1	POLITICAL SUBDIVISION LIEN AUTHORITY
2	2018 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: R. Curt Webb
5	Senate Sponsor:
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses provisions related to political subdivision lien authority.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	 clarifies certain existing grants of political subdivision lien authority to ensure that
14	each grant provides an identifiable effective date, notice mechanism, and
15	enforcement mechanism;
16	 imposes limits on political subdivision liens;
17	 provides that certain political subdivision liens are invalid against a subsequent
18	bona fide purchaser if the lien is not recorded before the purchase;
19	 prohibits a county treasurer from including an item on the property tax notice unless
20	the item's inclusion is expressly authorized in statute;
21	 amends the items that a county treasurer is required to include on a property tax
22	notice;
23	 addresses the priority status of a political subdivision lien listed on the property tax
24	notice;
25	► allows a tax sale for delinquencies of any item that is statutorily authorized to be



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     included on the property tax notice; and
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             • makes technical and conforming changes.
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     Money Appropriated in this Bill:
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            None
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     Other Special Clauses:
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            None
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     Utah Code Sections Affected:
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     AMENDS:
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             10-7-30, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             10-8-17, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
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             10-8-19, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37
             10-11-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 460
38
             11-42-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 349
39
             11-42-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 85
40
             11-42-502.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 85
41
             11-42a-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 470
42
             11-42a-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 470
43
             11-42a-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 470
             17B-1-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 460
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             17B-2a-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 349
46
             17B-2a-1007, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 258
             59-2-1317, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 353
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48
             59-2-1331, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 201
49
             59-2-1332.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 368
50
             59-2-1343, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 181
51
     ENACTS:
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             11-58-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             11-58-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             11-58-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

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3/	Section 1. Section 10-7-30 is amended to read:
58	10-7-30. Failure to pay for repairs Lien on company's property.
59	(1) In the event of the refusal of any [such] company to pave, repave, or repair as
60	required [herein] in this section when so directed, upon the paving or repaving of any street
61	upon which [its] the company's track is laid, the municipality [shall have power to] may:
62	(a) pave, repave, or repair the [same,] street; and
63	(b) collect the cost and expense of [such] the paving, repaving, or repairing [may be
64	collected] by levy and sale of any property of [such] the company in the same manner as
65	special taxes are [now or may be] collected. [Special]
66	(2) The municipality may levy special taxes, for the purpose [of paying the cost of any
67	such paving or repaving, macadamizing] described in Subsection (1)(b) or repairing of [any
68	such] the railway [may be levied], upon:
69	(a) all as one property:
70	(i) the track, including the ties, iron, roadbed, right of way, sidetracks, and
71	appurtenances[-,]; and
72	(ii) buildings and real estate belonging to [any such] the company and used for the
73	purpose of [such] the railway business [all as one property,]; or [upon such]
74	(b) the parts of [such] the track, appurtenances, and property as may be within the
75	district paved, repaved, macadamized, or repaired[, and shall be a lien upon the property levied
76	upon from the time of the levy until satisfied. No].
77	(3) (a) The municipality may record the levied special taxes described in Subsection (2)
78	as a political subdivision lien, as that term is defined in Section 11-58-102, upon the levied
79	property, in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 58, Political Subdivision Lien Authority.
80	(b) Any mortgage, conveyance, pledge, transfer, or encumbrance of [any such] the
81	property or of any rolling stock or personal property of [any such] the company[, created or
82	suffered by it after the time when any street or part thereof upon which any railway shall have
83	been laid shall have been ordered paved, repaved, macadamized or repaired shall be made or
84	suffered except] that the company creates or suffers is subject to the lien [of such special taxes,
85	if such levy is in contemplation].
86	Section 2. Section 10-8-17 is amended to read:
87	10-8-17. City may act as distributing agent Collection of operating costs from

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- (1) When the governing body of a city is acting as distributing agent of water, not the property of the corporation, outside of or within its corporate limits, the governing body may annually [prior to], before the commencement of the irrigation season, determine and fix the sum [deemed] considered necessary to meet the expense of the current year for the purpose of:
 - (a) controlling, regulating, and distributing [such] the water; and
- (b) constructing and keeping in repair the necessary means for diverting, conveying, and distributing the [same, and they] water.
- (2) (a) The governing body may collect [such] the sum described in Subsection (1) from the persons entitled to the use of [such] the water, pro rata according to acreage, whether the acreage is situate within or without the corporate boundary of the city[; provided, that the funds so derived may not be appropriated or used].
- (b) The governing body may not appropriate or use the derived funds for any other purpose[, and in] than the purposes described in Subsection (1).
- (c) In the event that the governing body collects a greater sum [is collected] in any one year than is necessary [for said purpose, the excess thereof shall be carried] under Subsection (1), the governing body shall carry the excess to the account of the year next following and [applied to the purpose for which it was collected. Such sum shall be fixed and collected as provided by ordinance, and until collected the same shall be] apply the excess to the purposes described in Subsection (1).
- (d) The governing body shall enact an ordinance fixing and providing for the collection of the sum described in Subsection (1).
- (3) (a) Until the governing body collects the sum described in Subsection (1), the sum is a political subdivision lien, as that term is defined in Section 11-58-102, on [such] the subject water rights and the land irrigated [thereby] by the water, in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 58, Political Subdivision Lien Authority.
 - (b) If the lien amount is not paid in full by September 15 of a given year:
- (i) the governing body shall certify any unpaid amount to the treasurer of the county in which the liened property is located; and
- 117 (ii) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice 118 required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year.

119	Section 3. Section 10-8-19 is amended to read:
120	10-8-19. Water supply Special tax for increasing supply when city acting as
121	distributing agent.
122	(1) Whenever a city is acting as distributing agent of water, not the property of the
123	corporation, outside of or within the corporate limits of such city, upon written petition of the
124	owners of [such] the water, [it] the city may increase the supply of water [owned by such
125	persons] that the petitioners own by any means provided in Section 10-8-18[, and for that
126	purpose].
127	(2) (a) To increase the supply of water under Subsection (1), the city may levy and
128	collect from the owners of [such] the water a tax not exceeding [such] the sum per acre of land
129	owned [by such persons as may have been] as agreed upon and designated in [said] the
130	petition[; said tax when so collected to be appropriated exclusively to said purposes, except
131	such part thereof].
132	(b) The city shall appropriate the tax collected under Subsection (2)(a) exclusively to
133	increase the supply of water under Subsection (1), except as is necessary to pay the expense of
134	levying and collecting the [same. Said tax shall constitute] tax.
135	(3) (a) Until the city collects the tax described in Subsection (2), the unpaid tax is a
136	political subdivision lien, as that term in defined in Section 11-58-102, upon the owner's water
137	rights [of the persons] and the land [irrigated thereby, and shall be levied and collected as
138	provided in Section 10-8-17] that the water irrigates, in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 58,
139	Political Subdivision Lien Authority.
140	(b) If the lien amount is not paid in full by September 15 of a given year:
141	(i) the city shall certify any unpaid amount to the treasurer of the county in which the
142	liened property is located; and
143	(ii) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice
144	required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year.
145	Section 4. Section 10-11-4 is amended to read:
146	10-11-4. Costs of removal to be included in tax notice.
147	(1) A municipality may certify to the treasurer of the county in which a property
148	described in Section 10-11-3 is located, the unpaid costs and expenses that the municipality has
149	incurred under Section 10-11-3 with regard to the property.

