1	DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE AMENDMENTS
2	2018 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions of the Insurance Code.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>defines terms and modifies defined terms;</li> </ul>
13	<ul> <li>addresses the requirements for filing a binder for a health benefit plan or dental</li> </ul>
14	policy with the commissioner;
15	<ul> <li>modifies the date on which the commissioner presents an annual evaluation of the</li> </ul>
16	state's health insurance market;
17	<ul> <li>classifies certain records related to an examination as protected records;</li> </ul>
18	<ul> <li>modifies the membership of the Title and Escrow Commission;</li> </ul>
19	<ul> <li>modifies the process by which the commissioner determines an applicant's ability to</li> </ul>
20	provide proposed health care services under Title 31A, Chapter 8, Health
21	Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
22	<ul> <li>modifies the requirements for a nonadmitted insurer to be listed on the</li> </ul>
23	commissioner's "reliable" list;
24	<ul> <li>provides the circumstances under which the commissioner must hold a hearing on a</li> </ul>
25	merger or other acquisition of an insurer;



26	<ul> <li>amends the deadline for holding a hearing on a merger or other acquisition of an</li> </ul>
27	insurer;
28	<ul> <li>allows an insurer to terminate coverage of a spouse of an insured under an accident</li> </ul>
29	and health insurance policy in the event of legal separation;
30	<ul> <li>prohibits an insured from charging any additional amount for electing to extend</li> </ul>
31	group coverage;
32	<ul> <li>addresses the timing of open enrollment for individuals who extend or are eligible</li> </ul>
33	to extend group coverage;
34	<ul> <li>addresses the circumstances under which an individual title insurance producer or</li> </ul>
35	agency title insurance producer may do escrow involving real property transactions;
36	<ul> <li>provides that the commissioner may take action against a licensee if the</li> </ul>
37	commissioner finds that the licensee is convicted of a misdemeanor involving fraud,
38	misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
39	<ul> <li>modifies the training and continuing education requirements for certain licensees;</li> </ul>
40	<ul> <li>amends provisions related to the effect of an insurer's insolvency;</li> </ul>
41	<ul> <li>clarifies the process by which the state designates the essential health benefits for</li> </ul>
42	the state;
43	<ul> <li>repeals certain sections of the Insurance Code; and</li> </ul>
44	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
45	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
46	None
47	Other Special Clauses:
48	None
49	Utah Code Sections Affected:
50	AMENDS:
51	31A-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292
52	31A-2-201.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
53	31A-2-201.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292
54	31A-2-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
55	31A-2-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 330
56	31A-3-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 62 and 275

57	31A-8-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 185
58	31A-8a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 104 and 135
59	31A-15-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 363
60	31A-16-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
61	31A-22-612, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
62	31A-22-618.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168 and renumbered
63	and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292
64	31A-22-629, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
65	31A-22-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
66	31A-22-722, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 319
67	31A-23a-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
68	31A-23a-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
69	31A-23a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
70	31A-23a-208, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 341
71	31A-23a-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 319
72	31A-23b-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
73	31A-23b-202.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
74	31A-23b-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 341
75	31A-23b-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290, 300, 425 and last
76	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 300, and 425
77	31A-23b-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
78	31A-25-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
79	31A-25-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 116
80	31A-26-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290 and 300
81	31A-26-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1986, Chapter 204
82	31A-26-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 284
83	31A-27a-111, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 309
84	31A-27a-608, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 309
85	31A-43-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290 and 300
86	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 374, 382, and 415
87	ENACTS:

88	31A-45-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
89	REPEALS:
90	31A-22-722.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 297 and 340
91	31A-30-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
92	
93	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
94	Section 1. Section 31A-1-301 is amended to read:
95	31A-1-301. Definitions.
96	As used in this title, unless otherwise specified:
97	(1) (a) "Accident and health insurance" means insurance to provide protection against
98	economic losses resulting from:
99	(i) a medical condition including:
100	(A) a medical care expense; or
101	(B) the risk of disability;
102	(ii) accident; or
103	(iii) sickness.
104	(b) "Accident and health insurance":
105	(i) includes a contract with disability contingencies including:
106	(A) an income replacement contract;
107	(B) a health care contract;
108	(C) an expense reimbursement contract;
109	(D) a credit accident and health contract;
110	(E) a continuing care contract; and
111	(F) a long-term care contract; and
112	(ii) may provide:
113	(A) hospital coverage;
114	(B) surgical coverage;
115	(C) medical coverage;
116	(D) loss of income coverage;
117	(E) prescription drug coverage;
118	(F) dental coverage; or

119	(G) vision coverage.
120	(c) "Accident and health insurance" does not include workers' compensation insurance.
121	(d) For purposes of a national licensing registry, "accident and health insurance" is the
122	same as "accident and health or sickness insurance."
123	(2) "Actuary" is as defined by the commissioner by rule, made in accordance with Title
124	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
125	(3) "Administrator" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection [(170)] (171).
126	(4) "Adult" means an individual who has attained the age of at least 18 years.
127	(5) "Affiliate" means a person who controls, is controlled by, or is under common
128	control with, another person. A corporation is an affiliate of another corporation, regardless of
129	ownership, if substantially the same group of individuals manage the corporations.
130	(6) "Agency" means:
131	(a) a person other than an individual, including a sole proprietorship by which an
132	individual does business under an assumed name; and
133	(b) an insurance organization licensed or required to be licensed under Section
134	31A-23a-301, 31A-25-207, or 31A-26-209.
135	(7) "Alien insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside the United States.
136	(8) "Amendment" means an endorsement to an insurance policy or certificate.
137	(9) "Annuity" means an agreement to make periodical payments for a period certain or
138	over the lifetime of one or more individuals if the making or continuance of all or some of the
139	series of the payments, or the amount of the payment, is dependent upon the continuance of
140	human life.
141	(10) "Application" means a document:
142	(a) (i) completed by an applicant to provide information about the risk to be insured;
143	and
144	(ii) that contains information that is used by the insurer to evaluate risk and decide
145	whether to:
146	(A) insure the risk under:
147	(I) the coverage as originally offered; or
148	(II) a modification of the coverage as originally offered; or
149	(B) decline to insure the risk; or

annuity contract.
(11) "Articles" or "articles of incorporation" means:
(a) the original articles;
(b) a special law;
(c) a charter;
(d) an amendment;
(e) restated articles;
(f) articles of merger or consolidation;
(g) a trust instrument;
(h) another constitutive document for a trust or other entity that is not a corporation;
and
(i) an amendment to an item listed in Subsections (11)(a) through (h).
(12) "Bail bond insurance" means a guarantee that a person will attend court when
required, up to and including surrender of the person in execution of a sentence imposed under
Subsection 77-20-7(1), as a condition to the release of that person from confinement.
(13) "Binder" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-21-102.
(14) "Blanket insurance policy" means a group policy covering a defined class of
persons:
(a) without individual underwriting or application; and
(b) that is determined by definition without designating each person covered.
(15) "Board," "board of trustees," or "board of directors" means the group of persons
with responsibility over, or management of, a corporation, however designated.
(16) "Bona fide office" means a physical office in this state:
(a) that is open to the public;
(b) that is staffed during regular business hours on regular business days; and
(c) at which the public may appear in person to obtain services.
(17) "Business entity" means:
(a) a corporation;
(b) an association;
(c) a partnership;

181	(d) a limited liability company;
182	(e) a limited liability partnership; or
183	(f) another legal entity.
184	(18) "Business of insurance" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
185	[ <del>(91)</del> ] <u>(92)</u> .
186	(19) "Business plan" means the information required to be supplied to the
187	commissioner under Subsections 31A-5-204(2)(i) and (j), including the information required
188	when these subsections apply by reference under:
189	(a) Section 31A-7-201;
190	(b) Section 31A-8-205; or
191	(c) Subsection 31A-9-205(2).
192	(20) (a) "Bylaws" means the rules adopted for the regulation or management of a
193	corporation's affairs, however designated.
194	(b) "Bylaws" includes comparable rules for a trust or other entity that is not a
195	corporation.
196	(21) "Captive insurance company" means:
197	(a) an insurer:
198	(i) owned by another organization; and
199	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of the parent organization and an
200	affiliated company; or
201	(b) in the case of a group or association, an insurer:
202	(i) owned by the insureds; and
203	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of:
204	(A) a member organization;
205	(B) a group member; or
206	(C) an affiliate of:
207	(I) a member organization; or
208	(II) a group member.
209	(22) "Casualty insurance" means liability insurance.
210	(23) "Certificate" means evidence of insurance given to:
211	(a) an insured under a group insurance policy; or

212	(b) a unid party.
213	(24) "Certificate of authority" is included within the term "license."
214	(25) "Claim," unless the context otherwise requires, means a request or demand on an
215	insurer for payment of a benefit according to the terms of an insurance policy.
216	(26) "Claims-made coverage" means an insurance contract or provision limiting
217	coverage under a policy insuring against legal liability to claims that are first made against the
218	insured while the policy is in force.
219	(27) (a) "Commissioner" or "commissioner of insurance" means Utah's insurance
220	commissioner.
221	(b) When appropriate, the terms listed in Subsection (27)(a) apply to the equivalent
222	supervisory official of another jurisdiction.
223	(28) (a) "Continuing care insurance" means insurance that:
224	(i) provides board and lodging;
225	(ii) provides one or more of the following:
226	(A) a personal service;
227	(B) a nursing service;
228	(C) a medical service; or
229	(D) any other health-related service; and
230	(iii) provides the coverage described in this Subsection (28)(a) under an agreement
231	effective:
232	(A) for the life of the insured; or
233	(B) for a period in excess of one year.
234	(b) Insurance is continuing care insurance regardless of whether or not the board and
235	lodging are provided at the same location as a service described in Subsection (28)(a)(ii).
236	(29) (a) "Control," "controlling," "controlled," or "under common control" means the
237	direct or indirect possession of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management
238	and policies of a person. This control may be:
239	(i) by contract;
240	(ii) by common management;
241	(iii) through the ownership of voting securities; or
242	(iv) by a means other than those described in Subsections (29)(a)(i) through (iii).

243 (b) There is no presumption that an individual holding an official position with another 244 person controls that person solely by reason of the position. 245 (c) A person having a contract or arrangement giving control is considered to have 246 control despite the illegality or invalidity of the contract or arrangement. 247 (d) There is a rebuttable presumption of control in a person who directly or indirectly 248 owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies to vote 10% or more of the 249 voting securities of another person. 250 (30) "Controlled insurer" means a licensed insurer that is either directly or indirectly 251 controlled by a producer. 252 (31) "Controlling person" means a person that directly or indirectly has the power to 253 direct or cause to be directed, the management, control, or activities of a reinsurance 254 intermediary. 255 (32) "Controlling producer" means a producer who directly or indirectly controls an 256 insurer. 257 (33) (a) "Corporation" means an insurance corporation, except when referring to: 258 (i) a corporation doing business: 259 (A) as: 260 (I) an insurance producer: 261 (II) a surplus lines producer; 262 (III) a limited line producer; 263 (IV) a consultant; (V) a managing general agent; 264 265 (VI) a reinsurance intermediary; 266 (VII) a third party administrator; or 267 (VIII) an adjuster; and 268 (B) under: 269 (I) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and 270 Reinsurance Intermediaries: 271 (II) Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators; or 272 (III) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; or 273 (ii) a noninsurer that is part of a holding company system under Chapter 16, Insurance

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274	Holding Companies.
275	(b) "Mutual" or "mutual corporation" means a mutual insurance corporation.
276	(c) "Stock corporation" means a stock insurance corporation.
277	(34) (a) "Creditable coverage" has the same meaning as provided in federal regulations
278	adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.
279	(b) "Creditable coverage" includes coverage that is offered through a public health plan
280	such as:
281	(i) the Primary Care Network Program under a Medicaid primary care network
282	demonstration waiver obtained subject to Section 26-18-3;
283	(ii) the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; or
284	(iii) the Ryan White Program Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act, Pub. L
285	No. 101-381, and Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Modernization Act of 2006, Pub. L. No.
286	109-415.
287	(35) "Credit accident and health insurance" means insurance on a debtor to provide
288	indemnity for payments coming due on a specific loan or other credit transaction while the
289	debtor has a disability.
290	(36) (a) "Credit insurance" means insurance offered in connection with an extension of
291	credit that is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing that credit obligation.
292	(b) "Credit insurance" includes:
293	(i) credit accident and health insurance;
294	(ii) credit life insurance;
295	(iii) credit property insurance;
296	(iv) credit unemployment insurance;
297	(v) guaranteed automobile protection insurance;
298	(vi) involuntary unemployment insurance;
299	(vii) mortgage accident and health insurance;
300	(viii) mortgage guaranty insurance; and
301	(ix) mortgage life insurance.
302	(37) "Credit life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in connection with
303	an extension of credit that pays a person if the debtor dies.

(38) "Creditor" means a person, including an insured, having a claim, whether:

305	(a) matured;
306	(b) unmatured;
307	(c) liquidated;
308	(d) unliquidated;
309	(e) secured;
310	(f) unsecured;
311	(g) absolute;
312	(h) fixed; or
313	(i) contingent.
314	(39) "Credit property insurance" means insurance:
315	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
316	(b) that protects the property until the debt is paid.
317	(40) "Credit unemployment insurance" means insurance:
318	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
319	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is unemployed for payments coming due on a:
320	(i) specific loan; or
321	(ii) credit transaction.
322	(41) (a) "Crop insurance" means insurance providing protection against damage to
323	crops from unfavorable weather conditions, fire or lightning, flood, hail, insect infestation,
324	disease, or other yield-reducing conditions or perils that is:
325	(i) provided by the private insurance market; or
326	(ii) subsidized by the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.
327	(b) "Crop insurance" includes multiperil crop insurance.
328	(42) (a) "Customer service representative" means a person that provides an insurance
329	service and insurance product information:
330	(i) for the customer service representative's:
331	(A) producer;
332	(B) surplus lines producer; or
333	(C) consultant employer; and
334	(ii) to the customer service representative's employer's:
335	(A) customer;

336	(B) client; or
337	(C) organization.
338	(b) A customer service representative may only operate within the scope of authority of
339	the customer service representative's producer, surplus lines producer, or consultant employer.
340	(43) "Deadline" means a final date or time:
341	(a) imposed by:
342	(i) statute;
343	(ii) rule; or
344	(iii) order; and
345	(b) by which a required filing or payment must be received by the department.
346	(44) "Deemer clause" means a provision under this title under which upon the
347	occurrence of a condition precedent, the commissioner is considered to have taken a specific
348	action. If the statute so provides, a condition precedent may be the commissioner's failure to
349	take a specific action.
350	(45) "Degree of relationship" means the number of steps between two persons
351	determined by counting the generations separating one person from a common ancestor and
352	then counting the generations to the other person.
353	(46) "Department" means the Insurance Department.
354	(47) "Director" means a member of the board of directors of a corporation.
355	(48) "Disability" means a physiological or psychological condition that partially or
356	totally limits an individual's ability to:
357	(a) perform the duties of:
358	(i) that individual's occupation; or
359	(ii) an occupation for which the individual is reasonably suited by education, training,
360	or experience; or
361	(b) perform two or more of the following basic activities of daily living:
362	(i) eating;
363	(ii) toileting;
364	(iii) transferring;
365	(iv) bathing; or
366	(v) dressing.

367	(49) "Disability income insurance" means the same as that term is defined in
368	Subsection [ <del>(82)</del> ] (83).
369	(50) "Domestic insurer" means an insurer organized under the laws of this state.
370	(51) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an insurer:
371	(a) is incorporated;
372	(b) is organized; or
373	(c) in the case of an alien insurer, enters into the United States.
374	(52) (a) "Eligible employee" means:
375	(i) an employee who:
376	(A) works on a full-time basis; and
377	(B) has a normal work week of 30 or more hours; or
378	(ii) a person described in Subsection (52)(b).
379	(b) "Eligible employee" includes:
380	(i) an owner who:
381	(A) works on a full-time basis; and
382	(B) has a normal work week of 30 or more hours; and
383	(ii) if the individual is included under a health benefit plan of a small employer:
384	(A) a sole proprietor;
385	(B) a partner in a partnership; or
386	(C) an independent contractor.
387	(c) "Eligible employee" does not include, unless eligible under Subsection (52)(b):
388	(i) an individual who works on a temporary or substitute basis for a small employer;
389	(ii) an employer's spouse who does not meet the requirements of Subsection (52)(a)(i);
390	or
391	(iii) a dependent of an employer who does not meet the requirements of Subsection
392	(52)(a)(i).
393	(53) "Employee" means:
394	(a) an individual employed by an employer; and
395	(b) an owner who meets the requirements of Subsection (52)(b)(i).
396	(54) "Employee benefits" means one or more benefits or services provided to:
397	(a) an employee; or

398	(b) a dependent of an employee.
399	(55) (a) "Employee welfare fund" means a fund:
400	(i) established or maintained, whether directly or through a trustee, by:
401	(A) one or more employers;
402	(B) one or more labor organizations; or
403	(C) a combination of employers and labor organizations; and
404	(ii) that provides employee benefits paid or contracted to be paid, other than income
405	from investments of the fund:
406	(A) by or on behalf of an employer doing business in this state; or
407	(B) for the benefit of a person employed in this state.
408	(b) "Employee welfare fund" includes a plan funded or subsidized by a user fee or tax
409	revenues.
410	(56) "Endorsement" means a written agreement attached to a policy or certificate to
411	modify the policy or certificate coverage.
412	(57) (a) "Enrollee" means:
413	(i) a policyholder;
414	(ii) a certificate holder;
415	(iii) a subscriber; or
416	(iv) a covered individual:
417	(A) who has entered into a contract with an organization for health care; or
418	(B) on whose behalf an arrangement for health care has been made.
419	(b) "Enrollee" includes an insured.
420	(58) "Enrollment date," with respect to a health benefit plan, means:
421	(a) the first day of coverage; or
422	(b) if there is a waiting period, the first day of the waiting period.
423	(59) "Enterprise risk" means an activity, circumstance, event, or series of events
424	involving one or more affiliates of an insurer that, if not remedied promptly, is likely to have a
425	material adverse effect upon the financial condition or liquidity of the insurer or its insurance
426	holding company system as a whole, including anything that would cause:
427	(a) the insurer's risk-based capital to fall into an action or control level as set forth in
428	Sections 31A-17-601 through 31A-17-613; or

429	(b) the insurer to be in hazardous financial condition set forth in Section 31A-27a-101.
430	(60) (a) "Escrow" means:
431	(i) a transaction that effects the sale, transfer, encumbering, or leasing of real property,
432	when a person not a party to the transaction, and neither having nor acquiring an interest in the
433	title, performs, in accordance with the written instructions or terms of the written agreement
434	between the parties to the transaction, any of the following actions:
435	(A) the explanation, holding, or creation of a document; or
436	(B) the receipt, deposit, and disbursement of money;
437	(ii) a settlement or closing involving:
438	(A) a mobile home;
439	(B) a grazing right;
440	(C) a water right; or
441	(D) other personal property authorized by the commissioner.
442	(b) "Escrow" does not include:
443	(i) the following notarial acts performed by a notary within the state:
444	(A) an acknowledgment;
445	(B) a copy certification;
446	(C) jurat; and
447	(D) an oath or affirmation;
448	(ii) the receipt or delivery of a document; or
449	(iii) the receipt of money for delivery to the escrow agent.
450	(61) "Escrow agent" means an agency title insurance producer meeting the
451	requirements of Sections 31A-4-107, 31A-14-211, and 31A-23a-204, who is acting through an
452	individual title insurance producer licensed with an escrow subline of authority.
453	(62) (a) "Excludes" is not exhaustive and does not mean that another thing is not also
454	excluded.
455	(b) The items listed in a list using the term "excludes" are representative examples for
456	use in interpretation of this title.
457	(63) "Exclusion" means for the purposes of accident and health insurance that an
458	insurer does not provide insurance coverage, for whatever reason, for one of the following:
459	(a) a specific physical condition;

460	(b) a specific medical procedure;
461	(c) a specific disease or disorder; or
462	(d) a specific prescription drug or class of prescription drugs.
463	(64) "Expense reimbursement insurance" means insurance:
464	(a) written to provide a payment for an expense relating to hospital confinement
465	resulting from illness or injury; and
466	(b) written:
467	(i) as a daily limit for a specific number of days in a hospital; and
468	(ii) to have a one or two day waiting period following a hospitalization.
469	(65) "Fidelity insurance" means insurance guaranteeing the fidelity of a person holding
470	a position of public or private trust.
471	(66) (a) "Filed" means that a filing is:
472	(i) submitted to the department as required by and in accordance with applicable
473	statute, rule, or filing order;
474	(ii) received by the department within the time period provided in applicable statute,
475	rule, or filing order; and
476	(iii) accompanied by the appropriate fee in accordance with:
477	(A) Section 31A-3-103; or
478	(B) rule.
479	(b) "Filed" does not include a filing that is rejected by the department because it is not
480	submitted in accordance with Subsection (66)(a).
481	(67) "Filing," when used as a noun, means an item required to be filed with the
482	department including:
483	(a) a policy;
484	(b) a rate;
485	(c) a form;
486	(d) a document;
487	(e) a plan;
488	(f) a manual;
489	(g) an application;
490	(h) a report;

491	(i) a certificate;
492	(j) an endorsement;
493	(k) an actuarial certification;
494	(l) a licensee annual statement;
495	(m) a licensee renewal application;
496	(n) an advertisement;
497	(o) a binder; or
498	(p) an outline of coverage.
499	(68) "First party insurance" means an insurance policy or contract in which the insurer
500	agrees to pay a claim submitted to it by the insured for the insured's losses.
501	(69) "Foreign insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside of this state, including an
502	alien insurer.
503	(70) (a) "Form" means one of the following prepared for general use:
504	(i) a policy;
505	(ii) a certificate;
506	(iii) an application;
507	(iv) an outline of coverage; or
508	(v) an endorsement.
509	(b) "Form" does not include a document specially prepared for use in an individual
510	case.
511	(71) "Franchise insurance" means an individual insurance policy provided through a
512	mass marketing arrangement involving a defined class of persons related in some way other
513	than through the purchase of insurance.
514	(72) "General lines of authority" include:
515	(a) the general lines of insurance in Subsection (73);
516	(b) title insurance under one of the following sublines of authority:
517	(i) title examination, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
518	(ii) escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative; and
519	(iii) title marketing representative only;
520	(c) surplus lines;
521	(d) workers' compensation; and

522	(e) another line of insurance that the commissioner considers necessary to recognize in
523	the public interest.
524	(73) "General lines of insurance" include:
525	(a) accident and health;
526	(b) casualty;
527	(c) life;
528	(d) personal lines;
529	(e) property; and
530	(f) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity.
531	(74) "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan to the extent that the
532	plan provides medical care:
533	(a) (i) to an employee; or
534	(ii) to a dependent of an employee; and
535	(b) (i) directly;
536	(ii) through insurance reimbursement; or
537	(iii) through another method.
538	(75) (a) "Group insurance policy" means a policy covering a group of persons that is
539	issued:
540	(i) to a policyholder on behalf of the group; and
541	(ii) for the benefit of a member of the group who is selected under a procedure defined
542	in:
543	(A) the policy; or
544	(B) an agreement that is collateral to the policy.
545	(b) A group insurance policy may include a member of the policyholder's family or a
546	dependent.
547	(76) "Guaranteed automobile protection insurance" means insurance offered in
548	connection with an extension of credit that pays the difference in amount between the
549	insurance settlement and the balance of the loan if the insured automobile is a total loss.
550	(77) (a) "Health benefit plan" means, except as provided in Subsection (77)(b), a
551	policy, contract, certificate, or agreement offered or issued by a health carrier to provide,
552	deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care.

