Representative Keven J. Stratton proposes the following substitute bill:

1	OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE CREATION
2	2018 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Keven J. Stratton
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill creates the Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight and establishes
10	provisions related to the oversight of an administrative rule.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	defines terms;
14	 creates the Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight and establishes the
15	committee's membership;
16	• establishes that the purpose of the Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight is
17	to increase the transparency, efficiency, effectiveness, and accountability of state
18	and local governmental entities;
19	 requires the committee to receive certain approval before proceeding with a study,
20	investigation, or audit;
21	establishes powers and requirements for the committee;
22	grants the committee investigatory powers;
23	requires the committee to create certain reports;
24	► allows the governor, upon recommendation from the committee, to direct an agency
25	to repeal an administrative rule that the agency made;



26 ► allows certain persons to refer a proposed administrative rule to the Legislature for 27 approval before the rule takes effect; 28 • establishes sunset dates; and 29 • makes conforming changes. 30 Money Appropriated in this Bill: 31 None 32 **Other Special Clauses:** 33 None 34 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 35 AMENDS: 36 36-14-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 339 37 63G-3-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 255 63G-6a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 218 38 39 63I-1-236, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 192 63I-1-263, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 23, 47, 95, 166, 205, 469, 40 41 and 470 42 **ENACTS:** 43 **36-31-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 44 **36-31-102**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 45 **36-31-103**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 **36-31-104**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 46 47 **36-31-105**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 48 **36-31-106**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 49 **63G-3-503**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 50 51 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 52 Section 1. Section **36-14-2** is amended to read: 53 36-14-2. Issuers. 54 (1) Any of the following persons is an issuer, who may issue legislative subpoenas by 55 following the procedures set forth in this chapter: 56 (a) the speaker of the House of Representatives;

57	(b) the president of the Senate;
58	(c) a chair of any legislative standing committee;
59	(d) a chair of any legislative interim committee;
60	(e) a chair of any special committee established by the Legislative Management
61	Committee, the speaker of the House, or the president of the Senate;
62	(f) a chair of any subcommittee of the Legislative Management Committee;
63	(g) a chair of a special investigative committee;
64	(h) a chair of a Senate or House Ethics Committee;
65	(i) a chair of the Executive Appropriations Committee as created in JR3-2-401;
66	(j) a chair of an appropriations subcommittee as created in JR3-2-302;
67	(k) the chair of the Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight created in Section
68	<u>36-31-103;</u>
69	[(k)] (1) the director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel;
70	[(l)] <u>(m)</u> the legislative auditor general;
71	[(m)] (n) the director of the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst; and
72	[(n)] <u>(o)</u> the legislative general counsel.
73	(2) A legislative body, a legislative office, an issuer, or a legislative staff member
74	designated by an issuer may:
75	(a) administer an oath or affirmation; and
76	(b) take evidence, including testimony.
77	Section 2. Section 36-31-101 is enacted to read:
78	CHAPTER 31. JOINT COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL OVERSIGHT
79	<u>36-31-101.</u> Title.
80	This chapter is known as "Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight."
81	Section 3. Section 36-31-102 is enacted to read:
82	<u>36-31-102.</u> Definitions.
83	As used in this chapter:
84	(1) "Committee" means the Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight created under
85	Section 36-31-103.
86	(2) (a) "Local governmental entity" means the following, or any of the following
87	department, division, office, institution, bureau, governing board, or committee:

88	(i) a county;
89	(ii) a city;
90	(iii) a town;
91	(iv) a metro township;
92	(v) a local district governed by Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities
93	- Local Districts;
94	(vi) a special service district governed by Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District
95	Act;
96	(vii) an interlocal entity or a joint or cooperative undertaking, governed by Title 11,
97	Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act;
98	(viii) a community reinvestment agency governed by Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local
99	Government Entities - Community Reinvestment Agency Act;
100	(ix) a local building authority governed by Title 17D, Chapter 2, Local Building
101	Authority Act;
102	(x) a conservation district governed by Title 17D, Chapter 3, Conservation District
103	Act;
104	(xi) a school district;
105	(xii) a local school board;
106	(xiii) a public school;
107	(xiv) any other political subdivision of the state or an organization within a political
108	subdivision of the state; and
109	(xv) an employee of an entity described in Subsections (2)(a)(i) through (xiv) when
110	acting as an employee of that entity.
111	(b) "Local governmental entity" does not include:
112	(i) the Legislature or an entity within the legislative branch of state government;
113	(ii) the judicial branch of state government or an entity within the judicial branch of
114	state government; or
115	(iii) a justice court.
116	(3) (a) "State governmental entity" means the following, or any of the following
117	department, division, office, institution, bureau, governing board, or committee:
118	(i) an agency, department, division, office, institution, bureau, or any other division of

