1		INSURANCE MODIFICATIONS
2		2018 GENERAL SESSION
3		STATE OF UTAH
4		Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
5		Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6 7	LONG T	ITLE
8	General l	Description:
9	Th	is bill modifies provisions related to insurance.
10	Highlight	ted Provisions:
11	Th	nis bill:
12	•	defines terms and modifies defined terms;
13	۲	adds provisions that a warrantor is required to disclose in a vehicle protection
14	product w	arranty;
15	•	repeals the requirement that the fixed amount of reimbursement under a vehicle
16	protection	product warranty is uniform for all warranty holders of the same vehicle
17	protection	product warranty;
18	۲	addresses the requirements for filing a binder for a health benefit plan or dental
19	policy wit	h the commissioner;
20	۲	modifies the date on which the commissioner presents an annual evaluation of the
21	state's hea	Ith insurance market;
22	•	classifies certain records related to an examination as protected records;
23	۲	modifies the membership of the Title and Escrow Commission;
24	۲	modifies provisions related to the Captive Insurance Restricted Account;
25	۲	enacts and consolidates provisions related to an offer of qualified health insurance
26	coverage	that certain contractors and subcontractors are required to obtain and
27	maintain;	
28	•	amends the threshold at which certain contractors and subcontractors become

29	subject to certain health care-related requirements;
30	 modifies the process by which the commissioner determines an applicant's ability to
31	provide proposed health care services under Title 31A, Chapter 8, Health
32	Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
33	 modifies the requirements for a nonadmitted insurer to be listed on the
34	commissioner's "reliable" list;
35	 provides the circumstances under which the commissioner must hold a hearing on a
36	merger or other acquisition of an insurer;
37	• amends the deadline for holding a hearing on a merger or other acquisition of an
38	insurer;
39	• allows an insurer to terminate coverage of a spouse of an insured under an accident
40	and health insurance policy in the event of legal separation;
41	 prohibits an insured from charging any additional amount for electing to extend
42	group coverage;
43	 addresses the timing of open enrollment for individuals who extend or are eligible
44	to extend group coverage;
45	 addresses the commissioner's authority to take action against a person who has had
46	an insurance license or other professional or occupational license denied,
47	suspended, revoked, or surrendered to resolve an administrative action;
48	 addresses the circumstances under which an individual title insurance producer or
49	agency title insurance producer may do escrow involving real property transactions;
50	 provides that the commissioner may take action against a licensee if the
51	commissioner finds that the licensee is convicted of a misdemeanor involving fraud,
52	misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
53	 modifies the training and continuing education requirements for certain licensees;
54	 amends provisions related to the effect of an insurer's insolvency;
55	• clarifies the process by which the state designates the essential health benefits for

56	the state;
57	 repeals certain sections of the Insurance Code;
58	 modifies the workers' compensation advisory council's reporting requirements;
59	 authorizes the Labor Commission to use funds from the Industrial Accident
60	Restricted Account for specific purposes; and
61	 makes technical and conforming changes.
62	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
63	None
64	Other Special Clauses:
65	None
66	Utah Code Sections Affected:
67	AMENDS:
68	17B-2a-818.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 20 and 355
69	19-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 20 and 355
70	26-18-402 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
71	26-40-115 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 20
72	31A-1-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292
73	31A-2-201.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
74	31A-2-201.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292
75	31A-2-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
76	31A-2-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 330
77	31A-3-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 62 and 275
78	31A-3-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
79	31A-6a-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 27
80	31A-6a-104 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
81	31A-6a-105 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
82	31A-8-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 185

83	214 So 102 as last amonded by Larve of Utab 2012 Chapters 104 and 125
	31A-8a-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 104 and 135
84	31A-15-103 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 363
85	31A-16-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
86	31A-22-612, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
87	31A-22-618.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168 and renumbered
88	and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292
89	31A-22-629 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
90	31A-22-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
91	31A-22-722, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 319
92	31A-23a-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
93	31A-23a-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
94	31A-23a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
95	31A-23a-208, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 341
96	31A-23a-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 319
97	31A-23b-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
98	31A-23b-202.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
99	31A-23b-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 341
100	31A-23b-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290, 300, 425 and last
101	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 300, and 425
102	31A-23b-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
103	31A-25-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
104	31A-25-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 116
105	31A-26-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290 and 300
106	31A-26-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1986, Chapter 204
107	31A-26-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 284
108	31A-27a-111, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 309
109	31A-27a-608, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 309

110	31A-30-210, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 229
111	31A-43-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290 and 300
112	34A-2-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 18 and 363
113	34A-2-705, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 328
114	63A-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 20 and 355
115	63C-9-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 20 and 355
116	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 374, 382, and 415
117	72-6-107.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 20 and 355
118	79-2-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 20 and 355
119	ENACTS:
120	31A-45-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
121	63A-5-205.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
122	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
123	31A-6a-111, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
124	REPEALS:
125	31A-22-722.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 297 and 340
126	31A-30-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
127	
128	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
129	Section 1. Section 17B-2a-818.5 is amended to read:
130	17B-2a-818.5. Contracting powers of public transit districts Health insurance
131	coverage.
132	(1) [For purposes of] As used in this section:
133	(a) "Aggregate" means the sum of all contracts, change orders, and modifications
134	related to a single project.
135	(b) "Change order" means the same as that term is defined in Section <u>63G-6a-103</u> .
136	[(a)] (c) "Employee" means, as defined in Section 34A-2-104, an "employee,"

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137	"worker," or "operative" [as defined in Section 34A-2-104] who:
138	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
139	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance, which
140	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days [from the date of hire]
141	after the day on which the individual is hired.
142	[(b)] (d) "Health benefit plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section
143	31A-1-301.
144	[(c)] (e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means the same as that term is defined
145	in Section 26-40-115.
146	[(d)] (f) "Subcontractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-5-208.
147	[(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or
148	construction contract entered into by the public transit district on or after July 1, 2009, and to a
149	prime contractor or to a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).]
150	[(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
151	amount of \$2,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.]
152	[(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
153	\$1,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.]
154	[(3) This section does not apply if:]
155	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the requirements of this section apply to:
156	(a) a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by the public transit
157	district on or after July 1, 2009, if the prime contract is in an aggregate amount equal to or
158	greater than \$2,000,000; and
159	(b) a subcontractor of a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by
160	the public transit district on or after July 1, 2009, if the subcontract is in an aggregate amount
161	equal to or greater than \$1,000,000.
162	(3) The requirements of this section do not apply to a contractor or subcontractor
162	described in Subsection (2) if

163 <u>described in Subsection (2) if:</u>

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164	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
165	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
166	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
167	[(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section
168	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial
169	threshold required by Subsection (2).]
170	[(b)] (4) A person $[who]$ that intentionally uses change orders $[or]$, contract
171	modifications, or multiple contracts to circumvent the requirements of [Subsection (2)] this
172	section is guilty of an infraction.
173	(5) (a) A contractor subject to [Subsection (2)] the requirements of this section shall
174	demonstrate to the public transit district that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of
175	qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employee's
176	dependents during the duration of the contract[-] by submitting to the public transit district a
177	written statement that:
178	[(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor
179	shall:]
180	(i) the contractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with Section
181	<u>26-40-115;</u>
182	(ii) is from:
183	(A) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
184	(B) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
185	rates; and
186	(iii) was created within one year before the day on which the statement is submitted.
187	(b) A contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall:
188	(i) place a requirement in [the subcontract that the subcontractor] each of the
189	contractor's subcontracts that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section
100	shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance serverage for the subcentrator's

190 shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's

191	employees and the employees' [dependents] dependents during the duration of the subcontract;
192	and
193	[(ii) certify to the public transit district that the subcontractor has and will maintain an
194	offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the
195	employees' dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
196	(ii) obtain from a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section a
197	written statement that:
198	(A) the subcontractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with
199	<u>Section 26-40-115;</u>
200	(B) is from an actuary selected by the subcontractor or the subcontractor's insurer, or an
201	underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; and
202	(C) was created within one year before the day on which the contractor obtains the
203	statement.
204	(c) (i) (A) A contractor [who fails to meet the requirements of] that fails to maintain an
205	offer of qualified health insurance coverage as described in Subsection (5)(a) during the
206	duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with an ordinance adopted by the
207	public transit district under Subsection (6).
208	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to [meet
209	the requirements of] obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage
210	described in Subsection (5)(b)(i).
211	(ii) (A) A subcontractor [who fails to meet the requirements of] that fails to obtain and
212	maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)
213	during the duration of the [contract] subcontract is subject to penalties in accordance with an
214	ordinance adopted by the public transit district under Subsection (6).
215	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to [meet
216	the requirements of] maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in
217	Subsection (5)(a).

218	(6) The public transit district shall adopt ordinances:
219	(a) in coordination with:
220	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
221	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
222	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section [63A-5-205] 63A-5-205.5;
223	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403; and
224	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
225	(b) that establish:
226	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor and a subcontractor shall follow to
227	demonstrate [to the public transit district] compliance with this section [that shall include],
228	including:
229	[(A) that a contractor shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or (b) at the
230	time of the execution of each initial contract described in Subsection (2)(b);]
231	[(B) that the contractor's]
232	(A) that a contractor or subcontractor's compliance with this section is subject to an
233	audit by the public transit district or the Office of the Legislative Auditor General; [and]
234	[(C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
235	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
236	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is no more than
237	one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from an actuary
238	selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer, or an underwriter who is responsible for
239	developing the employer group's premium rates;]
240	(B) that a contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
241	written statement described in Subsection (5)(a); and
242	(C) that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
243	written statement described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii);
244	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally

245	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
246	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
247	future contracts with the public transit district upon the first violation;
248	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
249	contracts with the public transit district upon the second violation;
250	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
251	Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
252	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
253	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of
254	the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage
255	during the duration of the contract; and
256	(iii) a website on which the district shall post the commercially equivalent benchmark,
257	for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection $(1)[(c)](e)$, that is provided
258	by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
259	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a contractor
260	or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section [shall be] is liable to
261	the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
262	coverage.
263	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
264	(7)(a)(i) if:
265	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement [of actuarial equivalency
266	provided by an:] described in Subsection (5)(a) or (5)(b)(ii); or
267	[(I) actuary; or]
268	[(II) underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
269	rates; or]
270	(B) a department or division determines that compliance with this section is not
271	required under the provisions of Subsection (3) $[or (4)]$.

272	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
273	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
274	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
275	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
276	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
277	coverage as required by this section:
278	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
279	or contractor under:
280	(i) Section $63G-6a-1602$; or
281	(ii) any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
282	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
283	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
284	or construction.
285	Section 2. Section 19-1-206 is amended to read:
286	19-1-206. Contracting powers of department Health insurance coverage.
287	(1) [For purposes of] <u>As used in</u> this section:
288	(a) "Aggregate" means the sum of all contracts, change orders, and modifications
289	related to a single project.
290	(b) "Change order" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-6a-103.
291	[(a)] (c) "Employee" means, as defined in Section 34A-2-104, an "employee,"
292	"worker," or "operative" [as defined in Section 34A-2-104] who:
293	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
294	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance, which
295	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days [from the date of hire]
296	after the day on which the individual is hired.
297	[(b)] (d) "Health benefit plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section
298	31A-1-301.

299	[(c)] (e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means the same as that term is defined
300	in Section 26-40-115.
301	$\left[\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(f)}}\right]$ "Subcontractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-5-208.
302	[(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or
303	construction contract entered into by or delegated to the department or a division or board of
304	the department on or after July 1, 2009, and to a prime contractor or subcontractor in
305	accordance with Subsection (2)(b).]
306	[(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
307	amount of \$2,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.]
308	[(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
309	\$1,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.]
310	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the requirements of this section apply to:
311	(a) a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by, or delegated to, the
312	department, or a division or board of the department, on or after July 1, 2009, if the prime
313	contract is in an aggregate amount equal to or greater than \$2,000,000; and
314	(b) a subcontractor of a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by,
315	or delegated to, the department, or a division or board of the department, on or after July 1,
316	2009, if the subcontract is in an aggregate amount equal to or greater than \$1,000,000.
317	(3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a division
318	or board of the department if:
319	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
320	(b) the contract or agreement is between:
321	(i) the department or a division or board of the department; and
322	(ii) (A) another agency of the state;
323	(B) the federal government;
324	(C) another state;
325	(D) an interstate agency;

326	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or
327	(F) a political subdivision of another state;
328	(c) the executive director determines that applying the requirements of this section to a
329	particular contract interferes with the effective response to an immediate health and safety
330	threat from the environment; or
331	(d) the contract is:
332	(i) a sole source contract; or
333	(ii) an emergency procurement.
334	[(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section
335	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial
336	threshold required by Subsection (2).]
337	$[(b)]$ (4) A person $[who]$ that intentionally uses change orders $[or]_2$ contract
338	modifications, or multiple contracts to circumvent the requirements of [Subsection (2)] this
339	section is guilty of an infraction.
340	(5) (a) A contractor subject to [Subsection (2)] the requirements of this section shall
341	demonstrate to the executive director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of
342	qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees'
343	dependents during the duration of the contract[-] by submitting to the executive director a
344	written statement that:
345	[(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor
346	shall:]
347	(i) the contractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with Section
348	<u>26-40-115;</u>
349	(ii) is from:
350	(A) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
351	(B) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
352	rates; and

353	(iii) was created within one year before the day on which the statement is submitted.
354	(b) A contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall:
355	(i) place a requirement in [the subcontract that the subcontractor] each of the
356	contractor's subcontracts that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section
357	shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's
358	employees and the employees' [dependants] dependents during the duration of the subcontract;
359	and
360	[(ii) certify to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an
361	offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the
362	employees' dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
363	(ii) obtain from a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section a
364	written statement that:
365	(A) the subcontractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with
366	<u>Section 26-40-115;</u>
367	(B) is from an actuary selected by the subcontractor or the subcontractor's insurer, or an
368	underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; and
369	(C) was created within one year before the day on which the contractor obtains the
370	statement.
371	(c) (i) (A) A contractor [who fails to comply with] that fails to maintain an offer of
372	qualified health insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(a) during the duration of the
373	contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the
374	department under Subsection (6).
375	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to [meet
376	the requirements of] obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage
377	described in Subsection (5)(b)(i).
378	(ii) (A) A subcontractor [who fails to meet the requirements of] that fails to obtain and
379	maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(b) during

379 <u>maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in</u> Subsection (5)(b) during

380	the duration of the [contract] subcontract is subject to penalties in accordance with
381	administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
382	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to [meet
383	the requirements of] maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in
384	Subsection (5)(a).
385	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
386	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
387	(b) in coordination with:
388	(i) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
389	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
390	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section [63A-5-205] 63A-5-205.5;
391	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
392	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
393	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
394	(c) that establish:
395	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor and a subcontractor shall follow to
396	demonstrate [to the public transit district] compliance with this section [that shall include],
397	including:
398	[(A) that a contractor shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or (b) at the
399	time of the execution of each initial contract described in Subsection (2)(b);]
400	[(B) that the contractor's]
401	(A) that a contractor or subcontractor's compliance with this section is subject to an
402	audit by the department or the Office of the Legislative Auditor General; [and]
403	[(C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
404	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
405	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is no more than
406	one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from an actuary

407	selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer, or an underwriter who is responsible for
408	developing the employer group's premium rates;]
409	(B) that a contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
410	written statement described in Subsection (5)(a); and
411	(C) that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
412	written statement described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii);
413	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
414	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
415	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
416	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
417	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
418	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
419	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
420	Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
421	(D) notwithstanding Section 19-1-303, monetary penalties which may not exceed 50%
422	of the amount necessary to purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and
423	the dependents of an employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified
424	health insurance coverage during the duration of the contract; and
425	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the commercially equivalent
426	benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection $(1)[(c)](e)$, that
427	is provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
428	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection $(6)(c)(ii)$, a contractor
429	or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section [shall be] is liable to
430	the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
431	coverage.
432	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
433	(7)(a)(i) if:

434	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement [of actuarial equivalency
435	provided by:] described in Subsection (5)(a) or (5)(b)(ii); or
436	[(I) an actuary; or]
437	[(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
438	rates; or]
439	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
440	the provisions of Subsection (3) [or (4)].
441	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
442	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
443	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
444	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
445	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
446	coverage as required by this section:
447	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
448	or contractor under:
449	(i) Section $63G-6a-1602$; or
450	(ii) any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
451	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
452	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
453	or construction.
454	Section 3. Section 26-18-402 is amended to read:
455	26-18-402. Medicaid Restricted Account.
456	(1) There is created a restricted account in the General Fund known as the Medicaid
457	Restricted Account.
458	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the following shall be deposited into the
459	Medicaid Restricted Account:
460	(i) any general funds appropriated to the department for the state plan for medical

461	assistance or for the Division of Health Care Financing that are not expended by the
462	department in the fiscal year for which the general funds were appropriated and which are not
463	otherwise designated as nonlapsing shall lapse into the Medicaid Restricted Account;
464	(ii) any unused state funds that are associated with the Medicaid program, as defined in
465	Section 26-18-2, from the Department of Workforce Services and the Department of Human
466	Services; and
467	(iii) any penalties imposed and collected under:
468	(A) Section 17B-2a-818.5;
469	(B) Section 19-1-206;
470	[(C) Section 63A-5-205;]
471	(C) Subsection <u>63A-5-205.5;</u>
472	(D) Section 63C-9-403;
473	(E) Section 72-6-107.5; or
474	(F) Section 79-2-404.
475	(b) The account shall earn interest and all interest earned shall be deposited into the
476	account.
477	(c) The Legislature may appropriate money in the restricted account to fund programs
478	that expand medical assistance coverage and private health insurance plans to low income
479	persons who have not traditionally been served by Medicaid, including the Utah Children's
480	Health Insurance Program created in Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health Insurance Act.
481	(3) For fiscal years 2008-09, 2009-10, 2010-11, 2011-12, and 2012-13 the following
482	funds are nonlapsing:
483	(a) any general funds appropriated to the department for the state plan for medical
484	assistance, or for the Division of Health Care Financing that are not expended by the
485	department in the fiscal year in which the general funds were appropriated; and
486	(b) funds described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
487	Section 4. Section 26-40-115 is amended to read:

488	26-40-115. State contractor Employee and dependent health benefit plan
489	coverage.
490	(1) For purposes of Sections 17B-2a-818.5, 19-1-206, [63A-5-205] 63A-5-205.5,
491	63C-9-403, 72-6-107.5, and 79-2-404, "qualified health insurance coverage" means, at the time
492	the contract is entered into or renewed:
493	(a) a health benefit plan and employer contribution level with a combined actuarial
494	value at least actuarially equivalent to the combined actuarial value of the benchmark plan
495	determined by the program under Subsection 26-40-106(1), and a contribution level at which
496	the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and the dependents of the
497	employee who reside or work in the state; or
498	(b) a federally qualified high deductible health plan that, at a minimum:
499	(i) has a deductible that is:
500	(A) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health
501	plan; or
502	(B) a deductible that is higher than the lowest deductible permitted for a federally
503	qualified high deductible health plan, but includes an employer contribution to a health savings
504	account in a dollar amount at least equal to the dollar amount difference between the lowest
505	deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible plan and the deductible for the
506	employer offered federally qualified high deductible plan;
507	(ii) has an out-of-pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the
508	annual deductible; and
509	(iii) provides that the employer pays 60% of the premium for the employee and the
510	dependents of the employee who work or reside in the state.
511	(2) The department shall:
512	(a) on or before July 1, 2016:
513	(i) determine the commercial equivalent of the benchmark plan described in Subsection
514	(1)(a); and

515	(ii) post the commercially equivalent benchmark plan described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)
516	on the department's website, noting the date posted; and
517	(b) update the posted commercially equivalent benchmark plan annually and at the
518	time of any change in the benchmark.
519	Section 5. Section 31A-1-301 is amended to read:
520	31A-1-301. Definitions.
521	As used in this title, unless otherwise specified:
522	(1) (a) "Accident and health insurance" means insurance to provide protection against
523	economic losses resulting from:
524	(i) a medical condition including:
525	(A) a medical care expense; or
526	(B) the risk of disability;
527	(ii) accident; or
528	(iii) sickness.
529	(b) "Accident and health insurance":
530	(i) includes a contract with disability contingencies including:
531	(A) an income replacement contract;
532	(B) a health care contract;
533	(C) an expense reimbursement contract;
534	(D) a credit accident and health contract;
535	(E) a continuing care contract; and
536	(F) a long-term care contract; and
537	(ii) may provide:
538	(A) hospital coverage;
539	(B) surgical coverage;
540	(C) medical coverage;
541	(D) loss of income coverage;

542	(E) prescription drug coverage;
543	(F) dental coverage; or
544	(G) vision coverage.
545	(c) "Accident and health insurance" does not include workers' compensation insurance.
546	(d) For purposes of a national licensing registry, "accident and health insurance" is the
547	same as "accident and health or sickness insurance."
548	(2) "Actuary" is as defined by the commissioner by rule, made in accordance with Title
549	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
550	(3) "Administrator" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection [(170)] (171).
551	(4) "Adult" means an individual who has attained the age of at least 18 years.
552	(5) "Affiliate" means a person who controls, is controlled by, or is under common
553	control with, another person. A corporation is an affiliate of another corporation, regardless of
554	ownership, if substantially the same group of individuals manage the corporations.
555	(6) "Agency" means:
556	(a) a person other than an individual, including a sole proprietorship by which an
557	individual does business under an assumed name; and
558	(b) an insurance organization licensed or required to be licensed under Section
559	31A-23a-301, 31A-25-207, or 31A-26-209.
560	(7) "Alien insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside the United States.
561	(8) "Amendment" means an endorsement to an insurance policy or certificate.
562	(9) "Annuity" means an agreement to make periodical payments for a period certain or
563	over the lifetime of one or more individuals if the making or continuance of all or some of the
564	series of the payments, or the amount of the payment, is dependent upon the continuance of
565	human life.
566	(10) "Application" means a document:
567	(a) (i) completed by an applicant to provide information about the risk to be insured;
568	and

569	(ii) that contains information that is used by the insurer to evaluate risk and decide
570	whether to:
571	(A) insure the risk under:
572	(I) the coverage as originally offered; or
573	(II) a modification of the coverage as originally offered; or
574	(B) decline to insure the risk; or
575	(b) used by the insurer to gather information from the applicant before issuance of an
576	annuity contract.
577	(11) "Articles" or "articles of incorporation" means:
578	(a) the original articles;
579	(b) a special law;
580	(c) a charter;
581	(d) an amendment;
582	(e) restated articles;
583	(f) articles of merger or consolidation;
584	(g) a trust instrument;
585	(h) another constitutive document for a trust or other entity that is not a corporation;
586	and
587	(i) an amendment to an item listed in Subsections (11)(a) through (h).
588	(12) "Bail bond insurance" means a guarantee that a person will attend court when
589	required, up to and including surrender of the person in execution of a sentence imposed under
590	Subsection $77-20-7(1)$, as a condition to the release of that person from confinement.
591	(13) "Binder" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-21-102.
592	(14) "Blanket insurance policy" means a group policy covering a defined class of
593	persons:
594	(a) without individual underwriting or application; and
595	(b) that is determined by definition without designating each person covered.

596	(15) "Board," "board of trustees," or "board of directors" means the group of persons
597	with responsibility over, or management of, a corporation, however designated.
598	(16) "Bona fide office" means a physical office in this state:
599	(a) that is open to the public;
600	(b) that is staffed during regular business hours on regular business days; and
601	(c) at which the public may appear in person to obtain services.
602	(17) "Business entity" means:
603	(a) a corporation;
604	(b) an association;
605	(c) a partnership;
606	(d) a limited liability company;
607	(e) a limited liability partnership; or
608	(f) another legal entity.
609	(18) "Business of insurance" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
610	[(91)] <u>(92)</u> .
611	(19) "Business plan" means the information required to be supplied to the
612	commissioner under Subsections 31A-5-204(2)(i) and (j), including the information required
613	when these subsections apply by reference under:
614	(a) Section 31A-7-201;
615	(b) Section 31A-8-205; or
616	(c) Subsection $31A-9-205(2)$.
617	(20) (a) "Bylaws" means the rules adopted for the regulation or management of a
618	corporation's affairs, however designated.
619	(b) "Bylaws" includes comparable rules for a trust or other entity that is not a
620	corporation.
621	(21) "Captive insurance company" means:
622	(a) an insurer:

623	(i) owned by another organization; and
624	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of the parent organization and an
625	affiliated company; or
626	(b) in the case of a group or association, an insurer:
627	(i) owned by the insureds; and
628	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of:
629	(A) a member organization;
630	(B) a group member; or
631	(C) an affiliate of:
632	(I) a member organization; or
633	(II) a group member.
634	(22) "Casualty insurance" means liability insurance.
635	(23) "Certificate" means evidence of insurance given to:
636	(a) an insured under a group insurance policy; or
637	(b) a third party.
638	(24) "Certificate of authority" is included within the term "license."
639	(25) "Claim," unless the context otherwise requires, means a request or demand on an
640	insurer for payment of a benefit according to the terms of an insurance policy.
641	(26) "Claims-made coverage" means an insurance contract or provision limiting
642	coverage under a policy insuring against legal liability to claims that are first made against the
643	insured while the policy is in force.
644	(27) (a) "Commissioner" or "commissioner of insurance" means Utah's insurance
645	commissioner.
646	(b) When appropriate, the terms listed in Subsection (27)(a) apply to the equivalent
647	supervisory official of another jurisdiction.
648	(28) (a) "Continuing care insurance" means insurance that:
649	(i) provides board and lodging;

650	(ii) provides one or more of the following:
651	(A) a personal service;
652	(B) a nursing service;
653	(C) a medical service; or
654	(D) any other health-related service; and
655	(iii) provides the coverage described in this Subsection (28)(a) under an agreement
656	effective:
657	(A) for the life of the insured; or
658	(B) for a period in excess of one year.
659	(b) Insurance is continuing care insurance regardless of whether or not the board and
660	lodging are provided at the same location as a service described in Subsection (28)(a)(ii).
661	(29) (a) "Control," "controlling," "controlled," or "under common control" means the
662	direct or indirect possession of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management
663	and policies of a person. This control may be:
664	(i) by contract;
665	(ii) by common management;
666	(iii) through the ownership of voting securities; or
667	(iv) by a means other than those described in Subsections (29)(a)(i) through (iii).
668	(b) There is no presumption that an individual holding an official position with another
669	person controls that person solely by reason of the position.
670	(c) A person having a contract or arrangement giving control is considered to have
671	control despite the illegality or invalidity of the contract or arrangement.
672	(d) There is a rebuttable presumption of control in a person who directly or indirectly
673	owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies to vote 10% or more of the
674	voting securities of another person.
675	(30) "Controlled insurer" means a licensed insurer that is either directly or indirectly
676	controlled by a producer.

677	(31) "Controlling person" means a person that directly or indirectly has the power to
678	direct or cause to be directed, the management, control, or activities of a reinsurance
679	intermediary.
680	(32) "Controlling producer" means a producer who directly or indirectly controls an
681	insurer.
682	(33) (a) "Corporation" means an insurance corporation, except when referring to:
683	(i) a corporation doing business:
684	(A) as:
685	(I) an insurance producer;
686	(II) a surplus lines producer;
687	(III) a limited line producer;
688	(IV) a consultant;
689	(V) a managing general agent;
690	(VI) a reinsurance intermediary;
691	(VII) a third party administrator; or
692	(VIII) an adjuster; and
693	(B) under:
694	(I) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
695	Reinsurance Intermediaries;
696	(II) Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators; or
697	(III) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; or
698	(ii) a noninsurer that is part of a holding company system under Chapter 16, Insurance
699	Holding Companies.
700	(b) "Mutual" or "mutual corporation" means a mutual insurance corporation.
701	(c) "Stock corporation" means a stock insurance corporation.
702	(34) (a) "Creditable coverage" has the same meaning as provided in federal regulations
703	adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.

704	(b) "Creditable coverage" includes coverage that is offered through a public health plan
705	such as:
706	(i) the Primary Care Network Program under a Medicaid primary care network
707	demonstration waiver obtained subject to Section 26-18-3;
708	(ii) the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; or
709	(iii) the Ryan White Program Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act, Pub. L.
710	No. 101-381, and Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Modernization Act of 2006, Pub. L. No.
711	109-415.
712	(35) "Credit accident and health insurance" means insurance on a debtor to provide
713	indemnity for payments coming due on a specific loan or other credit transaction while the
714	debtor has a disability.
715	(36) (a) "Credit insurance" means insurance offered in connection with an extension of
716	credit that is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing that credit obligation.
717	(b) "Credit insurance" includes:
718	(i) credit accident and health insurance;
719	(ii) credit life insurance;
720	(iii) credit property insurance;
721	(iv) credit unemployment insurance;
722	(v) guaranteed automobile protection insurance;
723	(vi) involuntary unemployment insurance;
724	(vii) mortgage accident and health insurance;
725	(viii) mortgage guaranty insurance; and
726	(ix) mortgage life insurance.
727	(37) "Credit life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in connection with
728	an extension of credit that pays a person if the debtor dies.
729	(38) "Creditor" means a person, including an insured, having a claim, whether:
730	(a) matured;

731	(b) unmatured;
732	(c) liquidated;
733	(d) unliquidated;
734	(e) secured;
735	(f) unsecured;
736	(g) absolute;
737	(h) fixed; or
738	(i) contingent.
739	(39) "Credit property insurance" means insurance:
740	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
741	(b) that protects the property until the debt is paid.
742	(40) "Credit unemployment insurance" means insurance:
743	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
744	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is unemployed for payments coming due on a:
745	(i) specific loan; or
746	(ii) credit transaction.
747	(41) (a) "Crop insurance" means insurance providing protection against damage to
748	crops from unfavorable weather conditions, fire or lightning, flood, hail, insect infestation,
749	disease, or other yield-reducing conditions or perils that is:
750	(i) provided by the private insurance market; or
751	(ii) subsidized by the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.
752	(b) "Crop insurance" includes multiperil crop insurance.
753	(42) (a) "Customer service representative" means a person that provides an insurance
754	service and insurance product information:
755	(i) for the customer service representative's:
756	(A) producer;
757	(B) surplus lines producer; or

758	(C) consultant employer; and
759	(ii) to the customer service representative's employer's:
760	(A) customer;
761	(B) client; or
762	(C) organization.
763	(b) A customer service representative may only operate within the scope of authority of
764	the customer service representative's producer, surplus lines producer, or consultant employer.
765	(43) "Deadline" means a final date or time:
766	(a) imposed by:
767	(i) statute;
768	(ii) rule; or
769	(iii) order; and
770	(b) by which a required filing or payment must be received by the department.
771	(44) "Deemer clause" means a provision under this title under which upon the
772	occurrence of a condition precedent, the commissioner is considered to have taken a specific
773	action. If the statute so provides, a condition precedent may be the commissioner's failure to
774	take a specific action.
775	(45) "Degree of relationship" means the number of steps between two persons
776	determined by counting the generations separating one person from a common ancestor and
777	then counting the generations to the other person.
778	(46) "Department" means the Insurance Department.
779	(47) "Director" means a member of the board of directors of a corporation.
780	(48) "Disability" means a physiological or psychological condition that partially or
781	totally limits an individual's ability to:
782	(a) perform the duties of:
783	(i) that individual's occupation; or
784	(ii) an occupation for which the individual is reasonably suited by education, training,

785	or experience; or
786	(b) perform two or more of the following basic activities of daily living:
787	(i) eating;
788	(ii) toileting;
789	(iii) transferring;
790	(iv) bathing; or
791	(v) dressing.
792	(49) "Disability income insurance" means the same as that term is defined in
793	Subsection [(82)] <u>(83)</u> .
794	(50) "Domestic insurer" means an insurer organized under the laws of this state.
795	(51) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an insurer:
796	(a) is incorporated;
797	(b) is organized; or
798	(c) in the case of an alien insurer, enters into the United States.
799	(52) (a) "Eligible employee" means:
800	(i) an employee who:
801	(A) works on a full-time basis; and
802	(B) has a normal work week of 30 or more hours; or
803	(ii) a person described in Subsection (52)(b).
804	(b) "Eligible employee" includes:
805	(i) an owner who:
806	(A) works on a full-time basis; and
807	(B) has a normal work week of 30 or more hours; and
808	(ii) if the individual is included under a health benefit plan of a small employer:
809	(A) a sole proprietor;
810	(B) a partner in a partnership; or
811	(C) an independent contractor.