553	(b) "Health benefit plan" does not include:
554	(i) coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination
555	thereof;
556	(ii) coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance;
557	(iii) liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability
558	insurance;
559	(iv) workers' compensation or similar insurance;
560	(v) automobile medical payment insurance;
561	(vi) credit-only insurance;
562	(vii) coverage for on-site medical clinics;
563	(viii) other similar insurance coverage, specified in federal regulations issued pursuant
564	to Pub. L. No. 104-191, under which benefits for health care services are secondary or
565	incidental to other insurance benefits;
566	(ix) the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate, or
567	contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan:
568	(A) limited scope dental or vision benefits;
569	(B) benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, home health care,
570	community-based care, or any combination thereof; or
571	(C) other similar limited benefits, specified in federal regulations issued pursuant to
572	Pub. L. No. 104-191;
573	(x) the following benefits if the benefits are provided under a separate policy,
574	certificate, or contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of benefits
575	and any exclusion of benefits under any health plan, and the benefits are paid with respect to an
576	event without regard to whether benefits are provided under any health plan:
577	(A) coverage only for specified disease or illness; or
578	(B) hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance; and
579	(xi) the following if offered as a separate policy, certificate, or contract of insurance:
580	(A) Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under the Social Security Act,
581	42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395ss(g)(1);
582	(B) coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under United States Code, Title
583	10. Chapter 55. Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services

584	(CHAMPUS); or
585	(C) similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a group health insurance
586	plan.
587	(78) "Health care" means any of the following intended for use in the diagnosis,
588	treatment, mitigation, or prevention of a human ailment or impairment:
589	(a) a professional service;
590	(b) a personal service;
591	(c) a facility;
592	(d) equipment;
593	(e) a device;
594	(f) supplies; or
595	(g) medicine.
596	(79) (a) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" means insurance providing:
597	(i) a health care benefit; or
598	(ii) payment of an incurred health care expense.
599	(b) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" does not include accident and health
600	insurance providing a benefit for:
601	(i) replacement of income;
602	(ii) short-term accident;
603	(iii) fixed indemnity;
604	(iv) credit accident and health;
605	(v) supplements to liability;
606	(vi) workers' compensation;
607	(vii) automobile medical payment;
608	(viii) no-fault automobile;
609	(ix) equivalent self-insurance; or
610	(x) a type of accident and health insurance coverage that is a part of or attached to
611	another type of policy.
612	(80) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
613	78B-3-403.
614	(81) "Health insurance exchange" means an exchange as defined in 45 C.F.R. Sec.

615	<u>155.20.</u>
616	[(81)] (82) "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act" means the Health
617	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936, as
618	amended.
619	[ <del>(82)</del> ] (83) "Income replacement insurance" or "disability income insurance" means
620	insurance written to provide payments to replace income lost from accident or sickness.
621	[(83)] (84) "Indemnity" means the payment of an amount to offset all or part of an
622	insured loss.
623	[(84)] (85) "Independent adjuster" means an insurance adjuster required to be licensed
624	under Section 31A-26-201 who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of an insure
625	[ <del>(85)</del> ] (86) "Independently procured insurance" means insurance procured under
626	Section 31A-15-104.
627	[ <del>(86)</del> ] (87) "Individual" means a natural person.
628	[ <del>(87)</del> ] (88) "Inland marine insurance" includes insurance covering:
629	(a) property in transit on or over land;
630	(b) property in transit over water by means other than boat or ship;
631	(c) bailee liability;
632	(d) fixed transportation property such as bridges, electric transmission systems, radio
633	and television transmission towers and tunnels; and
634	(e) personal and commercial property floaters.
635	[ <del>(88)</del> ] (89) "Insolvency" or "insolvent" means that:
636	(a) an insurer is unable to pay [its debts or meet its obligations as the debts and
637	obligations mature] the insurer's obligations as the obligations are due;
638	(b) an insurer's total adjusted capital is less than the insurer's mandatory control level
639	RBC under Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(c); or
640	(c) an [insurer is determined to be hazardous under this title] insurer's admitted assets
641	are less than the insurer's liabilities.
642	[ <del>(89)</del> ] <u>(90)</u> (a) "Insurance" means:
643	(i) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the transfer of a risk or risks from one or more
644	persons to one or more other persons; or
645	(ii) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the distribution of a risk or risks among a

646	group of persons that includes the person seeking to distribute that person's risk.
647	(b) "Insurance" includes:
648	(i) a risk distributing arrangement providing for compensation or replacement for
649	damages or loss through the provision of a service or a benefit in kind;
650	(ii) a contract of guaranty or suretyship entered into by the guarantor or surety as a
651	business and not as merely incidental to a business transaction; and
652	(iii) a plan in which the risk does not rest upon the person who makes an arrangement,
653	but with a class of persons who have agreed to share the risk.
654	[(90)] (91) "Insurance adjuster" means a person who directs or conducts the
655	investigation, negotiation, or settlement of a claim under an insurance policy other than life
656	insurance or an annuity, on behalf of an insurer, policyholder, or a claimant under an insurance
657	policy.
658	[(91)] (92) "Insurance business" or "business of insurance" includes:
659	(a) providing health care insurance by an organization that is or is required to be
660	licensed under this title;
661	(b) providing a benefit to an employee in the event of a contingency not within the
662	control of the employee, in which the employee is entitled to the benefit as a right, which
663	benefit may be provided either:
664	(i) by a single employer or by multiple employer groups; or
665	(ii) through one or more trusts, associations, or other entities;
666	(c) providing an annuity:
667	(i) including an annuity issued in return for a gift; and
668	(ii) except an annuity provided by a person specified in Subsections 31A-22-1305(2)
669	and (3);
670	(d) providing the characteristic services of a motor club as outlined in Subsection
671	$[\frac{(120)}{(121)}]$
672	(e) providing another person with insurance;
673	(f) making as insurer, guarantor, or surety, or proposing to make as insurer, guarantor,
674	or surety, a contract or policy of title insurance;
675	(g) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:
676	(i) solicitation;

6//	(11) negotiation preliminary to execution;
678	(iii) execution of a contract of title insurance;
679	(iv) insuring; and
680	(v) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of
681	the contract, including reinsurance;
682	(h) transacting or proposing a life settlement; and
683	(i) doing, or proposing to do, any business in substance equivalent to Subsections
684	[ <del>(91)</del> ] <u>(92)</u> (a) through (h) in a manner designed to evade this title.
685	[ <del>(92)</del> ] (93) "Insurance consultant" or "consultant" means a person who:
686	(a) advises another person about insurance needs and coverages;
687	(b) is compensated by the person advised on a basis not directly related to the insurance
688	placed; and
689	(c) except as provided in Section 31A-23a-501, is not compensated directly or
690	indirectly by an insurer or producer for advice given.
691	[(93)] (94) "Insurance holding company system" means a group of two or more
692	affiliated persons, at least one of whom is an insurer.
693	[(94)] (95) (a) "Insurance producer" or "producer" means a person licensed or required
694	to be licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance.
695	(b) (i) "Producer for the insurer" means a producer who is compensated directly or
696	indirectly by an insurer for selling, soliciting, or negotiating an insurance product of that
697	insurer.
698	(ii) "Producer for the insurer" may be referred to as an "agent."
699	(c) (i) "Producer for the insured" means a producer who:
700	(A) is compensated directly and only by an insurance customer or an insured; and
701	(B) receives no compensation directly or indirectly from an insurer for selling,
702	soliciting, or negotiating an insurance product of that insurer to an insurance customer or
703	insured.
704	(ii) "Producer for the insured" may be referred to as a "broker."
705	[(95)] (96) (a) "Insured" means a person to whom or for whose benefit an insurer
706	makes a promise in an insurance policy and includes:
707	(i) a policyholder:

708	(ii) a subscriber;
709	(iii) a member; and
710	(iv) a beneficiary.
711	(b) The definition in Subsection [ <del>(95)</del> ] ( <u>96)</u> (a):
712	(i) applies only to this title;
713	(ii) does not define the meaning of "insured" as used in an insurance policy or
714	certificate; and
715	(iii) includes an enrollee.
716	[(96)] (97) (a) "Insurer" means a person doing an insurance business as a principal
717	including:
718	(i) a fraternal benefit society;
719	(ii) an issuer of a gift annuity other than an annuity specified in Subsections
720	31A-22-1305(2) and (3);
721	(iii) a motor club;
722	(iv) an employee welfare plan;
723	(v) a person purporting or intending to do an insurance business as a principal on that
724	person's own account; and
725	(vi) a health maintenance organization.
726	(b) "Insurer" does not include a governmental entity to the extent the governmental
727	entity is engaged in an activity described in Section 31A-12-107.
728	[(97)] (98) "Interinsurance exchange" means the same as that term is defined in
729	Subsection [ <del>(152)</del> ] <u>(153)</u> .
730	[(98)] (99) "Involuntary unemployment insurance" means insurance:
731	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
732	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is involuntarily unemployed for payments
733	coming due on a:
734	(i) specific loan; or
735	(ii) credit transaction.
736	[(99)] (100) (a) "Large employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an
737	employer who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:
738	(i) employed an average of at least 51 employees on business days during the preceding

769

739	calendar year; and
740	(ii) employs at least one employee on the first day of the plan year.
741	(b) The number of employees shall be determined using the method set forth in 26
742	U.S.C. Sec. 4980H(c)(2).
743	[(100)] (101) "Late enrollee," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means
744	an individual whose enrollment is a late enrollment.
745	[(101)] (102) "Late enrollment," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means
746	enrollment of an individual other than:
747	(a) on the earliest date on which coverage can become effective for the individual
748	under the terms of the plan; or
749	(b) through special enrollment.
750	[(102)] (103) (a) Except for a retainer contract or legal assistance described in Section
751	31A-1-103, "legal expense insurance" means insurance written to indemnify or pay for a
752	specified legal expense.
753	(b) "Legal expense insurance" includes an arrangement that creates a reasonable
754	expectation of an enforceable right.
755	(c) "Legal expense insurance" does not include the provision of, or reimbursement for,
756	legal services incidental to other insurance coverage.
757	[(103)] (104) (a) "Liability insurance" means insurance against liability:
758	(i) for death, injury, or disability of a human being, or for damage to property,
759	exclusive of the coverages under:
760	(A) medical malpractice insurance;
761	(B) professional liability insurance; and
762	(C) workers' compensation insurance;
763	(ii) for a medical, hospital, surgical, and funeral benefit to a person other than the
764	insured who is injured, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, when issued with or
765	supplemental to insurance against legal liability for the death, injury, or disability of a human
766	being, exclusive of the coverages under:
767	(A) medical malpractice insurance;
768	(B) professional liability insurance; and

(C) workers' compensation insurance;

770	(iii) for loss or damage to property resulting from an accident to or explosion of a
771	boiler, pipe, pressure container, machinery, or apparatus;
772	(iv) for loss or damage to property caused by:
773	(A) the breakage or leakage of a sprinkler, water pipe, or water container; or
774	(B) water entering through a leak or opening in a building; or
775	(v) for other loss or damage properly the subject of insurance not within another kind
776	of insurance as defined in this chapter, if the insurance is not contrary to law or public policy.
777	(b) "Liability insurance" includes:
778	(i) vehicle liability insurance;
779	(ii) residential dwelling liability insurance; and
780	(iii) making inspection of, and issuing a certificate of inspection upon, an elevator,
781	boiler, machinery, or apparatus of any kind when done in connection with insurance on the
782	elevator, boiler, machinery, or apparatus.
783	[(104)] (105) (a) "License" means authorization issued by the commissioner to engage
784	in an activity that is part of or related to the insurance business.
785	(b) "License" includes a certificate of authority issued to an insurer.
786	[ <del>(105)</del> ] <u>(106)</u> (a) "Life insurance" means:
787	(i) insurance on a human life; and
788	(ii) insurance pertaining to or connected with human life.
789	(b) The business of life insurance includes:
790	(i) granting a death benefit;
791	(ii) granting an annuity benefit;
792	(iii) granting an endowment benefit;
793	(iv) granting an additional benefit in the event of death by accident;
794	(v) granting an additional benefit to safeguard the policy against lapse; and
795	(vi) providing an optional method of settlement of proceeds.
796	[(106)] (107) "Limited license" means a license that:
797	(a) is issued for a specific product of insurance; and
798	(b) limits an individual or agency to transact only for that product or insurance.
799	[(107)] (108) "Limited line credit insurance" includes the following forms of
800	insurance:

801	(a) credit life;
802	(b) credit accident and health;
803	(c) credit property;
804	(d) credit unemployment;
805	(e) involuntary unemployment;
806	(f) mortgage life;
807	(g) mortgage guaranty;
808	(h) mortgage accident and health;
809	(i) guaranteed automobile protection; and
810	(j) another form of insurance offered in connection with an extension of credit that:
811	(i) is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing the credit obligation; and
812	(ii) the commissioner determines by rule should be designated as a form of limited line
813	credit insurance.
814	[(108)] (109) "Limited line credit insurance producer" means a person who sells,
815	solicits, or negotiates one or more forms of limited line credit insurance coverage to an
816	individual through a master, corporate, group, or individual policy.
817	[(109)] (110) "Limited line insurance" includes:
818	(a) bail bond;
819	(b) limited line credit insurance;
820	(c) legal expense insurance;
821	(d) motor club insurance;
822	(e) car rental related insurance;
823	(f) travel insurance;
824	(g) crop insurance;
825	(h) self-service storage insurance;
826	(i) guaranteed asset protection waiver;
827	(j) portable electronics insurance; and
828	(k) another form of limited insurance that the commissioner determines by rule should
829	be designated a form of limited line insurance.
830	[(110)] (111) "Limited lines authority" includes the lines of insurance listed in
831	Subsection [ <del>(109)</del> ] (110).

832	[(111)] (112) "Limited lines producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or negotiates
833	limited lines insurance.
834	[(112)] (113) (a) "Long-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider
835	advertised, marketed, offered, or designated to provide coverage:
836	(i) in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital;
837	(ii) for not less than 12 consecutive months for a covered person on the basis of:
838	(A) expenses incurred;
839	(B) indemnity;
840	(C) prepayment; or
841	(D) another method;
842	(iii) for one or more necessary or medically necessary services that are:
843	(A) diagnostic;
844	(B) preventative;
845	(C) therapeutic;
846	(D) rehabilitative;
847	(E) maintenance; or
848	(F) personal care; and
849	(iv) that may be issued by:
850	(A) an insurer;
851	(B) a fraternal benefit society;
852	(C) (I) a nonprofit health hospital; and
853	(II) a medical service corporation;
854	(D) a prepaid health plan;
855	(E) a health maintenance organization; or
856	(F) an entity similar to the entities described in Subsections $[\frac{(112)}{(113)}]$ $(\frac{113)}{(a)}$ $(iv)$ $(A)$
857	through (E) to the extent that the entity is otherwise authorized to issue life or health care
858	insurance.
859	(b) "Long-term care insurance" includes:
860	(i) any of the following that provide directly or supplement long-term care insurance:
861	(A) a group or individual annuity or rider; or
862	(B) a life insurance policy or rider;

863	(ii) a policy or rider that provides for payment of benefits on the basis of:
864	(A) cognitive impairment; or
865	(B) functional capacity; or
866	(iii) a qualified long-term care insurance contract.
867	(c) "Long-term care insurance" does not include:
868	(i) a policy that is offered primarily to provide basic Medicare supplement coverage;
869	(ii) basic hospital expense coverage;
870	(iii) basic medical/surgical expense coverage;
871	(iv) hospital confinement indemnity coverage;
872	(v) major medical expense coverage;
873	(vi) income replacement or related asset-protection coverage;
874	(vii) accident only coverage;
875	(viii) coverage for a specified:
876	(A) disease; or
877	(B) accident;
878	(ix) limited benefit health coverage; or
879	(x) a life insurance policy that accelerates the death benefit to provide the option of a
880	lump sum payment:
881	(A) if the following are not conditioned on the receipt of long-term care:
882	(I) benefits; or
883	(II) eligibility; and
884	(B) the coverage is for one or more the following qualifying events:
885	(I) terminal illness;
886	(II) medical conditions requiring extraordinary medical intervention; or
887	(III) permanent institutional confinement.
888	[(113)] (114) "Managed care organization" means a person:
889	(a) licensed as a health maintenance organization under Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
890	Organizations and Limited Health Plans; or
891	(b) (i) licensed under:
892	(A) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
893	(B) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or

894	(C) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and
895	(ii) that requires an enrollee to use, or offers incentives, including financial incentives,
896	for an enrollee to use, network providers.
897	[(114)] (115) "Medical malpractice insurance" means insurance against legal liability
898	incident to the practice and provision of a medical service other than the practice and provision
899	of a dental service.
900	[(115)] (116) "Member" means a person having membership rights in an insurance
901	corporation.
902	[(116)] (117) "Minimum capital" or "minimum required capital" means the capital that
903	must be constantly maintained by a stock insurance corporation as required by statute.
904	[(117)] (118) "Mortgage accident and health insurance" means insurance offered in
905	connection with an extension of credit that provides indemnity for payments coming due on a
906	mortgage while the debtor has a disability.
907	[(118)] (119) "Mortgage guaranty insurance" means surety insurance under which a
908	mortgagee or other creditor is indemnified against losses caused by the default of a debtor.
909	[(119)] (120) "Mortgage life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in
910	connection with an extension of credit that pays if the debtor dies.
911	$\left[\frac{(120)}{(121)}\right]$ "Motor club" means a person:
912	(a) licensed under:
913	(i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
914	(ii) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs; or
915	(iii) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and
916	(b) that promises for an advance consideration to provide for a stated period of time
917	one or more:
918	(i) legal services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(b);
919	(ii) bail services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(c); or
920	(iii) (A) trip reimbursement;
921	(B) towing services;
922	(C) emergency road services;
923	(D) stolen automobile services;
924	(E) a combination of the services listed in Subsections [(120)] (121)(b)(iii)(A) through

925	(D); or
926	(F) other services given in Subsections 31A-11-102(1)(b) through (f).
927	[(121)] (122) "Mutual" means a mutual insurance corporation.
928	[ <del>(122)</del> ] (123) "Network plan" means health care insurance:
929	(a) that is issued by an insurer; and
930	(b) under which the financing and delivery of medical care is provided, in whole or in
931	part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the insurer, including the financing
932	and delivery of an item paid for as medical care.
933	[(123)] (124) "Network provider" means a health care provider who has an agreement
934	with a managed care organization to provide health care services to an enrollee with an
935	expectation of receiving payment, other than coinsurance, copayments, or deductibles, directly
936	from the managed care organization.
937	[(124)] (125) "Nonparticipating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is
938	not entitled to receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer.
939	[(125)] (126) "Ocean marine insurance" means insurance against loss of or damage to:
940	(a) ships or hulls of ships;
941	(b) goods, freight, cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, profits, money,
942	securities, choses in action, evidences of debt, valuable papers, bottomry, respondentia
943	interests, or other cargoes in or awaiting transit over the oceans or inland waterways;
944	(c) earnings such as freight, passage money, commissions, or profits derived from
945	transporting goods or people upon or across the oceans or inland waterways; or
946	(d) a vessel owner or operator as a result of liability to employees, passengers, bailors,
947	owners of other vessels, owners of fixed objects, customs or other authorities, or other persons
948	in connection with maritime activity.
949	[(126)] (127) "Order" means an order of the commissioner.
950	[(127)] (128) "Outline of coverage" means a summary that explains an accident and
951	health insurance policy.
952	[(128)] (129) "Participating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is
953	entitled to receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer.
954	[(129)] (130) "Participation," as used in a health benefit plan, means a requirement
955	relating to the minimum percentage of eligible employees that must be enrolled in relation to