119	the executive branch of state government,
120	(ii) an executive branch board, commission, task force, committee, or council;
121	(iii) an independent entity, as that term is defined in Section 63E-1-102;
122	(iv) a public corporation;
123	(v) the State Board of Education;
124	(vi) the State Charter School Board;
125	(vii) a charter school governing board;
126	(viii) a charter school;
127	(ix) an association, as that term is defined in Section 53A-1-1601;
128	(x) an association governed by Title 53G, Chapter 4, Part 5, Utah School Boards
129	Association;
130	(xi) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind;
131	(xii) the State Board of Regents;
132	(xiii) the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees;
133	(xiv) an institution within the state system of higher education described in Section
134	53B-1-102; and
135	(xv) an employee of an entity described in Subsections (3)(a)(i) through (xiv) when
136	acting as an employee of that entity.
137	(b) "State governmental entity" does not include:
138	(i) the Legislature or an entity within the legislative branch of state government; or
139	(ii) the judicial branch of state government or an entity within the judicial branch of
140	state government.
141	Section 4. Section 36-31-103 is enacted to read:
142	36-31-103. Creation of Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight.
143	(1) There is created the Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight composed of the
144	following nine members:
145	(a) six members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
146	House, not more than four of whom may be from the same political party; and
147	(b) three members of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate, not more
148	than two of whom may be from the same political party.
149	(2) The speaker of the House and president of the Senate shall each select a member of

130	the committee who will serve as cochair of the committee.
151	(3) The applicable appointing or selecting authority may replace a member of the
152	committee, or select a new cochair, at any time.
153	(4) For the purpose of determining a quorum for the conduct of committee business, a
154	majority is at least 50% of the committee members from one house of the Legislature and more
155	than 50% from the other.
156	(5) Compensation and expenses of a committee member are governed by Section
157	36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
158	(6) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel and the Office of the
159	Legislative Auditor General shall jointly provide staff support to the committee.
160	Section 5. Section 36-31-104 is enacted to read:
161	36-31-104. Initiating a study or investigation.
162	(1) The committee may investigate or study an issue related to an item described in
163	<u>Subsection 36-31-105(1) after:</u>
164	(a) receiving an assignment:
165	(i) by resolution from the Legislature;
166	(ii) from the Legislative Management Committee, created under Section 36-12-6; or
167	(iii) from the speaker of the House or president of the Senate; or
168	(b) requesting and receiving approval under Subsection (2) from the Legislative
169	Management Committee.
170	(2) (a) The committee may request approval from the Legislative Management
171	Committee to investigate or study an issue related to an item described in Subsection
172	<u>36-31-105(1).</u>
173	(b) The committee may proceed with investigation or study that the committee requests
174	under Subsection (2)(a) if the Legislative Management Committee:
175	(i) approves the request; or
176	(ii) does not reject the request within 30 days after the date on which the Legislative
177	Management Committee receives the request.
178	(3) The committee may hear a report from the Office of the Legislative Auditor
179	General or the Office of the Utah State Auditor on an audit the respective office completes.
180	Section 6. Section 36-31-105 is enacted to read:

181	<u>36-31-105.</u> Purpose and powers.
182	(1) Subject to Section 36-31-104, the committee shall increase the transparency,
183	efficiency, effectiveness, and accountability of state governmental entities and local
184	governmental entities by:
185	(a) investigating waste, fraud, misconduct, or abuse by a state governmental entity;
186	(b) investigating, in relation to the use of state legislative approved funding, the
187	accounting, expenditure, and handling of a state governmental entity's funds;
188	(c) studying a state governmental entity's application, administration, or execution of a
189	law that the Legislature passes;
190	(d) investigating whether a state governmental entity complies with an applicable state
191	law or administrative rule;
192	(e) investigating whether a state governmental entity creates and implements an
193	administrative rule in accordance with law;
194	(f) investigating an action that a state governmental entity takes in response to state law
195	or administrative rule to determine whether the action is in accordance with state law or
196	administrative rule; or
197	(g) within the stewardship and authority granted to the Legislature by the Utah
198	Constitution and state law, and in coordination with appropriate standing and interim
199	committees of the Legislature, examining an action of a local governmental entity in relation to
200	the local governmental entity's:
201	(i) use of legislatively approved funding; or
202	(ii) application of a law passed or rule authorized by the Legislature.
203	(2) Subject to Section 36-31-104, the committee may, in relation to a duty described in
204	Subsection (1):
205	(a) meet as necessary to accomplish the committee's purpose;
206	(b) perform an audit, subject to the prioritization of the Legislative Audit
207	Subcommittee, and take an action described in Subsection (4) in relation to the audit;
208	(c) perform an investigation or study;
209	(d) recommend that a person that is the subject of the committee's investigation or
210	study take an action that the committee specifies;
211	(e) in accordance with Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena Powers:

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212	(i) issue a subpoena;
213	(ii) compel the attendance of witnesses; or
214	(iii) compel a person to produce evidence or testimony;
215	(f) refer a person to the applicable county attorney for possible prosecution;
216	(g) after reviewing an administrative rule, except for an administrative rule described
217	<u>in Subsection 63G-3-502(2)(b):</u>
218	(i) recommend the rule for repeal and refer the rule to the governor for action in
219	accordance with Section 63G-3-503; or
220	(ii) recommend to the Legislative Management Committee that the Legislative
221	Management Committee direct the legislative general counsel to initiate litigation to challenge
222	or enjoin the rule;
223	(h) make a recommendation to the Administrative Rules Review Committee of the
224	<u>Legislature</u> ;
225	(i) open a bill file and recommend legislation for the Legislature's consideration;
226	(j) propose reforms to state law or administrative rules; or
227	(k) take other appropriate action in accordance with applicable law or rule.
228	(3) After the committee recommends a rule for repeal in accordance with Subsection
229	(2)(g), the committee shall send a letter notifying the governor of the recommendation.
230	(4) After receiving an assignment or approval under Section 36-31-104 to investigate
231	or study an issue or perform an audit in accordance with Subsection (2)(b), the chairs of the
232	committee may, before convening a meeting of the committee to discuss the issue:
233	(a) send a written request to the person or entity that the committee is studying,
234	investigating, or auditing, or to the person or entity that is responsible for the issue the
235	committee is studying, investigating, or auditing, that:
236	(i) describes the scope and reason for the study, investigation, or audit; and
237	(ii) requests that the person or entity provide evidence or explanation that might clarify
238	or resolve the issue before the committee meets to discuss the issue; and
239	(b) decide not to proceed with the study, investigation, or audit if the person or entity to
240	whom the committee sends a request under Subsection (4)(a) provides satisfactory explanation
241	or evidence to indicate that the study, investigation, or audit is not needed.
242	(5) The committee may coordinate with the following regarding an issue the committee

243	is studying or investigating when the issue is applicable to a matter over which the following
244	may have jurisdiction:
245	(a) the Administrative Rules Review Committee created under Section 63G-3-501;
246	(b) the Legislative Audit Subcommittee created under Section 36-12-18;
247	(c) the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission created under Section
248	<u>11-49-201;</u>
249	(d) a local political subdivision ethics commission established under Section
250	<u>11-49-103;</u>
251	(e) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission; or
252	(f) a legislative standing or interim committee.
253	Section 7. Section 36-31-106 is enacted to read:
254	36-31-106. Report of committee findings Annual report.
255	(1) For each item the committee studies or investigates under Subsection 36-31-105(1).
256	the committee shall issue a report that:
257	(a) establishes the committee's findings;
258	(b) describes any actions the committee takes; and
259	(c) (i) describes any recommendations the committee makes; or
260	(ii) explains why the committee does not make any recommendations.
261	(2) The committee shall ensure that a recommendation described in Subsection
262	<u>(1)(c)(i):</u>
263	(a) identifies a person that the committee recommends should take the action; and
264	(b) establishes a deadline and method by which the committee requests that the person
265	described in Subsection (2)(a) report to the committee on whether the person has taken the
266	action that the committee recommends.
267	(3) Each year, the committee shall submit a written report to the Legislative
268	Management Committee detailing:
269	(a) the issues the committee investigated or studied since the last annual report the
270	committee submitted to the Legislative Management Committee;
271	(b) any apparent violations of law, ordinance, or rule that the committee discovers in
272	relation to an issue the committee investigated or studied;
273	(c) any action that the committee takes with regards to an issue the committee

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274	investigated or studied; and
275	(d) any other recommendations that the committee makes, including recommendations
276	on proposed legislation.
277	Section 8. Section 63G-3-301 is amended to read:
278	63G-3-301. Rulemaking procedure.
279	(1) An agency authorized to make rules is also authorized to amend or repeal those
280	rules.
281	(2) Except as provided in Sections 63G-3-303 and 63G-3-304, and except for a rule the
282	governor directs an agency to repeal under Section 63G-3-503, when making, amending, or
283	repealing a rule agencies shall comply with:
284	(a) the requirements of this section;
285	(b) consistent procedures required by other statutes;
286	(c) applicable federal mandates; and
287	(d) rules made by the department to implement this chapter.
288	(3) Subject to the requirements of this chapter, each agency shall develop and use
289	flexible approaches in drafting rules that meet the needs of the agency and that involve persons
290	affected by the agency's rules.
291	(4) (a) Each agency shall file its proposed rule and rule analysis with the office.
292	(b) Rule amendments shall be marked with new language underlined and deleted
293	language struck out.
294	(c) (i) The office shall publish the information required under Subsection (8) on the
295	rule analysis and the text of the proposed rule in the next issue of the bulletin.
296	(ii) For rule amendments, only the section or subsection of the rule being amended
297	need be printed.
298	(iii) If the executive director or the executive director's designee determines that the
299	rule is too long to publish, the office shall publish the rule analysis and shall publish the rule by
300	reference to a copy on file with the office.
301	(5) Before filing a rule with the office, the agency shall conduct a thorough analysis,
302	consistent with the criteria established by the Governor's Office of Management and Budget, of
303	the fiscal impact a rule may have on businesses, which criteria may include:

(a) the type of industries that will be impacted by the rule, and for each identified

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(i) the state budget;

305	industry, an estimate of the total number of businesses within the industry, and an estimate of
306	the number of those businesses that are small businesses;
307	(b) the individual fiscal impact that would incur to a typical business for a one-year
308	period;
309	(c) the aggregated total fiscal impact that would incur to all businesses within the state
310	for a one-year period;
311	(d) the total cost that would incur to all impacted entities over a five-year period; and
312	(e) the department head's comments on the analysis.
313	(6) If the agency reasonably expects that a proposed rule will have a measurable
314	negative fiscal impact on small businesses, the agency shall consider, as allowed by federal
315	law, each of the following methods of reducing the impact of the rule on small businesses:
316	(a) establishing less stringent compliance or reporting requirements for small
317	businesses;
318	(b) establishing less stringent schedules or deadlines for compliance or reporting
319	requirements for small businesses;
320	(c) consolidating or simplifying compliance or reporting requirements for small
321	businesses;
322	(d) establishing performance standards for small businesses to replace design or
323	operational standards required in the proposed rule; and
324	(e) exempting small businesses from all or any part of the requirements contained in
325	the proposed rule.
326	(7) If during the public comment period an agency receives comment that the proposed
327	rule will cost small business more than one day's annual average gross receipts, and the agency
328	had not previously performed the analysis in Subsection (6), the agency shall perform the
329	analysis described in Subsection (6).
330	(8) The rule analysis shall contain:
331	(a) a summary of the rule or change;
332	(b) the purpose of the rule or reason for the change;
333	(c) the statutory authority or federal requirement for the rule;
334	(d) the anticipated cost or savings to:

336	(ii) local governments;
337	(iii) small businesses; and
338	(iv) persons other than small businesses, businesses, or local governmental entities;
339	(e) the compliance cost for affected persons;
340	(f) how interested persons may review the full text of the rule;
341	(g) how interested persons may present their views on the rule;
342	(h) the time and place of any scheduled public hearing;
343	(i) the name and telephone number of an agency employee who may be contacted
344	about the rule;
345	(j) the name of the agency head or designee who authorized the rule;
346	(k) the [date] day on which the rule may become effective [following the public
347	comment period];
348	(l) the agency's analysis on the fiscal impact of the rule as required under Subsection
349	(5);
350	(m) any additional comments the department head may choose to submit regarding the
351	fiscal impact the rule may have on businesses; and
352	(n) if applicable, a summary of the agency's efforts to comply with the requirements of
353	Subsection (6).
354	(9) (a) For a rule being repealed and reenacted, the rule analysis shall contain a
355	summary that generally includes the following:
356	(i) a summary of substantive provisions in the repealed rule which are eliminated from
357	the enacted rule; and
358	(ii) a summary of new substantive provisions appearing only in the enacted rule.
359	(b) The summary required under this Subsection (9) is to aid in review and may not be
360	used to contest any rule on the ground of noncompliance with the procedural requirements of
361	this chapter.
362	(10) [A] The agency shall mail a copy of the rule analysis [shall be mailed] to:
363	(a) each currently seated legislator who sponsored the legislation that delegated the
364	rulemaking authority to the agency upon which the agency relies to make the rule;
365	(b) the current members of a legislative committee that, based on the subject matter of
366	the proposed rule and in the determination of the agency, should consider the proposed rule;

367	(c) all persons who have made timely request of the agency for advance notice of its
368	rulemaking proceedings; and [to]
369	(d) any other person who, by statutory or federal mandate or in the judgment of the
370	agency, should also receive notice.
371	(11) (a) Following the publication date, the agency shall allow at least 30 days for
372	public comment on the rule.
373	(b) The agency shall review and evaluate all public comments submitted in writing
374	within the time period under Subsection (11)(a) or presented at public hearings conducted by
375	the agency within the time period under Subsection (11)(a).
376	(12) (a) Except as provided in Sections 63G-3-303 and 63G-3-304 or Subsection
377	(12)(b), a proposed rule becomes effective on any date specified by the agency that is no fewer
378	than seven calendar days after the close of the public comment period under Subsection (11),
379	nor more than 120 days after the publication date.
380	(b) If the governor, the agency making the rule, or the office makes a request for
381	legislative approval of a rule in accordance with Subsection (14)(a), the proposed rule becomes
382	effective in accordance with Subsection (15).
383	[(b)] (c) The agency shall provide notice of the rule's effective date to the office in the
384	form [required by] the department requires.
385	[(c) The notice of effective date may not provide for an effective date prior to the date
386	it is received by the office.]
387	(d) The office shall publish notice of the effective date of the rule in the next issue of
388	the bulletin.
389	(e) A proposed rule lapses if a notice of effective date or a change to a proposed rule is
390	not filed with the office within 120 days of publication.
391	(13) Within seven calendar days after the day on which an agency completes the public
392	comment period for a proposed rule, or, if the agency makes a change to the proposed rule
393	under Section 63G-3-303, within seven calendar days after the day on which the agency makes
394	the change, the agency shall submit the final text of the proposed rule to:
395	(a) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel;
396	(b) the governor; and
397	(c) the office.

398	(14) (a) After the agency submits a proposed rule under Subsection (13) and before the
399	rule takes effect, the governor, the agency making the rule, or the office may make a request to
400	the Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight for legislative approval of a rule, in
401	accordance with this Subsection (14) and Subsections (15) and (16).
402	(b) If the governor, the agency making the rule, or the office makes a request described
403	in Subsection (14)(a), the rule may not take effect until:
404	(i) (A) the Legislature, through a concurrent resolution and without amendment,
405	approves the proposed rule before the end of the earlier of the next special session of the
406	Legislature for which the governor's call lists the proposed rule for the Legislature's
407	consideration or annual general session of the Legislature; and
408	(B) the governor signs the concurrent resolution; or
409	(ii) for a rule for which the governor or the office makes a request described in
410	Subsection (14)(a), the head of the agency that proposes the rule:
411	(A) finds a clear and convincing need for the rule to take expedited effect without the
412	Legislature's and governor's approval under Subsection (14)(b);
413	(B) creates a written statement detailing the head's finding under Subsection (14)(c)(i):
414	(C) posts the statement described in Subsection (14)(c)(ii) on the agency's website in a
415	conspicuous location; and
416	(D) submits the statement described in Subsection (14)(c)(ii) to the Office of
417	Legislative Research and General Counsel, the governor, and the office.
418	(c) An agency may not set a special effective date for a rule described in Subsection
419	(14)(a) that falls:
420	(i) (A) before the rule is approved by the Legislature and governor under this
421	Subsection (14); or
122	(B) before the head of the agency that proposes the rule complies with Subsection
423	(14)(b)(ii); or
124	(ii) more than 45 days after the effective date of the concurrent resolution described in
425	Subsection (15).
426	(15) A proposed rule takes effect:
427	(a) if the proposed rule is approved under Subsection (14)(b)(i), on the later of the
128	effective date:

429	(i) of the concurrent resolution approving the proposed rule; or
430	(ii) established in the proposed rule; or
431	(b) if the head of the agency complies with the requirements described in Subsection
432	(14)(b)(ii), on the effective date established in the proposed rule.
433	(16) If a rule takes effect without the Legislature's and governor's approval under
434	Subsection (14)(b)(ii), the rule is repealed one year after the day on which the rule takes effect
435	unless, within one year after the day on which the rule takes effect:
436	(a) the Legislature, through a concurrent resolution and without amendment, approves
437	the rule; and
438	(b) the governor signs the concurrent resolution.
439	$[\frac{(13)}{(17)}]$ (a) As used in this Subsection $[\frac{(13)}{(17)}]$, "initiate rulemaking proceedings"
440	means the filing, for the purposes of publication in accordance with Subsection (4), of an
441	agency's proposed rule that is required by state statute.
442	(b) A state agency shall initiate rulemaking proceedings no later than 180 days after the
443	effective date of the statutory provision that specifically requires the rulemaking, except under
444	Subsection $\left[\frac{(13)}{(17)}\right]$ $\left(\frac{(17)}{(17)}\right)$ $\left(\frac{(17)}{(17)}\right)$
445	(c) When a statute is enacted that requires agency rulemaking and the affected agency
446	already has rules in place that meet the statutory requirement, the agency shall submit the rules
447	to the Administrative Rules Review Committee for review within 60 days after the statute
448	requiring the rulemaking takes effect.
449	(d) If a state agency does not initiate rulemaking proceedings in accordance with the
450	time requirements in Subsection [(13)] (17) (b), the state agency shall appear before the
451	legislative Administrative Rules Review Committee and provide the reasons for the delay.
452	Section 9. Section 63G-3-503 is enacted to read:
453	Part 5. Oversight
454	63G-3-503. Repeal of rule referred by oversight committee.
455	(1) (a) If the Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight recommends the repeal of an
456	administrative rule under Subsection 36-31-105(2)(g), the governor may direct an agency to
457	repeal the administrative rule in accordance with this section.
458	(b) Nothing in this section prohibits the governor from independently recommending
459	that an agency repeal an administrate rule.

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under Section 63G-6a-203.

460	(2) Within 45 days after the day on which the governor receives a letter from the Joint
461	Committee on Governmental Oversight recommending the repeal of an administrative rule in
462	accordance with Subsection 36-31-105(3), after completing a review of the rule, the governor
463	may direct the agency that made the rule to repeal the rule.
464	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the governor may direct the agency to establish a
465	delayed effective date for the repeal of an administrative rule of up to 60 days after the day on
466	which the governor directs the agency to execute the repeal if a delayed effective date is
467	necessary to allow a state agency or a person that the rule effects time to prepare for the rule's
468	repeal.
469	(4) After taking an action under Subsection (2) or (3), the governor shall:
470	(a) create a written statement that describes the governor's action;
471	(b) immediately publish the statement on the governor's website; and
472	(c) immediately send the statement to:
473	(i) the office; and
474	(ii) the Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight.
475	Section 10. Section 63G-6a-204 is amended to read:
476	63G-6a-204. Applicability of rules and regulations of Utah State Procurement
477	Policy Board and State Building Board Report to interim committee.
478	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), rules made by the board under this chapter
479	shall govern all procurement units for which the board is the applicable rulemaking authority.
480	(2) The building board rules governing procurement of construction, design
481	professional services, and leases apply to the procurement of construction, design professional
482	services, and leases of real property by the Division of Facilities Construction and
483	Management.
484	(3) An applicable rulemaking authority may make its own rules, consistent with this
485	chapter, governing procurement by a person over which the applicable rulemaking authority
486	has rulemaking authority.
487	(4) The board shall make a report on or before July 1 of each year to a legislative
488	interim committee, designated by the Legislative Management Committee created under
489	Section 36-12-6, on the establishment, implementation, and enforcement of the rules made

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491	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection 63G-3-301[(13)](17)(b), an applicable rulemaking
492	authority is required to initiate rulemaking proceedings, for rules required to be made under
493	this chapter, on or before:
494	(a) May 13, 2014, if the applicable rulemaking authority is the board; or
495	(b) January 1, 2015, for each other applicable rulemaking authority.
496	Section 11. Section 63I-1-236 is amended to read:
497	63I-1-236. Repeal dates, Title 36.
498	(1) Section 36-12-20 is repealed June 30, 2018.
499	(2) Sections 36-26-101 through 36-26-104 are repealed December 31, 2027.
500	(3) On June 30, 2023:
501	(a) Title 36, Chapter 31, Joint Committee on Governmental Oversight, is repealed; and
502	(b) Subsection 36-14-2(1)(k) is repealed and the remaining subsections are renumbered
503	accordingly.
504	Section 12. Section 63I-1-263 is amended to read:
505	63I-1-263. Repeal dates, Titles 63A to 63N.
506	(1) Subsection 63A-5-104(4)(h) is repealed on July 1, 2024.
507	(2) Section 63A-5-603, State Facility Energy Efficiency Fund, is repealed July 1, 2023
508	(3) Title 63C, Chapter 4a, Constitutional and Federalism Defense Act, is repealed July
509	1, 2018.
510	(4) Title 63C, Chapter 4b, Commission for the Stewardship of Public Lands, is
511	repealed November 30, 2019.
512	(5) Title 63C, Chapter 16, Prison Development Commission Act, is repealed July 1,
513	2020.
514	(6) Title 63C, Chapter 17, Point of the Mountain Development Commission Act, is
515	repealed July 1, 2021.
516	(7) Title 63C, Chapter 18, Mental Health Crisis Line Commission, is repealed July 1,
517	2018.
518	(8) On June 30, 2023:
519	(a) in Subsection 63G-3-301(2) the language that states "and except for a rule the
520	governor directs an agency to repeal under Section 63G-3-503," is repealed;
521	(b) Subsection 63G-3-301(8)(k) is amended to read "(8)(k) the date on which the rule

522	may become effective following the public comment period;";
523	(c) Subsection 63G-3-301(10) is amended to read "(10) The agency shall mail a copy
524	of the rule analysis to all persons who have made timely request of the agency for advance
525	notice of its rulemaking proceedings and to any other person who, by statutory or federal
526	mandate or in the judgment of the agency, should also receive notice.";
527	(d) Subsection 63G-3-301(12) is amended to read:
528	"(12) (a) Except as provided in Sections 63G-3-303 and 63G-3-304, a proposed rule
529	becomes effective on [any date specified by the agency that is no fewer than seven calendar
530	days after the close of the public comment period under Subsection (11), nor more than 120
531	days after the publication date.];
532	(b) The agency shall provide notice of the rule's effective date to the office in the form
533	the department requires.
534	(c) The notice of effective date may not provide for an effective date prior to the date
535	the office receives the notice.
536	(d) The office shall publish notice of the effective date of the rule in the next issue of
537	the bulletin.
538	(e) A proposed rule lapses if a notice of effective date or a change to a proposed rule is
539	not filed with the office within 120 days of publication.";
540	(e) Subsections 63G-3-301(13), (14), (15), and (16) are repealed and the remaining
541	subsections are renumbered accordingly; and
542	(f) Section 63G-3-503 is repealed.
543	[(8)] (9) Title 63G, Chapter 21, Agreements to Provide State Services, is repealed July
544	1, 2023.
545	[(9)] <u>(10)</u> Title 63H, Chapter 4, Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority, is repealed
546	July 1, 2020.
547	[(10)] (11) Title 63H, Chapter 8, Utah Housing Corporation Act, is repealed July 1,
548	2026.
549	[(11)] <u>(12)</u> On July 1, 2025:
550	(a) in Subsection 17-27a-404(3)(c)(ii), the language that states "the Resource
551	Development Coordinating Committee," is repealed;
552	(b) Subsection 23-14-21(2)(c) is amended to read "(c) provide notification of proposed

