	CONSTABLE AMENDMENTS
	2017 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
ŀ	Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore
	House Sponsor:
)	LONG TITLE
}	General Description:
)	This bill modifies Title 53, Public Safety Code, by enacting the Constable Licensing
)	Act.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 repeals provisions related to constables in Title 17, Counties;
ŀ	 defines terms;
	 requires a license to conduct constable work within the state;
)	 creates the Constable Licensing Board;
,	 establishes the process and requirements for licensure;
5	 provides for discipline of licensees; and
)	 makes technical and conforming changes.
)	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
,	Other Special Clauses:
	None
-	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:
)	17-16-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 268
,	17-22-25, Utah Code Annotated 1953

28 **39-1-56**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 15 29 76-6-1403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 261 30 78A-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 226 31 78B-7-406, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 179 32 78B-8-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 210 33 ENACTS: 34 **53-18-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 35 **53-18-102**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 36 **53-18-103**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 53-18-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953 37 38 **53-18-201**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 39 53-18-202. Utah Code Annotated 1953 40 53-18-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953 41 **53-18-301**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 42 53-18-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953 43 **53-18-303**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 **53-18-304**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 44 45 **53-18-305**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 53-18-306, Utah Code Annotated 1953 46 47 **53-18-401**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 48 53-18-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953 49 **53-18-403**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 **53-18-404**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 50 51 **REPEALS**: 17-25-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 204 52 17-25-2, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 46 53 17-25-3, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 46 54 55 17-25-4, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 46 56 17-25-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 48 57 17-25-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 48 58 17-25a-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapters 38 and 234

17-25a-2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 44
17-25a-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 48
17-25a-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 46
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 17-16-11 is amended to read:
17-16-11. Fidelity bonds and theft or crime insurance.
(1) As used in this section, "county officials" means:
(a) the members of the county legislative body;
(b) the county executive;
(c) the county clerk;
(d) the county auditor;
(e) the county sheriff;
(f) the county attorney;
(g) in a county that is within a prosecution district, the district attorney;
(h) the county recorder;
(i) the county assessor;
(j) the county surveyor;
(k) each justice court judge [and constable] within the county;
(l) the county treasurer; and
(m) each deputy or assistant of those listed in Subsections (1)(a) through (l) for whom
the county legislative body determines a general fidelity bond or theft or crime insurance
should be acquired.
(2) (a) The legislative body of each county shall prescribe the amount of each general
fidelity bond or of theft or crime insurance to be acquired for county officials, except the
county treasurer, before the county officials, except the county treasurer, may discharge the
duties of their respective offices.
(b) The State Money Management Council created in Section 51-7-16 shall prescribe
the amount of a general fidelity bond or theft or crime insurance to be acquired for the county
treasurer before the county treasurer may discharge the duties of that office.
(c) A county legislative body may acquire a fidelity bond or theft or crime insurance on

90	all county officials as a group rather than individually.
91	(3) (a) The county legislative body shall approve the premium for each fidelity bond
92	before the bond may be filed.
93	(b) The cost of each fidelity bond and theft or crime insurance policy shall be paid
94	from county funds.
95	(4) Each fidelity bond shall be filed and maintained in the office of the county clerk.
96	(5) (a) The district attorney of each multicounty prosecution district shall:
97	(i) execute a fidelity bond or acquire theft or crime insurance in the amount specified in
98	the interlocal agreement that created the prosecution district; and
99	(ii) file each fidelity bond with the county clerk as specified in the interlocal agreement.
100	(b) The cost of each fidelity bond or theft or crime insurance policy under Subsection
101	(5)(a) shall be paid as specified in the interlocal agreement that created the prosecution district.
102	Section 2. Section 17-22-25 is amended to read:
103	17-22-25. Service of process on sheriff When constable to act.
104	In cases where it appears in any court of record that the sheriff is a party, or where an
105	affidavit is filed with the clerk of the court stating partiality, prejudice, consanguinity or
106	interest on the part of the sheriff, the clerk of the court shall direct process to any constable, [of
107	the county, whose duty it shall be to execute it] who shall execute the process in the same
108	manner as if [he] the constable were the sheriff.
109	Section 3. Section 39-1-56 is amended to read:
110	39-1-56. Execution of a judgment imposing a fine Disposition of fines.
111	(1) (a) When the sentence of a military court includes a fine and the sentence has been
112	approved by the officer ordering the court, the adjutant general shall issue a warrant for the
113	collection of the fine, directed to [the sheriff or any constable] a constable or the sheriff of the
114	county where the person against whom the fine is imposed resides.
115	(b) The officer executing the warrant shall collect the fine in the same manner as [he]
116	the officer is authorized to collect debts in civil suits. [He]
117	(c) The officer shall make returns to the adjutant general within 20 days after receiving
118	the warrant.
119	[(c)] (d) Warrants for the collection of fines imposed by military courts shall be issued
120	by the officer appointing the military court.

121	(2) All fines collected under this chapter and the regulations governing the National
122	Guard of the United States shall be paid to the state treasurer for the credit of the state General
123	Fund, unless otherwise provided by law.
124	Section 4. Section 53-18-101 is enacted to read:
125	CHAPTER 18. CONSTABLE LICENSING ACT
126	Part 1. General Provisions
127	<u>53-18-101.</u> Title.
128	This chapter is known as the "Constable Licensing Act."
129	Section 5. Section 53-18-102 is enacted to read:
130	53-18-102. Definitions.
131	As used in this chapter:
132	(1) "Applicant" means a person who submits an application or renewal application for
133	a license in accordance with this chapter.
134	(2) "Board" means the Constable Licensing Board created in Section 53-18-201.
135	(3) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Identification created in Section
136	<u>53-10-201.</u>
137	(4) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety appointed under Section
138	53-1-107, or the commissioner's designee.
139	(5) "Constable" means a licensee who, for consideration, conducts constable work.
140	(6) (a) "Constable work" means serving process and conducting other work as
141	described in Section 53-18-104.
142	(b) "Constable work" does not include serving process in accordance with Title 78B,
143	Chapter 8, Part 3, Process Server Act.
144	(7) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt by a federal, state, or local court
145	resulting from trial or plea, including a plea of no contest, regardless of whether the imposition
146	of sentence was suspended.
147	(8) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety created in Section 53-1-103.
148	(9) "Deputy constable" means a person who:
149	(a) is a sworn and certified peace officer in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 6, Peace
150	Officer Standards and Training Act; and
151	(b) contracts with a constable to conduct constable work on behalf and under the

152	direction of the constable.
153	(10) "Emergency action" means a summary suspension of a license pending revocation,
154	suspension, or probation in order to protect public health, safety, or welfare.
155	(11) "Identification card" means a card described in Section 53-18-305 that the bureau
156	issues to a licensee.
157	(12) "Letter of concern" means an advisory letter to notify a constable that, while there
158	is insufficient evidence to support probation, suspension, or revocation of the constable's
159	license, the board believes:
160	(a) the constable should modify or eliminate certain practices; and
161	(b) continuation of the activities that led to the complaint may result in further
162	disciplinary action against the constable.
163	(13) "License" means an original or a renewed license issued under this chapter.
164	(14) "Licensee" means a person who is licensed to conduct constable work under this
165	chapter.
166	(15) "Renewal application" means an application to renew a license.
167	(16) "Unprofessional conduct" means:
168	(a) engaging or offering to engage by fraud or misrepresentation in any activities
169	regulated by this chapter;
170	(b) aiding or abetting a person, who is not licensed under this chapter, in representing
171	that person as a constable;
172	(c) gross negligence while conducting constable work;
173	(d) committing a felony or a misdemeanor involving any crime that is grounds for
174	disciplinary action under Section 53-18-401, shown by conviction by a court of competent
175	jurisdiction or a plea of no contest; or
176	(e) making a fraudulent or untrue statement to the commissioner, board, bureau, or the
177	bureau's investigator.
178	Section 6. Section 53-18-103 is enacted to read:
179	53-18-103. Commissioner of public safety administers Bureau to issue licenses
180	Rulemaking.
181	(1) The commissioner shall administer this chapter.
182	(2) The bureau shall:

183	(a) issue a license to an applicant when the board determines that the applicant meets
184	the qualifications for licensure under this chapter;
185	(b) notify each constable when the constable's license is due for renewal;
186	(c) keep a record of any:
187	(i) application for licensure, including a statement as to whether the bureau issued a
188	license to the applicant;
189	(ii) bond and certificate of liability insurance required under this chapter; and
190	(iii) order of revocation, suspension, cancellation, denial, or probation, including the
191	date that the order is filed;
192	(d) maintain:
193	(i) a list of all current and former licensees whose license the board has revoked,
194	suspended, placed on probation, or canceled; and
195	(ii) a written record of any complaint filed against a constable; and
196	(e) investigate any complaint filed against a constable and make recommendations to
197	the board regarding disciplinary actions.
198	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
199	commissioner may make rules:
200	(a) establishing administrative procedures related to license applications and issuance;
201	(b) establishing an appeals process in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4,
202	Administrative Procedures Act;
203	(c) specifying the terms and conditions of a constable's probation; and
204	(d) establishing standards for any training courses or continuing education that the
205	board may require.
206	(4) Any record described in this section is open to the public under Title 63G, Chapter
207	2, Government Records Access and Management Act, except a constable's residential address
208	and telephone number.
209	Section 7. Section 53-18-104 is enacted to read:
210	53-18-104. Constable work Deputy constables Fees for service.
211	(1) A constable may:
212	(a) attend a justice court when required by contract or court order;
213	(b) execute, serve, and return all processes directed or delivered to the constable by a

214	judge of any court of the state;
215	(c) serve any process throughout the state;
216	(d) serve process when the use of force is authorized or when a breach of peace is
217	imminent or likely under the totality of the circumstances;
218	(e) contract with a person or a public entity to provide constable work on behalf of the
219	person or the public entity; and
220	(f) contract with a deputy constable to provide constable work on behalf and under the
221	direction of the constable.
222	(2) (a) A constable may collect the same fees charged by a sheriff under Section
223	<u>17-22-2.5</u> as compensation in civil matters.
224	(b) A constable may recover fees that exceed the amounts described in Section
225	17-22-2.5 only if the party requesting constable work approves the increased fees before the
226	constable performs the work.
227	(c) In litigation for which a constable has charged fees for constable work, a prevailing
228	party may recover from the losing party the constable's fees that exceed the amounts described
229	in Section 17-22-2.5 only if the court finds that the constable work and the increased fees are
230	justifiable.
231	(3) (a) A constable may collect fees as compensation in criminal matters as follows:
232	(i) for each copy of a summons, subpoena, notice, court order, or other criminal paper,
233	except a warrant of arrest:
234	(A) \$5 for each defendant served; and
235	(B) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(i), \$1 per mile for each mile that the
236	constable necessarily travels in going to a defendant's address from the courthouse, or when the
237	constable receives by mail a document described in this Subsection (3)(a)(i), going to the
238	defendant's address from the post office where the constable received the document; and
239	(ii) for a warrant of arrest:
240	(A) \$15 for arresting each prisoner and bringing each prisoner into court, or otherwise
241	satisfying a warrant; and
242	(B) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), \$1 for each mile that the constable
243	necessarily travels both in going to and returning from a defendant's address.
244	(b) (i) When multiple trips are necessary to serve or diligently attempt to serve process

245	described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), a party may compensate a constable for mileage charges for
246	more than one trip only if the party requesting constable work approves the additional mileage
247	charges before the constable makes the additional trips.
248	(ii) When multiple trips are necessary to serve or diligently attempt to serve a warrant
249	of arrest described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a party may compensate a constable for a total of no
250	more than three mileage charges.
251	(4) A constable shall document each charge individually on the affidavit of return of
252	service.
253	(5) A constable may enter into a contract for services under which the constable
254	receives less compensation than described in this section.
255	(6) If a constable serves process in a county other than the county where the process $\frac{1}{2}$
256	originated, the constable may not charge for travel expenses that exceed the fee that would be
257	charged if the process was served by the sheriff of that county.
258	Section 8. Section 53-18-201 is enacted to read:
259	Part 2. Board
260	53-18-201. Constable Licensing Board Creation Qualifications
261	Appointments Terms Immunity.
262	(1) There is created a Constable Licensing Board consisting of five members as
263	<u>follows:</u>
264	(a) two members who are constables;
265	(b) one member who is an attorney licensed to practice in Utah;
266	(c) one member who is a chief of police or a sheriff; and
267	(d) one member of the public for whom a constable is not an immediate family
268	member, a household member, or a personal or professional acquaintance.
269	(2) The commissioner shall appoint board members in accordance with this section.
270	(3) Each board member shall, at the time of appointment, be:
271	(a) a citizen of the United States; and
272	(b) a Utah resident.
273	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (4)(b) and (d), a board member appointed
274	under Subsection (2) shall serve a four-year term.
275	(b) The commissioner shall, at the time of appointment, adjust the length of a board

276	member's term to ensure that the board members' terms are staggered so that approximately
277	half of the board is appointed every two years.
278	(c) When a board member's term expires, the commissioner shall appoint a new
279	member to a four-year term.
280	(d) When a vacancy occurs in the board's membership for any reason, the
281	commissioner shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
282	(e) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(f), a board member may not serve more than
283	one term.
284	(f) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(e), the commissioner may reappoint for one full
285	term a board member that the commissioner appointed for an initial term of less than four years
286	under Subsection (4)(b) or appointed to fill a vacancy under Subsection (4)(d).
287	(5) The commissioner, after a board hearing and recommendation, may remove any
288	board member for misconduct, incompetency, or neglect of duty.
289	(6) At the board's first meeting every year, the board shall elect a chair, vice chair, and
290	secretary from the board's membership.
291	(7) A board member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's
292	service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
293	(a) Section <u>63A-3-106;</u>
294	(b) Section <u>63A-3-107; and</u>
295	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections 63A-3-106 and
296	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
297	(8) Board members are immune from suit with respect to actions taken in good faith
298	and in accordance with this chapter.
299	Section 9. Section 53-18-202 is enacted to read:
300	53-18-202. Powers and duties of board.
301	(1) The board shall, in accordance with this chapter:
302	(a) review an application for a licensee that the bureau submits;
303	(b) approve or deny an application;
304	(c) notify the bureau of each application approval or denial, noting the basis for each
305	denial; and
306	(d) hold a hearing regarding a complaint filed against a constable.

307	(2) The board may take disciplinary action against a constable in accordance with Part
308	4, Licensee Discipline and Penalties.
309	(3) While holding a hearing described in Subsection (1)(d), the board may:
310	(a) take and hear evidence;
311	(b) administer oaths and affirmations; and
312	(c) compel by subpoena the attendance of witnesses and the production of books,
313	papers, records, documents, electronically stored information, and other information.
314	Section 10. Section 53-18-203 is enacted to read:
315	53-18-203. Board meetings and hearings.
316	(1) The board shall meet at the call of the chair, but not less than once each calendar
317	quarter.
318	(2) A quorum consists of three board members.
319	(3) If a board member has three or more absences within a 12-month period that the
320	chair does not excuse, the commissioner shall consider removing that member from the board
321	in accordance with Subsection 53-18-201(5).
322	Section 11. Section 53-18-301 is enacted to read:
323	Part 3. Licensing
324	53-18-301. License required to act.
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325	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person may not conduct constable work
325 326	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person may not conduct constable work without a license issued by the bureau.
326	without a license issued by the bureau.
326 327	without a license issued by the bureau. (2) (a) A deputy constable under contract with a constable may conduct constable work
326 327 328	without a license issued by the bureau. (2) (a) A deputy constable under contract with a constable may conduct constable work on behalf and under the direction of the constable without obtaining a license under this
326 327 328 329	without a license issued by the bureau. (2) (a) A deputy constable under contract with a constable may conduct constable work on behalf and under the direction of the constable without obtaining a license under this chapter.
 326 327 328 329 330 	 without a license issued by the bureau. (2) (a) A deputy constable under contract with a constable may conduct constable work on behalf and under the direction of the constable without obtaining a license under this <u>chapter.</u> (b) A person acting in the capacity of a law enforcement officer as described in Section
 326 327 328 329 330 331 	 without a license issued by the bureau. (2) (a) A deputy constable under contract with a constable may conduct constable work on behalf and under the direction of the constable without obtaining a license under this chapter. (b) A person acting in the capacity of a law enforcement officer as described in Section 53-13-103 is not required to obtain a license to conduct constable work.
 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 	 without a license issued by the bureau. (2) (a) A deputy constable under contract with a constable may conduct constable work on behalf and under the direction of the constable without obtaining a license under this chapter. (b) A person acting in the capacity of a law enforcement officer as described in Section 53-13-103 is not required to obtain a license to conduct constable work. (3) A license issued under this chapter is not transferable or assignable.
 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 	 without a license issued by the bureau. (2) (a) A deputy constable under contract with a constable may conduct constable work on behalf and under the direction of the constable without obtaining a license under this chapter. (b) A person acting in the capacity of a law enforcement officer as described in Section 53-13-103 is not required to obtain a license to conduct constable work. (3) A license issued under this chapter is not transferable or assignable. Section 12. Section 53-18-302 is enacted to read:
 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 	 without a license issued by the bureau. (2) (a) A deputy constable under contract with a constable may conduct constable work on behalf and under the direction of the constable without obtaining a license under this chapter. (b) A person acting in the capacity of a law enforcement officer as described in Section 53-13-103 is not required to obtain a license to conduct constable work. (3) A license issued under this chapter is not transferable or assignable. Section 12. Section 53-18-302 is enacted to read: 53-18-302. Qualifications for licensure.

338	(ii) a legal resident of Utah;
339	(iii) a citizen of the United States; and
340	(iv) a sworn and certified peace officer in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 6, Peace
341	Officer Standards and Training Act.
342	(b) Before approving an application for a license, the board shall ensure that an
343	applicant has not been:
344	(i) convicted of:
345	(A) a felony;
346	(B) an act involving illegally using, carrying, or possessing a dangerous weapon;
347	(C) an act of personal violence or force on any person;
348	(D) threatening to commit an act of personal violence or force against another person;
349	(E) an act involving moral turpitude;
350	(F) an act constituting dishonesty or fraud; or
351	(G) illegally obtaining or disclosing private, controlled, or protected records as
352	described in Section 63G-2-801;
353	(ii) placed on probation or parole; or
354	(iii) named in an outstanding arrest warrant.
355	(2) If the applicant is currently or was previously licensed in another state or
356	jurisdiction, the board shall ensure the good standing of the applicant's license in that state or
357	jurisdiction.
358	Section 13. Section 53-18-303 is enacted to read:
359	53-18-303. Application process Grounds for denial.
360	(1) (a) To be considered for a license, an individual shall submit to the bureau an
361	application or a renewal application in a form that the bureau prescribes.
362	(b) The bureau may not accept a renewal application more than 180 days after the day
363	on which a license expires.
364	(c) The bureau shall notify an applicant if the applicant's application is incomplete.
365	(d) (i) Upon notification described in Subsection (1)(c), the applicant shall complete
366	the application process and provide any additional information within 90 days from the day on
367	which the applicant receives the notification.
368	(ii) The bureau shall cancel an application and retain any fees paid by the applicant if

369	the applicant fails to complete the application in accordance with Subsection (1)(d)(i).
370	(iii) An applicant who subsequently applies after a cancellation described in Subsection
371	(1)(d)(ii) shall pay all application and license fees described in Section 53-18-306.
372	(2) Upon receipt of a complete application, the bureau shall submit the application to
373	the board for review.
374	(3) The board shall approve an application for a license if the board determines that the
375	applicant meets the qualifications described in Section 53-18-302.
376	(4) The board may deny an application for a license or a renewal application if the
377	applicant:
378	(a) has committed an act that, if committed by a licensee, would be grounds for
379	disciplinary action under Part 4, Licensee Discipline and Penalties;
380	(b) while licensed under this chapter, contracts a person to work as a deputy constable
381	who is not a sworn and certified peace officer;
382	(c) while not licensed under this chapter, commits, or aids and abets, any act for which
383	a license is required by this chapter; or
384	(d) knowingly makes a material misstatement in connection with an application or
385	renewal application.
386	(5) (a) If the board denies an application for a license, the board shall notify the
387	applicant of the denial in writing.
388	(b) The board shall ensure that the notification described in Subsection (5)(a):
389	(i) describes the basis for the denial; and
390	(ii) informs the applicant that the applicant may appeal the denial in accordance with
391	department rule.
392	Section 14. Section 53-18-304 is enacted to read:
393	53-18-304. License issuance License period and renewal.
394	(1) The bureau shall ensure that each license issued under this chapter:
395	(a) contains the licensee's name and address and the license number; and
396	(b) expires two years after issuance.
397	(2) Before the bureau may issue a license to an applicant that the board approves, the
398	applicant shall submit to the bureau:
399	(a) a certificate of liability insurance described in Subsection (3)(a);

400	(b) and free later wind heath a horner and an Section 52, 19, 20(c) and
400	(b) any fees determined by the bureau under Section 53-18-306; and
401	(c) a \$10,000 surety bond that:
402	(i) is in effect throughout the entire licensing period; and
403	(ii) provides that the issuer of the surety bond is required to notify the bureau if the
404	bond is canceled or expires.
405	(3) (a) The bureau shall ensure that the liability insurance described in Subsection
406	<u>(2)(a):</u>
407	(i) protects against liability to third persons;
408	(ii) contains a limit of liability in an amount of not less than \$500,000;
409	(iii) is continuous in form and runs concurrently with the license period; and
410	(iv) provides for notice to the bureau if the liability insurance is canceled or expires.
411	(b) (i) If the bureau receives notice that a licensee's liability insurance expired or has
412	been canceled, the bureau shall cancel the license and notify the licensee that the license is
413	canceled.
414	(ii) The bureau shall reinstate a license canceled under Subsection (3)(b)(i) when the
415	person whose license was canceled:
416	(A) submits proof of liability insurance for the remainder of the license period to the
417	bureau; and
418	(B) pays the reinstatement fee described in Section 53-18-306.
419	(4) (a) The bureau may issue a renewed license if:
420	(i) the board approves the renewal application; and
421	(ii) the renewing licensee:
422	(A) pays the fees described in Section 53-18-306; and
423	(B) provides a certificate of insurance and proof of surety bond as required by this
424	chapter.
425	(b) A person may not engage in constable work during the period between the
426	expiration date of the person's license and the renewal date of the person's license.
427	(5) (a) A licensee shall notify the bureau of any change in the licensee's name or
428	address within 60 days of the date of the change.
429	(b) If a licensee fails to notify the bureau as described in Subsection (5)(a), the bureau
430	shall automatically suspend the licensee's license.

431	(c) In order to relieve the suspension described in Subsection (5)(b), the licensee shall
432	apply to the bureau for reinstatement and pay the fee described in Section 53-18-306.
433	Section 15. Section 53-18-305 is enacted to read:
434	53-18-305. Identification card.
435	(1) Upon the issuance of a license under Section $53-18-304$, the bureau shall issue an
436	identification card without charge to the licensee.
437	(2) (a) The board shall create a design for the identification card described in
438	Subsection (1) that includes:
439	(i) the license number; and
440	(ii) a current photo of the licensee.
441	(b) The board shall ensure that the design described in Subsection (2)(a) not resemble
442	any identification card currently in use by a law enforcement agency within the state.
443	(3) (a) A constable shall carry an identification card when conducting constable work.
444	(b) Upon request by any person, a constable shall immediately produce the constable's
445	identification card.
446	Section 16. Section 53-18-306 is enacted to read:
447	<u>53-18-306.</u> Fees.
448	(1) The bureau shall establish a schedule of fees in accordance with Section 63J-1-504
449	that may be assessed to recover the bureau's costs to:
450	(a) process an original license application, including:
451	(i) processing fingerprints, provided that the amount of the fee does not exceed the
452	amount charged by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for fingerprint processing for the
453	purpose of obtaining federal criminal history record information; and
454	(ii) conducting a background investigation;
455	(b) issue a license and an identification card;
456	(c) process a renewal application; and
457	(d) reinstate a license.
458	(2) The bureau shall deposit any fees that the bureau receives under this section into
459	the General Fund as a dedicated credit.
460	Section 17. Section 53-18-401 is enacted to read:
461	Part 4. Licensee Discipline and Penalties

462	53-18-401. Grounds for disciplinary action.
463	(1) The board may discipline a constable if the board finds that the constable:
464	(a) makes a fraudulent or willful misrepresentation in applying for an original license
465	or license renewal;
466	(b) uses any letterhead, advertising, or other printed material in any manner
467	representing that the constable is a law enforcement officer or an employee of the United
468	States, any state, or a political subdivision of the state, except to indicate that the constable
469	holds a valid license to conduct constable work;
470	(c) uses a name different from that under which the constable is currently licensed for
471	any advertising, solicitation, or contract to secure business, unless the name is an authorized
472	fictitious name;
473	(d) impersonates, permits, or aids and abets a deputy constable to impersonate a law
474	enforcement officer or employee of the United States, any state, or a political subdivision of the
475	state;
476	(e) knowingly violates, advises, encourages, or assists in the violation of any statute,
477	court order, or injunction in the course of conducting constable work;
478	(f) falsifies fingerprints or photographs while conducting constable work;
479	(g) is convicted of:
480	(i) a felony;
481	(ii) any act involving illegally using, carrying, or possessing a dangerous weapon;
482	(iii) any act involving moral turpitude;
483	(iv) any act of personal violence or force against any person or any conviction of
484	threatening to commit any act of personal violence or force against any person;
485	(v) any act constituting dishonesty or fraud; or
486	(vi) any act of illegally obtaining or disseminating private, controlled, or protected
487	records under Section 63G-2-801;
488	(h) solicits business for an attorney in return for compensation;
489	(i) is placed on probation, parole, compensatory service, or named in an outstanding
490	arrest warrant;
491	(j) conducts constable work during the period between the expiration of a license for
492	failure to renew and the reinstatement of the license;

493	(k) willfully neglects to provide constable work or a report as agreed between the
494	parties for which the client has paid or tendered compensation;
495	(1) fails or refuses to cooperate with, fails to provide truthful information to, or refuses
496	access to an authorized representative of the department engaged in an official investigation;
497	(m) contracts a person to work as a deputy constable who is not qualified to be a
498	deputy constable if the person's qualification status is known to the constable or can be
499	determined by reasonable inquiry;
500	(n) advertises in a false, deceptive, or misleading manner;
501	(o) refuses to produce the identification card described in Section 53-18-305 to any
502	person that requests validation of the constable's authority to act;
503	(p) commits any act of unprofessional conduct; or
504	(q) engages in any other conduct prohibited by this chapter.
505	Section 18. Section 53-18-402 is enacted to read:
506	53-18-402. Complaints against constables Investigation Disciplinary action.
507	(1) Any person may file a complaint against a constable with the bureau.
508	(2) (a) Upon receipt of a complaint, the bureau shall:
509	(i) initiate an investigation; and
510	(ii) mail a copy of the complaint to the constable.
511	(b) No later than 15 days after the day on which a constable receives a complaint under
512	Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the constable may submit a written response to the bureau.
513	(3) A constable against whom a complaint is filed shall cooperate with an investigation
514	by providing requested records and truthfully responding to questions during the investigation.
515	(4) Upon completion of an investigation, the bureau shall:
516	(a) determine whether the constable committed an act for which discipline is warranted
517	under Section 53-18-401; and
518	(b) submit a report to the board that summarizes the bureau's findings and, if
519	applicable, provides recommendations for disciplinary action.
520	(5) Upon receiving the bureau's report described in Subsection (4)(b), the board shall
521	hold a hearing to consider the bureau's findings and recommendations.
522	(6) (a) If the bureau recommends that the board take disciplinary action, the bureau
523	shall notify the constable of the bureau's recommendation in writing by certified mail.