150	(2) If the municipality certifies with the treasurer of the county any costs or expenses
151	incurred for a property under Section 10-11-3, the treasurer shall enter the amount of the costs
152	and expenses on the assessment and tax rolls of the county in the column prepared for that
153	purpose.
154	(3) If current tax notices have been mailed, the treasurer of the county may carry the
155	costs and expenses described in Subsection (2) on the assessment and tax rolls to the following
156	year.
157	(4) (a) After entry by the treasurer of the county[5] under Subsection (2):
158	(i) the amount entered[: (a) shall have the force and effect of a valid judgment of the
159	district court; (b)] is a nonrecurring direct charge that constitutes a political subdivision lien, as
160	those terms are defined in Section 11-58-102, upon the property[; and] in accordance with Title
161	11, Chapter 58, Political Subdivision Lien Authority; and
162	[(c)] (ii) [shall be collected by the] the treasurer of the county in which the property is
163	located shall collect the amount entered at the time of the payment of general taxes.
164	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (7), the municipality may pursue judicial
165	foreclosure to enforce the lien rather than relying on a tax sale.
166	(ii) If the municipality pursues judicial foreclosure under this Subsection (4)(b):
167	(A) the municipality shall record the lien in the office of the recorder of the county in
168	which the liened property is located; and
169	(B) the priority date of the lien, for the purpose of the judicial foreclosure, is the date
170	on which the municipality records the lien.
171	(5) Upon payment of the costs and expenses that the treasurer of the county enters
172	under Subsection (2):
173	[(a) the judgement is satisfied;]
174	[(b)] (a) the lien described in Subsection (4) is released from the property; [and]
175	(b) the municipality shall record a release of the lien in the office of the recorder of the
176	county in which the liened property is located; and
177	[(c)] (c) [receipt shall be acknowledged] the treasurer shall acknowledge receipt upon
178	the general tax receipt [issued by] that the treasurer issues.
179	(6) (a) If a municipality certifies unpaid costs and expenses under this section, the
180	treasurer of the county shall provide a notice, in accordance with this Subsection (6), to the

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181	owner of the property for which the municipality has incurred the unpaid costs and expenses.
182	(b) In providing the notice required in Subsection (6)(a), the treasurer of the county
183	shall:
184	(i) include the amount of unpaid costs and expenses that a municipality has certified on
185	or before July 15 of the current year;
186	(ii) provide contact information, including a phone number, for the property owner to
187	contact the municipality to obtain more information regarding the amount described in
188	Subsection (6)(b)(i); and
189	(iii) notify the property owner that:
190	(A) unless the municipality completes a judicial foreclosure under Subsection (4)(b), if
191	the amount described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) is not paid in full by September 15 of the current
192	year, any unpaid amount will be included on the property tax notice required by Section
193	59-2-1317; and
194	(B) the failure to pay the amount described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) has resulted in a lien
195	on the property in accordance with [this section] Subsection (4).
196	(c) The treasurer of the county shall provide the notice required by this Subsection (6)
197	to a property owner on or before August 1.
198	(d) If the municipality pursues judicial foreclosure under Subsection (4)(b) and
199	completes the judicial foreclosure, before any tax sale proceedings on a property described in
200	Subsection (1), the treasurer of the county shall remove from the assessment roll any costs or
201	expenses that the treasurer added to the assessment roll under Subsection (2).
202	(7) If the amount described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) is not paid in full by September 15
203	of a given year, the county treasurer shall include any unpaid amount on the property tax notice
204	required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year.
205	[(7)] (8) This section does not apply to any public building, public structure, or public
206	improvement.
207	Section 5. Section 11-42-501 is amended to read:
208	11-42-501. Assessment constitutes a lien Characteristics of an assessment lien.

210 or ordinance records the assessment resolution or ordinance and the notice of proposed assessment, in accordance with Section 11-42-206, in the office of the recorder of the county in 211

(1) [Each] If the governing body of the local entity that adopts an assessment resolution

212	which the assessed property is located, each assessment levied under this chapter, including any	
213	installment of an assessment, interest, and any penalties and costs of collection, constitutes a	
214	political subdivision lien, as that term is defined in Section 11-58-102, against the property	
215	assessed, in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 58, Political Subdivision Lien Authority, as of	
216	the effective date of the assessment resolution or ordinance.	
217	(2) A lien under this section:	
218	(a) is superior to the lien of a trust deed, mortgage, mechanic's or materialman's lien, or	
219	other encumbrances;	
220	(b) has the same priority as, but is separate and distinct from, a lien for general property	
221	taxes;	
222	(c) applies without interruption, change in priority, or alteration in any manner to any	
223	reduced payment obligations; and	
224	(d) continues until the assessments, reduced payment obligations, and any interest,	
225	penalties, and costs are paid, despite:	
226	(i) a sale of the property for or on account of a delinquent general property tax, special	
227	tax, or other assessment; or	
228	(ii) the issuance of a tax deed, an assignment of interest by the county, or a sheriff's	
229	certificate of sale or deed.	
230	Section 6. Section 11-42-502 is amended to read:	
231	11-42-502. Enforcement of an assessment lien Pre-May 10, 2016, procedure.	
232	(1) The provisions of this section apply to any property that is:	
233	(a) (i) located within the boundaries of an assessment area; and	
234	(ii) the subject of a foreclosure procedure initiated before May 10, 2016, for an	
235	assessment or an installment of an assessment that is not paid when due; or	
236	(b) located within the boundaries of an assessment area for which the local entity	
237	issued an assessment bond or a refunding assessment bond:	
238	(i) before May 10, 2016;	
239	(ii) that has not reached final maturity; and	
240	(iii) that is not refinanced on or after May 10, 2016.	
241	(2) (a) If an assessment or an installment of an assessment is not paid when due[;]:	
242	(i) (A) the governing body of the local entity that levies the assessment shall certify any	

243	unpaid amount to the treasurer of the county in which the assessed property is located; and
244	(B) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice
245	required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year; and
246	(ii) the local entity may sell the property on which the assessment has been levied for
247	the amount due plus interest, penalties, and costs, in the manner provided:
248	[(a)] (A) by resolution or ordinance of the local entity;
249	[(b)] (B) in Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes, for the sale of property
250	for delinquent general property taxes; or
251	[(c)] (C) in Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances, as though the property were the subject
252	of a trust deed in favor of the local entity.
253	(b) Nothing in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or in Title 11, Chapter 58, Political Subdivision
254	Lien Authority, prohibits or diminishes a local entity's authority to pursue any remedy in
255	Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
256	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each tax sale under Subsection (2)(b)
257	shall be governed by Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes, to the same extent as if
258	the sale were for the sale of property for delinquent general property taxes.
259	(4) (a) In a foreclosure under Subsection (2)(c):
260	(i) the local entity may bid at the sale;
261	(ii) the local entity's governing body shall designate a trustee satisfying the
262	requirements of Section 57-1-21;
263	(iii) each trustee designated under Subsection (4)(a)(ii) has a power of sale with respect
264	to the property that is the subject of the delinquent assessment lien;
265	(iv) the property that is the subject of the delinquent assessment lien is considered to
266	have been conveyed to the trustee, in trust, for the sole purpose of permitting the trustee to
267	exercise the trustee's power of sale under Subsection (4)(a)(iii);
268	(v) if no one bids at the sale and pays the local entity the amount due on the
269	assessment, plus interest and costs, the property is considered sold to the local entity for those
270	amounts; and
271	(vi) the local entity's chief financial officer may substitute and appoint one or more
272	successor trustees, as provided in Section 57-1-22.
273	(b) The designation of a trustee under Subsection (4)(a)(ii) shall be disclosed in the