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- sites for the transplant of species to local government officials having jurisdiction over areas that may be affected by a transplant.";
- (c) in Subsection 23-14-21(3), the language that states "and the Resource Development Coordinating Committee" is repealed;
- (d) in Subsection 23-21-2.3(1), the language that states "the Resource Development Coordinating Committee created in Section 63J-4-501 and" is repealed;
 - (e) in Subsection 23-21-2.3(2), the language that states "the Resource Development Coordinating Committee and" is repealed;
 - (f) Subsection 63J-4-102(1) is repealed and the remaining subsections are renumbered accordingly;
 - (g) Subsections 63J-4-401(5)(a) and (c) are repealed;
- 564 (h) Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(b) is renumbered to Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(a) and the word "and" is inserted immediately after the semicolon;
 - (i) Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(d) is renumbered to Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(b);
- 567 (j) Sections 63J-4-501, 63J-4-502, 63J-4-503, 63J-4-504, and 63J-4-505 are repealed; 568 and
- 569 (k) Subsection 63J-4-603(1)(e)(iv) is repealed and the remaining subsections are renumbered accordingly.
- 571 $\left[\frac{(12)}{(13)}\right]$ (a) Subsection 63J-1-602.4(15) is repealed July 1, 2022.
- 572 (b) When repealing Subsection 63J-1-602.4(15), the Office of Legislative Research and 573 General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make 574 necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references.
- 575 [(13)] (14) The Crime Victim Reparations and Assistance Board, created in Section 576 63M-7-504, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 577 [(14)] (15) Title 63M, Chapter 11, Utah Commission on Aging, is repealed July 1, 578 2027.
- [(15)] (16) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act, is repealed July 1, 2018.
- 580 [(16)] (17) (a) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 4, Recycling Market Development Zone Act, is repealed January 1, 2021.
- 582 (b) Subject to Subsection [(16)) (17)(c), Sections 59-7-610 and 59-10-1007 regarding 583 tax credits for certain persons in recycling market development zones, are repealed for taxable

- years beginning on or after January 1, 2021.
- 585 (c) A person may not claim a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007:
- 586 (i) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section 59-7-610 or
- 59-10-1007, if the machinery or equipment is purchased on or after January 1, 2021; or
- 588 (ii) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-1007(1)(b), if 589 the expenditure is made on or after January 1, 2021.
- 590 (d) Notwithstanding Subsections [(16)] (17)(b) and (c), a person may carry forward a 591 tax credit in accordance with Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007 if:
 - (i) the person is entitled to a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007; and
- (ii) (A) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section
- 594 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007, the machinery or equipment is purchased on or before December 31,
- 595 2020; or

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- 596 (B) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-1007(1)(b), the expenditure is made on or before December 31, 2020.
- 598 [(17)] (18) Section 63N-2-512 is repealed on July 1, 2021.
- 599 [(18)] (19) (a) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 6, Utah Small Business Jobs Act, is repealed 600 January 1, 2021.
- 601 (b) Section 59-9-107 regarding tax credits against premium taxes is repealed for calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2021.
 - (c) Notwithstanding Subsection [(18)] (19)(b), an entity may carry forward a tax credit in accordance with Section 59-9-107 if:
- 605 (i) the person is entitled to a tax credit under Section 59-9-107 on or before December 606 31, 2020; and
- 607 (ii) the qualified equity investment that is the basis of the tax credit is certified under 608 Section 63N-2-603 on or before December 31, 2023.
- 609 [(19)] (20) Title 63N, Chapter 9, Part 2, Outdoor Recreational Infrastructure Grant 610 Program, is repealed January 1, 2023.
- 611 [(20)] (21) Title 63N, Chapter 12, Part 3, Utah Broadband Outreach Center, is repealed 612 July 1, 2018.
- 613 [(21)] (22) Title 63N, Chapter 12, Part 4, Career and Technical Education Board, is 614 repealed July 1, 2018.