8a-302} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ in H.B. 442,
311a	when the Office of Legislative Research
312	and General Counsel prepares the Utah Code database for publication.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel