

26 (ii) by the family member of the victim of a homicide or first degree violent felony; or
27 (iii) by the family member of a missing person; and
28 (b) at least one year after the date of the incident that initiated the investigation and the
29 investigating agency has made no significant progress in solving the case.

30 (2) A victim or victim's family may seek review of an open investigation:

31 (a) first, by the chief executive of the law enforcement agency conducting the
32 investigation;

33 (b) second, by the county ~~H~~→ or district ←~~H~~ attorney in the jurisdiction in which the
33a crime occurred or the
34 person went missing;

35 (c) third, by filing a complaint with the Office for Victims of Crime for review by the
36 District Victim Right's Committee; and

37 (d) finally, through a review by the Office of the Attorney General.