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       the total number of eligible employees of an employer reduced by each eligible employee who
957
       voluntarily declines coverage under the plan because the employee:
958
               (a) has other group health care insurance coverage; or
959
               (b) receives:
960
               (i) Medicare, under the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, Title XVIII of the Social
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       Security Amendments of 1965; or
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               (ii) another government health benefit.
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               [<del>(130)</del>] (131) "Person" includes:
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               (a) an individual;
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               (b) a partnership;
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               (c) a corporation;
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               (d) an incorporated or unincorporated association;
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               (e) a joint stock company;
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               (f) a trust;
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               (g) a limited liability company;
971
               (h) a reciprocal;
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               (i) a syndicate; or
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               (i) another similar entity or combination of entities acting in concert.
               [(131)] (132) "Personal lines insurance" means property and casualty insurance
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975
       coverage sold for primarily noncommercial purposes to:
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               (a) an individual; or
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               (b) a family.
               [(132)] (133) "Plan sponsor" means the same as that term is defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec.
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       1002(16)(B).
980
               [(133)] (134) "Plan year" means:
981
               (a) the year that is designated as the plan year in:
982
               (i) the plan document of a group health plan; or
983
               (ii) a summary plan description of a group health plan:
984
               (b) if the plan document or summary plan description does not designate a plan year or
985
       there is no plan document or summary plan description:
986
               (i) the year used to determine deductibles or limits;
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987	(ii) the policy year, if the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis;
988	or
989	(iii) the employer's taxable year if:
990	(A) the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis; and
991	(B) (I) the plan is not insured; or
992	(II) the insurance policy is not renewed on an annual basis; or
993	(c) in a case not described in Subsection [(133)] (134)(a) or (b), the calendar year.
994	[(134)] (135) (a) "Policy" means a document, including an attached endorsement or
995	application that:
996	(i) purports to be an enforceable contract; and
997	(ii) memorializes in writing some or all of the terms of an insurance contract.
998	(b) "Policy" includes a service contract issued by:
999	(i) a motor club under Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
1000	(ii) a service contract provided under Chapter 6a, Service Contracts; and
1001	(iii) a corporation licensed under:
1002	(A) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or
1003	(B) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans.
1004	(c) "Policy" does not include:
1005	(i) a certificate under a group insurance contract; or
1006	(ii) a document that does not purport to have legal effect.
1007	[(135)] (136) "Policyholder" means a person who controls a policy, binder, or oral
1008	contract by ownership, premium payment, or otherwise.
1009	[(136)] (137) "Policy illustration" means a presentation or depiction that includes
1010	nonguaranteed elements of a policy of life insurance over a period of years.
1011	[(137)] (138) "Policy summary" means a synopsis describing the elements of a life
1012	insurance policy.
1013	[(138)] (139) "PPACA" means the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L.
1014	No. 111-148 and the Health Care Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152,
1015	and related federal regulations and guidance.
1016	[(139)] (140) "Preexisting condition," with respect to [a health benefit plan] health care
1017	insurance:

1018	(a) means a condition that was present before the effective date of coverage, whether or
1019	not medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that day;
1020	and
1021	(b) does not include a condition indicated by genetic information unless an actual
1022	diagnosis of the condition by a physician has been made.
1023	[(140)] (141) (a) "Premium" means the monetary consideration for an insurance policy.
1024	(b) "Premium" includes, however designated:
1025	(i) an assessment;
1026	(ii) a membership fee;
1027	(iii) a required contribution; or
1028	(iv) monetary consideration.
1029	(c) (i) "Premium" does not include consideration paid to a third party administrator for
1030	the third party administrator's services.
1031	(ii) "Premium" includes an amount paid by a third party administrator to an insurer for
1032	insurance on the risks administered by the third party administrator.
1033	[(141)] (142) "Principal officers" for a corporation means the officers designated under
1034	Subsection 31A-5-203(3).
1035	[(142)] (143) "Proceeding" includes an action or special statutory proceeding.
1036	[(143)] (144) "Professional liability insurance" means insurance against legal liability
1037	incident to the practice of a profession and provision of a professional service.
1038	$[\frac{(144)}{(145)}]$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[\frac{(144)}{(145)}]$ (145)(b), "property
1039	insurance" means insurance against loss or damage to real or personal property of every kind
1040	and any interest in that property:
1041	(i) from all hazards or causes; and
1042	(ii) against loss consequential upon the loss or damage including vehicle
1043	comprehensive and vehicle physical damage coverages.
1044	(b) "Property insurance" does not include:
1045	(i) inland marine insurance; and
1046	(ii) ocean marine insurance.
1047	[(145)] (146) "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally tax qualified
1048	long-term care insurance contract" means:

1049	(a) an individual or group insurance contract that meets the requirements of Section
1050	7702B(b), Internal Revenue Code; or
1051	(b) the portion of a life insurance contract that provides long-term care insurance:
1052	(i) (A) by rider; or
1053	(B) as a part of the contract; and
1054	(ii) that satisfies the requirements of Sections 7702B(b) and (e), Internal Revenue
1055	Code.
1056	[(146)] (147) "Qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that:
1057	(a) is:
1058	(i) organized under the laws of the United States or any state; or
1059	(ii) in the case of a United States office of a foreign banking organization, licensed
1060	under the laws of the United States or any state;
1061	(b) is regulated, supervised, and examined by a United States federal or state authority
1062	having regulatory authority over a bank or trust company; and
1063	(c) meets the standards of financial condition and standing that are considered
1064	necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of a financial institution whose letters of credit
1065	will be acceptable to the commissioner as determined by:
1066	(i) the commissioner by rule; or
1067	(ii) the Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance
1068	Commissioners.
1069	[ <del>(147)</del> ] <u>(148)</u> (a) "Rate" means:
1070	(i) the cost of a given unit of insurance; or
1071	(ii) for property or casualty insurance, that cost of insurance per exposure unit either
1072	expressed as:
1073	(A) a single number; or
1074	(B) a pure premium rate, adjusted before the application of individual risk variations
1075	based on loss or expense considerations to account for the treatment of:
1076	(I) expenses;
1077	(II) profit; and
1078	(III) individual insurer variation in loss experience.
1079	(b) "Rate" does not include a minimum premium.

1080	$\left[\frac{(148)}{(149)}\right]$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $\left[\frac{(148)}{(149)}\right]$ (b), "rate service
1081	organization" means a person who assists an insurer in rate making or filing by:
1082	(i) collecting, compiling, and furnishing loss or expense statistics;
1083	(ii) recommending, making, or filing rates or supplementary rate information; or
1084	(iii) advising about rate questions, except as an attorney giving legal advice.
1085	(b) "Rate service organization" does not mean:
1086	(i) an employee of an insurer;
1087	(ii) a single insurer or group of insurers under common control;
1088	(iii) a joint underwriting group; or
1089	(iv) an individual serving as an actuarial or legal consultant.
1090	[(149)] (150) "Rating manual" means any of the following used to determine initial and
1091	renewal policy premiums:
1092	(a) a manual of rates;
1093	(b) a classification;
1094	(c) a rate-related underwriting rule; and
1095	(d) a rating formula that describes steps, policies, and procedures for determining
1096	initial and renewal policy premiums.
1097	[(150)] (151) (a) "Rebate" means a licensee paying, allowing, giving, or offering to
1098	pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly:
1099	(i) a refund of premium or portion of premium;
1100	(ii) a refund of commission or portion of commission;
1101	(iii) a refund of all or a portion of a consultant fee; or
1102	(iv) providing services or other benefits not specified in an insurance or annuity
1103	contract.
1104	(b) "Rebate" does not include:
1105	(i) a refund due to termination or changes in coverage;
1106	(ii) a refund due to overcharges made in error by the licensee; or
1107	(iii) savings or wellness benefits as provided in the contract by the licensee.
1108	[(151)] (152) "Received by the department" means:
1109	(a) the date delivered to and stamped received by the department, if delivered in
1110	person;

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1111	(b) the post mark date, if delivered by mail;
1112	(c) the delivery service's post mark or pickup date, if delivered by a delivery service;
1113	(d) the received date recorded on an item delivered, if delivered by:
1114	(i) facsimile;
1115	(ii) email; or
1116	(iii) another electronic method; or
1117	(e) a date specified in:
1118	(i) a statute;
1119	(ii) a rule; or
1120	(iii) an order.
1121	[(152)] (153) "Reciprocal" or "interinsurance exchange" means an unincorporated
1122	association of persons:
1123	(a) operating through an attorney-in-fact common to all of the persons; and
1124	(b) exchanging insurance contracts with one another that provide insurance coverage
1125	on each other.
1126	$[\frac{(153)}{(154)}]$ "Reinsurance" means an insurance transaction where an insurer, for
1127	consideration, transfers any portion of the risk it has assumed to another insurer. In referring to
1128	reinsurance transactions, this title sometimes refers to:
1129	(a) the insurer transferring the risk as the "ceding insurer"; and
1130	(b) the insurer assuming the risk as the:
1131	(i) "assuming insurer"; or
1132	(ii) "assuming reinsurer."
1133	[(154)] (155) "Reinsurer" means a person licensed in this state as an insurer with the
1134	authority to assume reinsurance.
1135	[(155)] (156) "Residential dwelling liability insurance" means insurance against
1136	liability resulting from or incident to the ownership, maintenance, or use of a residential
1137	dwelling that is a detached single family residence or multifamily residence up to four units.
1138	[(156)] (157) (a) "Retrocession" means reinsurance with another insurer of a liability
1139	assumed under a reinsurance contract.
1140	(b) A reinsurer "retrocedes" when the reinsurer reinsures with another insurer part of a
1141	liability assumed under a reinsurance contract.

1142	$\left[\frac{(157)}{(158)}\right]$ "Rider" means an endorsement to:
1143	(a) an insurance policy; or
1144	(b) an insurance certificate.
1145	[(158)] (159) "Secondary medical condition" means a complication related to an
1146	exclusion from coverage in accident and health insurance.
1147	[ <del>(159)</del> ] <u>(160)</u> (a) "Security" means a:
1148	(i) note;
1149	(ii) stock;
1150	(iii) bond;
1151	(iv) debenture;
1152	(v) evidence of indebtedness;
1153	(vi) certificate of interest or participation in a profit-sharing agreement;
1154	(vii) collateral-trust certificate;
1155	(viii) preorganization certificate or subscription;
1156	(ix) transferable share;
1157	(x) investment contract;
1158	(xi) voting trust certificate;
1159	(xii) certificate of deposit for a security;
1160	(xiii) certificate of interest of participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in
1161	payments out of production under such a title or lease;
1162	(xiv) commodity contract or commodity option;
1163	(xv) certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for,
1164	receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase any of the items listed
1165	in Subsections [(159)] (160)(a)(i) through (xiv); or
1166	(xvi) another interest or instrument commonly known as a security.
1167	(b) "Security" does not include:
1168	(i) any of the following under which an insurance company promises to pay money in a
1169	specific lump sum or periodically for life or some other specified period:
1170	(A) insurance;
1171	(B) an endowment policy; or
1172	(C) an annuity contract; or

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1173	(ii) a burial certificate or burial contract.
1174	[(160)] (161) "Securityholder" means a specified person who owns a security of a
1175	person, including:
1176	(a) common stock;
1177	(b) preferred stock;
1178	(c) debt obligations; and
1179	(d) any other security convertible into or evidencing the right of any of the items listed
1180	in this Subsection [ <del>(160)</del> ] <u>(161)</u> .
1181	[(161)] (162) (a) "Self-insurance" means an arrangement under which a person
1182	provides for spreading its own risks by a systematic plan.
1183	(b) Except as provided in this Subsection [(161)] (162), "self-insurance" does not
1184	include an arrangement under which a number of persons spread their risks among themselves.
1185	(c) "Self-insurance" includes:
1186	(i) an arrangement by which a governmental entity undertakes to indemnify an
1187	employee for liability arising out of the employee's employment; and
1188	(ii) an arrangement by which a person with a managed program of self-insurance and
1189	risk management undertakes to indemnify its affiliates, subsidiaries, directors, officers, or
1190	employees for liability or risk that is related to the relationship or employment.
1191	(d) "Self-insurance" does not include an arrangement with an independent contractor.
1192	[(162)] (163) "Sell" means to exchange a contract of insurance:
1193	(a) by any means;
1194	(b) for money or its equivalent; and
1195	(c) on behalf of an insurance company.
1196	[(163)] (164) "Short-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider
1197	advertised, marketed, offered, or designed to provide coverage that is similar to long-term care
1198	insurance, but that provides coverage for less than 12 consecutive months for each covered
1199	person.
1200	[(164)] (165) "Significant break in coverage" means a period of 63 consecutive days
1201	during each of which an individual does not have creditable coverage.
1202	[(165)] (166) (a) "Small employer" means, in connection with a health benefit plan and
1203	with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year, an employer who:

1204 (i) employed at least one employee but not more than 50 employees on business days 1205 during the preceding calendar year; and 1206 (ii) employs at least one employee on the first day of the plan year. 1207 (b) The number of employees shall: 1208 (i) be determined using the method set forth in 26 U.S.C. Sec. 4980H(c)(2); and 1209 (ii) include an owner described in Subsection (52)(b)(i). 1210 (c) "Small employer" does not include a sole proprietor that does not employ at least 1211 one employee. 1212 [(166)] (167) "Special enrollment period," in connection with a health benefit plan, has 1213 the same meaning as provided in federal regulations adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance 1214 Portability and Accountability Act. 1215 [(167)] (168) (a) "Subsidiary" of a person means an affiliate controlled by that person 1216 either directly or indirectly through one or more affiliates or intermediaries. (b) "Wholly owned subsidiary" of a person is a subsidiary of which all of the voting 1217 1218 shares are owned by that person either alone or with its affiliates, except for the minimum 1219 number of shares the law of the subsidiary's domicile requires to be owned by directors or 1220 others. 1221 [(168)] (169) Subject to Subsection [(89)] (90)(b), "surety insurance" includes: 1222 (a) a guarantee against loss or damage resulting from the failure of a principal to pay or 1223 perform the principal's obligations to a creditor or other obligee; 1224 (b) bail bond insurance; and 1225 (c) fidelity insurance. 1226 [(169)] (170) (a) "Surplus" means the excess of assets over the sum of paid-in capital and liabilities. 1227 1228 (b) (i) "Permanent surplus" means the surplus of an insurer or organization that is 1229 designated by the insurer or organization as permanent. 1230 (ii) Sections 31A-5-211, 31A-7-201, 31A-8-209, 31A-9-209, and 31A-14-205 require 1231 that insurers or organizations doing business in this state maintain specified minimum levels of 1232 permanent surplus. 1233 (iii) Except for assessable mutuals, the minimum permanent surplus requirement is the

same as the minimum required capital requirement that applies to stock insurers.

1235	(c) "Excess surplus" means:
1236	(i) for a life insurer, accident and health insurer, health organization, or property and
1237	casualty insurer as defined in Section 31A-17-601, the lesser of:
1238	(A) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1239	exceeds the product of:
1240	(I) 2.5; and
1241	(II) the sum of the insurer's or health organization's minimum capital or permanent
1242	surplus required under Section 31A-5-211, 31A-9-209, or 31A-14-205; or
1243	(B) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1244	exceeds the product of:
1245	(I) 3.0; and
1246	(II) the authorized control level RBC as defined in Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(a); and
1247	(ii) for a monoline mortgage guaranty insurer, financial guaranty insurer, or title insurer
1248	that amount of an insurer's paid-in-capital and surplus that exceeds the product of:
1249	(A) 1.5; and
1250	(B) the insurer's total adjusted capital required by Subsection 31A-17-609(1).
1251	$[\frac{(170)}{(171)}]$ "Third party administrator" or "administrator" means a person who
1252	collects charges or premiums from, or who, for consideration, adjusts or settles claims of
1253	residents of the state in connection with insurance coverage, annuities, or service insurance
1254	coverage, except:
1255	(a) a union on behalf of its members;
1256	(b) a person administering a:
1257	(i) pension plan subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of
1258	1974;
1259	(ii) governmental plan as defined in Section 414(d), Internal Revenue Code; or
1260	(iii) nonelecting church plan as described in Section 410(d), Internal Revenue Code;
1261	(c) an employer on behalf of the employer's employees or the employees of one or
1262	more of the subsidiary or affiliated corporations of the employer;
1263	(d) an insurer licensed under the following, but only for a line of insurance for which
1264	the insurer holds a license in this state:
1265	(i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;

1266	(ii) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
1267	(iii) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
1268	(iv) Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals; or
1269	(v) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers;
1270	(e) a person:
1271	(i) licensed or exempt from licensing under:
1272	(A) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
1273	Reinsurance Intermediaries; or
1274	(B) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; and
1275	(ii) whose activities are limited to those authorized under the license the person holds
1276	or for which the person is exempt; or
1277	(f) an institution, bank, or financial institution:
1278	(i) that is:
1279	(A) an institution whose deposits and accounts are to any extent insured by a federal
1280	deposit insurance agency, including the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or National
1281	Credit Union Administration; or
1282	(B) a bank or other financial institution that is subject to supervision or examination by
1283	a federal or state banking authority; and
1284	(ii) that does not adjust claims without a third party administrator license.
1285	[(171)] (172) "Title insurance" means the insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying of an
1286	owner of real or personal property or the holder of liens or encumbrances on that property, or
1287	others interested in the property against loss or damage suffered by reason of liens or
1288	encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the property, or invalidity
1289	or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
1290	[(172)] (173) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of an insurer's or health
1291	organization's statutory capital and surplus as determined in accordance with:
1292	(a) the statutory accounting applicable to the annual financial statements required to be
1293	filed under Section 31A-4-113; and
1294	(b) another item provided by the RBC instructions, as RBC instructions is defined in
1295	Section 31A-17-601.
1296	[(173)] (174) (a) "Trustee" means "director" when referring to the board of directors of

1297	a corporation.
1298	(b) "Trustee," when used in reference to an employee welfare fund, means an
1299	individual, firm, association, organization, joint stock company, or corporation, whether acting
1300	individually or jointly and whether designated by that name or any other, that is charged with
1301	or has the overall management of an employee welfare fund.
1302	[(174)] (175) (a) "Unauthorized insurer," "unadmitted insurer," or "nonadmitted
1303	insurer" means an insurer:
1304	(i) not holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state;
1305	or
1306	(ii) transacting business not authorized by a valid certificate.
1307	(b) "Admitted insurer" or "authorized insurer" means an insurer:
1308	(i) holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state; and
1309	(ii) transacting business as authorized by a valid certificate.
1310	[(175)] (176) "Underwrite" means the authority to accept or reject risk on behalf of the
1311	insurer.
1312	[(176)] (177) "Vehicle liability insurance" means insurance against liability resulting
1313	from or incident to ownership, maintenance, or use of a land vehicle or aircraft, exclusive of a
1314	vehicle comprehensive or vehicle physical damage coverage under Subsection [(144)] (145).
1315	[(177)] (178) "Voting security" means a security with voting rights, and includes a
1316	security convertible into a security with a voting right associated with the security.
1317	[(178)] (179) "Waiting period" for a health benefit plan means the period that must
1318	pass before coverage for an individual, who is otherwise eligible to enroll under the terms of
1319	the health benefit plan, can become effective.
1320	[(179)] (180) "Workers' compensation insurance" means:
1321	(a) insurance for indemnification of an employer against liability for compensation
1322	based on:
1323	(i) a compensable accidental injury; and
1324	(ii) occupational disease disability;
1325	(b) employer's liability insurance incidental to workers' compensation insurance and
1326	written in connection with workers' compensation insurance; and

(c) insurance assuring to a person entitled to workers' compensation benefits the

1328	compensation provided by law.
1329	Section 2. Section 31A-2-201.1 is amended to read:
1330	31A-2-201.1. General filing requirements.
1331	Except as otherwise provided in this title, the commissioner may set by rule made in
1332	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, specific
1333	requirements for filing any of the following required by this title:
1334	(1) a form;
1335	(2) a rate; [ <del>or</del> ]
1336	(3) a report[:]; <u>or</u>
1337	(4) a binder for a health benefit plan or dental policy.
1338	Section 3. Section 31A-2-201.2 is amended to read:
1339	31A-2-201.2. Evaluation of health insurance market.
1340	(1) Each year the commissioner shall:
1341	(a) conduct an evaluation of the state's health insurance market;
1342	(b) report the findings of the evaluation to the Health and Human Services Interim
1343	Committee before [October] December 1 of each year; and
1344	(c) publish the findings of the evaluation on the department website.
1345	(2) The evaluation required by this section shall:
1346	(a) analyze the effectiveness of the insurance regulations and statutes in promoting a
1347	healthy, competitive health insurance market that meets the needs of the state, and includes an
1348	analysis of:
1349	(i) the availability and marketing of individual and group products;
1350	(ii) rate changes;
1351	(iii) coverage and demographic changes;
1352	(iv) benefit trends;
1353	(v) market share changes; and
1354	(vi) accessibility;
1355	(b) assess complaint ratios and trends within the health insurance market, which
1356	assessment shall include complaint data from the Office of Consumer Health Assistance within
1357	the department;
1358	(c) contain recommendations for action to improve the overall effectiveness of the

[(1)] (2) is not a violation of this title.