524	(b) The bureau shall ensure that the notice described in Subsection (6)(a):
525	(i) includes the date and time of the hearing during which the board will consider the
526	bureau's recommendation; and
527	(ii) informs the constable that the board will allow the constable to present testimony
528	and evidence in response to the bureau's recommendation.
529	(7) (a) Based on the bureau's report described in Subsection (4)(b), or information the
530	board receives during a hearing described in Subsection (5), the board shall determine whether
531	<u>to:</u>
532	(i) dismiss the complaint if the board finds the complaint is without merit;
533	(ii) issue a letter of concern;
534	(iii) impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$500;
535	(iv) suspend the constable's license;
536	(v) revoke the constable's license;
537	(vi) place the constable on probation; or
538	(vii) place all records, evidence, findings, conclusions, and any other information
539	pertinent to the investigation in the confidential and protected records section of the file that
540	the bureau maintains.
541	(b) The board shall notify the constable of the board's determination under Subsection
542	(7)(a) in writing by certified mail, return receipt requested.
543	(8) (a) The bureau shall retain a letter of concern described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii).
544	(b) The board may use a letter of concern in future disciplinary actions against a
545	constable.
546	(9) (a) If, during investigation, the bureau finds that a constable's actions pose an
547	immediate threat to public health, safety, or welfare, the bureau may recommend that the board
548	take emergency action before the board holds the hearing described in Subsection (5).
549	(b) If the board takes emergency action, the board shall issue a written notice to the
550	constable that:
551	(i) states the charges made against the constable;
552	(ii) informs the constable that the constable's license is suspended; and
553	(iii) provides the date and time of the hearing during which the board will consider the
554	bureau's investigation and additional recommendations for disciplinary action, if any.

555	(10) (a) If the board suspends or revokes a constable's license, or places a constable on
556	probation, the constable shall:
557	(i) terminate any contract between the constable and a deputy constable; or
558	(ii) ensure that no deputy constable performs any constable work until the constable is
559	fully licensed in good standing.
560	(b) If a deputy constable commits an act described in Section 53-18-401, the constable
561	shall immediately:
562	(i) terminate the deputy constable's contract; or
563	(ii) ensure that the deputy constable does not perform constable work on behalf of the
564	constable.
565	(11) A constable may appeal the board's decision under this section in accordance with
566	department rule.
567	(12) The bureau may retain any penalties collected under this section as a dedicated
568	<u>credit.</u>
569	Section 19. Section 53-18-403 is enacted to read:
570	53-18-403. False representation as a constable Identifying clothing.
571	(1) When conducting constable work, a constable or a deputy constable:
572	(a) may not wear a uniform, use a title or identification card other than the one issued
573	under this chapter, or make any statement that would lead a reasonable person to believe the
574	constable or deputy constable is connected in any way with the federal government, any state,
575	or any political subdivision, unless the constable has received authorization in writing from a
576	governmental entity to represent a connection to that governmental entity; and
577	(b) may wear a jacket of a distinctive design or style that bears a printed, embroidered,
578	or otherwise permanently attached symbol, emblem, or insignia that:
579	(i) clearly identifies the wearer as a constable or a deputy constable; and
580	(ii) is approved by the board.
581	(2) When a constable or a deputy constable interacts with a law enforcement officer,
582	the constable or deputy constable shall, at the first opportunity:
583	(a) identify himself or herself to the law enforcement officer; and
584	(b) provide identification as a constable or a deputy constable.
585	Section 20. Section 53-18-404 is enacted to read:

586	<u>53-18-404.</u> Penalties.
587	A person who conducts constable work without a license is guilty of a class A
588	misdemeanor.
589	Section 21. Section 76-6-1403 is amended to read:
590	76-6-1403. Records of sales and purchases Identification required.
591	(1) Every dealer shall:
592	(a) require the information under Subsection (2) for each transaction of regulated
593	metal, except under Subsection 76-6-1406(4); and
594	(b) maintain for each purchase of regulated metal the information required by this part
595	in a written or electronic log, in the English language.
596	(2) The dealer shall require the following information of the seller and shall record the
597	information as required under Subsection (1) for each purchase of regulated metal:
598	(a) a complete description of the regulated metal, including weight and metallic
599	description, in accordance with scrap metal recycling industry standards;
600	(b) the full name and residence of each person selling the regulated metal;
601	(c) the vehicle type and license plate number, if applicable, of the vehicle transporting
602	the regulated metal to the dealer;
603	(d) the price per pound and the amount paid for each type of regulated metal purchased
604	by the dealer;
605	(e) the date, time, and place of the purchase;
606	(f) the type and the identifying number of the identification provided in Subsection
607	(2)(g);
608	(g) a form of identification that is a valid United States federal or state-issued photo ID,
609	which includes a driver license, a United States passport, a United States passport card, or a
610	United States military identification card;
611	(h) the seller's signature on a certificate stating that he has the legal right to sell the
612	scrap metal or junk; and
613	(i) a digital photograph or still video of the seller, taken at the time of the sale, or a
614	clearly legible photocopy of the seller's identification.
615	(3) No entry in the log may be erased, deleted, mutilated, or changed.
616	(4) The log and entries shall be open to inspection by the following officials having

617 jurisdiction over the area in which the dealer does business during regular business hours: 618 (a) the county sheriff or deputies; 619 (b) any law enforcement agency; [and] 620 (c) a constable or deputy constable; and 621 [(c)] (d) any [constable or] other state, municipal, or county official in the county in 622 which the dealer does business. 623 (5) A dealer shall make these records available for inspection by any law enforcement 624 agency, upon request, at the dealer's place of business during the dealer's regular business 625 hours. 626 (6) Log entries made under this section shall be maintained for not less than three years 627 from date of entry. 628 (7) (a) The dealer may maintain the information required by Subsection (2) for repeat 629 sellers who use the same vehicle to bring regulated metal for each transaction in a relational 630 database that allows the dealer to enter an initial record of the seller's information and then 631 relate subsequent transaction records to that initial information, except under Subsection (7)(b). 632 (b) The dealer shall obtain regarding each transaction with repeat sellers: 633 (i) a photograph of the seller; and 634 (ii) a signature from the seller. 635 Section 22. Section 78A-2-305 is amended to read: 636 78A-2-305. Effect of filing affidavit -- Procedure for review and collection. 637 (1) (a) Upon receipt of the oath or affirmation filed with any Utah court by a prisoner, 638 the court shall immediately request the institution or facility where the prisoner is incarcerated 639 to provide an account statement detailing all financial activities in the prisoner's trust account 640 for the previous six months or since the time of incarceration, whichever is shorter. 641 (b) The incarcerating facility shall: 642 (i) prepare and produce to the court the prisoner's six-month trust account statement. 643 current trust account balance, and aggregate disposable income; and 644 (ii) calculate aggregate disposable income by totaling all deposits made in the 645 prisoner's trust account during the six-month period and subtracting all funds automatically 646 deducted or otherwise garnished from the account during the same period. 647 (2) The court shall:

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648 (a) review both the affidavit of impecuniosity and the financial account statement; and 649 (b) based upon the review, independently determine whether or not the prisoner is 650 financially capable of paying all the regular fees and costs associated with filing the action. 651 (3) When the court concludes that the prisoner is unable to pay full fees and costs, the 652 court shall assess an initial partial filing fee equal to 50% of the prisoner's current trust account 653 balance or 10% of the prisoner's six-month aggregate disposable income, whichever is greater. 654 (4) (a) After payment of the initial partial filing fee, the court shall require the prisoner 655 to make monthly payments of 20% of the preceding month's aggregate disposable income until 656 the regular filing fee associated with the civil action is paid in full. 657 (b) The agency having custody of the prisoner shall: 658 (i) garnish the prisoner's account each month; and (ii) once the collected fees exceed \$10, forward payments to the clerk of the court until 659 660 the filing fees are paid. 661 (c) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent the agency having custody of 662 the prisoner from withdrawing funds from the prisoner's account to pay court-ordered 663 restitution. 664 (5) Collection of the filing fees continues despite dismissal of the action. 665 (6) The filing fee collected may not exceed the amount of fees permitted by statute for 666 the commencement of a civil action or an appeal of a civil action. 667 (7) If the prisoner is filing an initial divorce action or an action to obtain custody of the 668 prisoner's children, the following procedures shall apply for review and collection of fees and 669 costs: 670 (a) Upon filing an oath or affirmation with any Utah court by a prisoner, the court shall 671 review the affidavit and make an independent determination based on the information provided 672 whether court costs and fees should be paid in full or be waived in whole or in part. The court 673 shall require a full or partial filing fee when the prisoner's financial information demonstrates 674 an ability to pay the applicable court fees or costs. 675 (b) (i) If a prisoner's court fees or costs are completely waived, and if the prisoner files 676 an appeal, the court shall immediately file any complaint or papers on appeal and complete all 677 necessary action as promptly as if the litigant had paid all the fees and costs in full. 678 (ii) If a prisoner is impecunious, the [constable and] sheriff or a constable shall

679	immediately serve any summonses, writs, process and subpoenas, and papers necessary in the
680	prosecution or defense of the cause as if all the necessary fees and costs had been paid in full.
681	(c) (i) If a prisoner files an affidavit of impecuniosity, the judge shall question the
682	prisoner at the time of the hearing on the merits of the case as to the prisoner's ability to pay.
683	(ii) If the judge determines that the prisoner is reasonably able to pay court fees and
684	costs, the final order or decree shall be entered, however the prisoner may not seek enforcement
685	or modification of the decree or order until the prisoner has paid the fees or costs in full.
686	(iii) A judge may waive the restrictions placed on the prisoner in Subsection (7)(c)(ii)
687	upon a showing of good cause.
688	Section 23. Section 78B-7-406 is amended to read:
689	78B-7-406. Fees Service of process.
690	(1) Protective orders issued under this part shall be served by [the sheriff's office,
691	constable's office] a sheriff, a constable, or any law enforcement agency or peace officer, in
692	accordance with Subsection 78B-7-404(8).
693	(2) Fees may not be imposed by a court clerk, sheriff, constable, or law enforcement
694	agency for:
695	(a) filing a petition under this part;
696	(b) obtaining a protective order under this part; or
697	(c) service of a protective order issued under this part.
698	(3) (a) The offices of the court clerk shall provide forms and nonlegal assistance to an
699	individual seeking to proceed under this part.
700	(b) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall:
701	(i) develop and adopt uniform forms for petitions and orders for protection in
702	accordance with the provisions of this chapter; and
703	(ii) provide the forms described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) to the clerk of each court
704	authorized to issue protective orders.
705	(c) The forms described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall include:
706	(i) a statement notifying the petitioner for an ex parte dating violence protective order
707	that knowing falsification of any statement or information provided for the purpose of
708	obtaining a protective order may subject the petitioner to felony prosecution;
709	(ii) language stating violating of any criminal provision is a class B misdemeanor; and