274 notice of default that the trustee gives to commence the foreclosure, and need not be stated in a 275 separate instrument. 276 (5) (a) The redemption of property that is the subject of a tax sale under Subsection 277 (2)(b) is governed by Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes. 278 (b) The redemption of property that is the subject of a foreclosure proceeding under 279 Subsection (2)(c) is governed by Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances. 280 (6) (a) The remedies described in this part for the collection of an assessment and the 281 enforcement of an assessment lien are cumulative. 282 (b) The use of one or more of the remedies described in this part does not deprive the local entity of any other available remedy or means of collecting the assessment or enforcing 283 284 the assessment lien. 285 Section 7. Section 11-42-502.1 is amended to read: 286 11-42-502.1. Enforcement of an assessment lien -- Post-May 10, 2016, procedure. 287 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), the provisions of this section apply to 288 any property that is: 289 (i) located within the boundaries of an assessment area; and 290 (ii) the subject of a foreclosure procedure initiated on or after May 10, 2016, for an 291 assessment or an installment of an assessment that is not paid when due. 292 (b) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to property described in Subsection 293 11-42-502(1)(b). 294 (2) (a) If an assessment or an installment of an assessment is not paid when due[-]: 295 (i) (A) the governing body of the local entity that levies the assessment shall certify any 296 unpaid amount to the treasurer of the county in which the assessed property is located; and (B) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice 297 298 required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year; and 299 (ii) the local entity may sell the property on which the assessment has been levied for 300 the amount due plus interest, penalties, and costs: 301 [(a)] (A) in the manner provided in Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes, 302 for the sale of property for delinquent general property taxes; 303 [(b)] (B) by judicial foreclosure; or 304 [(c)] (C) in the manner described in Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances, if [: (i)] the

305	property is in a voluntary assessment area[;] and [(ii)] the owner of record of the property at the
306	time the local entity initiates the process to sell the property in accordance with Title 57,
307	Chapter 1, Conveyances, executed a property owner's consent form described in Subsection
308	11-42-202(1)(l) that includes a provision described in Subsection 11-42-202(1)(l)(iv).
309	(b) Nothing in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or in Title 11, Chapter 58, Political Subdivision
310	Lien Authority, prohibits or diminishes a local entity's authority to pursue any remedy in
311	Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
312	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each tax sale under Subsection (2)(a)
313	shall be governed by Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes, to the same extent as if
314	the sale were for the sale of property for delinquent general property taxes.
315	(4) (a) The redemption of property that is the subject of a tax sale under Subsection
316	(2)(a) is governed by Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes.
317	(b) The redemption of property that is the subject of a judicial foreclosure proceeding
318	under Subsection (2)(b) is governed by Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 9, Mortgage Foreclosure.
319	(c) The redemption of property that is the subject of a foreclosure proceeding under
320	Subsection (2)(c) is governed by Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances.
321	(5) (a) The remedies described in this part for the collection of an assessment and the
322	enforcement of an assessment lien are cumulative.
323	(b) The use of one or more of the remedies described in this part does not deprive the
324	local entity of any other available remedy or means of collecting the assessment or enforcing
325	the assessment lien.
326	Section 8. Section 11-42a-201 is amended to read:
327	11-42a-201. Resolution or ordinance designating an energy assessment area,
328	levying an assessment, and issuing an energy assessment bond.
329	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, and subject to the requirements of
330	this part, at the request of a property owner on whose property or for whose benefit an
331	improvement is being installed or being reimbursed, a governing body of a local entity may
332	adopt an energy assessment resolution or an energy assessment ordinance that:
333	(i) designates an energy assessment area;
334	(ii) levies an assessment within the energy assessment area; and
335	(iii) if applicable, authorizes the issuance of an energy assessment bond.

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and

- 336 (b) The boundaries of a proposed energy assessment area may: 337 (i) include property that is not intended to be assessed; and 338 (ii) overlap, be coextensive with, or be substantially coterminous with the boundaries 339 of any other energy assessment area or an assessment area created under Title 11, Chapter 42, 340 Assessment Area Act. 341 (c) The energy assessment resolution or ordinance described in Subsection (1)(a) is 342 adequate for purposes of identifying the property to be assessed within the energy assessment 343 area if the resolution or ordinance describes the property to be assessed by legal description and 344 tax identification number. 345 (2) (a) A local entity that adopts an energy assessment resolution or ordinance under 346 Subsection (1)(a) shall give notice of the adoption by: 347 (i) publishing a copy or a summary of the resolution or ordinance once in a newspaper 348 of general circulation where the energy assessment area is located; or (ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation where the energy assessment area is 349 350 located, posting a copy of the resolution or ordinance in at least three public places within the 351 local entity's jurisdictional boundaries for at least 21 days. 352 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a), a local entity is not required to make any 353 other publication or posting of the resolution or ordinance. 354 (3) Notwithstanding any other statutory provision regarding the effective date of a 355 resolution or ordinance, each energy assessment resolution or ordinance takes effect: 356 (a) on the date of publication or posting of the notice under Subsection (2); or 357 (b) at a later date as provided in the resolution or ordinance. 358 (4) (a) The governing body of each local entity that has adopted an energy assessment 359 resolution or ordinance under Subsection (1) shall, within five days after the effective date of 360 the resolution or ordinance, file a notice of assessment interest with the recorder of the county 361 in which the property to be assessed is located. 362 (b) Each notice of assessment interest under Subsection (4)(a) shall:
 - (ii) describe the property to be assessed by legal description and tax identification number.

(i) state that the local entity has an assessment interest in the property to be assessed;

367	(c) [A local entity's failure] If a local entity fails to file a notice of assessment interest
368	under this Subsection (4) [has no effect on the validity of an assessment levied under an energy
369	assessment resolution or ordinance adopted under Subsection (1).]:
370	(i) the failure does not invalidate the designation of an energy assessment area; and
371	(ii) the local entity may not assess a levy against a subsequent purchaser of a benefitted
372	property that lacked recorded notice unless:
373	(A) the subsequent purchaser gives written consent;
374	(B) the subsequent purchaser has actual notice of the assessment levy; or
375	(C) the subsequent purchaser purchased the property after a corrected notice was filed
376	under Subsection (4)(d).
377	(d) The local entity may file a corrected notice if the entity fails to comply with the date
378	or other requirements for filing a notice of assessment interest.
379	(e) If a governing body has filed a corrected notice under Subsection (4)(d), the local
380	entity may not retroactively collect or adjust the amount of the levy to recapture lost funds for a
381	levy that the local entity was prohibited from collecting, if applicable, under Subsection (4)(c).
382	Section 9. Section 11-42a-301 is amended to read:
383	11-42a-301. Assessment constitutes a lien Characteristics of an energy
384	assessment lien.
385	(1) [Each] If a local entity that adopts an assessment resolution or ordinance records
386	the assessment resolution or ordinance and the notice of proposed assessment, in accordance
387	with Section 11-42a-201, in the office of the recorder of the county in which the assessed
388	property is located, each assessment levied under this chapter, including any installment of an
389	assessment, interest, and any penalties and costs of collection, constitutes a political
390	subdivision lien, as that term is defined in Section 11-58-102, against the assessed property, in
391	accordance with Title 11, Chapter 58, Political Subdivision Lien Authority, beginning on the
392	effective date of the energy assessment resolution or ordinance that the local entity adopts
393	under Subsection 11-42a-201(1)(a).
394	(2) An energy assessment lien under this section:
395	(a) is superior to the lien of a trust deed, mortgage, mechanic's or materialman's lien, or
396	other encumbrances;
397	(b) has the same priority as, but is separate and distinct from:

398	(i) a lien for general property taxes; or
399	(ii) any other energy assessment lien levied under this chapter;
400	(c) applies to any reduced payment obligations without interruption, change in priority,
401	or alteration in any manner; and
402	(d) continues until the assessment and any related reduced payment obligations,
403	interest, penalties, and costs are paid, regardless of:
404	(i) a sale of the property for or on account of a delinquent general property tax, special
405	tax, or other assessment; or
406	(ii) the issuance of a tax deed, an assignment of interest by the county, or a sheriff's
407	certificate of sale or deed.
408	Section 10. Section 11-42a-303 is amended to read:
409	11-42a-303. Enforcement of an energy assessment lien.
410	(1) (a) If an assessment or an installment of an assessment is not paid when due[5]:
411	(i) (A) the governing body of the local entity that levies the assessment shall certify any
412	unpaid amount to the treasurer of the county in which the assessed property is located; and
413	(B) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice
414	required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year; and
415	(ii) the local entity may sell the property on which the assessment has been levied for
416	the amount due plus interest, penalties, and costs:
417	[(a)] (A) in the manner provided in Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes,
418	for the sale of property for delinquent general property taxes;
419	[(b)] (B) by judicial foreclosure; or
420	[(c)] (C) in the manner provided in Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances, as though the
421	property were the subject of a trust deed in favor of the local entity if the owner of record of the
122	property at the time the local entity initiates the process to sell the property in accordance with
423	Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances, has executed a property owner's consent form [that:] in
124	accordance with Subsection (1)(b).
125	(b) The local entity shall ensure that the consent form described in Subsection
426	(1)(a)(ii)(C):
127	(i) estimates the total assessment to be levied against the particular parcel of property;
128	(ii) describes any additional benefits that the local entity expects the assessed property

429	to receive from the improvements;
430	(iii) designates the date and time by which the fully executed consent form is required
431	to be submitted to the local entity; and
432	(iv) (A) appoints a trustee that satisfies the requirements described in Section 57-1-21;
433	(B) gives the trustee the power of sale; and
434	(C) explains that if an assessment or an installment of an assessment is not paid when
435	due, the local entity may sell the property owner's property to satisfy the amount due plus
436	interest, penalties, and costs, in the manner described in Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances.
437	(c) Nothing in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or in Title 11, Chapter 58, Political Subdivision
438	Lien Authority, prohibits or diminishes a local entity's authority to pursue any remedy in
439	Subsection (1)(a)(ii).
440	(2) If the local entity has assigned the local entity's rights to a third-party lender under
441	Section 11-42a-302, the local entity shall provide written instructions to the third-party lender
442	as to which method of enforcement the third-party lender shall pursue.
443	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each tax sale under Subsection (1)(b)
444	is governed by Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes, to the same extent as if the
445	sale were for the sale of property for delinquent general property taxes.
446	(4) (a) In a foreclosure under Subsection (1)(c):
447	(i) the local entity may bid at the sale;
448	(ii) if no one bids at the sale and pays the local entity the amount due on the
449	assessment, plus interest and costs, the property is considered sold to the local entity for those
450	amounts; and
451	(iii) the local entity's chief financial officer may substitute and appoint one or more
452	successor trustees, as provided in Section 57-1-22.
453	(b) (i) The local entity shall disclose the designation of a trustee under Subsection
454	(4)(a)(ii) in the notice of default that the trustee gives to commence the foreclosure.
455	(ii) The local entity is not required to disclose the designation of a trustee under
456	Subsection (4)(a)(ii) in an instrument separate from the notice described in Subsection
457	(4)(b)(i).
458	(5) (a) The redemption of property that is the subject of a tax sale under Subsection
459	(1)(b) is governed by Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes.

460	(b) The redemption of property that is the subject of a foreclosure proceeding under
461	Subsection (1)(c) is governed by Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances.
462	(6) The remedies described in this part for the collection of an assessment and the
463	enforcement of an energy assessment lien are cumulative, and the use of one or more of those
464	remedies does not deprive the local entity of any other available remedy, means of collecting
465	the assessment, or means of enforcing the energy assessment lien.
466	Section 11. Section 11-58-101 is enacted to read:
467	CHAPTER 58. POLITICAL SUBDIVISION LIEN AUTHORITY
468	11-58-101. Title.
469	This chapter is known as "Political Subdivision Lien Authority."
470	Section 12. Section 11-58-102 is enacted to read:
471	11-58-102. Definitions.
472	As used in this chapter:
473	(1) "Direct charge" means a charge, fee, assessment, or amount, other than a property
474	tax, that a political subdivision charges to a property owner.
475	(2) "Notice of lien" means a notice that:
476	(a) a political subdivision records in the office of the recorder of the county in which a
477	property that is the subject of a nonrecurring direct charge is located; and
478	(b) describes the nature and amount of the nonrecurring direct charge and whether the
479	political subdivision intends to certify the charge to the county treasurer under statutory
480	authority that allows the treasurer to place the charge on the property tax notice described in
481	Section 59-2-1317.
482	(3) "Nonrecurring direct charge" means a direct charge that a political subdivision
483	assesses or imposes on a one-time or case-by-case basis rather than a regular assessment over
484	multiple calendar years.
485	(4) "Political subdivision" means:
486	(a) a county, as that term is defined in Section 17-50-101;
487	(b) a municipality, as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104;
488	(c) a local district, as that term is defined in Section 17B-1-102;
489	(d) a special service district, as that term is defined in Section 17D-1-102;
490	(e) an interlocal entity, as that term is defined in Section 11-13-103;

491	(f) a community reinvestment agency created under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local
492	Government Entities - Community Reinvestment Agency Act;
493	(g) a local building authority, as that term is defined in Section 17D-2-102;
494	(h) a conservation district, as that term is defined in Section 17D-3-102; or
495	(i) a local entity, as that term is defined in Sections 11-42-102 and 11-42a-102.
496	(5) "Political subdivision lien" means a lien that a statute expressly authorizes a
497	political subdivision to hold and record, including a direct charge that constitutes, according to
498	an express statutory provision, a lien.
499	(6) "Property tax" means a tax imposed on real property under Title 59, Chapter 2,
500	Property Tax Act, Title 59, Chapter 3, Tax Equivalent Property Act, or Title 59, Chapter 4,
501	Privilege Tax.
502	(7) "Tax sale" means the tax sale described in Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection
503	of Taxes.
504	Section 13. Section 11-58-103 is enacted to read:
505	11-58-103. Political subdivision liens Status Limitations.
506	(1) Unless expressly granted in statute, a political subdivision has no lien authority or
507	lien rights when a property owner fails to pay a direct charge for:
508	(a) a service that the political subdivision renders; or
509	(b) a product, an item, or goods that the political subdivision delivers.
510	(2) A political subdivision lien other than a lien described in Subsection (3):
511	(a) (i) is not equivalent to and does not have the same priority as property tax; and
512	(ii) is not subject to the same collection and tax sale procedures as a property tax;
513	(b) is effective as of the date on which the lienholder records the lien in the office of
514	the recorder of the county in which the property is located;
515	(c) is subordinate in priority to all encumbrances on the property existing on the date
516	on which the municipality records the lien; and
517	(d) is invalid and does not attach to the property if:
518	(i) the lienholder does not record the lien; or
519	(ii) a subsequent bona fide purchaser purchases the liened property for value before the
520	lienholder records the lien.
521	(3) (a) A political subdivision lien that is included on the property tax notice in

022	accordance with Section 39-2-1317 of another express statutory provision:
523	(i) under Subsection 59-2-1317(3), has the same priority as tax and is subject to
524	collection in a tax sale in accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes, if:
525	(A) in order to hold the lien, statute requires the lienholder to record the lien or a
526	resolution, notice, ordinance, or order, and the lienholder makes the required recording; or
527	(B) statute does not require the lienholder to record the lien or a resolution, notice,
528	ordinance, or order; and
529	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b):
530	(A) attaches to the property; and
531	(B) is valid against a subsequent bona fide purchaser of the property.
532	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(ii), regardless of inclusion on the property tax
533	notice in accordance with Section 59-2-1317, if a political subdivision fails to record a lien or a
534	notice of lien for a nonrecurring direct charge in the office of the recorder of the county in
535	which the liened property is located before a subsequent bona fide purchaser purchases the
536	property, the lien:
537	(i) does not attach to the property; and
538	(ii) is invalid against the subsequent bona fide purchaser.
539	(4) If the holder of a political subdivision lien records the lien or a notice of lien, upon
540	payment of the amount that constitutes the lien:
541	(a) the lien is released from the property; and
542	(b) the lienholder shall record a release of the lien or the notice of lien in the same
543	recorder's office in which the lienholder recorded the lien or the notice of the lien.
544	(5) Nothing in this section limits a political subdivision's lien authority or lien rights
545	otherwise provided in statute, a contract, a judgment, or another property interest.
546	Section 14. Section 17B-1-902 is amended to read:
547	17B-1-902. Lien for past due service fees Notice Partial payment allocation.
548	(1) (a) A local district may [file] hold a lien on a customer's property for past due fees
549	for commodities, services, or facilities that the district has provided to the customer's property
550	by certifying, subject to Subsection (3), to the treasurer of the county in which the customer's
551	property is located the amount of past due fees, including, subject to Section 17B-1-902.1,
552	applicable interest and administrative costs.