1359 health insurance market, administrative rules, and statutes; and 1360 (d) include claims loss ratio data for each health insurance company doing business in 1361 the state. 1362 (3) When preparing the evaluation and report required by this section, the 1363 commissioner may seek the input of insurers, employers, insured persons, providers, and others 1364 with an interest in the health insurance market. 1365 (4) The commissioner may adopt administrative rules for the purpose of collecting the data required by this section, taking into account the business confidentiality of the insurers. 1366 1367 (5) Records submitted to the commissioner under this section shall be maintained by the commissioner as protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records 1368 1369 Access and Management Act. 1370 Section 4. Section 31A-2-204 is amended to read: 31A-2-204. Conducting examinations. 1371 1372 (1) As used in this section, "work papers" means a record that is created or relied upon: (a) during the course of an examination conducted under Section 31A-2-203; or 1373 (b) in drafting an examination report. 1374 [(1)] (2) (a) For each examination under Section 31A-2-203, the commissioner shall 1375 1376 issue an order: 1377 (i) stating the scope of the examination; and 1378 (ii) designating the examiner in charge. (b) The commissioner need not give advance notice of an examination to an examinee. 1379 1380 (c) The examiner in charge shall give the examinee a copy of the order issued under 1381 this Subsection [(1)] (2). 1382 (d) (i) The commissioner may alter the scope or nature of an examination at any time 1383 without advance notice to the examinee. 1384 (ii) If the commissioner amends an order described in this Subsection  $[\frac{(1)}{(1)}]$  (2), the commissioner shall provide a copy of any amended order to the examinee. 1385 (e) Statements in the commissioner's examination order concerning examination scope 1386 1387 are for the examiner's guidance only. (f) Examining relevant matters not mentioned in an order issued under this Subsection 1388

1390	[(2)] (3) The commissioner shall, whenever practicable, cooperate with the insurance
1391	regulators of other states by conducting joint examinations of:
1392	(a) multistate insurers doing business in this state; or
1393	(b) other multistate licensees doing business in this state.
1394	[(3)] (4) An examiner authorized by the commissioner shall, when necessary to the
1395	purposes of the examination, have access at all reasonable hours to the premises and to any
1396	books, records, files, securities, documents, or property of:
1397	(a) the examinee; and
1398	(b) any of the following if the premises, books, records, files, securities, documents, or
1399	property relate to the affairs of the examinee:
1400	(i) an officer of the examinee;
1401	(ii) any other person who:
1402	(A) has executive authority over the examinee; or
1403	(B) is in charge of any segment of the examinee's affairs; or
1404	(iii) any affiliate of the examinee under Subsection 31A-2-203(1)(b).
1405	[(4)] (5) (a) The officers, employees, and agents of the examinee and of persons under
1406	Subsection 31A-2-203(1)(b) shall comply with every reasonable request of the examiners for
1407	assistance in any matter relating to the examination.
1408	(b) A person may not obstruct or interfere with the examination except by legal
1409	process.
1410	[(5)] (6) If the commissioner finds the accounts or records to be inadequate for proper
1411	examination of the condition and affairs of the examinee or improperly kept or posted, the
1412	commissioner may employ experts to rewrite, post, or balance the accounts or records at the
1413	expense of the examinee.
1414	[6] (a) The examiner in charge of an examination shall make a report of the
1415	examination no later than 60 days after the completion of the examination that shall include:
1416	(i) the information and analysis ordered under Subsection [(1)] (2); and
1417	(ii) the examiner's recommendations.
1418	(b) At the option of the examiner in charge, preparation of the report may include
1419	conferences with the examinee or representatives of the examinee.
1420	(c) The report is confidential until the report becomes a public document under

1421 Subsection [7] (8), except the commissioner may use information from the report as a basis 1422 for action under Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act. 1423 [<del>(7)</del>] (8) (a) The commissioner shall serve a copy of the examination report described 1424 in Subsection [(6)] (7) upon the examinee. 1425 (b) Within 20 days after service, the examinee shall: 1426 (i) accept the examination report as written; or (ii) request agency action to modify the examination report. 1427 1428 (c) The report is considered accepted under this Subsection [<del>(7)</del>] (8) if the examinee 1429 does not file a request for agency action to modify the report within 20 days after service of the 1430 report. 1431 (d) If the examination report is accepted: 1432 (i) the examination report immediately becomes a public document; and 1433 (ii) the commissioner shall distribute the examination report to all jurisdictions in 1434 which the examinee is authorized to do business. 1435 (e) (i) Any adjudicative proceeding held as a result of the examinee's request for 1436 agency action shall, upon the examinee's demand, be closed to the public, except that the 1437 commissioner need not exclude any participating examiner from this closed hearing. 1438 (ii) Within 20 days after the hearing held under this Subsection [<del>(7)</del>] (8)(e), the 1439 commissioner shall: 1440 (A) adopt the examination report with any necessary modifications; and 1441 (B) serve a copy of the adopted report upon the examinee. 1442 (iii) Unless the examinee seeks judicial relief, the adopted examination report: 1443 (A) shall become a public document 10 days after service; and 1444 (B) may be distributed as described in this section. 1445 (f) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, to the extent 1446 that this section is in conflict with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, this 1447 section governs: 1448 (i) a request for agency action under this section; or 1449 (ii) adjudicative proceeding under this section. [<del>(8)</del>] (9) The examinee shall promptly furnish copies of the adopted examination report 1450 1451 described in Subsection  $[\frac{7}{2}]$  (8) to each member of the examinee's board.

1452	[(9)] (10) After an examination report becomes a public document under Subsection
1453	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(8)</u> , the commissioner may furnish, without cost or at a reasonable price set under Section
1454	31A-3-103, a copy of the examination report to interested persons, including:
1455	(a) a member of the board of the examinee; or
1456	(b) one or more newspapers in this state.
1457	[(10)] (a) In a proceeding by or against the examinee, or any officer or agent of the
1458	examinee, the examination report as adopted by the commissioner is admissible as evidence of
1459	the facts stated in the report.
1460	(b) In any proceeding commenced under Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act, the
1461	examination report, whether adopted by the commissioner or not, is admissible as evidence of
1462	the facts stated in the examination report.
1463	(12) Work papers are protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
1464	Records Access and Management Act.
1465	Section 5. Section 31A-2-403 is amended to read:
1466	31A-2-403. Title and Escrow Commission created.
1467	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), there is created within the department the Title and
1468	Escrow Commission that is comprised of five members appointed by the governor with the
1469	consent of the Senate as follows:
1470	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), two members shall be employees of a title
1471	insurer;
1472	(ii) two members shall:
1473	(A) be employees of a Utah agency title insurance producer;
1474	(B) be or have been licensed under the title insurance line of authority;
1475	(C) as of the day on which the member is appointed, be or have been licensed with the
1476	title examination or escrow subline of authority for at least five years; and
1477	(D) as of the day on which the member is appointed, not be from the same county as
1478	another member appointed under this Subsection (1)(a)(ii); and
1479	(iii) one member shall be a member of the general public from any county in the state.
1480	(b) No more than one commission member may be appointed from a single company
1481	or an affiliate or subsidiary of the company.
1482	(c) If the governor is unable to identify more than one individual who is an employee

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1483 of a title insurer and willing to serve as a member of the commission, the commission shall 1484 include the following members in lieu of the members described in Subsection (1)(a)(i): 1485 (i) one member who is an employee of a title insurer; and 1486 (ii) one member who is an employee of a Utah agency title insurance producer. 1487 (2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(c), a commission member shall file with the 1488 commissioner a disclosure of any position of employment or ownership interest that the 1489 commission member has with respect to a person that is subject to the jurisdiction of the 1490 commissioner. 1491 (b) The disclosure statement required by this Subsection (2) shall be: 1492 (i) filed by no later than the day on which the person begins that person's appointment; 1493 and 1494 (ii) amended when a significant change occurs in any matter required to be disclosed 1495 under this Subsection (2). 1496 (c) A commission member is not required to disclose an ownership interest that the 1497 commission member has if the ownership interest is in a publicly traded company or held as 1498 part of a mutual fund, trust, or similar investment. 1499 (3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current commission 1500 members expire, the governor shall appoint each new commission member to a four-year term 1501 ending on June 30. 1502 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the 1503 time of appointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of the commission 1504 members are staggered so that approximately half of the members appointed under Subsection 1505 (1)(a)(i) and half of the members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) are appointed every two 1506 years. 1507 (c) A commission member may not serve more than one consecutive term. 1508 (d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor, with the 1509 consent of the Senate, shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term. 1510 (e) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a commission member

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serves until a successor is appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.

(4) A commission member may not receive compensation or benefits for the

commission member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance

1514	with:
1515	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1516	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1517	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1518	63A-3-107.
1519	(5) Members of the commission shall annually select one commission member to serve
1520	as chair.
1521	(6) (a) The commission shall meet at least monthly. Notwithstanding Section
1522	52-4-207, a commission member shall physically attend a regularly scheduled monthly meeting
1523	of the commission and may not attend through electronic means. A commission member may
1524	attend subcommittee meetings, emergency meetings, or other not regularly scheduled meetings
1525	electronically in accordance with Section 52-4-207.
1526	(b) The commissioner may call additional meetings:
1527	(i) at the commissioner's discretion;
1528	(ii) upon the request of the chair of the commission; or
1529	(iii) upon the written request of three or more commission members.
1530	(c) (i) Three commission members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
1531	(ii) The action of a majority of the commission members when a quorum is present is
1532	the action of the commission.
1533	(7) The commissioner shall staff the commission.
1534	Section 6. Section 31A-3-303 is amended to read:
1535	31A-3-303. Payment of tax.
1536	(1) (a) An insurer, the producers involved in the transaction, and the policyholder are
1537	jointly and severally liable for the payment of the taxes required under Section 31A-3-301.
1538	(b) The policyholder's liability for payment of the premium tax under Section
1539	31A-3-301 ends when the policyholder pays the tax to a producer or an insurer.
1540	(c) The insurer and the producers involved in the transaction are jointly and severally
1541	liable for the payment of the additional tax required under Section 31A-3-302.
1542	(d) Except for the tax under Section 31A-3-302, the policyholder shall pay a tax under
1543	this part and shall be billed specifically for the tax when billed for the premium.
1544	(e) Except for the tax imposed under Section 31A-3-302, absorption of the tax by the

producer or insurer is an unfair method of competition under Sections 31A-23a-402 and 31A-23a-402.5.

- (2) (a) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe accounting and reporting forms and procedures for insurers, producers, and policyholders to use in determining the amount of taxes owed under this part, and the manner and time of payment.
- (b) If a tax is not paid within the time prescribed under the commissioner's rule, a penalty shall be imposed of 25% of the tax due, plus 1-1/2% per month from the time of default until full payment of the tax.
- (3) Upon making a record of its actions, and upon reasonable cause shown, the commissioner may waive, reduce, or compromise any of the penalties or interest imposed under this part.
- [(4) Subject to Section 31A-3-305, if a policy covers risks that are only partially located in this state, for computation of tax under this part the premium shall be reasonably allocated among the states on the basis of risk locations. However, the premiums with respect to surplus lines insurance received in this state by a surplus lines producer or charged on policies written or negotiated in or from this state are taxable in full under this part, subject to a credit for any tax actually paid in another state to the extent of a reasonable allocation on the basis of risk locations.]
- (4) When Utah is the home state, premiums for surplus lines insurance are taxable in full.
- (5) Subject to Section 31A-3-305, the premium taxes collected under this part by a producer or by an insurer are the property of this state.
- (6) If the property of a producer is seized under any process in a court in this state, or if a producer's business is suspended by the action of creditors or put into the hands of an assignee, receiver, or trustee, the taxes and penalties due this state under this part are preferred claims and the state is to that extent a preferred creditor.
  - Section 7. Section **31A-8-104** is amended to read:
  - 31A-8-104. Determination of ability to provide services.
- (1) The commissioner may not issue a certificate of authority to an applicant for a certificate of authority under this chapter unless the <u>applicant demonstrates to the</u> commissioner [has determined] that the applicant has:

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1576 (a) [demonstrated] the willingness and potential ability to furnish the proposed health care services in a manner to assure both availability and accessibility of adequate personnel and 1577 1578 facilities and continuity of service; and 1579 (b) arrangements for an ongoing quality of health care assurance program concerning health care processes and outcomes[, established in accordance with rules adopted by the 1580 1581 director of the Department of Health based upon prevailing standards for quality assurance for 1582 other forms of health care delivery in this state; and]. (c) a procedure, established in accordance with rules of the director of the Department 1583 of Health, to develop, compile, evaluate, and report statistics relating to the cost of its 1584 operations, the pattern of utilization of its services, the availability and accessibility of its 1585 1586 services, and such other matters as may be reasonably required by the director of the 1587 Department of Health. 1588 [(2) Upon receipt of an application for a certificate of authority under this chapter, the commissioner shall transmit a copy of the application and accompanying documents to the 1589 director of the Department of Health. Upon receipt of the application, the director of the 1590 1591 Department of Health shall review the application, investigate the surrounding facts and circumstances, and make a finding concerning whether the applicant satisfies the requirements 1592 1593 of Subsection (1). The director of the Department of Health is considered to have found the 1594 applicant to comply with Subsection (1) unless he delivers to the commissioner a finding of 1595 noncompliance within 90 days after receiving the application from the commissioner. [(3) In determining whether the requirements of Subsection (1) are satisfied, the 1596 commissioner shall rely on the findings of the director of the Department of Health delivered to 1597 1598 the commissioner in accordance with Subsection (2).] 1599 [4] A finding of noncompliance with Subsection (1) shall specify in what respects the applicant is deficient in meeting the requirements of Subsection (1). 1600 1601 (2) (a) In accordance with Sections 31A-2-203 and 31A-2-204, the commissioner may order an independent audit or examination by one or more technical experts to determine an 1602 1603 applicant's ability to provide the proposed health care services as described in Subsection (1). 1604 (b) In accordance with Section 31A-2-205, an applicant shall reimburse the

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[(5) An organization's certificate of authority issued under this chapter is conclusive

commissioner for the reasonable cost of an independent audit or examination.

1607	evidence of compliance with Subsection (1), as to the services authorized to be performed
1608	under the certificate of authority, except in a proceeding by the state against the organization.]
1609	(3) Licensing under this chapter does not exempt an organization from any licensing
1610	requirement applicable under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and
1611	Inspection Act.
1612	Section 8. Section 31A-8a-102 is amended to read:
1613	31A-8a-102. Definitions.
1614	[For purposes of] As used in this chapter:
1615	(1) "Fee" means any periodic charge for use of a discount program.
1616	(2) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in Section
1617	78B-3-403, with the exception of "licensed athletic trainer," who:
1618	(a) is practicing within the scope of the provider's license; and
1619	(b) has agreed either directly or indirectly, by contract or any other arrangement with a
1620	health discount program operator, to provide a discount to enrollees of a health discount
1621	program.
1622	(3) (a) "Health discount program" means a business arrangement or contract in which a
1623	person pays fees, dues, charges, or other consideration in exchange for a program that provides
1624	access to health care providers who agree to provide a discount for health care services.
1625	(b) "Health discount program" does not include a program that does not charge a
1626	membership fee or require other consideration from the member to use the program's discounts
1627	for health services.
1628	(4) "Health discount program marketer" means a person, including a private label
1629	entity, that markets, promotes, sells, or distributes a health discount program but does not
1630	operate a health discount program.
1631	(5) "Health discount program operator" means a person that provides a health discount
1632	program by entering into a contract or agreement, directly or indirectly, with a person or
1633	persons in this state who agree to provide discounts for health care services to enrollees of the
1634	health discount program and determines the charge to members.
1635	(6) "Marketing" means making or causing to be made any communication that contains

[(6)] (7) "Value-added benefit" means a discount offering with no additional charge

information that relates to a product or contract regulated under this chapter.

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1638	made by a health insurer or health maintenance organization that is licensed under this title, in
1639	connection with existing contracts with the health insurer or health maintenance organization.
1640	Section 9. Section 31A-15-103 is amended to read:
1641	31A-15-103. Surplus lines insurance Unauthorized insurers.
1642	(1) Notwithstanding Section 31A-15-102, [a foreign insurer that has not obtained a
1643	certificate of authority to do business in this state under Section 31A-14-202 may negotiate for
1644	and] when this state is the home state as defined in Section 31A-3-305, a nonadmitted insurer
1645	may make an insurance contract [with] for coverage of a person in this state and on a risk
1646	located in this state, subject to the limitations and requirements of this section.
1647	(2) (a) For a contract made under this section, the insurer may, in this state:
1648	(i) inspect the risks to be insured;
1649	(ii) collect premiums;
1650	(iii) adjust losses; and
1651	(iv) do another act reasonably incidental to the contract.
1652	(b) An act described in Subsection (2)(a) may be done through:
1653	(i) an employee; or
1654	(ii) an independent contractor.
1655	(3) (a) Subsections (1) and (2) do not permit a person to solicit business in this state on
1656	behalf of an insurer that has no certificate of authority.
1657	(b) Insurance placed with a nonadmitted insurer shall be placed [with] by a surplus
1658	lines producer licensed under Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers,
1659	Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries.
1660	(c) The commissioner may by rule prescribe how a surplus lines producer may:
1661	(i) pay or permit the payment, commission, or other remuneration on insurance placed
1662	by the surplus lines producer under authority of the surplus lines producer's license to one
1663	holding a license to act as an insurance producer; and

- (ii) advertise the availability of the surplus lines producer's services in procuring, on behalf of a person seeking insurance, a contract with a nonadmitted insurer.
- (4) For a contract made under this section, a nonadmitted insurer is subject to Sections 31A-23a-402, 31A-23a-402.5, and 31A-23a-403 and the rules adopted under those sections.
  - (5) A nonadmitted insurer may not issue workers' compensation insurance coverage to

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- 1669 an employer located in this state, except for stop loss coverage issued to an employer securing 1670 workers' compensation under Subsection 34A-2-201(2). 1671 (6) (a) The commissioner may by rule prohibit making a contract under Subsection (1) 1672 for a specified class of insurance if authorized insurers provide an established market for the 1673 class in this state that is adequate and reasonably competitive. 1674 (b) The commissioner may by rule place a restriction or a limitation on and create 1675 special procedures for making a contract under Subsection (1) for a specified class of insurance if: 1676 1677 (i) there have been abuses of placements in the class; or 1678 (ii) the policyholders in the class, because of limited financial resources, business 1679 experience, or knowledge, cannot protect their own interests adequately. 1680 (c) The commissioner may prohibit an individual insurer from making a contract under 1681 Subsection (1) and all insurance producers from dealing with the insurer if: (i) the insurer willfully violates: 1682 1683 (A) this section; 1684 (B) Section 31A-4-102, 31A-23a-402, 31A-23a-402.5, or 31A-26-303; or (C) a rule adopted under a section listed in Subsection (6)(c)(i)(A) or (B); 1685 1686 (ii) the insurer fails to pay the fees and taxes specified under Section 31A-3-301; or 1687 (iii) the commissioner has reason to believe that the insurer is: 1688 (A) in an unsound condition; 1689 (B) operated in a fraudulent, dishonest, or incompetent manner; or 1690 (C) in violation of the law of its domicile. 1691 (d) (i) The commissioner may issue one or more lists of [unauthorized] nonadmitted 1692 foreign insurers whose: 1693 (A) solidity the commissioner doubts; or 1694 (B) practices the commissioner considers objectionable. 1695 (ii) The commissioner shall issue one or more lists of [unauthorized] nonadmitted 1696 foreign insurers the commissioner considers to be reliable and solid.
  - (iii) In addition to the lists described in Subsections (6)(d)(i) and (ii), the commissioner may issue other relevant evaluations of [unauthorized] nonadmitted insurers.
  - (iv) An action may not lie against the commissioner or an employee of the department

1700	for a written or oral communication made in, or in connection with the issuance of, a list or
1701	evaluation described in this Subsection (6)(d).
1702	(e) A foreign [unauthorized] nonadmitted insurer shall be listed on the commissioner's
1703	"reliable" list only if the [unauthorized] nonadmitted insurer:
1704	(i) delivers a request to the commissioner to be on the list;
1705	(ii) establishes satisfactory evidence of good reputation and financial integrity;
1706	(iii) (A) delivers to the commissioner a copy of the [unauthorized] nonadmitted
1707	insurer's current annual statement certified by the insurer[; and] and, each subsequent year,
1708	delivers to the commissioner a copy of the nonadmitted insurer's annual statement within 60
1709	days after the day on which the nonadmitted insurer files the annual statement with the
1710	insurance regulatory authority where the nonadmitted insurer is domiciled; or
1711	[(B) continues each subsequent year to file its annual statements with the
1712	commissioner within 60 days of the day on which it is filed with the insurance regulatory
1713	authority where the insurer is domiciled;]
1714	(B) files the nonadmitted insurer's annual statements with the National Association of
1715	Insurance Commissioners and the nonadmitted insurer's annual statements are available
1716	electronically from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners;
1717	(iv) (A) [ <del>(1)</del> ] is in substantial compliance with the solvency standards in Chapter 17,
1718	Part 6, Risk-Based Capital, or maintains capital and surplus of at least \$15,000,000, whichever
1719	is greater; [and] or
1720	[(II) maintains in the United States an irrevocable trust fund in either a national bank or
1721	a member of the Federal Reserve System, or maintains a deposit meeting the statutory deposit
1722	requirements for insurers in the state where it is made, which trust fund or deposit:]
1723	[(Aa) shall be in an amount not less than \$2,500,000 for the protection of all of the
1724	insurer's policyholders in the United States;]
1725	[(Bb) may consist of cash, securities, or investments of substantially the same character
1726	and quality as those which are "qualified assets" under Section 31A-17-201; and]
1727	[(Cc) may include as part of the trust arrangement a letter of credit that qualifies as
1728	acceptable security under Section 31A-17-404.1; or]
1729	(B) in the case of any "Lloyd's" or other similar incorporated or unincorporated group

of alien individual insurers, maintains a trust fund that:

1731 (I) shall be in an amount not less than \$50,000,000 as security to its full amount for all 1732 policyholders and creditors in the United States of each member of the group; 1733 (II) may consist of cash, securities, or investments of substantially the same character 1734 and quality as those which are "qualified assets" under Section 31A-17-201; and 1735 (III) may include as part of this trust arrangement a letter of credit that qualifies as 1736 acceptable security under Section 31A-17-404.1; and 1737 (v) for an alien insurer not domiciled in the United States or a territory of the United 1738 States, is listed on the Quarterly Listing of Alien Insurers maintained by the National 1739 Association of Insurance Commissioners International Insurers Department. 1740 (7) (a) Subject to Subsection (7)(b), a surplus lines producer may not, either knowingly 1741 or without reasonable investigation of the financial condition and general reputation of the 1742 insurer, place insurance under this section with: 1743 (i) a financially unsound insurer: (ii) an insurer engaging in unfair practices; or 1744 1745 (iii) an otherwise substandard insurer. 1746 (b) A surplus line producer may place insurance under this section with an insurer 1747 described in Subsection (7)(a) if the surplus line producer: 1748 (i) gives the applicant notice in writing of the known deficiencies of the insurer or the 1749 limitations on the surplus line producer's investigation; and 1750 (ii) explains the need to place the business with that insurer. 1751 (c) A copy of the notice described in Subsection (7)(b) shall be kept in the office of the 1752 surplus line producer for at least five years. 1753 (d) To be financially sound, an insurer shall satisfy standards that are comparable to 1754 those applied under the laws of this state to an authorized insurer. 1755 (e) An insurer on the "doubtful or objectionable" list under Subsection (6)(d) or an 1756 insurer not on the commissioner's "reliable" list under Subsection (6)(e) is presumed 1757 substandard. 1758 (8) (a) A policy issued under this section shall: 1759 (i) include a description of the subject of the insurance; and 1760 (ii) indicate: 1761 (A) the coverage, conditions, and term of the insurance;

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1762 (B) the premium charged the policyholder; 1763 (C) the premium taxes to be collected from the policyholder; and 1764 (D) the name and address of the policyholder and insurer. 1765 (b) If the direct risk is assumed by more than one insurer, the policy shall state: 1766 (i) the names and addresses of all insurers; and 1767 (ii) the portion of the entire direct risk each assumes. (c) A policy issued under this section shall have attached or affixed to the policy the 1768 1769 following statement: "The insurer issuing this policy does not hold a certificate of authority to 1770 do business in this state and thus is not fully subject to regulation by the Utah insurance 1771 commissioner. This policy receives no protection from any of the guaranty associations created 1772 under Title 31A, Chapter 28, Guaranty Associations." 1773 (9) Upon placing a new or renewal coverage under this section, a surplus lines 1774 producer shall promptly deliver to the policyholder or the policyholder's agent evidence of the 1775 insurance consisting either of: 1776 (a) the policy as issued by the insurer; or 1777 (b) if the policy is not available upon placing the coverage, a certificate, cover note, or 1778 other confirmation of insurance complying with Subsection (8). 1779 (10) If the commissioner finds it necessary to protect the interests of insureds and the 1780 public in this state, the commissioner may by rule subject a policy issued under this section to 1781 as much of the regulation provided by this title as is required for a comparable policy written 1782 by an authorized foreign insurer. 1783 (11) (a) A surplus lines transaction in this state shall be examined to determine whether 1784 it complies with: 1785 (i) the surplus lines tax levied under Chapter 3, Department Funding, Fees, and Taxes; 1786 (ii) the solicitation limitations of Subsection (3); 1787 (iii) the requirement of Subsection (3) that placement be through a surplus lines 1788 producer; 1789 (iv) placement limitations imposed under Subsections (6)(a), (b), and (c); and 1790 (v) the policy form requirements of Subsections (8) and (10).