710	(iii) a space for any information the petitioner is able to provide to facilitate
711	identification of the respondent, including social security number, driver license number, date
712	of birth, address, telephone number, and physical description.
713	(4) If the individual seeking to proceed under this chapter is not represented by an
714	attorney, it is the responsibility of the court clerk's office to provide:
715	(a) the forms adopted pursuant to Subsection (3);
716	(b) all other forms required to petition for an order for protection, including forms for
717	service;
718	(c) except for as provided by Subsection (5), clerical assistance in filling out the forms
719	and filing the petition, in accordance with Subsection (3)(a);
720	(d) information regarding the means available for the service of process;
721	(e) a list of legal service organizations that may represent the petitioner in an action
722	brought under this part, with the phone numbers of those organizations; and
723	(f) written information regarding the procedure for transporting a jailed or imprisoned
724	respondent to the protective order hearing, including an explanation for the use of
725	transportation order forms when necessary.
726	(5) A court clerk's office may designate any other entity, agency, or individual to
727	provide the service described in Subsection (4)(c), but the court clerk's office is responsible to
728	see that the service is provided.
729	(6) A petition for a dating violence protective order or ex parte dating violence
730	protective order shall be in writing and verified.
731	(7) (a) All protective orders issued under this part shall be issued in the form adopted
732	by the Administrative Office of the Courts under Subsection (3)(b).
733	(b) Each protective order issued under this part, except orders issued ex parte, shall
734	include the following language:
735	"Respondent was afforded both notice and opportunity to be heard in the hearing that
736	gave rise to this order. Pursuant to the Violence Against Women Act of 1994, P.L. 103-322,
737	108 Stat. 1796, 18 U.S.C.A. 2265, this order is valid in all the United States, the District of
738	Columbia, tribal lands, and United States territories. This order complies with the Uniform
739	Interstate Enforcement of Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act."
740	Section 24. Section 78B-8-302 is amended to read:

741	78B-8-302. Process servers.
742	(1) Complaints, summonses, and subpoenas may be served by a person who is:
743	(a) 18 years of age or older at the time of service; and
744	(b) not a party to the action or a party's attorney.
745	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the following may serve all process issued by
746	the courts of this state:
747	(a) a peace officer employed by a political subdivision of the state acting within the
748	scope and jurisdiction of the peace officer's employment;
749	(b) a sheriff or appointed deputy sheriff employed by a county of the state;
750	(c) a constable[, or the constable's deputy] or a deputy constable, serving in compliance
751	with applicable law;
752	(d) an investigator employed by the state and authorized by law to serve civil process;
753	and
754	(e) a private investigator licensed in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 9, Private
755	Investigator Regulation Act.
756	(3) A private investigator licensed in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 9, Private
757	Investigator Regulation Act, may not make an arrest pursuant to a bench warrant.
758	(4) While serving process, a private investigator shall:
759	(a) have on the investigator's person a visible form of credentials and identification
760	identifying:
761	(i) the investigator's name;
762	(ii) that the investigator is a licensed private investigator; and
763	(iii) the name and address of the agency employing the investigator or, if the
764	investigator is self-employed, the address of the investigator's place of business;
765	(b) verbally communicate to the person being served that the investigator is acting as a
766	process server; and
767	(c) print on the first page of each document served:
768	(i) the investigator's name and identification number as a private investigator; and
769	(ii) the address and phone number for the investigator's place of business.
770	(5) Any service under this section when the use of force is authorized on the face of the
771	document, or when a breach of the peace is imminent or likely under the totality of the

772	circumstances, may only be served by:
773	(a) a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103; or
774	(b) a constable, as defined in [Subsection 53-13-105(1)(b)(ii)] Section 53-18-102.
775	(6) The following may not serve process issued by a court:
776	(a) a person convicted of a felony violation of an offense listed in Subsection
777	77-41-102(17); or
778	(b) a person who is a respondent in a proceeding described in Title 78B, Chapter 7,
779	Protective Orders, in which a court has granted the petitioner a protective order.
780	(7) A person serving process shall:
781	(a) legibly document the date and time of service on the front page of the document
782	being served;
783	(b) legibly print the process server's name, address, and telephone number on the return
784	of service;
785	(c) sign the return of service in substantial compliance with Section 78B-5-705;
786	(d) if the process server is a peace officer, sheriff, or deputy sheriff, legibly print the
787	badge number of the process server on the return of service; and
788	(e) if the process server is a private investigator, legibly print the private investigator's
789	identification number on the return of service.
790	Section 25. Repealer.
791	This bill repeals:
792	Section 17-25-1, General powers and duties.
793	Section 17-25-2, Fees for constables Civil.
794	Section 17-25-3, Fees for constables Criminal.
795	Section 17-25-4, Constables' fees in criminal cases Procedure.
796	Section 17-25-5, Contracts for constable services.
797	Section 17-25-6, Identification of constables Uniform requirements.
798	Section 17-25a-1, Constables Nomination Appointment Authority.
799	Section 17-25a-2, Constable Qualifications Duties.
800	Section 17-25a-3, County and city constables Terms Authority Deputies.
801	Section 17-25a-4, Rates recoverable Exception.

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