(b) (i) Upon certification under Subsection (1)(a), the past due fees, and if applicable,
interest and administrative costs, become a nonrecurring direct charge that constitutes a
political subdivision lien, as those terms are defined in Section 11-58-102, on the customer's
property to which the commodities, services, or facilities were provided <u>in accordance with</u>
Title 11, Chapter 58, Political Subdivision Lien Authority.

- [(c)] (ii) A lien [filed in accordance with this section] described in this Subsection (1) has the same priority as, but is separate and distinct from, a property tax lien.
- (2) (a) If a local district certifies past due fees under Subsection (1)(a), the treasurer of the county shall provide a notice, in accordance with this Subsection (2), to the owner of the property for which the local district has incurred the past due fees.
- (b) In providing the notice required in Subsection (2)(a), the treasurer of the county shall:
- (i) include the amount of past due fees that a local district has certified on or before July 15 of the current year;
- (ii) provide contact information, including a phone number, for the property owner to contact the local district to obtain more information regarding the amount described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); and
 - (iii) notify the property owner that:
- (A) if the amount described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) is not paid in full by September 15 of the current year, any unpaid amount will be included on the property tax notice required by Section 59-2-1317; and
- (B) the failure to pay the amount described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) has resulted in a lien on the property in accordance with [this section] Subsection (1)(b).
- (c) The treasurer of the county shall provide the notice required by this Subsection (2) to a property owner on or before August 1.
- (3) (a) If a local district certifies [past due fees under] an unpaid amount in accordance with Subsection (1)(a), the county treasurer shall include the unpaid amount on a property tax notice issued in accordance with Section 59-2-1317 [an unpaid fee, administrative cost, or interest described in Subsection (1)(a)].
- (b) If an unpaid fee, administrative cost, or interest is included on a property tax notice in accordance with Subsection (3)(a), the county treasurer shall on the property tax notice:

584 (i) clearly state that the unpaid fee, administrative cost, or interest is for a service 585 provided by the local district; and 586 (ii) itemize the unpaid fee, administrative cost, or interest separate from any other tax, 587 fee, interest, or penalty that is included on the property tax notice in accordance with Section 588 59-2-1317. 589 (4) A lien under Subsection (1) is not valid if the local district makes certification under Subsection [(1) is made] (1)(a) after the filing for record of a document conveying title of 590 591 the customer's property to a new owner. 592 (5) Nothing in this section may be construed to: 593 (a) waive or release the customer's obligation to pay fees that the district has imposed; 594 (b) preclude the certification of a lien under Subsection (1) with respect to past due 595 fees for commodities, services, or facilities provided after the date that title to the property is 596 transferred to a new owner; or 597 (c) nullify or terminate a valid lien. 598 (6) After all amounts owing under a lien established as provided in this section have 599 been paid, the local district shall file for record in the county recorder's office a release of the 600 lien. 601 Section 15. Section **17B-2a-506** is amended to read: 602 17B-2a-506. Different use charges for different units -- Use charges based on the 603 size of the land served -- Use charge may not be based on property value. 604 (1) An irrigation district may: 605 (a) divide the district into units and apply different use charges to the different units; 606 and 607 (b) base use charges upon the amount of water or electricity the district provides, the 608 area of the land served, or any other reasonable basis, as determined by the board of trustees. 609 (2) If an irrigation district imposes a use charge based on the size of the land served or 610 the amount of water allotted to the land: 611 (a) the assessor of the county in which the land is located shall assist the irrigation 612 district in ascertaining the identity of a parcel served by the district; 613 (b) the district shall notify the treasurer of the county in which the land is located of the

charge to be imposed for each parcel of land served by the district; and

013	(c) the treasurer of the county in which the land is located:
616	(i) shall:
617	(A) provide each landowner a notice of use charges as part of the annual tax notice
618	required in Section 59-2-1317 as an additional charge separate from ad valorem taxes;
619	(B) collect, receive, and provide an accounting for all money belonging to the district
620	from use charges; [and]
621	(C) remit to the irrigation district, by the tenth day of each month, the funds previously
622	collected by the county as use charges on the district's behalf; and
623	(D) collect any unpaid use charges in accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13,
624	Collection of Taxes; and
625	(ii) may receive and account for use charges separately from taxes upon real estate for
626	county purposes.
627	(3) (a) A use charge described in Subsection (2)(b) [shall become a lien] is a political
628	subdivision lien, as that term is defined in Section 11-58-102, on the land served, as provided
629	in [Section 17B-1-902] Subsection 17B-1-902(1), except that the certification described in
630	Subsection 17B-1-902(1)(a) is not required if the district makes the notification to the county
631	treasurer required in Subsection (2)(b).
632	(b) A lien described in Subsection (3)(a) shall remain in force until the use charge is
633	paid.
634	(c) The county treasurer shall release a lien described in Subsection (3)(a) upon receipt
635	of full payment of the use charge.
636	(4) A use charge may not be calculated on the basis of property value and does not
637	constitute an ad valorem property tax or other tax.
638	Section 16. Section 17B-2a-1007 is amended to read:
639	17B-2a-1007. Contract assessments.
640	(1) As used in this section:
641	(a) "Assessed land" means:
642	(i) for a contract assessment under a water contract with a private water user, the land
643	owned by the private water user that receives the beneficial use of water under the water
644	contract; or
645	(ii) for a contract assessment under a water contract with a public water user, the land

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district; and

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646	within the boundaries of the public water user that is within the boundaries of the water
647	conservancy district and that receives the beneficial use of water under the water contract.
648	(b) "Contract assessment" means an assessment levied as provided in this section by a
649	water conservancy district on assessed land.
650	(c) "Governing body" means:
651	(i) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
652	(ii) for a local district, the board of trustees of the local district;
653	(iii) for a special service district:
654	(A) the legislative body of the county, city, or town that established the special service
655	district, if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; or
656	(B) the administrative control board of the special service district, if an administrative
657	control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; and
658	(iv) for any other political subdivision of the state, the person or body with authority to
659	govern the affairs of the political subdivision.
660	(d) "Petitioner" means a private petitioner or a public petitioner.
661	(e) "Private petitioner" means an owner of land within a water conservancy district
662	who submits a petition to a water conservancy district under Subsection (3) to enter into a
663	water contract with the district.
664	(f) "Private water user" means an owner of land within a water conservancy district
665	who enters into a water contract with the district.
666	(g) "Public petitioner" means a political subdivision of the state:
667	(i) whose territory is partly or entirely within the boundaries of a water conservancy
668	district; and
669	(ii) that submits a petition to a water conservancy district under Subsection (3) to enter
670	into a water contract with the district.
671	(h) "Public water user" means a political subdivision of the state:
672	(i) whose territory is partly or entirely within the boundaries of a water conservancy

(i) "Water contract" means a contract between a water conservancy district and a

private water user or a public water user under which the water user purchases, leases, or

(ii) that enters into a water contract with the district.

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located; and

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677	otherwise acquires the beneficial use of water from the water conservancy district for the
678	benefit of:
679	(i) land owned by the private water user; or
680	(ii) land within the public water user's boundaries that is also within the boundaries of
681	the water conservancy district.
682	(j) "Water user" means a private water user or a public water user.
683	(2) A water conservancy district may levy a contract assessment as provided in this
684	section.
685	(3) (a) The governing body of a public petitioner may authorize its chief executive
686	officer to submit a written petition on behalf of the public petitioner to a water conservancy
687	district requesting to enter into a water contract.
688	(b) A private petitioner may submit a written petition to a water conservancy district
689	requesting to enter into a water contract.
690	(c) Each petition under this Subsection (3) shall include:
691	(i) the petitioner's name;
692	(ii) the quantity of water the petitioner desires to purchase or otherwise acquire;
693	(iii) a description of the land upon which the water will be used;
694	(iv) the price to be paid for the water;
695	(v) the amount of any service, turnout, connection, distribution system, or other charge
696	to be paid;
697	(vi) whether payment will be made in cash or annual installments;
698	(vii) a provision requiring the contract assessment to become a lien on the land for
699	which the water is petitioned and is to be allotted; and
700	(viii) an agreement that the petitioner is bound by the provisions of this part and the
701	rules and regulations of the water conservancy district board of trustees.
702	(4) (a) If the board of a water conservancy district desires to consider a petition
703	submitted by a petitioner under Subsection (3), the board shall:
704	(i) publish notice of the petition and of the hearing required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)

at least once a week in two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the

county in which the political subdivision or private petitioner's land, as the case may be, is

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and conditions stated in the water contract;

708 (ii) hold a public hearing on the petition. 709 (b) Each notice under Subsection (4)(a)(i) shall: 710 (i) state that a petition has been filed and that the district is considering levying a 711 contract assessment; and 712 (ii) give the date, time, and place of the hearing required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii). 713 (c) (i) At each hearing required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the board of trustees of the 714 water conservancy district shall: 715 (A) allow any interested person to appear and explain why the petition should not be 716 granted; and 717 (B) consider each written objection to the granting of the petition that the board 718 receives before or at the hearing. 719 (ii) The board of trustees may adjourn and reconvene the hearing as the board 720 considers appropriate. 721 (d) (i) Any interested person may file with the board of the water conservancy district, at or before the hearing under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), a written objection to the district's granting 722 723 a petition. 724 (ii) Each person who fails to submit a written objection within the time provided under 725 Subsection (4)(d)(i) is considered to have consented to the district's granting the petition and 726 levying a contract assessment. 727 (5) After holding a public hearing as required under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the board of 728 trustees of a water conservancy district may: 729 (a) deny the petition; or 730 (b) grant the petition, if the board considers granting the petition to be in the best 731 interests of the district. 732 (6) The board of a water conservancy district that grants a petition under this section 733 may: 734 (a) make an allotment of water for the benefit of assessed land; 735 (b) authorize any necessary construction to provide for the use of water upon the terms

(c) divide the district into units and fix a different rate for water purchased or otherwise

acquired and for other charges within each unit, if the rates and charges are equitable, although

739	not equal and uniform, for similar classes of services throughout the district; and
740	(d) levy a contract assessment on assessed land.
741	(7) (a) The board of trustees of each water conservancy district that levies a contract
742	assessment under this section shall:
743	(i) cause a certified copy of the resolution, ordinance, or order levying the assessment
744	to be recorded in the office of the recorder of each county in which assessed land is located;
745	and
746	(ii) on or before July 1 of each year after levying the contract assessment, certify to the
747	auditor of each county in which assessed land is located the amount of the contract assessment.
748	(b) Upon the recording of the resolution [or ordinance under], ordinance, or order, in
749	accordance with Subsection (7)(a)(i)[-;]:
750	(i) the contract assessment associated with allotting water to the assessed land under
751	the water contract becomes a [perpetual lien] political subdivision lien, as that term is defined
752	in Section 11-58-102, on the assessed land[-], in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 58, Political
753	Subdivision Lien Authority, as of the effective date of the resolution, ordinance, or order; and
754	(ii) (A) the board of trustees of the water conservancy district shall certify the amount
755	of the assessment to the county treasurer; and
756	(B) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice
757	required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year.
758	(c) (i) Each county in which assessed land is located shall collect the contract
759	assessment in the same manner as taxes levied by the county.
760	(ii) If the amount of a contract assessment levied under this section is not paid in full
761	by September 15 of a given year:
762	(A) the governing body of the water conservancy district that levies the contract
763	assessment shall certify any unpaid amount to the treasurer of the county in which the property
764	is located; and
765	(B) the county treasurer shall include the certified amount on the property tax notice
766	required by Section 59-2-1317 for that year.
767	(8) (a) The board of trustees of each water conservancy district that levies a contract
768	assessment under this section shall:
769	(i) hold a public hearing, before August 8 of each year in which a contract assessment

- 1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 168 770 is levied, to hear and consider objections filed under Subsection (8)(b); and 771 (ii) twice publish a notice, at least a week apart: 772 (A) (I) in a newspaper of general circulation in each county with assessed land included 773 within the district boundaries; or 774 (II) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the county, in a newspaper of 775 general circulation in an adjoining county; 776 (B) that contains: 777 (I) a general description of the assessed land; 778 (II) the amount of the contract assessment; and 779 (III) the time and place of the public hearing under Subsection (8)(a)(i). 780 (b) An owner of assessed land within the water conservancy district who believes that 781 the contract assessment on the owner's land is excessive, erroneous, or illegal may, before the 782 hearing under Subsection (8)(a)(i), file with the board of trustees a verified, written objection to 783 the assessment, stating the grounds for the objection. 784 (c) (i) At each hearing under Subsection (8)(a)(i), the board of trustees shall hear and 785 consider the evidence and arguments supporting each objection. 786 (ii) After hearing and considering the evidence and arguments supporting an objection, the board of trustees: 787 788 (A) shall enter a written order, stating its decision; and 789 (B) may modify the assessment. 790 (d) (i) An owner of assessed land may file a petition in district court seeking review of 791 a board of trustees' order under Subsection (8)(c)(ii)(A). 792 (ii) Each petition under Subsection (8)(d)(i) shall: 793 (A) be filed within 30 days after the board enters its written order; 794 (B) state specifically the part of the board's order for which review is sought; and 795 (C) be accompanied by a bond with good and sufficient security in an amount not 796 exceeding \$200, as determined by the court clerk.
 - (iv) The court shall act as quickly as possible after a petition is filed.

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the reviews and hear them together.

(iii) If more than one owner of assessed land seeks review, the court may, upon a

showing that the reviews may be consolidated without injury to anyone's interests, consolidate

801	(v) A court may not disturb a board of trustees' order unless the court finds that the
802	contract assessment on the petitioner's assessed land is manifestly disproportionate to
803	assessments imposed upon other land in the district.
804	(e) If no petition under Subsection (8)(d) is timely filed, the contract assessment is
805	conclusively considered to have been made in proportion to the benefits conferred on the land
806	in the district.
807	(9) Each resolution, ordinance, or order under which a water conservancy district
808	levied a Class B, Class C, or Class D assessment before April 30, 2007, under the law in effect
809	at the time of the levy is validated, ratified, and confirmed, and a water conservancy district
810	may continue to levy the assessment according to the terms of the resolution, ordinance, or
811	order.
812	(10) A contract assessment is not a levy of an ad valorem property tax and is not
813	subject to the limits stated in Section 17B-2a-1006.
814	Section 17. Section 59-2-1317 is amended to read:
815	59-2-1317. Tax notice Contents of notice Procedures and requirements for
816	providing notice.
817	(1) As used in this section, "political subdivision lien" means the same as that term is
818	defined in Section 11-58-102.
819	[(1)] (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the county treasurer shall:
820	(a) collect the taxes; and
821	(b) provide a notice to each taxpayer that contains the following:
822	(i) the kind and value of property assessed to the taxpayer;
823	(ii) the street address of the property, if available to the county;
824	(iii) that the property may be subject to a detailed review in the next year under Section
825	59-2-303.1;
826	(iv) the amount of taxes levied;
827	(v) a separate statement of the taxes levied only on a certain kind or class of property
828	for a special purpose;
829	(vi) property tax information pertaining to taxpayer relief, options for payment of
830	taxes, and collection procedures;
831	(vii) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for municipal water distribution, as

332	described in Section 10-8-17, or a pointical subdivision tien for an increase in supply from a
333	municipal water distribution, as described in Section 10-8-19;
334	(viii) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for unpaid abatement fees as described
335	<u>in Section 10-11-4;</u>
336	[(vii)] (ix) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for the amount of an assessment
337	assessed in accordance with Section 11-42-401 or 11-42a-203;
338	[(viii)] (x) if applicable, for a local district in accordance with Section 17B-1-902, a
339	political subdivision lien for an unpaid fee, administrative cost, or interest [for a local district is
340	accordance with Section 17B-1-902];
341	(xi) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for an unpaid irrigation district use charge
342	as described in Section 17B-2a-506;
843	(xii) if applicable, a political subdivision lien for a contract assessment under a water
344	contract, as described in Section 17B-2a-1007;
345	$[\frac{(ix)}{(xiii)}]$ the date the taxes are due;
846	[(x)] (xiv) the street address at which the taxes may be paid;
347	[(xi)] (xv) the date on which the taxes are delinquent;
348	[(xii)] (xvi) the penalty imposed on delinquent taxes;
349	[(xiii)] (xvii) a statement that explains the taxpayer's right to direct allocation of a
350	partial payment in accordance with Subsection [(7)] (9);
351	[(xiv)] (xviii) other information specifically authorized to be included on the notice
352	under this chapter; and
353	[(xv)] (xix) other property tax information approved by the commission.
354	(3) (a) Unless expressly allowed under this section or another statutory provision, the
355	treasurer may not add an amount to be collected to the property tax notice.
356	(b) If the county treasurer adds an amount to be collected to the property tax notice
357	under this section or another statutory provision that expressly authorizes the item's inclusion
358	on the property tax notice:
359	(i) the amount has the same priority as property tax; and
360	(ii) a delinquency of the amount triggers a tax sale, in accordance with Section
361	<u>59-2-1343.</u>
362	[(2)] (4) For any property for which property taxes are delinquent, the notice described

863	in Subsection [(1)] (2) shall state, "Prior taxes are delinquent on this parcel."
864	[(3)] (5) Except as provided in Subsection $[(4)]$ (6), the county treasurer shall:
865	(a) mail the notice required by this section, postage prepaid; or
866	(b) leave the notice required by this section at the taxpayer's residence or usual place of
867	business, if known.
868	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(6)}\right]$ (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection $\left[\frac{(4)}{(6)}\right]$, a county
869	treasurer may, at the county treasurer's discretion, provide the notice required by this section by
870	electronic mail if a taxpayer makes an election, according to procedures determined by the
871	county treasurer, to receive the notice by electronic mail.
872	(b) A taxpayer may revoke an election to receive the notice required by this section by
873	electronic mail if the taxpayer provides written notice to the treasurer on or before October 1.
874	(c) A revocation of an election under this section does not relieve a taxpayer of the
875	duty to pay a tax due under this chapter on or before the due date for paying the tax.
876	(d) A county treasurer shall provide the notice required by this section using a method
877	described in Subsection [(3)] (5), until a taxpayer makes a new election in accordance with this
878	Subsection [(4)] <u>(6)</u> , if:
879	(i) the taxpayer revokes an election in accordance with Subsection [(4)] (6)(b) to
880	receive the notice required by this section by electronic mail; or
881	(ii) the county treasurer finds that the taxpayer's electronic mail address is invalid.
882	(e) A person is considered to be a taxpayer for purposes of this Subsection [(4)] (6)
883	regardless of whether the property that is the subject of the notice required by this section is
884	exempt from taxation.
885	$[\frac{5}{2}]$ (a) The county treasurer shall provide the notice required by this section to a
886	taxpayer on or before November 1.
887	(b) The county treasurer shall keep on file in the county treasurer's office the
888	information set forth in the notice.
889	(c) The county treasurer is not required to mail a tax receipt acknowledging payment.
890	[(6)] (8) This section does not apply to property taxed under Section 59-2-1302 or
891	59-2-1307.

 $\left[\frac{7}{2}\right]$ (9) (a) A taxpayer who pays less than the full amount due on the taxpayer's

property tax notice may, on a form provided by the county treasurer, direct how the county

894	treasurer anocates the partial payment between:
895	(i) the total amount due for property tax;
896	(ii) the amount due for assessments;
897	(iii) the amount due for past due local district fees; and
898	(iv) any other amounts due on the property tax notice.
899	(b) The county treasurer shall comply with a direction submitted to the county treasurer
900	in accordance with Subsection $[\frac{7}{(7)}]$ $\underline{(9)}(a)$.
901	(c) The provisions of this Subsection [(7)] <u>(9)</u> do not:
902	(i) affect the right or ability of a local entity to pursue any available remedy for
903	non-payment of any item listed on a taxpayer's property tax notice; or
904	(ii) toll or otherwise change any time period related to a remedy described in
905	Subsection $\left[\frac{(7)}{(9)}\right]$ $\frac{(9)}{(0)}$ $\frac{(9)}{(0)}$
906	Section 18. Section 59-2-1331 is amended to read:
907	59-2-1331. Property tax due date Date tax is delinquent Penalty Interest
908	Payments Refund of prepayment.
909	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and subject to Subsections (1)(c) and
910	(d), all property taxes, unless otherwise specifically provided for under Section 59-2-1332, or
911	other law, and any other charge listed on the property tax notice in accordance with Section
912	59-2-1317 or another statutory authorization allowing the item's inclusion on the property tax
913	notice, are due on November 30 of each year following the date of levy.
914	(b) If November 30 falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday:
915	(i) the date of the next following day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday shall be
916	substituted in Subsection (1)(a) and Subsection 59-2-1332(1) for November 30; and
917	(ii) the date of the day occurring 30 days after the date under Subsection (1)(b)(i) shall
918	be substituted in Subsection 59-2-1332(1) for December 30.
919	(c) If a property tax is paid or postmarked after the due date described in this
920	Subsection (1) the property tax is delinquent.
921	(d) A county treasurer or other public official, public entity, or public employee may
922	not require the payment of a property tax before the due date described in this Subsection (1).
923	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), for each parcel, all delinquent taxes
924	and items described in Subsection (1)(a) on each separately assessed parcel are subject to a