(b) The examination described in Subsection (11)(a) shall take place as soon as

practicable after the transaction. The surplus lines producer shall submit to the examiner

information necessary to conduct the examination within a period specified by rule.

- (c) (i) The examination described in Subsection (11)(a) may be conducted by the commissioner or by an advisory organization created under Section 31A-15-111 and authorized by the commissioner to conduct these examinations. The commissioner is not required to authorize an additional advisory organization to conduct an examination under this Subsection (11)(c).
- (ii) The commissioner's authorization of one or more advisory organizations to act as examiners under this Subsection (11)(c) shall be:
  - (A) by rule; and
- (B) evidenced by a contract, on a form provided by the commissioner, between the authorized advisory organization and the department.
- (d) (i) (A) A person conducting the examination described in Subsection (11)(a) shall collect a stamping fee of an amount not to exceed 1% of the policy premium payable in connection with the transaction.
- (B) A stamping fee collected by the commissioner shall be deposited in the General Fund.
  - (C) The commissioner shall establish a stamping fee by rule.
- (ii) A stamping fee collected by an advisory organization is the property of the advisory organization to be used in paying the expenses of the advisory organization.
- (iii) Liability for paying a stamping fee is as required under Subsection 31A-3-303(1) for taxes imposed under Section 31A-3-301.
- (iv) The commissioner shall adopt a rule dealing with the payment of stamping fees. If a stamping fee is not paid when due, the commissioner or advisory organization may impose a penalty of 25% of the stamping fee due, plus 1-1/2% per month from the time of default until full payment of the stamping fee.
- [(v) A stamping fee relative to a policy covering a risk located partially in this state shall be allocated in the same manner as under Subsection 31A-3-303(4).]
- (e) The commissioner, representatives of the department, advisory organizations, representatives and members of advisory organizations, authorized insurers, and surplus lines insurers are not liable for damages on account of statements, comments, or recommendations made in good faith in connection with their duties under this Subsection (11)(e) or under

1824 Section 31A-15-111.

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- 1825 (f) An examination conducted under this Subsection (11) and a document or materials related to the examination are confidential.
- 1827 (12) (a) For a surplus lines insurance transaction in the state entered into on or after
  1828 May 13, 2014, if an audit is required by the surplus lines insurance policy, a surplus lines
  1829 insurer:
  - (i) shall exercise due diligence to initiate an audit of an insured, to determine whether additional premium is owed by the insured, by no later than six months after the expiration of the term for which premium is paid; and
  - (ii) may not audit an insured more than three years after the surplus lines insurance policy expires.
  - (b) A surplus lines insurer that does not comply with this Subsection (12) may not charge or collect additional premium in excess of the premium agreed to under the surplus lines insurance policy.
    - Section 10. Section **31A-16-103** is amended to read:
  - 31A-16-103. Acquisition of control of, divestiture of control of, or merger with domestic insurer.
  - (1) (a) A person may not take the actions described in Subsection (1)(b) or (c) unless, at the time any offer, request, or invitation is made or any such agreement is entered into, or prior to the acquisition of securities if no offer or agreement is involved:
  - (i) the person files with the commissioner a statement containing the information required by this section;
  - (ii) the person provides a copy of the statement described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) to the insurer; and
    - (iii) the commissioner approves the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition.
  - (b) Unless the person complies with Subsection (1)(a), a person other than the issuer may not make a tender offer for, a request or invitation for tenders of, or enter into any agreement to exchange securities, or seek to acquire or acquire in the open market or otherwise, any voting security of a domestic insurer if after the acquisition, the person would directly, indirectly, by conversion, or by exercise of any right to acquire be in control of the insurer.
    - (c) Unless the person complies with Subsection (1)(a), a person may not enter into an

agreement to merge with or otherwise to acquire control of:

- (i) a domestic insurer; or
- (ii) any person controlling a domestic insurer.
- (d) For purposes of this section, a controlling person of a domestic insurer seeking to divest its controlling interest in the domestic insurer, in any manner, shall file with the commissioner, with a copy to the insurer, confidential notice of its proposed divestiture at least 30 days before the cessation of control. The commissioner shall determine those instances in which the one or more persons seeking to divest or to acquire a controlling interest in an insurer, will be required to file for and obtain approval of the transaction. The information shall remain confidential until the conclusion of the transaction unless the commissioner, in the commissioner's discretion, determines that confidential treatment will interfere with enforcement of this section. If the statement referred to in Subsection (1)(a) is otherwise filed, this Subsection (1)(d) does not apply.
- (e) With respect to a transaction subject to this section, the acquiring person shall also file a pre-acquisition notification with the commissioner, which shall contain the information set forth in Section 31A-16-104.5. A failure to file the notification may be subject to penalties specified in Section 31A-16-104.5.
- (f) (i) For purposes of this section, a domestic insurer includes any person controlling a domestic insurer unless the person as determined by the commissioner is either directly or through its affiliates primarily engaged in business other than the business of insurance.
- (ii) The controlling person described in Subsection (1)(f)(i) shall file with the commissioner a preacquisition notification containing the information required in Subsection(2) 30 calendar days before the proposed effective date of the acquisition.
- (iii) For the purposes of this section, "person" does not include any securities broker that in the usual and customary brokers function holds less than 20% of:
  - (A) the voting securities of an insurance company; or
  - (B) any person that controls an insurance company.
  - (iv) This section applies to all domestic insurers and other entities licensed under:
- 1883 (A) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
- (B) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
- 1885 (C) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;

1886	(D) Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals; and
1887	(E) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs.
1888	(g) (i) An agreement for acquisition of control or merger as contemplated by this
1889	Subsection (1) is not valid or enforceable unless the agreement:
1890	(A) is in writing; and
1891	(B) includes a provision that the agreement is subject to the approval of the
1892	commissioner upon the filing of any applicable statement required under this chapter.
1893	(ii) A written agreement for acquisition or control that includes the provision described
1894	in Subsection (1)(g)(i) satisfies the requirements of this Subsection (1).
1895	(2) The statement to be filed with the commissioner under Subsection (1) shall be
1896	made under oath or affirmation and shall contain the following information:
1897	(a) the name and address of the "acquiring party," which means each person by whom
1898	or on whose behalf the merger or other acquisition of control referred to in Subsection (1) is to
1899	be effected; and
1900	(i) if the person is an individual:
1901	(A) the person's principal occupation;
1902	(B) a listing of all offices and positions held by the person during the past five years;
1903	and
1904	(C) any conviction of crimes other than minor traffic violations during the past 10
1905	years; and
1906	(ii) if the person is not an individual:
1907	(A) a report of the nature of its business operations during:
1908	(I) the past five years; or
1909	(II) for any lesser period as the person and any of its predecessors has been in
1910	existence;
1911	(B) an informative description of the business intended to be done by the person and
1912	the person's subsidiaries;
1913	(C) a list of all individuals who are or who have been selected to become directors or
1914	executive officers of the person, or individuals who perform, or who will perform functions
1915	appropriate to such positions; and
1916	(D) for each individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(C), the information required

191/	by Subsection (2)(a)(1) for each individual;
1918	(b) (i) the source, nature, and amount of the consideration used or to be used in
1919	effecting the merger or acquisition of control;
1920	(ii) a description of any transaction in which funds were or are to be obtained for the
1921	purpose of effecting the merger or acquisition of control, including any pledge of:
1922	(A) the insurer's stock; or
1923	(B) the stock of any of the insurer's subsidiaries or controlling affiliates; and
1924	(iii) the identity of persons furnishing the consideration;
1925	(c) (i) fully audited financial information, or other financial information considered
1926	acceptable by the commissioner, of the earnings and financial condition of each acquiring party
1927	for:
1928	(A) the preceding five fiscal years of each acquiring party; or
1929	(B) any lesser period the acquiring party and any of its predecessors shall have been in
1930	existence; and
1931	(ii) unaudited information:
1932	(A) similar to the information described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1933	(B) prepared within the 90 days prior to the filing of the statement;
1934	(d) any plans or proposals which each acquiring party may have to:
1935	(i) liquidate the insurer;
1936	(ii) sell its assets;
1937	(iii) merge or consolidate the insurer with any person; or
1938	(iv) make any other material change in the insurer's:
1939	(A) business;
1940	(B) corporate structure; or
1941	(C) management;
1942	(e) (i) the number of shares of any security referred to in Subsection (1) that each
1943	acquiring party proposes to acquire;
1944	(ii) the terms of the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition referred to in
1945	Subsection (1); and
1946	(iii) a statement as to the method by which the fairness of the proposal was arrived at;
1947	(f) the amount of each class of any security referred to in Subsection (1) that:

1948	(i) is beneficially owned; or
1949	(ii) concerning which there is a right to acquire beneficial ownership by each acquiring
1950	party;
1951	(g) a full description of any contract, arrangement, or understanding with respect to any
1952	security referred to in Subsection (1) in which any acquiring party is involved, including:
1953	(i) the transfer of any of the securities;
1954	(ii) joint ventures;
1955	(iii) loan or option arrangements;
1956	(iv) puts or calls;
1957	(v) guarantees of loans;
1958	(vi) guarantees against loss or guarantees of profits;
1959	(vii) division of losses or profits; or
1960	(viii) the giving or withholding of proxies;
1961	(h) a description of the purchase by any acquiring party of any security referred to in
1962	Subsection (1) during the 12 calendar months preceding the filing of the statement including:
1963	(i) the dates of purchase;
1964	(ii) the names of the purchasers; and
1965	(iii) the consideration paid or agreed to be paid for the purchase;
1966	(i) a description of:
1967	(i) any recommendations to purchase by any acquiring party any security referred to in
1968	Subsection (1) made during the 12 calendar months preceding the filing of the statement; or
1969	(ii) any recommendations made by anyone based upon interviews or at the suggestion
1970	of the acquiring party;
1971	(j) (i) copies of all tender offers for, requests for, or invitations for tenders of, exchange
1972	offers for, and agreements to acquire or exchange any securities referred to in Subsection (1);
1973	and
1974	(ii) if distributed, copies of additional soliciting material relating to the transactions
1975	described in Subsection (2)(j)(i);
1976	(k) (i) the term of any agreement, contract, or understanding made with, or proposed to
1977	be made with, any broker-dealer as to solicitation of securities referred to in Subsection (1) for
1978	tender; and

(3)(a)(i);

1979	(ii) the amount of any fees, commissions, or other compensation to be paid to
1980	broker-dealers with regard to any agreement, contract, or understanding described in
1981	Subsection (2)(k)(i);
1982	(l) an agreement by the person required to file the statement referred to in Subsection
1983	(1) that it will provide the annual report, specified in Section 31A-16-105, for so long as
1984	control exists;
1985	(m) an acknowledgment by the person required to file the statement referred to in
1986	Subsection (1) that the person and all subsidiaries within its control in the insurance holding
1987	company system will provide information to the commissioner upon request as necessary to
1988	evaluate enterprise risk to the insurer; and
1989	(n) any additional information the commissioner requires by rule, which the
1990	commissioner determines to be:
1991	(i) necessary or appropriate for the protection of policyholders of the insurer; or
1992	(ii) in the public interest.
1993	(3) The department may request:
1994	(a) (i) criminal background information maintained pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 10,
1995	Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification, from the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
1996	(ii) complete Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal background checks through the
1997	national criminal history system.
1998	(b) Information obtained by the department from the review of criminal history records
1999	received under Subsection (3)(a) shall be used by the department for the purpose of:
2000	(i) verifying the information in Subsection (2)(a)(i);
2001	(ii) determining the integrity of persons who would control the operation of an insurer;
2002	and
2003	(iii) preventing persons who violate 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 from engaging in the business
2004	of insurance in the state.
2005	(c) If the department requests the criminal background information, the department
2006	shall:
2007	(i) pay to the Department of Public Safety the costs incurred by the Department of
2008	Public Safety in providing the department criminal background information under Subsection

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2010 (ii) pay to the Federal Bureau of Investigation the costs incurred by the Federal Bureau 2011 of Investigation in providing the department criminal background information under 2012 Subsection (3)(a)(ii); and 2013 (iii) charge the person required to file the statement referred to in Subsection (1) a fee 2014 equal to the aggregate of Subsections (3)(c)(i) and (ii). 2015 (4) (a) If the source of the consideration under Subsection (2)(b)(i) is a loan made in 2016 the lender's ordinary course of business, the identity of the lender shall remain confidential, if 2017 the person filing the statement so requests. 2018 (b) (i) Under Subsection (2)(e), the commissioner may require a statement of the 2019 adjusted book value assigned by the acquiring party to each security in arriving at the terms of 2020 the offer. 2021 (ii) For purposes of this Subsection (4)(b), "adjusted book value" means each security's 2022 proportional interest in the capital and surplus of the insurer with adjustments that reflect: 2023 (A) market conditions; 2024 (B) business in force; and 2025 (C) other intangible assets or liabilities of the insurer. 2026 (c) The description required by Subsection (2)(g) shall identify the persons with whom 2027 the contracts, arrangements, or understandings have been entered into. 2028 (5) (a) If the person required to file the statement referred to in Subsection (1) is a 2029 partnership, limited partnership, syndicate, or other group, the commissioner may require that 2030 all the information called for by Subsection (2), (3), or (4) shall be given with respect to each: 2031 (i) partner of the partnership or limited partnership; 2032 (ii) member of the syndicate or group; and 2033 (iii) person who controls the partner or member. 2034 (b) If any partner, member, or person referred to in Subsection (5)(a) is a corporation, 2035 or if the person required to file the statement referred to in Subsection (1) is a corporation, the 2036 commissioner may require that the information called for by Subsection (2) shall be given with 2037 respect to: 2038 (i) the corporation;

(iii) each person who is directly or indirectly the beneficial owner of more than 10% of

(ii) each officer and director of the corporation; and

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the outstanding voting securities of the corporation.

- (6) If any material change occurs in the facts set forth in the statement filed with the commissioner and sent to the insurer pursuant to Subsection (2), an amendment setting forth the change, together with copies of all documents and other material relevant to the change, shall be filed with the commissioner and sent to the insurer within two business days after the filing person learns of such change.
- (7) If any offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition referred to in Subsection (1) is proposed to be made by means of a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, or under circumstances requiring the disclosure of similar information under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or under a state law requiring similar registration or disclosure, a person required to file the statement referred to in Subsection (1) may use copies of any registration or disclosure documents in furnishing the information called for by the statement.
- (8) (a) The commissioner shall approve any merger or other acquisition of control referred to in Subsection (1)<sub>2</sub> unless[<del>, after a public hearing on the merger or acquisition,</del>] the commissioner finds that:
- (i) after the change of control, the domestic insurer referred to in Subsection (1) would not be able to satisfy the requirements for the issuance of a license to write the line or lines of insurance for which it is presently licensed;
  - (ii) the effect of the merger or other acquisition of control would:
  - (A) substantially lessen competition in insurance in this state; or
  - (B) tend to create a monopoly in insurance;
  - (iii) the financial condition of any acquiring party might:
  - (A) jeopardize the financial stability of the insurer; or
- 2065 (B) prejudice the interest of:
- 2066 (I) its policyholders; or
  - (II) any remaining securityholders who are unaffiliated with the acquiring party;
  - (iv) the terms of the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition referred to in Subsection (1) are unfair and unreasonable to the securityholders of the insurer;
  - (v) the plans or proposals which the acquiring party has to liquidate the insurer, sell its assets, or consolidate or merge it with any person, or to make any other material change in its

2072	business or corporate structure or management, are:
2073	(A) unfair and unreasonable to policyholders of the insurer; and
2074	(B) not in the public interest; or
2075	(vi) the competence, experience, and integrity of those persons who would control the
2076	operation of the insurer are such that it would not be in the interest of the policyholders of the
2077	insurer and the public to permit the merger or other acquisition of control.
2078	(b) For purposes of Subsection (8)(a)(iv), the offering price for each security may not
2079	be considered unfair if the adjusted book values under Subsection (2)(e):
2080	(i) are disclosed to the securityholders; and
2081	(ii) determined by the commissioner to be reasonable.
2082	(9) For a merger or other acquisition of control described in Subsection (1), the
2083	commissioner:
2084	(a) may hold a public hearing on the merger or other acquisition at the commissioner's
2085	discretion; and
2086	(b) shall hold a public hearing on the merger or other acquisition upon request by the
2087	acquiring party, the insurer, or any other interested party.
2088	[(9)] (10) (a) The commissioner shall hold a public hearing [referred to in Subsection
2089	(8) shall be held within 30] under Subsection (9) no later than 45 days after the day on which
2090	the statement required by Subsection (1) is filed.
2091	(b) (i) [At] The commissioner shall give at least 20 days notice of the hearing [shall be
2092	given by the commissioner] to the person filing the statement.
2093	(ii) Affected parties may waive the notice required by this Subsection (9)(b).
2094	(iii) Not less than seven days notice of the public hearing shall be given by the person
2095	filing the statement to:
2096	(A) the insurer; and
2097	(B) any person designated by the commissioner.
2098	(c) The commissioner shall make a determination within 30 days after the conclusion
2099	of the hearing.
2100	(d) At the hearing, the person filing the statement, the insurer, any person to whom
2101	notice of hearing was sent, and any other person whose interest may be affected by the hearing
2102	may:

2103	(i) present evidence;
2104	(ii) examine and cross-examine witnesses; and
2105	(iii) offer oral and written arguments.
2106	(e) (i) A person or insurer described in Subsection [ <del>(9)</del> ] <u>(10)</u> (d) may conduct discovery
2107	proceedings in the same manner as is presently allowed in the district courts of this state.
2108	(ii) All discovery proceedings shall be concluded not later than three days before the
2109	commencement of the public hearing.
2110	[(10)] (11) If the proposed acquisition of control will require the approval of more than
2111	one commissioner, the public hearing [referred to] described in Subsection (9)[(a)] may be held
2112	on a consolidated basis upon request of the person filing the statement referred to in Subsection
2113	(1). The person shall file the statement referred to in Subsection (1) with the National
2114	Association of Insurance Commissioners within five days of making the request for a public
2115	hearing. A commissioner may opt out of a consolidated hearing and shall provide notice to the
2116	applicant of the opt-out within 10 days of the receipt of the statement referred to in Subsection
2117	(1). A hearing conducted on a consolidated basis shall be public and shall be held within the
2118	United States before the commissioners of the states in which the insurers are domiciled. The
2119	commissioners shall hear and receive evidence. A commissioner may attend a hearing under
2120	this Subsection $[(11)]$ in person or by telecommunication.
2121	[(11)] (12) In connection with a change of control of a domestic insurer, any
2122	determination by the commissioner that the person acquiring control of the insurer shall be
2123	required to maintain or restore the capital of the insurer to the level required by the laws and
2124	regulations of this state shall be made not later than 60 days after the date of notification of the
2125	change in control submitted pursuant to Subsection (1).
2126	[(12)] (13) (a) The commissioner may retain technical experts to assist in reviewing all
2127	or a portion of, information filed in connection with a proposed merger or other acquisition of
2128	control referred to in Subsection (1).
2129	(b) In determining whether any of the conditions in Subsection (8) exist, the
2130	commissioner may consider the findings of technical experts employed to review applicable
2131	filings.
2132	(c) (i) A technical expert employed under Subsection [(12)] (13)(a) shall present to the
2133	commissioner a statement of all expenses incurred by the technical expert in conjunction with

Subsection [<del>(13)</del>] <u>(14)</u>.