812	(c) "Eligible employee" does not include, unless eligible under Subsection (52)(b):
813	(i) an individual who works on a temporary or substitute basis for a small employer;
814	(ii) an employer's spouse who does not meet the requirements of Subsection (52)(a)(i);
815	or
816	(iii) a dependent of an employer who does not meet the requirements of Subsection
817	(52)(a)(i).
818	(53) "Employee" means:
819	(a) an individual employed by an employer; and
820	(b) an owner who meets the requirements of Subsection (52)(b)(i).
821	(54) "Employee benefits" means one or more benefits or services provided to:
822	(a) an employee; or
823	(b) a dependent of an employee.
824	(55) (a) "Employee welfare fund" means a fund:
825	(i) established or maintained, whether directly or through a trustee, by:
826	(A) one or more employers;
827	(B) one or more labor organizations; or
828	(C) a combination of employers and labor organizations; and
829	(ii) that provides employee benefits paid or contracted to be paid, other than income
830	from investments of the fund:
831	(A) by or on behalf of an employer doing business in this state; or
832	(B) for the benefit of a person employed in this state.
833	(b) "Employee welfare fund" includes a plan funded or subsidized by a user fee or tax
834	revenues.
835	(56) "Endorsement" means a written agreement attached to a policy or certificate to
836	modify the policy or certificate coverage.
837	(57) (a) "Enrollee" means:
838	(i) a policyholder;

839	(ii) a certificate holder;
840	(iii) a subscriber; or
841	(iv) a covered individual:
842	(A) who has entered into a contract with an organization for health care; or
843	(B) on whose behalf an arrangement for health care has been made.
844	(b) "Enrollee" includes an insured.
845	(58) "Enrollment date," with respect to a health benefit plan, means:
846	(a) the first day of coverage; or
847	(b) if there is a waiting period, the first day of the waiting period.
848	(59) "Enterprise risk" means an activity, circumstance, event, or series of events
849	involving one or more affiliates of an insurer that, if not remedied promptly, is likely to have a
850	material adverse effect upon the financial condition or liquidity of the insurer or its insurance
851	holding company system as a whole, including anything that would cause:
852	(a) the insurer's risk-based capital to fall into an action or control level as set forth in
853	Sections 31A-17-601 through 31A-17-613; or
854	(b) the insurer to be in hazardous financial condition set forth in Section 31A-27a-101.
855	(60) (a) "Escrow" means:
856	(i) a transaction that effects the sale, transfer, encumbering, or leasing of real property,
857	when a person not a party to the transaction, and neither having nor acquiring an interest in the
858	title, performs, in accordance with the written instructions or terms of the written agreement
859	between the parties to the transaction, any of the following actions:
860	(A) the explanation, holding, or creation of a document; or
861	(B) the receipt, deposit, and disbursement of money;
862	(ii) a settlement or closing involving:
863	(A) a mobile home;
864	(B) a grazing right;
865	(C) a water right; or

866	(D) other personal property authorized by the commissioner.
867	(b) "Escrow" does not include:
868	(i) the following notarial acts performed by a notary within the state:
869	(A) an acknowledgment;
870	(B) a copy certification;
871	(C) jurat; and
872	(D) an oath or affirmation;
873	(ii) the receipt or delivery of a document; or
874	(iii) the receipt of money for delivery to the escrow agent.
875	(61) "Escrow agent" means an agency title insurance producer meeting the
876	requirements of Sections 31A-4-107, 31A-14-211, and 31A-23a-204, who is acting through an
877	individual title insurance producer licensed with an escrow subline of authority.
878	(62) (a) "Excludes" is not exhaustive and does not mean that another thing is not also
879	excluded.
880	(b) The items listed in a list using the term "excludes" are representative examples for
881	use in interpretation of this title.
882	(63) "Exclusion" means for the purposes of accident and health insurance that an
883	insurer does not provide insurance coverage, for whatever reason, for one of the following:
884	(a) a specific physical condition;
885	(b) a specific medical procedure;
886	(c) a specific disease or disorder; or
887	(d) a specific prescription drug or class of prescription drugs.
888	(64) "Expense reimbursement insurance" means insurance:
889	(a) written to provide a payment for an expense relating to hospital confinement
890	resulting from illness or injury; and
891	(b) written:
892	(i) as a daily limit for a specific number of days in a hospital; and

(ii) to have a one or two day waiting period following a hospitalization.
(65) "Fidelity insurance" means insurance guaranteeing the fidelity of a person holding
a position of public or private trust.
(66) (a) "Filed" means that a filing is:
(i) submitted to the department as required by and in accordance with applicable
statute, rule, or filing order;
(ii) received by the department within the time period provided in applicable statute,
rule, or filing order; and
(iii) accompanied by the appropriate fee in accordance with:
(A) Section 31A-3-103; or
(B) rule.
(b) "Filed" does not include a filing that is rejected by the department because it is not
submitted in accordance with Subsection (66)(a).
(67) "Filing," when used as a noun, means an item required to be filed with the
department including:
(a) a policy;
(b) a rate;
(c) a form;
(d) a document;
(e) a plan;
(f) a manual;
(g) an application;
(h) a report;
(i) a certificate;
(j) an endorsement;
(k) an actuarial certification;
(l) a licensee annual statement;

920	(m) a licensee renewal application;
921	(n) an advertisement;
922	(o) a binder; or
923	(p) an outline of coverage.
924	(68) "First party insurance" means an insurance policy or contract in which the insurer
925	agrees to pay a claim submitted to it by the insured for the insured's losses.
926	(69) "Foreign insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside of this state, including an
927	alien insurer.
928	(70) (a) "Form" means one of the following prepared for general use:
929	(i) a policy;
930	(ii) a certificate;
931	(iii) an application;
932	(iv) an outline of coverage; or
933	(v) an endorsement.
934	(b) "Form" does not include a document specially prepared for use in an individual
935	case.
936	(71) "Franchise insurance" means an individual insurance policy provided through a
937	mass marketing arrangement involving a defined class of persons related in some way other
938	than through the purchase of insurance.
939	(72) "General lines of authority" include:
940	(a) the general lines of insurance in Subsection (73);
941	(b) title insurance under one of the following sublines of authority:
942	(i) title examination, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
943	(ii) escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative; and
944	(iii) title marketing representative only;
945	(c) surplus lines;
946	(d) workers' compensation; and

947	(e) another line of insurance that the commissioner considers necessary to recognize in
948	the public interest.
949	(73) "General lines of insurance" include:
950	(a) accident and health;
951	(b) casualty;
952	(c) life;
953	(d) personal lines;
954	(e) property; and
955	(f) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity.
956	(74) "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan to the extent that the
957	plan provides medical care:
958	(a) (i) to an employee; or
959	(ii) to a dependent of an employee; and
960	(b) (i) directly;
961	(ii) through insurance reimbursement; or
962	(iii) through another method.
963	(75) (a) "Group insurance policy" means a policy covering a group of persons that is
964	issued:
965	(i) to a policyholder on behalf of the group; and
966	(ii) for the benefit of a member of the group who is selected under a procedure defined
967	in:
968	(A) the policy; or
969	(B) an agreement that is collateral to the policy.
970	(b) A group insurance policy may include a member of the policyholder's family or a
971	dependent.
972	(76) "Guaranteed automobile protection insurance" means insurance offered in
973	connection with an extension of credit that pays the difference in amount between the

974	insurance settlement and the balance of the loan if the insured automobile is a total loss.
975	(77) (a) "Health benefit plan" means, except as provided in Subsection (77)(b), a
976	policy, contract, certificate, or agreement offered or issued by a health carrier to provide,
977	deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care.
978	(b) "Health benefit plan" does not include:
979	(i) coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination
980	thereof;
981	(ii) coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance;
982	(iii) liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability
983	insurance;
984	(iv) workers' compensation or similar insurance;
985	(v) automobile medical payment insurance;
986	(vi) credit-only insurance;
987	(vii) coverage for on-site medical clinics;
988	(viii) other similar insurance coverage, specified in federal regulations issued pursuant
989	to Pub. L. No. 104-191, under which benefits for health care services are secondary or
990	incidental to other insurance benefits;
991	(ix) the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate, or
992	contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan:
993	(A) limited scope dental or vision benefits;
994	(B) benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, home health care,
995	community-based care, or any combination thereof; or
996	(C) other similar limited benefits, specified in federal regulations issued pursuant to
997	Pub. L. No. 104-191;
998	(x) the following benefits if the benefits are provided under a separate policy,
999	certificate, or contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of benefits
1000	and any exclusion of benefits under any health plan, and the benefits are paid with respect to an

1001	event without regard to whether benefits are provided under any health plan:
1002	(A) coverage only for specified disease or illness; or
1003	(B) hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance; and
1004	(xi) the following if offered as a separate policy, certificate, or contract of insurance:
1005	(A) Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under the Social Security Act,
1006	42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395ss(g)(1);
1007	(B) coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under United States Code, Title
1008	10, Chapter 55, Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services
1009	(CHAMPUS); or
1010	(C) similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a group health insurance
1011	plan.
1012	(78) "Health care" means any of the following intended for use in the diagnosis,
1013	treatment, mitigation, or prevention of a human ailment or impairment:
1014	(a) a professional service;
1015	(b) a personal service;
1016	(c) a facility;
1017	(d) equipment;
1018	(e) a device;
1019	(f) supplies; or
1020	(g) medicine.
1021	(79) (a) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" means insurance providing:
1022	(i) a health care benefit; or
1023	(ii) payment of an incurred health care expense.
1024	(b) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" does not include accident and health
1025	insurance providing a benefit for:
1026	(i) replacement of income;
1027	(ii) short-term accident;

1028	(iii) fixed indemnity;
1029	(iv) credit accident and health;
1030	(v) supplements to liability;
1031	(vi) workers' compensation;
1032	(vii) automobile medical payment;
1033	(viii) no-fault automobile;
1034	(ix) equivalent self-insurance; or
1035	(x) a type of accident and health insurance coverage that is a part of or attached to
1036	another type of policy.
1037	(80) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1038	78B-3-403.
1039	(81) "Health insurance exchange" means an exchange as defined in 45 C.F.R. Sec.
1040	<u>155.20.</u>
1041	[(81)] (82) "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act" means the Health
1042	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936, as
1043	amended.
1044	[(82)] (83) "Income replacement insurance" or "disability income insurance" means
1045	insurance written to provide payments to replace income lost from accident or sickness.
1046	[(83)] (84) "Indemnity" means the payment of an amount to offset all or part of an
1047	insured loss.
1048	[(84)] (85) "Independent adjuster" means an insurance adjuster required to be licensed
1049	under Section 31A-26-201 who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of an insurer.
1050	[(85)] (86) "Independently procured insurance" means insurance procured under
1051	Section 31A-15-104.
1052	[(86)] (87) "Individual" means a natural person.
1053	[(87)] (88) "Inland marine insurance" includes insurance covering:
1054	(a) magnetic in transit on on even land

1054 (a) property in transit on or over land;

1055	(b) property in transit over water by means other than boat or ship;
1056	(c) bailee liability;
1057	(d) fixed transportation property such as bridges, electric transmission systems, radio
1058	and television transmission towers and tunnels; and
1059	(e) personal and commercial property floaters.
1060	[(88)] (89) "Insolvency" or "insolvent" means that:
1061	(a) an insurer is unable to pay [its debts or meet its obligations as the debts and
1062	obligations mature] the insurer's obligations as the obligations are due;
1063	(b) an insurer's total adjusted capital is less than the insurer's mandatory control level
1064	RBC under Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(c); or
1065	(c) an [insurer is determined to be hazardous under this title] insurer's admitted assets
1066	are less than the insurer's liabilities.
1067	[(89)] (90) (a) "Insurance" means:
1068	(i) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the transfer of a risk or risks from one or more
1069	persons to one or more other persons; or
1070	(ii) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the distribution of a risk or risks among a
1071	group of persons that includes the person seeking to distribute that person's risk.
1072	(b) "Insurance" includes:
1073	(i) a risk distributing arrangement providing for compensation or replacement for
1074	damages or loss through the provision of a service or a benefit in kind;
1075	(ii) a contract of guaranty or suretyship entered into by the guarantor or surety as a
1076	business and not as merely incidental to a business transaction; and
1077	(iii) a plan in which the risk does not rest upon the person who makes an arrangement,
1078	but with a class of persons who have agreed to share the risk.
1079	[(90)] (91) "Insurance adjuster" means a person who directs or conducts the
1080	investigation, negotiation, or settlement of a claim under an insurance policy other than life
1081	insurance or an annuity, on behalf of an insurer, policyholder, or a claimant under an insurance

1082	policy.
1083	[(91)] (92) "Insurance business" or "business of insurance" includes:
1084	(a) providing health care insurance by an organization that is or is required to be
1085	licensed under this title;
1086	(b) providing a benefit to an employee in the event of a contingency not within the
1087	control of the employee, in which the employee is entitled to the benefit as a right, which
1088	benefit may be provided either:
1089	(i) by a single employer or by multiple employer groups; or
1090	(ii) through one or more trusts, associations, or other entities;
1091	(c) providing an annuity:
1092	(i) including an annuity issued in return for a gift; and
1093	(ii) except an annuity provided by a person specified in Subsections 31A-22-1305(2)
1094	and (3);
1095	(d) providing the characteristic services of a motor club as outlined in Subsection
1096	[(120)] <u>(121);</u>
1097	(e) providing another person with insurance;
1098	(f) making as insurer, guarantor, or surety, or proposing to make as insurer, guarantor,
1099	or surety, a contract or policy of title insurance;
1100	(g) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:
1101	(i) solicitation;
1102	(ii) negotiation preliminary to execution;
1103	(iii) execution of a contract of title insurance;
1104	(iv) insuring; and
1105	(v) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of
1106	the contract, including reinsurance;
1107	(h) transacting or proposing a life settlement; and

1108 (i) doing, or proposing to do, any business in substance equivalent to Subsections

1109	[(91)] <u>(92)</u> (a) through (h) in a manner designed to evade this title.
1110	[(92)] (93) "Insurance consultant" or "consultant" means a person who:
1111	(a) advises another person about insurance needs and coverages;
1112	(b) is compensated by the person advised on a basis not directly related to the insurance
1113	placed; and
1114	(c) except as provided in Section 31A-23a-501, is not compensated directly or
1115	indirectly by an insurer or producer for advice given.
1116	[(93)] (94) "Insurance holding company system" means a group of two or more
1117	affiliated persons, at least one of whom is an insurer.
1118	[(94)] (95) (a) "Insurance producer" or "producer" means a person licensed or required
1119	to be licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance.
1120	(b) (i) "Producer for the insurer" means a producer who is compensated directly or
1121	indirectly by an insurer for selling, soliciting, or negotiating an insurance product of that
1122	insurer.
1123	(ii) "Producer for the insurer" may be referred to as an "agent."
1124	(c) (i) "Producer for the insured" means a producer who:
1125	(A) is compensated directly and only by an insurance customer or an insured; and
1126	(B) receives no compensation directly or indirectly from an insurer for selling,
1127	soliciting, or negotiating an insurance product of that insurer to an insurance customer or
1128	insured.
1129	(ii) "Producer for the insured" may be referred to as a "broker."
1130	[(95)] (96) (a) "Insured" means a person to whom or for whose benefit an insurer
1131	makes a promise in an insurance policy and includes:
1132	(i) a policyholder;
1133	(ii) a subscriber;
1134	(iii) a member; and
1135	(iv) a beneficiary.

(b) The definition in Subsection [(95)] (96)(a):
(i) applies only to this title;
(ii) does not define the meaning of "insured" as used in an insurance policy or
certificate; and
(iii) includes an enrollee.
[(96)] (97) (a) "Insurer" means a person doing an insurance business as a principal
including:
(i) a fraternal benefit society;
(ii) an issuer of a gift annuity other than an annuity specified in Subsections
31A-22-1305(2) and (3);
(iii) a motor club;
(iv) an employee welfare plan;
(v) a person purporting or intending to do an insurance business as a principal on that
person's own account; and
(vi) a health maintenance organization.
(b) "Insurer" does not include a governmental entity to the extent the governmental
entity is engaged in an activity described in Section 31A-12-107.
[(97)] (98) "Interinsurance exchange" means the same as that term is defined in
Subsection $[(152)]$ (153).
[(98)] (99) "Involuntary unemployment insurance" means insurance:
(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is involuntarily unemployed for payments
coming due on a:
(i) specific loan; or
(ii) credit transaction.
[(99)] (100) (a) "Large employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an
employer who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:

1163	(i) employed an average of at least 51 employees on business days during the preceding
1164	calendar year; and
1165	(ii) employs at least one employee on the first day of the plan year.
1166	(b) The number of employees shall be determined using the method set forth in 26
1167	U.S.C. Sec. 4980H(c)(2).
1168	[(100)] (101) "Late enrollee," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means
1169	an individual whose enrollment is a late enrollment.
1170	[(101)] (102) "Late enrollment," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means
1171	enrollment of an individual other than:
1172	(a) on the earliest date on which coverage can become effective for the individual
1173	under the terms of the plan; or
1174	(b) through special enrollment.
1175	[(102)] (103) (a) Except for a retainer contract or legal assistance described in Section
1176	31A-1-103, "legal expense insurance" means insurance written to indemnify or pay for a
1177	specified legal expense.
1178	(b) "Legal expense insurance" includes an arrangement that creates a reasonable
1179	expectation of an enforceable right.
1180	(c) "Legal expense insurance" does not include the provision of, or reimbursement for,
1181	legal services incidental to other insurance coverage.
1182	[(103)] (104) (a) "Liability insurance" means insurance against liability:
1183	(i) for death, injury, or disability of a human being, or for damage to property,
1184	exclusive of the coverages under:
1185	(A) medical malpractice insurance;
1186	(B) professional liability insurance; and
1187	(C) workers' compensation insurance;
1188	(ii) for a medical, hospital, surgical, and funeral benefit to a person other than the
1189	insured who is injured, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, when issued with or

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1190 supplemental to insurance against legal liability for the death, injury, or disability of a human

- 1191 being, exclusive of the coverages under:
- 1192 (A) medical malpractice insurance;
- (B) professional liability insurance; and
- 1194 (C) workers' compensation insurance;
- (iii) for loss or damage to property resulting from an accident to or explosion of a
- 1196 boiler, pipe, pressure container, machinery, or apparatus;
- 1197 (iv) for loss or damage to property caused by:
- 1198 (A) the breakage or leakage of a sprinkler, water pipe, or water container; or
- (B) water entering through a leak or opening in a building; or
- 1200 (v) for other loss or damage properly the subject of insurance not within another kind
- 1201 of insurance as defined in this chapter, if the insurance is not contrary to law or public policy.
- 1202 (b) "Liability insurance" includes:
- 1203 (i) vehicle liability insurance;
- 1204 (ii) residential dwelling liability insurance; and
- 1205 (iii) making inspection of, and issuing a certificate of inspection upon, an elevator,
- 1206 boiler, machinery, or apparatus of any kind when done in connection with insurance on the
- 1207 elevator, boiler, machinery, or apparatus.
- 1208 [(104)] (105) (a) "License" means authorization issued by the commissioner to engage
 1209 in an activity that is part of or related to the insurance business.
- 1210 (b) "License" includes a certificate of authority issued to an insurer.
- 1211 [(105)] (106) (a) "Life insurance" means:
- 1212 (i) insurance on a human life; and
- 1213 (ii) insurance pertaining to or connected with human life.
- 1214 (b) The business of life insurance includes:
- 1215 (i) granting a death benefit;
- 1216 (ii) granting an annuity benefit;

1217	(iii) granting an endowment benefit;
1218	(iv) granting an additional benefit in the event of death by accident;
1219	(v) granting an additional benefit to safeguard the policy against lapse; and
1220	(vi) providing an optional method of settlement of proceeds.
1221	[(106)] (107) "Limited license" means a license that:
1222	(a) is issued for a specific product of insurance; and
1223	(b) limits an individual or agency to transact only for that product or insurance.
1224	[(107)] (108) "Limited line credit insurance" includes the following forms of
1225	insurance:
1226	(a) credit life;
1227	(b) credit accident and health;
1228	(c) credit property;
1229	(d) credit unemployment;
1230	(e) involuntary unemployment;
1231	(f) mortgage life;
1232	(g) mortgage guaranty;
1233	(h) mortgage accident and health;
1234	(i) guaranteed automobile protection; and
1235	(j) another form of insurance offered in connection with an extension of credit that:
1236	(i) is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing the credit obligation; and
1237	(ii) the commissioner determines by rule should be designated as a form of limited line
1238	credit insurance.
1239	[(108)] (109) "Limited line credit insurance producer" means a person who sells,
1240	solicits, or negotiates one or more forms of limited line credit insurance coverage to an
1241	individual through a master, corporate, group, or individual policy.
1242	[(109)] (110) "Limited line insurance" includes:
1243	(a) bail bond;

1244	(b) limited line credit insurance;
1245	(c) legal expense insurance;
1246	(d) motor club insurance;
1247	(e) car rental related insurance;
1248	(f) travel insurance;
1249	(g) crop insurance;
1250	(h) self-service storage insurance;
1251	(i) guaranteed asset protection waiver;
1252	(j) portable electronics insurance; and
1253	(k) another form of limited insurance that the commissioner determines by rule should
1254	be designated a form of limited line insurance.
1255	[(110)] (111) "Limited lines authority" includes the lines of insurance listed in
1256	Subsection [(109)] <u>(110)</u> .
1257	[(111)] (112) "Limited lines producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or negotiates
1258	limited lines insurance.
1259	[(112)](113)(a) "Long-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider
1260	advertised, marketed, offered, or designated to provide coverage:
1261	(i) in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital;
1262	(ii) for not less than 12 consecutive months for a covered person on the basis of:
1263	(A) expenses incurred;
1264	(B) indemnity;
1265	(C) prepayment; or
1266	(D) another method;
1267	(iii) for one or more necessary or medically necessary services that are:
1268	(A) diagnostic;
1269	(B) preventative;
1270	(C) therapeutic;

1271	(D) rehabilitative;
1272	(E) maintenance; or
1273	(F) personal care; and
1274	(iv) that may be issued by:
1275	(A) an insurer;
1276	(B) a fraternal benefit society;
1277	(C) (I) a nonprofit health hospital; and
1278	(II) a medical service corporation;
1279	(D) a prepaid health plan;
1280	(E) a health maintenance organization; or
1281	(F) an entity similar to the entities described in Subsections $[(112)](113)(a)(iv)(A)$
1282	through (E) to the extent that the entity is otherwise authorized to issue life or health care
1283	insurance.
1284	(b) "Long-term care insurance" includes:
1285	(i) any of the following that provide directly or supplement long-term care insurance:
1286	(A) a group or individual annuity or rider; or
1287	(B) a life insurance policy or rider;
1288	(ii) a policy or rider that provides for payment of benefits on the basis of:
1289	(A) cognitive impairment; or
1290	(B) functional capacity; or
1291	(iii) a qualified long-term care insurance contract.
1292	(c) "Long-term care insurance" does not include:
1293	(i) a policy that is offered primarily to provide basic Medicare supplement coverage;
1294	(ii) basic hospital expense coverage;
1295	(iii) basic medical/surgical expense coverage;
1296	(iv) hospital confinement indemnity coverage;
1297	(v) major medical expense coverage;

1298	(vi) income replacement or related asset-protection coverage;
1299	(vii) accident only coverage;
1300	(viii) coverage for a specified:
1301	(A) disease; or
1302	(B) accident;
1303	(ix) limited benefit health coverage; or
1304	(x) a life insurance policy that accelerates the death benefit to provide the option of a
1305	lump sum payment:
1306	(A) if the following are not conditioned on the receipt of long-term care:
1307	(I) benefits; or
1308	(II) eligibility; and
1309	(B) the coverage is for one or more the following qualifying events:
1310	(I) terminal illness;
1311	(II) medical conditions requiring extraordinary medical intervention; or
1312	(III) permanent institutional confinement.
1313	[(113)] (114) "Managed care organization" means a person:
1314	(a) licensed as a health maintenance organization under Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
1315	Organizations and Limited Health Plans; or
1316	(b) (i) licensed under:
1317	(A) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
1318	(B) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or
1319	(C) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and
1320	(ii) that requires an enrollee to use, or offers incentives, including financial incentives,
1321	for an enrollee to use, network providers.
1322	[(114)] (115) "Medical malpractice insurance" means insurance against legal liability
1323	incident to the practice and provision of a medical service other than the practice and provision
1324	of a dental service.

1325	[(115)] (116) "Member" means a person having membership rights in an insurance
1326	corporation.
1327	[(116)] (117) "Minimum capital" or "minimum required capital" means the capital that
1328	must be constantly maintained by a stock insurance corporation as required by statute.
1329	[(117)] (118) "Mortgage accident and health insurance" means insurance offered in
1330	connection with an extension of credit that provides indemnity for payments coming due on a
1331	mortgage while the debtor has a disability.
1332	[(118)] (119) "Mortgage guaranty insurance" means surety insurance under which a
1333	mortgagee or other creditor is indemnified against losses caused by the default of a debtor.
1334	[(119)] (120) "Mortgage life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in
1335	connection with an extension of credit that pays if the debtor dies.
1336	[(120)] (121) "Motor club" means a person:
1337	(a) licensed under:
1338	(i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
1339	(ii) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs; or
1340	(iii) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and
1341	(b) that promises for an advance consideration to provide for a stated period of time
1342	one or more:
1343	(i) legal services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(b);
1344	(ii) bail services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(c); or
1345	(iii) (A) trip reimbursement;
1346	(B) towing services;
1347	(C) emergency road services;
1348	(D) stolen automobile services;
1349	(E) a combination of the services listed in Subsections $[(120)] (121)(b)(iii)(A)$ through
1350	(D); or
1351	(F) other services given in Subsections 31A-11-102(1)(b) through (f).

1352 [(121)] (122) "Mutual" means a mutual insurance corporation. 1353 [(122)] (123) "Network plan" means health care insurance: 1354 (a) that is issued by an insurer; and 1355 (b) under which the financing and delivery of medical care is provided, in whole or in 1356 part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the insurer, including the financing 1357 and delivery of an item paid for as medical care. 1358 [(123)] (124) "Network provider" means a health care provider who has an agreement 1359 with a managed care organization to provide health care services to an enrollee with an 1360 expectation of receiving payment, other than coinsurance, copayments, or deductibles, directly 1361 from the managed care organization. 1362 [(124)] (125) "Nonparticipating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is 1363 not entitled to receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer. [(125)] (126) "Ocean marine insurance" means insurance against loss of or damage to: 1364 1365 (a) ships or hulls of ships; 1366 (b) goods, freight, cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, profits, money, 1367 securities, choses in action, evidences of debt, valuable papers, bottomry, respondentia 1368 interests, or other cargoes in or awaiting transit over the oceans or inland waterways; 1369 (c) earnings such as freight, passage money, commissions, or profits derived from 1370 transporting goods or people upon or across the oceans or inland waterways; or 1371 (d) a vessel owner or operator as a result of liability to employees, passengers, bailors, 1372 owners of other vessels, owners of fixed objects, customs or other authorities, or other persons 1373 in connection with maritime activity. 1374 [(126)] (127) "Order" means an order of the commissioner. 1375 [(127)] (128) "Outline of coverage" means a summary that explains an accident and

- 1376 health insurance policy.
- 1377 [(128)] (129) "Participating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is
 1378 entitled to receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer.

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1379	[(129)] (130) "Participation," as used in a health benefit plan, means a requirement
1380	relating to the minimum percentage of eligible employees that must be enrolled in relation to
1381	the total number of eligible employees of an employer reduced by each eligible employee who
1382	voluntarily declines coverage under the plan because the employee:
1383	(a) has other group health care insurance coverage; or
1384	(b) receives:
1385	(i) Medicare, under the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, Title XVIII of the Social
1386	Security Amendments of 1965; or
1387	(ii) another government health benefit.
1388	[(130)] (131) "Person" includes:
1389	(a) an individual;
1390	(b) a partnership;
1391	(c) a corporation;
1392	(d) an incorporated or unincorporated association;
1393	(e) a joint stock company;
1394	(f) a trust;
1395	(g) a limited liability company;
1396	(h) a reciprocal;
1397	(i) a syndicate; or
1398	(j) another similar entity or combination of entities acting in concert.
1399	[(131)] (132) "Personal lines insurance" means property and casualty insurance
1400	coverage sold for primarily noncommercial purposes to:
1401	(a) an individual; or
1402	(b) a family.
1403	[(132)] (133) "Plan sponsor" means the same as that term is defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec.
1404	1002(16)(B).
1405	[(133)] (134) "Plan year" means:

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1406	(a) the year that is designated as the plan year in:
1407	(i) the plan document of a group health plan; or
1408	(ii) a summary plan description of a group health plan;
1409	(b) if the plan document or summary plan description does not designate a plan year or
1410	there is no plan document or summary plan description:
1411	(i) the year used to determine deductibles or limits;
1412	(ii) the policy year, if the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis;
1413	or
1414	(iii) the employer's taxable year if:
1415	(A) the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis; and
1416	(B) (I) the plan is not insured; or
1417	(II) the insurance policy is not renewed on an annual basis; or
1418	(c) in a case not described in Subsection $[(133)](134)(a)$ or (b), the calendar year.
1419	[(134)] (135) (a) "Policy" means a document, including an attached endorsement or
1420	application that:
1421	(i) purports to be an enforceable contract; and
1422	(ii) memorializes in writing some or all of the terms of an insurance contract.
1423	(b) "Policy" includes a service contract issued by:
1424	(i) a motor club under Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
1425	(ii) a service contract provided under Chapter 6a, Service Contracts; and
1426	(iii) a corporation licensed under:
1427	(A) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or
1428	(B) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans.
1429	(c) "Policy" does not include:
1430	(i) a certificate under a group insurance contract; or
1431	(ii) a document that does not purport to have legal effect.
1432	[(135)] (136) "Policyholder" means a person who controls a policy, binder, or oral

1433	contract by ownership, premium payment, or otherwise.
1434	[(136)] (137) "Policy illustration" means a presentation or depiction that includes
1435	nonguaranteed elements of a policy of life insurance over a period of years.
1436	[(137)] (138) "Policy summary" means a synopsis describing the elements of a life
1437	insurance policy.
1438	[(138)] (139) "PPACA" means the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L.
1439	No. 111-148 and the Health Care Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152,
1440	and related federal regulations and guidance.
1441	[(139)] (140) "Preexisting condition," with respect to [a health benefit plan] health care
1442	insurance:
1443	(a) means a condition that was present before the effective date of coverage, whether or
1444	not medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that day;
1445	and
1446	(b) does not include a condition indicated by genetic information unless an actual
1447	diagnosis of the condition by a physician has been made.
1448	[(140)] (141) (a) "Premium" means the monetary consideration for an insurance policy.
1449	(b) "Premium" includes, however designated:
1450	(i) an assessment;
1451	(ii) a membership fee;
1452	(iii) a required contribution; or
1453	(iv) monetary consideration.
1454	(c) (i) "Premium" does not include consideration paid to a third party administrator for
1455	the third party administrator's services.
1456	(ii) "Premium" includes an amount paid by a third party administrator to an insurer for
1457	insurance on the risks administered by the third party administrator.
1458	[(141)] (142) "Principal officers" for a corporation means the officers designated under
1459	Subsection 31A-5-203(3).

1460	[(142)] (143) "Proceeding" includes an action or special statutory proceeding.
1461	[(143)] (144) "Professional liability insurance" means insurance against legal liability
1462	incident to the practice of a profession and provision of a professional service.
1463	[(144)] (145) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(144)]$ (145)(b), "property
1464	insurance" means insurance against loss or damage to real or personal property of every kind
1465	and any interest in that property:
1466	(i) from all hazards or causes; and
1467	(ii) against loss consequential upon the loss or damage including vehicle
1468	comprehensive and vehicle physical damage coverages.
1469	(b) "Property insurance" does not include:
1470	(i) inland marine insurance; and
1471	(ii) ocean marine insurance.
1472	[(145)] (146) "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally tax qualified
1473	long-term care insurance contract" means:
1474	(a) an individual or group insurance contract that meets the requirements of Section
1475	7702B(b), Internal Revenue Code; or
1476	(b) the portion of a life insurance contract that provides long-term care insurance:
1477	(i) (A) by rider; or
1478	(B) as a part of the contract; and
1479	(ii) that satisfies the requirements of Sections 7702B(b) and (e), Internal Revenue
1480	Code.
1481	[(146)] (147) "Qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that:
1482	(a) is:
1483	(i) organized under the laws of the United States or any state; or
1484	(ii) in the case of a United States office of a foreign banking organization, licensed
1485	under the laws of the United States or any state;
1486	(b) is regulated, supervised, and examined by a United States federal or state authority

1487	having regulatory authority over a bank or trust company; and
1488	(c) meets the standards of financial condition and standing that are considered
1489	necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of a financial institution whose letters of credit
1490	will be acceptable to the commissioner as determined by:
1491	(i) the commissioner by rule; or
1492	(ii) the Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance
1493	Commissioners.
1494	[(147)](148) (a) "Rate" means:
1495	(i) the cost of a given unit of insurance; or
1496	(ii) for property or casualty insurance, that cost of insurance per exposure unit either
1497	expressed as:
1498	(A) a single number; or
1499	(B) a pure premium rate, adjusted before the application of individual risk variations
1500	based on loss or expense considerations to account for the treatment of:
1501	(I) expenses;
1502	(II) profit; and
1503	(III) individual insurer variation in loss experience.
1504	(b) "Rate" does not include a minimum premium.
1505	[(148)] (149) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(148)]$ (149)(b), "rate service
1506	organization" means a person who assists an insurer in rate making or filing by:
1507	(i) collecting, compiling, and furnishing loss or expense statistics;
1508	(ii) recommending, making, or filing rates or supplementary rate information; or
1509	(iii) advising about rate questions, except as an attorney giving legal advice.
1510	(b) "Rate service organization" does not mean:
1511	(i) an employee of an insurer;
1512	(ii) a single insurer or group of insurers under common control;
1513	(iii) a joint underwriting group; or

1514	(iv) an individual serving as an actuarial or legal consultant.
1515	[(149)] (150) "Rating manual" means any of the following used to determine initial and
1516	renewal policy premiums:
1517	(a) a manual of rates;
1518	(b) a classification;
1519	(c) a rate-related underwriting rule; and
1520	(d) a rating formula that describes steps, policies, and procedures for determining
1521	initial and renewal policy premiums.
1522	[(150)] (151) (a) "Rebate" means a licensee paying, allowing, giving, or offering to
1523	pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly:
1524	(i) a refund of premium or portion of premium;
1525	(ii) a refund of commission or portion of commission;
1526	(iii) a refund of all or a portion of a consultant fee; or
1527	(iv) providing services or other benefits not specified in an insurance or annuity
1528	contract.
1529	(b) "Rebate" does not include:
1530	(i) a refund due to termination or changes in coverage;
1531	(ii) a refund due to overcharges made in error by the licensee; or
1532	(iii) savings or wellness benefits as provided in the contract by the licensee.
1533	[(151)] (152) "Received by the department" means:
1534	(a) the date delivered to and stamped received by the department, if delivered in
1535	person;
1536	(b) the post mark date, if delivered by mail;
1537	(c) the delivery service's post mark or pickup date, if delivered by a delivery service;
1538	(d) the received date recorded on an item delivered, if delivered by:
1539	(i) facsimile;
1540	(ii) email; or

1541	(iii) another electronic method; or
1542	(e) a date specified in:
1543	(i) a statute;
1544	(ii) a rule; or
1545	(iii) an order.
1546	[(152)] (153) "Reciprocal" or "interinsurance exchange" means an unincorporated
1547	association of persons:
1548	(a) operating through an attorney-in-fact common to all of the persons; and
1549	(b) exchanging insurance contracts with one another that provide insurance coverage
1550	on each other.
1551	[(153)] (154) "Reinsurance" means an insurance transaction where an insurer, for
1552	consideration, transfers any portion of the risk it has assumed to another insurer. In referring to
1553	reinsurance transactions, this title sometimes refers to:
1554	(a) the insurer transferring the risk as the "ceding insurer"; and
1555	(b) the insurer assuming the risk as the:
1556	(i) "assuming insurer"; or
1557	(ii) "assuming reinsurer."
1558	[(154)] (155) "Reinsurer" means a person licensed in this state as an insurer with the
1559	authority to assume reinsurance.
1560	[(155)] (156) "Residential dwelling liability insurance" means insurance against
1561	liability resulting from or incident to the ownership, maintenance, or use of a residential
1562	dwelling that is a detached single family residence or multifamily residence up to four units.
1563	[(156)] (157) (a) "Retrocession" means reinsurance with another insurer of a liability
1564	assumed under a reinsurance contract.
1565	(b) A reinsurer "retrocedes" when the reinsurer reinsures with another insurer part of a
1566	liability assumed under a reinsurance contract.
1567	[(157)] (158) "Rider" means an endorsement to:

1568	(a) an insurance policy; or
1569	(b) an insurance certificate.
1570	[(158)] (159) "Secondary medical condition" means a complication related to an
1571	exclusion from coverage in accident and health insurance.
1572	[(159)] (160) (a) "Security" means a:
1573	(i) note;
1574	(ii) stock;
1575	(iii) bond;
1576	(iv) debenture;
1577	(v) evidence of indebtedness;
1578	(vi) certificate of interest or participation in a profit-sharing agreement;
1579	(vii) collateral-trust certificate;
1580	(viii) preorganization certificate or subscription;
1581	(ix) transferable share;
1582	(x) investment contract;
1583	(xi) voting trust certificate;
1584	(xii) certificate of deposit for a security;
1585	(xiii) certificate of interest of participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in
1586	payments out of production under such a title or lease;
1587	(xiv) commodity contract or commodity option;
1588	(xv) certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for,
1589	receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase any of the items listed
1590	in Subsections $[(159)]$ (160)(a)(i) through (xiv); or
1591	(xvi) another interest or instrument commonly known as a security.
1592	(b) "Security" does not include:
1593	(i) any of the following under which an insurance company promises to pay money in a
1594	specific lump sum or periodically for life or some other specified period:

1595	(A) insurance;
1596	(B) an endowment policy; or
1597	(C) an annuity contract; or
1598	(ii) a burial certificate or burial contract.
1599	[(160)] (161) "Securityholder" means a specified person who owns a security of a
1600	person, including:
1601	(a) common stock;
1602	(b) preferred stock;
1603	(c) debt obligations; and
1604	(d) any other security convertible into or evidencing the right of any of the items listed
1605	in this Subsection [(160)] <u>(161)</u> .
1606	[(161)] (162) (a) "Self-insurance" means an arrangement under which a person
1607	provides for spreading its own risks by a systematic plan.
1608	(b) Except as provided in this Subsection $[(161)] (162)$, "self-insurance" does not
1609	include an arrangement under which a number of persons spread their risks among themselves.
1610	(c) "Self-insurance" includes:
1611	(i) an arrangement by which a governmental entity undertakes to indemnify an
1612	employee for liability arising out of the employee's employment; and
1613	(ii) an arrangement by which a person with a managed program of self-insurance and
1614	risk management undertakes to indemnify its affiliates, subsidiaries, directors, officers, or
1615	employees for liability or risk that is related to the relationship or employment.
1616	(d) "Self-insurance" does not include an arrangement with an independent contractor.
1617	[(162)] (163) "Sell" means to exchange a contract of insurance:
1618	(a) by any means;
1619	(b) for money or its equivalent; and
1620	(c) on behalf of an insurance company.
1621	[(163)] (164) "Short-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider

1622	advertised, marketed, offered, or designed to provide coverage that is similar to long-term care
1623	insurance, but that provides coverage for less than 12 consecutive months for each covered
1624	person.
1625	[(164)] (165) "Significant break in coverage" means a period of 63 consecutive days
1626	during each of which an individual does not have creditable coverage.
1627	[(165)] (166) (a) "Small employer" means, in connection with a health benefit plan and
1628	with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year, an employer who:
1629	(i) (A) employed at least one [employee] but not more than 50 eligible employees on
1630	business days during the preceding calendar year; [and] or
1631	(B) if the employer did not exist for the entirety of the preceding calendar year,
1632	reasonably expects to employ an average of at least one but not more than 50 eligible
1633	employees on business days during the current calendar year;
1634	(ii) employs at least one employee on the first day of the plan year[-]; and
1635	[(b) The number of employees shall:]
1636	[(i) be determined using the method set forth in 26 U.S.C. Sec. 4980H(c)(2); and]
1637	[(ii) include an owner described in Subsection (52)(b)(i).]
1638	(iii) for an employer who has common ownership with one or more other employers, is
1639	treated as a single employer under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 414(b), (c), (m), or (o).
1640	[(c)] (b) "Small employer" does not include a sole proprietor that does not employ at
1641	least one employee.
1642	[(166)] (167) "Special enrollment period," in connection with a health benefit plan, has
1643	the same meaning as provided in federal regulations adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance
1644	Portability and Accountability Act.
1645	[(167)] (168) (a) "Subsidiary" of a person means an affiliate controlled by that person
1646	either directly or indirectly through one or more affiliates or intermediaries.
1647	(b) "Wholly owned subsidiary" of a person is a subsidiary of which all of the voting
1648	shares are owned by that person either alone or with its affiliates, except for the minimum

1649	number of shares the law of the subsidiary's domicile requires to be owned by directors or
1650	others.
1651	[(168)] (169) Subject to Subsection [(89)] (90)(b), "surety insurance" includes:
1652	(a) a guarantee against loss or damage resulting from the failure of a principal to pay or
1653	perform the principal's obligations to a creditor or other obligee;
1654	(b) bail bond insurance; and
1655	(c) fidelity insurance.
1656	[(169)] (170) (a) "Surplus" means the excess of assets over the sum of paid-in capital
1657	and liabilities.
1658	(b) (i) "Permanent surplus" means the surplus of an insurer or organization that is
1659	designated by the insurer or organization as permanent.
1660	(ii) Sections 31A-5-211, 31A-7-201, 31A-8-209, 31A-9-209, and 31A-14-205 require
1661	that insurers or organizations doing business in this state maintain specified minimum levels of
1662	permanent surplus.
1663	(iii) Except for assessable mutuals, the minimum permanent surplus requirement is the
1664	same as the minimum required capital requirement that applies to stock insurers.
1665	(c) "Excess surplus" means:
1666	(i) for a life insurer, accident and health insurer, health organization, or property and
1667	casualty insurer as defined in Section 31A-17-601, the lesser of:
1668	(A) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1669	exceeds the product of:
1670	(I) 2.5; and
1671	(II) the sum of the insurer's or health organization's minimum capital or permanent
1672	surplus required under Section 31A-5-211, 31A-9-209, or 31A-14-205; or
1673	(B) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1674	exceeds the product of:
1675	(I) 3.0; and

1676	(II) the authorized control level RBC as defined in Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(a); and
1677	(ii) for a monoline mortgage guaranty insurer, financial guaranty insurer, or title insurer
1678	that amount of an insurer's paid-in-capital and surplus that exceeds the product of:
1679	(A) 1.5; and
1680	(B) the insurer's total adjusted capital required by Subsection 31A-17-609(1).
1681	[(170)] (171) "Third party administrator" or "administrator" means a person who
1682	collects charges or premiums from, or who, for consideration, adjusts or settles claims of
1683	residents of the state in connection with insurance coverage, annuities, or service insurance
1684	coverage, except:
1685	(a) a union on behalf of its members;
1686	(b) a person administering a:
1687	(i) pension plan subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of
1688	1974;
1689	(ii) governmental plan as defined in Section 414(d), Internal Revenue Code; or
1690	(iii) nonelecting church plan as described in Section 410(d), Internal Revenue Code;
1691	(c) an employer on behalf of the employer's employees or the employees of one or
1692	more of the subsidiary or affiliated corporations of the employer;
1693	(d) an insurer licensed under the following, but only for a line of insurance for which
1694	the insurer holds a license in this state:
1695	(i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
1696	(ii) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
1697	(iii) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
1698	(iv) Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals; or
1699	(v) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers;
1700	(e) a person:
1701	(i) licensed or exempt from licensing under:
1702	(A) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and

1703	Reinsurance Intermediaries; or
1704	(B) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; and
1705	(ii) whose activities are limited to those authorized under the license the person holds
1706	or for which the person is exempt; or
1707	(f) an institution, bank, or financial institution:
1708	(i) that is:
1709	(A) an institution whose deposits and accounts are to any extent insured by a federal
1710	deposit insurance agency, including the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or National
1711	Credit Union Administration; or
1712	(B) a bank or other financial institution that is subject to supervision or examination by
1713	a federal or state banking authority; and
1714	(ii) that does not adjust claims without a third party administrator license.
1715	[(171)] (172) "Title insurance" means the insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying of an
1716	owner of real or personal property or the holder of liens or encumbrances on that property, or
1717	others interested in the property against loss or damage suffered by reason of liens or
1718	encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the property, or invalidity
1719	or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
1720	[(172)] (173) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of an insurer's or health
1721	organization's statutory capital and surplus as determined in accordance with:
1722	(a) the statutory accounting applicable to the annual financial statements required to be
1723	filed under Section 31A-4-113; and
1724	(b) another item provided by the RBC instructions, as RBC instructions is defined in
1725	Section 31A-17-601.
1726	$\left[\frac{(173)}{(174)}\right]$ (a) "Trustee" means "director" when referring to the board of directors of
1727	a corporation.
1728	(b) "Trustee," when used in reference to an employee welfare fund, means an
1729	individual, firm, association, organization, joint stock company, or corporation, whether acting

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1730 individually or jointly and whether designated by that name or any other, that is charged with 1731 or has the overall management of an employee welfare fund. 1732 [(174)] (175) (a) "Unauthorized insurer," "unadmitted insurer," or "nonadmitted 1733 insurer" means an insurer: 1734 (i) not holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state; 1735 or 1736 (ii) transacting business not authorized by a valid certificate. 1737 (b) "Admitted insurer" or "authorized insurer" means an insurer: 1738 (i) holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state; and 1739 (ii) transacting business as authorized by a valid certificate. 1740 [(175)] (176) "Underwrite" means the authority to accept or reject risk on behalf of the 1741 insurer. 1742 [(176)] (177) "Vehicle liability insurance" means insurance against liability resulting 1743 from or incident to ownership, maintenance, or use of a land vehicle or aircraft, exclusive of a 1744 vehicle comprehensive or vehicle physical damage coverage under Subsection [(144)] (145). 1745 [(177)] (178) "Voting security" means a security with voting rights, and includes a 1746 security convertible into a security with a voting right associated with the security. 1747 [(178)] (179) "Waiting period" for a health benefit plan means the period that must pass before coverage for an individual, who is otherwise eligible to enroll under the terms of 1748 1749 the health benefit plan, can become effective. [(179)] (180) "Workers' compensation insurance" means: 1750 1751 (a) insurance for indemnification of an employer against liability for compensation 1752 based on: 1753 (i) a compensable accidental injury; and 1754 (ii) occupational disease disability; 1755 (b) employer's liability insurance incidental to workers' compensation insurance and 1756 written in connection with workers' compensation insurance; and

1757	(c) insurance assuring to a person entitled to workers' compensation benefits the
1758	compensation provided by law.
1759	Section 6. Section 31A-2-201.1 is amended to read:
1760	31A-2-201.1. General filing requirements.
1761	Except as otherwise provided in this title, the commissioner may set by rule made in
1762	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, specific
1763	requirements for filing any of the following required by this title:
1764	(1) a form;
1765	(2) a rate; [or]
1766	(3) a report[-]; or
1767	(4) a binder for a health benefit plan or dental policy.
1768	Section 7. Section 31A-2-201.2 is amended to read:
1769	31A-2-201.2. Evaluation of health insurance market.
1770	(1) Each year the commissioner shall:
1771	(a) conduct an evaluation of the state's health insurance market;
1772	(b) report the findings of the evaluation to the Health and Human Services Interim
1773	Committee before [October] December 1 of each year; and
1774	(c) publish the findings of the evaluation on the department website.
1775	(2) The evaluation required by this section shall:
1776	(a) analyze the effectiveness of the insurance regulations and statutes in promoting a
1777	healthy, competitive health insurance market that meets the needs of the state, and includes an
1778	analysis of:
1779	(i) the availability and marketing of individual and group products;
1780	(ii) rate changes;
1781	(iii) coverage and demographic changes;
1782	(iv) benefit trends;
1783	(v) market share changes; and

1784	(vi) accessibility;
1785	(b) assess complaint ratios and trends within the health insurance market, which
1786	assessment shall include complaint data from the Office of Consumer Health Assistance within
1787	the department;
1788	(c) contain recommendations for action to improve the overall effectiveness of the
1789	health insurance market, administrative rules, and statutes; and
1790	(d) include claims loss ratio data for each health insurance company doing business in
1791	the state.
1792	(3) When preparing the evaluation and report required by this section, the
1793	commissioner may seek the input of insurers, employers, insured persons, providers, and others
1794	with an interest in the health insurance market.
1795	(4) The commissioner may adopt administrative rules for the purpose of collecting the
1796	data required by this section, taking into account the business confidentiality of the insurers.
1797	(5) Records submitted to the commissioner under this section shall be maintained by
1798	the commissioner as protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
1799	Access and Management Act.
1800	Section 8. Section 31A-2-204 is amended to read:
1801	31A-2-204. Conducting examinations.
1802	(1) As used in this section, "work papers" means a record that is created or relied upon:
1803	(a) during the course of an examination conducted under Section <u>31A-2-203</u> ; or
1804	(b) in drafting an examination report.
1805	[(1)] (2) (a) For each examination under Section 31A-2-203, the commissioner shall
1806	issue an order:
1807	(i) stating the scope of the examination; and
1808	(ii) designating the examiner in charge.
1809	(b) The commissioner need not give advance notice of an examination to an examinee.
1810	(c) The examiner in charge shall give the examinee a copy of the order issued under

1811	this Subsection $[(1)]$ (2).
1812	(d) (i) The commissioner may alter the scope or nature of an examination at any time
1813	without advance notice to the examinee.
1814	(ii) If the commissioner amends an order described in this Subsection $[(1)]$ (2), the
1815	commissioner shall provide a copy of any amended order to the examinee.
1816	(e) Statements in the commissioner's examination order concerning examination scope
1817	are for the examiner's guidance only.
1818	(f) Examining relevant matters not mentioned in an order issued under this Subsection
1819	[(1)] (2) is not a violation of this title.
1820	[(2)] (3) The commissioner shall, whenever practicable, cooperate with the insurance
1821	regulators of other states by conducting joint examinations of:
1822	(a) multistate insurers doing business in this state; or
1823	(b) other multistate licensees doing business in this state.
1824	[(3)] (4) An examiner authorized by the commissioner shall, when necessary to the
1825	purposes of the examination, have access at all reasonable hours to the premises and to any
1826	books, records, files, securities, documents, or property of:
1827	(a) the examinee; and
1828	(b) any of the following if the premises, books, records, files, securities, documents, or
1829	property relate to the affairs of the examinee:
1830	(i) an officer of the examinee;
1831	(ii) any other person who:
1832	(A) has executive authority over the examinee; or
1833	(B) is in charge of any segment of the examinee's affairs; or
1834	(iii) any affiliate of the examinee under Subsection 31A-2-203(1)(b).
1835	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(5)}\right]$ (a) The officers, employees, and agents of the examinee and of persons under
1836	Subsection 31A-2-203(1)(b) shall comply with every reasonable request of the examiners for
1837	assistance in any matter relating to the examination.

1838	(b) A person may not obstruct or interfere with the examination except by legal
1839	process.
1840	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ If the commissioner finds the accounts or records to be inadequate for proper
1841	examination of the condition and affairs of the examinee or improperly kept or posted, the
1842	commissioner may employ experts to rewrite, post, or balance the accounts or records at the
1843	expense of the examinee.
1844	$\left[\frac{(6)}{(7)}\right]$ (a) The examiner in charge of an examination shall make a report of the
1845	examination no later than 60 days after the completion of the examination that shall include:
1846	(i) the information and analysis ordered under Subsection $[(1)]$ (2); and
1847	(ii) the examiner's recommendations.
1848	(b) At the option of the examiner in charge, preparation of the report may include
1849	conferences with the examinee or representatives of the examinee.
1850	(c) The report is confidential until the report becomes a public document under
1851	Subsection $[(7)]$ (8), except the commissioner may use information from the report as a basis
1852	for action under Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act.
1853	[(7)] (8) (a) The commissioner shall serve a copy of the examination report described
1854	in Subsection $[(6)]$ (7) upon the examinee.
1855	(b) Within 20 days after service, the examinee shall:
1856	(i) accept the examination report as written; or
1857	(ii) request agency action to modify the examination report.
1858	(c) The report is considered accepted under this Subsection $[(7)]$ (8) if the examinee
1859	does not file a request for agency action to modify the report within 20 days after service of the
1860	report.
1861	(d) If the examination report is accepted:
1862	(i) the examination report immediately becomes a public document; and
1863	(ii) the commissioner shall distribute the examination report to all jurisdictions in
1864	which the examinee is authorized to do business.

1865	(e) (i) Any adjudicative proceeding held as a result of the examinee's request for
1866	agency action shall, upon the examinee's demand, be closed to the public, except that the
1867	commissioner need not exclude any participating examiner from this closed hearing.
1868	(ii) Within 20 days after the hearing held under this Subsection $[(7)]$ (8)(e), the
1869	commissioner shall:
1870	(A) adopt the examination report with any necessary modifications; and
1871	(B) serve a copy of the adopted report upon the examinee.
1872	(iii) Unless the examinee seeks judicial relief, the adopted examination report:
1873	(A) shall become a public document 10 days after service; and
1874	(B) may be distributed as described in this section.
1875	(f) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, to the extent
1876	that this section is in conflict with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, this
1877	section governs:
1878	(i) a request for agency action under this section; or
1879	(ii) adjudicative proceeding under this section.
1880	[(8)] (9) The examinee shall promptly furnish copies of the adopted examination report
1881	described in Subsection $[(7)]$ (8) to each member of the examinee's board.
1882	[(9)] (10) After an examination report becomes a public document under Subsection
1883	[(7)] (8), the commissioner may furnish, without cost or at a reasonable price set under Section
1884	31A-3-103, a copy of the examination report to interested persons, including:
1885	(a) a member of the board of the examinee; or
1886	(b) one or more newspapers in this state.
1887	[(10)] (11) (a) In a proceeding by or against the examinee, or any officer or agent of the
1888	examinee, the examination report as adopted by the commissioner is admissible as evidence of
1889	the facts stated in the report.
1890	(b) In any proceeding commenced under Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act, the
1891	examination report, whether adopted by the commissioner or not, is admissible as evidence of

1892	the facts stated in the examination report.
1893	(12) Work papers are protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
1894	Records Access and Management Act.
1895	Section 9. Section 31A-2-403 is amended to read:
1896	31A-2-403. Title and Escrow Commission created.
1897	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), there is created within the department the Title and
1898	Escrow Commission that is comprised of five members appointed by the governor with the
1899	consent of the Senate as follows:
1900	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), two members shall be employees of a title
1901	insurer;
1902	(ii) two members shall:
1903	(A) be employees of a Utah agency title insurance producer;
1904	(B) be or have been licensed under the title insurance line of authority;
1905	(C) as of the day on which the member is appointed, be or have been licensed with the
1906	title examination or escrow subline of authority for at least five years; and
1907	(D) as of the day on which the member is appointed, not be from the same county as
1908	another member appointed under this Subsection (1)(a)(ii); and
1909	(iii) one member shall be a member of the general public from any county in the state.
1910	(b) No more than one commission member may be appointed from a single company
1911	or an affiliate or subsidiary of the company.
1912	(c) If the governor is unable to identify more than one individual who is an employee
1913	of a title insurer and willing to serve as a member of the commission, the commission shall
1914	include the following members in lieu of the members described in Subsection (1)(a)(i):
1915	(i) one member who is an employee of a title insurer; and
1916	(ii) one member who is an employee of a Utah agency title insurance producer.
1917	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(c), a commission member shall file with the
1918	commissioner a disclosure of any position of employment or ownership interest that the

1919 commission member has with respect to a person that is subject to the jurisdiction of the1920 commissioner.

1921 (b) The disclosure statement required by this Subsection (2) shall be:

(i) filed by no later than the day on which the person begins that person's appointment;and

(ii) amended when a significant change occurs in any matter required to be disclosedunder this Subsection (2).

(c) A commission member is not required to disclose an ownership interest that the
commission member has if the ownership interest is in a publicly traded company or held as
part of a mutual fund, trust, or similar investment.

(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current commission
members expire, the governor shall appoint each new commission member to a four-year term
ending on June 30.

(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
time of appointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of the commission
members are staggered so that approximately half of the members appointed under Subsection
(1)(a)(i) and half of the members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) are appointed every two
years.

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(c) A commission member may not serve more than one consecutive term.

(d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor, with theconsent of the Senate, shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.

(e) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a commission memberserves until a successor is appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.

(4) A commission member may not receive compensation or benefits for the
commission member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance
with:

1945 (a) Section 63A-3-106;

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1946	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1947	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1948	63A-3-107.
1949	(5) Members of the commission shall annually select one commission member to serve
1950	as chair.
1951	(6) (a) The commission shall meet at least monthly. Notwithstanding Section
1952	52-4-207, a commission member shall physically attend a regularly scheduled monthly meeting
1953	of the commission and may not attend through electronic means. A commission member may
1954	attend subcommittee meetings, emergency meetings, or other not regularly scheduled meetings
1955	electronically in accordance with Section 52-4-207.
1956	(b) The commissioner may call additional meetings:
1957	(i) at the commissioner's discretion;
1958	(ii) upon the request of the chair of the commission; or
1959	(iii) upon the written request of three or more commission members.
1960	(c) (i) Three commission members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
1961	(ii) The action of a majority of the commission members when a quorum is present is
1962	the action of the commission.
1963	(7) The commissioner shall staff the commission.
1964	Section 10. Section 31A-3-303 is amended to read:
1965	31A-3-303. Payment of tax.
1966	(1) (a) An insurer, the producers involved in the transaction, and the policyholder are
1967	jointly and severally liable for the payment of the taxes required under Section 31A-3-301.
1968	(b) The policyholder's liability for payment of the premium tax under Section
1969	31A-3-301 ends when the policyholder pays the tax to a producer or an insurer.
1970	(c) The insurer and the producers involved in the transaction are jointly and severally
1971	liable for the payment of the additional tax required under Section 31A-3-302.
1972	(d) Except for the tax under Section 31A-3-302, the policyholder shall pay a tax under

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1973 this part and shall be billed specifically for the tax when billed for the premium.

(e) Except for the tax imposed under Section 31A-3-302, absorption of the tax by the
producer or insurer is an unfair method of competition under Sections 31A-23a-402 and
31A-23a-402.5.

(2) (a) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe accounting and reporting forms and
procedures for insurers, producers, and policyholders to use in determining the amount of taxes
owed under this part, and the manner and time of payment.

(b) If a tax is not paid within the time prescribed under the commissioner's rule, a
penalty shall be imposed of 25% of the tax due, plus 1-1/2% per month from the time of
default until full payment of the tax.

(3) Upon making a record of its actions, and upon reasonable cause shown, the
commissioner may waive, reduce, or compromise any of the penalties or interest imposed
under this part.

1986[(4) Subject to Section 31A-3-305, if a policy covers risks that are only partially1987located in this state, for computation of tax under this part the premium shall be reasonably1988allocated among the states on the basis of risk locations. However, the premiums with respect1989to surplus lines insurance received in this state by a surplus lines producer or charged on1990policies written or negotiated in or from this state are taxable in full under this part, subject to a1991credit for any tax actually paid in another state to the extent of a reasonable allocation on the1992basis of risk locations.]

1993(4) When Utah is the home state, premiums for surplus lines insurance are taxable in1994full.

(5) Subject to Section 31A-3-305, the premium taxes collected under this part by aproducer or by an insurer are the property of this state.

(6) If the property of a producer is seized under any process in a court in this state, or if
a producer's business is suspended by the action of creditors or put into the hands of an
assignee, receiver, or trustee, the taxes and penalties due this state under this part are preferred

2000	claims and the state is to that extent a preferred creditor.
2001	Section 11. Section 31A-3-304 is amended to read:
2002	31A-3-304. Annual fees Other taxes or fees prohibited Captive Insurance
2003	Restricted Account.
2004	(1) (a) A captive insurance company shall pay an annual fee imposed under this section
2005	to obtain or renew a certificate of authority.
2006	(b) The commissioner shall:
2007	(i) determine the annual fee pursuant to Section 31A-3-103; and
2008	(ii) consider whether the annual fee is competitive with fees imposed by other states on
2009	captive insurance companies.
2010	(2) A captive insurance company that fails to pay the fee required by this section is
2011	subject to the relevant sanctions of this title.
2012	(3) (a) A captive insurance company that pays one of the following fees is exempt from
2013	Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, and Title 59, Chapter 9, Taxation
2014	of Admitted Insurers:
2015	(i) a fee under this section;
2016	(ii) a fee under Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; or
2017	(iii) a fee under Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company
2018	Act.
2019	(b) The state or a county, city, or town within the state may not levy or collect an
2020	occupation tax or other fee or charge not described in Subsections (3)(a)(i) through (iii) against
2021	a captive insurance company.
2022	(c) The state may not levy, assess, or collect a withdrawal fee under Section 31A-4-115
2023	against a captive insurance company.
2024	(4) A captive insurance company shall pay the fee imposed by this section to the
2025	commissioner by June 1 of each year.
2026	(5) (a) Money received pursuant to a fee described in Subsection (3)(a) shall be

2027	deposited into the Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
2028	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Captive
2029	Insurance Restricted Account."
2030	(c) The Captive Insurance Restricted Account shall consist of the fees described in
2031	Subsection (3)(a).
2032	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
2033	Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money deposited
2034	into the Captive Insurance Restricted Account to:
2035	(i) administer and enforce:
2036	(A) Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; and
2037	(B) Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company Act; and
2038	(ii) promote the captive insurance industry in Utah.
2039	(e) An appropriation from the Captive Insurance Restricted Account is nonlapsing,
2040	except that at the end of each fiscal year, money received by the commissioner in excess of the
2041	following shall be treated as free revenue in the General Fund:
2042	[(i) for fiscal year 2015-2016, in excess of \$1,250,000;]
2043	[(ii) for fiscal year 2016-2017, in excess of \$1,250,000; and]
2044	[(iii)] (i) for fiscal year 2017-2018 and subsequent fiscal years, in excess of
2045	\$1,850,000[.]; and
2046	(ii) for fiscal year 2018-2019 and subsequent fiscal years, in excess of \$1,600,000.
2047	Section 12. Section 31A-6a-101 is amended to read:
2048	31A-6a-101. Definitions.
2049	As used in this chapter:
2050	(1) (a) "Incidental cost" means a cost, incurred by a warranty holder in relation to a
2051	vehicle protection product warranty, that is in addition to the cost of purchasing the warranty.
2052	(b) "Incidental cost" includes an insurance policy deductible, a rental vehicle charge,
2053	the difference between the actual value of the stolen vehicle at the time of theft and the cost of

2054 <u>a replacement vehicle, sales tax, a registration fee, a transaction fee, a mechanical inspection</u>
2055 fee, or damage a theft causes to a vehicle.

2056 [(1)] (2) "Mechanical breakdown insurance" means a policy, contract, or agreement 2057 issued by an insurance company that has complied with either Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and 2058 Mutual Insurance Corporations, or Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers, that undertakes to perform or 2059 provide repair or replacement service on goods or property, or indemnification for repair or 2060 replacement service, for the operational or structural failure of the goods or property due to a 2061 defect in materials, workmanship, or normal wear and tear.

2062 [(2)] (3) "Nonmanufacturers' parts" means replacement parts not made for or by the 2063 original manufacturer of the goods commonly referred to as "after market parts."

2064 [(3)] (4) (a) "Road hazard" means a hazard that is encountered while driving a motor 2065 vehicle.

(b) "Road hazard" includes potholes, rocks, wood debris, metal parts, glass, plastic,curbs, or composite scraps.

2068 [(4)] (5) (a) "Service contract" means a contract or agreement to perform or reimburse 2069 for the repair or maintenance of goods or property, for their operational or structural failure due 2070 to a defect in materials, workmanship, normal wear and tear, power surge or interruption, or 2071 accidental damage from handling, with or without additional provision for incidental payment 2072 of indemnity under limited circumstances, including towing, providing a rental car, providing 2073 emergency road service, and covering food spoilage.

2074 (b) "Service

(b) "Service contract" does not include:

2075 (i) mechanical breakdown insurance; or

2076 (ii) a prepaid contract of limited duration that provides for scheduled maintenance 2077 only, regardless of whether the contract is executed before, on, or after May 9, 2017.

2078 (c) "Service contract" includes any contract or agreement to perform or reimburse the 2079 service contract holder for any one or more of the following services:

2080

(i) the repair or replacement of tires, wheels, or both on a motor vehicle damaged as a

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2081 result of coming into contact with a road hazard;

(ii) the removal of dents, dings, or creases on a motor vehicle that can be repaired using
the process of paintless dent removal without affecting the existing paint finish and without
replacing vehicle body panels, sanding, bonding, or painting;

2085 (iii) the repair of chips or cracks in or the replacement of a motor vehicle windshield as 2086 a result of damage caused by a road hazard, that is primary to the coverage offered by the motor 2087 vehicle owner's motor vehicle insurance policy; or

(iv) the replacement of a motor vehicle key or key-fob if the key or key-fob becomes
inoperable, lost, or stolen, except that the replacement of lost or stolen property is limited to
only the replacement of a lost or stolen motor vehicle key or key-fob.

2091 [(5)] (6) "Service contract holder" or "contract holder" means a person who purchases a
 2092 service contract.

2093 [(6)] (7) "Service contract provider" means a person who issues, makes, provides, 2094 administers, sells or offers to sell a service contract, or who is contractually obligated to 2095 provide service under a service contract.

2096 [(7)] (8) "Service contract reimbursement policy" or "reimbursement insurance policy" 2097 means a policy of insurance providing coverage for all obligations and liabilities incurred by 2098 the service contract provider or warrantor under the terms of the service contract or vehicle 2099 protection product warranty issued by the provider or warrantor.

2100 [(8)] (9) (a) "Vehicle protection product" means a device or system that is:

(i) installed on or applied to a motor vehicle; and

2102 (ii) designed to:

2103 (A) prevent the theft of the vehicle[-]; or

- 2104 (B) if the vehicle is stolen, aid in the recovery of the vehicle.
- 2105 (b) "Vehicle protection product" includes:
- 2106 (i) a vehicle protection product warranty;
- 2107 (ii) an alarm system;

2108	(iii) a body part marking product;
2109	(iv) a steering lock;
2110	(v) a window etch product;
2111	(vi) a pedal and ignition lock;
2112	(vii) a fuel and ignition kill switch; and
2113	(viii) an electronic, radio, or satellite tracking device.
2114	[(9)] (10) "Vehicle protection product warranty" means a written agreement by a
2115	warrantor that provides that if the vehicle protection product fails to prevent the theft of the
2116	motor vehicle, [that] or aid in the recovery of the motor vehicle within a time period specified
2117	in the warranty, not exceeding 30 days after the day on which the motor vehicle is reported
2118	stolen, the warrantor will reimburse the warranty holder [under the warranty in a fixed amount]
2119	for incidental costs specified in the warranty, not [to exceed \$5,000] exceeding \$5,000, or in a
2120	specified fixed amount not exceeding \$5,000.
2121	[(10)] (11) "Warrantor" means a person who is contractually obligated to the warranty
2122	holder under the terms of a vehicle protection product warranty.
2123	[(11)] (12) "Warranty holder" means the person who purchases a vehicle protection
2124	product, any authorized transferee or assignee of the purchaser, or any other person legally
2125	assuming the purchaser's rights under the vehicle protection product warranty.
2126	Section 13. Section 31A-6a-104 is amended to read:
2127	31A-6a-104. Required disclosures.
2128	(1) A [service contract] reimbursement insurance policy insuring a service contract or a
2129	vehicle protection product warranty that is issued, sold, or offered for sale in this state shall
2130	congristion of the second of the convict contract married or a view of the configure
	conspicuously state that, upon failure of the service contract provider or warrantor to perform
2131	under the contract, the issuer of the policy shall:
2131 2132	
	under the contract, the issuer of the policy shall:

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2135 protection product warranty issued or sold by the service contract provider or warrantor; or

(b) provide the service which the service contract provider is legally obligated to
perform, according to the service contract provider's contractual obligations under the service
contract issued or sold by the service contract provider.

(2) (a) A service contract may not be issued, sold, or offered for sale in this state unlessthe service contract contains the following statements in substantially the following form:

(i) "Obligations of the provider under this service contract are guaranteed under a
service contract reimbursement insurance policy. Should the provider fail to pay or provide
service on any claim within 60 days after proof of loss has been filed, the contract holder is
entitled to make a claim directly against the Insurance Company."; [and]

(ii) "This service contract or warranty is subject to limited regulation by the Utah
Insurance Department. To file a complaint, contact the Utah Insurance Department."; and

(iii) A service contract or reimbursement insurance policy may not be issued, sold, or
offered for sale in this state unless the contract contains a statement in substantially the
following form, "Coverage afforded under this contract is not guaranteed by the Property and
Casualty Guaranty Association."

(b) A vehicle protection product warranty may not be issued, sold, or offered for sale in
this state unless the vehicle protection product warranty contains the following statements in
substantially the following form:

(i) "Obligations of the warrantor under this vehicle protection product warranty are
guaranteed under a reimbursement insurance policy. Should the warrantor fail to pay on any
claim within 60 days after proof of loss has been filed, the warranty holder is entitled to make a
claim directly against the Insurance Company."; [and]

(ii) "This vehicle protection product warranty is subject to limited regulation by the
Utah Insurance Department. To file a complaint, contact the Utah Insurance Department."; and
(iii) as applicable:

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(A) "The warrantor under this vehicle protection product warranty will reimburse the

2162	warranty holder as specified in the warranty upon the theft of the vehicle."; or
2163	(B) "The warrantor under this vehicle protection product warranty will reimburse the
2164	warranty holder as specified in the warranty and at the end of the time period specified in the
2165	warranty if, following the theft of the vehicle, the stolen vehicle is not recovered within a time
2166	period specified in the warranty, not to exceed 30 days after the day on which the vehicle is
2167	reported stolen."
2168	(c) A vehicle protection product warranty, or reimbursement insurance policy, may not
2169	be issued, sold, or offered for sale in this state unless the warranty contains a statement in
2170	substantially the following form, "Coverage afforded under this warranty is not guaranteed by
2171	the Property and Casualty Guaranty Association."
2172	(3) A service contract and a vehicle protection product warranty shall:
2173	(a) conspicuously state the name, address, and a toll free claims service telephone
2174	number of the reimbursement insurer;
2175	(b) (i) identify the service contract provider, the seller, and the service contract holder;
2176	or
2177	(ii) identify the warrantor, the seller, and the warranty holder;
2178	(c) conspicuously state the total purchase price and the terms under which the service
2179	contract or warranty is to be paid;
2180	(d) conspicuously state the existence of any deductible amount;
2181	(e) specify the merchandise, service to be provided, and any limitation, exception, or
2182	exclusion;
2183	(f) state a term, restriction, or condition governing the transferability of the service
2184	contract or warranty; and
2185	(g) state a term, restriction, or condition that governs cancellation of the service
2186	contract as provided in Sections 31A-21-303 through 31A-21-305 by either the contract holder
2187	or service contract provider.
2188	(4) If prior approval of repair work is required, a service contract shall conspicuously

2189	state the procedure for obtaining prior approval and for making a claim, including:
2190	(a) a toll free telephone number for claim service; and
2191	(b) a procedure for obtaining reimbursement for emergency repairs performed outside
2192	of normal business hours.
2193	(5) A preexisting condition clause in a service contract shall specifically state which
2194	preexisting condition is excluded from coverage.
2195	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), a service contract shall state the
2196	conditions upon which the use of a nonmanufacturers' part is allowed.
2197	(b) A condition described in Subsection (6)(a) shall comply with applicable state and
2198	federal laws.
2199	(c) This Subsection (6) does not apply to a home warranty contract.
2200	(7) This section applies to a vehicle protection product warranty, except for the
2201	requirements of Subsections (3)(d) and (g), (4), (5), and (6). The department may make rules
2202	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement
2203	the application of this section to a vehicle protection product warranty.
2204	(8) (a) As used in this Subsection (8), "conspicuous statement" means a disclosure that:
2205	(i) appears in all-caps, bold, and 14-point font; and
2206	(ii) provides a space to be initialed by the consumer:
2207	(A) immediately below the printed disclosure; and
2208	(B) at or before the time the consumer purchases the vehicle protection product.
2209	[(8)] (b) A vehicle protection product warranty shall contain a conspicuous statement
2210	in substantially the following form: "Purchase of this product is optional and is not required in
2211	order to finance, lease, or purchase a motor vehicle."
2212	(9) If a vehicle protection product warranty states that the warrantor will reimburse the
2213	warranty holder for incidental costs, the vehicle protection product warranty shall state how
2214	incidental costs paid under the warranty are calculated.
2215	(10) If a vehicle protection product warranty states that the warrantor will reimburse

2216	the warranty holder in a fixed amount, the vehicle protection product warranty shall state the
2217	fixed amount.
2218	Section 14. Section 31A-6a-105 is amended to read:
2219	31A-6a-105. Prohibited acts.
2220	(1) Except as provided in Subsection 31A-6a-104(2), a service contract provider or
2221	warrantor may not use in [its] the service contract provider or warrantor's name, a contract, or
2222	literature:
2223	(a) any of the following words:
2224	(i) "insurance";
2225	(ii) "casualty";
2226	(iii) "surety";
2227	(iv) "mutual"; or
2228	(v) another word descriptive of the insurance, casualty, or surety business; or
2229	(b) a name deceptively similar to the name or description of:
2230	(i) an insurance or surety corporation; or
2231	(ii) another service contract provider.
2232	(2) A service contract provider [or the], a service contract provider's representative, a
2233	warrantor, or a warrantor's representative may not:
2234	(a) make, permit, or cause to be made a false or misleading statement in connection
2235	with the sale, offer to sell, or advertisement of a service contract or vehicle protection product;
2236	or
2237	(b) deliberately omit a material statement that would be considered misleading if
2238	omitted, in connection with the sale, offer to sell, or advertisement of a service contract or
2239	vehicle protection product.
2240	(3) A bank, savings and loan association, insurance company, or other lending
2241	institution may not require the purchase of a service contract as a condition of a loan.
2242	(4) Except for a bank, savings and loan association, industrial bank, or credit union, a

2243	service contract provider may not sell, or be the obligated party for:
2244	(a) a guaranteed asset protection waiver, unless registered with the commissioner under
2245	Chapter 6b, Guaranteed Asset Protection Waiver Act;
2246	(b) a debt cancellation agreement, unless licensed by the commissioner; or
2247	(c) a debt suspension agreement, unless licensed by the commissioner.
2248	(5) A warrantor or [its] the warrantor's representative may not:
2249	(a) require the purchase of a vehicle protection product as a condition of the financing,
2250	lease, or purchase of a motor vehicle[.]; or
2251	(b) sell a vehicle protection product to a consumer before providing the consumer, for
2252	review, a copy of the vehicle protection product warranty that is filed with the Department of
2253	Insurance.
2254	Section 15. Section 31A-6a-111 is repealed and reenacted to read:
2255	<u>31A-6a-111.</u> Vehicle protection product warranty requirements.
2256	(1) A warrantor shall make a reimbursement promised under a vehicle protection
2257	product warranty as specified in the warranty, regardless of, and not contingent upon, the
2258	payment of a benefit provided for under the warranty holder's primary vehicle insurance or any
2259	other contract.
2260	(2) (a) If a vehicle protection product is represented as preventing the theft of a vehicle,
2261	the vehicle protection product warranty shall, at a minimum, provide for reimbursement of
2262	damage a theft causes to the motor vehicle up to \$5,000, if the vehicle is recovered within the
2263	time period specified in the warranty following the theft of the vehicle, not to exceed 30 days
2264	after the day on which the vehicle is reported stolen.
2265	(b) If a vehicle protection product is represented as aiding in the recovery of a stolen
2266	vehicle, the vehicle protection product warranty shall provide for reimbursement of the vehicle
2267	up to \$5,000, if the vehicle is not recovered within the time period specified in the warranty
2268	following the theft of the vehicle, not to exceed 30 days after the day on which the vehicle is
2269	reported stolen.

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2270 Section 16. Section **31A-8-104** is amended to read: 2271 **31A-8-104.** Determination of ability to provide services. 2272 (1) The commissioner may not issue a certificate of authority to an applicant for a 2273 certificate of authority under this chapter unless the applicant demonstrates to the 2274 commissioner [has determined] that the applicant has: 2275 (a) [demonstrated] the willingness and potential ability to furnish the proposed health 2276 care services in a manner to assure both availability and accessibility of adequate personnel and 2277 facilities and continuity of service; and 2278 (b) arrangements for an ongoing quality of health care assurance program concerning health care processes and outcomes[, established in accordance with rules adopted by the 2279 2280 director of the Department of Health based upon prevailing standards for quality assurance for 2281 other forms of health care delivery in this state; and]. 2282 (c) a procedure, established in accordance with rules of the director of the Department 2283 of Health, to develop, compile, evaluate, and report statistics relating to the cost of its 2284 operations, the pattern of utilization of its services, the availability and accessibility of its 2285 services, and such other matters as may be reasonably required by the director of the 2286 Department of Health.] 2287 $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$ Upon receipt of an application for a certificate of authority under this chapter, the commissioner shall transmit a copy of the application and accompanying documents to the 2288 2289 director of the Department of Health. Upon receipt of the application, the director of the 2290 Department of Health shall review the application, investigate the surrounding facts and 2291 circumstances, and make a finding concerning whether the applicant satisfies the requirements 2292 of Subsection (1). The director of the Department of Health is considered to have found the 2293 applicant to comply with Subsection (1) unless he delivers to the commissioner a finding of 2294 noncompliance within 90 days after receiving the application from the commissioner.] 2295 [(3) In determining whether the requirements of Subsection (1) are satisfied, the 2296 commissioner shall rely on the findings of the director of the Department of Health delivered to

2297	the commissioner in accordance with Subsection (2).]
2298	[(4) A finding of noncompliance with Subsection (1) shall specify in what respects the
2299	applicant is deficient in meeting the requirements of Subsection (1).]
2300	(2) (a) In accordance with Sections <u>31A-2-203</u> and <u>31A-2-204</u> , the commissioner may
2301	order an independent audit or examination by one or more technical experts to determine an
2302	applicant's ability to provide the proposed health care services as described in Subsection (1).
2303	(b) In accordance with Section <u>31A-2-205</u> , an applicant shall reimburse the
2304	commissioner for the reasonable cost of an independent audit or examination.
2305	[(5) An organization's certificate of authority issued under this chapter is conclusive
2306	evidence of compliance with Subsection (1), as to the services authorized to be performed
2307	under the certificate of authority, except in a proceeding by the state against the organization.]
2308	(3) Licensing under this chapter does not exempt an organization from any licensing
2309	requirement applicable under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and
2310	Inspection Act.
2311	Section 17. Section 31A-8a-102 is amended to read:
2312	31A-8a-102. Definitions.
2313	[For purposes of] As used in this chapter:
2314	(1) "Fee" means any periodic charge for use of a discount program.
2315	(2) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in Section
2316	78B-3-403, with the exception of "licensed athletic trainer," who:
2317	(a) is practicing within the scope of the provider's license; and
2318	(b) has agreed either directly or indirectly, by contract or any other arrangement with a
2319	health discount program operator, to provide a discount to enrollees of a health discount
2320	program.
2321	(3) (a) "Health discount program" means a business arrangement or contract in which a
2322	person pays fees, dues, charges, or other consideration in exchange for a program that provides
2323	access to health care providers who agree to provide a discount for health care services.

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(b) "Health discount program" does not include a program that does not charge a
membership fee or require other consideration from the member to use the program's discounts
for health services.

(4) "Health discount program marketer" means a person, including a private label
entity, that markets, promotes, sells, or distributes a health discount program but does not
operate a health discount program.

(5) "Health discount program operator" means a person that provides a health discount
program by entering into a contract or agreement, directly or indirectly, with a person or
persons in this state who agree to provide discounts for health care services to enrollees of the
health discount program and determines the charge to members.

(6) "Marketing" means making or causing to be made any communication that contains
 information that relates to a product or contract regulated under this chapter.

[(6)] (7) "Value-added benefit" means a discount offering with no additional charge
made by a health insurer or health maintenance organization that is licensed under this title, in
connection with existing contracts with the health insurer or health maintenance organization.

2339 Section 18. Section **31A-15-103** is amended to read:

2340

31A-15-103. Surplus lines insurance -- Unauthorized insurers.

2341 (1) Notwithstanding Section 31A-15-102, [a foreign insurer that has not obtained a

2342 certificate of authority to do business in this state under Section 31A-14-202 may negotiate for

and] when this state is the home state as defined in Section 31A-3-305, a nonadmitted insurer

2344 <u>may</u> make an insurance contract [with] for coverage of a person in this state and on a risk

located in this state, subject to the limitations and requirements of this section.

2346 (2) (a) For a contract made under this section, the insurer may, in this state:

- (i) inspect the risks to be insured;
- 2348 (ii) collect premiums;
- 2349 (iii) adjust losses; and
- (iv) do another act reasonably incidental to the contract.

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2351 (b) An act described in Subsection (2)(a) may be done through: 2352 (i) an employee; or 2353 (ii) an independent contractor. 2354 (3) (a) Subsections (1) and (2) do not permit a person to solicit business in this state on 2355 behalf of an insurer that has no certificate of authority. 2356 (b) Insurance placed with a nonadmitted insurer shall be placed [with] by a surplus 2357 lines producer licensed under Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, 2358 Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries. 2359 (c) The commissioner may by rule prescribe how a surplus lines producer may: 2360 (i) pay or permit the payment, commission, or other remuneration on insurance placed 2361 by the surplus lines producer under authority of the surplus lines producer's license to one 2362 holding a license to act as an insurance producer; and 2363 (ii) advertise the availability of the surplus lines producer's services in procuring, on 2364 behalf of a person seeking insurance, a contract with a nonadmitted insurer. 2365 (4) For a contract made under this section, a nonadmitted insurer is subject to Sections 2366 31A-23a-402, 31A-23a-402.5, and 31A-23a-403 and the rules adopted under those sections. 2367 (5) A nonadmitted insurer may not issue workers' compensation insurance coverage to an employer located in this state, except for stop loss coverage issued to an employer securing 2368 workers' compensation under Subsection 34A-2-201(2). 2369 2370 (6) (a) The commissioner may by rule prohibit making a contract under Subsection (1) 2371 for a specified class of insurance if authorized insurers provide an established market for the 2372 class in this state that is adequate and reasonably competitive. 2373 (b) The commissioner may by rule place a restriction or a limitation on and create 2374 special procedures for making a contract under Subsection (1) for a specified class of insurance 2375 if: 2376 (i) there have been abuses of placements in the class; or 2377 (ii) the policyholders in the class, because of limited financial resources, business

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2378	experience, or knowledge, cannot protect their own interests adequately.
2379	(c) The commissioner may prohibit an individual insurer from making a contract under
2380	Subsection (1) and all insurance producers from dealing with the insurer if:
2381	(i) the insurer willfully violates:
2382	(A) this section;
2383	(B) Section 31A-4-102, 31A-23a-402, 31A-23a-402.5, or 31A-26-303; or
2384	(C) a rule adopted under a section listed in Subsection (6)(c)(i)(A) or (B);
2385	(ii) the insurer fails to pay the fees and taxes specified under Section 31A-3-301; or
2386	(iii) the commissioner has reason to believe that the insurer is:
2387	(A) in an unsound condition;
2388	(B) operated in a fraudulent, dishonest, or incompetent manner; or
2389	(C) in violation of the law of its domicile.
2390	(d) (i) The commissioner may issue one or more lists of [unauthorized] nonadmitted
2391	foreign insurers whose:
2392	(A) solidity the commissioner doubts; or
2393	(B) practices the commissioner considers objectionable.
2394	(ii) The commissioner shall issue one or more lists of [unauthorized] nonadmitted
2395	foreign insurers the commissioner considers to be reliable and solid.
2396	(iii) In addition to the lists described in Subsections (6)(d)(i) and (ii), the commissioner
2397	may issue other relevant evaluations of [unauthorized] nonadmitted insurers.
2398	(iv) An action may not lie against the commissioner or an employee of the department
2399	for a written or oral communication made in, or in connection with the issuance of, a list or
2400	evaluation described in this Subsection (6)(d).
2401	(e) A foreign [unauthorized] nonadmitted insurer shall be listed on the commissioner's
2402	"reliable" list only if the [unauthorized] nonadmitted insurer:
2403	(i) delivers a request to the commissioner to be on the list;
2404	(ii) establishes satisfactory evidence of good reputation and financial integrity;

2405	(iii) (A) delivers to the commissioner a copy of the [unauthorized] nonadmitted
2406	insurer's current annual statement certified by the insurer[; and] and, each subsequent year,
2407	delivers to the commissioner a copy of the nonadmitted insurer's annual statement within 60
2408	days after the day on which the nonadmitted insurer files the annual statement with the
2409	insurance regulatory authority where the nonadmitted insurer is domiciled; or
2410	[(B) continues each subsequent year to file its annual statements with the
2411	commissioner within 60 days of the day on which it is filed with the insurance regulatory
2412	authority where the insurer is domiciled;]
2413	(B) files the nonadmitted insurer's annual statements with the National Association of
2414	Insurance Commissioners and the nonadmitted insurer's annual statements are available
2415	electronically from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners;
2416	(iv) (A) $[(f)]$ is in substantial compliance with the solvency standards in Chapter 17,
2417	Part 6, Risk-Based Capital, or maintains capital and surplus of at least \$15,000,000, whichever
2418	is greater; [and] or
2419	[(II) maintains in the United States an irrevocable trust fund in either a national bank or
2420	a member of the Federal Reserve System, or maintains a deposit meeting the statutory deposit
2421	requirements for insurers in the state where it is made, which trust fund or deposit:]
2422	[(Aa) shall be in an amount not less than \$2,500,000 for the protection of all of the
2423	insurer's policyholders in the United States;]
2424	[(Bb) may consist of cash, securities, or investments of substantially the same character
2425	and quality as those which are "qualified assets" under Section 31A-17-201; and]
2426	[(Cc) may include as part of the trust arrangement a letter of credit that qualifies as
2427	acceptable security under Section 31A-17-404.1; or]
2428	(B) in the case of any "Lloyd's" or other similar incorporated or unincorporated group
2429	of alien individual insurers, maintains a trust fund that:
2430	(I) shall be in an amount not less than \$50,000,000 as security to its full amount for all
2431	policyholders and creditors in the United States of each member of the group;

2432	(II) may consist of cash, securities, or investments of substantially the same character
2433	and quality as those which are "qualified assets" under Section 31A-17-201; and
2434	(III) may include as part of this trust arrangement a letter of credit that qualifies as
2435	acceptable security under Section 31A-17-404.1; and
2436	(v) for an alien insurer not domiciled in the United States or a territory of the United
2437	States, is listed on the Quarterly Listing of Alien Insurers maintained by the National
2438	Association of Insurance Commissioners International Insurers Department.
2439	(7) (a) Subject to Subsection (7)(b), a surplus lines producer may not, either knowingly
2440	or without reasonable investigation of the financial condition and general reputation of the
2441	insurer, place insurance under this section with:
2442	(i) a financially unsound insurer;
2443	(ii) an insurer engaging in unfair practices; or
2444	(iii) an otherwise substandard insurer.
2445	(b) A surplus line producer may place insurance under this section with an insurer
2446	described in Subsection (7)(a) if the surplus line producer:
2447	(i) gives the applicant notice in writing of the known deficiencies of the insurer or the
2448	limitations on the surplus line producer's investigation; and
2449	(ii) explains the need to place the business with that insurer.
2450	(c) A copy of the notice described in Subsection (7)(b) shall be kept in the office of the
2451	surplus line producer for at least five years.
2452	(d) To be financially sound, an insurer shall satisfy standards that are comparable to
2453	those applied under the laws of this state to an authorized insurer.
2454	(e) An insurer on the "doubtful or objectionable" list under Subsection (6)(d) or an
2455	insurer not on the commissioner's "reliable" list under Subsection (6)(e) is presumed
2456	substandard.
2457	(8) (a) A policy issued under this section shall:
2458	(i) include a description of the subject of the insurance; and

2459	(ii) indicate:
2460	(A) the coverage, conditions, and term of the insurance;
2461	(B) the premium charged the policyholder;
2462	(C) the premium taxes to be collected from the policyholder; and
2463	(D) the name and address of the policyholder and insurer.
2464	(b) If the direct risk is assumed by more than one insurer, the policy shall state:
2465	(i) the names and addresses of all insurers; and
2466	(ii) the portion of the entire direct risk each assumes.
2467	(c) A policy issued under this section shall have attached or affixed to the policy the
2468	following statement: "The insurer issuing this policy does not hold a certificate of authority to
2469	do business in this state and thus is not fully subject to regulation by the Utah insurance
2470	commissioner. This policy receives no protection from any of the guaranty associations created
2471	under Title 31A, Chapter 28, Guaranty Associations."
2472	(9) Upon placing a new or renewal coverage under this section, a surplus lines
2473	producer shall promptly deliver to the policyholder or the policyholder's agent evidence of the
2474	insurance consisting either of:
2475	(a) the policy as issued by the insurer; or
2476	(b) if the policy is not available upon placing the coverage, a certificate, cover note, or
2477	other confirmation of insurance complying with Subsection (8).
2478	(10) If the commissioner finds it necessary to protect the interests of insureds and the
2479	public in this state, the commissioner may by rule subject a policy issued under this section to
2480	as much of the regulation provided by this title as is required for a comparable policy written
2481	by an authorized foreign insurer.
2482	(11) (a) A surplus lines transaction in this state shall be examined to determine whether
2483	it complies with:
2484	(i) the surplus lines tax levied under Chapter 3, Department Funding, Fees, and Taxes;
2485	(ii) the solicitation limitations of Subsection (3);

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2487 producer; 2488 (iv) placement limitations imposed under Subsections (6)(a), (b), and (c); and (v) the policy form requirements of Subsections (8) and (10). 2489 2490 (b) The examination described in Subsection (11)(a) shall take place as soon as 2491 practicable after the transaction. The surplus lines producer shall submit to the examiner 2492 information necessary to conduct the examination within a period specified by rule. 2493 (c) (i) The examination described in Subsection (11)(a) may be conducted by the 2494 commissioner or by an advisory organization created under Section 31A-15-111 and authorized by the commissioner to conduct these examinations. The commissioner is not required to 2495 2496 authorize an additional advisory organization to conduct an examination under this Subsection 2497 (11)(c). 2498 (ii) The commissioner's authorization of one or more advisory organizations to act as examiners under this Subsection (11)(c) shall be: 2499 2500 (A) by rule; and 2501 (B) evidenced by a contract, on a form provided by the commissioner, between the 2502 authorized advisory organization and the department. 2503 (d) (i) (A) A person conducting the examination described in Subsection (11)(a) shall 2504 collect a stamping fee of an amount not to exceed 1% of the policy premium payable in 2505 connection with the transaction. 2506 (B) A stamping fee collected by the commissioner shall be deposited in the General 2507 Fund. 2508 (C) The commissioner shall establish a stamping fee by rule. 2509 (ii) A stamping fee collected by an advisory organization is the property of the advisory 2510 organization to be used in paying the expenses of the advisory organization. 2511 (iii) Liability for paying a stamping fee is as required under Subsection 31A-3-303(1)2512 for taxes imposed under Section 31A-3-301.

(iii) the requirement of Subsection (3) that placement be through a surplus lines

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2513 (iv) The commissioner shall adopt a rule dealing with the payment of stamping fees. If 2514 a stamping fee is not paid when due, the commissioner or advisory organization may impose a penalty of 25% of the stamping fee due, plus 1-1/2% per month from the time of default until 2515 2516 full payment of the stamping fee. 2517 (v) A stamping fee relative to a policy covering a risk located partially in this state 2518 shall be allocated in the same manner as under Subsection 31A-3-303(4).] 2519 (e) The commissioner, representatives of the department, advisory organizations, 2520 representatives and members of advisory organizations, authorized insurers, and surplus lines 2521 insurers are not liable for damages on account of statements, comments, or recommendations 2522 made in good faith in connection with their duties under this Subsection (11)(e) or under 2523 Section 31A-15-111. 2524 (f) An examination conducted under this Subsection (11) and a document or materials 2525 related to the examination are confidential. 2526 (12) (a) For a surplus lines insurance transaction in the state entered into on or after 2527 May 13, 2014, if an audit is required by the surplus lines insurance policy, a surplus lines 2528 insurer: 2529 (i) shall exercise due diligence to initiate an audit of an insured, to determine whether 2530 additional premium is owed by the insured, by no later than six months after the expiration of 2531 the term for which premium is paid; and 2532 (ii) may not audit an insured more than three years after the surplus lines insurance policy expires. 2533 2534 (b) A surplus lines insurer that does not comply with this Subsection (12) may not 2535 charge or collect additional premium in excess of the premium agreed to under the surplus 2536 lines insurance policy. 2537 Section 19. Section **31A-16-103** is amended to read: 2538 **31A-16-103.** Acquisition of control of, divestiture of control of, or merger with 2539 domestic insurer.

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2540 (1) (a) A person may not take the actions described in Subsection (1)(b) or (c) unless, 2541 at the time any offer, request, or invitation is made or any such agreement is entered into, or 2542 prior to the acquisition of securities if no offer or agreement is involved: 2543 (i) the person files with the commissioner a statement containing the information 2544 required by this section; (ii) the person provides a copy of the statement described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) to the 2545 2546 insurer: and 2547 (iii) the commissioner approves the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition. 2548 (b) Unless the person complies with Subsection (1)(a), a person other than the issuer 2549 may not make a tender offer for, a request or invitation for tenders of, or enter into any 2550 agreement to exchange securities, or seek to acquire or acquire in the open market or otherwise, 2551 any voting security of a domestic insurer if after the acquisition, the person would directly, 2552 indirectly, by conversion, or by exercise of any right to acquire be in control of the insurer. 2553 (c) Unless the person complies with Subsection (1)(a), a person may not enter into an 2554 agreement to merge with or otherwise to acquire control of: 2555 (i) a domestic insurer; or 2556 (ii) any person controlling a domestic insurer. 2557 (d) For purposes of this section, a controlling person of a domestic insurer seeking to divest its controlling interest in the domestic insurer, in any manner, shall file with the 2558 2559 commissioner, with a copy to the insurer, confidential notice of its proposed divestiture at least 30 days before the cessation of control. The commissioner shall determine those instances in 2560 2561 which the one or more persons seeking to divest or to acquire a controlling interest in an 2562 insurer, will be required to file for and obtain approval of the transaction. The information 2563 shall remain confidential until the conclusion of the transaction unless the commissioner, in the 2564 commissioner's discretion, determines that confidential treatment will interfere with 2565 enforcement of this section. If the statement referred to in Subsection (1)(a) is otherwise filed, 2566 this Subsection (1)(d) does not apply.

2567	(e) With respect to a transaction subject to this section, the acquiring person shall also
2568	file a pre-acquisition notification with the commissioner, which shall contain the information
2569	set forth in Section 31A-16-104.5. A failure to file the notification may be subject to penalties
2570	specified in Section 31A-16-104.5.
2571	(f) (i) For purposes of this section, a domestic insurer includes any person controlling a
2572	domestic insurer unless the person as determined by the commissioner is either directly or
2573	through its affiliates primarily engaged in business other than the business of insurance.
2574	(ii) The controlling person described in Subsection (1)(f)(i) shall file with the
2575	commissioner a preacquisition notification containing the information required in Subsection
2576	(2) 30 calendar days before the proposed effective date of the acquisition.
2577	(iii) For the purposes of this section, "person" does not include any securities broker
2578	that in the usual and customary brokers function holds less than 20% of:
2579	(A) the voting securities of an insurance company; or
2580	(B) any person that controls an insurance company.
2581	(iv) This section applies to all domestic insurers and other entities licensed under:
2582	(A) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
2583	(B) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
2584	(C) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2585	(D) Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals; and
2586	(E) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs.
2587	(g) (i) An agreement for acquisition of control or merger as contemplated by this
2588	Subsection (1) is not valid or enforceable unless the agreement:
2589	(A) is in writing; and
2590	(B) includes a provision that the agreement is subject to the approval of the
2591	commissioner upon the filing of any applicable statement required under this chapter.
2592	(ii) A written agreement for acquisition or control that includes the provision described
2593	in Subsection (1)(g)(i) satisfies the requirements of this Subsection (1).

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2594	(2) The statement to be filed with the commissioner under Subsection (1) shall be
2595	made under oath or affirmation and shall contain the following information:
2596	(a) the name and address of the "acquiring party," which means each person by whom
2597	or on whose behalf the merger or other acquisition of control referred to in Subsection (1) is to
2598	be effected; and
2599	(i) if the person is an individual:
2600	(A) the person's principal occupation;
2601	(B) a listing of all offices and positions held by the person during the past five years;
2602	and
2603	(C) any conviction of crimes other than minor traffic violations during the past 10
2604	years; and
2605	(ii) if the person is not an individual:
2606	(A) a report of the nature of its business operations during:
2607	(I) the past five years; or
2608	(II) for any lesser period as the person and any of its predecessors has been in
2609	existence;
2610	(B) an informative description of the business intended to be done by the person and
2611	the person's subsidiaries;
2612	(C) a list of all individuals who are or who have been selected to become directors or
2613	executive officers of the person, or individuals who perform, or who will perform functions
2614	appropriate to such positions; and
2615	(D) for each individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(C), the information required
2616	by Subsection (2)(a)(i) for each individual;
2617	(b) (i) the source, nature, and amount of the consideration used or to be used in
2618	effecting the merger or acquisition of control;
2619	(ii) a description of any transaction in which funds were or are to be obtained for the
2620	purpose of effecting the merger or acquisition of control, including any pledge of:

2621	(A) the insurer's stock; or
2622	(B) the stock of any of the insurer's subsidiaries or controlling affiliates; and
2623	(iii) the identity of persons furnishing the consideration;
2624	(c) (i) fully audited financial information, or other financial information considered
2625	acceptable by the commissioner, of the earnings and financial condition of each acquiring party
2626	for:
2627	(A) the preceding five fiscal years of each acquiring party; or
2628	(B) any lesser period the acquiring party and any of its predecessors shall have been in
2629	existence; and
2630	(ii) unaudited information:
2631	(A) similar to the information described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
2632	(B) prepared within the 90 days prior to the filing of the statement;
2633	(d) any plans or proposals which each acquiring party may have to:
2634	(i) liquidate the insurer;
2635	(ii) sell its assets;
2636	(iii) merge or consolidate the insurer with any person; or
2637	(iv) make any other material change in the insurer's:
2638	(A) business;
2639	(B) corporate structure; or
2640	(C) management;
2641	(e) (i) the number of shares of any security referred to in Subsection (1) that each
2642	acquiring party proposes to acquire;
2643	(ii) the terms of the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition referred to in
2644	Subsection (1); and
2645	(iii) a statement as to the method by which the fairness of the proposal was arrived at;
2646	(f) the amount of each class of any security referred to in Subsection (1) that:
2647	(i) is beneficially owned; or

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2648	(ii) concerning which there is a right to acquire beneficial ownership by each acquiring
2649	party;
2650	(g) a full description of any contract, arrangement, or understanding with respect to any
2651	security referred to in Subsection (1) in which any acquiring party is involved, including:
2652	(i) the transfer of any of the securities;
2653	(ii) joint ventures;
2654	(iii) loan or option arrangements;
2655	(iv) puts or calls;
2656	(v) guarantees of loans;
2657	(vi) guarantees against loss or guarantees of profits;
2658	(vii) division of losses or profits; or
2659	(viii) the giving or withholding of proxies;
2660	(h) a description of the purchase by any acquiring party of any security referred to in
2661	Subsection (1) during the 12 calendar months preceding the filing of the statement including:
2662	(i) the dates of purchase;
2663	(ii) the names of the purchasers; and
2664	(iii) the consideration paid or agreed to be paid for the purchase;
2665	(i) a description of:
2666	(i) any recommendations to purchase by any acquiring party any security referred to in
2667	Subsection (1) made during the 12 calendar months preceding the filing of the statement; or
2668	(ii) any recommendations made by anyone based upon interviews or at the suggestion
2669	of the acquiring party;
2670	(j) (i) copies of all tender offers for, requests for, or invitations for tenders of, exchange
2671	offers for, and agreements to acquire or exchange any securities referred to in Subsection (1);
2672	and
2673	(ii) if distributed, copies of additional soliciting material relating to the transactions
2674	described in Subsection (2)(j)(i);

2675	(k) (i) the term of any agreement, contract, or understanding made with, or proposed to
2676	be made with, any broker-dealer as to solicitation of securities referred to in Subsection (1) for
2677	tender; and
2678	(ii) the amount of any fees, commissions, or other compensation to be paid to
2679	broker-dealers with regard to any agreement, contract, or understanding described in
2680	Subsection (2)(k)(i);
2681	(1) an agreement by the person required to file the statement referred to in Subsection
2682	(1) that it will provide the annual report, specified in Section 31A-16-105, for so long as
2683	control exists;
2684	(m) an acknowledgment by the person required to file the statement referred to in
2685	Subsection (1) that the person and all subsidiaries within its control in the insurance holding
2686	company system will provide information to the commissioner upon request as necessary to
2687	evaluate enterprise risk to the insurer; and
2688	(n) any additional information the commissioner requires by rule, which the
2689	commissioner determines to be:
2690	(i) necessary or appropriate for the protection of policyholders of the insurer; or
2691	(ii) in the public interest.
2692	(3) The department may request:
2693	(a) (i) criminal background information maintained pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 10,
2694	Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification, from the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
2695	(ii) complete Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal background checks through the
2696	national criminal history system.
2697	(b) Information obtained by the department from the review of criminal history records
2698	received under Subsection (3)(a) shall be used by the department for the purpose of:
2699	(i) verifying the information in Subsection (2)(a)(i);
2700	(ii) determining the integrity of persons who would control the operation of an insurer;
2701	and

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2702	(iii) preventing persons who violate 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 from engaging in the business
2703	of insurance in the state.
2704	(c) If the department requests the criminal background information, the department
2705	shall:
2706	(i) pay to the Department of Public Safety the costs incurred by the Department of
2707	Public Safety in providing the department criminal background information under Subsection
2708	(3)(a)(i);
2709	(ii) pay to the Federal Bureau of Investigation the costs incurred by the Federal Bureau
2710	of Investigation in providing the department criminal background information under
2711	Subsection (3)(a)(ii); and
2712	(iii) charge the person required to file the statement referred to in Subsection (1) a fee
2713	equal to the aggregate of Subsections (3)(c)(i) and (ii).
2714	(4) (a) If the source of the consideration under Subsection (2)(b)(i) is a loan made in
2715	the lender's ordinary course of business, the identity of the lender shall remain confidential, if
2716	the person filing the statement so requests.
2717	(b) (i) Under Subsection (2)(e), the commissioner may require a statement of the
2718	adjusted book value assigned by the acquiring party to each security in arriving at the terms of
2719	the offer.
2720	(ii) For purposes of this Subsection (4)(b), "adjusted book value" means each security's
2721	proportional interest in the capital and surplus of the insurer with adjustments that reflect:
2722	(A) market conditions;
2723	(B) business in force; and
2724	(C) other intangible assets or liabilities of the insurer.
2725	(c) The description required by Subsection (2)(g) shall identify the persons with whom
2726	the contracts, arrangements, or understandings have been entered into.
2727	(5) (a) If the person required to file the statement referred to in Subsection (1) is a
2728	partnership, limited partnership, syndicate, or other group, the commissioner may require that

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all the information called for by Subsection (2), (3), or (4) shall be given with respect to each:

- 2730 (i) partner of the partnership or limited partnership;
- (ii) member of the syndicate or group; and
- 2732 (iii) person who controls the partner or member.

(b) If any partner, member, or person referred to in Subsection (5)(a) is a corporation,
or if the person required to file the statement referred to in Subsection (1) is a corporation, the
commissioner may require that the information called for by Subsection (2) shall be given with
respect to:

(i) the corporation;

2738 (ii) each officer and director of the corporation; and

(iii) each person who is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than 10% ofthe outstanding voting securities of the corporation.

(6) If any material change occurs in the facts set forth in the statement filed with the
commissioner and sent to the insurer pursuant to Subsection (2), an amendment setting forth
the change, together with copies of all documents and other material relevant to the change,
shall be filed with the commissioner and sent to the insurer within two business days after the
filing person learns of such change.

(7) If any offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition referred to in Subsection
(1) is proposed to be made by means of a registration statement under the Securities Act of
1933, or under circumstances requiring the disclosure of similar information under the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or under a state law requiring similar registration or
disclosure, a person required to file the statement referred to in Subsection (1) may use copies
of any registration or disclosure documents in furnishing the information called for by the
statement.

(8) (a) The commissioner shall approve any merger or other acquisition of control
referred to in Subsection (1), unless[, after a public hearing on the merger or acquisition,] the
commissioner finds that:

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2756	(i) after the change of control, the domestic insurer referred to in Subsection (1) would
2757	not be able to satisfy the requirements for the issuance of a license to write the line or lines of
2758	insurance for which it is presently licensed;
2759	(ii) the effect of the merger or other acquisition of control would:
2760	(A) substantially lessen competition in insurance in this state; or
2761	(B) tend to create a monopoly in insurance;
2762	(iii) the financial condition of any acquiring party might:
2763	(A) jeopardize the financial stability of the insurer; or
2764	(B) prejudice the interest of:
2765	(I) its policyholders; or
2766	(II) any remaining securityholders who are unaffiliated with the acquiring party;
2767	(iv) the terms of the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition referred to in
2768	Subsection (1) are unfair and unreasonable to the securityholders of the insurer;
2769	(v) the plans or proposals which the acquiring party has to liquidate the insurer, sell its
2770	assets, or consolidate or merge it with any person, or to make any other material change in its
2771	business or corporate structure or management, are:
2772	(A) unfair and unreasonable to policyholders of the insurer; and
2773	(B) not in the public interest; or
2774	(vi) the competence, experience, and integrity of those persons who would control the
2775	operation of the insurer are such that it would not be in the interest of the policyholders of the
2776	insurer and the public to permit the merger or other acquisition of control.
2777	(b) For purposes of Subsection $(8)(a)(iv)$, the offering price for each security may not
2778	be considered unfair if the adjusted book values under Subsection (2)(e):
2779	(i) are disclosed to the securityholders; and
2780	(ii) determined by the commissioner to be reasonable.
2781	(9) For a merger or other acquisition of control described in Subsection (1), the
2782	commissioner:

2783	(a) may hold a public hearing on the merger or other acquisition at the commissioner's
2784	discretion; and
2785	(b) shall hold a public hearing on the merger or other acquisition upon request by the
2786	acquiring party, the insurer, or any other interested party.
2787	[(9)] (10) (a) The commissioner shall hold a public hearing [referred to in Subsection
2788	(8) shall be held within 30] under Subsection (9) no later than 45 days after the day on which
2789	the statement required by Subsection (1) is filed.
2790	(b) (i) [At] The commissioner shall give at least 20 days notice of the hearing [shall be
2791	given by the commissioner] to the person filing the statement.
2792	(ii) Affected parties may waive the notice required by this Subsection (9)(b).
2793	(iii) Not less than seven days notice of the public hearing shall be given by the person
2794	filing the statement to:
2795	(A) the insurer; and
2796	(B) any person designated by the commissioner.
2797	(c) The commissioner shall make a determination within 30 days after the conclusion
2798	of the hearing.
2799	(d) At the hearing, the person filing the statement, the insurer, any person to whom
2800	notice of hearing was sent, and any other person whose interest may be affected by the hearing
2801	may:
2802	(i) present evidence;
2803	(ii) examine and cross-examine witnesses; and
2804	(iii) offer oral and written arguments.
2805	(e) (i) A person or insurer described in Subsection $[(9)]$ (10)(d) may conduct discovery
2806	proceedings in the same manner as is presently allowed in the district courts of this state.
2807	(ii) All discovery proceedings shall be concluded not later than three days before the
2808	commencement of the public hearing.
2809	[(10)] (11) If the proposed acquisition of control will require the approval of more than

2810 one commissioner, the public hearing [referred to] described in Subsection (9)[(a)] may be held 2811 on a consolidated basis upon request of the person filing the statement referred to in Subsection 2812 (1). The person shall file the statement referred to in Subsection (1) with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners within five days of making the request for a public 2813 2814 hearing. A commissioner may opt out of a consolidated hearing and shall provide notice to the 2815 applicant of the opt-out within 10 days of the receipt of the statement referred to in Subsection 2816 (1). A hearing conducted on a consolidated basis shall be public and shall be held within the 2817 United States before the commissioners of the states in which the insurers are domiciled. The 2818 commissioners shall hear and receive evidence. A commissioner may attend a hearing under 2819 this Subsection $\left[\frac{(10)}{(11)}\right]$ (11) in person or by telecommunication. 2820 $\left[\frac{11}{12}\right]$ (12) In connection with a change of control of a domestic insurer, any 2821 determination by the commissioner that the person acquiring control of the insurer shall be

required to maintain or restore the capital of the insurer to the level required by the laws and regulations of this state shall be made not later than 60 days after the date of notification of the change in control submitted pursuant to Subsection (1).

2825 [(12)] (13) (a) The commissioner may retain technical experts to assist in reviewing all, 2826 or a portion of, information filed in connection with a proposed merger or other acquisition of 2827 control referred to in Subsection (1).

(b) In determining whether any of the conditions in Subsection (8) exist, the
commissioner may consider the findings of technical experts employed to review applicable
filings.

(c) (i) A technical expert employed under Subsection [(12)] (13)(a) shall present to the
commissioner a statement of all expenses incurred by the technical expert in conjunction with
the technical expert's review of a proposed merger or other acquisition of control.

(ii) At the commissioner's direction the acquiring person shall compensate the technicalexpert at customary rates for time and expenses:

2836 (A) necessarily incurred; and

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2837 (B) approved by the commissioner.

2838 (iii) The acquiring person shall:

(A) certify the consolidated account of all charges and expenses incurred for the reviewby technical experts;

(B) retain a copy of the consolidated account described in Subsection [(12)]
(13)(c)(iii)(A); and

(C) file with the department as a public record a copy of the consolidated account
described in Subsection [(12)] (13)(c)(iii)(A).

2845 [(13)] (14) (a) (i) If a domestic insurer proposes to merge into another insurer, any 2846 securityholder electing to exercise a right of dissent may file with the insurer a written request 2847 for payment of the adjusted book value given in the statement required by Subsection (1) and 2848 approved under Subsection (8), in return for the surrender of the security holder's securities.

(ii) The request described in Subsection [(13)] (14)(a)(i) shall be filed not later than 10
days after the day of the securityholders' meeting where the corporate action is approved.

(b) The dissenting securityholder is entitled to and the insurer is required to pay to the
dissenting securityholder the specified value within 60 days of receipt of the dissenting security
holder's security.

(c) Persons electing under this Subsection [(13)] (14) to receive cash for their securities
waive the dissenting shareholder and appraisal rights otherwise applicable under Title 16,
Chapter 10a, Part 13, Dissenters' Rights.

(d) (i) This Subsection [(13)] (14) provides an elective procedure for dissenting
securityholders to resolve their objections to the plan of merger.

(ii) This section does not restrict the rights of dissenting securityholders under Title 16,
Chapter 10a, Utah Revised Business Corporation Act, unless this election is made under this
Subsection [(13)] (14).

[(14)] (15) (a) All statements, amendments, or other material filed under Subsection
(1), and all notices of public hearings held under Subsection (8), shall be mailed by the insurer

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2864 to its securityholders within five business days after the insurer has received the statements, 2865 amendments, other material, or notices. (b) (i) Mailing expenses shall be paid by the person making the filing. 2866 2867 (ii) As security for the payment of mailing expenses, that person shall file with the 2868 commissioner an acceptable bond or other deposit in an amount determined by the 2869 commissioner. 2870 [(15)] (16) This section does not apply to any offer, request, invitation, agreement, or 2871 acquisition that the commissioner by order exempts from the requirements of this section as: 2872 (a) not having been made or entered into for the purpose of, and not having the effect 2873 of, changing or influencing the control of a domestic insurer; or 2874 (b) otherwise not comprehended within the purposes of this section. 2875 $\left[\frac{16}{10}\right]$ (17) The following are violations of this section: 2876 (a) the failure to file any statement, amendment, or other material required to be filed 2877 pursuant to Subsections (1), (2), and (5); or 2878 (b) the effectuation, or any attempt to effectuate, an acquisition of control of, 2879 divestiture of, or merger with a domestic insurer unless the commissioner has given the 2880 commissioner's approval to the acquisition or merger. [(17)] (18) (a) The courts of this state are vested with jurisdiction over: 2881 2882 (i) a person who: 2883 (A) files a statement with the commissioner under this section; and 2884 (B) is not resident, domiciled, or authorized to do business in this state; and 2885 (ii) overall actions involving persons described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(17)}{(18)(a)(i)}\right]$ (18)(a)(i) arising 2886 out of a violation of this section. 2887 (b) A person described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(17)}{18}\right]$ (18)(a) is considered to have performed 2888 acts equivalent to and constituting an appointment of the commissioner by that person, to be 2889 that person's lawful agent upon whom may be served all lawful process in any action, suit, or 2890 proceeding arising out of a violation of this section.

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(c) A copy of a lawful process described in Subsection [(17)] (18)(b) shall be:

(i) served on the commissioner; and

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(ii) transmitted by registered or certified mail by the commissioner to the person at thatperson's last-known address.
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31A-22-612. Conversion privileges for insured former spouse.

Section 20. Section **31A-22-612** is amended to read:

(1) An accident and health insurance policy, which in addition to covering the insured
also provides coverage to the spouse of the insured, may not contain a provision for
termination of coverage of a spouse covered under the policy, except by entry of a valid decree
of divorce, legal separation, or annulment between the parties.

(2) Every policy which contains this type of provision shall provide that upon the entry
of the divorce decree the spouse is entitled to have issued an individual policy of accident and
health insurance without evidence of insurability, upon application to the company and
payment of the appropriate premium. The policy shall provide the coverage being issued
which is most nearly similar to the terminated coverage. Probationary or waiting periods in the
policy are considered satisfied to the extent the coverage was in force under the prior policy.

2907 (3) When the insurer receives actual notice that the coverage of a spouse is to be 2908 terminated because of a divorce, legal separation, or annulment, the insurer shall promptly 2909 provide the spouse written notification of the right to obtain individual coverage as provided in 2910 Subsection (2), the premium amounts required, and the manner, place, and time in which 2911 premiums may be paid. The premium is determined in accordance with the insurer's table of 2912 premium rates applicable to the age and class of risk of the persons to be covered and to the 2913 type and amount of coverage provided. If the spouse applies and tenders the first monthly 2914 premium to the insurer within 30 days after receiving the notice provided by this Subsection 2915 (3), the spouse shall receive individual coverage that commences immediately upon 2916 termination of coverage under the insured's policy.

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(4) This section does not apply to accident and health insurance policies offered on a

2918	group blanket basis or a health benefit plan.
2919	Section 21. Section 31A-22-618.6 is amended to read:
2920	31A-22-618.6. Discontinuance, nonrenewal, or changes to group health benefit
2921	plans.
2922	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a group health benefit plan for a plan
2923	sponsor is renewable and continues in force:
2924	(a) with respect to all eligible employees and dependents; and
2925	(b) at the option of the plan sponsor.
2926	(2) A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor may be discontinued or nonrenewed:
2927	(a) for noncompliance with the insurer's employer contribution requirements;
2928	(b) if there is no longer any enrollee under the group health plan who lives, resides, or
2929	works in:
2930	(i) the service area of the insurer; or
2931	(ii) the area for which the insurer is authorized to do business;
2932	(c) for coverage made available in the small or large employer market only through an
2933	association, if:
2934	(i) the employer's membership in the association ceases; and
2935	(ii) the coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related
2936	factor relating to any covered individual; or
2937	(d) for noncompliance with the insurer's minimum employee participation
2938	requirements, except as provided in Subsection (3).
2939	(3) If a small employer [employs fewer than two eligible employees] no longer
2940	employs at least one eligible employee, a carrier may not discontinue or not renew the health
2941	benefit plan until the first renewal date following the beginning of a new plan year, even if the
2942	carrier knows at the beginning of the plan year that the employer no longer has at least [two
2943	current employees] one eligible employee.
2944	(4) (a) A small employer that, after purchasing a health benefit plan in the small group

2945	market, employs on average more than 50 eligible employees on each business day in a
2946	calendar year may continue to renew the health benefit plan purchased in the small group
2947	market.
2948	(b) A large employer that, after purchasing a health benefit plan in the large group

2949 market, employs on average fewer than 51 eligible employees on each business day in a
2950 calendar year may continue to renew the health benefit plan purchased in the large group
2951 market.

2952 (5) A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor may be discontinued if:

2953 (a) a condition described in Subsection (2) exists;

(b) the plan sponsor fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with theterms of the contract;

2956 (c) the plan sponsor:

2957 (i) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud; or

(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of thecoverage;

2960 (d) the insurer:

(i) elects to discontinue offering a particular health benefit plan product delivered orissued for delivery in this state; and

(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing to each plan sponsor,
employee, or dependent of a plan sponsor or an employee, at least 90 days before the date the
coverage will be discontinued;

(B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing to the commissioner, and at least
three working days before the date the notice is sent to the affected plan sponsors, employees,
and dependents of the plan sponsors or employees;

2969 (C) offers to each plan sponsor, on a guaranteed issue basis, the option to purchase all 2970 other health benefit plans currently being offered by the insurer in the market or, in the case of 2971 a large employer, any other health benefit plans currently being offered in that market; and

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 2973 option of coverage in this section, acts uniformly without regard to the claims experience of 2974 plan sponsor, any health status-related factor relating to any covered participant or beneficient 2975 or any health status-related factor relating to any new participant or beneficiary who may 2976 become eligible for the coverage; or 2977 (e) the insurer: 2978 (i) elects to discontinue all of the insurer's health benefit plans in:
 2975 or any health status-related factor relating to any new participant or beneficiary who may 2976 become eligible for the coverage; or 2977 (e) the insurer:
 2976 become eligible for the coverage; or 2977 (e) the insurer:
2977 (e) the insurer:
(i) elects to discontinue all of the insurer's health benefit plans in:
•
(A) the small employer market;
(B) the large employer market; or
2981 (C) both the small employer and large employer markets; and
(ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing to each plan sponsor,
2983 employee, or dependent of a plan sponsor or an employee at least 180 days before the date
2984 coverage will be discontinued;
2985 (B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing to the commissioner in each s
in which an affected insured individual is known to reside and, at least 30 working days be
2987 the date the notice is sent to the affected plan sponsors, employees, and the dependents of t
2988 plan sponsors or employees;
2989 (C) discontinues and nonrenews all plans issued or delivered for issuance in the ma
2990 described in Subsection (5)(e)(i); and
(D) provides a plan of orderly withdrawal as required by Section 31A-4-115.
2992 (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(d), an eligible employee may be
2993 discontinued if after issuance of coverage the eligible employee:
(i) engages in an act or practice in connection with the coverage that constitutes fra
2995 or
(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact in connection with the
2997 coverage.
(b) An eligible employee that is discontinued under Subsection (6)(a) may reenroll

2999	(i) 12 months after the date of discontinuance; and
3000	(ii) if the plan sponsor's coverage is in effect at the time the eligible employee applies
3001	to reenroll.
3002	(c) At the time the eligible employee's coverage is discontinued under Subsection
3003	(6)(a), the insurer shall notify the eligible employee of the right to reenroll when coverage is
3004	discontinued.
3005	(d) An eligible employee may not be discontinued under this Subsection (6) because of
3006	a fraud or misrepresentation that relates to health status.
3007	(7) For purposes of this section, a reference to "plan sponsor" includes a reference to
3008	the employer:
3009	(a) with respect to coverage provided to an employer member of the association; and
3010	(b) if the health benefit plan is made available by an insurer in the employer market
3011	only through:
3012	(i) an association;
3013	(ii) a trust; or
3014	(iii) a discretionary group.
3015	(8) An insurer may modify a health benefit plan for a plan sponsor only:
3016	(a) at the time of coverage renewal; and
3017	(b) if the modification is effective uniformly among all plans with that product.
3018	Section 22. Section 31A-22-629 is amended to read:
3019	31A-22-629. Adverse benefit determination review process.
3020	(1) As used in this section:
3021	(a) (i) "Adverse benefit determination" means the:
3022	(A) denial of a benefit;
3023	(B) reduction of a benefit;
3024	(C) termination of a benefit; or
3025	(D) failure to provide or make payment, in whole or in part, for a benefit.

3026	(ii) "Adverse benefit determination" includes:
3027	(A) denial, reduction, termination, or failure to provide or make payment that is based
3028	on a determination of an insured's or a beneficiary's eligibility to participate in a plan;
3029	(B) denial, reduction, or termination of, or a failure to provide or make payment, in
3030	whole or in part, for, a benefit resulting from the application of a utilization review; or
3031	(C) failure to cover an item or service for which benefits are otherwise provided
3032	because it is determined to be:
3033	(I) experimental;
3034	(II) investigational; or
3035	(III) not medically necessary or appropriate.
3036	(b) "Independent review" means a process that:
3037	(i) is a voluntary option for the resolution of an adverse benefit determination;
3038	(ii) is conducted at the discretion of the claimant;
3039	(iii) is conducted by an independent review organization designated by the [insurer]
3040	commissioner;
3041	(iv) renders an independent and impartial decision on an adverse benefit determination
3042	submitted by an insured; and
3043	(v) may not require the insured to pay a fee for requesting the independent review.
3044	(c) "Independent review organization" means a person, subject to Subsection (6), who
3045	conducts an independent external review of adverse determinations.
3046	(d) "Insured" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301 and includes a person who is
3047	authorized to act on the insured's behalf.
3048	(e) "Insurer" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301 and includes:
3049	(i) a health maintenance organization; and
3050	(ii) a third party administrator that offers, sells, manages, or administers a health
3051	insurance policy or health maintenance organization contract that is subject to this title.
3052	(f) "Internal review" means the process an insurer uses to review an insured's adverse

3053	benefit determination before the adverse benefit determination is submitted for independent
3054	review.
3055	(2) This section applies generally to health insurance policies, health maintenance
3056	organization contracts, and income replacement or disability income policies.
3057	(3) (a) An insured may submit an adverse benefit determination to the insurer.
3058	(b) The insurer shall conduct an internal review of the insured's adverse benefit
3059	determination.
3060	(c) An insured who disagrees with the results of an internal review may submit the
3061	adverse benefit determination for an independent review if the adverse benefit determination
3062	involves:
3063	(i) payment of a claim regarding medical necessity; or
3064	(ii) denial of a claim regarding medical necessity.
3065	(4) The commissioner shall adopt rules that establish minimum standards for:
3066	(a) internal reviews;
3067	(b) independent reviews to ensure independence and impartiality;
3068	(c) the types of adverse benefit determinations that may be submitted to an independent
3069	review; and
3070	(d) the timing of the review process, including an expedited review when medically
3071	necessary.
3072	(5) Nothing in this section may be construed as:
3073	(a) expanding, extending, or modifying the terms of a policy or contract with respect to
3074	benefits or coverage;
3075	(b) permitting an insurer to charge an insured for the internal review of an adverse
3076	benefit determination;
3077	(c) restricting the use of arbitration in connection with or subsequent to an independent
3078	review; or
3079	(d) altering the legal rights of any party to seek court or other redress in connection

3080	with:
3081	(i) an adverse decision resulting from an independent review, except that if the insurer
3082	is the party seeking legal redress, the insurer shall pay for the reasonable attorney fees of the
3083	insured related to the action and court costs; or
3084	(ii) an adverse benefit determination or other claim that is not eligible for submission
3085	to independent review.
3086	(6) (a) An independent review organization in relation to the insurer may not be:
3087	(i) the insurer;
3088	(ii) the health plan;
3089	(iii) the health plan's fiduciary;
3090	(iv) the employer; or
3091	(v) an employee or agent of any one listed in Subsections (6)(a)(i) through (iv).
3092	(b) An independent review organization may not have a material professional, familial,
3093	or financial conflict of interest with:
3094	(i) the health plan;
3095	(ii) an officer, director, or management employee of the health plan;
3096	(iii) the enrollee;
3097	(iv) the enrollee's health care provider;
3098	(v) the health care provider's medical group or independent practice association;
3099	(vi) a health care facility where service would be provided; or
3100	(vii) the developer or manufacturer of the service that would be provided.
3101	Section 23. Section 31A-22-701 is amended to read:
3102	31A-22-701. Groups eligible for group or blanket insurance.
3103	(1) As used in this section, "association group" means a lawfully formed association of
3104	individuals or business entities that:
3105	(a) purchases insurance on a group basis on behalf of members; and

3106 (b) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance.

3107	(2) A group accident and health insurance policy may be issued to:
3108	(a) a group:
3109	(i) to which a group life insurance policy may be issued under [Sections] Section
3110	31A-22-502, 31A-22-503, 31A-22-504, 31A-22-506, or 31A-22-507[, and 31A-22-509]; and
3111	(ii) that is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining
3112	insurance;
3113	(b) an association group <u>authorized by the commissioner</u> that:
3114	(i) has been actively in existence for at least five years;
3115	(ii) has a constitution and bylaws;
3116	(iii) has a shared or common purpose that is not primarily a business or customer
3117	relationship;
3118	(iv) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining
3119	insurance;
3120	(v) does not condition membership in the association group on any health status-related
3121	factor relating to an individual, including an employee of an employer or a dependent of an
3122	employee;
3123	(vi) makes accident and health insurance coverage offered through the association
3124	group available to all members regardless of any health status-related factor relating to the
3125	members or individuals eligible for coverage through a member;
3126	(vii) does not make accident and health insurance coverage offered through the
3127	association group available other than in connection with a member of the association group;
3128	and
3129	(viii) is actuarially sound; or
3130	(c) a group specifically authorized by the commissioner [under Section 31A-22-509],
3131	upon a finding that:
3132	(i) authorization is not contrary to the public interest;
3133	(ii) the group is actuarially sound;

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3134	(iii) formation of the proposed group may result in economies of scale in acquisition,
3135	administrative, marketing, and brokerage costs;
3136	(iv) the insurance policy, insurance certificate, or other indicia of coverage that will be
3137	offered to the proposed group is substantially equivalent to insurance policies that are
3138	otherwise available to similar groups;
3139	(v) the group would not present hazards of adverse selection;
3140	(vi) the premiums for the insurance policy and any contributions by or on behalf of the
3141	insured persons are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided; and
3142	(vii) the group is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than
3143	obtaining insurance.
3144	(3) A blanket accident and health insurance policy:
3145	(a) covers a defined class of persons;
3146	(b) may not be offered or underwritten on an individual basis;
3147	(c) shall cover only a group that is:
3148	(i) actuarially sound; and
3149	(ii) formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining insurance;
3150	and
3151	(d) may be issued only to:
3152	(i) a common carrier or an operator, owner, or lessee of a means of transportation, as
3153	policyholder, covering persons who may become passengers as defined by reference to the
3154	person's travel status;
3155	(ii) an employer, as policyholder, covering any group of employees, dependents, or
3156	guests, as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to any activities of the
3157	policyholder;
3158	(iii) an institution of learning, including a school district, a school jurisdictional unit, or
3159	the head, principal, or governing board of a school jurisdictional unit, as policyholder, covering
3160	students, teachers, or employees;

3161	(iv) a religious, charitable, recreational, educational, or civic organization, or branch of
3162	one of those organizations, as policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as
3163	defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities sponsored or supervised by
3164	the policyholder;
3165	(v) a sports team, camp, or sponsor of a sports team or camp, as policyholder, covering
3166	members, campers, employees, officials, or supervisors;
3167	(vi) a volunteer fire department, first aid, civil defense, or other similar volunteer
3168	organization, as policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as defined by
3169	reference to specified hazards incident to activities sponsored, supervised, or participated in by
3170	the policyholder;
3171	(vii) a newspaper or other publisher, as policyholder, covering its carriers;
3172	(viii) an association, including a labor union, that has a constitution and bylaws and
3173	that is organized in good faith for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance, as
3174	policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as defined by reference to specified
3175	hazards incident to the activities or operations sponsored or supervised by the policyholder; and
3176	(ix) any other class of risks that, in the judgment of the commissioner, may be properly
3177	eligible for blanket accident and health insurance.
3178	(4) The judgment of the commissioner may be exercised on the basis of:
3179	(a) individual risks;
3180	(b) a class of risks; or
3181	(c) both Subsections (4)(a) and (b).
3182	Section 24. Section 31A-22-722 is amended to read:
3183	31A-22-722. Utah mini-COBRA benefits for employer group coverage.
3184	(1) An insured may extend the employee's coverage under the current employer's group
3185	policy for a period of 12 months, except as provided in [Subsections (2) and 31A-22-722.5(4)]
3186	Subsection (2). The right to extend coverage includes:
3187	(a) voluntary termination;

3188	(b) involuntary termination;
3189	(c) retirement;
3190	(d) death;
3191	(e) divorce or legal separation;
3192	(f) loss of dependent status;
3193	(g) sabbatical;
3194	(h) a disability;
3195	(i) leave of absence; or
3196	(j) reduction of hours.
3197	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an employee may not extend coverage under
3198	the current employer's group insurance policy if the employee:
3199	(i) fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the insurance
3200	policy;
3201	(ii) acquires other group coverage covering all preexisting conditions including
3202	maternity, if the coverage exists;
3203	(iii) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
3204	(iv) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
3205	coverage;
3206	(v) is terminated from employment for gross misconduct;
3207	(vi) is not continuously covered under the current employer's group policy for a period
3208	of three months immediately before the termination of the insurance policy due to an event set
3209	forth in Subsection (1);
3210	(vii) is eligible for an extension of coverage required by federal law;
3211	(viii) establishes residence outside of this state;
3212	(ix) moves out of the insurer's service area;
3213	(x) is eligible for similar coverage under another group insurance policy; or
3214	(xi) has the employee's coverage terminated because the employer's coverage is

3215	terminated, except as provided in Subsection (8).
3216	(b) The right to extend coverage under Subsection (1) applies to spouse or dependent
3217	coverage, including a surviving spouse or dependents whose coverage under the insurance
3218	policy terminates by reason of the death of the employee or member.
3219	(3) (a) The employer shall notify the following in writing of the right to extend group
3220	coverage and the payment amounts required for extension of coverage, including the manner,
3221	place, and time in which the payments shall be made:
3222	(i) a terminated insured;
3223	(ii) an ex-spouse of an insured; or
3224	(iii) if Subsection (2)(b) applies:
3225	(A) a surviving spouse; and
3226	(B) the guardian of surviving dependents, if different from a surviving spouse.
3227	(b) The notification required in Subsection (3)(a) shall be sent first class mail within 30
3228	days after the termination date of the group coverage to:
3229	(i) the terminated insured's home address as shown on the records of the employer;
3230	(ii) the address of the surviving spouse, if different from the insured's address and if
3231	shown on the records of the employer;
3232	(iii) the guardian of any dependents address, if different from the insured's address, and
3233	if shown on the records of the employer; and
3234	(iv) the address of the ex-spouse, if shown on the records of the employer.
3235	(4) The insurer shall provide the employee, spouse, or any eligible dependent the
3236	opportunity to extend the group coverage at the payment amount stated in Subsection (5) if:
3237	(a) the employer policyholder does not provide the terminated insured the written
3238	notification required by Subsection (3)(a); and
3239	(b) the employee or other individual eligible for extension contacts the insurer within
3240	60 days of coverage termination.
3241	(5) (a) A premium amount for extended group coverage may not exceed 102% of the

3242	group rate in effect for a group member, including an employer's contribution, if any, for a
3243	group insurance policy.
3244	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(a), an insurer may not charge an insured an
3245	additional fee, an additional premium, interest, or any similar charge for electing extended
3246	group coverage.
3247	(6) Except as provided in this Subsection (6), coverage extends without interruption for
3248	12 months and may not terminate if the terminated insured or, with respect to a minor, the
3249	parent or guardian of the terminated insured:
3250	(a) elects to extend group coverage within 60 days of losing group coverage; and
3251	(b) tenders the amount required to the employer or insurer.
3252	(7) The insured's coverage may be terminated before 12 months if the terminated
3253	insured:
3254	(a) establishes residence outside of this state;
3255	(b) moves out of the insurer's service area;
3256	(c) fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the insurance
3257	policy, including any timeliness requirements;
3258	(d) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
3259	(e) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
3260	coverage;
3261	(f) becomes eligible for similar coverage under another group insurance policy; or
3262	(g) has the coverage terminated because the employer's coverage is terminated, except
3263	as provided in Subsection (8).
3264	(8) If the current employer coverage is terminated and the employer replaces coverage
3265	with similar coverage under another group insurance policy, without interruption, the
3266	terminated insured, spouse, or the surviving spouse and guardian of dependents if Subsection
3267	(2)(b) applies, may obtain extension of coverage under the replacement group insurance policy:
3268	(a) for the balance of the period the terminated insured would have extended coverage

 (b) if the terminated insured is otherwise eligible for extension of coverage. (9) An insurer shall require an insured employer to offer to the following individuals open enrollment period at the same time as other regular employees: (a) an individual who extends group coverage and is current on payment; and (b) during the applicable grace period described in Subsection (3) or (4), an individual who is eligible to elect to extend group coverage. Section 25. Section 31A-23a-107 is amended to read: 	
3272 open enrollment period at the same time as other regular employees: 3273 (a) an individual who extends group coverage and is current on payment; and 3274 (b) during the applicable grace period described in Subsection (3) or (4), an individu 3275 who is eligible to elect to extend group coverage.	
 3273 (a) an individual who extends group coverage and is current on payment; and 3274 (b) during the applicable grace period described in Subsection (3) or (4), an individu 3275 who is eligible to elect to extend group coverage. 	an
 3274 (b) during the applicable grace period described in Subsection (3) or (4), an individu 3275 who is eligible to elect to extend group coverage. 	
3275 who is eligible to elect to extend group coverage.	
	<u>al</u>
3276 Section 25. Section 31A-23a-107 is amended to read:	
3277 31A-23a-107. Character requirements.	
3278 An applicant for a license under this chapter shall show to the commissioner that:	
3279 (1) the applicant has the intent in good faith, to engage in the type of business that th	e
3280 license applied for would permit;	
3281 (2) (a) if a natural person, the applicant is:	
3282 (i) competent; and	
3283 (ii) trustworthy; or	
3284 (b) if the applicant is an agency:	
3285 (i) the partners, directors, or principal officers or persons having comparable powers	
3286 are trustworthy; and	
3287 (ii) that it will transact business in such a way that the acts that may only be perform	ed
3288 by a licensed producer, surplus lines producer, limited line producer, consultant, managing	
3289 general agent, or reinsurance intermediary are performed exclusively by natural persons who	
3290 are licensed under this chapter to transact that type of business and designated on the agency	S
3291 license;	
3292 (3) the applicant intends to comply with Section 31A-23a-502; and	
(4) if a natural person, the applicant is at least 18 years of age.	
3294 Section 26. Section 31A-23a-109 is amended to read:	
3295 31A-23a-109. Nonresident jurisdictional agreement.	

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3296	(1) (a) If a nonresident license applicant has a valid producer, surplus lines producer,
3297	limited line producer, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary license
3298	from the nonresident license applicant's home state or designated home state and the conditions
3299	of Subsection (1)(b) are met, the commissioner shall:
3300	(i) waive the license requirements for a license under this chapter; and
3301	(ii) issue the nonresident license applicant a nonresident license.
3302	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if:
3303	(i) the nonresident license applicant:
3304	(A) is licensed [as a resident] in the nonresident license applicant's home state \underline{or}
3305	designated home state at the time the nonresident license applicant applies for a nonresident
3306	producer, surplus lines producer, limited line producer, consultant, managing general agent, or
3307	reinsurance intermediary license;
3308	(B) has submitted the proper request for licensure;
3309	(C) has submitted to the commissioner:
3310	(I) the application for licensure that the nonresident license applicant submitted to the
3311	applicant's home state or designated home state; or
3312	(II) a completed uniform application; and
3313	(D) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103; and
3314	(ii) the nonresident license applicant's license in the applicant's home state or
3315	designated home state is in good standing.
3316	(2) A nonresident applicant applying under Subsection (1) shall in addition to
3317	complying with all license requirements for a license under this chapter execute, in a form
3318	acceptable to the commissioner, an agreement to be subject to the jurisdiction of the Utah
3319	commissioner and courts on any matter related to the applicant's insurance activities in this
3320	state, on the basis of:
3321	(a) service of process under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310; or
3322	(b) service authorized:

3323	(i) in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; or
3324	(ii) under Section 78B-3-206.
3325	(3) The commissioner may verify a producer's licensing status through the producer
3326	database maintained by:
3327	(a) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or
3328	(b) an affiliate or subsidiary of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
3329	(4) The commissioner may not assess a greater fee for an insurance license or related
3330	service to a person not residing in this state solely on the fact that the person does not reside in
3331	this state.
3332	Section 27. Section 31A-23a-111 is amended to read:
3333	31A-23a-111. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
3334	terminating a license Forfeiture Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
3335	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
3336	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
3337	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
3338	administrative action;
3339	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
3340	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
3341	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
3342	Minors;
3343	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-23a-113; or
3344	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
3345	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
3346	is no longer in force:
3347	(a) a lapsed license; or
3348	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
3349	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.

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3350	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
3351	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
3352	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
3353	(a) this title; or
3354	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3355	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3356	(4) A line of authority issued under this chapter remains in force until:
3357	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a line of authority are no longer met by the licensee;
3358	or
3359	(b) the supporting license type:
3360	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
3361	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
3362	administrative action;
3363	(iii) lapses under Section 31A-23a-113; or
3364	(iv) is voluntarily surrendered; or
3365	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
3366	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
3367	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
3368	Minors.
3369	(5) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection $(5)(b)$, as part of an
3370	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
3371	commissioner may:
3372	(i) revoke:
3373	(A) a license; or
3374	(B) a line of authority;
3375	(ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less:
3376	(A) a license; or

3377	(B) a line of authority;
3378	(iii) limit in whole or in part:
3379	(A) a license; or
3380	
	(B) a line of authority;
3381	(iv) deny a license application;
3382	(v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or
3383	(vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and
3384	Subsection (5)(a)(v).
3385	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the
3386	commissioner finds that the licensee:
3387	(i) is unqualified for a license or line of authority under Section 31A-23a-104,
3388	31A-23a-105, or 31A-23a-107;
3389	(ii) violates:
3390	(A) an insurance statute;
3391	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
3392	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
3393	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
3394	delinquency proceedings in any state;
3395	(iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
3396	days after the day on which the judgment became final;
3397	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
3398	admitted insurers;
3399	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
3400	directorate or ownership as another insurance producer that transacts business in this state
3401	without a license;
3402	(vii) refuses:
3403	(A) to be examined; or

3404	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
3405	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
3406	(A) give information with respect to the insurance producer's affairs; or
3407	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
3408	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
3409	(A) incorrect;
3410	(B) misleading;
3411	(C) incomplete; or
3412	(D) materially untrue;
3413	(x) violates an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory agency in
3414	any jurisdiction;
3415	(xi) obtains or attempts to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
3416	(xii) improperly withholds, misappropriates, or converts money or properties received
3417	in the course of doing insurance business;
3418	(xiii) intentionally misrepresents the terms of an actual or proposed:
3419	(A) insurance contract;
3420	(B) application for insurance; or
3421	(C) life settlement;
3422	(xiv) is convicted of:
3423	(A) a felony; <u>or</u>
3424	(B) a misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
3425	(xv) admits or is found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice or fraud;
3426	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
3427	(A) uses fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
3428	(B) demonstrates incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
3429	(xvii) has had an insurance license or other professional or occupational license, or [its]
3430	an equivalent[;] to an insurance license or other professional or occupational license:

3431	(A) denied[;];
3432	(B) suspended[, or];
3433	(C) revoked [in another state, province, district, or territory]; or
3434	(D) surrendered to resolve an administrative action;
3435	(xviii) forges another's name to:
3436	(A) an application for insurance; or
3437	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
3438	(xix) improperly uses notes or another reference material to complete an examination
3439	for an insurance license;
3440	(xx) knowingly accepts insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;
3441	(xxi) fails to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
3442	obligation;
3443	(xxii) fails to:
3444	(A) pay state income tax; or
3445	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
3446	tax;
3447	(xxiii) violates or permits others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
3448	Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is
3449	prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance; or
3450	(xxiv) engages in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangers the
3451	legitimate interests of customers and the public.
3452	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
3453	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
3454	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
3455	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
3456	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
3457	(i) the individual;

3458	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
3459	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
3460	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
3461	revoking, or limiting the license; or
3462	(iii) (A) the individual; and
3463	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).
3464	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
3465	without a license if:
3466	(a) the licensee's license is:
3467	(i) revoked;
3468	(ii) suspended;
3469	(iii) limited;
3470	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
3471	(v) lapsed; or
3472	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
3473	(b) the licensee:
3474	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
3475	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
3476	(7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
3477	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the
3478	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
3479	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state,
3480	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
3481	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
3482	involving:
3483	(i) fraud;
3484	(ii) deceit;

3485	(iii) misrepresentation; or
3486	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
3487	(8) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
3488	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
3489	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
3490	(b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
3490 3491	
	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
3492	or agreement is made without the express approval by the commissioner.
3493	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
3494	a license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.
3495	(10) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
3496	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3497	Section 28. Section 31A-23a-208 is amended to read:
3498	31A-23a-208. Producer and agency authority in health insurance exchange.
3499	A producer or agency licensed under this chapter, with a line of authority that permits
3500	the producer or agency to sell, negotiate, or solicit accident and health insurance, is authorized
3501	to sell, negotiate, or solicit qualified health plans offered on [an] a health insurance exchange
3502	[that is:].
3503	[(1) operated in the state; or]
3504	[(2) operated in the state and certified by the United States Department of Health and
3505	Human Services as a:]
3506	[(a) state-based exchange under PPACA;]
3507	[(b) a federally facilitated exchange under PPACA; or]
3508	[(c) a partnership exchange under PPACA.]
3509	Section 29. Section 31A-23a-406 is amended to read:
3510	31A-23a-406. Title insurance producer's business.
3511	(1) An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer may do

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3512	escrow involving real property transactions if all of the following exist:
3513	(a) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer is licensed
3514	with:
3515	(i) the title line of authority; and
3516	(ii) the escrow subline of authority;
3517	(b) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer is
3518	appointed by a title insurer authorized to do business in the state;
3519	(c) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer issues one
3520	or more of the following as part of the transaction:
3521	(i) an owner's policy of title insurance; [or]
3522	(ii) a lender's policy of title insurance; <u>or</u>
3523	(iii) if the transaction does not involve a transfer of ownership, an endorsement to an
3524	owner's or a lender's policy of title insurance;
3525	(d) money deposited with the individual title insurance producer or agency title
3526	insurance producer in connection with any escrow:
3527	(i) is deposited:
3528	(A) in a federally insured financial institution; and
3529	(B) in a trust account that is separate from all other trust account money that is not
3530	related to real estate transactions;
3531	(ii) is the property of the one or more persons entitled to the money under the
3532	provisions of the escrow; and
3533	(iii) is segregated escrow by escrow in the records of the individual title insurance
3534	producer or agency title insurance producer;
3535	(e) earnings on money held in escrow may be paid out of the escrow account to any
3536	person in accordance with the conditions of the escrow;
3537	(f) the escrow does not require the individual title insurance producer or agency title
3538	insurance producer to hold:

3539	(i) construction money; or
3540	(ii) money held for exchange under Section 1031, Internal Revenue Code; and
3541	(g) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall
3542	maintain a physical office in Utah staffed by a person with an escrow subline of authority who
3543	processes the escrow.
3544	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an individual title insurance producer or agency
3545	title insurance producer may engage in the escrow business if:
3546	(a) the escrow involves:
3547	(i) a mobile home;
3548	(ii) a grazing right;
3549	(iii) a water right; or
3550	(iv) other personal property authorized by the commissioner; and
3551	(b) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer complies
3552	with this section except for Subsection (1)(c).
3553	(3) Money held in escrow:
3554	(a) is not subject to any debts of the individual title insurance producer or agency title
3555	insurance producer;
3556	(b) may only be used to fulfill the terms of the individual escrow under which the
3557	money is accepted; and
3558	(c) may not be used until the conditions of the escrow are met.
3559	(4) Assets or property other than escrow money received by an individual title
3560	insurance producer or agency title insurance producer in accordance with an escrow shall be
3561	maintained in a manner that will:
3562	(a) reasonably preserve and protect the asset or property from loss, theft, or damages;
3563	and
3564	(b) otherwise comply with the general duties and responsibilities of a fiduciary or
3565	bailee.

(5) (a) A check from the trust account described in Subsection (1)(d) may not be
drawn, executed, or dated, or money otherwise disbursed unless the segregated escrow account
from which money is to be disbursed contains a sufficient credit balance consisting of collected
and cleared money at the time the check is drawn, executed, or dated, or money is otherwise
disbursed.

3571 (b) As used in this Subsection (5), money is considered to be "collected and cleared,"3572 and may be disbursed as follows:

3573

(i) cash may be disbursed on the same day the cash is deposited;

(ii) a wire transfer may be disbursed on the same day the wire transfer is deposited; and
(iii) the proceeds of one or more of the following financial instruments may be
disbursed on the same day the financial instruments are deposited if received from a single
party to the real estate transaction and if the aggregate of the financial instruments for the real
estate transaction is less than \$10,000:

3579 (A) a cashier's check, certified check, or official check that is drawn on an existing3580 account at a federally insured financial institution;

3581 (B) a check drawn on the trust account of a principal broker or associate broker 3582 licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices Act, if the individual 3583 title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer has reasonable and prudent grounds 3584 to believe sufficient money will be available from the trust account on which the check is 3585 drawn at the time of disbursement of proceeds from the individual title insurance producer or 3586 agency title insurance producer's escrow account;

3587

(C) a personal check not to exceed \$500 per closing; or

3588 (D) a check drawn on the escrow account of another individual title insurance producer 3589 or agency title insurance producer, if the individual title insurance producer or agency title 3590 insurance producer in the escrow transaction has reasonable and prudent grounds to believe 3591 that sufficient money will be available for withdrawal from the account upon which the check 3592 is drawn at the time of disbursement of money from the escrow account of the individual title

3593	insurance producer or agency title insurance producer in the escrow transaction.
3594	(c) A check or deposit not described in Subsection (5)(b) may be disbursed:
3595	(i) within the time limits provided under the Expedited Funds Availability Act, 12
3596	U.S.C. Sec. 4001 et seq., as amended, and related regulations of the Federal Reserve System; or
3597	(ii) upon notification from the financial institution to which the money has been
3598	deposited that final settlement has occurred on the deposited financial instrument.
3599	(6) An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall
3600	maintain a record of a receipt or disbursement of escrow money.
3601	(7) An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall
3602	comply with:
3603	(a) Section 31A-23a-409;
3604	(b) Title 46, Chapter 1, Notaries Public Reform Act; and
3605	(c) any rules adopted by the Title and Escrow Commission, subject to Section
3606	31A-2-404, that govern escrows.
3607	(8) If an individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer conducts
3608	a search for real estate located in the state, the individual title insurance producer or agency
3609	title insurance producer shall conduct a reasonable search of the public records.
3610	Section 30. Section 31A-23b-102 is amended to read:
3611	31A-23b-102. Definitions.
3612	As used in this chapter:
3613	(1) "Enroll" and "enrollment" mean to:
3614	(a) (i) obtain personally identifiable information about an individual; and
3615	(ii) inform an individual about accident and health insurance plans or public programs
3616	offered on an exchange;
3617	(b) solicit insurance; or
3618	(c) submit to the exchange:
3619	(i) personally identifiable information about an individual; and

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3620 (ii) an individual's selection of a particular accident and health insurance plan or public3621 program offered on the exchange.

3622 [(2) (a) "Exchange" means an online marketplace that is certified by the United States
 3623 Department of Health and Human Services as either a state-based small employer exchange or
 3624 a federally facilitated individual exchange under PPACA.]

3625 [(b) "Exchange" does not include an online marketplace for the purchase of health
 3626 insurance if the online marketplace is not a certified exchange in accordance with Subsection
 3627 (2)(a).]

3628 [(3)] (2) "Navigator":

(a) means a person who facilitates enrollment in an exchange by offering to assist, orwho advertises any services to assist, with:

3631 (i) the selection of and enrollment in a qualified health plan or a public program3632 offered on an exchange; or

3633 (ii) applying for premium subsidies through an exchange; and

3634 (b) includes a person who is an in-person assister or a certified application counselor as3635 described in federal regulations or guidance issued under PPACA.

3636 [(4)] (3) "Personally identifiable information" is as defined in 45 C.F.R. Sec. 155.260.

3637 [(5)] (4) "Public programs" means the state Medicaid program in Title 26, Chapter 18,

3638 Medical Assistance Act, and <u>Title 26</u>, Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health Insurance Act.

3639 [(6)] (5) "Resident" is as defined by rule made by the commissioner in accordance with

3640 Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

3641 [(7)] (6) "Solicit" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
3642 31A-23a-102.

3042 31A-23a-102.

3643 Section 31. Section **31A-23b-202.5** is amended to read:

3644 31A-23b-202.5. License types.

3645 (1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued under the license types described3646 in Subsection (2).

3647	(2) A license type under this chapter shall be a navigator line of authority or a certified
3648	application counselor line of authority. A license type is intended to describe the matters to be
3649	considered under any education, examination, and training required of an applicant under this
3650	chapter.
3651	(3) (a) A navigator line of authority includes the enrollment process as described in
3652	Subsection $31A-23b-102[(3)](2)(a)$.
3653	(b) (i) A certified application counselor line of authority is limited to providing
3654	information and assistance to individuals and employees about public programs and premium
3655	subsidies available through the exchange.
3656	(ii) A certified application counselor line of authority does not allow the certified
3657	application counselor to assist a person with the selection of or enrollment in a qualified health
3658	plan offered on an exchange.
3659	Section 32. Section 31A-23b-204 is amended to read:
3660	31A-23b-204. Character requirements.
3661	An applicant for a license under this chapter shall demonstrate to the commissioner
3662	that:
3663	(1) the applicant has the intent, in good faith, to engage in the practice of a navigator as
3664	the license would permit;
3665	(2) (a) if a natural person, the applicant is:
3666	(i) competent; and
3667	(ii) trustworthy; or
3668	(b) if the applicant is an agency:
3669	(i) the partners, directors, or principal officers or persons having comparable powers
3670	are trustworthy; and
3671	(ii) that it will transact business in a way that the acts that may only be performed by a
3672	licensed navigator are performed only by a natural person who is licensed under this chapter, or
3673	Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing-Licensing Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance

3674	Intermediaries;
3675	(3) the applicant intends to comply with the surety bond requirements of Section
3676	31A-23b-207;
3677	(4) if a natural person, the applicant is at least 18 years of age; and
3678	(5) the applicant does not have a conflict of interest as defined by regulations issued
3679	under PPACA.
3680	Section 33. Section 31A-23b-205 is amended to read:
3681	31A-23b-205. Examination and training requirements.
3682	(1) The commissioner may require an applicant for a license to pass an examination
3683	and complete a training program as a requirement for a license.
3684	(2) The examination described in Subsection (1) shall reasonably relate to:
3685	(a) the duties and functions of a navigator;
3686	(b) requirements for navigators as established by federal regulation under PPACA; and
3687	(c) other requirements that may be established by the commissioner by administrative
3688	rule.
3689	(3) The examination may be administered by the commissioner or as otherwise
3690	specified by administrative rule.
3691	(4) The training required by Subsection (1) shall be approved by the commissioner and
3692	shall include:
3693	(a) accident and health insurance plans;
3694	(b) qualifications for and enrollment in public programs;
3695	(c) qualifications for and enrollment in premium subsidies;
3696	(d) cultural and linguistic competence;
3697	(e) conflict of interest standards;
3698	(f) exchange functions; and
3699	(g) other requirements that may be adopted by the commissioner by administrative
3700	rule.

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3701	(5) (a) For the navigator line of authority, the training required by Subsection (1) shall
3702	consist of at least 21 credit hours of training before obtaining the license, which shall
3703	include[:(i) at least two hours of training on defined contribution arrangements and the small
3704	employer health insurance exchange; and (ii)] the navigator training and certification program
3705	developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
3706	(b) For the certified application counselor line of authority, the training required by
3707	Subsection (1) shall consist of at least six hours of training before obtaining a license, which
3708	shall include[:(i) at least one hour of training on defined contribution arrangements and the
3709	small employer health insurance exchange; and(ii)] the certified application counselor training
3710	and certification program developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
3711	(6) This section applies only to an applicant who is a natural person.
3712	Section 34. Section 31A-23b-206 is amended to read:
3713	31A-23b-206. Continuing education requirements.
3714	(1) The commissioner shall, by rule, prescribe continuing education requirements for a
3715	navigator.
3716	(2) (a) The commissioner may not require a degree from an institution of higher
3717	education as part of continuing education.
3718	(b) The commissioner may state a continuing education requirement in terms of hours
3719	of instruction received in:
3720	(i) accident and health insurance;
3721	(ii) qualification for and enrollment in public programs;
3722	(iii) qualification for and enrollment in premium subsidies;
3723	(iv) cultural competency;
3724	(v) conflict of interest standards; and
3725	(vi) other exchange functions.
3726	
	(3) (a) For a navigator line of authority, continuing education requirements shall

3727 require:

3728	(i) that a licensee complete 12 credit hours of continuing education for every one-year
3729	licensing period;
3730	(ii) that at least two of the 12 credit hours described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) be ethics
3731	courses; and
3732	[(iii) that at least one of the 12 credit hours described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) be training
3733	on defined contribution arrangements and the use of the small employer health insurance
3734	exchange; and]
3735	[(iv)] (iii) that a licensee complete the annual navigator training and certification
3736	program developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
3737	(b) For a certified application counselor, the continuing education requirements shall
3738	require:
3739	(i) that a licensee complete six credit hours of continuing education for every one-year
3740	licensing period;
3741	(ii) that at least two of the six credit hours described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) be on
3742	ethics courses; and
3743	[(iii) that at least one of the six credit hours described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) be
3744	training on defined contribution arrangements and the use of the small employer health
3745	insurance exchange; and]
3746	[(iv)] (iii) that a licensee complete the annual certified application counselor training
3747	and certification program developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
3748	(c) An hour of continuing education in accordance with Subsections (3)(a)(i) and (b)(i)
3749	may be obtained through:
3750	(i) classroom attendance;
3751	(ii) home study;
3752	(iii) watching a video recording; or
3753	(iv) another method approved by rule.
3754	(d) A licensee may obtain continuing education hours at any time during the one-year

3755	license period.
3756	(e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3757	commissioner shall, by rule, authorize one or more continuing education providers, including a
3758	state or national professional producer or consultant associations, to:
3759	(i) offer a qualified program on a geographically accessible basis; and
3760	(ii) collect a reasonable fee for funding and administration of a continuing education
3761	program, subject to the review and approval of the commissioner.
3762	(4) The commissioner shall approve a continuing education provider or a continuing
3763	education course that satisfies the requirements of this section.
3764	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3765	commissioner shall by rule establish the procedures for continuing education provider
3766	registration and course approval.
3767	(6) This section applies only to a navigator who is a natural person.
3768	(7) A navigator shall keep documentation of completing the continuing education
3769	requirements of this section for one year after the end of the one-year licensing period to which
3770	the continuing education applies.
3771	Section 35. Section 31A-25-204 is amended to read:
3772	31A-25-204. Character requirements.
3773	Each applicant for a license under this chapter shall show to the commissioner all of the
3774	following:
3775	(1) [he or it] that the applicant has the good faith intent to engage in the type of
3776	business the license applied for would permit;
3777	(2) (a) if a natural person, [he is] that the applicant is:
3778	(i) competent; and
3779	(ii) trustworthy[;]; or[;]
3780	(b) if a partnership or corporation, that all the partners, directors, principal officers, or
3781	persons having comparable powers are trustworthy; and

3782	(3) if a natural person, [he] that the applicant is at least 18 years of age.
3783	Section 36. Section 31A-25-206 is amended to read:
3784	31A-25-206. Nonresident jurisdictional agreement.
3785	(1) (a) If a nonresident license applicant has a valid license from the nonresident license
3786	applicant's home state or designated home state and the conditions of Subsection (1)(b) are
3787	met, the commissioner shall:
3788	(i) waive any license requirement for a license under this chapter; and
3789	(ii) issue the nonresident license applicant a nonresident third party administrator
3790	license.
3791	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if:
3792	(i) the nonresident license applicant:
3793	(A) is licensed [as a resident] in the nonresident license applicant's home state \underline{or}
3794	designated home state at the time the nonresident license applicant applies for a nonresident
3795	third party administrator license;
3796	(B) has submitted the proper request for licensure;
3797	(C) has submitted to the commissioner:
3798	(I) the application for licensure that the nonresident license applicant submitted to the
3799	applicant's home state or designated home state; or
3800	(II) a completed uniform application; and
3801	(D) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103;
3802	(ii) the nonresident license applicant's license in the applicant's home state or
3803	designated home state is in good standing; and
3804	(iii) the nonresident license applicant's home state or designated home state awards
3805	nonresident third party administrator licenses to residents of this state on the same basis as this
3806	state awards licenses to residents of that home state or designated home state.
3807	(2) A nonresident applicant shall execute in a form acceptable to the commissioner an
3808	agreement to be subject to the jurisdiction of the Utah commissioner and courts on any matter

3809	related to the applicant's insurance activities in Utah, on the basis of:
3810	(a) service of process under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310; or
3811	(b) other service authorized in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
3812	(3) The commissioner may verify the third party administrator's licensing status
3813	through the database maintained by:
3814	(a) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or
3815	(b) an affiliate or subsidiary of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
3816	(4) The commissioner may not assess a greater fee for an insurance license or related
3817	service to a person not residing in this state based solely on the fact that the person does not
3818	reside in this state.
3819	Section 37. Section 31A-26-102 is amended to read:
3820	31A-26-102. Definitions.
3821	As used in this chapter, unless expressly provided otherwise:
3822	(1) "Company adjuster" means a person employed by an insurer [whose regular duties
3823	include insurance adjusting], or an entity under common control or ownership with the insurer,
3824	who negotiates or settles claims on behalf of the employer.
3825	(2) "Designated home state" means the state or territory of the United States or the
3826	District of Columbia:
3827	(a) in which an insurance adjuster does not maintain the adjuster's principal:
3828	(i) place of residence; or
3829	(ii) place of business;
3830	(b) if the resident state, territory, or District of Columbia of the adjuster does not
3831	license adjusters for the line of authority sought, the adjuster has qualified for the license as if
3832	the person were a resident in the state, territory, or District of Columbia described in
3833	Subsection (2)(a), including an applicable:
3834	(i) examination requirement;
3835	(ii) fingerprint background check requirement; and

3836	(iii) continuing education requirement; and
3837	(c) the adjuster has designated the state, territory, or District of Columbia as the
3838	designated home state.
3839	(3) "Home state" means:
3840	(a) a state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia in which an
3841	insurance adjuster:
3842	(i) maintains the adjuster's principal:
3843	(A) place of residence; or
3844	(B) place of business; and
3845	(ii) is licensed to act as a resident adjuster; or
3846	(b) if the resident state, territory, or the District of Columbia described in Subsection
3847	(3)(a) does not license adjusters for the line of authority sought, a state, territory, or the District
3848	of Columbia:
3849	(i) in which the adjuster is licensed;
3850	(ii) in which the adjuster is in good standing; and
3851	(iii) that the adjuster has designated as the adjuster's designated home state.
3852	(4) "Independent adjuster" means an insurance adjuster required to be licensed under
3853	Section 31A-26-201, who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of one or more
3854	insurers.
3855	(5) "Insurance adjusting" or "adjusting" means directing or conducting the
3856	investigation, negotiation, or settlement of a claim under an insurance policy, on behalf of an
3857	insurer, policyholder, or a claimant under an insurance policy.
3858	(6) "Organization" means a person other than a natural person, and includes a sole
3859	proprietorship by which a natural person does business under an assumed name.
3860	(7) "Portable electronics insurance" is as defined in Section 31A-22-1802.
3861	(8) "Public adjuster" means a person required to be licensed under Section
20(2	21 A 20 201 rate and a single second direction and a second state of the second state

3862 31A-26-201, who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of insureds and claimants

3863	under insurance policies.
3864	Section 38. Section 31A-26-205 is amended to read:
3865	31A-26-205. Character requirements.
3866	Each applicant for a license under this chapter shall show to the commissioner that:
3867	(1) [he] the applicant has the good faith intent to engage in the type of business the
3868	license or licenses applied for would permit;
3869	(2) (a) if a natural person, [he is] the applicant is:
3870	(i) competent; and
3871	(ii) trustworthy[;]; or[-that,]
3872	(b) if an organization, all the partners, directors, principal officers, or persons in fact
3873	having comparable powers are trustworthy, and that [it] the applicant will transact business in
3874	such a way that all acts that may only be performed by a licensed adjuster are performed
3875	exclusively by natural persons who are licensed under this chapter to transact that business and
3876	listed on the organization's license under Section 31A-26-209; and
3877	(3) if a natural person, [he] the applicant is at least 18 years of age.
3878	Section 39. Section 31A-26-208 is amended to read:
3879	31A-26-208. Nonresident jurisdictional agreement.
3880	(1) (a) If a nonresident license applicant has a valid license from the nonresident
3881	license applicant's home state or designated home state and the conditions of Subsection (1)(b)
3882	are met, the commissioner shall:
3883	(i) waive any license requirement for a license under this chapter; and
3884	(ii) issue the nonresident license applicant a nonresident adjuster's license.
3885	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if:
3886	(i) the nonresident license applicant:
3887	(A) is licensed [as a resident] in the nonresident license applicant's home state \underline{or}
3888	designated home state at the time the nonresident license applicant applies for a nonresident
3889	adjuster license;

3890	(B) has submitted the proper request for licensure;
3891	(C) has submitted to the commissioner:
3892	(I) the application for licensure that the nonresident license applicant submitted to the
3893	applicant's home state or designated home state; or
3894	(II) a completed uniform application; and
3895	(D) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103;
3896	(ii) the nonresident license applicant's license in the applicant's home state or
3897	designated home state is in good standing; and
3898	(iii) the nonresident license applicant's home state or designated home state awards
3899	nonresident adjuster licenses to residents of this state on the same basis as this state awards
3900	licenses to residents of that home state or designated home state.
3901	(2) A nonresident applicant shall execute in a form acceptable to the commissioner an
3902	agreement to be subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner and courts of this state on any
3903	matter related to the adjuster's insurance activities in this state, on the basis of:
3904	(a) service of process under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310; or
3905	(b) other service authorized under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure or Section
3906	78B-3-206.
3907	(3) The commissioner may verify an adjuster's licensing status through the database
3908	maintained by:
3909	(a) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or
3910	(b) an affiliate or subsidiary of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
3911	(4) The commissioner may not assess a greater fee for an insurance license or related
3912	service to a person not residing in this state based solely on the fact that the person does not
3913	reside in this state.
3914	Section 40. Section 31A-27a-111 is amended to read:
3915	31A-27a-111. Actions by and against the receiver.
3916	(1) (a) An allegation by the receiver of improper or fraudulent conduct against a person

3917	may not be the basis of a defense to the enforcement of a contractual obligation owed to the
3918	insurer by a third party.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a third party described in this Subsection (1) is
not barred by this section from seeking to establish independently as a defense that the conduct
is materially and substantially related to the contractual obligation for which enforcement is
sought.

- 3923 (2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), a prior wrongful or negligent action of any present
 3924 or former officer, manager, director, trustee, owner, employee, or agent of the insurer may not
 3925 be asserted as a defense to a claim by the receiver:
- 3926 (i) under a theory of:
- 3927 (A) estoppel;
- 3928 (B) comparative fault;
- 3929 (C) intervening cause;
- 3930 (D) proximate cause;
- 3931 (E) reliance; or
- 3932 (F) mitigation of damages; or
- 3933 (ii) otherwise.
- 3934 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a):
- 3935 (i) the affirmative defense of fraud in the inducement may be asserted against the3936 receiver in a claim based on a contract; and
- 3937 (ii) a principal under a surety bond or a surety undertaking is entitled to credit against
 3938 any reimbursement obligation to the receiver for the value of any property pledged to secure the
 3939 reimbursement obligation to the extent that:
- 3940 (A) the receiver has possession or control of the property; or
- 3941 (B) the insurer or its agents misappropriated, including commingling, the property.
- 3942 (c) Evidence of fraud in the inducement is admissible only if it is contained in the
- 3943 records of the insurer.

3944	(3) Action or inaction by an insurance regulatory authority may not be asserted as a
3945	defense to a claim by the receiver.
3946	(4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), a judgment or order entered against an insured or
3947	the insurer in contravention of a stay or injunction under this chapter, or at any time by default
3948	or collusion, may not be considered as evidence of liability or of the quantum of damages in
3949	adjudicating claims filed in the estate arising out of the subject matter of the judgment or order.
3950	(b) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to an affected guaranty association's claim for
3951	amounts paid on a settlement or judgment in pursuit of the affected guaranty association's
3952	statutory obligations.
3953	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), the following do not affect the amount that a
3954	receiver may recover from a third party, regardless of any provision in an agreement to the
3955	contrary:
3956	(i) the insurer's insolvency; or
3957	(ii) the insurer's or receiver's failure to pay all or a portion of an amount or a claim to
3958	the third party.
3959	(b) If an agreement between the insurer and a third party requires a payment by the
3960	insurer before the insurer may recover from the third party, the amount the receiver may
3961	recover from the third party under Subsection (5)(a) is limited to an amount equal to the greater
3962	<u>of:</u>
3963	(i) the amount paid by the insurer or by another person on behalf of the insurer to the
3964	third party; or
3965	(ii) the amount allowed as a claim for payment under:
3966	(A) an approved report described in Section <u>31A-27a-608</u> ;
3967	(B) an order of the receivership court; or
3968	(C) a plan of rehabilitation.
3969	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ (6) The receiver may not be considered a governmental entity for the purposes of
3970	any state law awarding fees to a litigant who prevails against a governmental entity.

3971	Section 41. Section 31A-27a-608 is amended to read:
3972	31A-27a-608. Liquidator's recommendations to the receivership court.
3973	(1) The liquidator shall, from time to time as determined by the liquidator, present to
3974	the receivership court for approval, reports of claims settled or determined by the liquidator
3975	under Section 31A-27a-603.
3976	(2) A report required by this section shall include information identifying:
3977	(a) the claim;
3978	(b) the amount of the claim; and
3979	(c) the priority class of the claim.
3980	(3) (a) A claim included in a report described in this section and approved by the
3981	receivership court is a liability of the estate.
3982	(b) An insurer's insolvency does not affect the amount of a liability described in
3983	Subsection (3)(a), regardless of any provision in an agreement to the contrary.
3984	Section 42. Section 31A-30-210 is amended to read:
3985	31A-30-210. State contract requirements Employer default plans.
3986	(1) This section applies to an employer who is required to offer $[its]$ the employer's
3987	employees a health benefit plan as a condition of qualifying for a state contract under:
3988	(a) Section 17B-2a-818.5;
3989	(b) Section 19-1-206;
3990	[(c) Subsection 63A-5-205(3);]
3991	(c) Subsection <u>63A-5-205.5;</u>
3992	(d) Section 63C-9-403;
3993	(e) Section 72-6-107.5; and
3994	(f) Section 79-2-404.
3995	(2) An employer described in Subsection (1) shall, when selecting the default plan
3996	required in Section 31A-30-204, select a default plan that is "qualified health insurance
3997	coverage" as defined in the sections listed in Subsections (1)(a) through (f).

3998	Section 43. Section 31A-43-303 is amended to read:
3999	31A-43-303. Stop-loss insurance disclosure.
4000	A stop-loss insurance contract delivered, issued for delivery, or entered into shall
4001	include the disclosure exhibit required by the commissioner through administrative rule, which
4002	shall include at least the following information:
4003	(1) the complete costs for the stop-loss contract;
4004	(2) the date on which the insurance takes effect and terminates, including renewability
4005	provisions;
4006	(3) the aggregate attachment point and the specific attachment point;
4007	(4) limitations on coverage;
4008	(5) an explanation of monthly accommodation and disclosure about any monthly
4009	accommodation features included in the stop-loss contract;
4010	(6) a description of terminal liability funding, including the cost of processing claims
4011	before and after the termination of the contract; [and]
4012	(7) maximum claims liability to the employer[.]; and
4013	(8) a summary of the policy.
4014	Section 44. Section 31A-45-403 is enacted to read:
4015	<u>31A-45-403.</u> Essential health benefits.
4016	(1) The state designates the state's own essential health benefits and does not accept a
4017	federal determination of the essential health benefits under the PPACA.
4018	(2) Subject to Subsections (3) and (4), the commissioner shall make rules in
4019	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that designate the
4020	essential health benefits for the state.
4021	(3) Before the commissioner makes rules in accordance with Subsection (2):
4022	(a) the commissioner shall present a summary of the commissioner's planned rules to
4023	the Health Reform Task Force; and
4024	

4024 (b) the Health Reform Task Force shall recommend whether the commissioner makes

4025	rules in accordance with the presented summary.
4026	(4) The essential health benefits plan:
4027	(a) may not include a state mandate if the inclusion of the state mandate would require
4028	the state to contribute to premium subsidies under the PPACA; and
4029	(b) may add benefits in addition to the benefits included in a benchmark plan adopted
4030	in accordance with this section if the additional benefits are mandated under the PPACA.
4031	Section 45. Section 34A-2-107 is amended to read:
4032	34A-2-107. Appointment of workers' compensation advisory council
4033	Composition Terms of members Duties Compensation.
4034	(1) The commissioner shall appoint a workers' compensation advisory council
4035	composed of:
4036	(a) the following voting members:
4037	(i) five employer representatives; and
4038	(ii) five employee representatives; and
4039	(b) the following nonvoting members:
4040	(i) a representative of the workers' compensation insurance carrier that provides
4041	workers' compensation insurance under Section 31A-22-1001;
4042	(ii) a representative of a workers' compensation insurance carrier different from the
4043	workers' compensation insurance carrier listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i);
4044	(iii) a representative of health care providers;
4045	(iv) the Utah insurance commissioner or the insurance commissioner's designee; and
4046	(v) the commissioner or the commissioner's designee.
4047	(2) Employers and employees shall consider nominating members of groups who
4048	historically may have been excluded from the council, such as women, minorities, and
4049	individuals with disabilities.
4050	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current council members
4051	expire, the commissioner shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a two-year

4052	term beginning July 1 and ending June 30.
4053	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the commissioner shall, at
4054	the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
4055	council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every two
4056	years.
4057	(4) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall
4058	be appointed for the unexpired term.
4059	(b) The commissioner shall terminate the term of a council member who ceases to be
4060	representative as designated by the member's original appointment.
4061	(5) The council shall confer at least quarterly for the purpose of advising the
4062	commission, the division, and the Legislature on:
4063	(a) the Utah workers' compensation and occupational disease laws;
4064	(b) the administration of the laws described in Subsection (5)(a); and
4065	(c) rules related to the laws described in Subsection (5)(a).
4066	(6) Regarding workers' compensation, rehabilitation, and reemployment of employees
4067	who acquire a disability because of an industrial injury or occupational disease the council
4068	shall:
4069	(a) offer advice on issues requested by:
4070	(i) the commission;
4071	(ii) the division; and
4072	(iii) the Legislature; and
4073	(b) make recommendations to:
4074	(i) the commission; and
4075	(ii) the division.
4076	[(7) The council shall study how hospital costs may be reduced for purposes of medical
4077	benefits for workers' compensation. By no later than November 30, 2017, the council shall
4078	submit, in accordance with Section 68-3-14, a written report to the Business and Labor Interim

4079	Committee containing the council's recommendations.]
4080	(7) (a) The council shall:
4081	(i) study how to reduce hospital costs for purposes of medical benefits for workers'
4082	compensation;
4083	(ii) study hospital billing and payment trends in the state;
4084	(iii) study hospital fee schedules used in other states; and
4085	(iv) collect information from third-party hospital bill review companies in the state or
4086	region to identify an average reimbursement rate that represents the approximate rate at which
4087	a workers' compensation insurance carrier or self-insured employer should expect to reimburse
4088	a hospital for billed hospital fees for covered medical services in the state.
4089	(b) In accordance with Section 68-3-14, the council shall submit a written report to the
4090	Business and Labor Interim Committee no later than September 1, 2019, 2020, and 2021. Each
4091	written report shall include:
4092	(i) recommendations on how to reduce hospital costs for purposes of medical benefits
4093	for workers' compensation;
4094	(ii) aggregate data on hospital billing and payment trends in the state;
4095	(iii) the results of the council's study of hospital fee schedules from other states; and
4096	(iv) the approximate rate at which a workers' compensation insurance carrier or
4097	self-insured employer should expect to reimburse a hospital for billed hospital fees for covered
4098	medical services, calculated in accordance with Subsection (7)(a)(iv).
4099	(c) For each report described in Subsection (7)(b), the commission may contract with a
4100	third-party expert to assist with the council's duties described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b).
4101	(8) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall serve as the chair of the
4102	council and call the necessary meetings.
4103	(9) The commission shall provide staff support to the council.
4104	(10) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
4105	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

4106	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
4107	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
4108	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
4109	63A-3-107.
4110	Section 46. Section 34A-2-705 is amended to read:
4111	34A-2-705. Industrial Accident Restricted Account.
4112	(1) As used in this section:
4113	(a) "Account" means the Industrial Accident Restricted Account created by this
4114	section.
4115	(b) "Advisory council" means the state workers' compensation advisory council created
4116	under Section 34A-2-107.
4117	(2) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Industrial
4118	Accident Restricted Account."
4119	(3) (a) The account is funded from:
4120	(i) .5% of the premium income remitted to the state treasurer and credited to the
4121	account pursuant to Subsection 59-9-101(2)(c)(iv); and
4122	(ii) amounts deposited under Section 34A-2-1003.
4123	(b) If the balance in the account exceeds \$500,000 at the close of a fiscal year, the
4124	excess shall be transferred to the Uninsured Employers' Fund created under Section 34A-2-704.
4125	(4) (a) From money appropriated by the Legislature from the account to the
4126	commission and subject to the requirements of this section, the commission may fund:
4127	(i) the activities of the Division of Industrial Accidents described in Section
4128	34A-1-202;
4129	(ii) the activities of the Division of Adjudication described in Section 34A-1-202;
4130	[and]
4131	(iii) the activities of the commission described in Section 34A-2-1005[-]; and
4132	(iv) the activities of the commission described in Subsection 34A-2-107(7)(c), up to

4133	\$50,000 for each of the three reports described in Subsection 34A-2-107(7)(b).
4134	(b) The money deposited in the account may not be used for a purpose other than a
4135	purpose described in this Subsection (4), including an administrative cost or another activity of
4136	the commission unrelated to the account.
4137	(5) (a) Each year before the public hearing required by Subsection $59-9-101(2)(d)(i)$,
4138	the commission shall report to the advisory council regarding:
4139	(i) the commission's budget request to the governor for the next fiscal year related to:
4140	(A) the Division of Industrial Accidents; and
4141	(B) the Division of Adjudication;
4142	(ii) the expenditures of the commission for the fiscal year in which the commission is
4143	reporting related to:
4144	(A) the Division of Industrial Accidents; and
4145	(B) the Division of Adjudication;
4146	(iii) revenues generated from the premium assessment under Section 59-9-101 on an
4147	admitted insurer writing workers' compensation insurance in this state and on a self-insured
4148	employer under Section 34A-2-202; and
4149	(iv) money deposited under Section 34A-2-1003.
4150	(b) The commission shall annually report to the governor and the Legislature
4151	regarding:
4152	(i) the use of the money appropriated to the commission under this section;
4153	(ii) revenues generated from the premium assessment under Section 59-9-101 on an
4154	admitted insurer writing workers' compensation insurance in this state and on a self-insured
4155	employer under Section 34A-2-202; and
4156	(iii) money deposited under Section 34A-2-1003.
4157	Section 47. Section 63A-5-205 is amended to read:
4158	63A-5-205. Contracting powers of director Retainage.
4150	[(1) As used in this section.]

4159 [(1) As used in this section:]

4160	[(a) "Capital developments" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4161	63A-5-104.]
4162	[(b) "Capital improvements" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4163	63A-5-104.]
4164	[(c) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
4165	34A-2-104 who:]
4166	[(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and]
4167	[(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
4168	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days from the date of hire.]
4169	[(d) "Health benefit plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4170	31A-1-301.]
4171	[(e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means the same as that term is defined in
4172	Section 26-40-115.]
4173	[(f) "Subcontractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-5-208.]
4174	[(2)] (1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the
4175	director may:
4176	(a) subject to [Subsections (3) and (4)] Section 63A-5-205.5, enter into [contracts] a
4177	contract for any work or professional services [which] that the division or the State Building
4178	Board may do or have done; and
4179	(b) as a condition of any contract for architectural or engineering services, prohibit the
4180	architect or engineer from retaining a sales or agent engineer for the necessary design work.
4181	[(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), this Subsection (3) applies to]
4182	[all design or construction contracts entered into by the division or the State Building
4183	Board on or after July 1, 2009, and:]
4184	[(a) applies to a prime contractor if the prime contract is in the amount of \$2,000,000
4185	or greater at the original execution of the contract; and]
4186	[(b) applies to a subcontractor if the subcontract is in the amount of \$1,000,000 or

4188[(4) Subsection (3) does not apply:]4189[(a) if the application of Subsection (3) jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;]4190[(b) if the contract is a sole source contract;]4191[(c) if the contract is an emergency procurement; or]4192[(d) to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, or a modification to a4193contract, when the contract does not meet the threshold required by Subsection (3).]4194[(5) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to4195circumvent the requirements of Subsection (3) is guilty of an infraction.]4196[(6) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (3) shall demonstrate to the director that the4197contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the4198contractor's employees and the employees' dependents.]4199[(b) If a subcontractor of the contract or is subject to Subsection (3), the contractor4200shall:]4201[(i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor's employees and4203the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract, and]4204[(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of4203qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontract, and4204[(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor's employees and the employees'4205qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontract, and4205[(c) (i) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (6)(a) during the
4190[(b) if the contract is a sole source contract;]4191[(c) if the contract is an emergency procurement; or]4192[(d) to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, or a modification to a4193contract, when the contract does not meet the threshold required by Subsection (3);]4194[(5) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to4195circumvent the requirements of Subsection (3) is guilty of an infraction.]4196[(6) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (3) shall demonstrate to the director that the4197contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the4198contractor's employees and the employees' dependents.]4199[(b) If a subcontractor of the contract is subject to Subsection (3), the contractor4200shall:]4201[(i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor's employees and4203the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and]4204[(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of4205qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontract; and]4204[(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor's employees'4205qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontract, and will maintain an offer of4206dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
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4192[(d) to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the threshold required by Subsection (3):]4193[(5) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to circumvent the requirements of Subsection (3) is guilty of an infraction:]4196[(6) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (3) shall demonstrate to the director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents.]4199[(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (3), the contractor shall:]4200shall:]4201[(i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and]4203[(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor's employees' dependents during the duration of the subcontractor's employees' dependents and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees' dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
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 4197 contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the 4198 contractor's employees and the employees' dependents.] 4199 [(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (3), the contractor 4200 shall:] 4201 [(i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor shall obtain and 4202 maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and 4203 the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and] 4204 [(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of 4205 qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees' 4206 dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
 4198 contractor's employees and the employees' dependents.] 4199 [(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (3), the contractor 4200 shall:] 4201 [(i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor shall obtain and 4202 maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and 4203 the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and] 4204 [(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of 4205 qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees' 4206 dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (3), the contractor shall:] (i) place a requirement in the subcontract that the subcontractor shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependants during the duration of the subcontract; and] (ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontract; and (a) [(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor's employees and qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontract; and (a) [(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor's employees and the employees' qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
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 4204 [(ii) certify to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of 4205 qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' 4206 dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
 4205 qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' 4206 dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
4206 dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
4207 [(c) (i) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (6)(a) during the
4208 duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted
4209 by the division under Subsection (7).]
4210 [(ii) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet
4211 the requirements of Subsection (6)(b).]
4212 [(iii) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (6)(b) during
4213 the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules

4214	adopted by the division under Subsection (7).]
4215	[(iv) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet
4216	the requirements of Subsection (6)(a).]
4217	[(7) The division shall adopt administrative rules:]
4218	[(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;]
4219	[(b) in coordination with:]
4220	[(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;]
4221	[(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;]
4222	[(iii) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;]
4223	[(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;]
4224	[(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and]
4225	[(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and]
4226	[(c) that establish:]
4227	[(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
4228	director compliance with Subsections (3) through (10) that shall include:]
4229	[(A) that a contractor shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection (6)(a) or (b) at the
4230	time of the execution of each initial contract described in Subsection (3);]
4231	[(B) that the contractor's compliance is subject to an audit by the division or the Office
4232	of the Legislative Auditor General; and]
4233	[(C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
4234	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
4235	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is not more
4236	than one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from an actuary
4237	selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer, or an underwriter who is responsible for
4238	developing the employer group's premium rates;]
4239	[(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
4240	violates the provisions of Subsections (3) through (10), which may include:]

4241	[(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
4242	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;]
4243	[(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
4244	future contracts with the state upon the second violation;]
4245	[(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
4246	Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and]
4247	[(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
4248	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and the dependents of an
4249	employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance
4250	coverage during the duration of the contract; and]
4251	[(iii) a website on which the department shall post the commercially equivalent
4252	benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(e), that is
4253	provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).]
4254	[(8) (a) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (7)(c), a contractor or
4255	subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the
4256	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
4257	coverage.]
4258	[(b) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
4259	(8)(a) if:]
4260	[(i) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency
4261	provided by:]
4262	[(A) an actuary; or]
4263	[(B) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
4264	rates; or]
4265	[(ii) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
4266	the provisions of Subsection (4).]
4267	[(c) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to

4268 enforce the provisions of this Subsection (8).] 4269 [(9) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the 4270 Medicaid Restricted Account created by Section 26-18-402.] 4271 [(10) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance 4272 coverage as required by this section.] 4273 (a) may not be the basis for a protect or other action from a prospective bidder, 4274 offeror, or contractor under Section 63G-6a-1602 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 4275 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and] 4276 (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or 4277 contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design 4278 or construction.] [(11)] (2) The judgment of the director as to the responsibility and qualifications of a 4279 4280 bidder is conclusive, except in case of fraud or bad faith. [(12)] (3) The division shall make all payments to the contractor for completed work in 4281 4282 accordance with the contract and pay the interest specified in the contract on any payments that 4283 are late. 4284 $\left[\frac{13}{12}\right]$ (4) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to do work for the 4285 division or the State Building Board is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5. 4286 4287 Section 48. Section 63A-5-205.5 is enacted to read: 4288 63A-5-205.5. Health insurance requirements -- Penalties. 4289 (1) As used in this section: 4290 (a) "Aggregate" means the sum of all contracts, change orders, and modifications 4291 related to a single project. 4292 (b) "Change order" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-6a-103. 4293 (c) "Employee" means, as defined in Section 34A-2-104, an "employee," "worker," or

4294 <u>"operative" who:</u>

4295	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
4296	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance, which
4297	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days after the day on which
4298	the individual is hired.
4299	(d) "Health benefit plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section <u>31A-1-301</u> .
4300	(e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means the same as that term is defined in
4301	<u>Section 26-40-115.</u>
4302	(f) "Subcontractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-5-208.
4303	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the requirements of this section apply to:
4304	(a) a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by the division or the
4305	State Building Board on or after July 1, 2009, if the prime contract is in an aggregate amount
4306	equal to or greater than \$2,000,000; and
4307	(b) a subcontractor of a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by
4308	the division or State Building Board on or after July 1, 2009, if the subcontract is in an
4309	aggregate amount equal to or greater than \$1,000,000.
4310	(3) The requirements of this section do not apply to a contractor or subcontractor
4311	described in Subsection (2) if:
4312	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
4313	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
4314	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
4315	(4) A person that intentionally uses change orders, contract modifications, or multiple
4316	contracts to circumvent the requirements of this section is guilty of an infraction.
4317	(5) (a) A contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall demonstrate
4318	to the director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance
4319	coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents by submitting to the
4320	director a written statement that:
4321	(i) the contractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with Section

4322	<u>26-40-115;</u>
4323	(ii) is from:
4324	(A) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
4325	(B) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
4326	rates; and
4327	(iii) was created within one year before the day on which the statement is submitted.
4328	(b) A contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall:
4329	(i) place a requirement in each of the contractor's subcontracts that a subcontractor that
4330	is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified
4331	health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents
4332	during the duration of the subcontract; and
4333	(ii) obtain from a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section a
4334	written statement that:
4335	(A) the subcontractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with
4336	<u>Section 26-40-115;</u>
4337	(B) is from an actuary selected by the subcontractor or the subcontractor's insurer, or an
4338	underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; and
4339	(C) was created within one year before the day on which the contractor obtains the
4340	statement.
4341	(c) (i) (A) A contractor that fails to maintain an offer of qualified health insurance
4342	coverage described in Subsection (5)(a) during the duration of the contract is subject to
4343	penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the division under Subsection (6).
4344	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to obtain
4345	and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(b)(i).
4346	(ii) (A) A subcontractor that fails to obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health
4347	insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) during the duration of the subcontract is
4348	subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the division under

4349	Subsection (6).
4350	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to maintain
4351	an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(a).
4352	(6) The division shall adopt administrative rules:
4353	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
4354	(b) in coordination with:
4355	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
4356	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
4357	(iii) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
4358	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
4359	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
4360	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
4361	(c) that establish:
4362	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor and a subcontractor shall follow to
4363	demonstrate compliance with this section, including:
4364	(A) that a contractor or subcontractor's compliance with this section is subject to an
4365	audit by the division or the Office of the Legislative Auditor General;
4366	(B) that a contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
4367	written statement described in Subsection (5)(a); and
4368	(C) that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
4369	written statement described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii);
4370	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
4371	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
4372	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
4373	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
4374	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
4375	contracts with the state upon the second violation;

4376	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
4377	Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
4378	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
4379	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of
4380	the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage
4381	during the duration of the contract; and
4382	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the commercially equivalent
4383	benchmark for the qualified health insurance coverage that is provided by the Department of
4384	Health in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
4385	(7) (a) During the duration of a contract, the division may perform an audit to verify a
4386	contractor or subcontractor's compliance with this section.
4387	(b) Upon the division's request, a contractor or subcontractor shall provide the division:
4388	(i) a signed actuarial certification that the coverage the contractor or subcontractor
4389	offers is qualified health insurance coverage; or
4390	(ii) all relevant documents and information necessary for the division to determine
4391	compliance with this section.
4392	(c) If a contractor or subcontractor provides the documents and information described
4393	in Subsection (7)(b)(ii), the Insurance Department shall assist the division in determining if the
4394	coverage the contractor or subcontractor offers is qualified health insurance coverage.
4395	(8) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c)(ii), a contractor
4396	or subcontractor that intentionally violates the provisions of this section is liable to the
4397	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
4398	coverage.
4399	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
4400	<u>(8)(a) if:</u>
4401	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement described in Subsection
4402	(5)(a) or (5)(b)(ii); or

4403	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
4404	the provisions of Subsection (3).
4405	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
4406	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (8).
4407	(9) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
4408	Medicaid Restricted Account created by Section 26-18-402.
4409	(10) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
4410	coverage as required by this section:
4411	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
4412	or contractor under:
4413	(i) Section <u>63G-6a-1602; or</u>
4414	(ii) any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
4415	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
4416	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
4417	or construction.
4418	Section 49. Section 63C-9-403 is amended to read:
4419	63C-9-403. Contracting power of executive director Health insurance coverage.
4420	(1) [For purposes of] As used in this section:
4421	(a) "Aggregate" means the sum of all contracts, change orders, and modifications
4422	related to a single project.
4423	(b) "Change order" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-6a-103.
4424	[(a)] (c) "Employee" means, as defined in Section 34A-2-104, an "employee,"
4425	"worker," or "operative" [as defined in Section 34A-2-104] who:
4426	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
4427	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance, which
4428	may not exceed the first of the calendar month following 60 days [from the date of hire] after
4429	the day on which the individual is hired.

4430	$\left[\frac{b}{b}\right]$ (d) "Health benefit plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4431	31A-1-301.
4432	[(c)] (e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means the same as that term is defined
4433	in Section 26-40-115.
4434	[(d)] (f) "Subcontractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-5-208.
4435	[(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or
4436	construction contract entered into by the board or on behalf of the board on or after July 1,
4437	2009, and to a prime contractor or a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).]
4438	[(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
4439	amount of \$2,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.]
4440	[(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
4441	\$1,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.]
4442	[(3) This section does not apply if:]
4443	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the requirements of this section apply to:
4444	(a) a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by the board, or on
4445	behalf of the board, on or after July 1, 2009, if the prime contract is in an aggregate amount
4446	equal to or greater than \$2,000,000; and
4447	(b) a subcontractor of a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by
4448	the board, or on behalf of the board, on or after July 1, 2009, if the subcontract is in an
4449	aggregate amount equal to or greater than \$1,000,000.
4450	(3) The requirements of this section do not apply to a contractor or subcontractor
4451	described in Subsection (2) if:
4452	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
4453	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
4454	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
4455	[(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section
4456	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial

4457	threshold required by Subsection (2).
4458	[(b)] (4) A person [who] that intentionally uses change orders [or], contract
4459	modifications, or multiple contracts to circumvent the requirements of [Subsection (2)] this
4460	section is guilty of an infraction.
4461	(5) (a) A contractor subject to [Subsection (2)] the requirements of this section shall
4462	demonstrate to the executive director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of
4463	qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees'
4464	dependents during the duration of the contract[-] by submitting to the executive director a
4465	written statement that:
4466	[(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor
4467	shall:]
4468	(i) the contractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with Section
4469	<u>26-40-115;</u>
4470	(ii) is from:
4471	(A) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
4472	(B) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
4473	rates; and
4474	(iii) was created within one year before the day on which the statement is submitted.
4475	(b) A contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall:
4476	(i) place a requirement in [the subcontract that the subcontractor] each of the
4477	contractor's subcontracts that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section
4478	shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's
4479	employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the subcontract; and
4480	[(ii) certify to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an
4481	offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the
4482	employees' dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
4483	(ii) obtain from a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section a

4484	written statement that:
4485	(A) the subcontractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with
4486	<u>Section 26-40-115;</u>
4487	(B) is from an actuary selected by the subcontractor or the subcontractor's insurer, or an
4488	underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; and
4489	(C) was created within one year before the day on which the contractor obtains the
4490	statement.
4491	(c) (i) (A) A contractor [who fails to meet the requirements of] that fails to maintain an
4492	offer of qualified health insurance coverage as described in Subsection (5)(a) during the
4493	duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted
4494	by the division under Subsection (6).
4495	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to [meet
4496	the requirements of] obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage
4497	described in Subsection (5)(b)(i).
4498	(ii) (A) A subcontractor [who fails to meet the requirements of] that fails to obtain and
4499	maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)
4500	during the duration of the [contract] subcontract is subject to penalties in accordance with
4501	administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
4502	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to [meet
4503	the requirements of] maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in
4504	Subsection (5)(a).
4505	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
4506	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
4507	(b) in coordination with:
4508	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
4509	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
4510	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section [63A-5-205] 63A-5-205.5;

4511	(iv) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
4512	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
4513	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
4514	(c) that establish:
4515	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor [must] and a subcontractor shall
4516	follow to demonstrate [to the executive director] compliance with this section [that shall
4517	include], including:
4518	[(A) that a contractor shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or (b) at the
4519	time of the execution of each initial contract described in Subsection (2)(b);]
4520	[(B) that the contractor's]
4521	(A) that a contractor or subcontractor's compliance with this section is subject to an
4522	audit by the department or the Office of the Legislative Auditor General; [and]
4523	[(C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
4524	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
4525	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is no more than
4526	one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from an actuary
4527	selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer, or an underwriter who is responsible for
4528	developing the employer group's premium rates;]
4529	(B) that a contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
4530	written statement described in Subsection (5)(a); and
4531	(C) that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
4532	written statement described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii);
4533	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
4534	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
4535	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
4536	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
4537	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future

4538	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
4539	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
4540	Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
4541	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
4542	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of
4543	the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage
4544	during the duration of the contract; and
4545	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the commercially equivalent
4546	benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection $(1)[(c)](e)$, that
4547	is provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
4548	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c)(ii), a contractor
4549	or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section [shall be] is liable to
4550	the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
4551	coverage.
4552	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
4553	(7)(a)(i) if:
4554	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement [of actuarial equivalency
4555	provided by:] described in Subsection (5)(a) or (5)(b)(ii); or
4556	[(I) an actuary; or]
4557	[(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
4558	rates; or]
4559	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
4560	the provisions of Subsection (3) $[or (4)]$.
4561	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
4562	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
4563	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
4564	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.

4565	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
4566	coverage as required by this section:
4567	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
4568	or contractor under:
4569	(i) Section $63G-6a-1602$; or
4570	(ii) any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
4571	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
4572	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
4573	or construction.
4574	Section 50. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read:
4575	63G-2-305. Protected records.
4576	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
4577	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section $13-24-2$ if the person submitting the trade secret
4578	has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
4579	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a
4580	person if:
4581	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
4582	competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the
4583	governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
4584	(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access
4585	than the public in obtaining access; and
4586	(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with
4587	the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
4588	(3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity
4589	to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
4590	commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause
4591	substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;

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4592 (4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a 4593 competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as 4594 defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4); 4595 (5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, 4596 employment, or academic examinations; 4597 (6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement 4598 proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or 4599 agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this 4600 Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or 4601 grant has been awarded and signed by all parties, a bid, proposal, application, or other 4602 information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to: 4603 (a) an invitation for bids; 4604 (b) a request for proposals; 4605 (c) a request for quotes; 4606 (d) a grant; or 4607 (e) other similar document; 4608 (7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for 4609 information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict 4610 the right of a person to have access to the information, after: 4611 (a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been 4612 awarded and signed by all parties; or 4613 (b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the 4614 subject of the request for information; and 4615 (ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is 4616 issued; 4617 (8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real 4618 or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition

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4619 before any rights to the property are acquired unless:

4620 (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the4621 governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;

4622 (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a4623 duty of confidentiality to the entity;

4624 (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described 4625 property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;

4626 (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of
4627 property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value
4628 of the property; or

(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence
and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire
the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;

4632 (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other
4633 compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if
4634 disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value
4635 of the subject property, unless:

4636 (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting
4637 access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the
4638 transaction; or

(b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of
the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or
under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;

4642 (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement
4643 purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if
4644 release of the records:

4645

(a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for

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4646 enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;

4647 (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement4648 proceedings;

4649 (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial4650 hearing;

(d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not
generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of
an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of
government if disclosure would compromise the source; or

4655 (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques,
4656 procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would
4657 interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;

4658 (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an4659 individual;

4660 (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental
4661 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft,
4662 or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;

4663 (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional
4664 facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere
4665 with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;

4666 (14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of
4667 Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the
4668 Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the
4669 employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's
4670 jurisdiction;

4671 (15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational
4672 procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with

4673	audits or collections;
4674	(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit
4675	until the final audit is released;
4676	(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
4677	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
4678	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial,
4679	quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
4680	(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
4681	from a member of the Legislature; and
4682	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
4683	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and
4684	(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
4685	with the preparation of legislation between:
4686	(A) members of a legislative body;
4687	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
4688	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
4689	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
4690	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
4691	(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
4692	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated
4693	legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the
4694	legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and
4695	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
4696	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator
4697	asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such
4698	time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;
4699	(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and

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4700 General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared

- 4701 in response to these requests;
- 4702 (22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
- 4703 (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
- 4704 (a) collective bargaining; or
- 4705 (b) imminent or pending litigation;

4706 (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that
4707 may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the
4708 Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;

4709 (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation
4710 concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
4711 personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;

4712 (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or
4713 biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of
4714 valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;

4715 (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would4716 conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;

4717 (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
4718 Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions,
4719 retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in
4720 accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of
4721 the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students
4722 admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;

4723 (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative
4724 proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated
4725 policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected
4726 those policies or courses of action or made them public;

4727 (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,
4728 revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final
4729 recommendations in these areas;

(31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state
that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected
records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure
if retained by it;

4734 (32) transcripts, minutes, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body
4735 except as provided in Section 52-4-206;

4736 (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including
4737 final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from
4738 disclosure;

(34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an
administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any
other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;

(35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered
by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand
or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the
person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not
be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;

4747 (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining
4748 the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents,
4749 copyrights, and trade secrets;

(37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an
institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other
information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of
the donor, provided that:

4754	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
4755	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
4756	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
4757	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
4758	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged
4759	in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority
4760	over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled
4761	by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
4762	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and
4763	73-18-13;
4764	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
4765	34A-2-205;
4766	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
4767	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
4768	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
4769	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
4770	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
4771	(A) relating to research; and
4772	(B) of:
4773	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
4774	53B-1-102; or
4775	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
4776	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
4777	(iv) creative works in process;
4778	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
4779	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
4780	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public

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4781 information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and 4782 (c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record; 4783 (41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General 4784 that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the 4785 date that audit is completed and made public; and 4786 (b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the 4787 Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that 4788 the records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would 4789 reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as 4790 protected records until the audit is completed and made public; 4791 (42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or 4792 other document that indicates the location of: 4793 (a) a production facility; or 4794 (b) a magazine; 4795 (43) information: 4796 (a) contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services 4797 created by Section 62A-3-311.1; or 4798 (b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information 4799 System (IRIS) established under Section 67-5-22; 4800 (44) information contained in the Management Information System and Licensing 4801 Information System described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services; 4802 (45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the 4803 National Guard's federal mission; 4804 (46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement 4805 agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and 4806 Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act; 4807 (47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed

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4808 by the Department of Agriculture and Food; 4809 (48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section 4810 63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or 4811 prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of 4812 which would jeopardize: 4813 (a) the safety of the general public; or 4814 (b) the security of: 4815 (i) governmental property; 4816 (ii) governmental programs; or 4817 (iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency 4818 Management information; 4819 (49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the 4820 identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under 4821 Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control 4822 of Animal Disease; 4823 (50) as provided in Section 26-39-501: 4824 (a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a complaint 4825 regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to 4826 substantiate; and 4827 (b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health 4828 from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care; 4829 (51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as 4830 provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or 4831 personal mobile phone number, if: 4832 (a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law, 4833 ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and 4834 (b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be

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4835 kept confidential due to: 4836 (i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and 4837 (ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order; 4838 (52) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual 4839 that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is: 4840 (a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section 4841 53B-1-102; and 4842 (b) conducted using animals; 4843 (53) an initial proposal under Title 63N, Chapter 13, Part 2, Government Procurement 4844 Private Proposal Program, to the extent not made public by rules made under that chapter; 4845 (54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance 4846 Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote on whether or not to 4847 recommend that the voters retain a judge including information disclosed under Subsection 4848 78A-12-203(5)(e); 4849 (55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance 4850 Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 4851 12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public, 4852 the information or report; 4853 (56) records contained in the Management Information System created in Section 4854 62A-4a-1003: 4855 (57) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in 4856 furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63J-4-603; 4857 (58) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 4858 63H-7a-302; 4859 (59) in accordance with Section 73-10-33: 4860 (a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division 4861 of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or

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(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county ormunicipality;

4864 (60) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General
4865 of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:

(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or
allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services
through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied
upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation
report or final audit report;

(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a
person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any
Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or
regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any
recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that
the identity of the person be protected;

4878 (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final
4879 investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not
4880 an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;

4881 (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey4882 plan, or audit program; or

4883 (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an4884 investigation or audit;

4885 (61) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
4886 Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or
4887 abuse;

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(62) information provided to the Department of Health or the Division of Occupational

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4889 and Professional Licensing under Subsection 58-68-304(3) or (4);

(63) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;

4891 (64) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader
4892 system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;

4893 (65) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a4894 victim, including:

4895 (a) a victim's application or request for benefits;

4896 (b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and

4897 (c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to,
4898 evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim
4899 Reparations Fund;

(66) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is
defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care
facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care
provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as

4904 that term is defined in Subsection 62A-2-101(19)(a)(vi), except for recordings that:

4905

(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;

4906 (b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in4907 death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;

4908 (c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against4909 a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;

4910 (d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection

4911 76-2-408(1)(d); or

4912 (e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or

- 4913 authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording; [and]
- 4914 (67) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
 4915 education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly

4916	announced finalist[-]; and
4917	(68) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204.
4918	Section 51. Section 72-6-107.5 is amended to read:
4919	72-6-107.5. Construction of improvements of highway Contracts Health
4920	insurance coverage.
4921	(1) [For purposes of] <u>As used in</u> this section:
4922	(a) "Aggregate" means the sum of all contracts, change orders, and modifications
4923	related to a single project.
4924	(b) "Change order" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-6a-103.
4925	[(a)] (c) "Employee" means, as defined in Section 34A-2-104, an "employee,"
4926	"worker," or "operative" [as defined in Section 34A-2-104] who:
4927	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
4928	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance, which
4929	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days [from the date of hire]
4930	after the day on which the individual is hired.
4931	[(b)] (d) "Health benefit plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4932	31A-1-301.
4933	[(c)] (e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means the same as that term is defined
4934	in Section 26-40-115.
4935	$\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$ (f) "Subcontractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-5-208.
4936	[(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to contracts entered
4937	into by the department on or after July 1, 2009, for construction or design of highways and to a
4938	prime contractor or to a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).]
4939	[(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
4940	amount of \$2,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.]
4941	[(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
4942	\$1,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.]

4943	[(3) This section does not apply if:]
4944	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the requirements of this section apply to:
4945	(a) a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by the department on
4946	or after July 1, 2009, if the prime contract is in an aggregate amount equal to or greater than
4947	<u>\$2,000,000; and</u>
4948	(b) a subcontractor of a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by
4949	the department on or after July 1, 2009, if the subcontract is in an aggregate amount equal to or
4950	greater than \$1,000,000.
4951	(3) The requirements of this section do not apply to a contractor or subcontractor
4952	described in Subsection (2) if:
4953	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
4954	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
4955	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
4956	[(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section
4957	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial
4958	threshold required by Subsection (2).]
4959	[(b)] (4) A person $[who]$ that intentionally uses change orders $[or]$, contract
4960	modifications, or multiple contracts to circumvent the requirements of [Subsection (2)] this
4961	section is guilty of an infraction.
4962	(5) (a) A contractor subject to [Subsection (2)] the requirements of this section shall
4963	demonstrate to the department that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified
4964	health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during
4965	the duration of the contract[-] by submitting to the department a written statement that:
4966	[(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor
4967	shall:]
4968	(i) the contractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with Section
4969	<u>26-40-115;</u>

4970	(ii) is from:
4971	(A) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
4972	(B) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
4973	rates; and
4974	(iii) was created within one year before the day on which the statement is submitted.
4975	(b) A contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall:
4976	(i) place a requirement in [the subcontract that the subcontractor] each of the
4977	contractor's subcontracts that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section
4978	shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's
4979	employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the subcontract; and
4980	[(ii) certify to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
4981	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
4982	dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
4983	(ii) obtain from a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section a
4984	written statement that:
4985	(A) the subcontractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with
4986	<u>Section 26-40-115;</u>
4987	(B) is from an actuary selected by the subcontractor or the subcontractor's insurer, or an
4988	underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; and
4989	(C) was created within one year before the day on which the contractor obtains the
4990	statement.
4991	(c) (i) (A) A contractor [who fails to meet the requirements of] that fails to maintain an
4992	offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(a) during the duration
4993	of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the
4994	department under Subsection (6).
4995	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to [meet
4996	the requirements of] obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage

4997	described in Subsection (5)(b)(i).
4998	(ii) (A) A subcontractor [who fails to meet the requirements of] that fails to obtain and
4999	maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(b) during
5000	the duration of the [contract] subcontract is subject to penalties in accordance with
5001	administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
5002	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to [meet
5003	the requirements of] maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in
5004	Subsection (5)(a).
5005	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
5006	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
5007	(b) in coordination with:
5008	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
5009	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
5010	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section [63A-5-205] 63A-5-205.5;
5011	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
5012	(v) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5; and
5013	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
5014	(c) that establish:
5015	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor [must] and a subcontractor shall
5016	follow to demonstrate [to the department] compliance with this section [that shall include],
5017	including:
5018	[(A) that a contractor shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or (b) at the
5019	time of the execution of each initial contract described in Subsection (2)(b);]
5020	[(B) that the contractor's]
5021	(A) that a contractor or subcontractor's compliance with this section is subject to an
5022	audit by the department or the Office of the Legislative Auditor General; [and]
5023	[(C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for qualified health

5024	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
5025	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is no more than
5026	one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from an actuary
5027	selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer, or an underwriter who is responsible for
5028	developing the employer group's premium rates;]
5029	(B) that a contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
5030	written statement described in Subsection (5)(a); and
5031	(C) that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
5032	written statement described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii);
5033	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
5034	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
5035	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
5036	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
5037	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
5038	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
5039	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
5040	Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
5041	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
5042	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of the employee
5043	of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage
5044	during the duration of the contract; and
5045	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the commercially equivalent
5046	benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection $(1)[(c)](e)$, that
5047	is provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
5048	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection $(6)(c)(ii)$, a contractor
5049	or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section [shall be] is liable to
5050	the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance

5051	coverage.
5052	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
5053	(7)(a)(i) if:
5054	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement [of actuarial equivalency
5055	provided by:] described in Subsection (5)(a) or (5)(b)(ii); or
5056	[(I) an actuary; or]
5057	[(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
5058	rates; or]
5059	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
5060	the provisions of Subsection (3) [or (4)].
5061	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
5062	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
5063	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
5064	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
5065	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
5066	coverage as required by this section:
5067	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
5068	or contractor under:
5069	(i) Section 63G-6a-1602; or
5070	(ii) any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
5071	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
5072	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
5073	or construction.
5074	Section 52. Section 79-2-404 is amended to read:
5075	79-2-404. Contracting powers of department Health insurance coverage.
5076	(1) [For purposes of] As used in this section:
5077	(a) "Aggregate" means the sum of all contracts, change orders, and modifications

5078	related to a single project.
5079	(b) "Change order" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-6a-103.
5080	[(a)] (c) "Employee" means, as defined in Section 34A-2-104, an "employee,"
5081	"worker," or "operative" [as defined in Section 34A-2-104] who:
5082	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
5083	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance, which
5084	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 60 days [from the date of hire]
5085	after the day on which the individual is hired.
5086	[(b)] (d) "Health benefit plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5087	31A-1-301.
5088	[(c)] (e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means the same as that term is defined
5089	in Section 26-40-115.
5090	$\left[\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(f)}}\right]$ "Subcontractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-5-208.
5091	[(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies a design or
5092	construction contract entered into by, or delegated to, the department or a division, board, or
5093	council of the department on or after July 1, 2009, and to a prime contractor or to a
5094	subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).]
5095	[(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
5096	amount of \$2,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.]
5097	[(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
5098	\$1,000,000 or greater at the original execution of the contract.]
5099	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the requirements of this section apply to:
5100	(a) a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by, or delegated to, the
5101	department or a division, board, or council of the department on or after July 1, 2009, if the
5102	prime contract is in an aggregate amount equal to or greater than \$2,000,000; and
5103	(b) a subcontractor of a contractor of a design or construction contract entered into by,
5104	or delegated to, the department or a division, board, or council of the department on or after

5105	July 1, 2009, if the subcontract is in an aggregate amount equal to or greater than \$1,000,000.
5106	(3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a
5107	division, board, or council of the department if:
5108	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
5109	(b) the contract or agreement is between:
5110	(i) the department or a division, board, or council of the department; and
5111	(ii) (A) another agency of the state;
5112	(B) the federal government;
5113	(C) another state;
5114	(D) an interstate agency;
5115	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or
5116	(F) a political subdivision of another state; or
5117	(c) the contract or agreement is:
5118	(i) for the purpose of disbursing grants or loans authorized by statute;
5119	(ii) a sole source contract; or
5120	(iii) an emergency procurement.
5121	[(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section
5122	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial
5123	threshold required by Subsection (2).]
5124	[(b)] (4) A person $[who]$ that intentionally uses change orders $[or]$, contract
5125	modifications, or multiple contracts to circumvent the requirements of [Subsection (2)] this
5126	section is guilty of an infraction.
5127	(5) (a) A contractor subject to [Subsection $(2)(b)(i)$] the requirements of this section
5128	shall demonstrate to the department that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of
5129	qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees'
5130	dependents during the duration of the contract[-] by submitting to the department a written
5131	statement that:

5132	[(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor
5133	shall:]
5134	(i) the contractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with Section
5135	<u>26-40-115;</u>
5136	(ii) is from:
5137	(A) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
5138	(B) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
5139	rates; and
5140	(iii) was created within one year before the day on which the statement is submitted.
5141	(b) A contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall:
5142	(i) place a requirement in [the subcontract that the subcontractor] each of the
5143	contractor's subcontracts that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section
5144	shall obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's
5145	employees and the employees' [dependants] dependents during the duration of the subcontract;
5146	and
5147	[(ii) certify to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
5148	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
5149	dependents during the duration of the prime contract.]
5150	(ii) obtain from a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section a
5151	written statement that:
5152	(A) the subcontractor offers qualified health insurance coverage that complies with
5153	<u>Section 26-40-115;</u>
5154	(B) is from an actuary selected by the subcontractor or the subcontractor's insurer, or an
5155	underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; and
5156	(C) was created within one year before the day on which the contractor obtains the
5157	statement.
5158	(c) (i) (A) A contractor [who fails to meet the requirements of] that fails to maintain an

5159	offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(a) during the duration
5160	of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the
5161	department under Subsection (6).
5162	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to [meet
5163	the requirements of] obtain and maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage
5164	described in Subsection (5)(b)(i).
5165	(ii) (A) A subcontractor [who fails to meet the requirements of] that fails to obtain and
5166	maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(b) during
5167	the duration of the [contract] subcontract is subject to penalties in accordance with
5168	administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
5169	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to [meet
5170	the requirements of] maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage described in
5171	Subsection (5)(a).
5172	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
5173	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
5174	(b) in coordination with:
5175	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
5176	(ii) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
5177	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section [63A-5-205] 63A-5-205.5;
5178	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
5179	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
5180	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
5181	(c) that establish:
5182	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor [must] and a subcontractor shall
5183	follow to demonstrate compliance with this section [to the department that shall include],
5184	including:
5185	[(A) that a contractor shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or (b) at the

5186	time of the execution of each initial contract described in Subsection (2)(b);]
5187	[(B) that the contractor's]
5188	(A) that a contractor or subcontractor's compliance with this section is subject to an
5189	audit by the department or the Office of the Legislative Auditor General; [and]
5190	[(C) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for qualified health
5191	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
5192	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency, which is no more than
5193	one year old, regarding the contractor's offer of qualified health coverage from an actuary
5194	selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer, or an underwriter who is responsible for
5195	developing the employer group's premium rates;]
5196	(B) that a contractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
5197	written statement described in Subsection (5)(a); and
5198	(C) that a subcontractor that is subject to the requirements of this section shall obtain a
5199	written statement described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii);
5200	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
5201	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
5202	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
5203	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
5204	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
5205	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
5206	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
5207	Section 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
5208	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
5209	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of an employee
5210	of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage
5211	during the duration of the contract; and
5212	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the commercially equivalent

5213	benchmark, for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)[(c)](e),
5214	provided by the Department of Health, in accordance with Subsection 26-40-115(2).
5215	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection $(6)(c)(ii)$, a contractor
5216	or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section [shall be] is liable to
5217	the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
5218	coverage.
5219	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
5220	(7)(a)(i) if:
5221	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement [of actuarial equivalency
5222	provided by:] described in Subsection (5)(a) or (5)(b)(ii); or
5223	[(I) an actuary; or]
5224	[(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
5225	rates; or]
5226	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
5227	the provisions of Subsection (3) [or (4)].
5228	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
5229	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
5230	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
5231	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
5232	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
5233	coverage as required by this section:
5234	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
5235	or contractor under:
5236	(i) Section 63G-6a-1602; or
5237	(ii) any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
5238	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
5239	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design

- 5240 or construction.
- 5241 Section 53. **Repealer.**
- 5242 This bill repeals:
- 5243 Section 31A-22-722.5, Mini-COBRA election -- American Recovery and
- 5244 **Reinvestment Act.**
- 5245 Section **31A-30-209**, **Insurance producers and the Health Insurance Exchange**.