954955

925	penalty of 2.5% of the amount of the delinquent taxes and items described in Subsection (1)(a)
926	or \$10, whichever is greater.
927	(b) Unless the delinquent taxes and items described in Subsection (1)(a), together with
928	the penalty, are paid on or before January 31, the amount of taxes and items described in
929	Subsection (1)(a) and penalty shall bear interest on a per annum basis from the January 1
930	immediately following the delinquency date.
931	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), for purposes of Subsection (2)(b), the
932	interest rate is equal to the sum of:
933	(i) 6%; and
934	(ii) the federal funds rate target:
935	(A) established by the Federal Open Markets Committee; and
936	(B) that exists on the January 1 immediately following the date of delinquency.
937	(d) The interest rate described in Subsection (2)(c) may not be:
938	(i) less than 7%; or
939	(ii) more than 10%.
940	(e) The penalty described in Subsection (2)(a) is 1% of the amount of the delinquent
941	taxes and items described in Subsection (1)(a) or \$10, whichever is greater, if all delinquent
942	taxes, all items described in Subsection (1)(a), and the penalty are paid on or before the January
943	31 immediately following the delinquency date.
944	(3) (a) If the delinquency exceeds one year, the amount of taxes, items described in
945	Subsection (1)(a), and penalties for that year and all succeeding years shall bear interest until
946	settled in full through redemption or tax sale.
947	(b) The interest rate to be applied shall be calculated for each year as established under
948	Subsection (2) and shall apply on each individual year's delinquency until paid.
949	(4) The county treasurer may accept and credit on account against taxes and items
950	described in Subsection (1)(a) becoming due during the current year, at any time before or after
951	the tax rates are adopted, but not subsequent to the date of delinquency, either:
952	(a) payments in amounts of not less than \$10; or

(b) the full amount of the unpaid tax and items described in Subsection (1)(a).

Section 59-2-1317, the county treasurer may refund amounts accepted and credited on account

(5) (a) At any time before the county treasurer provides the tax notice described in

956	against taxes and items described in Subsection (1)(a) becoming due during the current year.
957	(b) Upon recommendation by the county treasurer, the county legislative body shall
958	adopt rules or ordinances to implement the provisions of this Subsection (5).
959	Section 19. Section 59-2-1332.5 is amended to read:
960	59-2-1332.5. Mailing notice of delinquency or publication of delinquent list
961	Contents Notice Definitions.
962	(1) As used in this section, "business entity" means:
963	(a) an association;
964	(b) a corporation;
965	(c) a limited liability company;
966	(d) a partnership;
967	(e) a trust; or
968	(f) a business entity similar to Subsections (1)(a) through (e).
969	[(1)] (2) The county treasurer shall provide notice of delinquency in the payment of
970	property taxes and any other item allowed on the property tax notice under Section 59-2-1317
971	or another express statutory authorization:
972	(a) except as provided in Subsection $[(4)]$ (5), on or before December 31 of each
973	calendar year; and
974	(b) in a manner described in Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) .
975	[(2) A] (3) The notice [of delinquency in the payment of property taxes] described in
976	Subsection (2) shall be provided by:
977	(a) (i) mailing a written notice that includes the information described in Subsection
978	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ (4)(a), postage prepaid, to:
979	(A) each delinquent taxpayer; and
980	(B) if the delinquent property taxes or other items described in Subsection (2) are
981	assessed on a base parcel, the record owner of each subdivided lot; and
982	(ii) making available to the public a list of delinquencies in the payment of property
983	taxes:
984	(A) by electronic means; and
985	(B) that includes the information required by Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) (b); or
986	(b) publishing a list of delinquencies in the payment of property taxes and other items

987	described in Subsection (2):
988	(i) in one issue of a newspaper having general circulation in the county;
989	(ii) that lists each delinquency in alphabetical order by:
990	(A) the last name of the delinquent taxpayer; or
991	(B) if the delinquent taxpayer is a business entity, the name of the business entity; and
992	(iii) that includes the information described in Subsection [$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$] $\frac{(4)}{(b)}$.
993	[(3)] (a) A written notice of delinquency [in the payment of property taxes]
994	described in Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(3)}]$ $\underline{(3)}(a)(i)$ shall include:
995	(i) a statement that delinquent taxes and other items described in Subsection (2) are
996	due;
997	(ii) the amount of delinquent taxes and other items described in Subsection (2) due, not
998	including any penalties imposed in accordance with this chapter;
999	(iii) (A) the name of the delinquent taxpayer; or
1000	(B) if the delinquent taxpayer is a business entity, the name of the business entity;
1001	(iv) (A) a description of the delinquent property; or
1002	(B) the property identification number of the delinquent property;
1003	(v) a statement that a penalty shall be imposed in accordance with this chapter; and
1004	(vi) a statement that interest accrues as of January 1 following the date of the
1005	delinquency unless on or before January 31 the following are paid:
1006	(A) the delinquent taxes and other items described in Subsection (2); and
1007	(B) the penalty.
1008	(b) The list of delinquencies described in Subsection [(2)] (3)(a)(ii) or [(2)] (3)(b) shall
1009	include:
1010	(i) the amount of delinquent taxes and other items described in Subsection (2) due, not
1011	including any penalties imposed in accordance with this chapter;
1012	(ii) (A) the name of the delinquent taxpayer; or
1013	(B) if the delinquent taxpayer is a business entity, the name of the business entity;
1014	(iii) (A) a description of the delinquent property; or
1015	(B) the property identification number of the delinquent property;
1016	(iv) a statement that a penalty shall be imposed in accordance with this chapter; and
1017	(v) a statement that interest accrues as of January 1 following the date of the

1018	delinquency unless on or before January 31 the following are paid:
1019	(A) the delinquent taxes and other items described in Subsection (2); and
1020	(B) the penalty.
1021	[(4)] (5) Notwithstanding Subsection [(1)] (2)(a), if the county legislative body extends
1022	the property tax due date under Subsection 59-2-1332(1), the notice of delinquency [in the
1023	payment of property taxes] described in Subsection (2) shall be provided on or before January
1024	10.
1025	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (a) In addition to the notice of delinquency [in the payment of property taxes]
1026	required by Subsection [(1)] (2), a county treasurer may in accordance with this Subsection
1027	[(5)] <u>(6)</u> mail a notice that property taxes are delinquent:
1028	(i) to:
1029	(A) a delinquent taxpayer;
1030	(B) an owner of record of the delinquent property;
1031	(C) any other interested party that requests notice; or
1032	(D) a combination of Subsections [(5)] (6)(a)(i)(A) through (C); and
1033	(ii) at any time that the county treasurer considers appropriate.
1034	(b) A notice mailed in accordance with this Subsection [(5)] (6):
1035	(i) shall include the information required by Subsection [(3)] (4)(a); and
1036	(ii) may include any information that the county treasurer finds is useful to the owner
1037	of record of the delinquent property in determining:
1038	(A) the status of taxes and other items described in Subsection (2) owed on the
1039	delinquent property;
1040	(B) any penalty that is owed on the delinquent property;
1041	(C) any interest charged under Section 59-2-1331 on the delinquent property; or
1042	(D) any related matters concerning the delinquent property.
1043	[(6) As used in this section, "business entity" means:]
1044	[(a) an association;]
1045	[(b) a corporation;]
1046	[(c) a limited liability company;]
1047	[(d) a partnership;]
1048	[(e) a trust: or]

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1049	[(f) a business entity similar to Subsections (6)(a) through (e).]
1050	Section 20. Section 59-2-1343 is amended to read:
1051	59-2-1343. Tax sale listing.
1052	(1) (a) If any property is not redeemed by March 15 following the lapse of four years
1053	from the date when [the property tax] any item in Subsection (1)(b) became delinquent, the
1054	county treasurer shall immediately file a listing with the county auditor of all properties whose
1055	redemption period is expiring in the nearest forthcoming tax sale to pay all outstanding charges
1056	statutorily allowed on the property tax notice.
1057	(b) A delinquency of any of the following triggers the tax sale process described in
1058	Subsection (1)(a):
1059	(i) property tax; or
1060	(ii) an item other than property tax that the county treasurer lists on the property tax
1061	notice in accordance with Section 59-2-1317 or another express statutory provision that
1062	authorizes the item's inclusion on the property tax notice.
1063	(2) The listing is known as the "[Tax Sale Listing] tax sale listing."