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2134	the technical expert's review of a proposed merger or other acquisition of control.
2135	(ii) At the commissioner's direction the acquiring person shall compensate the technical
2136	expert at customary rates for time and expenses:
2137	(A) necessarily incurred; and
2138	(B) approved by the commissioner.
2139	(iii) The acquiring person shall:
2140	(A) certify the consolidated account of all charges and expenses incurred for the review
2141	by technical experts;
2142	(B) retain a copy of the consolidated account described in Subsection [(12)]
2143	(13)(c)(iii)(A); and
2144	(C) file with the department as a public record a copy of the consolidated account
2145	described in Subsection [(12)] (13)(c)(iii)(A).
2146	[(13)] (14) (a) (i) If a domestic insurer proposes to merge into another insurer, any
2147	securityholder electing to exercise a right of dissent may file with the insurer a written request
2148	for payment of the adjusted book value given in the statement required by Subsection (1) and
2149	approved under Subsection (8), in return for the surrender of the security holder's securities.
2150	(ii) The request described in Subsection [(13)] (14)(a)(i) shall be filed not later than 10
2151	days after the day of the securityholders' meeting where the corporate action is approved.
2152	(b) The dissenting securityholder is entitled to and the insurer is required to pay to the
2153	dissenting securityholder the specified value within 60 days of receipt of the dissenting security
2154	holder's security.
2155	(c) Persons electing under this Subsection [(13)] (14) to receive cash for their securities
2156	waive the dissenting shareholder and appraisal rights otherwise applicable under Title 16,
2157	Chapter 10a, Part 13, Dissenters' Rights.
2158	(d) (i) This Subsection [(13)] (14) provides an elective procedure for dissenting
2159	securityholders to resolve their objections to the plan of merger.
2160	(ii) This section does not restrict the rights of dissenting securityholders under Title 16,
2161	Chapter 10a, Utah Revised Business Corporation Act, unless this election is made under this

[(14)] (15) (a) All statements, amendments, or other material filed under Subsection

(1), and all notices of public hearings held under Subsection (8), shall be mailed by the insurer

2165 to its securityholders within five business days after the insurer has received the statements, 2166 amendments, other material, or notices. (b) (i) Mailing expenses shall be paid by the person making the filing. 2167 2168 (ii) As security for the payment of mailing expenses, that person shall file with the 2169 commissioner an acceptable bond or other deposit in an amount determined by the 2170 commissioner. 2171 [(15)] (16) This section does not apply to any offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition that the commissioner by order exempts from the requirements of this section as: 2172 2173 (a) not having been made or entered into for the purpose of, and not having the effect 2174 of, changing or influencing the control of a domestic insurer; or 2175 (b) otherwise not comprehended within the purposes of this section. 2176  $[\frac{16}{10}]$  (17) The following are violations of this section: 2177 (a) the failure to file any statement, amendment, or other material required to be filed 2178 pursuant to Subsections (1), (2), and (5); or 2179 (b) the effectuation, or any attempt to effectuate, an acquisition of control of, 2180 divestiture of, or merger with a domestic insurer unless the commissioner has given the 2181 commissioner's approval to the acquisition or merger.  $[\frac{(17)}{(18)}]$  (18) (a) The courts of this state are vested with jurisdiction over: 2182 2183 (i) a person who: 2184 (A) files a statement with the commissioner under this section; and 2185 (B) is not resident, domiciled, or authorized to do business in this state; and 2186 (ii) overall actions involving persons described in Subsection [(17)] (18)(a)(i) arising 2187 out of a violation of this section. 2188 (b) A person described in Subsection [(17)] (18)(a) is considered to have performed 2189 acts equivalent to and constituting an appointment of the commissioner by that person, to be 2190 that person's lawful agent upon whom may be served all lawful process in any action, suit, or 2191 proceeding arising out of a violation of this section. 2192 (c) A copy of a lawful process described in Subsection [(17)] (18)(b) shall be: 2193 (i) served on the commissioner; and 2194 (ii) transmitted by registered or certified mail by the commissioner to the person at that 2195 person's last-known address.

Section 11. Section **31A-22-612** is amended to read:

## 31A-22-612. Conversion privileges for insured former spouse.

- (1) An accident and health insurance policy, which in addition to covering the insured also provides coverage to the spouse of the insured, may not contain a provision for termination of coverage of a spouse covered under the policy, except by entry of a valid decree of divorce, legal separation, or annulment between the parties.
- (2) Every policy which contains this type of provision shall provide that upon the entry of the divorce decree the spouse is entitled to have issued an individual policy of accident and health insurance without evidence of insurability, upon application to the company and payment of the appropriate premium. The policy shall provide the coverage being issued which is most nearly similar to the terminated coverage. Probationary or waiting periods in the policy are considered satisfied to the extent the coverage was in force under the prior policy.
- (3) When the insurer receives actual notice that the coverage of a spouse is to be terminated because of a divorce, legal separation, or annulment, the insurer shall promptly provide the spouse written notification of the right to obtain individual coverage as provided in Subsection (2), the premium amounts required, and the manner, place, and time in which premiums may be paid. The premium is determined in accordance with the insurer's table of premium rates applicable to the age and class of risk of the persons to be covered and to the type and amount of coverage provided. If the spouse applies and tenders the first monthly premium to the insurer within 30 days after receiving the notice provided by this Subsection (3), the spouse shall receive individual coverage that commences immediately upon termination of coverage under the insured's policy.
- (4) This section does not apply to accident and health insurance policies offered on a group blanket basis or a health benefit plan.
  - Section 12. Section **31A-22-618.6** is amended to read:

## 2221 31A-22-618.6. Discontinuance, nonrenewal, or changes to group health benefit plans.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a group health benefit plan for a plan sponsor is renewable and continues in force:
  - (a) with respect to all eligible employees and dependents; and
- (b) at the option of the plan sponsor.

2227 (2) A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor may be discontinued or nonrenewed: 2228 (a) for noncompliance with the insurer's employer contribution requirements: 2229 (b) if there is no longer any enrollee under the group health plan who lives, resides, or 2230 works in: 2231 (i) the service area of the insurer; or 2232 (ii) the area for which the insurer is authorized to do business; 2233 (c) for coverage made available in the small or large employer market only through an 2234 association, if: 2235 (i) the employer's membership in the association ceases; and 2236 (ii) the coverage is terminated uniformly without regard to any health status-related 2237 factor relating to any covered individual; or 2238 (d) for noncompliance with the insurer's minimum employee participation 2239 requirements, except as provided in Subsection (3). 2240 (3) If a small employer [employs fewer than two eligible employees] no longer employs at least one eligible employee, a carrier may not discontinue or not renew the health 2241 2242 benefit plan until the first renewal date following the beginning of a new plan year, even if the 2243 carrier knows at the beginning of the plan year that the employer no longer has at least [two 2244 current employees] one eligible employee. 2245 (4) (a) A small employer that, after purchasing a health benefit plan in the small group 2246 market, employs on average more than 50 eligible employees on each business day in a 2247 calendar year may continue to renew the health benefit plan purchased in the small group 2248 market. 2249 (b) A large employer that, after purchasing a health benefit plan in the large group 2250 market, employs on average fewer than 51 eligible employees on each business day in a 2251 calendar year may continue to renew the health benefit plan purchased in the large group 2252 market. 2253 (5) A health benefit plan for a plan sponsor may be discontinued if: 2254 (a) a condition described in Subsection (2) exists; 2255 (b) the plan sponsor fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the 2256 terms of the contract; 2257 (c) the plan sponsor:

2258 (i) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud; or 2259 (ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the 2260 coverage; 2261 (d) the insurer: 2262 (i) elects to discontinue offering a particular health benefit plan product delivered or 2263 issued for delivery in this state; and 2264 (ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing to each plan sponsor, 2265 employee, or dependent of a plan sponsor or an employee, at least 90 days before the date the 2266 coverage will be discontinued; 2267 (B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing to the commissioner, and at least 2268 three working days before the date the notice is sent to the affected plan sponsors, employees, 2269 and dependents of the plan sponsors or employees; 2270 (C) offers to each plan sponsor, on a guaranteed issue basis, the option to purchase all other health benefit plans currently being offered by the insurer in the market or, in the case of 2271 2272 a large employer, any other health benefit plans currently being offered in that market; and 2273 (D) in exercising the option to discontinue that health benefit plan and in offering the 2274 option of coverage in this section, acts uniformly without regard to the claims experience of a 2275 plan sponsor, any health status-related factor relating to any covered participant or beneficiary. 2276 or any health status-related factor relating to any new participant or beneficiary who may 2277 become eligible for the coverage; or 2278 (e) the insurer: 2279 (i) elects to discontinue all of the insurer's health benefit plans in: 2280 (A) the small employer market; 2281 (B) the large employer market; or 2282 (C) both the small employer and large employer markets; and 2283 (ii) (A) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing to each plan sponsor, 2284 employee, or dependent of a plan sponsor or an employee at least 180 days before the date the 2285 coverage will be discontinued; 2286 (B) provides notice of the discontinuation in writing to the commissioner in each state in which an affected insured individual is known to reside and, at least 30 working days before 2287

the date the notice is sent to the affected plan sponsors, employees, and the dependents of the

2289	plan sponsors or employees;
2290	(C) discontinues and nonrenews all plans issued or delivered for issuance in the market
2291	described in Subsection (5)(e)(i); and
2292	(D) provides a plan of orderly withdrawal as required by Section 31A-4-115.
2293	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(d), an eligible employee may be
2294	discontinued if after issuance of coverage the eligible employee:
2295	(i) engages in an act or practice in connection with the coverage that constitutes fraud;
2296	or
2297	(ii) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact in connection with the
2298	coverage.
2299	(b) An eligible employee that is discontinued under Subsection (6)(a) may reenroll:
2300	(i) 12 months after the date of discontinuance; and
2301	(ii) if the plan sponsor's coverage is in effect at the time the eligible employee applies
2302	to reenroll.
2303	(c) At the time the eligible employee's coverage is discontinued under Subsection
2304	(6)(a), the insurer shall notify the eligible employee of the right to reenroll when coverage is
2305	discontinued.
2306	(d) An eligible employee may not be discontinued under this Subsection (6) because of
2307	a fraud or misrepresentation that relates to health status.
2308	(7) For purposes of this section, a reference to "plan sponsor" includes a reference to
2309	the employer:
2310	(a) with respect to coverage provided to an employer member of the association; and
2311	(b) if the health benefit plan is made available by an insurer in the employer market
2312	only through:
2313	(i) an association;
2314	(ii) a trust; or
2315	(iii) a discretionary group.
2316	(8) An insurer may modify a health benefit plan for a plan sponsor only:
2317	(a) at the time of coverage renewal; and
2318	(b) if the modification is effective uniformly among all plans with that product.
2319	Section 13. Section 31A-22-629 is amended to read:

2320	31A-22-629. Adverse benefit determination review process.
2321	(1) As used in this section:
2322	(a) (i) "Adverse benefit determination" means the:
2323	(A) denial of a benefit;
2324	(B) reduction of a benefit;
2325	(C) termination of a benefit; or
2326	(D) failure to provide or make payment, in whole or in part, for a benefit.
2327	(ii) "Adverse benefit determination" includes:
2328	(A) denial, reduction, termination, or failure to provide or make payment that is based
2329	on a determination of an insured's or a beneficiary's eligibility to participate in a plan;
2330	(B) denial, reduction, or termination of, or a failure to provide or make payment, in
2331	whole or in part, for, a benefit resulting from the application of a utilization review; or
2332	(C) failure to cover an item or service for which benefits are otherwise provided
2333	because it is determined to be:
2334	(I) experimental;
2335	(II) investigational; or
2336	(III) not medically necessary or appropriate.
2337	(b) "Independent review" means a process that:
2338	(i) is a voluntary option for the resolution of an adverse benefit determination;
2339	(ii) is conducted at the discretion of the claimant;
2340	(iii) is conducted by an independent review organization designated by the [insurer]
2341	commissioner;
2342	(iv) renders an independent and impartial decision on an adverse benefit determination
2343	submitted by an insured; and
2344	(v) may not require the insured to pay a fee for requesting the independent review.
2345	(c) "Independent review organization" means a person, subject to Subsection (6), who
2346	conducts an independent external review of adverse determinations.
2347	(d) "Insured" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301 and includes a person who is
2348	authorized to act on the insured's behalf.
2349	(e) "Insurer" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301 and includes:
2350	(i) a health maintenance organization; and

with:

2351 (ii) a third party administrator that offers, sells, manages, or administers a health 2352 insurance policy or health maintenance organization contract that is subject to this title. 2353 (f) "Internal review" means the process an insurer uses to review an insured's adverse 2354 benefit determination before the adverse benefit determination is submitted for independent 2355 review. 2356 (2) This section applies generally to health insurance policies, health maintenance organization contracts, and income replacement or disability income policies. 2357 2358 (3) (a) An insured may submit an adverse benefit determination to the insurer. (b) The insurer shall conduct an internal review of the insured's adverse benefit 2359 2360 determination. 2361 (c) An insured who disagrees with the results of an internal review may submit the 2362 adverse benefit determination for an independent review if the adverse benefit determination 2363 involves: 2364 (i) payment of a claim regarding medical necessity; or 2365 (ii) denial of a claim regarding medical necessity. 2366 (4) The commissioner shall adopt rules that establish minimum standards for: (a) internal reviews; 2367 2368 (b) independent reviews to ensure independence and impartiality; 2369 (c) the types of adverse benefit determinations that may be submitted to an independent 2370 review; and 2371 (d) the timing of the review process, including an expedited review when medically 2372 necessary. 2373 (5) Nothing in this section may be construed as: 2374 (a) expanding, extending, or modifying the terms of a policy or contract with respect to 2375 benefits or coverage; 2376 (b) permitting an insurer to charge an insured for the internal review of an adverse 2377 benefit determination; 2378 (c) restricting the use of arbitration in connection with or subsequent to an independent 2379 review; or 2380 (d) altering the legal rights of any party to seek court or other redress in connection

2382	(i) an adverse decision resulting from an independent review, except that if the insurer
2383	is the party seeking legal redress, the insurer shall pay for the reasonable attorney fees of the
2384	insured related to the action and court costs; or
2385	(ii) an adverse benefit determination or other claim that is not eligible for submission
2386	to independent review.
2387	(6) (a) An independent review organization in relation to the insurer may not be:
2388	(i) the insurer;
2389	(ii) the health plan;
2390	(iii) the health plan's fiduciary;
2391	(iv) the employer; or
2392	(v) an employee or agent of any one listed in Subsections (6)(a)(i) through (iv).
2393	(b) An independent review organization may not have a material professional, familial,
2394	or financial conflict of interest with:
2395	(i) the health plan;
2396	(ii) an officer, director, or management employee of the health plan;
2397	(iii) the enrollee;
2398	(iv) the enrollee's health care provider;
2399	(v) the health care provider's medical group or independent practice association;
2400	(vi) a health care facility where service would be provided; or
2401	(vii) the developer or manufacturer of the service that would be provided.
2402	Section 14. Section 31A-22-701 is amended to read:
2403	31A-22-701. Groups eligible for group or blanket insurance.
2404	(1) As used in this section, "association group" means a lawfully formed association of
2405	individuals or business entities that:
2406	(a) purchases insurance on a group basis on behalf of members; and
2407	(b) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance.
2408	(2) A group accident and health insurance policy may be issued to:
2409	(a) a group:
2410	(i) to which a group life insurance policy may be issued under [Sections] Section
2411	31A-22-502, 31A-22-503, 31A-22-504, 31A-22-506, or 31A-22-507[, and 31A-22-509]; and
2412	(ii) that is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining

2413	insurance;
2414	(b) an association group authorized by the commissioner that:
2415	(i) has been actively in existence for at least five years;
2416	(ii) has a constitution and bylaws;
2417	(iii) has a shared or common purpose that is not primarily a business or customer
2418	relationship;
2419	(iv) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining
2420	insurance;
2421	(v) does not condition membership in the association group on any health status-related
2422	factor relating to an individual, including an employee of an employer or a dependent of an
2423	employee;
2424	(vi) makes accident and health insurance coverage offered through the association
2425	group available to all members regardless of any health status-related factor relating to the
2426	members or individuals eligible for coverage through a member;
2427	(vii) does not make accident and health insurance coverage offered through the
2428	association group available other than in connection with a member of the association group;
2429	and
2430	(viii) is actuarially sound; or
2431	(c) a group specifically authorized by the commissioner [under Section 31A-22-509],
2432	upon a finding that:
2433	(i) authorization is not contrary to the public interest;
2434	(ii) the group is actuarially sound;
2435	(iii) formation of the proposed group may result in economies of scale in acquisition,
2436	administrative, marketing, and brokerage costs;
2437	(iv) the insurance policy, insurance certificate, or other indicia of coverage that will be
2438	offered to the proposed group is substantially equivalent to insurance policies that are
2439	otherwise available to similar groups;
2440	(v) the group would not present hazards of adverse selection;
2441	(vi) the premiums for the insurance policy and any contributions by or on behalf of the
2442	insured persons are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided; and
2443	(vii) the group is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than

2444	obtaining insurance.
2445	(3) A blanket accident and health insurance policy:
2446	(a) covers a defined class of persons;
2447	(b) may not be offered or underwritten on an individual basis;
2448	(c) shall cover only a group that is:
2449	(i) actuarially sound; and
2450	(ii) formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining insurance;
2451	and
2452	(d) may be issued only to:
2453	(i) a common carrier or an operator, owner, or lessee of a means of transportation, as
2454	policyholder, covering persons who may become passengers as defined by reference to the
2455	person's travel status;
2456	(ii) an employer, as policyholder, covering any group of employees, dependents, or
2457	guests, as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to any activities of the
2458	policyholder;
2459	(iii) an institution of learning, including a school district, a school jurisdictional unit, or
2460	the head, principal, or governing board of a school jurisdictional unit, as policyholder, covering
2461	students, teachers, or employees;
2462	(iv) a religious, charitable, recreational, educational, or civic organization, or branch of
2463	one of those organizations, as policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as
2464	defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities sponsored or supervised by
2465	the policyholder;
2466	(v) a sports team, camp, or sponsor of a sports team or camp, as policyholder, covering
2467	members, campers, employees, officials, or supervisors;
2468	(vi) a volunteer fire department, first aid, civil defense, or other similar volunteer
2469	organization, as policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as defined by
2470	reference to specified hazards incident to activities sponsored, supervised, or participated in by
2471	the policyholder;
2472	(vii) a newspaper or other publisher, as policyholder, covering its carriers;
2473	(viii) an association, including a labor union, that has a constitution and bylaws and

that is organized in good faith for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance, as

2475	policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as defined by reference to specified
2476	hazards incident to the activities or operations sponsored or supervised by the policyholder; and
2477	(ix) any other class of risks that, in the judgment of the commissioner, may be properly
2478	eligible for blanket accident and health insurance.
2479	(4) The judgment of the commissioner may be exercised on the basis of:
2480	(a) individual risks;
2481	(b) a class of risks; or
2482	(c) both Subsections (4)(a) and (b).
2483	Section 15. Section 31A-22-722 is amended to read:
2484	31A-22-722. Utah mini-COBRA benefits for employer group coverage.
2485	(1) An insured may extend the employee's coverage under the current employer's group
2486	policy for a period of 12 months, except as provided in [Subsections (2) and 31A-22-722.5(4)]
2487	Subsection (2). The right to extend coverage includes:
2488	(a) voluntary termination;
2489	(b) involuntary termination;
2490	(c) retirement;
2491	(d) death;
2492	(e) divorce or legal separation;
2493	(f) loss of dependent status;
2494	(g) sabbatical;
2495	(h) a disability;
2496	(i) leave of absence; or
2497	(j) reduction of hours.
2498	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an employee may not extend coverage under
2499	the current employer's group insurance policy if the employee:
2500	(i) fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the insurance
2501	policy;
2502	(ii) acquires other group coverage covering all preexisting conditions including
2503	maternity, if the coverage exists;
2504	(iii) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
2505	(iv) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the

coverage;

2507	(v) is terminated from employment for gross misconduct;
2508	(vi) is not continuously covered under the current employer's group policy for a period
2509	of three months immediately before the termination of the insurance policy due to an event set
2510	forth in Subsection (1);
2511	(vii) is eligible for an extension of coverage required by federal law;
2512	(viii) establishes residence outside of this state;
2513	(ix) moves out of the insurer's service area;
2514	(x) is eligible for similar coverage under another group insurance policy; or
2515	(xi) has the employee's coverage terminated because the employer's coverage is
2516	terminated, except as provided in Subsection (8).
2517	(b) The right to extend coverage under Subsection (1) applies to spouse or dependent
2518	coverage, including a surviving spouse or dependents whose coverage under the insurance
2519	policy terminates by reason of the death of the employee or member.
2520	(3) (a) The employer shall notify the following in writing of the right to extend group
2521	coverage and the payment amounts required for extension of coverage, including the manner,
2522	place, and time in which the payments shall be made:
2523	(i) a terminated insured;
2524	(ii) an ex-spouse of an insured; or
2525	(iii) if Subsection (2)(b) applies:
2526	(A) a surviving spouse; and
2527	(B) the guardian of surviving dependents, if different from a surviving spouse.
2528	(b) The notification required in Subsection (3)(a) shall be sent first class mail within 30
2529	days after the termination date of the group coverage to:
2530	(i) the terminated insured's home address as shown on the records of the employer;
2531	(ii) the address of the surviving spouse, if different from the insured's address and if
2532	shown on the records of the employer;
2533	(iii) the guardian of any dependents address, if different from the insured's address, and
2534	if shown on the records of the employer; and
2535	(iv) the address of the ex-spouse, if shown on the records of the employer.
2536	(4) The insurer shall provide the employee, spouse, or any eligible dependent the

2537 opportunity to extend the group coverage at the payment amount stated in Subsection (5) if: 2538 (a) the employer policyholder does not provide the terminated insured the written 2539 notification required by Subsection (3)(a); and 2540 (b) the employee or other individual eligible for extension contacts the insurer within 2541 60 days of coverage termination. 2542 (5) (a) A premium amount for extended group coverage may not exceed 102% of the 2543 group rate in effect for a group member, including an employer's contribution, if any, for a 2544 group insurance policy. 2545 (b) An insurer may not charge an insured an additional fee, an additional premium, 2546 interest, or any similar charge for electing extended group coverage. 2547 (6) Except as provided in this Subsection (6), coverage extends without interruption for 2548 12 months and may not terminate if the terminated insured or, with respect to a minor, the 2549 parent or guardian of the terminated insured: 2550 (a) elects to extend group coverage within 60 days of losing group coverage; and 2551 (b) tenders the amount required to the employer or insurer. 2552 (7) The insured's coverage may be terminated before 12 months if the terminated 2553 insured: 2554 (a) establishes residence outside of this state; 2555 (b) moves out of the insurer's service area; (c) fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the insurance 2556 2557 policy, including any timeliness requirements; 2558 (d) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage; 2559 (e) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the 2560 coverage; 2561 (f) becomes eligible for similar coverage under another group insurance policy; or 2562 (g) has the coverage terminated because the employer's coverage is terminated, except 2563 as provided in Subsection (8). 2564 (8) If the current employer coverage is terminated and the employer replaces coverage 2565 with similar coverage under another group insurance policy, without interruption, the 2566 terminated insured, spouse, or the surviving spouse and guardian of dependents if Subsection 2567 (2)(b) applies, may obtain extension of coverage under the replacement group insurance policy:

2568	(a) for the balance of the period the terminated insured would have extended coverage
2569	under the replaced group insurance policy; and
2570	(b) if the terminated insured is otherwise eligible for extension of coverage.
2571	(9) An insurer shall require an insured employer to offer to the following individuals an
2572	open enrollment period at the same time as other regular employees:
2573	(a) an individual who extends group coverage and is current on payment; and
2574	(b) during the applicable grace period described in Subsection (3) or (4), an individual
2575	who is eligible to elect to extend group coverage.
2576	Section 16. Section 31A-23a-107 is amended to read:
2577	31A-23a-107. Character requirements.
2578	An applicant for a license under this chapter shall show to the commissioner that:
2579	(1) the applicant has the intent in good faith, to engage in the type of business that the
2580	license applied for would permit;
2581	(2) (a) if a natural person, the applicant is:
2582	(i) competent; and
2583	(ii) trustworthy; or
2584	(b) if the applicant is an agency:
2585	(i) the partners, directors, or principal officers or persons having comparable powers
2586	are trustworthy; and
2587	(ii) that it will transact business in such a way that the acts that may only be performed
2588	by a licensed producer, surplus lines producer, limited line producer, consultant, managing
2589	general agent, or reinsurance intermediary are performed exclusively by natural persons who
2590	are licensed under this chapter to transact that type of business and designated on the agency's
2591	license;
2592	(3) the applicant intends to comply with Section 31A-23a-502; and
2593	(4) if a natural person, the applicant is at least 18 years of age.
2594	Section 17. Section 31A-23a-109 is amended to read:
2595	31A-23a-109. Nonresident jurisdictional agreement.
2596	(1) (a) If a nonresident license applicant has a valid producer, surplus lines producer,
2597	limited line producer, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary license
2598	from the nonresident license applicant's home state or designated home state and the conditions

2599	of Subsection (1)(b) are met, the commissioner shall:
2600	(i) waive the license requirements for a license under this chapter; and
2601	(ii) issue the nonresident license applicant a nonresident license.
2602	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if:
2603	(i) the nonresident license applicant:
2604	(A) is licensed [as a resident] in the nonresident license applicant's home state or
2605	designated home state at the time the nonresident license applicant applies for a nonresident
2606	producer, surplus lines producer, limited line producer, consultant, managing general agent, or
2607	reinsurance intermediary license;
2608	(B) has submitted the proper request for licensure;
2609	(C) has submitted to the commissioner:
2610	(I) the application for licensure that the nonresident license applicant submitted to the
2611	applicant's home state or designated home state; or
2612	(II) a completed uniform application; and
2613	(D) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103; and
2614	(ii) the nonresident license applicant's license in the applicant's home state or
2615	designated home state is in good standing.
2616	(2) A nonresident applicant applying under Subsection (1) shall in addition to
2617	complying with all license requirements for a license under this chapter execute, in a form
2618	acceptable to the commissioner, an agreement to be subject to the jurisdiction of the Utah
2619	commissioner and courts on any matter related to the applicant's insurance activities in this
2620	state, on the basis of:
2621	(a) service of process under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310; or
2622	(b) service authorized:
2623	(i) in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; or
2624	(ii) under Section 78B-3-206.
2625	(3) The commissioner may verify a producer's licensing status through the producer
2626	database maintained by:
2627	(a) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or
2628	(b) an affiliate or subsidiary of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
2629	(4) The commissioner may not assess a greater fee for an insurance license or related

2630	service to a person not residing in this state solely on the fact that the person does not reside in
2631	this state.
2632	Section 18. Section 31A-23a-111 is amended to read:
2633	31A-23a-111. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
2634	terminating a license Forfeiture Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
2635	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
2636	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
2637	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2638	administrative action;
2639	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
2640	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
2641	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
2642	Minors;
2643	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-23a-113; or
2644	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
2645	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
2646	is no longer in force:
2647	(a) a lapsed license; or
2648	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
2649	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
2650	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
2651	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
2652	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
2653	(a) this title; or
2654	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2655	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2656	(4) A line of authority issued under this chapter remains in force until:
2657	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a line of authority are no longer met by the licensee;
2658	or
2659	(b) the supporting license type:
2660	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);

2661	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2662	administrative action;
2663	(iii) lapses under Section 31A-23a-113; or
2664	(iv) is voluntarily surrendered; or
2665	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
2666	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
2667	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
2668	Minors.
2669	(5) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b), as part of an
2670	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
2671	commissioner may:
2672	(i) revoke:
2673	(A) a license; or
2674	(B) a line of authority;
2675	(ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less:
2676	(A) a license; or
2677	(B) a line of authority;
2678	(iii) limit in whole or in part:
2679	(A) a license; or
2680	(B) a line of authority;
2681	(iv) deny a license application;
2682	(v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or
2683	(vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and
2684	Subsection (5)(a)(v).
2685	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the
2686	commissioner finds that the licensee:
2687	(i) is unqualified for a license or line of authority under Section 31A-23a-104,
2688	31A-23a-105, or 31A-23a-107;
2689	(ii) violates:
2690	(A) an insurance statute;
2691	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or

2692	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
2693	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
2694	delinquency proceedings in any state;
2695	(iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
2696	days after the day on which the judgment became final;
2697	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
2698	admitted insurers;
2699	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
2700	directorate or ownership as another insurance producer that transacts business in this state
2701	without a license;
2702	(vii) refuses:
2703	(A) to be examined; or
2704	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
2705	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
2706	(A) give information with respect to the insurance producer's affairs; or
2707	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
2708	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
2709	(A) incorrect;
2710	(B) misleading;
2711	(C) incomplete; or
2712	(D) materially untrue;
2713	(x) violates an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory agency in
2714	any jurisdiction;
2715	(xi) obtains or attempts to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
2716	(xii) improperly withholds, misappropriates, or converts money or properties received
2717	in the course of doing insurance business;
2718	(xiii) intentionally misrepresents the terms of an actual or proposed:
2719	(A) insurance contract;
2720	(B) application for insurance; or
2721	(C) life settlement;
2722	(xiv) is convicted of:

2723	(A) a felony; or
2724	(B) a misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
2725	(xv) admits or is found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice or fraud;
2726	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
2727	(A) uses fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
2728	(B) demonstrates incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
2729	(xvii) has an insurance license, or its equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in
2730	another state, province, district, or territory;
2731	(xviii) forges another's name to:
2732	(A) an application for insurance; or
2733	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
2734	(xix) improperly uses notes or another reference material to complete an examination
2735	for an insurance license;
2736	(xx) knowingly accepts insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;
2737	(xxi) fails to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
2738	obligation;
2739	(xxii) fails to:
2740	(A) pay state income tax; or
2741	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
2742	tax;
2743	(xxiii) violates or permits others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
2744	Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is
2745	prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance; or
2746	(xxiv) engages in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangers the
2747	legitimate interests of customers and the public.
2748	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
2749	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
2750	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
2751	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
2752	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
2753	(i) the individual;

2754	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
2755	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
2756	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
2757	revoking, or limiting the license; or
2758	(iii) (A) the individual; and
2759	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).
2760	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
2761	without a license if:
2762	(a) the licensee's license is:
2763	(i) revoked;
2764	(ii) suspended;
2765	(iii) limited;
2766	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
2767	(v) lapsed; or
2768	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
2769	(b) the licensee:
2770	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
2771	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
2772	(7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
2773	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the
2774	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
2775	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state,
2776	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
2777	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
2778	involving:
2779	(i) fraud;
2780	(ii) deceit;
2781	(iii) misrepresentation; or
2782	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
2783	(8) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
2784	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within

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2785	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
2786	(b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
2787	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
2788	or agreement is made without the express approval by the commissioner.
2789	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
2790	a license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.
2791	(10) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
2792	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2793	Section 19. Section 31A-23a-208 is amended to read:
2794	31A-23a-208. Producer and agency authority in health insurance exchange.
2795	A producer or agency licensed under this chapter, with a line of authority that permits
2796	the producer or agency to sell, negotiate, or solicit accident and health insurance, is authorized
2797	to sell, negotiate, or solicit qualified health plans offered on [an] a health insurance exchange
2798	[ <del>that is:</del> ] <u>.</u>
2799	[(1) operated in the state; or]
2800	[(2) operated in the state and certified by the United States Department of Health and
2801	Human Services as a:]
2802	[(a) state-based exchange under PPACA;]
2803	[(b) a federally facilitated exchange under PPACA; or]
2804	[(c) a partnership exchange under PPACA.]
2805	Section 20. Section 31A-23a-406 is amended to read:
2806	31A-23a-406. Title insurance producer's business.
2807	(1) An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer may do
2808	escrow involving real property transactions if all of the following exist:
2809	(a) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer is licensed
2810	with:
2811	(i) the title line of authority; and
2812	(ii) the escrow subline of authority;
2813	(b) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer is

(c) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer issues one

appointed by a title insurer authorized to do business in the state;

2816	or more of the following as part of the transaction:
2817	(i) an owner's policy of title insurance; [or]
2818	(ii) a lender's policy of title insurance; or
2819	(iii) if the transaction does not involve a transfer of ownership, an endorsement to an
2820	owner's or a lender's policy of title insurance.
2821	(d) money deposited with the individual title insurance producer or agency title
2822	insurance producer in connection with any escrow:
2823	(i) is deposited:
2824	(A) in a federally insured financial institution; and
2825	(B) in a trust account that is separate from all other trust account money that is not
2826	related to real estate transactions;
2827	(ii) is the property of the one or more persons entitled to the money under the
2828	provisions of the escrow; and
2829	(iii) is segregated escrow by escrow in the records of the individual title insurance
2830	producer or agency title insurance producer;
2831	(e) earnings on money held in escrow may be paid out of the escrow account to any
2832	person in accordance with the conditions of the escrow;
2833	(f) the escrow does not require the individual title insurance producer or agency title
2834	insurance producer to hold:
2835	(i) construction money; or
2836	(ii) money held for exchange under Section 1031, Internal Revenue Code; and
2837	(g) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall
2838	maintain a physical office in Utah staffed by a person with an escrow subline of authority who
2839	processes the escrow.
2840	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an individual title insurance producer or agency
2841	title insurance producer may engage in the escrow business if:
2842	(a) the escrow involves:
2843	(i) a mobile home;
2844	(ii) a grazing right;
2845	(iii) a water right; or
2846	(iv) other personal property authorized by the commissioner; and

2847 (b) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer complies 2848 with this section except for Subsection (1)(c). 2849 (3) Money held in escrow: 2850 (a) is not subject to any debts of the individual title insurance producer or agency title 2851 insurance producer; 2852 (b) may only be used to fulfill the terms of the individual escrow under which the 2853 money is accepted; and 2854 (c) may not be used until the conditions of the escrow are met. 2855 (4) Assets or property other than escrow money received by an individual title 2856 insurance producer or agency title insurance producer in accordance with an escrow shall be 2857 maintained in a manner that will: 2858 (a) reasonably preserve and protect the asset or property from loss, theft, or damages; 2859 and 2860 (b) otherwise comply with the general duties and responsibilities of a fiduciary or bailee. 2861 2862 (5) (a) A check from the trust account described in Subsection (1)(d) may not be 2863 drawn, executed, or dated, or money otherwise disbursed unless the segregated escrow account 2864 from which money is to be disbursed contains a sufficient credit balance consisting of collected 2865 and cleared money at the time the check is drawn, executed, or dated, or money is otherwise disbursed. 2866 (b) As used in this Subsection (5), money is considered to be "collected and cleared," 2867 2868 and may be disbursed as follows: 2869 (i) cash may be disbursed on the same day the cash is deposited; 2870 (ii) a wire transfer may be disbursed on the same day the wire transfer is deposited; and 2871 (iii) the proceeds of one or more of the following financial instruments may be 2872 disbursed on the same day the financial instruments are deposited if received from a single 2873 party to the real estate transaction and if the aggregate of the financial instruments for the real 2874 estate transaction is less than \$10,000: 2875 (A) a cashier's check, certified check, or official check that is drawn on an existing 2876 account at a federally insured financial institution;

(B) a check drawn on the trust account of a principal broker or associate broker

- licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices Act, if the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer has reasonable and prudent grounds to believe sufficient money will be available from the trust account on which the check is drawn at the time of disbursement of proceeds from the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer's escrow account;
  - (C) a personal check not to exceed \$500 per closing; or
- (D) a check drawn on the escrow account of another individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer, if the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer in the escrow transaction has reasonable and prudent grounds to believe that sufficient money will be available for withdrawal from the account upon which the check is drawn at the time of disbursement of money from the escrow account of the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer in the escrow transaction.
  - (c) A check or deposit not described in Subsection (5)(b) may be disbursed:
- (i) within the time limits provided under the Expedited Funds Availability Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 4001 et seq., as amended, and related regulations of the Federal Reserve System; or
- (ii) upon notification from the financial institution to which the money has been deposited that final settlement has occurred on the deposited financial instrument.
- (6) An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall maintain a record of a receipt or disbursement of escrow money.
- (7) An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall comply with:
  - (a) Section 31A-23a-409;
    - (b) Title 46, Chapter 1, Notaries Public Reform Act; and
- (c) any rules adopted by the Title and Escrow Commission, subject to Section 31A-2-404, that govern escrows.
- (8) If an individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer conducts a search for real estate located in the state, the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall conduct a reasonable search of the public records.
- Section 21. Section **31A-23b-102** is amended to read:
- **31A-23b-102. Definitions.**
- As used in this chapter:

2909	(1) "Enroll" and "enrollment" mean to:
2910	(a) (i) obtain personally identifiable information about an individual; and
2911	(ii) inform an individual about accident and health insurance plans or public programs
2912	offered on an exchange;
2913	(b) solicit insurance; or
2914	(c) submit to the exchange:
2915	(i) personally identifiable information about an individual; and
2916	(ii) an individual's selection of a particular accident and health insurance plan or public
2917	program offered on the exchange.
2918	[(2) (a) "Exchange" means an online marketplace that is certified by the United States
2919	Department of Health and Human Services as either a state-based small employer exchange or
2920	a federally facilitated individual exchange under PPACA.]
2921	[(b) "Exchange" does not include an online marketplace for the purchase of health
2922	insurance if the online marketplace is not a certified exchange in accordance with Subsection
2923	<del>(2)(a).</del> ]
2924	[ <del>(3)</del> ] <u>(2)</u> "Navigator":
2925	(a) means a person who facilitates enrollment in an exchange by offering to assist, or
2926	who advertises any services to assist, with:
2927	(i) the selection of and enrollment in a qualified health plan or a public program
2928	offered on an exchange; or
2929	(ii) applying for premium subsidies through an exchange; and
2930	(b) includes a person who is an in-person assister or a certified application counselor as
2931	described in federal regulations or guidance issued under PPACA.
2932	[(4)] (3) "Personally identifiable information" is as defined in 45 C.F.R. Sec. 155.260.
2933	[(5)] (4) "Public programs" means the state Medicaid program in Title 26, Chapter 18,
2934	Medical Assistance Act, and Title 26, Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health Insurance Act.
2935	[6] [6] "Resident" is as defined by rule made by the commissioner in accordance with
2936	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2937	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> "Solicit" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
2938	31A-23a-102.
2939	Section 22 Section 31 A-23h-202 5 is amended to read:

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2940	31A-23b-202.5. License types.
2941	(1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued under the license types described
2942	in Subsection (2).
2943	(2) A license type under this chapter shall be a navigator line of authority or a certified
2944	application counselor line of authority. A license type is intended to describe the matters to be
2945	considered under any education, examination, and training required of an applicant under this
2946	chapter.
2947	(3) (a) A navigator line of authority includes the enrollment process as described in
2948	Subsection $31A-23b-102[\frac{(3)}{2}](2)(a)$ .
2949	(b) (i) A certified application counselor line of authority is limited to providing
2950	information and assistance to individuals and employees about public programs and premium
2951	subsidies available through the exchange.
2952	(ii) A certified application counselor line of authority does not allow the certified
2953	application counselor to assist a person with the selection of or enrollment in a qualified health
2954	plan offered on an exchange.
2955	Section 23. Section 31A-23b-204 is amended to read:
2956	31A-23b-204. Character requirements.
2957	An applicant for a license under this chapter shall demonstrate to the commissioner
2958	that:
2959	(1) the applicant has the intent, in good faith, to engage in the practice of a navigator as
2960	the license would permit;
2961	(2) (a) if a natural person, the applicant is:
2962	(i) competent; and
2963	(ii) trustworthy; or
2964	(b) if the applicant is an agency:
2965	(i) the partners, directors, or principal officers or persons having comparable powers
2966	are trustworthy; and

(ii) that it will transact business in a way that the acts that may only be performed by a licensed navigator are performed only by a natural person who is licensed under this chapter, or Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing-Licensing Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries;

2971	(3) the applicant intends to comply with the surety bond requirements of Section
2972	31A-23b-207;
2973	(4) if a natural person, the applicant is at least 18 years of age; and
2974	(5) the applicant does not have a conflict of interest as defined by regulations issued
2975	under PPACA.
2976	Section 24. Section 31A-23b-205 is amended to read:
2977	31A-23b-205. Examination and training requirements.
2978	(1) The commissioner may require an applicant for a license to pass an examination
2979	and complete a training program as a requirement for a license.
2980	(2) The examination described in Subsection (1) shall reasonably relate to:
2981	(a) the duties and functions of a navigator;
2982	(b) requirements for navigators as established by federal regulation under PPACA; and
2983	(c) other requirements that may be established by the commissioner by administrative
2984	rule.
2985	(3) The examination may be administered by the commissioner or as otherwise
2986	specified by administrative rule.
2987	(4) The training required by Subsection (1) shall be approved by the commissioner and
2988	shall include:
2989	(a) accident and health insurance plans;
2990	(b) qualifications for and enrollment in public programs;
2991	(c) qualifications for and enrollment in premium subsidies;
2992	(d) cultural and linguistic competence;
2993	(e) conflict of interest standards;
2994	(f) exchange functions; and
2995	(g) other requirements that may be adopted by the commissioner by administrative
2996	rule.
2997	(5) (a) For the navigator line of authority, the training required by Subsection (1) shall
2998	consist of at least 21 credit hours of training before obtaining the license, which shall
2999	include[:(i) at least two hours of training on defined contribution arrangements and the small
3000	employer health insurance exchange; and (ii)] the navigator training and certification program
3001	developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

3002	(b) For the certified application counselor line of authority, the training required by
3003	Subsection (1) shall consist of at least six hours of training before obtaining a license, which
3004	shall include[:(i) at least one hour of training on defined contribution arrangements and the
3005	small employer health insurance exchange; and(ii)] the certified application counselor training
3006	and certification program developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
3007	(6) This section applies only to an applicant who is a natural person.
3008	Section 25. Section 31A-23b-206 is amended to read:
3009	31A-23b-206. Continuing education requirements.
3010	(1) The commissioner shall, by rule, prescribe continuing education requirements for a
3011	navigator.
3012	(2) (a) The commissioner may not require a degree from an institution of higher
3013	education as part of continuing education.
3014	(b) The commissioner may state a continuing education requirement in terms of hours
3015	of instruction received in:
3016	(i) accident and health insurance;
3017	(ii) qualification for and enrollment in public programs;
3018	(iii) qualification for and enrollment in premium subsidies;
3019	(iv) cultural competency;
3020	(v) conflict of interest standards; and
3021	(vi) other exchange functions.
3022	(3) (a) For a navigator line of authority, continuing education requirements shall
3023	require:
3024	(i) that a licensee complete 12 credit hours of continuing education for every one-year
3025	licensing period;
3026	(ii) that at least two of the 12 credit hours described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) be ethics
3027	courses; and
3028	[(iii) that at least one of the 12 credit hours described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) be training
3029	on defined contribution arrangements and the use of the small employer health insurance
3030	exchange; and]
3031	[(iv)] (iii) that a licensee complete the annual navigator training and certification
3032	program developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

3033 (b) For a certified application counselor, the continuing education requirements shall 3034 require: 3035 (i) that a licensee complete six credit hours of continuing education for every one-year 3036 licensing period; 3037 (ii) that at least two of the six credit hours described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) be on ethics courses; and 3038 3039 [(iii) that at least one of the six credit hours described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) be 3040 training on defined contribution arrangements and the use of the small employer health 3041 insurance exchange; and] 3042 [(iv)] (iii) that a licensee complete the annual certified application counselor training and certification program developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. 3043 3044 (c) An hour of continuing education in accordance with Subsections (3)(a)(i) and (b)(i) 3045 may be obtained through: 3046 (i) classroom attendance; 3047 (ii) home study; 3048 (iii) watching a video recording; or 3049 (iv) another method approved by rule. 3050 (d) A licensee may obtain continuing education hours at any time during the one-year 3051 license period. 3052 (e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 3053 commissioner shall, by rule, authorize one or more continuing education providers, including a 3054 state or national professional producer or consultant associations, to: 3055 (i) offer a qualified program on a geographically accessible basis; and 3056 (ii) collect a reasonable fee for funding and administration of a continuing education 3057 program, subject to the review and approval of the commissioner. 3058 (4) The commissioner shall approve a continuing education provider or a continuing 3059 education course that satisfies the requirements of this section. 3060 (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 3061 commissioner shall by rule establish the procedures for continuing education provider 3062 registration and course approval. 3063 (6) This section applies only to a navigator who is a natural person.

3064	(7) A navigator shall keep documentation of completing the continuing education
3065	requirements of this section for one year after the end of the one-year licensing period to which
3066	the continuing education applies.
3067	Section 26. Section 31A-25-204 is amended to read:
3068	31A-25-204. Character requirements.
3069	Each applicant for a license under this chapter shall show to the commissioner all of the
3070	following:
3071	(1) [he or it] that the applicant has the good faith intent to engage in the type of
3072	business the license applied for would permit;
3073	(2) (a) if a natural person, [he is] that the applicant is:
3074	(i) competent; and
3075	(ii) trustworthy[;]; or[;]
3076	(b) if a partnership or corporation, that all the partners, directors, principal officers, or
3077	persons having comparable powers are trustworthy; and
3078	(3) if a natural person, [he] that the applicant is at least 18 years of age.
3079	Section 27. Section 31A-25-206 is amended to read:
3080	31A-25-206. Nonresident jurisdictional agreement.
3081	(1) (a) If a nonresident license applicant has a valid license from the nonresident license
3082	applicant's home state or designated home state and the conditions of Subsection (1)(b) are
3083	met, the commissioner shall:
3084	(i) waive any license requirement for a license under this chapter; and
3085	(ii) issue the nonresident license applicant a nonresident third party administrator
3086	license.
3087	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if:
3088	(i) the nonresident license applicant:
3089	(A) is licensed [as a resident] in the nonresident license applicant's home state or
3090	designated home state at the time the nonresident license applicant applies for a nonresident
3091	third party administrator license;
3092	(B) has submitted the proper request for licensure;
3093	(C) has submitted to the commissioner:
3094	(I) the application for licensure that the nonresident license applicant submitted to the

3095	applicant's home state or designated home state; or
3096	(II) a completed uniform application; and
3097	(D) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103;
3098	(ii) the nonresident license applicant's license in the applicant's home state or
3099	designated home state is in good standing; and
3100	(iii) the nonresident license applicant's home state or designated home state awards
3101	nonresident third party administrator licenses to residents of this state on the same basis as this
3102	state awards licenses to residents of that home state or designated home state.
3103	(2) A nonresident applicant shall execute in a form acceptable to the commissioner an
3104	agreement to be subject to the jurisdiction of the Utah commissioner and courts on any matter
3105	related to the applicant's insurance activities in Utah, on the basis of:
3106	(a) service of process under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310; or
3107	(b) other service authorized in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
3108	(3) The commissioner may verify the third party administrator's licensing status
3109	through the database maintained by:
3110	(a) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or
3111	(b) an affiliate or subsidiary of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
3112	(4) The commissioner may not assess a greater fee for an insurance license or related
3113	service to a person not residing in this state based solely on the fact that the person does not
3114	reside in this state.
3115	Section 28. Section 31A-26-102 is amended to read:
3116	31A-26-102. Definitions.
3117	As used in this chapter, unless expressly provided otherwise:
3118	(1) "Company adjuster" means a person employed by an insurer [whose regular duties
3119	include insurance adjusting], or an entity under common control or ownership with the insurer,
3120	who negotiates or settles claims on behalf of the employer.
3121	(2) "Designated home state" means the state or territory of the United States or the
3122	District of Columbia:
3123	(a) in which an insurance adjuster does not maintain the adjuster's principal:
3124	(i) place of residence; or
3125	(ii) place of business;

3126	(b) If the resident state, territory, or District of Columbia of the adjuster does not
3127	license adjusters for the line of authority sought, the adjuster has qualified for the license as if
3128	the person were a resident in the state, territory, or District of Columbia described in
3129	Subsection (2)(a), including an applicable:
3130	(i) examination requirement;
3131	(ii) fingerprint background check requirement; and
3132	(iii) continuing education requirement; and
3133	(c) the adjuster has designated the state, territory, or District of Columbia as the
3134	designated home state.
3135	(3) "Home state" means:
3136	(a) a state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia in which an
3137	insurance adjuster:
3138	(i) maintains the adjuster's principal:
3139	(A) place of residence; or
3140	(B) place of business; and
3141	(ii) is licensed to act as a resident adjuster; or
3142	(b) if the resident state, territory, or the District of Columbia described in Subsection
3143	(3)(a) does not license adjusters for the line of authority sought, a state, territory, or the District
3144	of Columbia:
3145	(i) in which the adjuster is licensed;
3146	(ii) in which the adjuster is in good standing; and
3147	(iii) that the adjuster has designated as the adjuster's designated home state.
3148	(4) "Independent adjuster" means an insurance adjuster required to be licensed under
3149	Section 31A-26-201, who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of one or more
3150	insurers.
3151	(5) "Insurance adjusting" or "adjusting" means directing or conducting the
3152	investigation, negotiation, or settlement of a claim under an insurance policy, on behalf of an
3153	insurer, policyholder, or a claimant under an insurance policy.
3154	(6) "Organization" means a person other than a natural person, and includes a sole
3155	proprietorship by which a natural person does business under an assumed name.
3156	(7) "Portable electronics insurance" is as defined in Section 31A-22-1802.

3157	(8) "Public adjuster" means a person required to be licensed under Section
3158	31A-26-201, who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of insureds and claimants
3159	under insurance policies.
3160	Section 29. Section 31A-26-205 is amended to read:
3161	31A-26-205. Character requirements.
3162	Each applicant for a license under this chapter shall show to the commissioner that:
3163	(1) [he] the applicant has the good faith intent to engage in the type of business the
3164	license or licenses applied for would permit;
3165	(2) (a) if a natural person, [he is] the applicant is:
3166	(i) competent; and
3167	(ii) trustworthy[;]; or[ <del>that,</del> ]
3168	(b) if an organization, all the partners, directors, principal officers, or persons in fact
3169	having comparable powers are trustworthy, and that [it] the applicant will transact business in
3170	such a way that all acts that may only be performed by a licensed adjuster are performed
3171	exclusively by natural persons who are licensed under this chapter to transact that business and
3172	listed on the organization's license under Section 31A-26-209; and
3173	(3) if a natural person, [he] the applicant is at least 18 years of age.
3174	Section 30. Section 31A-26-208 is amended to read:
3175	31A-26-208. Nonresident jurisdictional agreement.
3176	(1) (a) If a nonresident license applicant has a valid license from the nonresident
3177	license applicant's home state or designated home state and the conditions of Subsection (1)(b)
3178	are met, the commissioner shall:
3179	(i) waive any license requirement for a license under this chapter; and
3180	(ii) issue the nonresident license applicant a nonresident adjuster's license.
3181	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if:
3182	(i) the nonresident license applicant:
3183	(A) is licensed [as a resident] in the nonresident license applicant's home state or
3184	designated home state at the time the nonresident license applicant applies for a nonresident
3185	adjuster license;
3186	(B) has submitted the proper request for licensure;
3187	(C) has submitted to the commissioner:

3188	(I) the application for licensure that the nonresident license applicant submitted to the
3189	applicant's home state or designated home state; or
3190	(II) a completed uniform application; and
3191	(D) has paid the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103;
3192	(ii) the nonresident license applicant's license in the applicant's home state or
3193	designated home state is in good standing; and
3194	(iii) the nonresident license applicant's home state or designated home state awards
3195	nonresident adjuster licenses to residents of this state on the same basis as this state awards
3196	licenses to residents of that home state or designated home state.
3197	(2) A nonresident applicant shall execute in a form acceptable to the commissioner an
3198	agreement to be subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner and courts of this state on any
3199	matter related to the adjuster's insurance activities in this state, on the basis of:
3200	(a) service of process under Sections 31A-2-309 and 31A-2-310; or
3201	(b) other service authorized under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure or Section
3202	78B-3-206.
3203	(3) The commissioner may verify an adjuster's licensing status through the database
3204	maintained by:
3205	(a) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; or
3206	(b) an affiliate or subsidiary of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
3207	(4) The commissioner may not assess a greater fee for an insurance license or related
3208	service to a person not residing in this state based solely on the fact that the person does not
3209	reside in this state.
3210	Section 31. Section 31A-27a-111 is amended to read:
3211	31A-27a-111. Actions by and against the receiver.
3212	(1) (a) An allegation by the receiver of improper or fraudulent conduct against a person
3213	may not be the basis of a defense to the enforcement of a contractual obligation owed to the
3214	insurer by a third party.
3215	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a third party described in this Subsection (1) is
3216	not barred by this section from seeking to establish independently as a defense that the conduct
3217	is materially and substantially related to the contractual obligation for which enforcement is
3218	sought.

3219	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), a prior wrongful or negligent action of any present
3220	or former officer, manager, director, trustee, owner, employee, or agent of the insurer may not
3221	be asserted as a defense to a claim by the receiver:
3222	(i) under a theory of:
3223	(A) estoppel;
3224	(B) comparative fault;
3225	(C) intervening cause;
3226	(D) proximate cause;
3227	(E) reliance; or
3228	(F) mitigation of damages; or
3229	(ii) otherwise.
3230	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a):
3231	(i) the affirmative defense of fraud in the inducement may be asserted against the
3232	receiver in a claim based on a contract; and
3233	(ii) a principal under a surety bond or a surety undertaking is entitled to credit against
3234	any reimbursement obligation to the receiver for the value of any property pledged to secure the
3235	reimbursement obligation to the extent that:
3236	(A) the receiver has possession or control of the property; or
3237	(B) the insurer or its agents misappropriated, including commingling, the property.
3238	(c) Evidence of fraud in the inducement is admissible only if it is contained in the
3239	records of the insurer.
3240	(3) Action or inaction by an insurance regulatory authority may not be asserted as a
3241	defense to a claim by the receiver.
3242	(4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), a judgment or order entered against an insured or
3243	the insurer in contravention of a stay or injunction under this chapter, or at any time by default
3244	or collusion, may not be considered as evidence of liability or of the quantum of damages in
3245	adjudicating claims filed in the estate arising out of the subject matter of the judgment or order.
3246	(b) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to an affected guaranty association's claim for
3247	amounts paid on a settlement or judgment in pursuit of the affected guaranty association's
3248	statutory obligations.
3249	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), the following do not affect the amount that a

3250	receiver may recover from a third party, regardless of any provision in an agreement to the
3251	contrary:
3252	(i) the insurer's insolvency; or
3253	(ii) the insurer's or receiver's failure to pay all or a portion of an amount or a claim to
3254	the third party.
3255	(b) If an agreement between the insurer and a third party requires a payment by the
3256	insurer before the insurer may recover from the third party, the amount the receiver may
3257	recover from the third party under Subsection (5)(a) is limited to an amount equal to the greater
3258	<u>of:</u>
3259	(i) the amount paid by the insurer or by another person on behalf of the insurer to the
3260	third party; or
3261	(ii) the amount allowed as a claim for payment under:
3262	(A) an approved report described in Section 31A-27a-608;
3263	(B) an order of the receivership court; or
3264	(C) a plan of rehabilitation.
3265	[(5)] (6) The receiver may not be considered a governmental entity for the purposes of
3266	any state law awarding fees to a litigant who prevails against a governmental entity.
3267	Section 32. Section <b>31A-27a-608</b> is amended to read:
3268	31A-27a-608. Liquidator's recommendations to the receivership court.
3269	(1) The liquidator shall, from time to time as determined by the liquidator, present to
3270	the receivership court for approval, reports of claims settled or determined by the liquidator
3271	under Section 31A-27a-603.
3272	(2) A report required by this section shall include information identifying:
3273	(a) the claim;
3274	(b) the amount of the claim; and
3275	(c) the priority class of the claim.
3276	(3) (a) A claim included in a report described in this section and approved by the
3277	receivership court is a liability of the estate.
3278	(b) An insurer's insolvency does not affect the amount of a liability described in
3279	Subsection (3)(a), regardless of any provision in an agreement to the contrary.
3280	Section 33. Section 31A-43-303 is amended to read:

5281	31A-43-303. Stop-ioss insurance disclosure.
3282	A stop-loss insurance contract delivered, issued for delivery, or entered into shall
3283	include the disclosure exhibit required by the commissioner through administrative rule, which
3284	shall include at least the following information:
3285	(1) the complete costs for the stop-loss contract;
3286	(2) the date on which the insurance takes effect and terminates, including renewability
3287	provisions;
3288	(3) the aggregate attachment point and the specific attachment point;
3289	(4) limitations on coverage;
3290	(5) an explanation of monthly accommodation and disclosure about any monthly
3291	accommodation features included in the stop-loss contract;
3292	(6) a description of terminal liability funding, including the cost of processing claims
3293	before and after the termination of the contract; [and]
3294	(7) maximum claims liability to the employer[:]; and
3295	(8) a summary of the policy.
3296	Section 34. Section 31A-45-403 is enacted to read:
3297	31A-45-403. Essential health benefits.
3298	(1) The state designates the state's own essential health benefits and does not accept a
3299	federal determination of the essential health benefits under the PPACA.
3300	(2) Subject to Subsections (3) and (4), the commissioner shall make rules in
3301	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that designate the
3302	essential health benefits for the state.
3303	(3) Before the commissioner makes rules in accordance with Subsection (2):
3304	(a) the commissioner shall present a summary of the commissioner's planned rules to
3305	the Health Reform Task Force; and
3306	(b) the Health Reform Task Force shall recommend whether the commissioner makes
3307	rules in accordance with the presented summary.
3308	(4) The essential health benefits plan:
3309	(a) may not include a state mandate if the inclusion of the state mandate would require
3310	the state to contribute to premium subsidies under the PPACA; and
3311	(b) may add benefits in addition to the benefits included in a benchmark plan adopted

3312	in accordance with this section if the additional benefits are mandated under the FFACA.
3313	Section 35. Section <b>63G-2-305</b> is amended to read:
3314	63G-2-305. Protected records.
3315	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
3316	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret
3317	has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
3318	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a
3319	person if:
3320	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
3321	competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the
3322	governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
3323	(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access
3324	than the public in obtaining access; and
3325	(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with
3326	the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
3327	(3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity
3328	to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
3329	commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause
3330	substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
3331	(4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
3332	competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as
3333	defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
3334	(5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
3335	employment, or academic examinations;
3336	(6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement
3337	proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or
3338	agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this
3339	Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or
3340	grant has been awarded and signed by all parties, a bid, proposal, application, or other
3341	information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to:
3342	(a) an invitation for bids;

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3343	(b) a request for proposals;
3344	(c) a request for quotes;
3345	(d) a grant; or
3346	(e) other similar document;
3347	(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
3348	information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict
3349	the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
3350	(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
3351	awarded and signed by all parties; or
3352	(b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
3353	subject of the request for information; and
3354	(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is
3355	issued;
3356	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real
3357	or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition
3358	before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
3359	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
3360	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
3361	(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a
3362	duty of confidentiality to the entity;
3363	(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described
3364	property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;
3365	(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of
3366	property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value
3367	of the property; or
3368	(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence
3369	and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire
3370	the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
3371	(9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other
3372	compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if

disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value

of the subject property, unless:

- (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or
- (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:
- (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
- (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;
- (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;
- (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
- (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
- (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
- (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;
- (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;

3405	(14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of
3406	Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the
3407	Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the
3408	employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's
3409	jurisdiction;
3410	(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational
3411	procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
3412	audits or collections;
3413	(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit
3414	until the final audit is released;
3415	(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
3416	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
3417	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial,
3418	quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
3419	(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
3420	from a member of the Legislature; and
3421	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
3422	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and
3423	(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
3424	with the preparation of legislation between:
3425	(A) members of a legislative body;
3426	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
3427	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
3428	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
3429	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
3430	(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
3431	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated
3432	legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the
3433	legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and
3434	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
3435	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator

asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;

- (21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared in response to these requests;
  - (22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
- 3442 (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
- 3443 (a) collective bargaining; or
  - (b) imminent or pending litigation;
    - (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
    - (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
    - (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
    - (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
    - (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
    - (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
      - (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,

revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas;

- (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
- (32) transcripts, minutes, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
- (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;
- (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
- (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
- (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the donor, provided that:
  - (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
- (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
- (c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged

3498	in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority
3499	over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled
3500	by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
3501	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and
3502	73-18-13;
3503	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
3504	34A-2-205;
3505	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
3506	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
3507	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
3508	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
3509	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
3510	(A) relating to research; and
3511	(B) of:
3512	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
3513	53B-1-102; or
3514	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
3515	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
3516	(iv) creative works in process;
3517	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
3518	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
3519	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
3520	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
3521	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
3522	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General
3523	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the
3524	date that audit is completed and made public; and
3525	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
3526	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that
3527	the records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would
3528	reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as

3529	protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
3530	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or
3531	other document that indicates the location of:
3532	(a) a production facility; or
3533	(b) a magazine;
3534	(43) information:
3535	(a) contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services
3536	created by Section 62A-3-311.1; or
3537	(b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information
3538	System (IRIS) established under Section 67-5-22;
3539	(44) information contained in the Management Information System and Licensing
3540	Information System described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services;
3541	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
3542	National Guard's federal mission;
3543	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement
3544	agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and
3545	Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
3546	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed
3547	by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
3548	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
3549	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or
3550	prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of
3551	which would jeopardize:
3552	(a) the safety of the general public; or
3553	(b) the security of:
3554	(i) governmental property;
3555	(ii) governmental programs; or
3556	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
3557	Management information;
3558	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the
3559	identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under

3560	Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
3561	of Animal Disease;
3562	(50) as provided in Section 26-39-501:
3563	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a complaint
3564	regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to
3565	substantiate; and
3566	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
3567	from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;
3568	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as
3569	provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
3570	personal mobile phone number, if:
3571	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
3572	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
3573	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
3574	kept confidential due to:
3575	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
3576	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
3577	(52) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual
3578	that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
3579	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
3580	53B-1-102; and
3581	(b) conducted using animals;
3582	(53) an initial proposal under Title 63N, Chapter 13, Part 2, Government Procurement
3583	Private Proposal Program, to the extent not made public by rules made under that chapter;
3584	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
3585	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote on whether or not to
3586	recommend that the voters retain a judge including information disclosed under Subsection
3587	78A-12-203(5)(e);
3588	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance
3589	Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter
3590	12. Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public.

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plan, or audit program; or

3591	the information or report;
3592	(56) records contained in the Management Information System created in Section
3593	62A-4a-1003;
3594	(57) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
3595	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63J-4-603;
3596	(58) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section
3597	63H-7a-302;
3598	(59) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
3599	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
3600	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
3601	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
3602	municipality;
3603	(60) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General
3604	of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
3605	(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
3606	misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or
3607	allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services
3608	through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied
3609	upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation
3610	report or final audit report;
3611	(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a
3612	person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any
3613	Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or
3614	regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any
3615	recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that
3616	the identity of the person be protected;
3617	(c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final
3618	investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not

(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey

an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;

3622 (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an 3623 investigation or audit; 3624 (61) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid 3625 Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or 3626 abuse; 3627 (62) information provided to the Department of Health or the Division of Occupational 3628 and Professional Licensing under Subsection 58-68-304(3) or (4); 3629 (63) a record described in Section 63G-12-210: (64) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader 3630 3631 system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003; 3632 (65) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a 3633 victim, including: 3634 (a) a victim's application or request for benefits; 3635 (b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and 3636 (c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to, 3637 evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim 3638 Reparations Fund; 3639 (66) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is 3640 defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care 3641 facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care 3642 provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that term is defined in Subsection 62A-2-101(19)(a)(vi), except for recordings that: 3643 3644 (a) depict the commission of an alleged crime; 3645 (b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in 3646 death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon; 3647 (c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency; 3648 3649 (d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 3650 76-2-408(1)(d); or 3651 (e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or

authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording; [and]

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3653	(67) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
3654	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
3655	announced finalist[:]; and
3656	(68) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204.
3657	Section 36. Repealer.
3658	This bill repeals:
3659	Section 31A-22-722.5, Mini-COBRA election American Recovery and
3660	Reinvestment Act.
3661	Section 31A-30-209, Insurance producers and the Health Insurance Exchange.